

MOOSE TO FIGHT HUGHES IN COURT IF HE'S INDORSED

Anti-Perkins Faction Will Invoke Law if Jurist's Friends Win.

BATTLE AT SYRACUSE IS GROWING BITTER

Nominee's Backers Are Confident—No Stand Expected for Whitman.

[From a Staff Correspondent of The Tribune.]

Syracuse, N. Y., July 21.—If former Justice Hughes is indorsed for President by the Progressive State Committee at its meeting here to-morrow the courts will at once be asked to nullify the action on the ground that such indorsement would be illegal.

The indications are that the Perkins men will have a comfortable majority so far as the indorsement of Mr. Hughes is concerned, so that it seems reasonably certain that the courts will be called upon for a final decision.

To Head Off State Move.

It is proposed to table any resolutions pertaining to state affairs and thus cut off debate. The Perkins men are not certain that they can do this, but they get out their steam roller to-night and oiled it up for use at to-morrow's meeting if need be.

The bitterness of the feeling between the Progressive leaders, who once fought shoulder to shoulder, was emphasized forcibly to-night. As they walked about the lobby of the Onondaga Hotel here the members of each faction looked at each other coldly. There was no sign of recognition.

The Perkins men were grimly determined to indorse Mr. Hughes, and the anti-Perkins men were just as determined to prevent it. It is a fight to a finish, with the Hughes men, on the surface, having the best of it.

The news that the courts would be asked to act if Mr. Hughes was indorsed was brought here to-night by John J. O'Connell, chairman of the New York County Progressive Committee, and Mr. Colby and the rest of the anti-Hughes men would go in a body to the support of President Wilson.

O'Connell in Fighting Mood. "I haven't given a thought to that," Mr. O'Connell said. "If Mr. Hughes is indorsed by the Progressive state committee at its meeting to-morrow we will take it into the courts as quick as that [snapping his fingers]. Our national convention nominated a ticket with two names on it. One candidate declined and the other still remains. The only right that the national committee had was to make a substitution. It had no power to indorse Hughes and Mr. Colby and the rest of the anti-Hughes men would go in a body to the support of President Wilson."

Charge Wilson Activity. Charges that Secretary McAdoo and

KITCHENER'S ARMY begins to "Carry On"



Read Simonds' Article in The Sunday Tribune

The Sunday Sun Supplement

HANLY OF INDIANA WILL LEAD DRYS

He Gets 440 Votes in Prohibition Convention to 181 for Sulzer.

PLATFORM AGAINST THE PORK BARREL

Initiative, Americanism, Public Ownership, Merchant Marine Favored.

St. Paul, July 21.—The Prohibition national convention, which has been in session here since Wednesday morning, adjourned sine die to-day after nominating J. Frank Hanly, former Governor of Indiana, as candidate for President of the United States, and Dr. Ira D. Landrith, of Nashville, Tenn., for Vice-President.

Hanly received 440 votes, against 181 for William Sulzer, of New York, his nearest contender.

The New York delegation cast thirteen votes for Sulzer, and thirty-seven for Hanly. Several states changed their votes after the completion of the roll call, most of the changes being in Hanly's favor.

"Preparedness for Peace." The platform adopted included E. W. Chalmers' plank indorsing the initiative, referendum and recall. It expresses opposition to the "wasteful military programme of the Democratic and Republican parties," but favors "preparedness for peace."

It suggests a "compact among nations to dismantle navies and disband armies," but until "such court and compact are established, we pledge ourselves to maintain an effective army and navy and to provide coast defenses entirely adequate for national protection."

It also favors reciprocal trade treaties to be negotiated with all nations and commissions appointed to encourage the establishment of an adequate fleet of American merchant ships.

It opposes war with Mexico; pledges aid to the protection of American lives and favors use of force when necessary.

One plank approves a strict interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine; opposes abandonment of the Philippines at this time, but favors ultimate independence, and favors non-political promotions to be governed by civil service regulations, applicable to all Federal executive officials.

Other principles advocated are: An equitable retirement law for the maintenance of superannuated Federal employees.

Uniform Divorce Laws. Uniform marriage and divorce laws and complete suppression of white slavery.

Prohibition of child labor; an eight-hour day with one hour rest each day, and extension of compensation and liability Federal acts.

Opposition to "pork barrel" legislation and useless Federal expenditures.

Favors a single Presidential term of six years.

Demands public ownership of utilities, to be operated in the interest of all people.

Equality of all persons. Separation of church and state, with guarantee of full religious and civil rights to all.

Public grain elevators, owned and operated by the Federal government and abolition of speculation on markets.

PERKINS'S STAND PLEASES HUGHES

Nominee Feels That He Has a Reunited Party Behind Him.

