# Wirth Pledges Germany's Aid To World Unity

## Believes Recent International Conferences Will Bring Countries Closer to Positive Co-operation

## Makes Reparations Plea

## Briand to See Lloyd George at Cannes Before Other Council Members Arrive

BERLIN, Jan. 1 (By The Associated Press).—Chancellor Wirth believes that the international discussions which have been going on for the last few weeks warrant the hope of the nations getting closer together in a desire for positive international co-operation. He admits, however, that there are many barriers yet to be overcome, and that these can be overcome only if the true forces of democracy are mobilized.

Discussing the world situation at the end of the year in the clerical organ "Germania," the Chancellor says:

"The world problems which now loom up on the horizon will prove the real test for the creative forces of democracy. We must not forget, however, that even if an amicable understanding is achieved our path will still be steep, difficult and thorny. We only hope that it will be made passable for us.

### Promises German Good Will

"Germany's good will will not be lacking; we propose to make it a positive asset in connection with the work of regenerating the world economically.

Chancellor Wirth warns against permitting Germany, which was an important market for other nations before the war, to deteriorate, as this, in connection with the elimination of America and Russia as world markets, would be calculated to have a far-reaching and disastrous effect on world commerce generally.

"Such a procedure," continues the Chancellor, "in the long run would prove a poor offset to the reparation benefits which Germany is expected to yield, for the social distress resulting from unemployment alone suggests careful scrutiny and much calculation before it is too late. Thus we see two factors severely pitted against each other—arbitrary force and economic sanity. The latter suggests that the whole range of international economic life should be brought into harmony with the overshadowing problem of reparations.

"The forthcoming conference at Cannes thus far has provoked only contrary comments in the German press. The 'Tageblatt' says:

"Cannes is the fourth station on the route: it follows Versailles, Spa and London. It is only a milestone, not a terminal station."

The "Tageblatt" adds that Germany's hope is founded on the forced course of events. "A year ago," it says, "Cannes would have been impossible, as would have been the Versailles treaty in 1914. Historical paradoxes are short lived."

### Premier's Guards Stop Churchill

CANNES, Jan. 1 (By The Associated Press).—Winston Spencer Churchill, the Colonial Secretary, was a victim of Premier Lloyd George's desire for secrecy yesterday. When he attempted to enter the Villa Valetta, having an appointment with the Prime Minister, gendarmes stopped him as he was walking through the gates. Five minutes of vain discussion ended by Mr. Churchill returning and telephoning Lloyd George, who issued instructions that the Secretary for the Colonies could come and go as he pleased.

It is reported in British circles that Lloyd George intends to hold some of his famous breakfast conferences, which during the peace conference enabled him to conclude successfully a number of diplomatic transactions. It is also believed that some of the sessions of the council will be held at the Villa Valetta.

The Prime Minister and the American Ambassador, Mr. Harvey, exchanged New Year's greetings at a fete at the Hotel Carlton last evening, where both entertained parties.

PARIS, Jan. 1.—It has been definitely decided that Premier Briand will depart for Cannes Tuesday at 5:15 p. m. to confer privately with Premier Lloyd George before the arrival of the other Supreme Council delegates, who are due Thursday. He is expected to return to Paris January 10.

### Death of Grace L. Coppock Is Great Shock to China

SHANGHAI, Dec. 3 (By Mail).—From many of the great and remote centers of China as well as from other parts of the world messages of condolence were sent into Shanghai through the fall season following the sudden death of Miss Grace L. Coppock, who since 1915 has served as general secretary of the National Young Women's Christian Association. It was held that her passing on October 1 takes from China one of its greatest Christian leaders.

In the period of her service in China Miss Coppock built up a staff that now numbers 120 young women who are at work in widely separated centers of the country, and particularly in twelve Chinese cities in which the Y. W. C. A. has been established. Miss Coppock is buried in Bubbling Well Cemetery at Shanghai beside the grave of Miss Ketary of the Y. W. C. A. in Shanghai.

### Jews From 4 States to Meet Here to Plan Relief Drive

Jewish delegates from New York, Connecticut, Northern New Jersey and Rhode Island will meet in this city on January 15, it was announced yesterday, to complete plans for the collection of relief funds.

The conference, at which 1,000 delegates are expected, is to organize the four states mentioned to raise $6,000,000 as part of a $14,000,000 campaign of the American Jewish Relief Committee. The funds are to be used to aid the hundreds of thousands of destitute Jews in eastern Europe.

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# Peddler Found Dead in Well Where He Lived 18 Months

## Mysterious Hermit in Bronx Never Disclosed His Identity; "Anyhow, I Am Beating Profiteering Landlords," His Only Explanation to Neighbors

A man who had lived for more than eighteen months in an eight-foot pit near the deserted Casanova mansion, at Barry Street and Randall Avenue, the Bronx, without confiding his name or history to any of his neighbors, was found dead yesterday in the hole in the ground which he had made his home. Nameless as in life, his body was taken to the Fordham Morgue.

The shaft which he had appropriated was formerly a well, thirty feet in depth, according to some of the old residents of the neighborhood, but had been filled by crumbling masonry to within eight feet of the surface. There is a legend that when the Casanova mansion was built a secret passage led from the well shaft to the house.

For several years the pit has had merely its present proportions, a diameter of about eight feet and an equal length. It is thought by many to have been the cellar of some outbuilding.

Its denizen appropriated it in the summer of 1920. He was about forty years old, spoke perfect English, although thought to be a foreigner, and was not unpleasant in appearance or manner. He roofed his strange dwelling with waste timber, tar paper and other odds and ends which he discovered in the lots in the vicinity.

### Earned Living as Peddler

By day he peddled shoe laces, thimbles, combs and other small articles. Late into the night a glow hung over the pit where he lived, beams from his lamp penetrating his makeshift roof. He had many acquaintances, but no friends; nor did he seek any.

