

City and Nation Far Behind in Loan Campaign

Country's Total \$544,376,900 Below What It Should Be at End of First Week, Headquarters Announces

N.Y. Short \$194,971,850

District's Gain for Day Is \$23,465,100; National Gain Is \$153,683,400

America's Victory Loan campaign yesterday reached the stage when leaders began to take out their scratch paper and struggle earnestly with figures that represent what remains to be done.

Both the New York Federal Reserve district and the nation as a whole were far behind their schedule, according to the latest figures.

The nation is already \$544,376,900 behind its schedule, and the second Federal Reserve district has incurred a deficit of \$194,971,850 to overcome in the next weeks that it heads.

The Government Loan Organization in this district yesterday, for the first time, drew attention to the fact that the momentum of the loan drive thus far has been insufficient to carry New York to its goal.

George W. Hodges, assistant director of the Government Loan Organization in charge of sales, in reviewing the first week of the campaign, said:

"The campaign has been somewhat retarded in the last two days by the inclement weather and the district has continued to fall behind the daily average of subscriptions which must be maintained to bring us 'over the top' at the end of the campaign.

In proportion to its quota New York's subscriptions entitle it to eight places among the twelve Federal Reserve districts. The St. Louis district, which won the race in the last loan, stood first, with 30 per cent of its allotment already filled.

The standing of the districts follows: Subscriptions, Percentage. St. Louis, \$58,216,000, 30.00. Chicago, \$55,328,000, 29.08.

NEW YORK CITY Subscriptions Total for P. C. of \$100,000, 5-day quota. Manhattan, \$112,125,100, 112,500,000, 11.2. Brooklyn, \$112,125,100, 112,500,000, 11.2.

That capable employe you have been in need of may have a message for you right now in the Situations Wanted columns of to-day's Sunday Tribune.

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23 Races to Parade Today in Loan Drive

The following events will take place today in the Victory Loan campaign: "HONOR DAY" 3 P. M., Victory Way.

PARADE—Representatives from the following Racial Divisions will mobilize at Fifty-seventh Street and Park Avenue, and march south on Park Avenue to Victory Way: Armenian, Belgian, Bulgarian, Chinese, Czech-Slovak, Danish, Finnish, French, Greek, Dutch, Hungarian, Italian, Japanese, Jugo-Slav, Latin-American, Lettish, Liberty Loan Associates, Lithuanian, Mexican, Norwegian, Polish, Portuguese, Rumanian, Russian, Spanish, Swedish, Swiss, Syrian and Ukrainian.

Overture—Fort Slocum Band. Grouping of "Gold Star" banners by representatives on the rostrum. Raising of the American flag, with fanfare of trumpets and drums.

Opening address—Joseph Hartigan, manager, Foreign Language Bureau. Solo—Miss Barbara Maurel. Musical selections—Fort Slocum Band, 8 P. M.—"Russian Night."

Selection—Mme. Helen Romanoff. Gypsy songs—Miss Vera Smirnova. Selections—Russian Cathedral Quartet (N. Wasiliewsky, N. Vasillett, N. Antonoff, M. Bataeff).

Dance—Alex Umanaky. Musical selections—Mozart Mandolin Orchestra. Musical selections—Russian Balalaika Orchestra.

Vocal selections—Vera Smirnova. Musical selections—Russian Balalaika Orchestra. Address—D. Semenovitch. Vocal selections—Mme. Helen Romanoff.

Vocal selections—Russian Cathedral Quartet. Russian dance—Alex Umanaky. Musical selections—Mozart Mandolin Orchestra.

ing, Milliken & Co., \$300,000; Wellington, Sears & Co., \$250,000; J. P. Stevens & Co., \$200,000; Bank of the Americas, Inc., \$200,000; Union Assurance Society, Ltd., of London, England, \$200,000; Palatine Assurance Company, Ltd., of London, England, \$200,000.

J. K. Larkin, of the J. K. Larkin Co., \$150,000; Converse & Co., \$150,000; Kelsey Textile Corporation, \$150,000; Mitsui & Co., Ltd., \$150,000; Combustion Engineering Corporation, \$100,000; Union Development Company, \$100,000; Panama Railroad Company, \$100,000; Pacific Coast Borax Company, \$100,000; Procter & Gamble Co. (additional), \$100,000; E. L. Pottor Mining Co., \$100,000; L. P. Hollander & Co., \$100,000; Frederick H. Levey Co., \$100,000; M. G. D. Borden & Sons, \$100,000; Colonel H. C. Scribner, \$100,000; Woodward, Baldwin & Co., \$100,000; Eliza P. Smith, \$100,000; Kops Bros., \$100,000; American Brass Company, \$100,000; Cohen, Goldman & Co., \$100,000; J. Samuels & Bro., \$100,000; Heidelberg, Wolff & Co., \$100,000.

