

Turkey and Germany Plan New Alliance

SALONIKI, Jan. 16.—A telegram from a Greek source received here says that the Turkish military authorities at Marzouf, Anatolia, have received a message reporting that a new alliance between Germany and Turkey is about to be concluded.

for the withdrawal of the American railway experts under the same conditions and simultaneously with the departure of the American military forces.

"The government of the United States desires the Japanese government to know that it regrets the necessity for this decision, because it seems to mark the end, for the time being at least, of a cooperative effort by Japan and the United States to assist the Russian people, which had of late begun to bear important results and seemed to give promise for the future.

Japan's Cooperation Commended "The government of the United States is most appreciative of the friendly spirit which has animated the government of Japan in this undertaking, and is convinced that the basis of understanding which has been established will serve in the future to facilitate the common efforts of the two countries to deal with the problems which confront them in Siberia.

"The government of the United States does not in the least relinquish the deep interest which it feels in the political and economic future of the people of Siberia nor its purpose to cooperate with Japan in the most frank and friendly way in all practical plans which may be suggested for the political and economic rehabilitation of that region.

"It is suggested that the government of Japan may desire to communicate to the other principal Allied governments the substance of the aide memoire of December 8. This government will likewise make known to them the substance of the present communication."

Belief Grows in Britain That U. S. Will Join League

Impression Based on Report From Paris That England, France and Italy Plan to Form "Triple Alliance"

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The belief that America will accept the league of nations appears to be growing in Great Britain. It is felt that the nation which first sponsored the proposed world combination soon will come around, now that the league appears to be in its decadence.

These impressions are based on reports from Paris that a new defensive alliance, embracing Great Britain, France and Italy, with all the pre-war secret diplomacy attending such an enterprise, is in the process of formation. Silence as propaganda for the league is believed to be succeeding, where more noisy pleas failed.

In support of the report of a new alliance "The Westminster Gazette" well informed Paris correspondent's report is interesting. The decadence which has overtaken the peace parleys has had "one definite result," he says. "It has brought about a situation which is likely to result in the formation of a triple alliance in Paris, I learn.

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British Council To Devise Curb Of 'Red' Peril

Defensive Policy Is Looked For as Result of Conference of War Officials With Premier in Paris

Persia Calls for Support London Press Declares Situation Is Serious and the Menace to India Is Real

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The impression prevailed here to-day that in the conference at Paris of Premier Lloyd George, Winston Spencer Churchill, the War Minister; Walter Hume Long, First Lord of the Admiralty; Earl Beatty, commander of the Grand Fleet, and Field Marshal Sir Henry Wilson, chief of the imperial staff, it will be decided to take some defensive action against Bolshevik military aggression.

The Persian government has requested Great Britain to state what assistance can be given Persia in the event of a Bolshevik invasion and what defensive action by Persia would accord with the British policy.

An unconfirmed report from Berlin says Enver Pasha, former Turkish War Minister, who recently was crowned King of Kurdistan, has been in Berlin and has proceeded to Asia Minor. This raises the question of whether the German government is supporting the man who is the strongest ally of the Bolsheviks in the East.

In an editorial dealing with what it calls the "Bolshevik Menace" "The Globe" says: "It is time the people should recognize the peril with which civilization is menaced. The Bolshevik army is the strongest and most numerous in Europe. We must face the fact that Bolshevism by its very nature cannot remain confined to Russia, but must endeavor to spread over the whole civilized world. There is no occasion for panic, but an obvious need for wise and resolute statesmanship."

Dealing with the same subject, "The Pall Mall Gazette" says: "The significance of the Bolshevik activities in Asia is probably a subject of under-estimation rather than of exaggeration. Bolshevik leaders have shown remarkable power in moulding the ignorant population of Russia to their will by a skillful mixture of fear and falsehood. If they can extend the process to India they may produce a menace which ordinary terms are quite inadequate to describe. No confidence can rest in the defensive provisions of that country."

British Policy Blamed "The Westminster Gazette" asks if the new extension of war with the Bolsheviki which seems likely to be a mere sequel of the British policy. "Given an end of that policy by our simple withdrawal from the European struggle," the newspaper asks, "would the Bolsheviki state dream of carrying on a new war of aggression in the East?"

The newspaper says the announcement of what amounts to a new war is a negation of all hopes for the world's financial reconstruction. "If the government" it adds, "expect the nation to acquiesce readily and quietly to the Bolsheviki state dream of carrying on a new war of aggression in the East?"

