Asks Publicity Of Wilson Letter In Mooney Case

Prosecutor Says He Was Told President Would "Placate Radicals"

Frankfurter Involved

Affidavit to Governor Quotes U. S. Investigator as Believing Defendant Guilty

SACRAMENTO, Cal., July 25.—District Attorney Charles M. Fickert, of San Francisco, to-day sent a letter to Governor William D. Stephens requesting him to make public the communications he had received from President Wilson regarding the Thomas J. Mooney case. In this letter and an affidavit accompanying it Fickert makes charges regarding the Mediation Commission sent here by the President to investigate, among other things, the Mooney trial.

In the affidavit he charges that Felix Frankfurter, secretary of the commission, told him he was satisfied Mooney was guilty and had a fair trial, but "stated it was the desire of the Federal Administration to placate not only the radicals in Russia, but the radicals in the United States as well."

The affidavit also said Frankfurter stated the investigation then under way was due solely to the fact that the President of the United States had been misled in relation to the Mooney case by persons connected with the Bolshevik government in Russia.

Mooney was convicted of murder as a result of the Preparedness Day bomb explosion in San Francisco, July 22, 1916, in which ten persons were killed and forty others wounded. Mooney's attorneys recently exhausted their legal efforts to obtain a new trial, and Mooney was taken to San Quentin prison to await execution August 23. An appeal for clemency has been made to Governor Stephens.

Protest Strike Urged

TACOMA, Wash., July 25.—A resolution petitioning all organized labor bodies in the United States to call a general strike August 1 and every union man and woman to leave their jobs and stay on strike until Thomas J. Mooney, who is awaiting execution in California, is given another trial or set free was adopted after a stormy session of the Tacoma Central Labor Council.

Allegations that Mooney has not had a fair trial, but that he was convicted by an un-American jury, and in an unfair manner, preceded the actual resolution. An amendment to the resolution called for a mass meeting July 28, at which time the contemplated strike will be discussed.

70 Are Commissioned In Officers' Reserve

(Special Dispatch to The Tribune)

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The following appointments in the Reserve Corps, National Army and National Guard were announced by the War Department to-day:

Reserve Corps

Second lieutenant, signal—Harold R. Conway, 717 Avenue E, Bayonne, N. J.

National Army

First lieutenant, infantry—William J. Stannard, 9205 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Captains, quartermaster—Harry M. Lewy, 2 Rector Street, New York City; Robert J. Owens, 2168 Seventh Avenue, New York.

First lieutenants, quartermaster—Walter S. Gassner, Queensboro Hill, Flushing, L. I.; Martin Geary, 82 Beaver Street, New York; William P. Gleason, Baldwinsville, N. Y.

Second lieutenants, quartermaster—Arthur E. Conner, Walton, N. Y.; John M. Donohue, 317 Webster Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Norman E. Ogden, Chatham, N. J.; William P. O'Shaughnessy, 217 Broadway, New York; Clarence E. Von Utter, 601 West 172d Street, New York; James M. West, 165 Third Street, Hoboken, N. J.; Richard W. White, 1 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Second lieutenants, quartermaster (enlisted)—Walter P. Alexander, 546 East Fourth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Russell J. Bergen, Camp Dix, N. J.; John H. Bradley, 136 Vista Place, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; George A. Colgan, 104 Broad Street, New York; William J. Fitzgerald, Fort Hancock, N. J.; Oscar Goldberger, 75 Clarkson Street, New York; Bert J. Greenwood, Camp Dix, N. J.; Henry F. Himmelberger, 60 Linden Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.; James L. Hooker, 247 Paddock Street, Watertown, N. Y.; Louis H. Ludeman, 328 Macon Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Frank G. McCreery, Casleton Apartments, New Brighton, N. Y.; Jackson R. Nelson, 720 Sixth Avenue, New York; John E. Peterson, Fort Niagara, N. Y.; John A. Phelan, 1735 White Plains Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.; George A. Reilly, 74 Conduct Street, Jersey City, N. J.; William P. Schadt, 900 Sherman Avenue, New York; Rollo S. Smith, Chatham, N. J.; George Foulke Wood, 347 Cayuta Avenue, Waverly, N. Y.