ELECTION ASSURED, HE NOW BELIEVES

Refuses to Discuss Politics in Advance of His Speech of Acceptance.

[From a Staff Correspondent of The Tribune.] Bridgehampton, N. Y., July 21.—Charles E. Hughes has put behind him all worry regarding the possibility of a reunited Republican party. For yesterday's council of representative Progressives and Republicans in New York proved to him that those who remained with Taft in 1912 and those who followed Roosevelt after the split four years ago are now working together.

From now on Mr. Hughes will occupy himself solely with the fight he is to make in the coming campaign. To William R. Willcox, chairman of the Republican National Committee, and to George W. Perkins, chairman of the Progressive National Committee, and to their associates he will leave the working out of the details.

Probably nothing has pleased Mr. Hughes so much as seeing these two and other representative men in the Progressive and Republican parties conferring yesterday at Republican headquarters to devise ways and means to roll up a big majority for the Republican ticket.

Pleased with Perkins. And he was especially pleased to see Mr. Perkins appointed chairman of the sub-committee whose duty it will be to see that a Republican Congress is elected to back up a Republican President when he is set out after March 4 next to put through constructive legislation to enable the country to face the economic conditions that the world war is creating.

Mr. Hughes is not sorry, either, over the result of the campaign he will formally open July 31, when he makes his speech of acceptance. Just now he is concerned solely with the part he is to play in the fight that he is certain to win for the desired result.

Nor is he worrying over local dissensions. These—such as the Ickes-Thompson affair, in Illinois—he regards as petty differences arising out of misunderstanding. He looks on them as differences that can be, and have been for the most part, settled at home. And all of them, he believes, have been exaggerated in the telling.

Reunion Pleases Him. As the nominee and his friends and advisers see it, the Republican party today is a harmonious whole, and that, Mr. Hughes believes, is due to the fact that Republicans and Progressives were not forced into a union, but were united on a common goal.

To-day the former justice spent working over his campaign material, whipping into final shape his speech of acceptance. Until he makes it before the gathering of Republicans and Progressives in Carnegie Hall Monday week, he will continue his silence on all questions of politics. This he made clear again to-day, when an attempt was made to have him comment on the British blacklist.

But this little village is not concerned over the speech of acceptance. Every man, woman and child of the 1,400 inhabitants of Bridgehampton are talking about what Mr. Hughes will say next Tuesday night, when he opens the annual carnival here.

Everybody To Be There. Jim Ludlow, one of the best known men about town, who knows the best places to go for pickled and white and yellow perch and feds, is going to be there, and so is Charles Humbert, the village barber and justice of the peace, and Carl Mulligan, who is police commissioner, police inspector, captain of police, lieutenant of police, sergeant and patrolman, rolled into one.

Next to the Hughes speech, the big event of the carnival will be the awarding of a cart and donkey to the most popular boy or girl in the village.

The aforesaid popularity is determined by the number of votes cast—at a cent a vote. The proceeds will go to the volunteer firemen of the village, of whom Harold Hallock, editor of "The Bridgehampton News," is chief.

DECISION DEFERRED ON REAPPORTIONMENT Court Intimates Attitude on N. Y. County Situation.

Albany, July 21.—The Court of Appeals to-day recessed until next Tuesday noon, when it will hear further arguments concerning the constitutional-ity of the 1916 reapportionment act.

A final decision on the constitutionality of the act was expected to-day, but after the court had been in consultation for more than two hours this statement was issued:

"The court desires to hear counsel further upon the following question: 'In case the apportionment should be held void as to the Senate districts in the County of New York by reason of the fact that three or more districts contain a greater excess in population over an adjoining district than the population of a block therein adjoining such district, would this necessarily require that the whole apportionment act should be held void?'"

WEST SIDE CONTRACT HELD UP FOR WEEKS

Prendergast Announces No Hearing on N. Y. C. Plan July 27.

REPUBLICANS DOUBT WORTH OF HIS TABLE

Chairman May Return with Committee Names—Mahan to Lead College Men.

Stewart Brown, president of the United Real Estate Owners' Association, 170 Broadway, issued a statement last night warning those opposed to the New York Central plans to attend the Board of Estimate meeting, despite the official notice that there will be no hearing.

BACK BAY CASE Baffles Police

Convinced Dr. Adams Took Her Own Life with Poison.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Boston, July 21.—While the police are firm in their conviction that Dr. Celia Adams, the Brookline osteopath, whose death led up to the shooting of Dr. Wilfred E. Harris, by Dr. Elbridge D. Atwood, was a suicide, certain details of her death are puzzling them.