"The Allies must decide quickly what the activities against Bolshevism are to be in the next few weeks and days," says "The Evening News" in its comment. "There is no use to talk with the Bolsheviki until they have been driven to a point where they are prepared to accept the terms of a peace which will be to their advantage."

"Price of Stupidity," says "The Star" says the semi-official statement regarding Bolshevism is "very ominous." "In plain English," the paper declares, "the English condition has failed, and is preparing to drag us into vast new military adventures involving an illimitable expenditure. We are paying the price of our stupidity in waging war against the Soviet Government of Russia."

"The Star" thinks the right policy would be to use the league of nations, "and take control of the madmen who are hustling and hurrying us into wars, the end of which no man can foresee. There must be an end of the humbug, and lying hypocrisy and war propaganda must be stopped. Let us have the truth instead of a nauseous stream of propaganda lies. We are sick of atrocity mongers on both sides."

Bolsheviki Attacks Repelled Advances to the Lettish Legion here from Riga under yesterday's date state

New Outbreaks Cause Death in German Towns

Demonstration at Frankfurt Against "Assassins of Berlin" Is Prevented by Troops

Leaders of Mob Arrested Efforts of Radicals to Provoke a General Protest Strike Prove Ineffective

ESSEN, Jan. 16.—Several persons have been killed and wounded in disturbances at Duisburg, Steckrahe and other towns in the industrial district, where 20,000 miners are striking. The Duesseldorf region has been declared under a strict state of siege.

Troops have intervened at Frankfurt to enforce orders prohibiting an Independent Socialist demonstration protesting against the "assassins of Berlin."

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—Proceedings against leaders of the mob which stormed the Reichstag Building yesterday, as well as those responsible for the proclamation that brought the crowds into the streets, have begun by the State's Attorney. Fifteen arrests already have been made.

Boards to Comprise 600,000 Council Surveillance boards comprising a total membership of 600,000 workers throughout Germany would be provided for in the industrial councils bill, now before the Reichstag. Opposition to this bill was the ostensible cause for the rioting Tuesday afternoon.

Deputy Voelger, National Liberal, who is opposing this bill, declared in an address yesterday that 10,000 miners were demanding places on these boards, and asserted if they secured the desired posts they would be precluded from their usual work. He said this would result in an annual decrease of mined coal amounting to 1,500,000 tons.

Attempts of radical labor leaders to provoke a general strike yesterday as a protest against the shooting of members of the mob which stormed the Reichstag failed completely. A 1 o'clock meeting of the industrial city presented its usual aspect. A few of the largest shops, where radicals predominate, were shut down, but no street demonstrations were visible in the downtown centers.

Socialist Factions Clash In many large industrial plants there were sharp clashes between Majority Socialist labor leaders, who opposed a strike, and Independent Socialist and Communist agitators. Gustav Noske, Minister of Defense, announced drastic penalties would be inflicted upon any who attempt to interfere with troops or with technical emergency crews which are protecting public utilities.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The strikers on the German railways have resumed work in a majority of the districts, says a Central News dispatch from Berlin to-day. The men, it is said, received wage increases of 200 marks (\$20) monthly, while the salaries of officials were increased 150 per cent. These increases, it was stated, will bring about a deficit of an additional 300,000,000 marks (nominally \$375,000,000) for the railways, which probably will lead to another rise in rates.

Flood Threatens Holland

Holocaust Seems Certain Unless Rivers Subside Speedily THE HAGUE, Jan. 16.—Unless the Rhine, the Maas and other rivers speedily subside, Holland will be threatened by one of the greatest fresh water floods in its history. The recent high water, which for a brief time weakened the emergency dikes, and the present high water greatly endangers them.

The two preliminary dikes which ordinarily protect the emergency dikes already in some sections are under water. In some places the water has washed the emergency dikes which protect the country. Arnhem and Nijmegen resemble Venice, the waters having mounted to the first story of the houses. The rivers were still rising to-day.

Pope Congratulates Hoover Letter Especially Comments Work in Behalf of Children ROME, Jan. 16.—The Pope has written a letter to Herbert Hoover, director general of the Inter-Allied Relief Organization during the war, congratulating him on his work done in favor of the peoples who suffered as the result of conflict.

The Pontiff especially thanks Mr. Hoover for his services in behalf of the 3,000,000 children who were innocent victims of the war. All Americans are exhorted in the letter to "help the suffering populations."