Major, chemical warfare service—Oscar Stevens, 120 Broadway, New York.

First lieutenant, chemical warfare service—Howard A. Lane, Long Island City, N. Y.

First lieutenant, Sanitary Corps—Arthur B. Spencer, 419 West 118th Street, New York.

First lieutenant, Sanitary Corps (enlisted)—Joseph F. Myer, 777 Fifth Avenue, Troy, N. Y.

Second lieutenant, Sanitary Corps—Daniel M. Alperin, 246 Parkside Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Second lieutenants, Sanitary Corps (enlisted)—David S. Forester, Greentree, Manhasset, Long Island, N. Y.; David F. Goodhow, 1009 Edgewood Avenue, Pelham Manor, N. Y.; Clemens Moffett, 80 Irving Place, New York; John Relyea, Highland, Ulster County, N. Y.

First lieutenant, air service (production)—William P. McClave, 2 Ridgewood Terrace, Maplewood, N. J.

Second lieutenants, air service (production)—John J. Kehoe, Jersey City, N. J.; Vincent Mahoney, 769 Seventh Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Second lieutenants, air service (aeronautical)—Wildred R. Lloyd, Morgan Building, Buffalo, N. Y.; William C. Brumble, 871 Bergen Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.; Edward P. Culver, South College, Schenectady, N. Y.; Louis G. Garrigan, 609 High Street Newark, N. J.; Charles H. Grant, Princeton, N. J.; Robert E. Naumburg, 88 Central Park West, New York; Perry M. Powers, 157 West Eightieth Street, New York; Thomas M. Reamer, 181 Union Street, Montclair, N. J.; Nelson S. Rundlett, Pelham Manor, N. Y.; Percy Schmertz, 954 East Fifteenth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Lawrence D. Wood, 203 Golden Hill Street, Bridgeport, Conn.

Second lieutenants, air service, aeronautics (enlisted): James Allen, Interlaken, N. J.; William J. Burke, 338 Roseville Avenue, Newark, N. J.; Joseph Keenan, 560 West 162d Street, New York; James McKeever, 24, 7 Wall Street, New York; Raymond Phelps, 103 Alta Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y.; Clarence Smith, Woodstown, N. J.; Orville William Spicer, Adams, N. Y.

Chaplains, first lieutenants: John Crowley, 7 Chapel Street, Auburn, N.Y.; Frank M. Kerr, 353 Fulton Avenue, Hempstead, Long Island, New York; John J. Finnerty, 246 Second Street, Jersey City, N. J.; Peter E. Egan, 372 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, N. J.

Second lieutenant, engineer: Nathan Harris, 13 South Orange Avenue, Newark, N. J.

Second lieutenant, adjutant general's department: Jerome I. Rossman, New York.

First lieutenants, Sanitary Corps: Ludlow S. Bull, 45 West Third Street, New York; Robert W. Leddy, 258 East Seventy-eighth Street, New York City.

Y. M. C. A. Paris Hospital

PARIS, July 25.—The American Y. M. C. A. has tendered to the French government the use of the Hotel Gibraltar, in Paris, for an army hospital. The hotel heretofore has been used by the Y. M. C. A.

Castor Oil Offered For Financial Ills

Mrs. Agnes Glasgow, who admits that she is considered one of the best Bible students in the world, but who pins her faith to castor oil, nevertheless, according to Detective Mary A. Sullivan, was held yesterday in the Washington Heights police court for trial, on a charge of practising medicine without a license. The woman detective said that she went to Mrs. Glasgow's rooms, at 160 Claremont Avenue, and told her that she had lost her money through an oil well investment.

After asking whether she had pain in the top of her head or in her kidneys, Mrs. Sullivan continued, Mrs. Glasgow said that she could help her and prescribed a dose of castor oil, adding: "Sit back in your chair and think of me; think of me every night at 9 o'clock for a week. I am treating a man in Wall Street who has made a lot of money."

Then, said Mrs. Sullivan, she paid $5 to Mrs. Glasgow and received a violet-covered book of testimonials. Mrs. Glasgow appeared to be weak and was assisted to the witness chair. In a faint voice she declared that the principle which enabled her to accomplish marvels was "God is a factor in the world."

