

### Senate Rejects Bonus Proposal In Tax Bill

#### Reed Amendment to Enact Soldier Relief and Retain Excess Profits to Provide Funds Beaten, 38 to 23

### Tax Measure Is Delayed

#### Renewal of Fight Over Veterans' Compensation Puts It Over to Monday

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—By a vote of 38 to 23 the Senate rejected tonight the Reed amendment to the tax bill proposing to enact the soldier bonus bill and retain the excess profits as a means of financing adjusted compensation for former service men.

Five Republicans, Capper, Johnson, Kenyon, Ladd and La Follette, supported the amendment, and two Democrats, Glass and Myers, voted against it.

The defeat of the Reed amendment came after a general debate, during which President Harding was assailed by Senator Stanley, Democrat, of Kentucky, for what the Senator described as the "order given to the Senate" to recommit the bonus bill.

### Kenyon for Bonus

Senator Stanley declared there was only one power on earth that could have made the President "turn his back" on the 4,000,000 former service men. That power, he said, was "the silent insidious and pitiless power of Mammon, that knew what it could do; that understood its authority."

Senator Jones, Democrat, of New Mexico, accused the Republicans of attempting to delay the bonus "until in the sweet by and by most people will have forgotten about it."

Senator Kenyon, Republican of Iowa, announcing that he would support the Reed amendment or any other reasonable plan for a soldier's bonus, said that those in the Senate who advocated a bonus were regarded as demagogues, those who tried to do anything for the farmers were regarded as demagogues, and those who tried to do anything for labor were regarded as demagogues.

### Vote on Tax Bill Delayed

"The way not to be a demagogue," he added, "is to vote to take the tax off of golf balls, furs and excess profits, and vote immediately to become a great statesman."

The renewal of the fight over the bonus delayed consideration of the tax bill and hope of reaching a vote on it before Monday was given up early in the evening.

Debate on the bill to-day was enlivened by an attack on Secretary Mellon, of Wisconsin, and on the Treasury chief by Senator Watson, Republican, of Indiana.

"We have heard here from day to day," said Senator La Follette, "that wealth defies the government, that it will not pay its taxes, but the fiscal head of this government has laid it down as a proposition—and I am going to bring it before the country—that we cannot make wealth pay and that we might as well accept that proposition; that we have got to establish a system of taxation that will make the people pay, that wealth will not bear its share."

### Declares He Should Retire

"That is the declaration, and it comes impudently and brazenly from the head of the fiscal department of this government. He ought to be relieved from his place for making this sort of declaration."

Senator Watson took sharp issue with Senator La Follette's interpretation of Mr. Mellon's attitude before the Senate Finance Committee when the tax bill was being drafted.

The Secretary declared Senator Watson "did not say and the Secretary did not mean, and I do not think that any possible construction placed upon his testimony in fairness can lead him to say that he was in favor of the evasion of taxation by the rich."

Senator La Follette was arguing for his amendment, proposing that tax returns be made open to public inspection, which was rejected 35 to 33. The Wisconsin Senator reserved the right to re-submit the amendment when the bill is reported out of the committee of the whole.

The Senate also rejected, 39 to 22, another amendment by La Follette providing for taxes on estates ranging from 1 per cent on the first \$50,000 to 50 per cent on estates over \$10,000,000.

Another amendment by the same Senator was accepted, which requires taxpayers in making returns to list tax-exempt securities held by them.

### May Go to House Thursday

Should the tax bill be passed by the Senate Monday it would not reach the House until Wednesday, as the body adjourned to-day until that time. Leaders there plan to take it up Thursday with a view of having it sent to conference. Meantime, however, a group of Republican representatives from Western states has started a movement looking to a vote in the House to instruct the conferees of that body to accept the 50 per cent income tax amendment substituted by the Senate for the House maximum of 42 per cent.

Six representatives signed a circular letter to other Republican members of the House urging them to vote to amend the rule which it was stated was expected to be offered to send the bill to conference. The sponsors of the movement expect to muster considerable strength for their plan from the majority side of the chamber and are counting upon the united support of the Democrats.

