

region of the village of Martyschi, another fortunate coup enabled us to capture a portion of an enemy trench during the night. Heavy German artillery violently bombarded the sector east of Baranovichi.

CHARGE PATRONS MAY TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THESE SALES, HAVING BILLS RENDERED SEPT. 1ST.

J.M. Gidding & Co.

Just in the heart of the wearing season---beautiful styles are passed along to you in these

MID-SUMMER CLEARANCE SALES AT FRACTIONS OF FORMER PRICES

Wraps---greatly reduced

BEAUTIFUL WRAPS---of gros de Londres, taffeta, faille and satin, in such shades as French blue, rose, emerald, amber, navy and black; lined with chiffon or satin-Duchesse and richly trimmed with Marabou or Fur---that were regularly \$125 to \$175... at \$75

OTHER HANDSOME WRAPS---suitable for porch wear at the Fashionable Summer Hotels or for Afternoon and Evening occasions in town or country---that were \$65 to \$125... at \$35 and \$48

(RICH FUR-TRIMMED WRAPS, embroidered in gold and silver and handsomely lined with chiffon, at \$95)

Dresses---at clearance prices

SUMMER GOWNS and DANCING FROCKS---including many styles suitable for Garden Parties, Afternoon Affairs and Evening Parties---in printed chiffons, Georgette crepe, novelty silks, satin, tulle and satin d'armour---that were \$95, \$125 to \$145... at \$45

STREET and AFTERNOON DRESSES---of serge, djersette, taffeta, satin and in combinations of chiffon and Georgette crepe---that were \$65 to \$95... at \$25 & \$35

COUNTRY FROCKS---of batiste, net, voile, crepe and linen---that were \$35 to \$65... at \$15---\$22---\$28

HANDSOME EVENING GOWNS---in very beautiful models, many of which will be quite as appropriate for later in the season as for present use---formerly selling for \$125 to \$150... at \$65

(EXCLUSIVE GARDEN PARTY GOWNS---of net and batiste in hand-made and hand-embroidered effects---including imported French models. Regularly \$145 to \$175... at \$45, \$75, \$95)

Suits---to be closed out

SMART SUITS---miscellaneous groups; in tailored and demi-tailored effects of silk and cloth---that were \$45, \$65 to \$85---for immediate disposal at \$25

CLOTH & LINEN SUITS---formerly \$35, \$45 to \$65... at \$18

TAILORED SUITS---in desirable models of high-quality materials in fashionable velour checks, twills, etc., also SMART JERSEY SUITS for Beach and Boardwalk wear---that were \$65, \$75, \$85 to \$95... at \$35

ADDITIONAL HIGH-CLASS SUITS---of very high-quality French serges, gabardines, and novelty materials; including many smart models in Blue and Black suitable for wear well into the Autumn; styles that would regularly sell at \$75, \$85 to \$95... at \$45

(COSTUME AND IMPORTED SUITS---in two and three-piece effects, of finest silk and cloth materials---Formerly \$150 to \$250---Now \$65 to \$75)

Coats---for immediate disposal

For Beach, Travel, Motor, Utility and Sports wear, of white serge---Venetian-stripe Shantung---plain natural Shantung---Shetland wool---serge and gabardine---that were \$45, \$65 to \$85... at \$25 & \$35

Of rich vicuna and cashmere-velour, special at \$65 and \$75

Charming Summer Blouses

Entirely new styles, made from reserve stocks of imported Georgette crepe, finished with hand-made eyelets and chiffon embroidery---the usual price would be \$16 to \$18... at \$10

COSTUME BLOUSES---in advance models, of white chiffon with embroidered stitching in contrasting colors: navy or black, with white stitching---Also Georgette Crepe Blouses, in navy and black, combined with white and bisque---The usual prices of these have been from \$28 to \$38---especially Priced now at \$15

NEW SUMMER MILLINERY AT SPECIAL PRICES

To keep our selections fresh and new, we have made up Beautiful Hats suitable for Garden Parties---The Races---Sports Wear and Semidress occasions---from reserve stocks of rich imported materials---Styles that should regularly sell at \$25 to \$35... at \$10

PARIS NOVELTIES---BEADED BAGS---FRENCH CANES---EXCLUSIVE PARASOLS and HANDSOME SILK BATHING COSTUMES---AT HALF PRICE and LESS.

also took a large quantity of guns and material yet unestimated.