It was said to-day that the discovery of the long sought third woman who witnessed the shooting of Dr. Harris, and an admission by Dr. Harvey, who attended Dr. Adams, that he knew positively whether or not the poison which killed Dr. Adams was self-administered, formed important advances in the investigation.

It is now known that Dr. Adams died from mercury poisoning, but it is not known where or in what form she took the poison. One of the theories is that she took it by mistake.

It is believed that the physical condition of the girl might have led her to take her life, but it has been determined that if she was a suicide it was from mental and not from physical reasons.

The condition of Dr. Harris continues encouraging. His temperature was much lower to-day, and he was conscious all the time. Dr. Harris has for several years carried an accident insurance policy for a large sum of money, it became known to-day. The police believe there is a possibility that he feared an attack upon his life and for that reason took out a big policy.

Dr. Atwood spent the day at the Charles Street jail quietly. He gave no indication of suffering any nervous or physical breakdown.

\$60,000 for Cathedral Nave. Announcement was made yesterday by Dean Grosvenor of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine of a subscription of \$60,000 from a friend to the building fund for the nave of the cathedral.

BELIEVES MOOSE WILL AID WILSON

McCormick Says 25 Per Cent of 1912 Vote Will Give President N. Y.

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Before departing for Washington yesterday to consult with President Wilson, Vance McCormick at Democratic national headquarters exhibited a table purporting to show the percentage of Progressive votes President Wilson would need and might get to assure his reelection.

The Democratic chairman optimistically declared he was firmly convinced the majority of Progressives would support Wilson, and insisted that a very small percentage of Bull Moose votes would make certain the defeat of Hughes.

McCormick never missed the numbers in a signal on the gridiron in the old days at Yale, but the Republican leader readily detected the fallacy in his Progressive figures when it was seen that they were based entirely on the 1912 Bull Moose vote. It was pointed out that even if the absurd assumption could be taken that a majority of the present Bull Moose vote would go to President Wilson, the comparison with an essentially "Roosevelt vote" in 1912 would bring the total of the remainder of Progressive strength far below the "very small percentage" for which Mr. McCormick allowed.

The Republicans expect a large majority of the Moose vote to follow the Colonel into the Hughes column, and saw in the Democratic figures a boom for the Wilson chances.

Cites Figures for States. Chairman McCormick declared that if 25 per cent of the 1912 Progressive vote in New York State went to the President the Empire State would go Democratic. Similarly, he said Ohio would do the same with 20 per cent, New Jersey with 12, Nebraska with 13, Maine with 26, Illinois with 20, West Virginia with 27, Kansas with 26, Massachusetts with 45 and North Dakota with 34 per cent. The chairman pointed out that it was reasonable to expect that amount of votes from the Progressive ranks.

An added feature, he said, was that President Wilson in 1912 was, "practically speaking," unknown, but that to-day his name was "a byword in every household." He declared that there were many Democrats in 1912 who "blindly followed Colonel Roosevelt" and would surely be found this year in the Democratic column.

The chairman remarked blandly that it was beyond the imagination of any one to think that Wilson would lose any Democratic votes.

Mr. McCormick expects to return Monday, when he may announce the names of the Democratic campaign committee. He would not say yesterday whether there would be any Progressives.

It was announced at Democratic headquarters last night that Eddie Mahan, Harvard, '16, who distinguished himself as a gridiron star, would lead the Democratic college men's forces. His official title will be chairman of the National Woodrow Wilson College Men's League, and headquarters will be opened at 25 Madison Avenue.

The college men's leader is from Boston and his "Back Bay" name is Edward W. Mahan. He is twenty-four years old. In 1912 the league was in charge of John de Saullis, a rival gridiron star from Yale.

Frederick C. Tanner, chairman of the Republican State Committee, yesterday announced the appointment of Otis H. Cutler, of Suffern, as treasurer of the state committee.

MARSHALL OBTAINS STAY FOR APPEAL

Will Be in Custody of Court Until December 1.

H. Snowden Marshall, United States District Attorney, received a stay yesterday permitting him to appeal the decision dismissing the writ of habeas corpus which he obtained when he was adjudged in contempt of a committee of Congress. Until December 1 he will be in the custody of the court instead of that of the sergeant-at-arms of the House.

The stay was granted by Judge Learned Hand after Martin W. Littleton and Henry M. Goldfogel had announced that they were not prepared to assert that the granting of a limited stay would affect the jurisdiction or authority of the House. Judge Hand decided that even if the Supreme Court decided that the warrant had lapsed a new one could be issued.

It is stipulated in Judge Hand's order that an appeal must be taken by August 15 or the stay lapses. It is thought that the case will be expedited by the Supreme Court. The stay expires three days before the short session of the House of Representatives begins.

