

# Bolshevik Army Drives Rumanians to Bessarabia

### General Petlura's Troops Also Reported to Have Been Forced to Retreat in Western Ukraine

### Bolshevik Post Captured

### A Retreat of Ten Miles in the Murmansk Region Is Admitted by Lenin

LONDON, April 15.—Russian Soviet troops, after heavy fighting, have compelled the Rumanians to begin a general retreat into Bessarabia from the line of Kamenetz-Hohilev, along the Dniester, in Podolia, a Russian wireless message says.

Further north in Western Ukraine, the message adds, the troops of General Petlura have been driven from the garrison and captured two machine guns, an official statement from the British War Office says.

Only six men out of the garrison of the post succeeded in escaping. The Russian casualties were two killed and one wounded.

A retreat of ten miles in the Murmansk region is admitted by the Russian Soviet government in a wireless

message received here to-day. The message says: "In the direction of Murmansk our troops have retreated ten miles to the south of Uras Station and Uras Lake."

General Maynard, the Allied commander in the Murmansk region, according to a British War Office statement issued Sunday, on April 11, had forestalled a Bolshevik attack with an attack by his own forces at Uroszero. The Bolsheviks lost prisoners, three guns and war material, in addition to fifty killed.

### U. S. Mutineers in Russia Curbed

### Military Situation Is Satisfactory, General Richardson Says in Report

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Brigadier General Wlas P. Richardson, the new commander of the American forces in North Russia, has reported the military situation satisfactory in his first official dispatch since landing on the Murmansk coast.

The message, sent to General Pershing and relayed by him to-day to the War Department, was dated April 13, or about two weeks after the mutinous conduct of Company I, 33rd Infantry, which refused to go to the front from Archangel.

"Am leaving with headquarters staff and replacement officers April 14 for Archangel," the general's message said; "expect to arrive in about six days."

It is assumed here that a satisfactory military situation means that proper discipline prevails among the American troops generally. General

Call 360 Circle

Full insurance  
Moderate charges  
Expert handling

**Revillon Freres**  
DRY COLD STORAGE FOR FURS  
5th Avenue at 53rd Street

Richardson reported the occupation on April 11 of Uras Ozero by a force of Russians supported by the Allies. As a result of this action forty-six of the enemy were killed, nine wounded and twenty-six taken prisoner, two field guns, one machine gun and 7,000 shells being captured. The Allied casualties comprised one Canadian sergeant killed and one French sergeant wounded.

### Bolsheviks Arming To Raid Murmansk

### Huge Store of Munitions Assembled and Army Is Shifted Northward

New York Tribune Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 15.—An official cable from Stockholm to-day says Helsingfors advices state the Bolsheviks are making preparations on a large scale for an attack upon Murmansk. Large supplies of arms and ammunition have been assembled and Bolshevik transports are being sent northward. The Bolsheviks are shifting their troops in the direction of Archangel.

Russian newspapers at Helsingfors are pleading for a Finnish-Russian campaign against Petrograd, expressing confidence that the Bolsheviks will be unable to resist the Finnish troops, and the overthrow of Bolshevism will be the best means of pacifying the world.

A cable from Archangel says the provisional government of the northern regions has convoked a Zemstvo and municipal assembly for the first two weeks in May, to be composed of thirty-five representatives of the district Zemstvos and fifteen from the city and village administrations.

Official advices from Sandvika quote Swedish press dispatches from Rovaniemi stating that the Bolshevik forces are completely evacuating Northern Lithuania after sustaining heavy losses in dead and wounded, notwithstanding their numerical superiority. At many places the Bolshevik troops mutinied, refusing to fight.

North of Ponevesj the Bolshevik

# Red Cross Gets Evidence Of Bolshevik Atrocities

### Representatives Tell of the Massacre of 2,000 Civilians at Osa, in the Perm District—Churches Looted—Women Robbed—Physicians Slain

OSKA, April 5.—By The Associated Press.—Indisputable evidence of the massacre by the Bolsheviks of more than 2,000 civilians in and near the town of Osa has been obtained by Messrs. Simmonds and Emerson and Dr. Rudolph Teusler, of the American Red Cross, who have just returned from Perm, Ural, and other places in occupied Russian territory. Approximately 500 persons were killed at Osa and 1,500 in the surrounding districts. Osa, which had a population of 10,000, was so denuded of males by the Bolsheviks that General Casagrande, upon the occupation of the town, was obliged to telegraph to Yekaterinburg for men to administer civic affairs.

The evidence disclosed that unthinkable atrocities, a blacksmith was ordered to pay 5,000 rubles. Because he could not, he was shot. A brick house, All attorneys and jurists were killed, and doctors whose services were not required for the moment were disposed of in a similar manner.

Forced to Dig Own Grave  
A wife, required to pay 1,000 rubles for the release of her husband, borrowed 800 and paid it over. Later she returned with the remainder, and was then informed that her husband had been shot. There were scores of simi-

lar cases. All were killed without form of a trial.  
The Soviet called a meeting and prepared lists of those to die. The houses proscribed were visited by squads, the doors were smashed in and the victims dragged to the edge of the town and forced to dig their own graves. Those resisting were shot in the streets.

