I. W. W. Plot Is Confessed By Man Who Fired Shots

Plans for the Murders on Armistice Day Made 3 Weeks Before, Says One of Members Under Arrest

Boy Saw Firing From Hill

Several of Those Held in Centralia Named as Being Involved in Crime

CENTRALIA, Wash., Nov. 15 (By The Associated Press).—I. W. W.'s planned the Centralia shooting three weeks before Armistice Day, according to an alleged confession made by L. Roberts, confessed I. W. W., who surrndered to the officers following Tuesday's shooting, in which bullets from the guns of the radicals killed four former American soldiers marching in the holiday parade.

The confession said the I. W. W.'s expected their hall would be attacked on Armistice Day, and that all the radicals who took part in the shooting expected to be killed. According to the statement of Roberts, Wesley Everetts, the lynched I. W. W., apparently directed the movements of the radicals, as he sent Roberts and two others to Seminary Hill, near the scene of the shooting, with orders to "shoot when they heard shooting."

Roberts implicated several I. W. W.'s in jail here and in nearby cities. After making the confession Roberts is said to have said he feared vengeance at the hands of his fellow radicals.

The confession, bearing Roberts's signature and witnessed by Robert Jackson, a local police officer, and G. H. Lewis, of Portland, Ore., a member of the American Legion, follows:

"I was on top of a hill with a .22 high power shooting into the street. I shot five shots. We started planning this three weeks ago, as we figured the I. W. W. were going to be attacked. Wesley Everetts sent me to the hill with two other men. I don't know both of their names. Hansen was the name of one. His right name is Loughtenoff, and he is a Finn. The I. W. W. furnished the guns.

"I used a .22 high power calibre and Hansen used a .250 Savage. I don't know the name of the other man, but he wore a logger's shirt and blue overalls. We were sent up on the hill about 1 o'clock. Just before we went one man was put in the Avion Hotel. I don't know his name, but he wore a brown suit, light mackinaw, and he had a small, light mustache. Everetts told us to shoot when they shot at us or when we heard shots. Smith was to use a .32-30 revolver.

"We expected all to be killed, and we done this with the intention of protecting our hall. I do not think that we got orders to do this from the outside, but planned it among ourselves. I don't know anything about any other plan or where men were to be put, but Smith was to stay in the hall. I know C. C. Bland, Britt Smith, Roy Becker, Hansen, alias Loughtenoff, the other fellow that was with us, and myself took part in the shooting.

"After the shooting I went home and hid across the field from the house in the brush. The other two men went to a shack of Hansen's up at the head of the Handford River. Hansen and the other man went together. We took the guns up in a suitcase and Hansen carried the suitcase. That was the suitcase that was fund up there.

"L. ROBERTS.

"Witnesses:
"ROBERT JACKSON.
"G. H. LEWIS."

Roberts, who, it is said, is known among the radical element as "Grand Mount," made the confession, according to officials, while in jail here Friday.

Roberts was one of the ten prisoners charged here yesterday with murder in the first degree. It was said tonight that County Attorney Herman Allen and C. D. Cunningham, his special assistant, have obtained a more detailed confession from Roberts since Friday.

Seminary Hill, mentioned in the confession, lies not far from Tower and Second avenues, the street corner near which Tuesday's shooting occurred. After the attack a small boy reported he saw three men on the hill during the parade. They were shooting toward town, he told the police. Later the boy found the suitcase mentioned in the statement.

The Hanford River mentioned apparently is not known here. There is a Hanford Valley near here, and it is thought possibly some small stream in the valley is called the Hanford River.

G. S. Ross, said to be head and organizer of the I. W. W. on the Olympic peninsula, is under arrest at Port Angeles. Officers searched his office and said they found five suitcases of I. W. W. stickers and pamphlets and many alleged radical periodicals.

In Ross' mail, the police asserted, they found a letter from an organization known as Der Klassenkampf, of Chicago, purported to be signed by a man who styled himself as secretary of the German propaganda branch of the I. W. W.