Austrians Harassed. "In the region of the villages of Werben and Piaschovo, on the right bank of the Star, south of the confluence with the Lipa, we surrounded the 15th Austrian Landwehr Regiment, which surrendered in its entirety.

"In the region of Vorokhta, on the road from Delatyn to Maramorosz Szeged, we conquered the heights yesterday, taking prisoners and three machine guns. West of Yaremchuk, in the same direction, we captured a company of Austrian troops and machine guns.

"On both sides of Eka Bransburg regiments withstood strong Russian mass attacks which were resumed in the afternoon and continued into the night hours. All attacks broke down with the heaviest enemy losses.

GUNS BATTER WAY FOR BRITISH DRIVE

Continued from page 1

made some progress in the region of Fleury and captured seventy prisoners. There was no event of importance on the rest of the front.

"An earlier communication said: 'Between the Oise and the Aisne we dispersed a strong reconnoitring party of the enemy in the region of Moulins-Toutvent. In the Argonne we exploded a mine, with good results, at Bolante. A surprise attack of the enemy against a small position at Fille Morle was repulsed.

"On the right bank of the Meuse (Vardun front) there was a violent bombardment of the sectors of Fleury and Pumin wood. An attack by the enemy on a trench south of Damiloup was beaten back by our fire.

"In the Vosges, after a spirited bombardment, the Germans delivered an attack at 11 o'clock last night against our positions northwest of St. Die. It was repulsed with heavy losses.

Germans 'Clean Out' British. The German official statement follows: 'In the Semme sector the enemy has been unable to resume his large, uniform thrust after his defeat of the previous day. Separate attacks were repulsed without effort or stopped at the outset.

"While cleaning out a British nest in Fourcaux wood several dozen prisoners were made and nine machine guns were captured. Lively artillery duels continue without interruption.

"Early in the morning a French attack on several fronts north of Massiges failed.

"On both sides of the Meuse the artillery bombardment has temporarily increased to a higher intensity.

"Yesterday morning and last night enemy attacks in the Fleury sector failed.

German patrols captured fourteen men in a French position northwest of St. Die. On both sides there was lively activity night and day.

LONDON PARADE SHOWS WOMEN'S PART IN WAR

Tableaux Portray How They Have Replaced Men. London, July 22.---British women gave an impressive demonstration today of their work in the war. Thousands marched through the central districts of London. The parade was divided into numerous sections, with tableaux on lorries representing women in working costumes, showing how they have replaced men in various activities.

There were women in overalls from munition factories, nurses, chauffeurs, streetcar conductors, railroad workers and agricultural laborers. In the procession also were floats in the form of emblematic memorials to Earl Kitchener and soldiers and sailors who have been killed in the war.

Other women impersonated detachments of troops from the British Dominions and from all the Allied armies. After the pageant wreaths were deposited on the monuments of Wellington and Nelson.

9,000-FOOT PEAK SEIZED BY ITALIANS

Rolle Pass Also Captured by Alpine Troops. Rome, July 22.---The following announcement was made to-day at the War Office: 'Between the Adige and the Brenta the artillery was active and our infantry maintained pressure over the whole line. We made attacks over very rough ground between the Brenta and Piave, in the Dolomite region.

"In successful encounters at the head of the Cia. Vanol and Cison valleys we took 253 prisoners, including nine officers, and some machine guns. We captured and consolidated the Rolle Pass. In the Sexten valley we stormed Eisler Peak, 2,669 metres (8,900 feet), at the junction of the Boden and Bacher torrents, and consolidated our new positions.

"In the Upper Piave we occupied another summit, thereby obtaining complete possession of the Valle Cembra. 'Yesterday hostile batteries shelled Cortina d'Ampezzo. We retaliated by bombing houses at Toblach and Sillian, in the Drave valley.

"On the Isonzo front the artillery of the enemy was more active. Our artillery replied to the bombardment.

SIX DIE, 44 HURT BY FRISCO BOMB

Continued from page 1

other victims into the vehicle and rushed them to a hospital.

The official count of the parade indicated that 81,819 persons were in line. Josephson, the suspect, was arrested while making his speech, after the explosion, in which he is said to have incited anarchy, and declared: 'This is nothing.'