### France Praying for Parley

PARIS, Nov. 5.—Prayers for the success of the Washington conference will be said in all the Protestant churches of France to-morrow, including the American churches, in accordance with an intimation addressed by the Protestant Federation of France to all the churches.

### Diaz at America's Making

#### Attends on Day Devoted to Italians, Greeks and Russians

Greeks, Italians and Russians had their day yesterday in America's Making, the exposition which is being given at the 71st Regiment Armory, Thirty-fourth Street and Park Avenue.

General Armando Vittorio Diaz was among those who for the Italian program, which was mostly musical. The programs of the Greeks and Russians consisted of music and dancing.

To-day will be devoted to the Rumanians, Carpatho-Russians, Jews, Slavs and Lithuanians. Fifty miners from Pennsylvania will sing and dance, wearing lanterns in their caps and carrying pickaxes and other tools of their trade.

To-morrow night there is to be a school pageant, and Wednesday evening will be the French pageant, in which a young woman will wear more than \$500,000 worth of jewelry, including the Hope ruby, recently bought by Cartier, of Fifth Avenue, from the same collection from which the Hope diamond was obtained.

### War Veterans to Lead Parade Here On Armistice Day

#### Thousands Representing 100 Patriotic, Civic and Fraternal Organizations Will March Up Fifth Avenue

Several thousand men and women, representing more than a hundred veteran, civic and patriotic organizations, will take part in the parade to be held on Armistice Day, under the direction of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. The parade will assemble at Washington Square and will march up Fifth Avenue to Sixtieth Street.

Captain Walter I. Joyce, who will be marshal of the parade, is chairman of the Americanization Committee of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. Henry B. Fairbanks will be chief of staff, and Albert J. Rabing, parade adjutant.

More than 200 units of the Veterans of Foreign Wars from New York, New Jersey and Connecticut, led by Keith's Band, will participate. George H. King, commander of Bronx Post, 95, of New York City, is marshal of the Veterans of Foreign Wars division. New York's famous Old Guard will be the guard of honor.

The Old Guard will be under the command of Major Havemeyer Snyder; this famous unit will wear their pumice hats and white goatskin jackets. Following these will be the Spanish War Veterans, the American Legion, the 71st Veteran Association, the 10th Veteran Association, the 22d Veteran Association and many others.

The American Red Cross will turn out an entire division, composed of five sub-divisions. Major George A. Daly will be marshal of the Red Cross Division. The Sons of Veterans and the Sons of the American Revolution have agreed to march in force. There will be many bands in line and no flags or banners of any kind, nor carried except the American flag and post of lodge flag or banner and guidons. Mrs. I. T. Marshall will be marshal of the V. F. W. auxiliaries.

Under the direction of the American Legion and the patriotic and civic societies which form the Armistice Day Celebrations Committee, Madison Square Garden will be opened to the general public on the morning of Armistice Day. President Harding's speech at the burial of the unknown hero will be heard from the stage of the auditorium. The wires have been laid so as to permit the audience here to listen to the address as it is delivered by the President.

Large sound amplifiers will transmit this speech to Madison Square Park.

In the evening the Central Trades and Labor Council will conduct a disarmament mass meeting in Madison Square Garden. A number of distinguished guests will be present to discuss the international conference which will open in Washington during the day.

### Mexico to Pay Old Debts Before Accepting Loans

#### Special Cable to The Tribune

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 5.—Mexico will not make any effort to get a foreign loan until after settlement of the present indebtedness has been satisfactorily arranged, President Obregon said to-day. He explained that he considered the negotiations with Thomson W. Lamont still on, and that the government had refused all offers of loans made from other quarters since Lamont's return to New York.

The President indicated that the government was taking steps to guard the country against revolutionary conspiracies. He asked what he thought of the possibilities of a successful revolt at this time, he said: "Of course no government believes that he can be overthrown by a revolution, but that does not necessarily prevent such an overthrow."

