

## Episcopalian Clergy Oppose Revised Prayer

Postponement of Action on Changes in Book Proposed by Committee Advised by Church Leaders

Other Issues Pressing

More Vital Matters Will Require Entire Time of the Convention, They Contend

Protests against the proposed "revision and enrichment" of the Protestant Episcopal Book of Common Prayer at this time have been made by some of the most prominent clergymen of that communion.

The report on the proposed revision represents labors of more than six years. It was the hope of the commission and of advocates of the changes that action would be taken at Detroit next month. They are not inclined to view the protests as a serious effort at delay, but the prominence of the authors of the movement to postpone the vote is held to be an argument to the contrary.

The Rev. Dr. Floyd Tompkins, rector of Holy Trinity Church, Philadelphia, and a delegate to the convention, addressed a formal petition to the church to withhold action. His petition is in the form of a paper in "The Churchman." Dr. Tompkins says: "Cannot the report of the committee on the Revision of the Prayer Book be laid (with an expression of gratitude for the time and labor of the committee) on the table until 1922, or referred to the meeting of the general convention of that year? There are weighty reasons for such action.

**New Problems Faced**

"The general convention meets at a time when the whole world is restless and unsettled, and there should be discussion and action on many social and economic problems with which, as an influential body, the convention should deal. Is it fitting under these circumstances for this large body of some 700 bishops, clergymen and laymen to spend days discussing changes in the book of worship? Could we do justice to the report and to the problems of world-wide importance in the short time allowed for our meeting?"

"The report on suggested changes in our missionary canon, the report of the committee on candidates for the ministry and examining chaplains, the matter of revision of our canon on marriage and divorce, discussion of the pension fund and on the new hymnal—all these very important matters are to come before the convention and they will demand time and discussion. And there also must be a full and hearty consideration of the every member campaign—one of the big problems of the Inter-Church World Movement—which calls us to do our part in the church's work at home and abroad.

"The report of the committee on the prayer book has only just reached us, and the probability is that many of the lay deputies, and perhaps some of the clerical deputies, have not bought a copy, let alone seriously studied it.

"It may well be questioned whether the great body of the members of the church with a prayer book so changed as to be almost new.

"Is it wise for us to make changes in our prayer book without consulting the church of England, that there may not be too much rivalry between us in our liturgical worship?"

The Rev. Dr. Randolph H. McKim, rector of the Church of the Epiphany, New York, says: "The revisers of 1888-1892 were so reverent and with such wise restraint that, in spite of the revision, the Prayer Book remained the same to the church of England, and was loved for generations. The revision and enrichment gave no shock to the church. Not so this so-called 'revised' book. Every service is changed, some so radically as to be hardly recognized. But the most serious feature of it is, not that it does violence to the sentiment of reverence with which our people regard the Prayer Book, but that it involves a change in our doctrinal position.

"The new book does not breathe the atmosphere of medievalism, but rather the atmosphere of medievalism."

"In the Protestant horse to be now cut from the traces? There can be no question if the reactionary proposals of the report finally should be incorporated in our Prayer Book, the hope that this church may ultimately become in any large degree the Church of the American people will vanish like a dream."

**Time Not the Present**

The Rev. Thomas Cole, rector of Christ Church, Hudson, N. Y., writes: "The report of the joint commission on revision and enrichment of the Book of Common Prayer should be laid upon the table indefinitely. At the same time recognition should be made of the indebtedness of the church to the commission for doing well what they were commissioned to do.

"Great as is the need of revision and enrichment of the Prayer Book, now is not the time, nor the detailed discussion of the report of a commission the way, to accomplish this much needed revision and enrichment. Moreover, a book of worship and offices adequate to the need will call for a revision far more radical and extended than that contemplated in the instructions given to the present joint commission."

The Rev. Edward L. Parsons, Bishop Coadjutor-elect of California, writes: "It will be noted that the report of the commission on the revision of the Prayer Book contains no minority report. The members of the commission believed that it would be understood that no single member can in any case be considered to favor all the proposed changes, and that rather than lumber up the report with minority suggestions or protests, it was better to leave the individual members to present their dissent in the church papers and in the convention."

Bishop-elect Parsons then proceeds to protest vigorously against the proposed change in the calendar, which number the Sundays following Trinity as from Pentecost.

Dr. Parsons is a member of the commission.