After his arrest, however, he said that he is not an anarchist, and denied having any knowledge of the bomb explosion. The handle of the suitcase which contained the explosives, together with part of the lock and pieces of clockwork, were picked up near the scene.

Several in Line Fell. 'It looked as if the sidewalk went straight up into the air,' said Colonel Thomas F. O'Neill, former Sheriff of San Francisco, who was in the line of marchers. 'There was a loud noise, lots of smoke and dust, and cries of wounded and shouts as several in the parade fell.'

One police officer was standing alongside his horse twenty-five feet from the scene when he was knocked down by the explosion.

TURKS WITHIN 30 MILES OF SUEZ

Advance 60 Miles Nearer Canal---British Prepare for Fight.

RUSSIANS WHIP FOE ON BLACK SEA COAST

Move West of Trebizond---London Denies Defeat on Euphrates.

London, July 22.---The Turkish forces on the Sinai Peninsula have advanced sixty miles along the Mediterranean coast to within thirty miles of the Suez Canal. Announcement of this was made by the British War Office to-night. British cavalry have got in touch with the enemy's forces and measures are being taken to meet the new threat, the statement adds. Yesterday hostile aircraft made an attack on Suez.

The Russians are continuing their advances in the Caucasus. Yesterday the troops of Grand Duke Nicholas dislodged the Turks from positions near Platana, west of Trebizond on the Black Sea coast, and advanced toward the Pol River. Northeast of Keldik, Turkish supply vessels also took the offensive.

British Deny Defeat. The British War Office made a denial to-day of the Turkish claim that English forces had been defeated near Basra, below the junction of the Tigris and Euphrates, and that several Turkish supply vessels had been captured on the Euphrates.

The British statement says: 'It is reported that Turkish forces have advanced westward from El Arish to some thirty miles east of Katia (a distance of about sixty miles along the Mediterranean coast), where they are entrenched. Our mounted troops are in contact with the enemy and the commander in chief in Egypt has taken measures to deal with the situation.

'Hostile aircraft made an attack on Suez yesterday, causing a few casualties.'

Russians Advance. To-night's Russian statement says: 'Our troops in the Caucasus, continuing their offensive, have occupied Ardasa, twenty versts (about thirteen miles) from the city of Gumushak, capturing 16 officers and 260 Turkish soldiers and three machine guns. The prisoners include the commander of the 29th Regiment.

An earlier communication read: 'The Russian communication reads: 'West of Platana on the Black Sea coast we dislodged the Turks from a series of fortified positions and advanced several versts in the direction of the Pol River. Among the prisoners taken here was Zia Bey, commandant and organizer of the tribal irregulars.

We also captured the Turkish headquarters flag and hand grenades deposited in the capture of Gumushak, in the environs of which are abandoned silver mines, we took a number of prisoners, two guns and camp tents. Northeast of Keldik-Chiftlik, we took the offensive and captured seven officers and 120 men. Prisoners are still coming in.

'On the previous day in the same region we captured two field hospitals belonging to the Egyptian army, with their staff and patients, among the latter being the commander of the 96th Regiment.'

Arab Rebels Defeat Turks Near Merina

London, July 22.---Authentic news has been received in Cairo, Egypt, says Reuter's correspondent there, that the offensive against the Arab rebels near Merina, Arabia, between Arab revolutionists and the Turkish garrison. The garrison made a sortie against the Arabs, who were besieging the town from the southern side. In the fighting that followed the Turks are said to have lost 2,500 men, while the losses of the Arab forces under command of the Grand Sheriff of Mecca, leader of the rebels, was 600 men. The Arabs captured a large quantity of arms.

Sheriff Abdulhadi is now bombarding the barracks at Taif, where the Turks are still holding out. The rebels, however, expect that the garrison will capitulate soon.

An uprising against the Turks in Arabia was reported here on June 22. The Grand Sheriff of Mecca, the rebel leader, is the chief magistrate of Mecca. The rebels, according to previous reports from Cairo, have captured Mecca, Jiddah and Kinfa, ports on the Red Sea.