President Obregon belittled reports that a new revolution was brewing on the Rio Grande border. He said the American authorities on the frontier had recently displayed great activity in stamping out conspiracies. The capture of a shipment of arms from Gallatin, he said, had been an official indication that a revolt was contemplated.

The President said that many persons, who, in the past, were involved in conspiracies, have asked the government for amnesty.

### Beatty Cheered by Thousands As He Visits Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—Earl Beatty, Admiral of the British Grand Fleet, Baron of the North Sea and of Brookby and hero of the Battle of Jutland, was cheered by thousands of Philadelphians to-day. From the moment the British sea lord swung off a train from Chicago at Bryn Mawr, just after 7 o'clock this morning, his day was a busy one. A civic reception at City Hall Plaza, a visit to the navy yard, a luncheon given by the city administration, a trip on the Delaware River, that he might see Hog Island and other nearby points of interest, and a visit to Independence Hall were the chief events.

### Toll Bells for Armistice Day, President Asks

#### Proclamation Makes Nov. 11 Holiday, Also Suggesting That All Citizens Indulge in Silent Thanks to God

### To Honor Unknown Hero

#### Calls Upon Governors to Request General Emphasis of Respect for Soldier Dead

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—A proclamation setting aside November 11, next as a legal holiday, "as a mark of respect to the memory of those who gave their lives in the late World War, as typified by the unknown and unidentified American soldier who is to be buried in Arlington National Cemetery on that day," was issued to-night by President Harding. It follows:

"By the President of the United States of America, a proclamation: "Whereas, a joint resolution of Congress, approved November 4, 1921, 'to declare November 11, 1921, a legal holiday,' provides as follows: "Whereas, Armistice Day, November 11, 1921, has been designated as the appropriate time for the ceremonies incident to the burial of the unknown and unidentified American soldier in the Arlington National Cemetery; and

"Whereas, this unknown soldier represents the manhood of America who gave their lives to defend its integrity, honor and tranquility against any enemy; and

"Whereas the nations of the earth are on that date joining with the United States in paying respect and homage to this unknown soldier; therefore, be it

"Resolved, By the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, that the President is hereby authorized to issue a proclamation declaring November 11, 1921, a holiday, as a mark of respect to the memory of those who gave their lives in the late World War, as typified by the unknown and unidentified American soldier who is to be buried in Arlington National Cemetery on that day; and the President is respectfully requested to recommend to the Governors of the various states that proclamations be issued by them calling upon their people to pause in their pursuits as a mark of respect on this solemn occasion."

"Now, therefore, I, Warren G. Harding, President of the United States of America, in pursuance of the said joint resolution of Congress, do hereby declare November 11, 1921, a holiday, as a mark of respect to the memory of those who gave their lives in the late World War, as typified by the unknown and unidentified American soldier who is to be buried in Arlington National Cemetery on that day, and do hereby recommend to the governors of the several states that proclamations be issued by them calling upon the people of their respective states to pause in their usual pursuits as a mark of respect on this solemn occasion.

"And, in order that the solemnity of the occasion may be further emphasized, I do hereby furthermore recommend that all public and church bells throughout the United States be tolled at intervals between 11:45 o'clock a. m., and 12 o'clock noon, of the said day, and that

### Chicago Hails Foch; Degree Is Given by U. of C.

#### Vast Throngs Line Streets and All National Guard Units Form Lane Through Which His Auto Passes

### Decorates Lincoln Statue

#### Mayor Thompson's War Attitude Casts No Shadow Over Greeting to Guest

From a Staff Correspondent CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—Marshal Foch was the guest of Chicago to-day. Enormous crowds, such as have greeted him in every American city he has visited, lined the curbs here to catch a glimpse of the generalissimo.

Governor Len Small and Mayor William Hale Thompson greeted the distinguished visitor in brief addresses. Immediately upon departing from the train with the committee of the American Legion which is and will continue to be his host throughout his stay in America, Marshal Foch was taken to Grant Park. He walked to his motor car through a lane of overseas veterans, including all the National Guard units of Chicago. He was escorted to the park by the crack 1st Cavalry of Illinois, and as he arrived was greeted with a salute of nineteen guns.