San Francisco I. W. W. Meetings Attended by Many School Children

Special Correspondence

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15.—A third raid on local headquarters of the I. W. W. was made by the police to-day, and nine arrests were made. Eighteen suspects are now in custody, nine having been gathered in when two I. W. W. halls were raided last night.

The action of the police followed charges that many school children were frequenting I. W. W. halls and receiving I. W. W. and other "Red" literature, which they were taking home to read.

After the arrests last night police officials announced that the raids marked the continuation of a campaign to clean out radicals in San Francisco and nearby cities. The county committee of the San Francisco American Legion is working on a clean-up program, and Oakland city officials have promised delegations from the American Legion, Spanish War Veterans and other organizations that radicals would not find refuge in that city.

Plumb Planners Drop Clerk Demanding Union

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Walter J. Attridge, employed at the Plumb Plan League headquarters here, formed a union of fellow workers. When he presented a petition embodying demands, Attridge says, he was discharged on the spot.

Attridge called a walk-out, which had not developed to-night. Also he gave out a statement, saying the league's officers "preach industrial democracy and practice industrial autocracy" and were not "actuated by the principles which they have for so long advocated for others."

The Plumb Plan League proposes a tri-partite control in the operation of railroads in which the workers shall have their voice. Warren S. Stone, head of the Locomotive Engineers' Brotherhood, is its president.

I. W. W.'s Held on Conspiracy Charge

All Warrants Issued in Coast Cities Allege an Attempted Revolution

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 15.—All I. W. W. members arrested in Seattle, Tacoma, Centralia and Chehalis are to be charged in Federal courts with attempted conspiracy to overthrow the government, United States District Attorney Robert C. Saunders declared here to-day.

The first Federal action against alleged I. W. W. members following the murder of four former service men at Centralia on armistice day was taken in Tacoma, where United States Commissioner E. B. Brockway issued conspiracy warrants against eighty-eight men now in custody in Tacoma and Centralia.

The warrants were issued on complaint of Charles Petrovitsky, special agent of the Department of Justice. The complaint quotes a large number of articles from I. W. W. publications and the I. W. W. constitution.

Henry White, Commissioner of Immigration, made formal announcement today that alien I. W. W.'s rounded up at Centralia would be deported if they were not held on murder charges by the county authorities.

Fifty-three members of the I. W. W. were taken into custody by Seattle police in several raids, and at Raymond Wash., eleven others were arrested by a citizens' committee.

Members of the American Legion awaited confirmation to-day of a report that Bert Bland, alleged slayer of Warren Grimm in the Centralia armistice day outbreak, had been apprehended.

Reports of a threatened invasion of Spokane by I. W. W.'s failed to materialize. Police officers there who met all incoming trains said that more woodsmen and other laborers were leaving than arriving.

John Grady, alleged by the police to be a former chairman of the Spokane I. W. W. defense fund, was arrested in Spokane to-day and charged with criminal syndicalism. Seventeen other alleged I. W. W.'s were arrested in Spokane during the day.

Advices from Tacoma said sixteen members of the American Legion, of Olympia, had left that city for Bald Hills, forty miles distant, in search of three I. W. W.'s alleged to have participated in the Centralia shooting.

Thirty-five alleged I. W. W. members also were jailed at South Bend, Wash.

60,000 'Reds' Under Watch, Says Palmer

Continued from page 1

ernmental system by violence and preached sedition.

English newspapers branded as anarchistic and menacing by the department's agents number 105. Mr. Palmer said. He explained that these were much more easily dealt with, as loyal citizens are aiding the government in reporting them.

In addition, Mr. Palmer said, 144 radical newspapers, published in foreign countries are received and distributed in the United States. Most of them, he said, were not sent through the mails, but were shipped in bulk and distributed by hand to the foreign population.

Mr. Palmer listed the foreign language newspapers engaged in radical activities, printed in this country, as follows: Armenian, 1; Bohemian, 9; Bulgarian, 3; Crotian, 4; Danish, 4; Esthonian, 1; Finnish, 11; French, 1; German, 21; Greek, 2; Hungarian, 23; Italian, 27; Jewish, 20; Lettish, 11; Portuguese, 1; Rumanian, 16; Slovenian, 8; Spanish, 8; Lithuanian, 15; Polish, 7; Sweden, 6; Ukrainian, 8, and Yiddish, 15.

