

# Japan's Mission Gets Warm Welcome Here

### Cheering Throng Line Broadway and Fifth Avenue

### Fighting Sixty-ninth Acts as Honor Guard

### Ishii and Mayor Exchange Pledges of International Friendship

The Japanese War Commission, headed by Viscount Ishii, arrived in New York yesterday. Before the eyes of the self-contained sons of Nippon the magnificent city of the Western world towered aloft into the autumn haze, the swiftness of its greatest avenue was unfurled for their scrutiny; its cherished regiment, the old 69th, was detailed as guard of honor; everywhere blazed the blood-red sun of Japan; everywhere sounded the national air of that far-off land.

In this array the visitors saw more than the greeting of a city to its guests, more than the temporary union of republic and empire against militarism. Their eyes gazed through the walls of granite and of flesh and past the clustered banners of stars and stripes. A hint of that vision was given by their spokesman, Viscount Ishii in his address in the Aldermanic Chamber of the City Hall.

"All this is physical fades before me," he said. "I see here the spirit of the greatest city of the Western world meeting and giving friends greeting to the spirit of my beloved land on the open field of honest purpose. There is perhaps more in this welcome and in this response than in other greetings so recently exchanged in this historic place between the representatives of Western nations and of your city."

### "Towns Are Sympathetic"

Diplomatic usage and the delicacy of the international situation made the speakers of the day measure their words. The vital message was to be seen on the faces of the honored visitors and on the faces of New York's hundreds of thousands.

They are seemed to be thinking through the war—and beyond. The symbol of this attitude was the prevalence of the Imperial Japanese flag over the Japanese army flag, in which red from the fiery sun radiates in all directions. Members of the com-

at the Battery when the police boat Patrol brought the guests to Pier A at 3:28 yesterday afternoon. The band of the land battleship Recruit played the Japanese national anthem and then "Dixie" as the visitors were attracted to the city's famous skyline. Members of the Mayor's committee met the men of the commission as they stepped off their special train, which came over the Central Railroad of New Jersey.

The procession to the City Hall was led by two companies of the depot battalion of the 22d Infantry; then came the Japanese, in order of their rank, followed by the Mayor's committee's automobiles and by Brigadier General Hays, commander of the Department of the East, and Rear Admiral Usher, commandant of the New York Navy Yard.

### Welcome at City Hall

The throngs in the lower part of the city—hundreds of thousands of them—cheered enthusiastically and waved the Japanese flags as a sign of their friendship. The voice of the city pitched itself on a high note when the party arrived at City Hall, at 4 o'clock. One thousand American Junior Naval and Marine Scouts, waving the red and white flags, stood on the steps of the historic building. Six Japanese boys were the scouts designated to hold the colors of the two nations in the Aldermanic Chamber, where Mayor Mitchell formally welcomed the guests. Three companies of the depot battalion of the 7th Regiment, under Colonel D. W. C. Falls, were the honor guard in the building.

"The greeting and the welcome that are yours to-day," Mayor Mitchell said in welcoming the sixth foreign mission since the United States entered the war, "come from the hearts of the people of this mighty city and are spoken through us, their representatives, by six million Americans who hail Japan as a trusted friend, whose friendship has remained unbroken as we ally ourselves with you in a common righteous cause."

"Gentlemen of the commission, Japan and the United States are inspired by a lofty ideal of international justice, actuated by the same purpose to secure for all nations the opportunity to pursue their destiny and solve their own domestic problems under the genius of self-imposed institutions of government. Imperial Japan and democratic America are federated in the brotherhood of allied nations, to make the world safe not alone for democracy, but for all peace loving peoples."

### Viscount Ishii's Reply

In response, Viscount Ishii spoke in English and said in part: "The warmth and generosity of this reception, and at such a time, gives me the right to go back to my people, half a world away, and tell them that space is nothing; that the prejudices and the barriers built up and thrown across the path are myths; that the road from the heart of the East to the heart of the West is clear, and that one of the most wonderful miracles of all time has been accomplished within a bare half century."

"Sir, we are very proud and deeply conscious of the meaning of this reception and this welcome. We shall use the freedom you have given us with care and we shall hope to hold its rights and privileges always to commemorate this day of great rejoicing and of vast importance in the histories of our two nations."

When the members of the commission spent the evening at the home of Judge Gary, at 536 Fifth Avenue, where they were entertained at a private dinner.

Four of the ranking members of the commission were the guests of Judge Gary until they leave the city to-mor-

## BANZAIS GREET JAPANESE MISSION HERE



VISCOUNT ISHII  
Copyright International Film Service  
Nippon's war envoys acknowledging cheers of the throngs upon their arrival in the city.

