

Bavaria Seizes German Agent Sent to Vienna

His Documents Are Confiscated by Order of Kurt Eisner, Premier

Maximilian Urged To Be President

Liberal Party in Baden Demands Complete Breach With Berlin

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian Premier, has caused the arrest of a German courier on his way to Austria, according to a Berlin dispatch to the "Berlingske Tidende." The courier's documents were seized. The Liberal party in Baden has issued a proclamation demanding a complete breach with Berlin, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen.

Eisner Becomes Menace

"Kurt Eisner is beginning to become a tremendous danger to Germany," says the "Lokal-Anzeiger," in commenting upon the Bavarian Premier's act in breaking off relations with the Berlin Foreign Office, says an Associated Press dispatch from Berlin. A similar attitude is taken by the entire bourgeois press, and even the Socialist "Vorwärts" does not believe that Eisner has "taken the right road to assure the unity of the empire and obtain better peace conditions."

The Berlin press in general condemns him as an obstinate, impractical dreamer. It is declared that Eisner was born in Galicia, and that there is some doubt about his German citizenship, and this is intensifying the opposition to him in some quarters.

Catholics Oppose Him

Bavarian Catholics oppose him, and there is also opposition in certain Radical circles. Rachel Rabinowitz, a Jewess, writes to the "Bavarian Courier" as follows:

"Eisner is neither a German nor a Bavarian, but a Jew and a foreigner. It is a thoroughly sound feeling which makes the Bavarians object to being ruled by a foreigner. We Jews would object greatly if compelled to accept a non-Jewish head for a Jewish congregation."

The Socialist Council of Munich has telegraphed to the executive committee of the Berlin Socialist Council demanding the dismissal of Dr. W. S. Self, Foreign Minister; Philipp Scheidemann, Minister of Colonies; and Matthias Erzberger, who, it has been announced, will conduct negotiations preliminary to signing a treaty of peace.

Maximilian Favored

The telegram also invites the Berlin council to overthrow a government which continues to place such persons in important positions. Prince Maximilian of Baden, former Imperial Chancellor, is favored as the first President of the German Republic by democratic circles there, according to advices to the Copenhagen "Berlingske Tidende."

The Council of People's Commissioners has appointed a commission to investigate charges that German treatment of prisoners of war has been contrary to international law. The commission includes Karl Trimborn, former Secretary of the Interior; Eduard Bernstein, Under Secretary in the Ministry of Finance; Prince Schoenach, Heinrich Dove, Privy Councillor, and representatives of several governmental departments. Professor Schmu-

cking, of Marburg University, will act as chairman. The commission is ordered to take testimony under oath and expel guilty persons from the army. In certain conditions criminal prosecution may be ordered.

Objectors, on Farms, Must Finish Harvests

Tribune Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Conscientious objectors who have been furloughed to farms will not be demobilized with those who are at army camps unless their civilian employers can dispense with their service, the War Department announced today. Before any furloughed objectors are dismissed their employers will be communicated with by the War Department to ascertain if the retention of the soldier-farmers is necessary to complete the harvest work. Where it is shown that the demobilization of the objectors will work a hardship on employers the men will be held in the service.

Hollweg Denies Share In Blame for War

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, German Imperial Chancellor at the outbreak of the war, is eager for an investigation into his share in the origin of the conflict, according to a statement he has made to the "North German Gazette," of Berlin, as quoted by the Central News correspondent at Copenhagen.

The former Chancellor refers to the "Bavarian revelations" regarding the war's origin and protests against the publication of fragmentary extracts from documents and the deductions made. He admits that Germany was not surprised at Austria's action regarding Serbia, but declares he was not aware of the text of the ultimatum before it was dispatched, and when he saw it he regarded it as too sharp, both in its tone and as to the demands made.

The former Chancellor says he is anxiously awaiting the day when his case may be judged by an impartial governmental tribunal.

"We admit our errors," he adds, "but will not allow ourselves to be forced to make untrue confessions."

Former Kaiserin in High Spirits as She Joins Husband in Dutch Refuge

LONDON, Nov. 29.—The former German Empress arrived by train Thursday at Maarsbergen, Holland, and went by automobile to Amerongen, where the former Emperor is staying, according to a Rotterdam dispatch to "The Daily Mirror."

The former Empress seemed in high spirits. She was met at the station by the wife of the German Minister at The Hague. An Amsterdam dispatch says Auguste Victoria used a certain amount of ingenuity to escape identification, but the correspondent, in a tramp over the muddy road from Maarn, witnessed her departure from the station. Notwithstanding current reports of the serious illness of the ex-Empress, the correspondent said she looked quite well. She wore a black hat with veil and a purple costume.

William Hohenzollern, her husband, did not go to the station to meet his wife, but Count von Bentinck was waiting at the station with three motor cars. The former Empress left in the first of these, accompanied by another woman, presumably the Countess Kelles.