Forty Translators Busy

The department has kept a corps of forty translators busy and is attempting to gather evidence of their activities from other sources as well, Mr. Palmer said. Articles advocating violence always are supported, he explained, by being followed up with pamphlets and other propaganda.

Most of the newspapers named are practically devoid of advertising, which the department accepts as proof that funds are coming from outside sources, Mr. Palmer said.

He argued for changes in immigration laws and revision to simplify laws governing deportation. Radical leaders have taken advantage of countless technicalities to evade deportation, he explained.

Practically all of the radical organizations in the country have looked upon the negro race as fertile ground for the spread of their doctrine, Mr. Palmer said. He warned that the propaganda had been successful in many respects and that the government should guard against trouble from that direction. Some publications, printed wholly for the benefit of negroes, have been particularly insolent, he said, and their attitude was traceable directly to leaders of radical groups, and not infrequently, to citizens of this country who have turned against their government.

Baltimore Agents Arrest Two "Reds"

45 Others in Big Ship Plant Discharged on Charges by Employees

BALTIMORE, Nov. 15.—Two alleged "Reds," employees of the Baltimore Dry Dock and Shipbuilding Company, were arrested by Department of Justice agents to-day and thirty other workmen suspected of being radical propagandists were discharged by the company.

During the last three weeks the company officials have been conducting an investigation to ascertain if radicals were at work among their employees. Upon finding at the plant a day or so ago copies of a "Red" circular urging the workers to rise and take possession of the plan, officials laid the situation before the loyal workmen, who pledged themselves to rid the plant of "Reds" without outside aid. The result of this move was the discharge of fifteen men yesterday and thirty to-day whom the workmen had found to be members of the I. W. W. and kindred organizations, including the Russian Workers' Union.

Russians Are Leading Strikers in Mexico

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Operations of Reds in Mexico are reported further in to-day's advices from Mexico City. A strike in Orizaba has assumed such proportions that General Elias Calles, Minister of Industry, Commerce and Labor, with the head of the Labor Bureau, has gone to that city.

The strikers, led by a small group of Russians, who came recently to that country, have refused to consider conciliation.

From Tamaulipas comes an official report that workmen have complained to the authorities of men exploiting them and spreading seditious propaganda.

12 West Virginia I. W. W.'s Arrested

Propaganda Is Found in Their Quarters in Mine Town, Say the Officials

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Nov. 15.—Department of Justice agents, with eight deputy sheriffs, to-day arrested twelve members of the Scott's Run local of the I. W. W. They were brought here and placed in jail.

Search of the quarters occupied by the men revealed large quantities of I. W. W. literature. Some of the pamphlets denounced the United Mine Workers as a "machine ridden, master dominated organization," and declared the I. W. W. invincible because of its "revolutionary" policies.

The authorities said that for three months or more copies of the pamphlets seized have been freely circulated in this section. Records at the Star City express office showed that they had been received at the rate of five hundred a week for months. They were consigned to the leaders of the I. W. W., all of whom are Russians, and who, the Sheriff's office believes, are now in jail.

Federal Aid Asked By Oregon Mayor

Baker, of Portland, Says Present Laws Won't Curb I. W. W. Activities

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Declaring the public inflamed against the activities of radicals and the situation serious, Mayor Baker, of Portland, Ore., chairman of the league of mayors, telegraphed Vice-President Marshall today urging Federal legislation to meet the situation.

"An appeal is made to the members of the Senate," said Mr. Baker, "to at once consider national legislation to make possible the arrest and conviction of persons, alien or otherwise, who are preaching disruption of the government of the United States or preaching violence or disloyalty to this country.

"The troubles of late, and notably the affair at Centralia on armistice day, are due to the growing boldness of this element. It is a national problem and city and state law enforcing agencies find that existing Federal laws on this subject are lax, and upon apprehending persons whose liberty is inimical to the safety of the people individually and collectively, prosecutions either are not possible or fail through technicalities.

