

Presbyterian 'Drys' to Join Tobacco Fight

Now That Prohibition Has Succeeded We Will Help Stamp Out This Other Evil," Writes Director

Methodists Expected in Growers. With \$75,000,000 Crop in Sight, to Make No Opposition Just Now

The temperance board of the Presbyterian church of the United States is preparing to throw the weight of its influence and resources into the fight against tobacco. In a letter from its Pittsburgh headquarters, made public by the Non-Smokers' Protective League yesterday, this body says:

"Our board has always been against tobacco and the cigarette, and now that the saloon is practically out of the way, will push even more emphatically its campaign against the other evil."

"I am sending you under separate cover some of our leaflets on the subject, and we shall be glad to receive copies of any material that the Non-Smokers' Protective League has. We are interested in every phase of this question, and are surprised at the reaction given by the general public to the interest shown already."

The letter, which is addressed to the president of the Non-Smokers' Protective League, bears the signature of H. H. Dickson, of the Presbyterian Temperance Board directorate.

Methodists May Join Antis

Organized support for the anti-tobacco fight also is expected soon, it was stated at the Non-Smokers' headquarters yesterday, from the Methodist church, which already prohibits the use of tobacco to its ministers, and in sporadic fashion, has long been active through its ministry in opposing indulgence in smoking.

From all parts of the country the same organization declared yesterday, letters of inquiry as to the plans of the campaign and the best way to aid it are being received in unprecedented volume. One of these, containing a request for data on the tobacco question, arrived recently from the New York Chamber of Commerce.

"Just what they may want to do with this information we, of course, do not know," it was said, "but the fact that they have asked for it at this time is significant. It shows that the real strength of this movement is being felt."

The announcement of the tobacco interests that they soon would assemble statistics showing the part played by the weed in the national life, agriculturally and economically, was hailed with apparent delight by the anti-tobacco faction.

Delight in Opposition

"That is ground that we shall be every glad to meet them on in argument," said they. "Also the fact that we have so soon driven them to the point where they feel compelled to ad-

verse justifications and explanations proves how much headway we have made."

Smoking as a constitutional right is another topic which the foes of tobacco said they would be delighted to debate with their opponents.

"We have an anti-drug law," they pointed out. "Is that unconstitutional? Very well, then, let us see whether or not tobacco is a drug. Perhaps the scientific committee that is now being formed by impartial investigators of unquestioned standing will be able to throw some interesting light on this."

From Richmond, Va., meanwhile word came from the tobacco growers that, like the retailers here, they will take no concerted action in the matter at present.

"You can't tell what will happen in the face of the present prohibition legislation," said one of them, "but we shall wait until the thing comes to a definite showdown in some concrete fashion. Then of course we will come forward to protect our interests."

The value of this year's tobacco crop is estimated at Richmond at approximately \$75,000,000. Should the anti-tobacco fight be successful, it was pointed out there, no less than fifteen markets would be destroyed in the State of Virginia alone.

Hylan's Garbage Plan Opposed in Brooklyn

Chamber of Commerce of Borough Says It Is Contrary to Present Spirit of Thrift

Mayor Hylan's plan of building incinerators for the disposal of garbage at various points throughout the city has encountered strong opposition. The Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce went on record yesterday as being opposed to the proposition.

The organization committee declared it is contrary to the spirit of thrift now abroad in the country. As proof, the report says tons of fertilizer would be lost through the Mayor's scheme.

The Mayor's suggestion, according to the report, would cost the city not less than \$2,000,000 more than the reduction system now employed. The statement concludes by advocating the return of the city to the plant on Staten Island as the best possible system of disposing of the garbage.

Before submitting its report the committee sent experts to go over the plant on Staten Island carefully, with the result that it is asserted the plant can easily be made so that it will in no way be a nuisance to the people of the neighborhood. The cost of the alterations would be nominal, the committee says.

Princeton Dean Pleads For Study of the Classics

NORTON, Mass., March 29.—Dean Andrew F. West, of Princeton University, addressing the annual meeting of the Classical Association of New England at Wheaton College to-day, urged the abandonment of easygoing and loosely arranged plans of study and the adoption, as a measure of after war reconstruction, of an educational system based "on the few studies of most fundamental importance." He advocated a campaign of publicity by the proposed American Classical League.

"At the present time," he said, "there is danger that the so-called practical studies, so valuable for immediate war purposes and so much more valuable at all times when intelligently related to general education, will be considered by many as a sufficient education and even as the best education. Yet if there is any lesson clearly taught by the war it is that the elaborate practical education of Germany, freely enlisted in the service of ruthless destruction and uncontrolled for humane ends, has become an intolerable danger."