From the pupils of many of the churches of the city, Liberty Loan appeals will be made today. Cardinal Gibbons last night made an exhortation in behalf of the Victory drive through the local Government Loan Organization.

"Doughnut Girls' Appeal For Loan Subscriptions To Get the Boys Home The 'doughnut girls,' Misses Gladys and Irene McIntyre, who won fame at Seichers by frying doughnuts in the trenches, were the heroines of the noon hour at Victory Way yesterday.

The crowd gave the khaki-clad lassies a rousing cheer, and listened while Miss Gladys urged them to buy bonds to bring the boys home.

"You know what all the boys were saying a year ago to-day," she began. "You remember they were all saying 'When do we go?' If they were in trenches they were saying 'When do we go over the top?' If they were in camp, they were saying 'When do we go to the front?' And if they were still in this country, they were saying 'When do we get over?'"

"And now, what is that cry I hear—a cry you people could all hear if you would only listen? A cry you could not resist if you once heard it. It is the cry of the boys who went over the top clear to the banks of the Rhine, and now they are saying 'When do we get home?' It's always 'When do we get home?' the American boys.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—A billing of the Federal Reserve banks today showed that the Federal Reserve banks had received \$1,000,000,000 of Liberty Bonds in the first week of the campaign.

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What We Are Paying for—

V. SOISSONS THE tide in France turned with a rush July 18, 1918. Americans, some of them men who had fought and held on at Château Thierry, strengthened Mangin's line from that high-water mark to Soissons. French and Americans swept forward on the twenty-eight-mile front with the first gleam of dawn. A storm helped conceal their advance, of which there had been only the briefest warning by the artillery.

Preceded by herds of tanks and swarms of planes, the Franco-American forces caught the Germans off their balance. An entire enemy battalion was surprised, armed only with sickles, in a barley field. By nightfall American troops alone had taken 4,000 prisoners and 50 guns. More than a score of villages had been repatriated. The current had set definitely toward victory.

YOU CANNOT BUY VICTORY. IT IS A PRIVILEGE TO PAY FOR IT.

Five New Yorkers Named by Pershing On His Hero List

One Hundred Men Who Led American Army in Valor Designated for Use of Victory Loan Committee

Of the 100 Americans selected by General Pershing's staff as the most heroic participants in the great war five are New Yorkers. The names of conspicuous gallantry were compiled by the staff of the commander in chief of the American Expeditionary Forces for the Victory Liberty Loan Committee.

The names of the honored soldiers from New York and their addresses follow: George G. McMurtry, captain, 308th Infantry, 22 East Seventieth Street.

For conspicuous gallantry in action at Charleville, October 28, 1918. Captain McMurtry commanded a battalion which was cut off and surrounded, and, although wounded in the knee by shrapnel, continued to encourage his officers and men. On October 9 he was wounded in the shoulder by a German grenade, but continued to direct the defence, refusing relief, and personally led his men out of the position after assistance arrived, before permitting himself to be taken to the hospital.

Rescued Comrade Against Odds Albert Meyer (102-415), private, 79th Company, 262 West 127th Street, for heroism in action near Thiaucourt, September 15, 1918.

Private Meyer rushed into the open to rescue another soldier in the face of a large force of advancing Germans. He killed two of the enemy and brought in the soldier to a place of safety.

Charles F. Hoffman (116-329), gunnery sergeant, 4th Company, 5th Regiment, United States Marine Corps, 20 Dresden Street, Brooklyn, for gallantry in action near Château Thierry, June 6, 1918.

Sergeant Hoffman was attempting to organize a position, when he saw twelve of the enemy, armed with five light machine guns, crawling toward his group. He rushed at the hostile detachment, bayoneted the two leaders and forced the others to flee.

Routed Germans With Own Gun Wilbur E. Colyer (154-550), sergeant, Company A, 1st United States Engineers (deceased), 202 Helen Avenue, South Ozone, L. I., for gallantry near Verdun, October 9, 1918.

Volunteering with two other soldiers to locate machine gun nests, Sergeant Colyer advanced to a point where he was half surrounded by the nests. He killed the gunner of one gun with a captured German grenade and turned his gun on the other nests, silencing all of them. He was later killed in action.

Sidney G. Gumpertz, first sergeant, Company F, 132d Infantry, 701 West 178th Street, for gallantry in action in the Bois de Forges, September 26, 1918.

When the advancing line was held up by machine gun fire Sergeant Gumpertz started with two other soldiers through a heavy barrage toward the machine gun nest. His two companions were made casualties, but Sergeant Gumpertz continued on alone in the face of direct fire and silenced the gun, capturing nine of the crew.