"The situation is so serious that law enforcing agencies should have ironclad Federal laws under which they can operate in ridding our communities of this element."

Red Cross Drive Enrolls 300,000 New Yorkers

City Is Expected To Be Represented by 500,000 Before Campaign Closes

Nearly 300,000 New Yorkers already have enrolled in the Red Cross for 1920, roll call officials announced last night. The metropolitan committee believes that if the present average of enrollment is maintained New York City will be represented by 500,000 members next year.

It also was stated yesterday that J. P. Morgan & Co. had written to the Stock Exchange committee of the roll call that the $100,000 subscription made by that firm had been given with the express understanding it should go to the credit of the Stock Exchange committee. This means the entire amount will be credited to the local campaign, and that none of it will be diverted to the national headquarters of the Red Cross, at Washington, as was at first rumored. Hornblower & Weeks, bankers and brokers, contributed $3,000, which goes to the credit of the Stock Exchange committee of the division.

The 63,000 members reported by the industrial division is far from representing the complete figures of enrollment in this division, as full returns have not been received from the banks, the railroads, the gas and electrical industries, the express companies and the dry goods industry. The railroad companies always have enrolled a large number of members, and it is believed this year will be no exception.

Farmers Spurn Alliance With Labor Unions

Grange Flatly Rejects Invitation to Conference; Makes Action Final by Giving No Explanation

Parley Sought by Gompers

Representatives of 600,000 Agree Proposal Involves Peril to Organization

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Nov. 15.—Through their representatives 600,000 American farmers and their wives today declined an alliance with union labor. By an overwhelming vote the National Grange, in annual convention here, adopted, in reply to an invitation extended by Samuel Gompers for a conference in Washington, the following resolution:

"The National Grange declines your invitation for a conference in Washington December 13."

The Gompers letter had been referred to the committee on good of the order, and after three days' discussion that body late to-day reported. At once fervid debate began, one of the leaders being S. J. Lowell, of Fredonia, N. Y. Few voices were heard in support of the invitation, and these were from Western members. It was brought out by opponents that there was nothing in common between the agricultural interests and organized labor. To attend the Washington meeting, it was declared, would be a tacit admission that there were mutual interests.

The report as adopted was not the one submitted by the committee. The latter was a pleading of the case of agriculture as well as a refusal of the Gompers proffer.

Finally two substitutes were offered. The one adopted is given above. The reason of the substitution was found in suggestions of several speakers that the report threw open the doors to any statement union labor might wish to make and so offered the beginning to an endless argument. It was held that a mere refusal of the invitation effectually closed the case.

Opinion on the merits of the two answers was pretty evenly divided, and when it came to a vote the shorter form won only by a narrow margin.

Daniel Frohman Suffers An Attack of Vertigo

Overwork on Actors' Memorial Day Drive Causes Him to Collapse

Daniel Frohman, who has been working day and night for the success of Actors' Memorial Day, December 5, despite the warning of his physician that he was overdoing, collapsed yesterday. The president of the Actors' Fund was stricken with vertigo while attending a meeting of the campaign committee in the Lyceum Theatre Building, in West Forty-sixth Street. Dr. George M. Bennett, who happened to be in the building, revived him and accompanied him home.

Since the campaign was launched to sell tickets for the special matinee to be held in all theatres throughout the country on December 5, Mr. Frohman has been at work indefatigably, speaking many times here and in other cities, and giving all his time to directing the drive.

Dr. Bennett said last night that his condition was not serious and that after two weeks of absolute rest, he would be able to resume his activities in the interest of the fund. Mr. Frohman left town last night to spend the vacation imposed on him in the country.

Franklin Simon, chairman of the Retail and Needle Industries Division of the campaign committee, announced last night that his organization had subscribed more than $30,000 in cash to the fund.

"We jumped into the Actors' Fund drive," he said, "just as we lined up to put the Liberty loans, the Red Cross drive and the other war campaigns across."