Dublin Elects Three Sinn Fein Commoners

Reports From Rural Districts Show Party Aspirants Got Preponderance of Votes

DUBLIN, Jan. 16.—Preliminary returns in the municipal elections in Dublin show successes for the Sinn Fein candidates. Three Sinn Fein Commoners were elected on the first count, including Aldermen Tom Kelly, now in prison in London, who obtained more than three times the necessary vote.

Lord Mayor O'Neill, whose term expired, although running as an independent candidate, scored a record poll, due to the fact, it was said, that he supported Sinn Fein candidates in other sections.

Results from the country districts of Ireland indicate the preponderance of the vote went to the Sinn Fein aspirants, and it is considered certain that the party, together with Labor, will have a considerable majority outside of the city.

STRANE, Ireland, Jan. 16.—Dan Doherty, president of the Sinn Fein club here, was arrested to-day by armed police while counting votes cast in Thursday's election. It was stated he would be deported to England. The populace assumed a threatening attitude toward the police, and trouble is anticipated.

Cold and Darkness Threatening Hotels

Office Buildings Also Affected if Firemen Carry Out Promised Strike Engineers and firemen in buildings whose owners have refused the demands of the International Union of Steam and Operating Engineers and the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen will go on strike Monday, according to an announcement made yesterday by Timothy J. Healy, president of the firemen's union.

Mr. Healy said the refusal of the Hotel Men's Association and the Real Estate Men's Association to increase wages has caused the taking of a strike vote which was 100 per cent affirmative. The thousands of engineers and firemen will go on strike, he asserted, and hotels, clubs, apartment houses and office buildings would be affected.

Mr. Healy will try to prevent all inconvenient strikes possible at the hospitals, said Mr. Healy, "but we have decided to take action in the case of the hospitals as well as all other buildings where our duties were refused, because of the fact that firemen and engineers at hospitals get even lower pay than in many other buildings."

Engineers in apartment houses, hotels, clubs and office buildings get from \$25 to \$37 a week, from \$20 to \$29 a day. The unions demand a 30 per cent wage increase, an eight-day, six-day week and union recognition. Cold and darkness is their sentence on all property owners who refuse them.

Lone Passenger Saved Of 474 on the Afrigue

Paris, Jan. 16.—Georges Metayer, of Bordeaux, was the only passenger rescued of the 474 aboard the steamer Afrigue when she was wrecked last Sunday in the Bay of Biscay.

M. Metayer said that many others might have been saved, but that they refused to enter the boats. He described the scenes aboard the vessel when the stricken Senegalese prayer. Many passengers took matters calmly, believing that sight of the steamer (Cayon) which was summoned to the scene by wireless on Saturday, meant safety, he said.

With a hole in her side, the Afrigue seemed toward land through a tempest. Her speed decreased as the water in the hold extinguished some of the fires, the narrator continued. By night all the fires were out and the supply of electricity stopped. It took a place in a boat with a number of members of the crew. For more than an hour we couldn't get away from the steamer, which leaned over frightfully."

Malone, N. Y., Jan. 16.—The thermometer registered forty-seven degrees below zero at Dix Moose early to-day, the lowest temperature of the winter in the Adirondacks. Trains on all lines are running several hours late.

The League of Nations Holds Paris Meeting

Count Quinones de Leon Ambassador to France, for Spain.

Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain, and Viscount Grey of Fallodon, British Ambassador to the United States, dropped into the meeting at an early stage. Mr. Lloyd George soon retired, however. Viscount Grey remained and was invited to a front seat. These were the only visitors of note.

Earl Curzon, British representative on the council of the league, said: "On behalf of the British Empire I desire to express the loyalty of my government and the external dominions of the British crown to the spirit underlying the covenant of the league of nations. It is our intention by every means in our power, to insure its practical efficiency. It is our firm belief that through its instrumentality alone we can hope to insure that such miseries that the world has experienced during the last five years shall not be repeated and that a new era of international relationship shall dawn."

The league of nations is an expression of the universal desire for saner methods of regulating affairs of mankind and provides machinery by which practical effect may be given the principles of international friendship and good will. The success of the labors of the peace conference is a good augury for the future of the league of nations. For the first time in the history of the world, representatives of governments, employers and labor, and an advance exceeding the results of a century has been made in the field of international action on industrial questions."

Signor Ferraris, on behalf of Italy, said his nation was glad to respond to the invitation to fix the headquarters of the great American people. He mentioned the skepticism amidst which the league was born, and said this was a fact to be neither exaggerated nor ignored.

Signor Ferraris added that among the duties of the league would be to give attention to the high cost of transportation, the high cost of living and the fact that he was the only representative from America present, and said he was proud to have the honor of bringing assurances of the cooperation of the American in the operation of the league.