"My work is to instruct people in their financial troubles," she said, "and I must know something of their physical ailments, but I do not prescribe medicine. The secret of my labor is to get people to take their minds off their troubles."

War Board Urges Public to Curtail Its Use of Paper

Private as Well as Business Supplies Must Be Conserved

WASHINGTON, July 25.—A general publicity campaign will be launched by the War Industries Board shortly, having for its aim the education of the public to the importance of conservation of paper of all kinds as a war measure. War conditions, it was stated, demand a radical change in the habits of consumers, and the War Industries Board has asked the cooperation of the press in spreading the conservation propaganda, as the government's need of chemicals and other materials makes it necessary to prevent as much waste as possible.

Printers and publishers, stores, offices, hotels, clubs and private homes will be asked to coöperate to eliminate all waste, and to return paper, rags and other things of which paper is made to the mills to be remade.

The War Industries Board issued a statement, which says in part:

"Paper has been so cheap and plentiful in the past that people little realized its value. But war conditions demand a prompt and radical change in the habits of consumers, and the members of the pulp and paper section are confident that when the consuming public is shown the reason and necessity for such change it will respond to the appeal for conservation.

"It is the intention of the paper section, with the coöperation of the daily press, to show how the demands of the government for various kinds of paper and various chemicals and other materials used in paper making are increasing rapidly, and how every pound of paper wasted represents not only the waste of valuable materials such as coal, pulp, chemicals, etc., but also the waste of productive labor, working capital and transportation space, in all of which there is an increasing scarcity."

Soldier Took Poison

Examination of E. G. More's Stomach Reveals Cyanide

Cyanide of potassium and not heart failure or fright caused the death of Private Edward G. More at the home of his sweetheart, Miss Louise Young, 1814 George Street, Evergreen, Tuesday night.

This was established yesterday through an analysis of the stomach contents and an autopsy on the body by Dr. Neail, assistant medical examiner of Queens.

It was also learned that when Detective Grabau went to the house Tuesday night to arrest More on a charge of desertion More made no protest, but asked permission to go into the bathroom to wash his hands. Miss Young said she was suspicious and followed him, while the detective waited in the dining room. She reached the bathroom in time to see More just finishing a draft from a bottle. He walked into the dining room, staggered, and fell dead at the feet of the young woman and the detective.

More was twenty-five years old, and lived at 1834 Woodbine Street, Ridgewood.

Hussarek Succeeds Seydler as Premier

VIENNA, July 25, via Basel.—Baron von Hussarek, former Minister of Education, has been appointed Austrian Premier to succeed Dr. von Seydler, whose Cabinet resigned recently.

Before he was nominated Prime Minister Baron von Hussarek explained to the Chamber of Deputies that he intended to form a Cabinet of functionaries without political character, introducing Parliamentarians into the ministry later.

The Chamber of Deputies rejected a resolution introduced by the Czech Deputies to impeach former Premier von Seydler and Count von Toggenburg, the former Minister of the Interior. The vote stood 215 to 162.

Escapes From Fort Jay

Sergeant Major Gladstone, of the 47th Infantry, regular army, who was under arrest at Fort Jay, Governor's Island, escaped last Friday. He was awaiting trial by court martial, charged with having fired two shots at one of his superior officers.

It is believed that Gladstone either swam from the island to Brooklyn or made his escape by the aid of a workman's pass on the ferry to Manhattan.

Seeks Nurses to Save Babies

The New York Diet Kitchen Association, of 33 West Forty-second Street, is anxious to enlist additional nurses in its campaign to save 100,000 babies in 1918 and made a public appeal yesterday for funds. At present the nurse in each station has to care for 600 babies. It hopes to receive enough money to install two nurses in each station. Contributions should be sent to Mrs. Joseph H. Tilton, treasurer.

Separatists Prove Germans' Greatest Belgian Dilemma

Mercenaries in Flanders Graft Right and Left; Berlin Must Protect Them

Hold Best Offices

Movement Dying, However, Under Growing Antipathy of Populace

(Special Dispatch to The Tribune)

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The importance of the separatist manœuvre of the Germans in Belgium has been exaggerated abroad, according to the testimony of a Belgian who has just escaped from the occupied territory, says a report made public by the Belgian Legation. The largest number of activists, as the separatists are called, was 1,500 in February, but the number has decreased since then owing to the anti-activist campaign conducted in Flanders. The population is 6,500,000.