All Churches Looted  
The Bolshevik attitude toward the Church was uncompromising. Priests were hunted unmercifully. The evidence showed men were slain whose only offense was that they worked as sextons or caretakers of churches. In the Perm district everything of value was stolen from the churches. The monastery was looted and several priests were murdered. In some places the schools continue, but religious teaching is barred.

The hospital at Perm was short of doctors. Out of five, two were killed and two were taken away. The hospital was reduced to utilizing mere scraps of newspapers for bandages, and lacked instruments and medicines.

### Unrest in Italy Laid to Suspense Over Peace Terms

### People Also Bitter Because Their Demands for Lost Provinces Are Opposed, Says Official News Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 15.—"The unrest in Italy is due exclusively to the great suspense created by the expectations for peace," and the Italian people "are bitter over the fact that their national aspirations seem to be opposed in some quarters," according to a statement made to-day by the official Italian news bureau. The statement says:

"It was proved in a recent demonstration in Rome by the extremists and ultra-radical elements that Bolshevism had not made any headway in Italy. The extreme Socialists organized a demonstration in Rome to commemorate the death of Liebknecht, the Spartacist leader in Germany. Immediately the bulk of the Roman population started a counter demonstration with a great parade, supporting the present regime and culminating in an enthusiastic ovation before the Quirinal Palace."

"The unrest in Italy is due exclusively to the great suspense created by the expectations for peace. The Italian people are bitter over the fact that their just national aspirations seem to be opposed in some quarters. In President Wilson the great mass of Italians visualized a man coming with the power of the United States of America to assure them that they would have justice."

"To the great mass of the Italian people justice meant, and still means, that they should have justly restored to them the provinces of Trentino, Istria and Dalmatia, which the old-time European diplomacy in 1866 failed to take from powerful Austria and restore to Italy."

"Another reason for present conditions in Italy lies in the fact that until peace settlements actually shall be concluded, business men, large and small, hesitate to resume normal activity for the reason that they do not know what the future will bring forth."

"There is another feature of the Italian situation which few Americans understand. If Italy is denied that portion of the Dalmatian coast necessary for her protection, the entire coast of Dalmatia then would be controlled by one or more of a group of small powers, not too friendly to-day, and possibly openly hostile to Italy to-morrow, and would be no safety for that great stretch of Italian coast line running along the Adriatic Sea from Venice to Taranto."

"Official information received during the last few days gives every indication of serious unrest and outbreaks of disorder among the Jugoslav states. Word is now received that the reason Serbian troops were not sent into Hungary to repress the Bolshevik outbreaks and at the time the Italian troops and Czech-Slovak troops performed this duty, is because the Serbian army itself had been impregnated with Bolshevism."

### Allied Plan to Land in Archangel Known In Berlin: Stores Saved

ARCHANGEL, March 12 (Correspondence of The Associated Press).—When the Allied force landed here on August 2, 1918, they found that most of the military stores which had been transported here for use of the Russian imperial government had been removed in safety by the Bolsheviks. The Germans and the Bolsheviks knew of the Allied intention to land here to protect the stores, and Count von Mirbach, the German Ambassador at Moscow, told the Bolsheviks the Germans would occupy Moscow and Petrograd if they did not get the stores away before the Allies landed.

The Bolsheviks hurried up thousands of Chinese coolies and soon had the great bulk of the war materials at Sukona, forty miles north of Vologda and 300 miles down the Vologda-Archangel railroad from the furthest point south the Allies have been able to reach. Last July the correspondent saw here after one of these supplies, shells, guns, motor trucks, airplanes, heaps of iron and steel—under wooden roofs at Sukona.

It had been reported that the Germans superintended the work, but it had developed since that the Bolsheviks carried it out themselves. A young Bolshevik, formerly a non-commissioned officer in the Russian ambulance service, was in direct charge. He told the correspondent that with Chinese and soldier conscript laborers the Bolsheviks removed all the stores they wanted in four months from Bakant, across the Dvina from Archangel, safely to Sukona. The work was completed by July 1, a month before the Allies set foot in Archangel.

The war material taken from Archangel by the Bolsheviks is believed to have aided them materially in the campaign against the Allies in this region.

### Russian Red Troops Demand Pay by Hour

LONDON, March 13.—Many troops of the Red army in Eastern Russia have adopted trade union methods in dealing with their Bolshevik superiors. They demand fixed pay for each hour of fighting, and this, according to official reports to the British government, at times amounts to twenty rubles an hour. The Red army in that territory is composed of Germans, Finns, Chinese, Poles and recruits from the semi-civilized provinces of Eastern Russia.

Many of the officers are Germans. Others are Russians pressed into service. Every order given by an officer is reported to the commissars, and any mistake is punishable by death.

# Irish Home Rule To Be Delayed After Peace

### Bonar Law Announces British Government Will Not Put the Act Into Effect When Treaty Is Signed

LONDON, April 15.—It would be a mistake to think that home rule would be put in force in Ireland immediately upon the declaration of peace, Andrew Bonar Law, government leader in the House of Commons, declared in the House to-day.