The campaign committee, through W. Ward Smith, associate chairman, announced that thirty Governors have agreed to serve on the Governors' committee of the drive.

Duchess Consuelo Leaves Residue of $1,768,509

Petition for Settlement of Her Estate Filed in Surrogates' Court

Petition for the judicial settlement of the estate of Consuelo, Dowager Duchess of Manchester, was filed in the Surrogates' Court by the United States Trust Company, the trustee of the estate in this country. Frederick O. Beach, who was another trustee, died in December, 1918.

After the deduction of funds for establishing trust funds, the accounts filed show the residue of the American estate amounts to $1,768,509. The funds were created to produce annuities for four grandchildren of the Dowager Duchess and for her sisters, Miss Emilie Yznaga, of Paris, and Mabel, Countess Zichy of Budapest. The residuary estate consists mostly of railroad securities, there being also stock of the United States Steel Corporation valued at $225,700.

The trustees have paid from the income of the property here $119,225 to the Duke of Manchester, son of the Dowager Duchess, and $164,604 to his wife, Helen, Duchess of Manchester.

The titled testator provided in her will that the income to be paid her son if in the opinion of the English executors it is used by the duke "in a proper and reasonable manner for the maintenance of himself and his wife and the maintenance and education of his children in a manner suitable to their station in life."

A codicil to the will bequeathed to Dowager Queen Alexandra of England a diamond and ruby bracelet as a token of "affectionate regard for her majesty."

Death of Mrs. Raeder Believed To Be Murder

Arrest Is Expected Soon, Officials of Nassau County Now Declare

MINEOLA, N. Y., Nov. 15.—Working on a theory of murder, the authorities of Nassau County will hold an inquest over the body of Mrs. J. D. Raeder, of 27 West Ninetieth Street, New York, whose mysterious death at Long Beach on October 21 last has heretofore baffled the police.

Mrs. Raeder was found floating in the ocean off the summer resort, clad only in underwear. The case was reported as suicide. A preliminary inquest disclosed that there was no water in the lungs, and diamonds the woman is said to have worn are missing.

County Detective Carman Plant and Allen O. Meyers, of the Burns Detective Agency, assigned to the case, say they expect to make an arrest soon. Dr. Otto Schultz, of Manhattan, city medical examiner, has been engaged to analyze the stomach in a search for poison.

J. D. Raeder, husband of the woman, is employed by the Standard Oil Company at 27 Broadway.

Situation in Senate Halts Final Action On Railroad Bill

House Decides to Continue Work When Upper Body Fails to Act on Resolution for Adjournment

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Final action on the Esch railroad bill was postponed by the House to-day after failure of the Senate to take action on a resolution on adjournment made it impossible for the House to adjourn until next week.

During debate Representative Towner, Republican, of Iowa, declared that possible "defeat of the treaty" in the Senate would require that the House join in passage of a resolution declaring "that the war is at an end."

Chairman Esch of the Interstate Commerce Committee, in charge of the railroad bill, announced that "because of the Senate situation," the night session of the House would be discontinued, and work would be resumed on the bill Monday. House leaders were confident adjournment would be taken early next week.

Water Line Provisions Approved

An unsuccessful effort by members from interior states to write into the bill a rigid rule for the interpretation of the fourth section of the existing commerce act, relating to freight charges on long and short hauls, marked the debate. Their fight was blocked when opponents declared such a rule would destroy rate structures throughout the country without benefiting the inter-mountain territory.

The House approved several provisions of the bill relating to water lines.

Under one section approved, the Panama Canal act forbidding railroad ownership of steamboats was amended to permit carriers to own vessels on the Great Lakes and Long Island Sound.

Another amendment to the canal act, also adopted, empowers the Interstate Commerce Commission to direct either water or rail carriers to establish connections by constructing docks or tracks.

Representative Hayden, Democrat, of Arizona, made the proposal that the fourth section of the commerce act be made mandatory, and Representative Sims, Democrat, of Tennessee proposed that no departure be permitted because of water competition.

Both motions were defeated.

