City Welcomes State Plan to Greet Soldiers

Opportunity to Rescue the Project From Domination of Hearst and Hylan Seen

Citizens Appeal to Sweet

Support of More Than 150 Organizations Claimed by the Independent Body

Announcement from Albany that Speaker Thaddeus C. Sweet would pave the way for creation of a state committee of welcome by rushing the Steinberg resolution through the lower house was hailed yesterday in Manhattan and Brooklyn as a victory for thousands of citizens who have been fighting for a welcome body free from Hearst-Hylan political domination.

Nathan S. Jonas, former chairman of the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee, said: "It would put the celebration in clean hands." Meanwhile, more than a score of resignations were received by Borough President Riegelmann and Chairman John J. Delaney. Some letters requested the return of contributions, and others merely signified refusal to work on a committee which recognizes allegiance to the Hearst-Hylan forces.

Charles Stewart Davison, chairman of the Independent Citizens' Committee of Welcome in Manhattan, sent a strong letter to Speaker Sweet. He declared, in support of the Steinberg measure, that more than 150 civic and patriotic organizations, with a membership upward of 3,000, stand behind the committee in its indorsement of the resolution.

Delaney Promises a Cannon

Organization of the dwindling Victory Committee in Brooklyn was revived after the return from Washington of Chairman Delaney. He announced he had introduced in the House a bill which would authorize the War Department to present a captured German cannon to the Borough of Brooklyn.

A campaign for collection of funds would be prosecuted vigorously, Chairman Delaney added. He said contributions had increased, that he had a few resignations in the pile of mail awaiting his return, and that he had received about twenty telephone calls from persons offering aid.

The new executive committee will be smaller than the original one, Delaney said, and he declared it would be named early next week.

Grover C. Whalen, secretary to Mayor Hylan and secretary of the Mayor's Committee of Welcome, said it was possible the Mayor's committee would work with the state committee if it should be formed.

State Action Is Urged

The letter sent to Speaker Sweet from Mr. Davison read:

"We are glad to note your action in announcing your support of the proposal contained in the resolution introduced by Joseph Steinberg providing that the matter of welcoming the returning soldiers, sailors and marines shall be taken over by and recognized as being a thing which concerns the State of New York, and that it is not merely a local matter.

"On January 3 the Independent Citizens' Committee of Welcome of this city, almost immediately after its formation, acting through its executive committee, Colonel Charles L. Lydecker, Richard M. Hurd, Rabbi Joseph Silverman, the Rev. William T. Manning, Mrs. John Blair, Miss Maude Wetmore, Taylor More, Mrs. William Jay and myself, sent a telegram to Governor Smith respectfully urging him to appoint a committee from the state at large to take charge of welcoming the returning soldiers and sailors. Since that time more than 150 patriotic and civic organizations, prominent both locally and nationally, have joined this committee, as well as between two and three thousand representative patriotic citizens of this city.

"On February 6 we wrote to Mr. Steinberg promising to support his resolution, and immediately wrote to the organizations represented on this committee requesting them to write to Mr. Steinberg and yourself their approval of the resolution. We already have made public many of the letters we have received in which the resolution is promised strong support."

Banker Advises Harmony.

John B. Creighton, secretary of the Municipal Club of Brooklyn, and vice-president of the Eagle Savings and Loan Company, wrote to Borough President Riegelmann and suggested that party strife be eliminated from the Victory Committee. He said: "The people of Brooklyn will soon appear absurd if they keep up a wrangle among themselves as to who is who, and do nothing to arrange a fitting home-coming celebration."

G. Foster Smith, former chairman of the finance committee of the Brooklyn welcome body, said of the Steinberg measure: "To my mind it would be a very desirable thing for the Governor to head such a committee."

Among those ascertained to have left the committee are Dr. Isham G. Harris, superintendent of the Brooklyn State Hospital; Charles J. Obermeyer, president, and William Obermeyer, secretary, of the Greater New York Savings Bank; Howard A. Bartell, of the Eastern District Savings Bank; Andrew J. Colvin and Louis E. Boneisler, attorneys; Miss Jessie W. Post and Mrs. James H. Post, of 88 Remsen Street.

Resigned From Parade Committee

Joseph B. Sheffield resigned from the parade decorations committee and Victor E. B. Fuller, of the phonograph department of the Edison plant at Orange, N. J., quit the music committee. Others included the Rev. A. A. Shaw, James L. Robinson, Louis C. Wills, Crowell Hadden, president of the Brooklyn Savings Bank, and Walter C. Low.

Herbert L. Bridgeman, vice-chairman of the committee on publicity, and publisher of "The Brooklyn Standard Union," said he had not resigned, but considered himself automatically relieved of duty when Herbert Gunnison, publisher of "The Brooklyn Daily Eagle" and chairman of the publicity committee, resigned.

The Rev. Dr. Shaw, pastor of Emanuel Baptist Church, wrote: "I regret that I shall have to ask to have my name taken from the roll and to hear that my resignation has been accepted. It is too bad that so worthy an enterprise should have been tied up with a man like Hearst."