Then followed Count von Bentinck with Auguste Victoria's physician, this car flying the flag of Utrecht, while the third car was occupied by two maids and a man servant.

Travels in Dirty Train
The train in which the former Empress travelled was German, with three sleeping and two baggage cars, which outwardly were rather dirty, but inside looked quite comfortable.

At Zevenaar, the former Empress was met by the captain of the gendarmes, the inspector of the Dutch state railways and the German Vice-Consul and his wife. All of them

Warships of Allies Arrive At Odessa

British Cruiser Agamemnon With French and English Torpedo Boats There

KIEV (via Amsterdam), Nov. 29.—The British cruiser Agamemnon, accompanied by French and British torpedo boats, arrived at Odessa November 26.

The Hetman of the Ukraine has issued a decree placing General Prince Dolgoroukoff in command of all the Ukrainian troops, in succession to General Keller.

Baltic Provinces Raided by Bolsheviks In Battle for Food

HELSINGFORS, Finland, Nov. 28.—The commander of the Bolshevik army in Northern Russia has exhorted his followers to invade the rich Baltic provinces to obtain provisions.

It is reported that German troops have partially abandoned the Narva front, and are asking that they be returned to Germany. German forces which have been at Dunaburg, 110 miles southeast of Riga, are leaving. Russian prisoners of war who have returned to the city are causing serious disorders.

The new Cabinet of Estonia is of strong Socialistic proclivities and is supported by a labor council, which is dominated by the Bolsheviks. The situation there is said to be very grave, and speedy help is necessary.

Since the above dispatch was sent the Bolsheviks have entered the Baltic provinces and seized Pskoff. They are reported also to have taken Dvinsk and Narva.

Former Kaiserin in High Spirits as She Joins Husband in Dutch Refuge

travelled on the train to Maarsbergen with Auguste Victoria.

AMERONGEN, Holland, Nov. 29 (By The Associated Press).—The meeting between the former German Emperor and Empress is declared by eyewitnesses to have been a scene "surely worthy the painter's brush," but no description of the reunion has become public.

Count von Bentinck, the host of the former imperial couple, suavely points out his delicate position and declines to answer questions regarding Herr and Frau Hohenzollern, giving as his ground that the Dutch government is the host and that he has no right to make known the details of the daily life of the visitors.

Karl Ordered From Austria Because of Counter Revolution

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 29.—Former Emperor Charles has been informed by the government at Vienna that he must leave Austria because of the counter revolution movement there, according to a Lei, dispatch to the "Politiken."

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Beatty Upholds Striking of Flags

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Admiral von Reuter, commander of the German fleet which surrendered to the Allies on November 21, has protested against the order of Admiral Sir David Beatty, of the British fleet, directing that the German flag be hauled down. He points out, according to an Admiralty statement, that in a British harbor, under the terms of the armistice, equivalent to internment in a neutral port, where, in accordance with precedent, flags are allowed to remain hoisted.

"I esteem it unjustifiable and contrary to international custom to order the striking of the flag on German ships," he said. "Moreover, in my opinion, the order to strike the flag was not in keeping with the idea of chivalry between two honorable opponents."

Admiral Beatty, calling attention to the fact that the armistice merely suspended hostilities and that a state of war still exists between Germany and the Allies, has replied:

"Under the circumstances no enemy vessel can be permitted to fly its national ensign in British ports while under custody."

Peru and Bolivia to Let Peace Parley Adjust Troubles

Outbreaks Believed to Have Been Started by Germans to Embarrass Allies

BUENOS AYRES, Nov. 29.—It is reported in diplomatic circles here that the Peruvian and Bolivian governments have definitely decided to request the peace congress to take the Tacna and Arica controversy under consideration, with a view to a final settlement of this question.

LIMA, Peru, Nov. 28.—Señor H. Losa, the Peruvian Consul who fled from Iquique, Chile, during the disorders

there last week, arrived in Lima today. There were no manifestations on the part of the Peruvians and a crowd of less than 100 persons welcomed him. It is reported that anti-Peruvian demonstrations continue in Santiago and Valparaiso.

Iquique newspapers received here give details of the anti-Peruvian outbreak there and show that during the trouble British and French establishments were attacked. This fact is viewed in Lima as lending ground to the belief that German agitators were involved in the Iquique affair. It is reported in diplomatic circles that the Foreign Office has sent a long cablegram to the American State Department at Washington concerning the controversy between Chile and Peru. It is not known whether the cablegram concerned recent incidents or the general question of the provinces of Tacna and Arica.

Hostile manifestations continue in various cities of Chile, Peru and Bolivia, according to dispatches received here. The dispatches apparently have been censored.