In Flemish communes the Germans have given special facilities of transport and purchase of certain commodities to the activists, who are monopolizing trade and are able to undersell their competitors. In this manner the little band of traitors is maintained. One of their organizations was set up in Brussels, but the citizens boycotted it.

Are Grabbing Offices

"A similar policy with regard to the activists has been pursued lately in every department of life," the report states. "Some of them fill several offices, being at the same time professors in the German-Flemish University at Ghent and chiefs of some departments of the new Flemish Ministry in Brussels. The place of every patriot who resigned was filled by some activist without any claim or right to it.

"This policy is not without some inconvenience when dealing with such a motley crowd of shady characters. About a dozen activists who had been given important posts in the new administration have had to be dismissed for accepting bribes.

"No doubt the governor general would have tried to adapt the same method with regard to judges and magistrates if he had not been confronted with the recent strike of all Belgian courts which followed the deportation of the two presidents of the Brussels Court of Appeals. In this case, however, he was obliged to nominate German magistrates, as he could not find any reliable man on his activist staff.

Germans in a Dilemma

"The importance of the separatist manœuvre has been greatly exaggerated abroad, and those who come from Belgium cannot understand the importance attached to it unless it is due to the indirect influence of the German press.

"The Germans are in a cruel dilemma. Desiring to represent the movement as spontaneous and popular, they avoid as much as possible using their bayonets to protect their agents. The patriots have not been long in using this opportunity. The activist has become the scapegoat on which they unburden their indignation after three years and a half of relentless oppression.

"The separatist movement has strengthened the morale of the Belgians instead of deteriorating it. The pact made by the activists with the enemy stirred the people's deepest energies. In shaking hands with the German Chancellor the members of the Council of Flanders have prevented many from having anything to do with the humblest of his representatives in Belgium."

Carrier Pigeons Made Pie for Diplomats

(By The Associated Press Correspondent recently in Rumania)

LONDON, July 25.—The most expensive pigeon pie which perhaps has ever been served anywhere was enjoyed by members of the Allied diplomatic colony in Jassy last spring.

One February afternoon one of the Allied ministers received a crate of fine pigeons. There was no mark to indicate the sender. The pigeons were killed and cooked that evening, and a number of the minister's colleagues, including American Minister Vopicka, had their fill of pigeon pie.

A week later a delayed telegram reached the minister who had been host at the dinner. It was from a high military officer of his government, directing him as to the disposal of a "very valuable consignment" of carrier pigeons which had been sent him after a long course of training and which were designed to take an important part in certain highly confidential negotiations then pending.

U. S. Kept Allies From Hunger, Says Premier

LONDON, July 25.—The government gave a dinner this evening in honor of Herbert C. Hoover, the American Food Administrator; Victor Boret, the French Minister of Provisions, and Dr. Silvio Crespi, the Italian Food Minister.

J. R. Clynes, the British food controller, who presided, said that owing to assistance from the United States bacon and ham hereafter would be sold without coupons. He referred to Mr. Hoover as a man they all wanted to keep on good turns with, because he "could deliver the goods."

Premier Lloyd George, proposing the health of the guests, paid a glowing tribute to Mr. Hoover. He said that through him America had achieved a great triumph in securing a large number of people in Europe from want and starvation. There was now no fear whatever, he declared, that the Allies would be starved out.

Germany, continued the Premier, had made the greatest gamble in her history. She had pitted her whole destiny upon the success of the submarine campaign, and it had failed.

All Favorites Victorious In Shenecossett Tourney

NEW LONDON, Conn., July 25.—The second round of match play in the Shenecossett golf tournament played here to-day was without surprises. Favorites won by wide margins, with the exception of J. P. Taylor Armstrong, of New London, who had a close and interesting battle with N. H. Avery.

The result:

H. B. Miller, St. Andrews, defeated D. C. Murray, Utica, 7 and 6; J. P. T. Armstrong, New London, defeated N. H. Avery, Shenecossett, 2 and 1; Dr. F. A. Lund, Ardsley, defeated W. R. Harper, Philadelphia Cricket Club, 6 and 5; J. D. Armstrong, Buffalo, defeated F. L. Smith, New York, 6 and 4.