LIMERICK, Ireland, April 15 (By The Associated Press).—All factories and stores in Limerick were closed to-day except provision and bread shops. During the night the military forces, which are enforcing martial law in this region, erected barriers across all the roads entering the city and no persons except those with military permits are allowed to pass. All bridges over the river Shannon and other strategic points are being guarded heavily by the soldiers, while pickets are on the alert throughout the district.

The strike notices given by the railroad men expire at midnight to-night. Efforts are being made to bring out the employes on all the Irish railroads. The length of the Limerick strike, it is believed, depends on the success of this movement.

No disorders have been reported. Dispatches from Cork say that the workmen there were idle to-day as the result of a proclamation of a strike by the trade unionists as a protest against martial law. The electric and gas supplies of the city have been cut off and traffic is at a standstill. A workers' committee is issuing permits for the sale of provisions at reasonable prices.

### Government Appeals For Peace in Egypt: Makes Concessions

CAIRO, April 15.—The council of ministers issued a proclamation yesterday urging the population to be calm and asking officials and strikers to resume their work, "now that Egyptians have been allowed to proceed abroad and a Ministry constituted which is determined to devote itself entirely to the service of the country."

The proclamation warns the strikers that disorders might lead to anarchy and urges them not to incur "this terrible responsibility." It declares the Sultan's aim in forming the new Cabinet was "to take the first step toward confiding the maintenance of

order and tranquility to the hands of Egyptian authority.

The reference in the foregoing to the departure of Egyptians abroad recently refers to the recent permission given thirteen Nationalist leaders to proceed to Europe. The Egyptian Nationalists have been anxious of presenting their case to the British government in London, and it was recently announced in the House of Commons that a deputation of Egyptian ministers would shortly visit England, the understanding being also that objection had been waived by the British government to the inclusion in the delegation of certain of the Nationalist leaders originally departed from making the trip.

### Widespread Disorder in India Result of Anti-Sedition Law

LONDON, April 15.—Widespread disturbances in India were referred to in Parliament last night as being the outcome of what was described as the "passive resistance" movement against the recent Indian legislation known as the Rowlatt act, intended to combat seditious conspiracy. The movement originated with the

home rule element in Bombay and has taken shape in attacks on officials and European and on property.

### Pope to Present Mosaic To Catholic University

ROME, April 15 (By The Associated Press).—Pope Benedict has sent an autographed letter to Cardinal Gibbons, addressed to the entire American Catholic clergy, in which the pontiff announces that he is presenting to the shrine at the Catholic University in Washington, D. C., a reproduction of Murillo's "Conception" made in the mosaic factory in the Vatican.

CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

A MAN is as young as his clothes and as old as his habits. In our styles for Spring you will find something that is blooming, budding and beardless. A bas, aged clothes! We're a long time dead, if reports be true.

Suits: \$30 to \$65  
Top Coats: \$25 to \$45

**Saks & Company**  
BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC

Announce Their Showing of New Spring Garment FOR Infants and Children

FIFTH AVENUE AT 45th ST.

Right Down the Page to the Footnotes  
Three Million Times a Day!

There's no chance here for your advertisement to hide itself away from those who have a real big need for your product—not when you consider that the New York City Telephone Directory is consulted 3,000,000 times every day and that as closely as can be estimated the average page is consulted something like 3,000 times in the same period.

So consider Telephone Directory Footnote Advertising, Mr. Merchant as a means of building up your business. Remember that 3,000,000 times every day the hands that control the bigger part of New York City's purse strings come right down the Telephone Directory pages searching for telephone information. And it's up to you to see to it that they lead to your footnote advertisement at the bottom.

The next issue of the New York City Telephone Directory is the May issue. It will come out 1,040,000 copies strong and will stay on the job for five months in New York City and for a considerably longer period in 81 cities, towns and villages outside of New York City.

Advertising forms for the MAY ISSUE close April 22d, 1919. A request for information by telephone will start a representative on the way to you.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY  
Directory Advertising Department  
15 Dey Street, New York, N. Y. Telephone Cortlandt 12000

\$48 \$38 \$48 \$38

Saks & Company Offer Today and Thursday

Smart Tailored and Dressy Suits for Women

in the newest and smartest box coat, close-fitting and flare models

At the Exceptionally Low Prices of \$38 and \$48

A rare combination of circumstances enables us today to make this offering—one that normally would be simply impossible. The opportunity is the more remarkable because it comes at the time when tailored suits are most in demand. The sale is strictly limited to 300 suits at these prices. Here are the materials:

Tricotine of superior quality, Gabardine, Point Twills, Men's Wear Serge, Silvertone, Tweeds, Heather Mixtures, Wool Jersey, stripes and checks

Smart gilets or waistcoats of brocades, tapestry silks, tricolette or tussah give to the various models an added touch of individuality.

Regular sizes 34 to 44; also large sizes from 42½ to 50½. Fourth Floor.

EASTER CARDS  
EASTER NOVELTIES  
EASTER STATIONERY

Prayer Books and Hymnals for Easter Sunday, April 20th.

**E. P. Dutton & Company**  
681 Fifth Ave., near 54th St.  
Opposite St. Thomas' Church.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street