Heroes Entertain When Cold Closes Victory Way

Scheduled Programme Abandoned, but Crowd Hears Many Exploits

Victory Way reverted to the victors yesterday afternoon. The shivering crowds looking for entertainment found only a few blue-lipped soldiers on guard duty before the captured German guns, and a few extra hardy spirits in wheel chairs and blankets from the Grand Central Palace.

The soldiers had the platform all to themselves, as the scheduled programme was called off on account of the weather. Many an exploit that was never set down on Pershing's records held the crowd oblivious of frosty toes.

Only one motherly soul, too far away from the platform to enjoy the telling of the tale, was worried about the soldier orators.

World's Fair in Detroit In Celebration of Peace

Schwab to Form Corporation for Big Exposition in 1922 or 1923

DETROIT, April 26.—Mayor James Couzens announced today that a movement had been started for the holding of a world's peace exposition in Detroit, and that Charles M. Schwab, director general of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, had consented to organize the corporation.

Two or three years will be required to put the exposition in shape. It will open in 1922 or 1923.

Ask Industrial Preparedness To Win Trade

Senator Penrose, Governors Edge and Allen Urge Action; at Astor Dinner; Call for Return of Roads

Would End U. S. Control

Kansas Executive Renews Discussion With Secretary Baker on War Problems

The necessity of industrial preparedness if the nation is to gain prosperity in the keen competition which will follow the signing of a peace treaty, was emphasized last night at the "Peace and Reconstruction Dinner" of the Upholstery Association of America at the Hotel Astor.

The speakers included Senator Boies Penrose, Governor Edge, of New Jersey; George McGeachin, president of the association, and Governor H. J. Allen, of Kansas, who renewed his feud with the War Department.

One of the factors in the trade war for prosperity would be a protective tariff, Senator Penrose said. It was a part of an industrial preparedness that was as necessary, he thought, as military preparedness for the security of a nation.

Another necessary preparation, he said, was the return of private businesses to the men who built and owned them. This feature of the programme he suggested brought hearty applause at every mention.

Worshipped Price Fixing "During the war," said Senator Penrose, "we worshipped such false economic principles as price-fixing and government control and operation. But the time has now come to put our business back in the hands of its builders and it must be done as promptly and rapidly as possible. Let us devise a way for the railroads to earn enough money to keep up their properties and to pay the pensioners who want to use them."

Government ownership once was considered by many to be the panacea for all ills. We have had virtual government ownership of many private enterprises in this country for many months, and now the advocate of such a policy is extremely hard to find.

Let us restore the telegraph and telephone lines to their owners as soon as possible. They were seized without warning or apparent reason and the properties and service have been going steadily down ever since.

The contract of the war world cannot stand much longer the fearful drain upon them. Our expenditures have been made on a scale hitherto unthought of. Taxes have increased and it must be done as promptly and rapidly as possible. Let us devise a way for the railroads to earn enough money to keep up their properties and to pay the pensioners who want to use them."

Would Let Government Lead Governor Edge declared that it was the duty of the government to point and lead the way to reconstruction and prosperity. The prolonged uncertainty concerning the peace terms was "no constructive business tranquility and development," he said. The government must help put business on its feet, set them in the right road and encourage every step, he said, and a crime necessary was the removal of the paralyzing hand of over-regulation.

The address of Mr. McGeachin dealt, for the most part, with the textile trade. It was a study of the textile industry, he said, which would enable it to hold its own with all competitors.

Reverting at the beginning of his speech to his controversy with Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, concerning the lack of American airplanes in the Argonne, Governor Allen said that he had been accused of unpopularity of making out the Secretary of War to be an ordinary falsifier.

"He is no ordinary falsifier," said Governor Allen. "His methods are so complete and efficient that they transcend all ordinary falsification. As to the 700 American airplanes which he understood the War Department to assert were in the Argonne, Governor Allen said he never had been able to discover them or any fraction of them. Governor Allen served two years in France with the Red Cross and was in the service when informed of his election. He declared that the American censoring had "the narrowness, autocracy and bigotry of the German system without any of its intelligence."

Republican Offensive Started in Southwest

Wadsworth Talks to Leaders at Fort Worth; Taft Lends a Hand

Special Correspondence FORT WORTH, Tex., April 26.—The big Republican offensive in the Southwest was launched to-day when at least 200 Republican leaders from various parts of Texas and sister states of the Southwest heard from Senator Wadsworth of New York in the Chamber of Commerce auditorium. Today's meeting was the most notable political development in the Lone Star State in the last decade and came as a great surprise to state Democratic leaders, who had apparently expected no such action on the part of Southern Republicans.

Senator Wadsworth urged that the Republicans of the South rally for the battle of 1920. He also urged stronger organization and more extensive campaigning in the South.

Following Senator Wadsworth's address resolutions condemning government ownership of public utilities were adopted, together with other resolutions vigorously condemning the actions of Postmaster General Burleson.

