

Wilson Won't Give Senate Treaty Text; Texas Asks U. S. to Rush Troops to Border

Canada Will Fight Soviet To a Finish

Russian Plan of Government Hiding Behind Trivial Labor Dispute, Says Sir Robert Borden

Question Is Now One of Loyalty

There Is No Compromise Possible, Premier Insists

By Stanley Frost

OTTAWA, June 7. Canada stands to-day at the crisis of a fight to a finish with the soviet idea.

Behind a trivial labor dispute, under the slogan "One Big Union," drawing money and support from mysterious sources in the United States, the Russian idea suddenly took form three weeks ago in the Western provinces.

Against it there have lined up the employers, the conservative labor element, the solid "bourgeois" citizenry, and finally the city, provincial and Federal governments. Though apparently beaten at Winnipeg, where it started and in spite of all the odds against it, the leaders of the movement have decided to continue the fight.

Blunder Broke Strike

It was by a blunder that the soviet advocates and the more vaguely minded Winnipeg strikers have made the Dominion government a direct and powerful opponent instead of leaving it in the position of a powerless mediator.

Policy Perfectly Simple

"The issue and our policy are perfectly simple," he said, when asked about the situation.

Influence from United States

"There undoubtedly is some influence from the United States that is active in the West," said the Premier.

More Than One Cause

"The conditions of unrest," he said, "are attributable to more than one cause.

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National Wire Strike Called For Wednesday

CHICAGO, June 7.—A nation-wide strike of telegraph and telephone operators who are members of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, was ordered to-day, to take effect next Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock standard time.

Order Applies to All Employees of Western Union, American Telephone and Telegraph and Postal

The telephone operators and electrical workers will go out on June 16. The strike order applies to employees of the Western Union Telegraph Company, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company and the Postal Telegraph and Cable Company with its associated institutions.

Decision Follows Phone Strike

The decision to call a nationwide strike was reached by President Koenenkamp after passing several days in Washington, where he had directed a strike of union employees in ten southeastern states.

Ban on Commercial Business

This, it was explained, meant that such employees of other concerns would refuse to handle telegraph and telephone messages classed as commercial business.

Pittsburgh, June 7.—S. J. Koenenkamp, discussing the strike order to-night, said:

"We will win. The strike will determine whether grievances of long standing can be remedied by force."

Mr. Koenenkamp said the Postmaster General had acknowledged that "we are underpaid," but he charged that Mr. Burleson has "reduced our earnings" by lengthening the hours of night duty and abolishing time-and-a-half for Sunday overtime.

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Mexican Situation Is Critical, Governor Tells Baker; Lives of People in Peril

Calls for Two Texas Brigades

20,000 Men Now on Line, Many More in Camp in State

Americans Murdered By Mexican Bandits

NOGALES, Ariz., June 7.—Two Americans and more than 30 Mexicans have been killed by Yaquis and bandits in the Colorado district of Sonora, Mexico, during the last two weeks, according to the statement of nine American mining men who arrived from that neighborhood to-night.

Washington, June 7.—Declaring the Mexican situation is so critical that a larger force of troops on the border is necessary to protect lives and property of citizens, Governor Hobby of Texas has requested Secretary Baker to call into the Federal service the First and Second Brigades of Texas Cavalry and to mobilize them at a convenient point.

The War Department immediately telegraphed the commanding general of the Southern Department, who has charge of the border guard, asking for his views on the request, and for any information bearing upon the situation described by Governor Hobby.

Charges that the Dannemora State Hospital for the Criminal Insane is being grossly mismanaged by Dr. John R. Ross, superintendent, and his assistant, Dr. Dexter, were prepared and sworn to yesterday by Louis Greenspan, a lawyer of Jamaica.

Mr. Greenspan, who recently made an investigation of the hospital in the interest of his brother, Larphy Greenspan, whose release he obtained a short time ago, makes in his statement the following charges against the management:

That two patients were so badly beaten by keepers that they died. That inmates of the institution are underfed.

That inmates are drugged to make them appear insane. That his own brother, Larphy, formerly an inmate of the Dannemora hospital, Mr. Greenspan prevailed upon Governor Smith to commute his brother's sentence and permit him to be transferred to the State Hospital at Kings Park, Long Island.

There, the lawyer says, Larphy was pronounced sane and discharged. He now holds a responsible position with the Long Island Railroad. The text of Mr. Greenspan's charges follows:

"That inmates of Dannemora State Hospital do not receive sufficient food to sustain their lives and have been so ill fed that they are losing weight daily, thereby causing them unnecessary pain and suffering.

"That a patient named Scully was brutally assaulted, so that he died the next day. (Name of attendant given.)

"That a patient named Goldstein was brutally assaulted by an attendant (name of attendant given); that Goldstein suffered thereafter from seven broken ribs, as a result of which he died.

"That two days before the sentence of said Larphy Greenspan was commuted by the Governor, that is, on or about April 21, 1919, a hypodermic needle was administered to him, which caused him to become dazed and see things, so that, on April 24, when doctors came to examine him on the superintendent's application for recommitment, he was still in such a condition that the doctors who examined him decided he was insane.

"To Establish Insanity Claim. That said superintendent has made it a practice to commit such practices in order to establish his claim that the patients are insane.

"That there are many prisoners kept there, although perfectly sane. That Philip Bishop, of 800 Myrtle Avenue,

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Clemenceau Blocks Plan to Modify Terms

PARIS, June 7 (By The Associated Press).—Little progress was made to-day by the council of four in the attempt to formulate the reply to the German counter proposals.

The attitude of the American commission remained that of mediator, but the French and English were as far apart to-night as they had been any time during the week.