VICE-ADMIRAL TAKESHITA  
Copyright Underwood & Underwood

row. The others, Commander Anko, Japanese navy; Lieutenant Colonel Tanikawa, imperial army; Matuzo Nagai, secretary of the Foreign Office; M. Owaku, secretary of the commission; and Masanaga Hanahara, consul general at San Francisco, are stopping at the Biltmore.

At 10 o'clock this morning the visitors will start on a sightseeing tour.

### Embargo on Food And Feed Declared

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—A virtual embargo on the export of certain food-stuffs and feeds was declared to-night by the Exports Administration Board in adding a list of articles to those already barred except where their export will contribute to the conduct of the war.

The commodities added are food grains and feed grains, oil cake and meal, animal fats, vegetable oils and soap, caustic soda and certain machinery. Where the foods and feeds mentioned are permitted to go forward they can be licensed only with the approval of the Food Administration.

The additional articles, it was announced, are placed under embargo because of diminishing supplies and to meet the actual needs of America. Licenses will be granted for their export, it is announced, only "when destined for actual war purposes, or when they will directly contribute thereto; in certain unusual cases where such exports will contribute directly to the immediate production of important commodities required by the United States, and in certain other cases where the articles may be exported in limited quantities without detriment to this country, such as food grains and fats, which require the approval of the Food Administration."

### Food Manufacturers Join to Aid Hoover

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Vast manufacturing and advertising interests went on record to-day as supporters of the food administration, when the war emergency committee of the American Specialty Manufacturers' Association pledged its cooperation.

Practically every dealer in specialty package goods in the country will be touched by the proposed activities of the association. The plan contemplates the enlistment of thousands of wholesale and retail merchants and their travelling salesmen in conservation activities.

Interests represented at a conference to-day with the food administration control the major part of the American output of package goods, such as cereals, patent breakfast foods, baking powder, flavors, washing powder, soaps, corn products, canned soups, beverages substituted for coffee, grape juice and other articles sold in individual containers.

It was proposed that the companies represented turn over advertising space to the food administration programme, thus bringing into its service much newspaper, magazine and billboard publicity. Tentative plans were made for the display by each large merchant of a signed pledge card in his window, in which he will agree to certain efficiency and conservation practices.

## Holland's Ambassador Denies Munitions Plot With Germany

### Telegram About Order to Bridgeport Company, Found in von Igel Records, Legitimate Transaction, He Says; Explanation Accepted by Lansing

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The Dutch Minister, Chevalier W. L. F. C. Van Rappard, without awaiting instructions from his government, delivered to Secretary Lansing to-day a formal statement denying there is or had been "suspicious and confidential relations" between the Holland Commission in America and German diplomatic representatives in this country prior to the severance of relations between the United States and Germany.

A statement made public by the Commission on Public Information last Saturday declared that "it has long been an open secret that Holland is merely a way station for shipments of contraband into Germany." The Dutch Minister made no objection to this allegation.

Mr. Van Rappard in his statement refers to the message found in the von Igel records, which, under the heading "German Embassy, Washington, D. C., April 15, 1916," says:

"Telegram from Berlin by secret. Roundabout way for Carl Heynen's consent sale Holland 300,000 casks cartridges and 200 tons powder. Please get in touch with Holland Commission. Sender, War Minister, Foreign Office, in representation."

"(Signed) HATZFELD."

### Suspicious Relations Denied

Continuing, Mr. Van Rappard says: "The telegram as quoted above would warrant the conclusion drawn from it in the official comment that a 'suspicious and confidential relation' between the Holland Commission and the German diplomatic officials would seem indicated. In fact, the only inference in consistency with the wording of the telegram appears to be that Carl Heynen, treasurer of the American Bridgeport Project, by the German Embassy, has been authorized by the German Embassy to the purchasing agent of the Netherlands Army Department a certain amount of ammunition. There is no indication of and there has never been any relation whatever between the Dutch agent and any German diplomatic official, whereas the relation of the Dutch agent with Mr. Heynen remains, according to the wording of the telegram, only to a possible contract of sale and purchase."

"The legator feels no hesitancy to state that indeed at some time the possibility has been considered of the Dutch agent purchasing some of the Dutch military equipment in order to supply necessary equipment and ammunition for the Netherlands army, the only point of consideration in this particu-

## The Saving Of An Extra Profit Means More Now Than At Any Previous Time

New York Men should not overlook the fact that by buying direct from the producer they save the profit of the middleman. This is of paramount importance in the purchase of clothing—the majority of which is manufactured outside of Manhattan and retailed by merchants who subsist on second profits.

There is only one profit on Saks clothes, the "rake-off" usually pocketed by the middleman going into the fabric and the tailoring. That is why Saks' clothes are the most individual and most skilfully tailored ready-for-service garments for men in New York. They are copied everywhere, but equalled nowhere. Take a look at our present selections—the most comprehensive ever assembled under one roof.