The Republican conference was attended by leaders from practically every county in the state, and it is believed that a complete reorganization of the state Republican party will be one of the results of the meeting.

Definite plans toward making a hard Congressional and gubernatorial race in Texas were outlined.

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Vice Society Loses Case

Bookseller Wins \$1,800 Verdict for False Arrest

A jury in the Supreme Court yesterday gave Raymond D. Halsey, a bookseller, a verdict for \$1,800 against the Vice Society for the suppression of Vice. Mr. Halsey was arrested on November 18, 1917, on a warrant obtained by John S. Sumner, head of the society, on a charge that he was selling the book "Mademoiselle de Maupin," which it was alleged was objectionable. Halsey was acquitted. He brought suit for \$5,000 for false arrest. He said the book was recognized as a standard work and was sold by all leading book sellers.

Summer Rugs at 1/4 Off

An unusual opportunity to secure at reductions, up to 25%, imported Japanese grass rugs of exceptional wearing qualities that may be used on the floor of any room of your Summer home as satisfactorily as on the porch. Cleverly woven in fine, tight weave, smoothly finished on both sides, with attractive two-toned conventional design and natural (grass) color.

These artistic rugs combine the maximum durability with minimum weight, are waterproof and will not curl up at corners. All sizes reduced as follows:

Table with 5 columns: Sizes, Des. in Green, Des. in Brown, Former Prices, Sale Prices. Rows include 3x6, 4x7, 6x9, 8x10, 9x12.

Orders by mail will be promptly filled until supply on sale is exhausted.

A. A. VANTINE & CO. Inc. Fifth Avenue & 39th Street

Dance Given to Service Men

Members of the Patriotic Society of Best & Co. gave a complimentary dance last night at Palm Garden to the men who have returned to their organization from war service. Two employees of Best & Co. and others are expected with the return of all the units of the 69th and 77th.

More than 600 employes attended the dance, and the proceeds were turned into the treasury of Best & Co. Employees' Mutual Benefit Association. A check for \$2,000 was presented to the association by the firm.

East Side Buys Bonds

Fifteen thousand persons crowded into Delancey Street in front of the Bank of the United States last night to listen to Victory Loan speeches and buy Victory notes. Thirty minutes after the taking of subscriptions started the East Siders had bought \$35,000 worth of the notes and \$15,000 in cash had been received.

A widow who has two children to support was among the first to invest. She had with her a bankbook showing \$812.50 on deposit.

Seven Telephone Calls Net Victory Loan \$15,000 in Hotel

Seven telephone calls; seven minutes' time; result, \$15,000 in Victory bond pledges from silent guests of the Hotel Majestic. They were Morgan Kingston, Metropolitan tenor; Henry Clive, Mme. Braskowsky, Miss Edna Fisher, actress; Arthur Somers Earle, Miss Ethel Clayton, motion picture actress, and Dr. de Santo, Italian lecturer.

Bank Loan Limitations Lifted by Williams

Controlled Rules on Borrowings Against the Security of Liberty Bonds

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Franklin Simon & Co.

IT'S A DEBT OF HONOR—INVEST IN THE VICTORY LOAN

Franklin Simon & Co. Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

Important Price Reductions Monday

WOMEN'S TAILORED SUITS

Mostly one or two of a kind. Exclusive Franklin Simon Models.

Reduced from \$69.50, \$79.50 and \$89.50 to 50.00

A COLLECTION of high class suits, reflecting in every detail Franklin Simon & Co's incomparable tailoring.

Included are embroidered, braided or plain tailored suits of wool, tricotine, Poiret twill or gabardine, in navy blue, black, and other seasonable colors.

In all sizes, including a number of long line suits designed especially for full figures.

WOMEN'S SUIT SHOP—Balcony Floor

The AEOLIAN-VOCALION

SUPREME AMONG PHONOGRAPHS

THE Vocalion not only presents to you the opportunity of playing the remarkable new Vocalion Record, but plays all other phonograph records in a superior manner.

The exquisite symmetry of the Vocalion case designs, the unequalled efficiency of its mechanical features and its fascinating playing device, the Graduola, by which you can control the tone-color and volume of your records, place this instrument in a class by itself.

The Vocalion is obtainable at moderate prices. Even the sixteen beautiful Period Designs are not extravagant in cost, while the regular line contains models within the reach of all.

VOCALION PRICES

Convenient styles from \$50 to \$350. With Graduola from \$115. Period styles from \$240

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

Makers of the Duo-Art Pianola Piano. Largest Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the world

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1st MANHATTAN 29 West 42nd Street 1st THE BRONX 367 East 149th Street 1st BROOKLYN 11 Flatbush Ave. 1st NEWARK 895 Broad Street