BATTLESHIP WARPITE READY TO FIGHT AGAIN

Vessel Reported Sunk Now with Beatty's Squadron. London, July 22.---Doubts concerning the fate of the British battleship Warpite, which was reported to have been sunk in the Jutland battle, were dispelled when neutral correspondents visited this week a British port where the squadron of Vice-Admiral Sir David Beatty was reported to be. The battleship, with light cruisers and destroyers, was aligned, ready for work. Whatever damages it suffered in the battle had been repaired, it was said.

'Here she is, as good as new,' said the commander of the destroyer on which the party encircled the Warpite within a stone's throw of her. She was able to return to port at a speed of twenty-one knots, a navy officer said, and was in dock, undergoing repairs, two hours after her arrival.

Officers and men of the squadron which the correspondents talked all expressed eagerness for another encounter with the Germans.

SUBMARINES WARNED BY SWEDISH DECREE

Airships, Too, Must Not Invade Neutral Territory. London, July 22.---As an addition to the existing royal decree prohibiting submarines from using Swedish territorial waters except in certain parts of the Sound, the Swedish government has issued a notice, says Reuter's Stockholm correspondent, that submarines contravening this decree run the risk of being attacked without previous warning.

The notice, which becomes operative July 28, further states that submarines driven by stress of weather or because of damage in such prohibited waters must remain on the surface and fly their national flag and the international signal indicating the reason for their presence.

A provision prohibiting against foreign aircraft flying over Swedish territory without the permission of the Swedish government also has been published.

TELL HOW GERMANY WOULD QUIT BELGIUM

Ghent Posters Say \$10,000,000 Will Be Demanded. Amsterdam, July 22.---Posters have been pasted on the walls of barracks in Ghent stating that negotiations have been opened between the United States and Germany for the evacuation of Belgium, according to the 'Echo Belge.' According to the posters, Germany is prepared to withdraw from Belgium on the payment of an indemnity of 40,000,000,000 marks (\$10,000,000,000). The 'Echo Belge' comments sarcastically on the proposal, terming the proposed indemnity 'a mere flea bite.'

U-BOATS SINK NINE MORE BRITISH SHIPS

French Steamer Also Victim---23 Lost on Euphorbia. London, July 22.---German submarines, renewing their campaign against enemy merchantmen, have sunk nine more British ships and one French steamer. Six British trawlers were sunk off the east coast of England on July 17, according to a German Admiralty statement issued to-day.

The other victims were the British steamships Wolf, of 2,443 tons; Karma, of 2,354 tons, and Euphorbia, the French steamer Cettois was sunk. The crews of the Karma and Cettois were landed at Algiers, and a French mail steamer which arrived at that port to-day brought in seven survivors from the Euphorbia. No news has been received of twenty-three other members of the Euphorbia's crew.

LOYD GEORGE MAY BE PREMIER

Increasingly Powerful Opposition Fighting Asquith. By ARTHUR S. DRAPER. London, July 22.---Political manoeuvring is going on rapidly. I hear to-day the prediction that Lloyd George will be Premier within six weeks.

The opposition is so confident of its strength that it feels it can afford to give the government an opportunity to clear itself in the eyes of the country. Now that the opposition is beginning to gain the balance of power, its ranks are filling rapidly.

Asquith's Cabinet must pull itself together and act swiftly and resolutely. This is the verdict of one of the evening papers, and it reflects the judgment of many of the government's opponents.

Lloyd George, who seems to be considered by the British as indispensable man, apparently is able to step aside whenever the storm threatens, only to reappear more powerful than ever. He has been extremely friendly with Sir Edward Carson, Westminster Club member of the Opposition, while I understand the King considers him one of his ablest ministers. There is no question where he stands now with the people.

Unquestionably the government is greatly handicapped because the pressure of war work permits little time for the consideration of past blunders, while the opposition is able to concentrate its whole energy on the attack.

A meeting of the Nationalist members of the House of Commons to-day approved the demand of John Redmond that the British Home Rule bill be introduced without delay and that it shall not go in any respect beyond the terms of the settlement agreed upon. The meeting adjourned until Monday, when it is expected Mr. Redmond will have been advised of the course adopted by the Cabinet at its session to-day.

The Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Dublin says that opponents of Mr. Redmond intend to hold what they describe as an 'anti-partition' meeting in Phoenix Park to-morrow.