After delivery of the speeches, M. Bourgeois announced that the only item on the order of the day was the commission to fix the headquarters of the league. The French Premier, together with one member appointed by the French government and one by Germany, The Count of Bourgeois, an English member, Colonel Wace, an English member, Major Lambert, a Belgian, and Major Kobaisch, a Japanese.

The entrance of Premier Lloyd George and Viscount Grey occurred during the delivery of M. Bourgeois' speech, and was almost unobserved. When their presence became known to the members of the council an usher entered to invite the two gentlemen to the front. The British Premier expressed himself, saying it was necessary for him to leave.

M. Bourgeois addressed a few words of welcome to Viscount Grey, who replied that he had no standing in the meeting and no right to take the floor, but that he desired to acknowledge the gracious reception accorded him and was proud to be present on the occasion of such a good augury for the future of the world.

Snow Follows Mercury Rise

Rain and warmer to-day, but colder to-morrow, forecast. As yesterday's cold began to moderate a snow storm set in. The first flakes fell about the middle of the afternoon and the storm was still on at midnight. The flakes had turned to stinging pellets, however, substantiating the possibility of rain suggested for to-day by the Weather Bureau.

The coldest hour of the day was 7 a. m., when the mercury stood at six degrees above zero, and the mercury continued to climb, reaching twenty degrees at 11 p. m. The forecast for to-day is snow or rain and warmer. It will be fair to-morrow, the Weather Bureau says, and colder by night.

Basle, Jan. 16.—Count Arco Valtenberg, the student who in February of last year assassinated Kurt Eisner, President of the Bavarian Republic, has been sentenced to death.

The Pontiff especially thanks Mr. Hoover for his services in behalf of the 3,000,000 children who were innocent victims of the war. All Americans are exhorted in the letter to "help the suffering populations."

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Lodge Is Firm On Reservation To Article X

but only with the Lodge reservations. "I favor a compromise between the Lodge and the Democratic reservations in order to facilitate ratification."

"The blank ballots were revised and approved by Senator Lodge and myself. Two arguments were placed before the students of these colleges in printed form, one prepared by Senator Lodge and one by myself. Senator Lodge argued for ratification with the Lodge reservations. I opposed the Lodge reservations, but stated that reservations not contained in all was for ratification without compromise. I maintained that the only practical question was what reservations should be taken, and urged a compromise between the Lodge and the Democratic reservations."

"Thus, despite that no argument was presented in favor of unqualified ratification, the largest vote polled, about 60 per cent of all, was for unqualified ratification. About 30 per cent voted for compromise reservations, about 20 per cent for the Lodge reservations and less than 10 per cent against ratification in any form."

For Unqualified Ratification "This shows a sentiment for unqualified ratification which is much stronger than I had supposed, a sentiment so strong as to cause amazement."

"I also ask to insert a tabulated statement showing the vote of the various larger colleges, headed by Cornell and ending with Smith, and also a tabulated statement on each proposition of the votes by the faculties and the students in all of the states so far as canvassed, and finally a summary of the detailed votes of student and faculty on each proposition."

The table submitted for the larger colleges covered Cornell, Vassar, Boston College, Wellesley, Yale, Radcliffe, Johns Hopkins, Harvard, Columbia, Texas, New York University, Wisconsin, Idaho, Buffalo, Maine, Tufts, Rutgers, Michigan and Smith. These, aggregated, showed 8,174 votes for ratification without reservations or amendments and 3,223 against ratification in any form was 9,146 students and 420 faculty members; in favor of ratification with the Lodge reservations were 16,223 students and 1,099 faculty members. In favor of ratification on the basis of a compromise between the Lodge and Democratic reservations were 32,391 students and 3,612 faculty members.

Claims 75 Per Cent "The figures," continued Senator Hitchcock, "show that for unqualified ratification and for a compromise such as the one proposed, 75,563, or about 75 per cent, have voted. On the other hand, for the Lodge reservations only 20 per cent have voted."

The Rochester Times-Union's few days ago took a vote which showed in favor of ratification without reservations, 1,706; in favor of ratification with reservations acceptable to the President, 783; in favor of ratification with the Lodge reservations, 166; in favor of a compromise on reservations, 122; in favor of rejection of the treaty, 39.

This result corresponds closely with the poll by The Portland (Ore.) Journal. I defy any Senator to bring into the Chamber any test vote that will show a favorable result for the Lodge reservations. No Senator will find any fair test anywhere that the Lodge reservations can poll more than 25 per cent of the votes."

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