Receives Doctor's Degree From Grant Park Marshal Foch went to the University of Chicago, where the degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him for the degree. Dr. Harry Judson, president of the institution. It was the second time the commander in chief of the allied armies had thus been honored during his tour.

When the Marshal ascended the platform it became necessary either for him to pass in front of Dr. Judson or for the president of the university to cross in front of him. Dr. Judson stepped back, but the Marshal was the quicker. He withdrew three paces and, placing his hand on his host's shoulder, said:

"No, the president before me." "One of the most pleasing features of this tour, at least to the members of the American Legion accompanying the great soldier, is the warm attachment which has developed between him and the new national commander of the Legion, Hanford MacNider.

Marshal Likes "Live Wires" The Marshal's fondness for young men, particularly those known in America as "live wires," is historical. He had them with him during the dark days of the war and has them with him on this trip as members of his entourage.

It is known that the Marshal is anxious that the French veterans form an organization similar to that of the Legion, and it is probable that he will seek Commander MacNider's aid in the work.

In the early afternoon there was a parade of the National Guard units and the Legion through the Loop district, which the Marshal reviewed, and then went to the home of Arthur Meeker, in Michigan Boulevard, to luncheon. In the afternoon he placed a wreath on the Abraham Lincoln statue in Lincoln Park, and tonight attended a banquet.

### Court Brands Fight for Red Slayers Vicious

#### Letters and Telegrams Demanding New Trial for Sacco and Vanzetti Held Interference With Law

### Ruling on Plea Reserved

#### Counsel Given Until Tuesday to File Petition to Show Jury Irregularities

DEDHAM, Mass., Nov. 5.—Judge Webster Thayer to-night denounced from the bench as a bold attempt to interfere with the administration of the law messages he had received from all parts of the country urging a new trial for Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti, convicted of a double murder at South Braintree last year, and the subjects of radical demonstrations in two hemispheres. Sympathizers of the men recently sent a bomb to Ambassador Herrick, which exploded in his Paris residence.

In his chambers Judge Thayer previously had characterized telegrams and letters from organizations and individuals, urging him to grant Sacco and Vanzetti a retrial, as one of the bold attempts to influence a court in the history of Massachusetts.

New Trial Under Adjudication In the Norfolk County Superior Court, heavily guarded by state constabulary and special details of county sheriffs and police, Judge Thayer took under advisement the motion for a new trial for the convicted men, and announced that he had granted defense counsel until next Tuesday to file a supplementary petition alleging irregularities in the jury room during the trial. Then he made his statement from the bench.

Since the conviction of Sacco and Vanzetti, he said, he had received telegrams and letters from throughout the United States, signed by organizations and individuals, calling upon him to grant the motion for a new trial. "The first few," Judge Thayer said, "were worded exactly alike. I recall that one of the messages came from Colorado and one from East Cambridge, in this state. There was a great deal of similarity in the wording of all of them."

Evidence Only Issue "I feel that there must be considerable misunderstanding of the issue here. The only question before the court is a review of evidence which was considered by a jury. No person in any way should interfere with the administration of the law. Suppose friends of the murdered men should flood me with letters and telegrams asking that these defendants be not granted a new trial? That would be improper influence brought to bear on the court. It would be unfair to the defendants."

"In other words, the messages I have received asking a new trial for these defendants constitute a bold attempt to interfere with the administration of the law and an attempt to prejudice the mind of the court against a fair review of the evidence in the case. They are a mistake on the part of sympathizers with the cause of the defendants."

Defense counsel completed their presentation of reasons for a new trial at noon after a day and a half of argument. The prosecution concluded early to-night, after half a day.

### Gen. Diaz Honored In Busy Day Here; Given N.Y.U. Degree

#### Italian War Leader Winds Up Strenuous Program at Dinner and Reception; Admirers Overrun Police

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