CATHOLICS IN BRITAIN TO PRAY FOR VICTORY

Cardinal Bourne Orders Sacrament Exposed on August 4. London, July 22.---Cardinal Bourne, Archbishop of London, in a pastoral letter in connection with the approaching second anniversary of the beginning of the war, says: 'We enjoin that either on August 4 or August 6, as found convenient, the Blessed Sacrament be exposed for a fitting space in churches of the diocese and in chapels of religious communities, that all the faithful may offer fervent prayers to God for His blessing on the Allied armies and the speedy conclusion of a just and stable peace.'

The Cardinal adds that by direction of the Pope, the Western crusade throughout Europe, children of both sexes are to participate in solemn religious services.

WAR WILL BE DECIDED IN FRANCE, HAIG SAYS

British Commander Thinks Peace Imposed Must Be Valid. Paris, July 22.---Senator Henry Berger, who has returned from a visit to the British Field Headquarters, quotes General Sir Douglas Haig as saying: 'We must impose a peace that is really valid, as we shall have paid for it.'

The French Senator was shown in detail the methods used by the British General Staff in handling the enormous details of the Western campaign. He describes Haig as a commander who leaves nothing to chance, and says that the British commander believes that the war will be decided on the Western battlefields.

'The technical skill of the British General Staff,' said the Senator, 'is on an equality with the heroism of the British troops.'

FRANCE GIVES RUSSIA CREDIT TO WAR'S END

Payment of Interest on Former Loans Also Assured. Petrograd, July 22.---Negotiations conducted in France by Pierre L. Bark, the Russian Minister of Finance, according to the 'Rech,' has assured Russia of the necessary credits to cover orders for goods placed in France up to the end of the war.

Minister Bark also has arranged that the payment of interest on all prior credit operations in France also will be covered.

FRENCH AIRMEN BOMBARD METZ

Hurl 115 Shells on Station and Wing German Machine. SEVEN ALLIED AEROS SHOT DOWN

Teuton Aviator Raids Belfort---Civilians Are Killed at Laon. London, July 22.---The extraordinary aerial activity on the West front continues. Yesterday a French aeroplane squadron three times bombarded the railway station at Metz-Sablons, throwing 115 bombs, which wrought great damage. A pursuing German aviator was shot down and all the French machines returned in safety.

An Allied air raid on Laon killed several civilians, according to Berlin, and seven Allied machines were brought down in the course of the day. German airmen carried out a raid on Belfort this morning.

French Bombard Metz. The French statement says: 'One of our aeroplane squadrons yesterday bombarded three times the railway station at Metz-Sablons, throwing 115 bombs of great size on the railway building and tracks. The bombardment must have caused great damage. In the course of one of these expeditions a German aviator who was pursuing our squadron was brought down. One of our machines was compelled to land after an accident and has not returned.

'This morning a German aviator dropped bombs on Belfort, causing neither casualties nor damage.'

A supplementary announcement reads: 'Contrary to the statement made in the communication of this morning, all the French aeroplanes which took part in the bombardment of the Metz-Sablons station have returned to our lines.'

Seven Allied Aeros Lost. The German communication reads: 'Several of the enemy's air attacks caused only small military damage, but losses among civilians. At Laon three children were killed and one woman severely wounded.

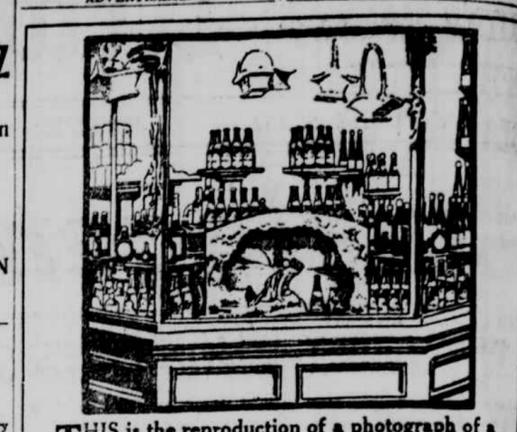
'The enemy lost seven aeroplanes, four of them south of Baupume, one to the east of Arras, one west of Comblis and one near Roze. Lieutenant Wintgens disabled his tenth and Lieutenant Hohndorf his eleventh aeroplane. The Emperor bestowed the Pour le Merite on First Lieutenant von Althaus, who conquered a French biplane near Roze.'