M. Clemenceau remained firm in his determination not to reduce the demands upon the Germans.

Democracy Doesn't Breed That Kind



Healer Hickson Cured Them, 2 Patients Say

Crutch Shakes in Excited Joy as Woman Swears Laying On of Hands Has Let Her Sleep Like Child

Two days ago a woman limped up the aisle of Trinity Chapel to where James Moore Hickson stood in the chancel ready to minister to her.

Yesterday the same woman came down the aisle after her second treatment with a beaming expression that seemed to indicate transformation of some kind.

"Are you feeling any better?" A flicker of joy showed on her face. "Oh, go to him," she urged, mistaking the reporter for a fellow sufferer.

"How did I feel when he touched me? How do you describe something divine? I felt cold chills stealing down my spine. I was thrilled through and through, taken out of myself, exalted. I forgot where I was. I saw no

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American Firms Get \$40,000,000 French Job

PARIS, June 7.—Contracts for reconstruction work aggregating 200,000,000 francs (\$40,000,000), covering the rebuilding of the destroyed area of Rheims, Nancy and Soissons, have been awarded to American firms, according to an announcement here to-day.

All Hope Gone for Dry Law Repeal

WASHINGTON, June 7.—All hope of "wet" leaders that war-time prohibition would be repealed by Congress before it becomes effective July 1, was abandoned to-night, when it was learned that the Republican steering committee of the House and Senate in laying out the month's program in joint conference to-day, failed to give the repealer a place on the schedule.

Congress has three weeks left in which it might comply with President Wilson's request that war-time prohibition on wine and beer be rescinded, but all its time was allotted by the steering committee to-day to the passage of appropriation bills.

Representative Claude Kitchin, next in command of the Democratic forces in the House, let it be known to-day that, although a "Prohibitionist," he would support the wine and beer repeal if it came to a vote chiefly to comply with the President's suggestion.

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Police Have 100 Clews to Bomb Plotters

William J. Flynn, After Conference With Detectives in New York, Says Progress Is Being Made

Following conferences between William J. Flynn and the authorities here searching for the perpetrators of the bomb outrages of Monday night, it was announced yesterday that elaborate preparations are being made to forestall the violent outbreak planned by the Reds for July 4.

While there will be no let up in running down all the clews, which Mr. Flynn said now totalled more than 100, so far found in connection with the explosions, the officials believe the apprehension of even one person participating in the heralded demonstration will go far toward solving the whole series of bomb plots.

Precautionary measures have been taken by the police. Every police captain in the city was ordered yesterday to instruct the men under him to be unusually careful in watching the homes of persons of prominence, and particularly those public officials who through official acts have antagonized radicals.

Extra Guards on Duty. Extra guards of patrolmen have been put on duty at most of the public buildings, including Police Headquarters, Municipal Building, Federal Building, Postoffice, and several business places in the Wall Street district.

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President Backs Pledge Given Allies

Holds Publication of Terms Until Signed Is Incompatible With Interests of the Public

U. S. Envoys Deny Giving Them Out

Washington Senators of Both Parties Are Not Surprised at Refusal

PARIS, June 7.—The American delegation to the peace conference, headed by President Wilson, apparently is firm in its decision not to authorize the publication of the German peace treaty until it is signed, and not even to communicate the official text in its present form to the United States Senate.

A member of the American delegation, in discussing the complaint made in the Senate concerning publication of the treaty in Germany and charges that copies were in the hands of New York bankers, said the delegation had not violated the pledge made to other powers not to give out the treaty until it is completed, and will not do so.

Germany Not Bound

He added that, as far as he knew, Germany had not been requested to keep the treaty secret, as such a request to an opponent would not be in conformity with accepted diplomatic practice.

Will Get Treaty In Spite of Wilson

Senator Lodge Declares Controversy Has Shown Up Methods at Paris

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Advices from Paris to-day indicating that President Wilson will stand firmly against transmitting copies of the peace treaty to the Senate caused no surprise either among administration Senators or among Republicans who most vigorously urged adoption of the Johnson Resolution calling for the treaty text.

It was generally expected, however, that the text of the treaty would be available to the Senate from some other source. Senator Borah is expecting a copy of the treaty, and he has said he will put it in the Congressional Record fifteen minutes after he receives it.

Reading the 80,000 word document into the record would take more than thirteen hours, even if the reading clerks were able to make 100 words a minute.

It is recognized that the treaty text being circulated in Germany and neutral countries, and even those copies said to be in the hands of New Yorkers, are copies of the text submitted to the German delegates originally at Versailles, and of which a summary already has been published in this country. This text may be modified in many particulars before the Germans finally affix their signatures.

Say It Would Be Misleading. Administration Senators contend that the publication of the original would be misleading, but Republicans argue it is important that the American people see this first draft, even at the risk of being misled.

The opinion of Senator Lodge that the President would not grant the desire of the Senate to see the peace treaty is considered to be confirmed by to-day's Paris dispatches. The principal value of this week's debate, Senator Lodge believes, was to emphasize the methods of framing open covenants, openly arrived at, being pursued in Paris, and to bring out the fact that copies of the peace treaty were in the possession of men in New York.

The investigation by the Foreign Relations Committee to determine how copies of the peace treaty came into the possession of "special interests" in New York will get under way early next week. The Foreign Relations Committee will meet Monday to decide whether the investigation shall be made by the full committee, or by a sub-committee, and whether the hearings shall be open or secret.

Likely to Summon Root. "In the investigation we are bound to take up the first strings that come to hand," Senator Hitchcock, author of the investigation resolution, said to-day. "They are, of course, Senator