Pool of Earnings Authorized

"A rigid fourth section, as proposed by Mr. Hayden, would be revolutionary to traffic and business would be shaken to its very foundation," declared Mr. Esch. "It would mean that lines between competitive points would have to follow the shortest route. It would throw traffic on the shortest lines, add to congestion and destroy circuitous routes."

The House adopted an amendment to permit the Interstate Commerce Commission to authorize roads to consolidate or pool their earnings and facilities. The carriers receiving such authority would, under the bill, be relieved from anti-trust prosecution.

Part success finally crowned the fight against the extension of the authority of the Interstate Commerce Commission over the water carriers. By a vote of 81 to 59 the House eliminated the section permitting the commission to establish minimum rail and water rates. It also voted, 102 to 31, that control by state authorities over state or municipal owned water terminals should not be relinquished to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Second Cruiser Arrives To Escort Prince Home

Constance, Two Days Overdue, Passes Up Hudson, Anchoring Just Below the Renown

The British cruiser Constance, two days overdue because of stormy weather, entered the harbor yesterday, receiving and returning salutes at Governors Island and at 110th Street and the Hudson River, where she steamed past the American superdreadnought Delaware.

The Constance dropped anchor off Eighty-sixth Street, just below the British battle cruiser Renown, for which the Constance will act as escort Saturday when the Renown starts eastward with the Prince of Wales aboard.

Officers and seamen of the British vessels will be entertained during their stay by the Mayor's Committee on Receptions to Distinguished Guests and by the Stage Women's War Relief.

The Prince of Wales is going to the Horse Show at Madison Square Garden Wednesday afternoon. The executive committee of the National Horse Show Association decided last night to conduct public sales of tickets for that day as usual.

USED CARS OF QUALITY

TOWN CARS

CADILLAC, 1919, Surburban Sedan.
CADILLAC, "57," 1919, Coupe.
CADILLAC, "57," 1918, Coupe.
CADILLAC, "57," 1918, Limousine.
CADILLAC, "57," Land. French Bro.
CADILLAC, "57," Sedan Brougham.
CADILLAC, "57", sp'l 4-pas. Coupe.
HUDSON, 1919, Sport Sedan, 4-pas.
HUDSON, 1918, Sport Sedan.
HUDSON, 1918, Sedan, 4 door.
LOCOMOBILE, "48," 1919, Limousine.
MARMON, 1917, Coupe.
MARMON, 1918, Town Car.
MARMON, 1917, 4-Passenger.
MITCHELL, 1918, Sedan.
MURRAY, Sedan (Brand New).
PACKARD, 2-25, 5-Passenger.
PACKARD, 1919, (Brand New).
PACKARD, 1919, 3-35, Touring.
PEERLESS, 1917, Sedan.
PIERCE, Dual Valve, 1919, Landaulet.
PIERCE, "38," 1918, 7-passenger.
STANDARD, "8," 1917, Sedan.
STUTZ, 1917, 4 & 6-Passenger.
STUTZ, 1917, Sedan.
NEW BODIES, Limousine Broughams.

ROSKAM SCOTT Co.
1896 B'WAY—63 ST.
COLUMBUS 907

ZENITH CARBURETOR

Has Proven Its Worth

Its design is correct in theory and it is constructed on the same principles characteristic of The Zenith as invented and manufactured in France 11 years ago. By 1911 The Zenith had become the acknowledged leader in Europe. To-day it is the acknowledged leader among American built carburetors and factories in France, England, Italy and the United States are working to capacity to meet the world-wide demand. The first automobile manufacturer to adopt Zenith carburetors in the United States still uses them as standard equipment on his car. You who are having trouble with your carburetor will do well to follow the lead of the automobile manufacturers who have found The Zenith best suited for their requirements. It takes care of the present low grade of gasoline. Our exchange proposition makes it easy.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED.

JAMES C. NICHOLS, INC.,
1671 B'way, Corner 52d St.
CIRCLE—1626.
After Jan. 1, 1920, at our new location, 840 7th Ave., Cor. 54 St., near B'way.