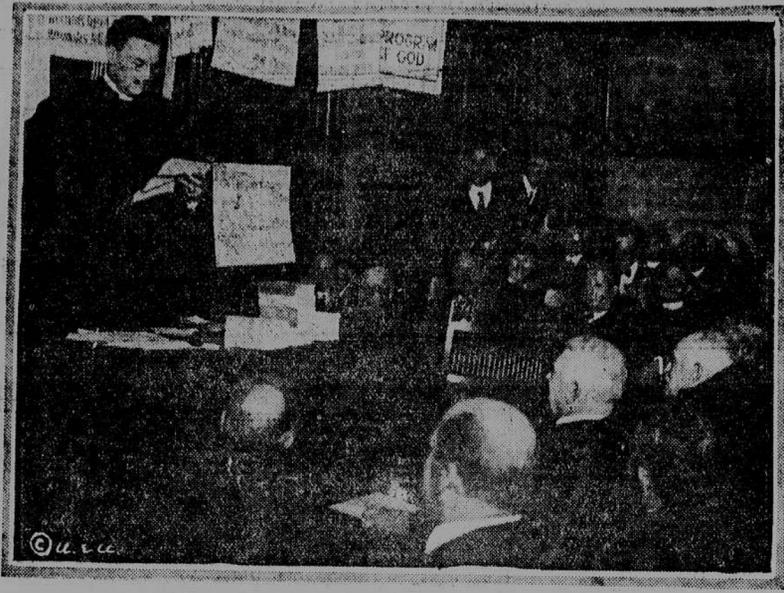
**"Light, Airy Cell," His Plea**

**Dr. Watbury, International Swindler, Back in Sing Sing**

OSSENING, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Dr. J. H. Watbury, the confidence man and international swindler, who spent a year in Sing Sing while Thomas Mott Osborne was warden, returned today under a five-year sentence imposed in New York County. Among the aliases he registered was E. Breeze Stevens.

After giving his pedigree, including the fact that he holds an M. D. degree, the prisoner remarked that he wished "a light airy cell," and was told that because he previously had been a guest he could have "the best in the house."

## New Bishop "Makes His Bow"



Bishop Charles Sumner Burch making his first formal appearance as head of the Episcopal Diocese of New York at the Every Name Campaign meeting held in the Church Mission House, 241 Fourth Avenue.

## Food Campaign Turns to Eggs And Poultry

**Mondays and Thursdays Are Named as 'Chicken Days' to Push Distribution of Surplus Army Fowls**

The efforts of local authorities in the drive against the high cost of food-stuffs will be centered this week mainly on the sale of chickens and eggs.

The cooperation of the 8,000 butchers of the city and the setting aside by the Federal Food Administrator, Arthur S. Williams, of Monday and Thursday as "Chicken Days" is expected to facilitate greatly the disposal of the 1,500,000 pounds of first grade army poultry, while the school distributing centers and so-called "rolling stores" will offer large quantities of eggs at prices far below current figures. The large sale of these commodities, says Dr. Jonathan C. Day, Commissioner of Markets, will decrease the demand for meats and other products and so effect additional savings.

**60,000 Pounds Disposed of**

August Silz, who is distributing the government fowls at 416 West Fourteenth Street to retail at 38 cents a pound, announced yesterday that 60,000 pounds had been disposed of so far, and that about 15,000 families will serve them at their meals to-morrow.

The first "Chicken Day" demand for the government product, it was learned, has aroused keen competition among wholesalers who, it was stated, were offering chickens to retail at 31 cents a pound, 4 cents below the Federal poultry. Dr. Day commented that the object of the authorities to reduce the price of edibles is thus being accomplished.

Commissioner Day said that a large egg concern and the city had entered into a contract whereby the city is to receive 500 cases of eggs daily, packed in cartons, to retail at from 52 to 54 cents a dozen. The same quantity of eggs, he said, now sell at 65 cents. They will be offered to the public at the school distributing centers.

It was announced, too, that the "rolling stores" or truck recently organized under authority of the Department of Markets by George H. Salmon, of the North American Export Company, 120 Broadway, will begin operations to-morrow. A fleet of the "stores," said Mr. Salmon, will carry eggs to various parts of the city, which will be offered at 54 cents a dozen. These eggs, it was explained, were originally offered to the city at 49

cents, but have been recondemned and packed, bringing the price up.

**City Gets Army Meat**

In addition to the large stocks of canned goods and bacon which is arriving daily at the distributing centers, the Commissioner said 2,000,000 pounds of army meat had been allotted to New York. The handling of this meat, however, said Dr. Day, will be deferred until cooler weather.

In the sale of other government goods goods in the schools to-morrow, Dr. Day explained the city had no part except that of providing the space. In this connection, 10,000 pairs of navy shoes will be put on sale at the commissioner's office for city employees only. These shoes will retail at \$6.50 a pair, \$2.50 below cost. In addition, 35,000 pairs of army trench shoes will be offered to the public at the schools at \$5 a pair, which government officials says is \$2.50 below cost.

Colonel J. M. Carson, zone supply officer, again calls attention to the opening on September 25 of a government retail store at 22 West Nineteenth Street where all kinds of clothing and articles will be sold at reduced prices. Commissioner Day warns the public against swindlers who are posing as representatives of the Department of Markets and offering to have deliveries of the government goods made to homes. Dr. Day advises housewives that nobody has been authorized to make any such deliveries and that the goods must be called for at the schools.