Suits \$20 to \$53 Topcoats \$20 to \$38

Saks Clothes are Saks-Made

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## Pope's Peace Plan Advised Return Of Russian Lands

### Opposed German Scheme of Regency for Poland, It Is Believed

(By United Press)

ROME, Sept. 27.—Restoration of Riga and "all other Russian territory" now held by the Germans was "explicitly and implicitly" suggested in the Pope's appeal, according to a Vatican announcement to-day.

The announcement was taken to mean that Germany must abandon her plans for a kingdom of Poland with a German regency to meet the Pope's conditions of peace.

It was also reported that the Holy See had advised Germany that the Pope will view with active displeasure any attempt in Germany to restrict the liberties of Matthias Erzberger, the Centrist (Catholic) leader, or the Catholic press, which is firmly supporting a non-annexationist programme.

## For the man out-of-doors "Mallory" Hats at \$3.50

The illustration shows one of many pleasing styles in "Mallory" soft hats for Fall, with the *Crownlet Finish*

which makes the hat more serviceable and durable when exposed to the weather. Put this model on your head—it'll look even better than it does in the illustration.

**Saks & Company**  
Broadway at 34th St.  
Sole N. Y. Agents

## With You to Last Man, Wilson Told French

### Envoy Bouillon, Back in Paris From U. S., Repeats President's Pledge

PARIS, Sept. 27.—Henry Franklin-Bouillon, who was appointed to the newly created post of Minister of Missions abroad in the recent reorganization of the French Cabinet, returned to-day from the United States, where he urged a plan for cooperation in war legislation by the parliamentary bodies of the nations at war with the Central Powers.

## Gulf Hurricane Moving Toward New Orleans

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The West Indian hurricane sweeping across the Gulf of Mexico was 150 miles south-east of the mouth of the Mississippi River this morning, the Weather Bureau announced. It is moving in a north-northwesterly direction, and may strike the mainland between Pensacola and the Eastern Louisiana coast near New Orleans.

## Conservation Time—Save Money at Arnheim's

You can save money here without stinting your choice. We have never shown a more comprehensive assortment of weaves, patterns and colors in woollens and unfinished worsteds from the best American and foreign mills. Every fabric shown is strictly all wool. And the prices are low.

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THE Franklin Simon Men's Shoe Shop was not created with the idea of making it the biggest in town. We had no idea beyond the simple proposition of making it a Shoe Shop of Quality. But greatness has overtaken us. We are conceded to have the fastest growing Men's Shoe Shop in New York. And Quality is the Cause. Quality Shoes, Quality Standards, Quality Selections, and the Quality Point of View which transfigures even a pair of shoes and lifts it above the dead level of commercialism.

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### Are like no other shoes you can buy!

WE design them ourselves. We even select the leathers. Nobody dictates our styles. That is one reason why Franklin Simon Shoes look like custom shoes—they are so original, so unlike other shoes, so distinctly, distinctively Ours that their very Exclusiveness gives them the appearance of a custom origin. And this was never so true as Now! This season's models in the Men's Shoe Shop are pre-eminently our finest achievement in Shoes.

- Men's Banister Shoes . . . . . \$9.50
- Men's Franklin Shoes . . . . . 7.00
- Thomas Cort Bench-Made Shoes . . . . . 14.00

In narrow, round and straight lasts, including the latest English and French models, and in all leathers and combination of leathers.

- Banister Waterproof Military Shoes . . . . . \$11.00
- New Doughboy Army Shoes . . . . . 11.50
- Famous Munson Army Shoes . . . . . 6.50
- French Manoeuvre Calf Shoes . . . . . 8.50
- French Manoeuvre Cordovan Shoes . . . . . 9.50
- French Manoeuvre Ko-Ko Calf Shoes . . . . . 11.00

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### ARMY OFFICERS' EQUIPMENT

Short Moleskin Coat—Collar and Lining of Lamb's Wool \$15.00

Serge Uniforms \$37.50 to \$47.00 Melton Overcoats \$45.00 to \$55.00

Leather puttees, Fox's puttees, Army trunks

All Insignias "Sam Browne" Belts

42ND STREET AT MADISON AVENUE

## Deputy Demands New Constitution in France

PARIS, Sept. 27.—Jules Roche, member of the Chamber of Deputies from Ardeche and former Minister of Commerce and the Colonies, has given notice of an interpellation of the government concerning the measures it proposes to take toward the substitution of a "really democratic constitution" for the constitution of 1875.

The Chamber of Deputies to-day decided to fix a date later for a discussion of the interpellation.