The Easier Kind of Coffee—No Coffee-Pot Needed

NO boiling, no straining, no bother, no grounds, no waste, no trouble. Scientifically refined by Mr. Washington's refining process. It comes to you in concentrated powder form, and all that is necessary is to pour on the boiling hot water. Dissolves instantly. Any one can make absolutely pure, delicious coffee, with strength to suit individual taste. Made in the cup at the table.

G. Washington Sales Co., Inc.,
334 Fifth Avenue, New York

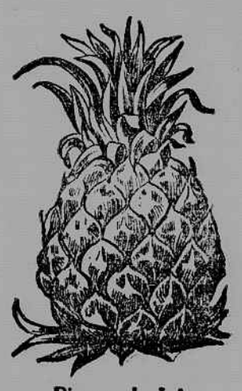
Washington's COFFEE

Originated by Mr. Washington in 1909

Thanksgiving Offer

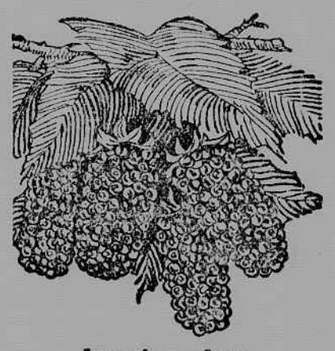
One Dessert Free

A Real-Fruit Dessert For Six People



Pineapple Juice

Comes condensed in a bottle in Pineapple Jiffy-Jell. We use the juice of half a Pineapple to flavor a pint dessert



Loganberry Juice

Comes condensed in a vial in Loganberry Jiffy-Jell. You get the juice of many berries in a pint dessert

This is an offer to buy you this week a Jiffy-Jell dessert for six people.

Many housewives don't know what Jiffy-Jell means to them. They know the old-style quick desserts, but not the new.

Jiffy-Jell brings you real-fruit flavors—not the artificial. Each package contains a bottle of fruit juice condensed.

We crush the real fruit, and much of it, to flavor a Jiffy-Jell dessert. A Jiffy-Jell dainty seems filled with fruit. Here you get fresh-fruit delights. And you get its healthful acids, needed every day.

Try One Fruit Free

Present the coupon to your grocer this week. Buy two packages of any flavor and he will give you a full-size package of Jiffy-Jell in Loganberry or Pineapple flavor free. We will pay him for the free package. This will give you three packages for the price of two.

Jiffy-Jell comes in many fruit flavors, but the choicest are Loganberry and Pineapple. You will find in each package a bottle of the fruit-juice flavor in liquid form, condensed.

The Jiffy-Jell mixture is ready-sweetened, acidulated and in proper color. Simply add a pint of boiling water, then the flavor from the vial, and let cool.

See what you get—a real-fruit dessert for six people. It will have a wealth of fruit. It will change your whole conception of quick gelatine desserts.

Note that this offer is made on two flavors—on Loganberry and Pineapple only. Your grocer has no right to offer another. We want you to know Jiffy-Jell at its best.

Then always remember that this real-fruit dainty is ever at your command. It will bring you the joys of real fruit. And it will cost you, when you buy it, only a few cents per dinner. It will cost you less than the fruit alone which we use to make the flavor.

This offer is for this week only. Cut out the coupon now. If your grocer lacks the flavors mentioned, go to another store.

Makes a Pint Dessert Like This

Be Sure and Get This Package

Each package has a sealed glass bottle of fruit juice, in condensed form.

Full Size Package Free

Present This to Your Grocer

Jiffy-Jell, Waukesha, Wisconsin

I have bought today two packages of Jiffy-Jell of my grocer and he has given me, without charge, one package in Loganberry or Pineapple flavor.

Write your name and address clearly

To the Grocer: We will pay you in cash your retail price for each of these coupons which you redeem. Send them to us at the end of the week, with your bill.

To the Housewife: Note that it would be a fraud on us to deliver or accept any product but Jiffy-Jell on this coupon when we pay the grocer for it.

Waukesha Pure Food Co., Waukesha, Wis.