U. S. 'Planes To Try Ocean Flight in May

Continued from page 1

has prepared in detail several plans for the flight, but it is not yet known which will be actually used. Each plan deals with a separate route, but all are based upon Newfoundland.

The officers of the section are so confident of the ability of the N. C. type to fly across that they are willing to undertake a non-stop flight without the use of mother ships, but in view of emergencies this policy is not to be undertaken.

The officers of the transatlantic section are Commander John H. Towers, Lieutenant Commander N. L. Bellinger, Commander H. C. Richardson, of the Construction Corps; Major B. L. Smith, of the Marine Corps; Lieutenant Commander G. de C. Chevailler; Lieutenant Commander R. E. Byrd, and Lieutenant R. F. Barrett. All are pilots with the exception of Lieutenant Barrett, who is an aerographer and meteorologist.

How Craft Was Developed

The Navy Department authorized yesterday the publication of the details of the development of a flying boat capable of flying across the At-

lantic. In the fall of 1917 it was decided to begin the construction of such a type. The main object in view at that time was to obtain a ship with a large radius of action capable of carrying a heavy, useful load, in which seaworthiness was to be taken into consideration as much as airworthiness.

This was undertaken jointly by the Bureau of Construction and Repair, Navy Department, and the Curtiss Engineering Corporation, of Garden City, Glenn H. Curtiss and his assistants operating with Naval Constructors Richardson, Westervelt and Hunsaker.

The result of this cooperation was the production of the N. C. 1, which made its maiden flight October 4, 1918, when, with a load of 16,200 pounds, the machine took off from the water in 36 seconds. The N. C. 2 and N. C. 3 were capable of rising with a total load of 23,000 pounds, and now N. C. 4 has risen with 26,000 pounds.

Arraigned in Hold-Up Case

Two of the three men charged with having looted the First National Bank of Freeport, L. I., of \$2,181 on March 19 were arraigned yesterday at Mineola on indictments of robbery in the first and second degree and grand larceny in the first degree.

The prisoners were Henry Berman, of 168 East Eighty-first Street, and David Brownstein, of 353 East Eighty-fifth Street, Manhattan. Both entered pleas of not guilty.

Fred Rabinerel, of 1471 Second Avenue, the third man held in the case is in the Jamaica Hospital, a prisoner, and may die from bullet wounds received in the police chase following the robbery.

Russian Soviet Names Lomonosoff Rail Envoys Here

Announcement Is Expected To-morrow That Martens Will Head Bureau of Commerce in the U. S.

Professor George V. Lomonosoff, chief of the Russian Railway Mission, to the United States under Alexander Kerensky, has accepted an appointment as railways representative of the soviet government, it was learned yesterday.

The appointment of Professor Lomonosoff is part of the organization of the soviet's commercial representation here, which is to be announced in full Monday.

Santteri Nuorteva, who is associated with L. C. A. K. Martens as soviet representative in this country, said yesterday that a "prominent Russian business man" in this country who is president of an industrial enterprise had been appointed head of the soviet commercial bureau here.

The mission is to occupy large offices, the location of which has not yet been determined, according to Mr. Nuorteva. He said the soviet representatives had received no communication from the State Department or any other branch of the United States govern-

ment. Of biographical matter concerning Mr. Martens Mr. Nuorteva gave the following summary: He was born in Bakhmut, Southern Russia, forty-four years ago. His father, of German descent, had come to Russia in 1860 and established himself as proprietor of a machine shop.

The younger Martens attended high school in Kursk, and was graduated in 1890 from the Technological University of Moscow with the diploma of mechanical engineer.

During his college years he joined the Russian Socialist movement, and, continuing his revolutionary activity, was arrested immediately upon his graduation. Subsequently he served three terms in Russian jails during the regime of the Czar.

Martens emigrated to England in 1912, obtaining employment in machine factories. In 1915 he came to the United States and joined the staff of the Dimmock Iron Works, a Russian concern, with a purchasing office here.

When the head of the office here, an Englishman named Gibbons, left for Russia in 1916, Martens succeeded him, and has continued in the position, as the soviet government took over the company in Russia.

Prohibition Brings Back Ye Old Village Pump

GOSHEN, N. Y., March 29.—In anticipation of prohibition, Superintendent James Scott of Goshen jail announced to-day he had begun to install a new public pump to resume use of a long abandoned well in front of the Orange County Courthouse, in Goshen. The well was closed up several years ago. The county officials felt that, as the village bars close July 1, the county should provide relief of some kind for the dry throats of litigants, lawyers, witnesses and others who visit the courthouse.