**\$50,000,000 Fund Planned to Enforce Dry Amendment**

**Anti-Saloon League to Start Educational Campaign and Foreign Propaganda, Especially in Latin States**

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—The Anti-Saloon League of America to-day gave out the details of the plan to raise \$50,000,000 to be expended in this country in law enforcement efforts and education as to what prohibition means and provides, and in foreign countries to aid prohibition campaigns.

The drive to raise this fund will be conducted somewhat after the plan used by the churches, the Y. M. C. A., the Salvation Army and other organizations that have recently collected vast sums for their work. The services of an expert will be secured to conduct the drive.

There will be two distinct drives. The first will be a short-term drive for \$25,000,000, which is to begin as soon as a campaign can be organized, and which will close on January 14, when constitutional prohibition goes into effect. The other drive will cover a period of five years. According to Ernest H. Cherrington, secretary of the executive committee of the league, it provides for an ascending scale of collections through public meetings and the distribution of subscription cards. During the first year it is planned to raise \$2,575,000, and during the last year more than \$10,000,000 will be collected.

According to Mr. Cherrington, a large portion of the money collected will be used in the big wet cities, like New York, Chicago, Baltimore, San Francisco and others, where there is a large foreign population. The object of this expenditure will be purely educational and will offset the liquor propaganda.

Literature will be published in all languages and dialects, and speakers of their own nationality will go among the foreign born to educate them as to the meaning and value of the Eighteenth Amendment.

Apart from this, the league will undertake work in foreign countries in cooperation with that of the solicitude of temperance agencies already organized there. There are already a number of workers in the foreign field, and these will be augmented in number. Special attention, it was announced, will be given to the South American countries at the request of their temperance organizations.

**Navv Asked to Search for Missing Coal Freighter**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The Shipping Board steamer, Lake Conway, which sailed from Philadelphia September 2 for Havana, coal laden, has not been heard from since her departure. The Navy Department was requested to-day to make search for her. The Lake Conway carried a crew of thirty-one.

**Coffee Steamer for N. Y. Reaches Barbados Afire**

ST. THOMAS, Virgin Islands, Sept. 20.—The British steamship Tennyson, bound from Brazil to New York, arrived at Barbados on September 17 with her bunkers afire, it was learned here to-day. The flames have spread to the cargo in No. 2 hold. According to last advices the cargo was being discharged and the passengers landed.

The Tennyson is a 3,000-ton vessel owned by the Lamport & Holt Line, owners of the Vesuvius, which put into St. Lucia last week with fire in her hold while on the way from New York to South America with more than 400 passengers and cargo.

Representative here of the line said that the average number of passengers carried by the Tennyson on her north-bound trip is between thirty and fifty, and her cargo consists mainly of coffee.

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The Autumn Season is now fairly inaugurated. The tang of coolness in the air o' mornings speaks eloquently of days near at hand when warm clothes will be indispensable, when furs will no longer be a Summer luxury but a Winter necessity. Meanwhile the city is gay with new frocks, new suits, new hats—new everything; including a new zest that is worth all the rest of the new things put together.

Magnificent Fur Garments and Rare Fur Scarfs

Luxurious Coats and Wraps revealing stately lines

are displayed on the Third Floor in a collection which embraces the choicest specimens of peltry obtainable.

Practically every leading couturiere of France and America has contributed to the display of new outer garments assembled on the Third Floor.

Chinchillas which, having seen, one must perforce dream about; Sables which to see is to covet; Mink, for which the demand exceeds the supply; these, and many others, are shown—some of them made up into luxurious garments that literally defy description, others fashioned into those adorable little neckpieces that everyone wants to wear with the Autumn suit.

Among the French creators represented in the latest arrivals from Paris are Drecoil, Worth, Bernard, Martial et Armand, Lanvin, Bulloz, Agnes, Cheruit, Robert, Caliot Soeurs, Premet and Jenny. Their originations, though differing essentially from each other as the stars differ in glory, are—one and all—marvels of artistry in line, color, fabric and workmanship.

New Fasso Corsets

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These corsets are made in Paris exclusively for B. Altman & Co., and may be accepted as presenting the silhouette authorized by the best-known French couturieres. Among them are models appropriate for every occasion and every type of costume; including corsets designed for wearing with the severely tailored suit or frock, with the graceful afternoon gown, with the décolleté evening gown and with the robe d'intérieur.

Many new and extremely chic models have been designed to meet the Autumn needs of the woman who enjoys outdoor life.

Corsets made to individual measurement are a specialized feature of the Corset Department's activities. For these, imported materials are used, all work being done by expert corsetieres.

Sports Suits, most of which are equally adapted for town, country or travel use, are shown in Scotch and rainbow tweeds, homespun, chevots, wool jersey and various novelty fabrics, and are priced (in stock) at \$29.00 to \$145.00.

Riding Habits, correctly cut and tailored, are shown in melton and covert cloths, whipcord and men's-wear mixtures, at prices ranging (in stock) from \$38.00 to \$125.00.

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