James L. Robinson, an attorney of 100 Broadway, Manhattan, said in his letter of resignation: "I am heartily in sympathy with the attitude of Mr. Jonas, and not at all willing to remain upon a committee which is subservient in any way to political control."

Not All Mental Defectives Are Criminals, Says Woods

Former Police Commissioner Blames Environment and Lack of Training More Than Heredity; Believes Weak-Willed Persons Are in Another Class

Herewith is presented the fourth of a series of articles on police management and efficiency by former Police Commissioner Arthur Woods. The third was published in The Tribune yesterday.

By Arthur Woods

Former Police Commissioner of New York City

Lombroso, long regarded as an authority, believed that some of us are born to be criminals. I used to believe that this was so, although I always instinctively rebelled against it. My belief was shaken one day when, fresh from a prolonged study of the book, I looked into a mirrior and was confronted with more of the criminal characteristics than I cared to confess to. My instinctive and hopeful reaction against it has been supported by later study and by the researches of modern criminalologists. It must be recognized, on the other hand, that some babies come into the world with poorer endowments than others, and that the deficiencies may be so serious as to start the unfortunate child on the journey of life wholly incapable of weathering its storms and trials. Such an individual more easily falls a prey to temptation, has less power of resistance, is comparatively unable to hold to the ways ordered by the law-abiding majority.

There are many of these defectives in the criminal ranks, and they constitute a big class of criminals which has not been clearly recognized. We all of us know people who, we think, are a bit queer, and possibly some of our acquaintances think we may be a little unusual in some of our ways and manners and customs. We don't bother much about this, and it certainly almost never occurs to any of us to connect our queer acquaintance with the idea that he might be a criminal.

We are right in not so connecting him, for it would be very far from the fact to state that all persons who are a little queer, a little abnormal, are criminals. It is not so far from the fact, however, to state that persons who are queer to the extent of being abnormal probably lack strong wills, and are without the power of inhibition, which would keep them from yielding to strong temptation. I cannot discuss this as an expert psychiatrist, but it seems to me that roughly it is a matter of power of character, the defective being so under-equipped mentally as to weaken his will, and thereby his character, making him more yielding to the impulses of the moment than the normally equipped human being.

Child Is Not to Blame

A mental defective is a person whose brain development halted at some time during his young life, so that he grew up with the body of an adult, but the mind of a child. Defectives are classified according to the age at which the brain stopped growing. Every one realizes that a child is not responsible, and must be watched and taken care of and treated with kindliness and patience until it grows up and can take care of itself. No one would think of turning a child loose on its own resources, and no one minds particularly if children do things which are characteristic and tolerated in children, but which would not be expected of grown-ups. We know how easily children are led, we know how their characters have to be formed, how crude their ideas of truth telling and responsibility are, and we treat them in the full recognition of these facts, making allowances, and accepting the job of bringing them up.

The defective has the limited brain development of a child, with all its lack of responsibility, its failure to understand the obligations of telling the truth, of duty to others, of restraint, of consideration. But whereas in the child limited physical power accompanies this limited character development, it is quite otherwise with the grown-up defective, in whom we find the dangerous combination of the mind of a child governing the body of an adult.

What we should never call crime if done by a child becomes crime when done by an adult. These mental defectives, with capable bodies, are often experts in crime, but are no more responsible for what they do than a child would be.

The most dangerous class is, I suppose, that which is nearest to the normal, for an insane person or a person who is extremely defective is easily distinguished and looked out for. Although the progress of scientists in the study of mental abnormality has been rapid, it is still very difficult to determine borderline cases, to tell surely whether a patient is a little defective mentally, or perhaps only a little stupid. In many country districts we find the village idiot, whom every one knows and tolerates and has a kindly word for. But if a defective is close to the borderline he is hard to distinguish, and all the more a menace. It is probably true that a large number of persons are somewhat mentally defective, but are fortunate enough to grow up under conditions where they have such a careful education and are exposed to so few temptations that the deficiency is never noticed. I cannot emphasize too strongly that the mental defective is not *ipso facto* a criminal. If subjected to temptation, however, he falls more easily, and therefore is more likely than the normal man to become a criminal.

What Records Showed

A little while ago a man was brought into the psychopathic laboratory which we started at Police Headquarters. He had been arrested on the charge of robbery. His fingerprints' record showed that in 1910 he had been convicted of felonious assault and sentenced to Elmira Reformatory. In 1913 he was convicted of grand larceny and sentenced to the city penitentiary. In 1916 he was convicted of disorderly conduct and sent to the workhouse. Here he was again, after three terms in prison. Before arraigning him in court this time we had him examined. The doctors found that his father had been intemperate and tuberculous. The mother had been a hard working woman, but practically all the burden of supporting the family was on her shoulders, so she could not give much attention to bringing him up in the way he should go. He had a brother who was an intemperate 'longshoreman and a sister who had always seemed queer, and who, we found, was subject to fainting fits. As a boy in school he was a persistent truant, and he didn't seem to take hold of his studies at all. When he left school and started to work he couldn't keep a job any length of time, leaving one after another without any apparent reason; and when he married he didn't show normal affection or responsibility toward wife and children. For some time he did nothing toward their support.

Had Weekly Sprees

Every Saturday evening when work was over he started to drown the cares of the week and was unfit for work Monday morning. He seemed to have no outside interest except drink, cards and shooting crap. Ever since he could remember he had been subject to fits. As he described it, once in a while he'd stiffen out and become unconscious, even when sitting down. He wasn't interested in the examination the doctors made of him, taking it all very phlegmatically. The doctors' diagnosis was that the man was a mental defective. Nothing could be much more certain than that if the machinery of law and order keeps on sending him to jail he will keep on committing crime whenever he comes out.

We had one rather extreme case, of a boy eighteen years old, who was born in Massachusetts and brought up on a farm there. He went to school until about four years ago and, according to his own account, got along passably. Recently it became clear to him that he couldn't continue doing nothing, but would have to get some work, so he headed himself toward the Mecca of a great many persons from all parts of the earth and landed in New York. He didn't have any money to speak of, and in the course of his explorations of the city fell in with a thief, who suggested that he pawn a watch which the thief had stolen. They were caught while doing this and placed under arrest. When we sent this boy to court a letter was addressed to the magistrate stating that the boy was feeble in mind, untrained in useful work and might easily be led into crime. He was found guilty and sent to the New York City Reformatory, and unless something out of the natural range of expectation intervenes he probably is starting out on a life career of crime. He should, of course, never have been sent to jail and should have been treated not as a criminal, but as an irresponsible patient. Although eighteen years old the mental development of this boy was that of a child of about eight years.

Judge Rejected Advice

A week later another boy was arrested, charged with burglary. He was fifteen years old, had previously been before the Children's Court and there sentenced to the House of Refuge. A brother of his had been arrested for shooting a girl in 1914. When we sent this boy to court we wrote to the magistrate that he was "notably feeble minded" and suggested that arrangements should be made for his permanent residence in an institution for the feeble minded, but he was committed, to the House of Refuge, and will probably join the boy who went in a few days ahead of him in a career of lawbreaking.

In the same month that these two boys were brought in a girl of sixteen years old, a native of New York State, was arrested. We found that she had a wretched school record, that her family had always been busily occupied trying to keep her out of trouble. She married a year ago because she thought she was pregnant. For a while she separated from her husband, but recently had been living with him in a most squalid state. We called the attention of the magistrate to her, she was acquitted in the Court of General Sessions and is now at liberty, free to bear a brood of feeble minded children. And that is, of course, one of the most serious aspects of the whole situation—the undoubted fact that these mental defectives, being permitted to stay at large, are bearing children and thereby increasing their numbers.

A few days after the arrest of the girl just described a New York boy sixteen and a half years old was brought in. His employer left him in charge of a truck in which were four bundles, while he went away to get a horse blanket. As soon as he disappeared the boy drove off, delivering all the bundles properly, but then trying to sell the horse and truck, going to several persons. He drove to Brooklyn and then back again. The loss of the truck was reported to the police and after seven hours the boy was located. He explained he didn't think he had been well treated by the family he lived with, so decided to sell the horse and wagon in order to get some money with which to go and live by himself. Examination showed that his mental ability was about that of a six-year-old child. His queerness was so clear that the arresting officer had noticed it and had planned to send the boy to Bellevue Hospital for observation. We wrote the magistrate, telling him it was plainly a case of feeble-mindedness and suggesting that he be confined to an institution. He was, however, held in $1,500 bail for the grand jury, which discharged him, and we have not been able to locate him since. It is wrong that such a boy be permitted to be at large.

[Copyright by the Princeton University Press. Published by arrangement with the Twenty-first Century Press.]

Strong Scent Leads Day To 500 Tons of Onions

Market Commissioner Discovers Big Food Supply on Docks; Egg Prices Are Reduced

With the increased mild weather and consequent heavier shipments from Middle Western sections, the egg price yesterday tumbled from 47 cents to 43 a dozen. Incidentally the outlook for further reductions is extremely bright.

Butter was selling at 52 cents a pound when the market closed last night, an increase of 2 cents.

Jonathan C. Day, Commissioner of Markets, announced that he has discovered 1,000,000 pounds of onions rotting on the docks at Pier 17, at the foot of Reade Street. The discovery was made after the Commissioner had received an anonymous communication informing him of the onion mobilization. At Dr. Day's office it was said that an investigation is under way to ascertain if the onions were being held to hold up the price. Between 5 and 10 per cent of the store was beginning to deteriorate.

Wounded Soldier Collapses

Pershing Army Veteran Hadn't Fully Recovered

Walker Hoenick, of 95 North Seventh Street, Brooklyn, a veteran of Toul, Verdun and the Argonne, collapsed yesterday as the result of wounds, as he had many times before. This time, however, it was on Broadway, Brooklyn, instead of at the front. A patrolman found him lying huddled in the rain at Berry Street and had him taken to Williamsburg Hospital.

Discharge papers dated February 11 were found on him, and his record showed that twice he had been cited for gallantry and once had insisted on returning to his company before fully recovered from wounds and had been knocked out again by gas. The doctors said that he still was weak from his wounds and was suffering from exhaustion as well. He would need attention for some time, they said.

Emerald Ball At the Waldorf Great Success

89th Anniversary of the Organization Is Celebrated at Event for Charity

First for Two Years

President William J. Glacken and His Sister, Miss Elizabeth, Lead March

The seventy-ninth charity ball of the Emerald Association, commemorating the eighty-first anniversary of that organization, was held last night in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria. It was the first Emerald ball for two years, the event having been abandoned last year on account of the war.

The ball lacked none of the brilliance of former years. It is given for the benefit of a group of Catholic charities in Brooklyn, and a large sum was raised from the sale of tickets.

The grand march was led by William J. Glacken, president of the Emerald Association, and his sister, Miss Elizabeth Glacken. The march formed in the Astor gallery, adjoining the ballroom. The music was furnished by Professor Shannon's 23d Regiment Band. The floral decorations were elaborate, green being the predominant color.

The Emerald Association was organized in 1839 by a group of Catholics of the diocese of Long Island for the purpose of assisting the Orphan Asylum Society of Brooklyn in maintaining its two homes, St. John's Home for Boys, at Albany and St. Mark's Avenues, and St. Joseph's Home for Girls, Willoughby and Sumner Avenues. The event has grown in importance from year to year, and long has been recognized as the leading Catholic charitable event of the city.

Committee on Arrangements

W. Bernard Vause headed the committee on arrangements, which was composed of the following members:

George F. Beatty, C. J. Behan, Loring M. Black, John Braun, William P. Burke, William Boemmermann, Edward J. Byrne, William E. Cleary, J. F. Collins, Joseph Conlon, Terence F. Curley, James J. Cahill, William J. Cahill, John F. Canavan, Alfred Cassanese, James P. Conway, Bartholomew S. Cronin, Frank Cunningham, John H. Cusack, Hugo Daly, Thomas F. Deegan, William F. Delaney, Victor S. Dodworth, Edward A. Driscoll, G. Dunne, James G. Finn, Michael Flynn, Alfred Feltman, James Fennelly, Frank X. Fitzpatrick, W. J. Fitzpatrick, John L. G. Finn, Patrick Foley, William T. Foley, John E. Gavin, Thomas Gaffney, Joseph V. Gallagher, John T. Gallagher, William J. Grinden, Barth J. Greene, Henry Gilligan, William Harmon, P. J. Harkins, Daniel Quinn, John H. Reb, M. D., James W. Redmond, M. J. Reidy, Frederick Renken, J. B. Roache, E. S. Hartley, John Hennessy, Joseph J. Hynes, George R. Holahan, John C. Judge, Charles E. Keegan, William H. Kehoe, James I. Kelly, John J. Keough, Edward T. Kearns, Henry Kelly, jr., T. J. Kerwin, John Kiernan, Louis C. Kuhn, Edward Lavin, Matthew Lenz, Francis J. Langan, Joseph J. Lozano, John H. Madden, Phillip V. Manning, Hugh Markey, Joseph W. Masters, William McAllister, William J. McDermott, James F. McEvoy, Michael J. McEvoy, Thomas McGivney, John J. McQuade, D. J. McPartland, Joseph O. McShane, Charles F. Miner, Michael Montague, Thomas J. Moore, Joseph H. Moran, Frank J. Murphy, Joseph D. Nunan, Michael J. O'Hara, John W. O'Donnell, Thomas O'Neill, Bernard O'Shaugnessy, Thomas F. Peterson, Jose E. Pidgeon, Owen Rooney, Henry F. Shields, Andrew C. Troy, James J. Walsh, Robert T. Whalen, Harry T. Woods and Frank Zerega.

Reception Committee

The reception committee, headed by George J. O'Keefe, was made up of the following members:

John Adikes, James D. Bell, J. Frank Belford, Charles A. Boody, Michael E. Butler, John B. Byrne, Santiago P. Cahill, Dennis Cahill, William J. Canning, Nelson G. Carman, Francis X. Carmody, Daniel J. Carroll, C. Stewart Cavanagh, John G. Cavanagh, John F. Couch, Thomas A. Clarke, Peter J. Cleary, John J. Carboy, P. J. Carley, Thomas Carroll, William B. Carswell, Thomas W. Churchill, Henry F. Cochrane, Dennis O'L. Cohalan, William C. Courtney, John H. Delaney, Joseph H. Delany, Thomas H. Cullen, Charles S. Devoy, Charles M. Higgins, John H. Hurley, Thomas H. Ireland, Martin Judge, jr., James Kane, Edward Kelly, Joseph F. Keany, John J. Keller, John R. Kuhn, George F. Lamb, Dr. Maurice T. Lewis, John McAuliffe, James J. McCabe, Frank A. McClosky, John C. McGuire, Stephen W. McKeever, Alonzo C. McLaughlin, W. C. McTammany, Frank X. McCaffrey, M. F. McDermott, James J. McInerney, Joseph F. McKeon, Alexander McKinny, Peter P. McLoughlin, John A. Moran, Joseph F. Moran, J. F. J. Murphy, Joseph Michaels, J. Henry Mullins, Thomas E. Murray, Thomas F. Nevins, James A. Nolan, Fred T. J. Nunan, Eugene F. O'Connor, jr., Edward T. O'Loughlin, Charles J. Dodd, Peter F. Dorney, Florence G. Donovan, Edmund H. Driggs, Dr. James M. Downey, Walter L. Durack, M. J. Dady, William F. Donovan, Dr. John M. Dooling, Edward J. Dooley, Vincent I. Dunne, Dr. Lewis M. Dusseldorf, William H. English, James J. Ennis, Terence Farley, John J. P. Fagan, Melville J. France, Charles F. Feltman, Thomas Fynes, Frank Gallagher, Bernard Golden, J. Norbert Gelson, John M. Gray, George J. Gillespie, George B. Hanavan, Reuben L. Haskell, Edmund D. Hennessey, John Hughes, Frank J. Helmle, Joseph J. O'Brien, Dr. J. A. O'Connor, James T. O'Neill, J. H. Perry, William A. Prendergast, James M. Power, Patrick H. Quinn, James G. Reynolds, George Robinson, George J. Ryan, Frank A. Selle, W. Seward Shanahan, Michael Shannon, James Shevlin, Fred H. Schumm, Edward B. Shallow, John L. Shea, John Shields, Jacob S. Strahl, D. J. Sweeney, Meier Steinbrink, Fred H. Stevenson, John P. Taaffe, Thomas Vincent Tully, Dr. Joseph F. Todd, John Tracy, J. Harry Tiernan, Harry J. Walsh, Robert T. Whalen, Dr. John E. Walsh, John Walters, Charles A. Webber, George V. S. Williams, George N. Young and John Zerega.

Committee on Guests

John H. McCooey headed the committee on invited guests, the other members being as follows:

Fred M. Ahern, Charles S. Aronstam, Edward F. Barrett, Philip A. Brennan, M. D.; William M. Calder, William P. Callaghan, Patrick E. Callahan, Thomas H. Cullen, George M. Curtis, jr., Christopher J. Dalton, Matthias Figueria, M. D.; John J. Fitzgerald, Joseph V. Flynn, Frank J. Gallagher, Daniel J. Griffin, Christopher J. Gelson, Timothy E. Griffin, Thomas W. Hynes, Andrew J. Igoe, William J. Kelly, John E. Larney, James P. Maher, Peter A. McArdle, Edward J. McKeever, M. F. McGoldrick, Herman A. Metz, Owen J. Murphy, James M. Power, Lewis H. Pounds, Edward J. Riegelmann, Peter W. Rouss, Joseph Rustland, Andrew T. Sullivan, Lewis M. Swasey, John Whalen.

Floor Committee

The floor committee was headed by Leo J. Hickey as chairman and was made up of the following: John J. Barry, T. Frank Bennett, Walter L. Blackhall, Edward Burke, William S. Butler, Edward L. Byrne, John T. Bishop, Joseph Bradley, Thomas N. Brennan, M. D., Louis G. Buisson, James F. Cavanagh, Neil Caufield, Thomas F. Coady, John J. Coleman, Charles E. Comiskey, Albert Conway, Clarence B. Campbell, Ambrose F. Carr, Edward Q. Carr, James S. Clark, C. Edward Connell, Rodolpho Correa, P. V. Costello, M. D., Thomas H. Cross, Hugh McLoughlin Courtney, R. H. Cunningham, George Deely, M. D., John F. Doherty, Charles F. Donnelly, Charles E. Dailey, John A. Dockery, Jeremiah F. Donovan, Edward A. Dowling, Charles C. Doyle, George J. Doyle, M. D., Walter L. Durack, jr., Henry W. Eldredge, Frank Farrell, James J. Farrell, Paul E. Fitzpatrick, Edward J. Flanagan, John J. Farrell, Arthur E. Farrell, Philip J. Fleming, Charles Flynn, James J. Golden, John J. Hallihan, Ernest W. Hanabergh, George F. Hickey, John T. Hickey, George R. Holohan, jr., J. Herbert Harrison, Howard B. Harte, Thomas J. Higgins, Thomas C. Hughes, John B. Johnston, John L. Jordan, James E. Keefe, Leo E. Kelly, William A. Keating, Walter K. Keating, Dudley A. Kelly, Edward D. Kelly, Frank V. Kelly, James Kennedy, Alois J. Keogh, Vincent P. Keogh, James Kerrigan, John M. Klein, William Lamb, Albert D. Lyons, Arthur Lyons, William J. Mahon, John Joseph Murphy, Daniel B. Murray, Raymond Malone, Hugh M. Markey, Peter A. McCabe, Redmond McCosker, Gerald McLoughlin, William McMillan, James L. Medler, James J. Monohan, John J. Noonan, Joseph A. O'Brien, Robert C. O'Brien, T. Harry O'Brien, Thomas A. O'Keefe, William M. O'Keefe, William S. O'Toole, Cornelius J. O'Leary, jr., Charles E. O'Neill, Webster J. Oliver, James A. Parks, James V. Powers, James W. Prendergast, Stephen E. Ryan, Charles J. Ryan, Vincent Ryan, William L. Sayers, Edward Sause, John H. Schmid, Thomas J. Sefton, Luke D. Stapleton, jr., Francis F. Sullivan, Raymond P. Sullivan, M. D., John Shields, Franklin M. Tomlin, James H. Thompson, Peter J. Theobalt, C. T. Toomey, John H. Walsh, Francis J. White, Wilbur J. Whelan, Thomas J. Woods, Frank Y. Yates.

In the Boxes

Following is a list of subscribers for boxes:

Box No. 1, John A. Moran; 2, Frank J. Parks, 3, John A. Moran; 4, Peter W. Rouss; 5, John Shields; 6, Thomas V. Patterson; 7, John Shields; 8, Joseph Michaels; 9, Andrew J. Igoe; 10, W. Bernard Vauss; 11, Robert T. Whalen; 12, William C. Courtney; 12A, J. Henry Mullins; 14, George B. Gallagher; 15, Eugene F. Moran; 16, John J. Curtin; 17, William H. Todd; 18, John H. Delaney; 19, Charles J. Druhan; 20, John H. McCooey; 21, Frank J. Murphy; 22, Walter Jeffreys Carlin; 23, David T. Leahy; 24, Arthur S. Somers; 25 William J. Glacken; 26, People's Trust Company; 27, Rafael Rios; 28, John J. Ferris; 29, V. Scotto; 30, James W. Ball; 31, Mechanics Bank; 32, James H. Gilvarry; 33, George P. McQuade; 34, Mrs. Margaret V. Kiely; 35, First National Bank; 36, Thomas V. Crean; 37, James A. O'Brien; 38, John Gray; 39, Daniel J. Griffin; 40, John H. Reb, M. D.; 41, Joseph Shepherd; 42, Charles Woram; 43, Charles Woram.

Other committees were as follows:

Membership Committee

Edward F. Glacken, chairman; Albert Boemmermann, Edmund Butler, Michael Byrne, James W. Ball, Thomas F. Crean, Thomas J. Cuff, Joseph A. Cummings, Hector McG. Curren, Davis Daley, Michael J. Donovan, John J. Dorman, George F. Driscoll, Edward A. Driscoll, D. F. Fauss, George Gallagher, Edward I. Garvar, Charles O. Grim, Joseph A. Guider, William Hogarty, John J. Kean, Joseph A. Kene, M. D.; J. Sarsfield Kennedy, Walter R. Kuhn, F. G. Long, James F. McGee, Edward Ward McMahon, Francis L. Maher, Henry A. Meyer, William G. Morrissey, Thomas W. Myers, Thomas F. O'Brien, Frank E. O'Reilly, Charles J. Pflug, M. D.; Charles J. Raleigh, Harry S. Sullivan, Lewis M. Swasey, jr.; Franklin J. Taylor, Joseph J. Timmes, Hugh Tormey, Joseph M. Tully, Clifford S. Trotter, George Worthley.

Supper Committee.

Edward J. Connolly, Chairman; Wm. F. Baird, Henry Ward Beer, John T. Grennan, E. S. Chappelle, Peter Cleary, Peter A. Carlin, Walter Critchley, William Dolan, Frank A. Dougherty, George B. Gallagher, Frank J. Gruning, Frederick A. Keck, Joseph L. Kerrigan, Elliott H. King, James M. Kelly, Joseph F. Maguire, Edward S. McGrath, Alfred C. B. McNevin, Marcelino Perez, N. J. Quinn, John T. Rafferty, Harry J. Shields, Thomas J. Snee, Bernard Shaunesy, Joseph Schmidt.

Committee on Printing.

John E. Larney, Chairman; John Victor Cain, John E. Cassidy, John H. Coughlin, John V. L. Daly, James E. Doherty, John V. Dunne, James Dunne, John J. Eagan, Philip J. Langler, Robert B. McIntyre, Thos. J. Ryan, George F. Shiebler, Joseph Sheehan, F. J. Steinbugler.

Committee on Boxes

John T. McCaffrey, chairman; Richard A. Corroon, Frank Cunningham, John J. Gartland, James P. Judge, John F. Joyce, Sylvan Levy, Daniel A. McCann, Thomas V. Patterson, C. A. Peters, Samuel K. Probasco, John F. Regan, Dennis W. Sullivan and P. J. York.

Badge Committee

Peter F. Higgins, chairman; Charles J. Carroll, Jere J. Cronin, John F. Collins, John Dunn, Ricardo De Acosta, Eugene Fay, John C. Langan, John R. McDonald, Cornelius O'Leary, Bart J. Schneider and Clarence J. Tobin.

Press Committee

Claude M. Becker, Chairman; William D. Breen, Major C. N. Clowes, Edward C. Dowden, Joseph J. Early, Joseph J. Gleason, John N. Harman, George M. Janvrin, Charles Kerrigan, Eric H. Palmer, Thomas Reilly and Richardson G. Webster.

Audubon Memorial for Roosevelt Is Proposed

Fountain That Will Be Reminder of Naturalist-Statesman Is To Be Erected

The National Association of Audubon Societies and affiliated organizations are planning to build a Roosevent memorial fountain that will be a work of art, a reminder of the statesman-naturalist and a boon to the feathered folk he loved.

"In the hands of some great American sculptor," says the announcement of the project, "there can be wrought a fountain of such beauty and appropriateness that it will become one of the landmarks of our country and ever serve as a reminder of the great American nature lover.

"He taught and practised clean, straight sportsmanship with a power that has caused thousands of men afield to walk in straighter paths."

Subscriptions may be sent to the treasurer, Dr. Jonathan Dwight, 1974 Broadway. T. Gilbert Pearson is chairman of the memorial committee, and some of the other members are William H. Taft, John Burroughs, Henry Fairfield Osborn, Gifford Pinchot, Senator George P. McLean, Ernest Thompson Seton, George Shiras, 3d, Oscar S. Straus, Enos A. Mills, Mrs. C. Oliver Iselin and John Hays Hammond.

Wanamaker Official Suggests 6-Hour Day In Big Retail Stores

H. C. McGowin Stands for Broad-Minded Post-War Policy; Favors Commission for the Salespeople

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 14.—A broad-minded after-the-war retail policy, with many of the wartime economies retained, was urged to-day by H. C. McGowin, vice-president of the Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce, in an address before the chamber's council at a luncheon in the Ritz-Carlton Hotel.

Mr. McGowin, who is an executive of the John Wanamaker store, and one of the best-informed retail experts in the city, showed to what a great extent the buying public as well as the merchants have benefited by the restrictions made necessary by the war.

A six-hour working day in large retail stores was one of the important suggestions advanced by the speaker. Hours from 11 a. m. to 5 p. m. would cut out unnecessary waste and make for greater efficiency of employes, he said. In addition most of the shopping takes place after 11 o'clock, except when bargains are offered, and the latter purchasers, he said, would come even at night.

Favors Employment of Women

Mr. McGowin touched on the part women are playing in business as necessitated by war conditions. He said that in many lines of war work the women had not proved fit, and in that connection he mentioned women elevator operators.

"Women are not fitted for elevator service," he said. "Why? They are not quick enough; their clothing is not suitable for quick and active service. The work is strenuous, the hours are long and the duties severe. Imagine yourself standing for hours and hours. It is too long for any woman. Therefore, they are not fit for this service.

"What will we do with our women that we have put in the places of men? This is put to you as individuals and managers of your own business. It is up to you to work out new fields for them. They will not be put out of business. It is simply a matter of time to figure out where the wonderful ability that women possess can best be used."

Looks for Even Bigger Sales

The policy of having the purchaser take the purchase with him, instead of having it sent, has been one of the greatest of the war economies, he said. The old method of sending by delivery such articles as needles, spools of cotton, etc., is no more, he added. Partial abolition of C. O. D. was also a good thing, he declared.

In advocating the six-hour day he expressed the opinion that the health of salespeople would be greatly bettered by a system of that kin, and that 25 to 33 per cent more merchandise would be sold, which, with salespeople on a commission basis, would be advantageous to all concerned.

EVA HILL MIDDLETON

Eva Hill Middleton, wife of Arthur Middleton, who is a barytone of the Metropolitan Opera, died yesterday at their home, 749 West End Avenue, after five days' illness.

Eva Hill and Mr. Middleton were schoolmates in Logan, Iowa, and were married in 1902. To his wife's enthusiasms Mr. Middleton has attributed his progress in his career as a singer—a career chosen by him as a result of her influence.

Two children have been born to them—a boy now fifteen and a girl of nine. Mr. Middleton will take the body to his old home in Logan.

MRS. ANNA M. FOWLER

Mrs. Anna M. Fowler, wife of Lorenzo N. Fowler, of Rondout, New York, died Thursday night from paralysis at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. D. Miller, 5 Harvard Street, East Orange. Two sons by a previous marriage, Charles Hale Kimble, of Spokane, Washington, and Captain Robert F. Kimble, stationed at Camp Greene, North Carolina, survive.