Date for Opening Anti-Prohibition Drive Now May 12

Leaders Change From April 19 Because of Objections Due to Holy Saturday Falling on That Date

May 12 is the new tentative date for the opening of the nation-wide anti-prohibition demonstration to be staged by the Association Opposed to National Prohibition.

Original plans called for a series of processions and public meetings on April 19. This date, celebrating the anniversary of the firing of the first gun in the war for American independence, was selected by the promoters as the most fitting for the launching of their protest. Latterly, however, many association members, affiliated with various religious sects, have pointed out that this year Holy Saturday falls on April 19. It is in deference to their feelings, Mr. James A. Seavey, national organizer of the association, said yesterday, that a postponement was decided on.

At first, it was suggested that the demonstration be begun on the following Monday. The fact that the Victory Loan drive begins on that date, however, impelled the board of directors to hold off.

May 12, Mr. Seavey added, is not positively settled on, but it is probable that that will be the day. In a formal statement explaining the change Mr. Seavey said:

"Since the sole aim and purpose of the Association Opposed to National Prohibition is to preserve the rights of free men in a free country, and since these rights include the particular right of such religious observance as the conscience of every individual dictates, this association could do nothing else, either in logic or consistency, than to yield to the protests of many of its members all over the United States against the holding of anti-prohibition demonstrations on the last day of Holy Week."

Within a fortnight nearly a million and a half applications have been received, Mr. Seavey said, for protest petitions.

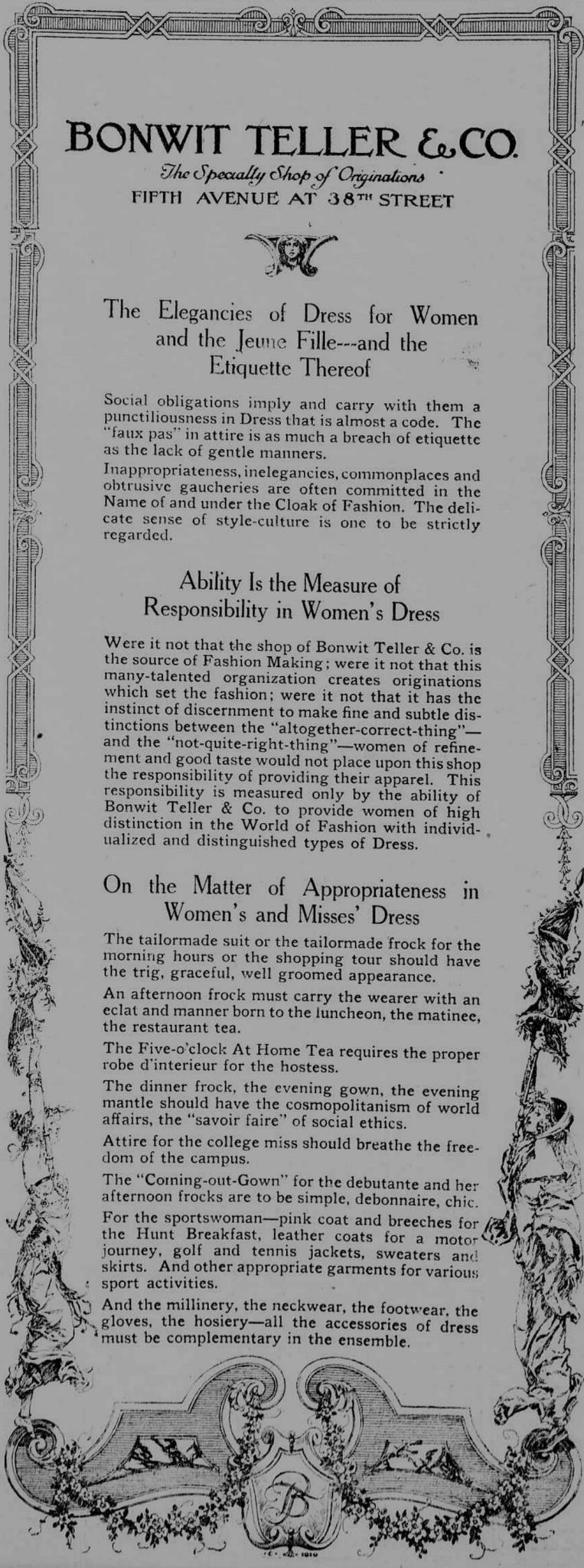
Girl Writes Note; Leaves

Parents Believe Married Man, Not Sailor, Is to Blame

Police are searching for Margare Reichland, seventeen, of 1033 Blake Avenue, Brooklyn, who has been missing since last Sunday. When she left home she wore a plum colored coat, blue suit and turban hat. She is a blonde. Her parents found a note, pinned to a pillow in her room, in which she said:

"I am to be married in Newark, N. J., at 7 to-night to a man in Uncle Sam's navy. His name is George Blair. I am going to live in Newark. Pray for me."