Transit Lines Plead For Higher Fare

Company Officials Appear Before Board of Estimate and Apportionment

The Franchise Committee of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to-day will hear the arguments of the street railway companies for permission to increase fares on their lines.

Although the Public Service Commission has intimated that it should consider the question, it is not likely that the Franchise Committee will take any definite action at this time. Although it has been represented by some of the railway companies that unless they are permitted to increase fares they will be thrown into bankruptcy, city officials are not viewing this situation with any alarm.

Corporation Counsel Burr, it was learned yesterday, has been examining the contracts between the city and the companies to ascertain whether the city will be permitted, under section 73 of the Charter, to take over these lines in case they should become bankrupt. The corporation counsel said, on this point:

"If it happens that any of the companies become bankrupt the city wants all the facts, so that, in January, we can go to the Legislature and get some enabling legislation, along the lines of the Democratic platform regarding municipal ownership."

The principal companies that will be represented at the hearing to-day are the Interborough Rapid Transit, the Brooklyn Rapid Transit and the New York Railways Company.

A fight against the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company's effort to increase traction fares is planned by local union leaders, according to a statement made yesterday by John P. Coughlin, president of the Brooklyn Central Labor Union.

Mr. Coughlin said that the company's present income is sufficient to justify the wage increase which the men are demanding. A movement will be started, he said, to organize rapid transit employes into a general union and at the same time to convince them that their own interests are not linked up with the company's appeal for higher fares.

"We already have unionized about 400 of the company's employes," he said, "and about September 1 we expect to go after the rest. In the meanwhile every effort is going to be made to keep the fare at five cents."

Argentina Solidly Supports War, Says "La Nacion" Editor

Jorge A. Mitre Emphasizes That Fate of Small Nations Rests Upon Victory

The life or death of small nations hinges on the outcome of the war, said Jorge A. Mitre, editor of "La Nacion," Buenos Ayres, at a luncheon given in his honor yesterday by the Pan-American Society of the United States.

More than 150 men prominent in professional, financial and journalistic circles attended the luncheon. John Bassett Moore and Mr. Mitre were the principal speakers. Frank A. Munsey, publisher of "The New York Sun," presided.

Mr. Mitre's newspaper was founded by General Bartolome Mitre, the father of a nationalized Argentina, and for more than half a century the publication has been recognized as one of South America's leading dailies.

"In the early days when my country was struggling against tyranny for a united and enlightened government," said Mr. Mitre, "she did not hesitate to sacrifice her tranquility and her wealth for her idealss. She acted, then, with disinterest, just as you are doing now with your admirable and almost sublime struggles against world despotism.

"You can see how our people cannot be indifferent, at the present moment, when we can coöperate in the work—a thousand times blessed—which began in the defence of a small nation unjustly violated, and which has developed until it has become a well-defined struggle between despotism and democracy between brute force and right.

"If the prevailing of right and justice is for you an altruistic inspiration, to-day it is for us something more. It is a guarantee. How should we be able in the future—the small nations—to develop our destinies, if those who do not believe in the rule of brute force were not to triumph?"

Mr. Moore spoke of the birth and development of Argentina and of Bartolome Mitre, the soldier-statesman, who was largely responsible for the establishment of the nation's present government.

Among the guests were John H. Allen, Lieutenant Commander G. B. Baker, Albert Breton, Percy Bullen, John Barrett, Louis Chable, G. B. Caldwell, P. M. Chandler, Senator Amador del Solar, of Peru; Commander Claude Dore, of the Argentine navy; Henry Delmas, J. D. Ellsworth, R. L. Farnham, James W. Gerard, Joseph P. Grace, Herbert S. Houston, William S. Kies, F. L. Martin, John L. Merrill, George McAneny, Ohl J. Kingsley, Lieutenant Ralph Pulitzer, Ogden Reid, Romeo Ronconi, Charles H. Sanford, Oswald G. Villard and James A. Wheatley.

The Weather Report

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Pressure is now falling generally over the central and western portions of the country, although about normally low temperatures continue in the extreme Northwest with, however, a rising tendency. In New England and the south Atlantic states temperatures were nearly normal, but over the remainder of the country they were high, ranging from 10 to 17 degrees above the seasonal average in the Central West and the Southwest. General rains continued in the Northwest states, and there were also thunder showers in the lake region, the Ohio Valley, the middle and south Atlantic and east Gulf states. Elsewhere the weather was generally fair.

There will be local showers to-morrow in the south Atlantic and east Gulf states, to-morrow and Saturday in the upper lake region and probably on Saturday in the lower lake region. In New England, the middle Atlantic states and the Ohio Valley fair weather will prevail to-morrow and Saturday.

High temperatures will continue in the interior districts.

Forecasts for Special Localities.—Western Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy to-day and to-morrow, probably showers to-morrow.

Western New York—Partly cloudy to-day and to-morrow; continued warm.

Eastern New York and New England—Partly cloudy to-day and to-morrow.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy to-day and to-morrow; little change in temperature.

Local Official Record.—The following official record from the Weather Bureau shows temperatures during the last twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding date of last year:

	1918.	1917.		1918.	1917.
3 a. m.	73	74	3 p. m.	73	83
6 a. m.	68	73	6 p. m.	73	77
9 a. m.	70	77	9 p. m.	70	70
12 m.	70	77	12 p. m.	—	71

Highest temperature yesterday, 77 degrees (at 4:45 p. m.); lowest, 68 (at 6 a. m.); average, 72; average same date for thirty-three years, 74.

Humidity

8 a. m....81 | 1 p. m....82 | 8 p. m....86

Barometer Readings

8 a. m....30.19 | 1 p. m....30.22 | 8 p. m....30.17

Local Official Forecast.—Partly cloudy to-day and to-morrow; little change in temperature; gentle to moderate south winds.

Government Urged To Lay Cable Lines To Trade Outposts

Council of Relations Calls for Closer Association With Antipodes

The Council of Relations took occasion yesterday at its luncheon at the Lawyers' Club to the Australian press representatives now passing through this country on their way to the Western front to bring forward a resolution looking to closer relations with the Far East and with South America which, it is expected, will exert a highly salutary influence upon our commercial prospects in those vast markets.

The resolution, it was explained, was based upon the conviction that commerce, no less than armies, depends upon its lines of communication, and that our trade expansion in far ports cannot proceed according to our present hopes until this basic factor has first been more fully taken into account. In full the resolution reads:

"Resolved, That it should be the policy of the United States government, in the furtherance of international and commercial relations, to establish adequate cable communications with those countries with which our international and commercial relations are of sufficient importance, even though the commercial demand for such communications is not sufficient to the extent of justifying the construction of such cable communications by private enterprise, and that this committee be authorized to coöperate with the proper governmental departments in an effort to establish such a policy."

Editor Revealed as Joffre's Staff Chief

(Correspondence of The Associated Press)

PARIS, June 25.—After a long period of anonymity made necessary because of his active connection with the army, Lieutenant Colonel Fabry, chief of staff to Marshal Joffre and his companion on the marshal's visit to America, has come out under his own name in the new Paris daily, "Oui." He will hereafter write the trenchant military criticisms under his own name rather than as "Bouchavesnes," whose identity has always puzzled the readers of "Oui" quite as much as the articles have pleased them.

Lieutenant Colonel Fabry retires from the regular army in consequence of his many serious injuries while fighting. He has become one of the principal editors of "Oui," with the direct, though it is said reluctant, permission of Marshal Joffre, who deeply regrets having to part with his faithful chief of staff.

Lieutenant Colonel Fabry's war record is as brilliant as his journalistic work. At the beginning of the war he was a captain on the staff of General Dubail, the recently supplanted Military Governor of Paris. He wanted a more active life, and was transferred to the command of the 23d Battalion of the famous Alpine Chasseurs.

He led them through battles in the Wouvre, at St. Mihiel, Ypres, Dixmude, Arras and in the Vosges, and at Reichsackerkopf was so seriously wounded that one leg was amputated. He was carried to a hospital, and lay there for fifteen months before recovering.

Marshal Joffre called him in as chief of staff, and the colonel has been constantly with the "grand old man," "Papa" Joffre, ever since.