JAMES C. BURR

James C. Burr, vice-president of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Savings Bank, of Middletown, Conn., dropped dead in the banking house yesterday afternoon. He was the oldest son of the late Dr. Ellsworth Burr, a prominent physician there for many years. Mr. Burr was sixty-eight years old. He was a director in Middletown institutions and a brother of former Mayor Fred P. Burr.

MRS. FANNY SPARKES

Mrs. Fanny Sparkes, an active, self-reliant woman of eighty, who lived with her daughter-in-law at 28 Astor Street, Newark, was run down by an automobile Thursday. She died before the hospital could be reached. Two daughters, living in Milwaukee and Syracuse, survive her.

ROBERT M. RAYMOND

Robert M. Raymond died suddenly in Norwich, Conn., at the age of eighty-four. He was a roofing contractor and is survived by a daughter, two sisters and a brother.

FREDERICK HEATHER died at his home, 310 Grand Avenue, Long Island City, this week at the age of twenty-nine. He was the husband of Mary Heather, and was a member of the First Reformed Church.

EDWARD SCOTT, son of Mr. and Mrs. Scott, of 10 Bridge Street, Paterson, N. J., is dead at his home. He was forty-four years old and was connected with the offices of the Wells Fargo Express Company.

JOHN J. BRENNAN, of 122 Maple Street, Paterson, N. J., died Thursday, of pneumonia. He leaves a widow and four sons. Mr. Brennan was baggage master for the Erie Railroad Company in Paterson. He was a member of the Tribe of Ben-Hur.

ALBERT STAGG, thirty-five years old, many years a resident of Paterson, N. J., is dead at his home in Newark. He was the son of Daniel W. Stagg, one of Paterson's oldest residents.

MRS. CATHERINE LONSDALE BUTTERWORTH, eighty-one years old, widow of the founder of the General Chemical Company, which has plants in Passaic, N. J., and other cities throughout the country, is dead at the home of her son, Frederick Butterworth, Melrose Highlands, Mass. She had been a resident of Passaic for many years. In addition to her son, Mrs. Butterworth is survived by three grandchildren, Frank H. Butterworth, of Newark, a famous football star in the '90s; Frederick T. Butterworth, and Miss Catherine Butterworth, of Melrose Highlands.

GENERAL MONIER

PARIS, Feb. 14.—General Monier, Military Governor of Paris, died suddenly last night while at dinner at the home of Jean Cruppi, former Minister of Foreign Affairs.

LOUIS ZANNIZ, an artificial ornament maker living at 645 West Forty-second Street, died suddenly yesterday morning while riding in an eastbound Thirty-fourth Street crosstown trolley. Identification was made by means of papers, including a Liberty Loan coupon, which were found in his pocket.

Lieut. Halford, Naval Hero, Dies in Oakland

Won Decoration by Congress for Saving His Comrades After Wreck

Lieutenant William Halford, retired naval officer, the fame of whose perilous adventures became national, and who was decorated by Congress with a medal of honor for dangers braved, is dead in Oakland, Cal.

Lieutenant Halford was the one survivor of a 2,000-mile journey in a small boat over the Pacific in 1870. This trip was made to save his companions on the shipwrecked Saginaw after they were marooned on Ocean Island with limited provisions. The gig capsized in sight of the coast of Hawaii, and indescribable horrors were undergone by the party of five before they managed to reach land.

Lieutenant Halford was born in Gloucestershire, England, seventy-eight years ago and enlisted in the American navy in San Francisco in 1869. He was first retired with the rank of gunner in 1903, but was called back to duty with the rank of lieutenant, after the entry of the United States into the late war.

MRS. ELEANOR S. PATTERSON

Mrs. Eleanor Simons Patterson, who died yesterday at her residence, 85 Hawthorne Street, Flatbush, was born in Charleston, S. C., on June 17, 1823. Her husband, Henry A. Patterson, was founder of the old hardware firm of Patterson Brothers, of New York City. They celebrated their golden wedding in 1894, three years preceding Mr. Patterson's death. Four of her grandsons were in the recent great war, two of them holding lieutenancies and one a captain's commission. Mrs. Patterson's funeral will be held Sunday at 3 o'clock at the Unity Unitarian Church, Brooklyn, of which she was the oldest member.

A. ROMEYN PIERSON

News of the sudden death of A. Romeyn Pierson reached New York yesterday. Mr. Pierson was stricken on Thursday at Jacksonville, Fla., while en route to his winter home at Boynton, near Palm Beach. He was 65 years old and had an insurance business at 44 Pine Street. His residence was in Glen Ridge, N. J. He leaves a widow, a son until recently a lieutenant in the army, and two daughters, the wives, respectively, of Captain J. W. Sands, and Major William S. Bevans, both on duty with the American Expeditionary Forces in France.

Mr. Pierson's funeral will take place Tuesday at Glen Ridge.

JOHN O. STEVENS

John O. Stevens, Secretary to the