The parents believe a married man, employed in Manhattan, is concerned in her disappearance.



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FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET



TAILORMADE SUITS for WOMEN

35.00 to 265.00

Almost every variant of the mode in tailormades features the straight-line silhouette. Strictly tailored models, waistcoated suits and elaborately embroidered types. All, however, bear the earmarks of fine custom tailoring.

FROCKS and GOWNS for WOMEN

39.50 to 265.00

In twill fabrics smart, simple tailor-made frocks. Satin frocks of grace and charm. Handsomely beaded and embroidered Georgette crepe gowns. And soft-tone printed chiffons. Dinner and decolletage gowns in lace, metallic tissues, sequins, jet, paillettes and vari-colored crystal.



DUVETYN in CAPES and COATS

This most rare and aristocratic of fabrics is developed in many diversified expressions of the mode—capes, dolmans and coats take form in silhouettes and treatments that establish numerous original fashion-themes.

Introducing

PAILLETTE MANTLES

of Brilliant Beauty

The last word from the Bonwit Teller & Co. office at 19 Rue d'Antin is—"Paillette Mantles for Evening Wear." They are shown here in shimmering black and also in exquisite iridescent colorings.

The Glorious Glow of

GOLDEN and SILVER EVENING WRAPS

Exquisite tissues of gold and silver shot in a decorative manner with black and other beautiful colorings. Combinations of fur enhance their glowing beauty. Other evening wraps of supple velvet, satin and metallic embroidered Georgette crepe.

On the Matter of Appropriateness in Women's and Misses' Dress

The tailor-made suit or the tailor-made frock for the morning hours or the shopping tour should have the trig, graceful, well groomed appearance.

An afternoon frock must carry the wearer with an éclat and manner born to the luncheon, the matinee, the restaurant tea.

The Five-o'clock At Home Tea requires the proper robe d'intérieur for the hostess.

The dinner frock, the evening gown, the evening mantle should have the cosmopolitanism of world affairs, the "savoir faire" of social ethics.

Attire for the college miss should breathe the freedom of the campus.

The "Coming-out-Gown" for the debutante and her afternoon frocks are to be simple, debonnaire, chic.

For the sportswoman—pink coat and breeches for the Hunt Breakfast, leather coats for a motor journey, golf and tennis jackets, sweaters and skirts. And other appropriate garments for various sport activities.

And the millinery, the neckwear, the footwear, the gloves, the hosiery—all the accessories of dress must be complementary in the ensemble.

New Style-Notes in MILLINERY

Exclusive Sports, Trotteur and Formal Types

Introduced are chic sailor types with coque feathers, picturesque hats with full-flue ostrich plumes and diversified treatments of glycerin ostrich. Dinner hats of black lace and tulle in graceful proportions. And an infinite variety of originations in sport and semi-dress hats.

From Paris—Dainty

HANDMADE THINGS

in Frocks and Blouses

An assemblage of exquisite and deftly needleworked frocks and blouses expressly made for and in styles exclusive with this Shop. Made of dainty thin tissue materials and fine linen.

Exclusive Originations in

NECKWEAR, GUMPES and GILETS

Entirely new ideas that add to tailor-made suit or frock a decidedly fresh and crisp complement. These neck-fixings, gumpes and gilets are developed in a great variety of materials.

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FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Exceptional Values Monday

SILVERIZED FRAME MOIRE SILK HANDBAGS

Specially Priced at 15.00

A variety of distinctively designed silverized frames with silverized chain handles. The bags of moire are pleated and done in one piece.

Colors: Taupe, navy, black and striped patterns. All silk moire linings with dainty finishes. Fitted with mirror and coin purse.

WOMEN'S SILK HOSIERY

Superlative Quality All Silk Hose

Very sheer hose in plain or openwork clox, in black only. 3.50

Medium Weight Silk Hose

Durable quality, reinforced mercerized garter welt, in black, white, cordovan, African brown, mahogany, beaver and grey. Three Pairs 4.85 1.65

Women's Pure Silk Hose

Full fashioned, reinforced lisle garter welt, in black only. Three Pairs 2.75 .95

HANDSEWN PUMPS & OXFORDS

For Women and Misses

Long slenderized vamps, high arches, hand turned soles and Louis XVI. heels.

PUMPS in dark brown and white kid-skin, patent and dull leather. 11.00

OXFORDS in black and dark brown kid-skin, brown suede and patent leather. 12.00