25,000 Babies Saved

The lives of 25,000 babies in New York have been saved, during a ten-year period, by the work of the Bureau of Child Hygiene, it was announced yesterday by Health Commissioner Royal S. Copeland. Despite a greatly increased population, there were 5,000 fewer deaths among babies under one year of age last year than in 1907.

As the result of an appeal from Bronx mothers, a new Baby Health Station soon will be established to take the place of the station that was removed from 2,380 Hughes Avenue to 248 East 133d Street. The new station is expected to be located near the site of the former station.

INSTRUCTION

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SUMMONS

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—THE HARBISON-WALKER REFRACTORIES COMPANY, Plaintiff, against METALLURGICA OSSOLANA, Defendant. SUMMONS.

TO THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANT:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Trial desired in the County of New York.

Dated, June 28th, 1918.

ALLAN R. CAMPBELL,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Office & P. O. Address, 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

TO THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANT, METALLURGICA OSSOLANA:

The foregoing summons is served upon you, by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Edward R. Finch, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 24th day of July, 1918, and filed with the complaint, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York.

Dated, July 26, 1918.

ALLAN R. CAMPBELL,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Office & P. O. Address, 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

AUCTION SALES

PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 65 AND 66 OF the Personal Property Law the undersigned will cause to be sold at Public Auction on the 27th day of July, 1918, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, in the premises of The American Multigraph Sales Company, at 20 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, certain property, consisting of one Junior Multigraph with P. A., one No. 39 Typesetter and one Extra Drum, to satisfy the balance due on the purchase price thereof.

The American Multigraph Sales Company.

MORTGAGE SALE—M. SOVA, AUCTIONEER, sells this day, 10 A. M., at 618 Grand ave., Brooklyn, Drug Store Fixtures. By order of Attorney for Mortgagee.

MEETINGS

QUARTERLY MEETING OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE, Thursday, August 1st, 1918, at 324 W. 23d st., 8:30 P. M. E. F. MURDOCK, Sec'y.

HELP WANTED MALE

AUTOMOBILE TRUCK SALESMEN wanted; good opportunity for live and hustling men; $5,000 in commission a year to be made. Apply 1078 Bedford ave., Brooklyn.

CASHIER, experienced, in provision house; state salary expected. O. W., 163 East 125th st.

DAY AND NIGHT PORTERS

WANTED AT ONCE; GOOD PAY; STEADY WORK. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT, ROTHENBERG & CO., 38-42 WEST 14TH ST.

DRAUGHTSMEN.—Power station and sub-station layout and general draughting for insulation of electrical equipment. Apply Edison Company, 13 Willoughby st., Brooklyn.

MACHINISTS and LATHE HANDS.—Marine work; hours 6 p. m. to 4:30 a. m.; 76 cents an hour. Call 7 p. m., 402 West st.

OFFICE SALES ASSISTANT.—Man familiar with grocery trade, selling and office experience; good opportunity for right man; must be draft exempt and Christian; applicants state age, full qualifications, previous employments, salary expected, etc. Address, in own handwriting, do not apply, T. N., 40 Corlears st., New York City.

PAYROLL MEN (four) for out of town work, preferably with construction experience; good pay; congenial work; excellent living conditions. Apply Room 1111, 65 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Clean cut, high grade man to sell flour; one who has had experience selling small and large grocers; must be draft exempt and Christian; permanent position, with fine chance for advancement to a real worker; no attention paid to replies unless you state fully your age, experience, sales record, references for at least five years back, salary expected, etc. Address, in own handwriting, do not apply, T. N., 40 Corlears st., New York City.

STOREKEEPER, familiar with pipe and steel bars; 40 cents an hour; must be experienced and willing worker. Call 402 West st.

TIMEKEEPER.—Must be thoroughly experienced; hours 7:30 to 6; $27 a week. Call 402 West st.

TOOL MAKERS

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TRAVELING SALESMAN,

over draft age, experience in nine states, earning over $3,000, desires position; due to expected commandering of employer's business. E. F., Box 147, Tribune Office.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE

A—A—NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Young French woman; understands physical care children, three to twelve years old; six years' reference. F., Miss Hofmayer's Agency, 10 East 43d st., third floor. Telephone 8947 Murray Hill.