One report is that the Ecuadorian

flag appeared with the Chilean in an anti-Peruvian demonstration at Santiago, Chile, on Thursday. The flag was said to have been given to the crowd by the Ecuadorian Minister after a manifestation at the legation.

U. S. Peace Offer Last December "Unofficial"

Count Czernin Says It Came From "Manufacturer" Who Had No Credentials

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 29. Vienna newspapers publish a letter from Count Czernin, former Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, explaining an alleged American peace offer made in December, 1917.

He says it was one of many cases in which unauthorized private individuals tried to accelerate the return of peace.

In this particular case, he says, a manufacturer made overtures, but was unable to prove that he was accredited by the American or any other government.

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Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Store Opens 9:00 A. M. and Closes 6:00 P. M.

The Yankee Crown

The "Lansdowne" Trade-mark, reg. appld. for Men's Hats at \$3.89

(Made of pure fur felt) This is an American hat by virtue of the popularity it has attained with men of discriminating taste. It is a staple hat not alone content with that title, but having as staple those engaging qualities of style and distinction which bring our patrons back. \$3.89

The Field Club \$5.89

Another pure fur felt hat which will stand the most discriminating comparison. Made to endure the vagaries of New York weather.

Velours \$4.47 to \$10.74

This hat style has come into decided popularity this Fall and Winter. Displayed in all new shapes and shades.

Tweeds and Caps 54c to \$3.74

Comprising a variety of sport and knockabout hats too large and diversified to list. Fabrics include tweeds, chevots, homespuns and novelties.

35th St.—Main Floor, 35th St.

Rare Novelty Imported Oval Wilton Rugs

Unrivalled In the City For Sizes And Prices Less Than One-Half The Cost

to our customers than if sold according to present mill prices. That means ACTUALLY, as an example, that the 17 rugs remaining of the 9x12 lot, marked under their original price tickets at \$61.25 apiece, would cost the prospective purchaser at least \$148.00 at today's prices. Others accordingly. AN UNHEARD OF XMAS OPPORTUNITY

An Imported Novelty

These rugs comprise two sizes and two qualities. One being a high grade worsted of close weave, the other a superior 13 wire fabric of the first quality. Marked, as has just been explained, on the basic cost of several seasons back, yet perfect in every way, these few dozen odd ovals are a find. They are useful wherever an odd room space exists, because of their adaptable shape, such as in foyers, bay windows, alcoves and narrow rooms, halls, AND ESPECIALLY WHERE THE CEILING DESIGN IS OVAL.

15 rugs, 6.9x10.6, \$39.50 ea.—worth fully \$80.00 ea. 17 rugs, 9x12, \$61.25 ea.—not to be duplicated under \$148. 10 rugs, 6.9x10.6, \$47.50 ea. 13 rugs, 9x12, \$73.50 ea.—would sell today for at least \$160 WHEN THIS LOT IS SOLD OUT WE WILL NOT BE ABLE TO PROCURE ANY MORE, AND WE DO NOT KNOW OF AN AMERICAN MILL WHICH IS MAKING THESE RUGS TODAY. EVERY RUG PERFECT.

35th St.—Fourth Floor Front.

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Broadway at 34th St.

Announce an Important

Clearance of 300

Women's Suits

Formerly \$55

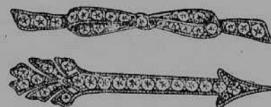
at \$32

All we have to say on the subject is this: The styles are among the choicest created for Winter wear; the materials are rich in both colorings and wearing; there is a splendid opportunity for selections in strictly tailored and elaborately fur-trimmed models.

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Today—Saturday—

Sale of Rhinestone Bar Pins at \$1.95



Exact reproductions of High-priced diamond and platinum Bar Pins, in Arrow and Bow Knot designs.

Set with glistening, cut French Rhinestones in Platinum finished mountings. Illustrated.



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Announce the Presentation Today of One Thousand New and Very Charming

\$5.85 Wonder Hats

—the most distinctive styles created for Mid-Winter

Large, Small, and Medium size hats of unusual beauty of contour, fashioned of the materials of the hour. All Satin or combination of Satin and Maline. All are hand-made, insuring permanency of line, and each model is an exact duplicate of a much higher-priced original. Some have transparent crowns. Others have Satin Crowns and Maline Brims.

Trimmed with richly Colored Fruits, Flowers, Burnt Ostrich Fancies and Novel Ornaments. Three styles pictured



Also—600 Satin and Fur Hats at \$5.85

now very much in vogue, but difficult to find such hats at a moderate price.



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WE want to use plain English with regard to our Suits that sell at these prices. First of all, they are absolutely Saks-made—let that sink in!

And secondly, they afford a man better woollens, wider choice, finer tailoring and greater money's-worth than any make of Clothes or any make of Claims in all New York!

Saks & Company BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET