

24 Republicans Bolt Caucus on Daylight Bill

Assemblymen Almost Come to Blows Over Speaker Sweet's Efforts to Force Passage of the Measure

New York Men Protest

Sixty-seven, or Nine Less Than Needed, Agree to Make Issue a Party Matter

From a Staff Correspondent
ALBANY, April 14.—The anxiety of Speaker Sweet to force the passage of the daylight savings repeal bill almost precipitated a free-for-all fight this afternoon, when Republican members of the Assembly were ordered by the Speaker to caucus on the Fowler measure, which has already passed the Senate.

The caucus action was taken against the vehement protests of the New York City members, and one New York man almost came to blows with an upstate member when he declared he would not permit himself to be gagged. Twenty-four Republicans bolted, leaving sixty-seven who agreed to make daylight savings repeal a party measure.

Four greater New York men—Nicholas M. Petta, of Queens; John C. Hawkins, Solomon and Robert Wallace, of New York—refused to enter the caucus. The twenty-four men who bolted included all the New York City men except Assemblymen Martin Bourke and George M. Jesse. Three Erie County men—John W. Slacer, August Seabach and George E. D. Brady—also bolted.

In declining to follow the dictates of Speaker Sweet the New York men declared that their constituents are opposed to the repeal of the daylight savings act, and that they have pledged themselves to fight to the finish to have the law remain on the statute books.

Some of the upstate men from the rural districts upheld the bolt of the New York City members, declaring Sweet was exceeding his prerogatives in trying to make the repeal a party matter.

"This is not a party matter," said Colonel Ransom H. Gillett, of Columbia County.

"It is a Sweet matter," said Assemblyman Joseph Steinberg.

"It isn't a Sweet matter," said Speaker Sweet.

It was doubted to-night if Speaker Sweet will succeed in his aim to repeal the act. The caucus only guarantees him sixty-seven votes, and seventy-six are necessary to pass the bill.

McCumber Offers Trade Peace Plan Substitute for House Bill

Puts Commerce With Berlin on Pre-War Basis

From the Tribune's Washington Bureau
WASHINGTON, April 14.—A resolution to restore to their pre-war status commercial relations between the United States and Germany was introduced in the Senate to-day by Senator McCumber, Republican, of North Dakota.

It was offered as a substitute for the Porter peace resolution passed by the House last week, and now in the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. The committee will take up both resolutions at a special meeting to-morrow.

Introduction of the McCumber plan to-day was the first move made by the friends of the Versailles treaty in the Senate to modify the peace resolution adopted by the House. The McCumber measure would continue the technical state of war and would continue in effect all war-time legislation that did not affect trading with the enemy. The text of the resolution follows:

"Whereas, actual hostilities between the warring nations in the late war ceased on November 11, 1918, under and by virtue of the terms of an armistice of said date; and

"Whereas, the German government has acknowledged its defeat and has by treaty yielded to every demand imposed by its enemies in said war, including the disbanding of its armies; and

"Whereas, commercial relations have been resumed between the said German government and other governments associated with the United States in said war, now, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That commercial relations between the United States and Germany be, and the same are, hereby resumed to the same extent and under the same limitations as though no war had existed between the said governments, and all acts prohibiting trade and commerce between the nationals of said governments enacted since April 6, 1917, are hereby repealed in so far as they are in conflict with this resolution."

Coalition Liberals Win British Minister of Labor Is Re-elected to Parliament

Sinn Feiners Freed; Irish Strike Ended

LONDON, April 14.—Dr. T. J. Macnamara, recently appointed Minister of Labor, has been re-elected to Parliament on a Coalition Liberal ticket for the northwest division of Camberwell. Miss Susan Lawrence, the Labor candidate, ran second, and J. C. Carroll, an Independent Liberal, third.

The election was necessitated by Dr. Macnamara's elevation to Cabinet rank.

In the Basingstoke constituency, Sir Arthur Holbrook, Coalition Unionist, was elected to the House of Commons to succeed Sir Auckland Geddes, now Ambassador to the United States. The Liberal and Labor candidates were second and third, respectively, in the poll, with a difference of only forty-one votes between them.

The vote in the Camberwell district was: Macnamara, 6,818; Miss Lawrence, 4,733; Carroll, 3,386.

British Tempers Policy in Ireland

Earl of Granard May Succeed French; Gen. Maccready to Conciliate

LONDON, April 15.—The release of the Irish prisoners was by direct order of General Sir Nevill Maccready, and marks the beginning of an entire change in the Irish policy, according to a prominently displayed statement in "The Daily Mail" this morning.

When it became clear some time ago, says this paper, that the policy of repression was leading to disastrous consequences, the Premier decided to change the policy, and, if necessary, get rid of the men associated with the old régime. He suddenly and without warning told J. J. Macpherson, Chief Secretary for Ireland, that he was to be transferred to the pensions ministry, and appointed General Maccready in command of the troops, without consulting the Irish office.

General Maccready, it is added, was instructed to inaugurate a new policy of conciliation, and received a free hand. In other words, he was to supersede the existing heads of the government in Ireland.

General Maccready arrived in Dublin Wednesday morning and ordered the release of the prisoners after an exchange of wireless messages with Premier Lloyd George, who is on his way to San Remo, according to "The Daily Mail."

Inasmuch as General Maccready reversed the policy for which Viscount French was responsible, the Viceroy, the paper believes, wishes a clear definition as to whether he or General Maccready is the chief power in Ireland, and may come to London to inquire.

"The answer," continues "The Mail," "may lead to his resignation—a contingency for which the Premier possibly planned. Names of his possible successor are being discussed in the lobbies of Parliament, the favorite being the Earl of Granard, although, as he is a Catholic, a special act of Parliament would be necessary to enable him to act as viceroy."

"The Mail" assumes from Mr. Bonar Law's speeches that he was not informed of the decision for the release of the prisoners and says that the peculiarity of his position is being discussed in political circles.

200 Killed in German Blast

Switchen Plan to Return As Toledo Auto Plant Closes

BRUSSELS, April 14.—Two hundred persons are believed to have been killed as the result of an explosion in a chemical factory at Stolberg, near Aix-la-Chapelle, Rhenish Prussia.

TOLEDO, April 14.—Striking switchmen in the Toledo district met to-day and voted to reject the proposition of joining the yardmen's association. This paved the way, it is believed, for the opening of negotiations with the railroad companies bearing on return to work.

Ten thousand men were thrown out

Coal Operators to Reply To Demands of Labor

Anthracite Conference Here Is Said To Be Nearing Crucial Stage

The anthracite wage negotiations approached the crucial stage yesterday, when the operators went into conference with workers prepared to submit counter proposals covering the major demands of the men.

The employers made no announcement of their propositions, but it was learned they differ greatly from those presented by the workers. Reports were current that the operators would

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"Wet" gas is shown by the drops of moisture on the glass top of the manifold.	"Wet" gas becomes "dry," the instant Fuelizer is brought into action.
Combustion is slow and imperfect.	Perfect combustion from any grade of gasoline.
Engine is hard to start. Carbon is deposited.	Engine starts instantly. No carbon is formed.
Kerosene frees itself from the mixture and washes down the sides of the cylinders, past the piston rings—diluting the lubricating oil in the crankcase.	Valves, piston heads and combustion chamber are kept clean as a whistle.
Fifty per cent of engine troubles comes from "wet" mixture—spark-plug fouling, scored cylinders, piston slap, poor compression, undue wear on bearings with attendant play and vibration.	No dilution of oil. Piston rings, bearings and all moving parts perfectly lubricated.
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