85,000 RUSSIAN TROOPS MAY CROSS CANADA

Plans for Transfer to West Front Completed, Says Canadian. Lewiston, Me., July 22.---A report that 85,000 Russian troops will be transported from Siberia to Canada and thence from Halifax to France was brought here to-day by Michael O'Leary, of Halifax, who is connected with the freight service of the Inter-Colonial Railway.

According to O'Leary the Allies consider the proposed route practical and reasonably safe, and have completed their plans.

O'Leary also said that just before the British steamer Olympic sailed from Halifax with ten thousand Canadian soldiers recently bombs were discovered on the vessel, and that those who placed them aboard subsequently were detected and executed by military authorities.



THIS is the reproduction of a photograph of a window of one of New York City's high class merchants. It contains a display of the unsurpassed mineral water

White Rock

More than 300 of the first class grocery and liquor houses of the greater city have windows devoted to the display of this water, which is now the leading mineral water in the households of America.

High class dealers find it profitable to display White Rock Water.

BIG SUGAR BEET CROP EXPECTED BY GERMANY

Dutch Farm Laborers Aid in Harvest at \$18 a Week. The Hague, July 22.---Prospect for this year's sugar beet crop in Germany, it is reported, justifies the expectation of a surplus if the use of beets as fodder for cattle is prohibited immediately.

The estimated production of sugar beets for 1916 is 38,000,000 hundred-weight, as compared with 29,000,000 hundred-weight in 1915.

Consumption of sugar beets is much higher than before the war, owing to the requirements of the army, and because sugar is used instead of butter and other fats.

Many Dutch farm hands have gone into Germany for the harvest, attracted by wages of \$18 a week, plus board and lodging.

NEW YORK NOW \$2,000,000,000 PORT

History of Metropolis' Growth in 50 Years Told by Chamber. New York's enviable reputation as 'the \$2,000,000,000 port' is confirmed in the annual report issued by the Chamber of Commerce, giving the history of New York's trading in the last fifty years. During the year ended June 30, 1915, the combined exports and imports of the port aggregated \$2,169,000,000.

The exports first reached the \$500,000,000 mark in 1908. What marvelous strides have been made since that time in supplying the world with its necessities is shown in the fact that just twenty years later the total exports of the port aggregated \$1,192,581,098.

That year the exports from this city were more than 43 per cent of the exports of the entire United States, a ratio which was the highest attained since 1888.

During the last fifty years, the report shows, more than 60 per cent of the country's imports have come in through New York. The lowest ratio in the half century was in 1914, when almost 55 per cent of the nation's imports came in via this city. From 1870 to 1900 the yearly ratio averaged more than 66 per cent.

It is plain that the arrival of the Deutschland's sister submarine Bremen, already overdue, is perplexing officials of the Eastern Forwarding Company. They have ceased to talk of the second submarine's expected arrival. The air of confidence that accompanied the announcement of her departure from Germany has disappeared. Many of the shipping men here believe that the Deutschland will not leave port until the Bremen is reported safely docked at an American pier.

There is no attempt to conceal the fact that the Deutschland's return voyage will be infinitely more hazardous than her first trip across. Vessels coming into this port from the Virginia Capes report the presence of many British cruisers outside the three-mile limit. Fantastic reports of a fleet of German war submarines, hovering outside the capes to give the undersea merchantman safe escort home get little credence.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & Co.

34th Street---New York

Before Inventory==Final Reductions

Women's and Misses' Sport Suits

Sport Suits of Knitted Jersey Cloth in attractive colors; Norfolk coat, open front skirt. Reduced to 13.75

Women's and Misses' Sport Coats

Sport Coats of Silk Jersey and Wool Jersey, plain or Marabou trimmed. Reduced to 15.00

285 Women's and Misses' Dresses

165 Attractive Dresses of plain and novelty voile, taffeta, linen and other summer materials. Reduced to 10.75

120 Higher Cost Dresses in a variety of plain and novelty materials; smartly trimmed. Reduced to 15.00

Women's and Misses' Silk Dresses

Of Chiffon Taffeta in navy and black; Georgette crepe sleeves; also Russian pleated model of Crepe de Chine and Georgette Crepe. Reduced to 18.00