G. O. P. TO ASSAIL MEXICAN POLICY

Republicans to Start Drive on Wilson's Acts in Border Crisis.

REPUBLICANS DOUBT WORTH OF HIS TABLE

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One of the most vulnerable points of attack on the Wilson administration, as a campaign issue, will be the Mexican situation. The Republican forces intend to drive long and hard at the handling of the Mexican crisis under President Wilson and his Cabinet associates. That was decided yesterday at a meeting of the Republican campaign committee at the Hughes national headquarters in the Hotel Astor.

The subject was thoroughly discussed at the meeting. Chairman William R. Willcox addressed the members, all of whom were present, with the exception of the four far Western members, and Oscar S. Straus, chairman of the Public Service Commission. Mr. Willcox conferred with Henry Lane Wilson, former Ambassador to Mexico, since the committee meeting.

R. B. Howell, national committeeman from Nebraska, in his talk at the meeting, said that the people of the Middle West were thoroughly aroused over the manner in which the Democratic administration has handled the Mexican problem.

T. R. to Talk on Mexico. It is understood that Colonel Roosevelt will give that subject his particular attention in his campaign speeches. He is expected to make for the Republican nominee, Chairman Willcox yesterday would not anticipate Mr. Hughes' speech of acceptance by discussing what suggestions had been made before the committee for handling the Mexican situation.

Mr. Willcox said that the campaign committee discussed many of the questions and issues which will come up during the campaign, and that he sought the opinions of the various committeemen on these subjects. The effect of the European war on the country, the tariff and so-called "full-dress suits" were among the questions debated. The details of the itinerary of the coast to coast campaign trip on which Mr. Hughes will start on August 5 were further discussed.

A report was made to the committee by Alvah H. Martin, of Virginia, who is the chairman of the sub-committee appointed yesterday by the campaign committee. Mr. Martin conferred with the Senatorial and Congressional committees Thursday night, and his report was along lines to indicate that Senators and Congressmen would work in absolute harmony with the campaign committee. Porter J. McCumber, United States Senator from North Dakota, who is a candidate for re-election, insisted before the committee that Mr. Hughes should make a visit to his state.

Political Situation Gone Over. Frederick Hale, son of former United States Senator Hale, of Maine, who is himself now a candidate for that office, addressed the committee on conditions in his state. Following the meeting Chairman Willcox conferred with ex-Senator James A. Hemenway, of Indiana; Senator Thomas Sterling, of South Dakota; Charles B. Warren, chairman of the notification committee; Mr. Wilson and Nelson O'Shaughnessy, former charge d'affaires in Mexico.

The Hughes National Alliance met at headquarters during the afternoon and elected W. Cameron Forbes as chairman of the alliance. Philip J. McCook will be executive officer under Mr. Forbes.

Commenting on the selection of Mr. Forbes as chairman of the National Alliance, Mr. Willcox said: "It is a very high class selection, and I feel very much encouraged. It is one of the best signs of the times that such men are coming forward and taking off their coats to work for our cause."

HUNGRY, HE SMASHED HOTEL PLAZA WINDOW

Offender Says He Only Wanted to Attract Attention.

A shabbily dressed man passed below the Plaza Hotel dining room at Fifty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue yesterday morning, and hurled a stone through a plate glass window. The missile struck the dining room floor at the feet of John Sauer, a waiter. It was after breakfast time and scarcely more than half a dozen persons were eating. Sauer rushed to the desk and then to the street in search of a policeman. The offender, who had not fled, was arrested.

To Magistrate Simms, in the Yorkville Court, the prisoner said he was John Barnabas, twenty-six years old, of 280 West Thirty-fifth Street. He was born in Greece, and until a few days ago, when he came here from Worcester, Mass., he had been a dishwasher in Boston.

"I was hungry," the man told the magistrate. "This was the only way I could attract attention. I want to get back to my country."

The prisoner was held in \$500 bail for Special Sessions on a charge of malicious mischief. He refused to discuss his case.

GOV. FERRIS WILL NOT RUN

Refuses Democrats' Plea to Help Wilson Candidates in Michigan.

MURAD TURKISH CIGARETTES ARE MADE ESPECIALLY FOR THE DISCRIMINATING AND EXPERIENCED SMOKER OF HIGH GRADE TURKISH CIGARETTES. The blending is exceptional. MARGAROS. MAKERS OF THE HIGHEST GRADE TURKISH AND EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES IN THE WORLD. Fifteen Cents. Judge for yourself—Compare Murad with any 25 Cent Cigarette. REMEMBER—Turkish tobacco is the world's most famous tobacco for cigarettes.