CHAMBERMAID.—Young Irish girl, used to first class service; excellent, long references. K., Miss Hofmayer's Agency, 10 East 43d st., third floor. Telephone 8947 Murray Hill.

COOK.—Young Irish girl; $50 to $55; good references. K., Miss Hofmayer's Agency, 10 East 43d st., third floor. Murray Hill 8947.

COOK.—Young, thoroughly experienced; excellent references; wages $45. Miss Shaughnessy's Agency, 860 6th av.

COUPLE.—Butler, valet; wife excellent cook and manager; neat, economical; three years last place; best references; wages $100; city or country. Miss Shaughnessy's Agency, 860 6th av.

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INFANT'S NURSE.—Scotch Protestant; most capable; go anywhere; $45. first class references. Miss Shea's Agency, 30 East 42d st. Murray Hill 6774.

INFANT'S NURSE.—Thoroughly experienced; understands all foods; good references. L. B., Miss FitzGerald's Bureau, 546 Fifth ave.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Capable young French woman will take one or two children; excellent reference. B., Miss FitzGerald's Bureau, 546 Fifth ave.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Will take charge one or two children; elementary English, music. D., Miss FitzGerald's Bureau, 546 Fifth ave.

LADY'S MAID.—Capable; Irish; good traveller, packer; excellent references. M. N., Miss FitzGerald's Bureau, 546 Fifth ave.

IMPORTANT

Birth, Engagement, Marriage, Death and In Memoriam Notices may be telephoned to The Tribune any time up to midnight for insertion in the next day's paper. Just call

Beekman 3000

and send the notice as you wish it inserted. Bill for same will be mailed to you later. The notice will reach over 100,000 readers daily.

BIRTHS

HERTZ—Eleanor Ruth, born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hertz on July 25.

LEVY—Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Levy announce the birth of a son July 22, 1918, at Brunor's Sanitarium, 137th st. and Edgecombe av., New York.

ENGAGEMENTS

HUTCHINSON—THORN—Mrs. Harold B. Thorn announces the engagement of her daughter, Elizabeth, to Lieutenant Charles Hutchinson, both of Montclair. No date set for the wedding.

MARRIAGES

BETTS—WARDWELL—July 24, 1918, at Shippen Point, Stamford, Conn., by the Rev. Dr. C. M. Addison, Helen Embury Wardwell to Charles Arthur Betts, jr., United States Emergency Fleet Corporation.

LUBY—FARRANT—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, July 24, James Luby and Louise Grace Farrant.

ZABRISKIE—SMILEY—On Wednesday, July 3, at All Saints' Pro-Cathedral, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada, by the Ven. Archdeacon Webb, Dorothy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Kerr Smiley, of Vancouver, B. C., to George Zabriskie, 2d, son of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius B. Zabriski, of New York City.

DEATHS

ANSPACHER—On Wednesday, July 24, 1918, after a short illness, Mildred Gomez Anspacher, wife of Joseph E. Anspacher and only daughter of Edwin Gomez. Funeral private, from her late residence, 492 Convent av., city, Friday, July 26, 1918.

BALLARD—At Highland Wednesday night, July 24, Julia Deming Ballard, wife of Wiliam J. Ballard, daughter of the late William E. and Ellen M. Wickes, of New Hamburg. Funeral private. Please send no flowers.

BELTZHOOVER—On July 20, Melchior S. Beltzhoover, beloved husband of Virginia Lee Koontz and father of Melchior Roch and Virginia Roane Beltzhoover. Interment in Natchez, Miss.

BOORUM—On Thursday, July 25, William B. Boorum, husband of Elizabeth Milligan, after a short illness. Funeral at Englewood on Saturday, July 27. Details will be announced later.

BORST—Wednesday, July 24, 1918, Lawyer Borst, beloved husband of Annie Borst. Funeral services at his late home, 24 Perry st., Saturday afternoon, July 27, 2 o'clock.

BROCKENBROUGH—On Wednesday, July 24, 1918, at her residence, 69 East 92d st., Fannie Britton, wife of Archie Q. Brockenbrough and daughter of Mrs. M. A. Duke. Funeral services at the Church of the Beloved Disciple, 89th st., near Madison av., Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. Paris (France) and Louisville (Ky.) papers please copy