He greeted his acquaintances pleasantly and seemed to enjoy his chats with them, although they never penetrated his reserve. He spoke with interest and intelligence of topics of the day, but changed the subject or walked away if personal questions were asked.

Patrolman Edward Thompson, on whose post the troglodyte lived and who supervised the removal of his body yesterday, knew him as well as any one, but he never had learned his secret, although he tried to.

### Beating the Landlords

"Several times," said Thompson, "I asked him why he lived in the well. He would smile and say: 'I am living better in the well than many of the people in Russia are living to-day; besides, I am beating the profiteering landlords of the Bronx. I'm comfortable in the well. I bother no one, and I'm living my life in my own way.'"

John Kohler, of 1160 Union Avenue, and Frank Suss, of 920 Jackson Avenue, who discovered the body and may have been the first visitors to penetrate the retreat, testified to the rough comfort in which the man dwelt.

As there was no sign of its occupant about when they approached the well late in the afternoon, they peered inquisitively into its depths and saw his body at the bottom. They entered the place with Thompson, clambering down the stonework as best they might, for there was no ladder.

The man was stretched on a cot, dressed except for his shoes and with no evidence of violence about him. Thompson, after an examination, reported that there was nothing suspicious about the death.

Besides the cot there were several chairs made out of boxes, shelves, books, rugs, an oil heater, a generous supply of canned vegetables and milk, several basins which evidently were used in cooking and a shaving kit. The small stock in trade of the dead man, thimbles, comb, shoelaces and the like, was laid out neatly on one of the shelves.

"The man was always neat," said Patrolman Thompson. "He always had a pleasant word for everybody, too, and he only showed resentment when someone tried to pry into his history. If you asked his name, he would smile, shake his head and either change the conversation or walk away."

# Republic of India Proclaimed, With Gandhi at Head

## Private Cables Announce Defensive Violence Has Been Authorized and Boycott of Individuals Begun

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—India was proclaimed a republic and the non-violence policy of Mahatma Gandhi, who was given dictatorial powers last week by the All-India National Congress, has been modified to "permit violence "for defense," according to a cablegram received to-day by Lajendra N. Ghose, director of the American commission to promote self-government in India. As a further measure of obstruction against British government, the message said, the existing boycott has been extended to individuals.

The message to the American commission as given out to-night was as follows:

"Republic declared. American message decided. Armed defense sanctioned. Boycott extended to individuals. Women, children safe."

The "American message" referred to was said to be that signed by Senators Norris, of Nebraska, and Walsh, of Massachusetts, and a number of other prominent publicists and jurists, pledging American support to the Indian "campaign for independence."

"Proclamation of the republic of the United States of India is due to the pledge which was sent to the Nationalists of India by a group of liberty-loving Americans," Mr. Ghose said in a statement to-night. "It is permissible to announce now that in preparation for the declaration of independence provisional government has been organized in all the provinces. A central government has been formed with Gandhi at its head, which means that as long as Britain remains there will be a state within a state."

LAHORE, British India, Jan. 1 (By The Associated Press).—There was serious rioting on Friday in Firozpur and Jharka, in the Rohtak district of the Punjab, when non-co-operators attempted to rescue persons who had been arrested for assaulting members of the loyal association. The military from Delhi and Alwar assisted in restoring order.

AHMEDABAD, India, Jan. 1 (By The Associated Press).—At a resumption on Saturday of the Moslem League conference a number of non-contention resolutions were passed, including one condemning the government's policy in dealing with the Moplah rising, but also condemning the Moplahs for their alleged ill treatment of the Hindus.

Ali Sobhani moved a resolution declaring that as the attitude of the British government did not hold out hope of Moslem territories, including Palestine and Mesopotamia, remaining immune from non-Moslem interference, it was essential to put an end to British imperialism and to work with other communities for the complete independence of India.

The resolution was discussed at length, but the session of the league ended without action having been taken on it.

### Sheriff Raids Roadhouse, But Tip Lets Patrons Escape

The Hamilton Avenue Roadhouse, between New Brunswick and Somerville, N. J., was raided by a sheriff's posse of fifteen men New Year's night. Fifty men and women narrowly escaped being caught in the raid. They were given time to leave the place by a telephone tip.

The raid was conducted by Sheriff Gerkins. Joseph Tirier and Frank Simon, alleged proprietors of the house, were arrested, charged with maintaining a disorderly resort. Ten men found in a cabaret also were arrested. The prisoners were taken to Somerset County jail and held in $2,000 bail each for the proprietors and $100 each for the patrons.

### First Step to Rehabilitate Hawaiian Race Costs $20,000

HONOLULU, Dec. 3 (By Mail).—The first step in the endeavor to rehabilitate the dying Hawaiian race, placing twelve Hawaiian families on specially selected farm sites on Molokai, the leper island—will cost approximately $20,000, George P. Cooke, executive officer of the Hawaiian Homes Commission, reported to the organization at a special meeting.

The commission appointed by Governor Wallace R. Farrington, in accordance with the rehabilitation act passed by Congress, hopes to establish the first settlers on Molokai by January 1, 1923. The land selected is practically virgin soil, and must be cleared and prepared for the farmers.

New Year's Day
A Special Holiday Dinner
Celery
Chicken or Cream of Oyster Soup
Roast Young Turkey
Dressing and Giblet Gravy
Cranberry Sauce
or
Roast Young Goose
Dressing and Goose Gravy
Baked Apple
Boiled Onions with Butter Sauce
Mashed Turnips
Mashed Potatoes or Candied Sweet Potatoes
Bread or Home Made Rolls
Mince Pie and Cheese
or Pumpkin Pie and Cheese
or Ice Cream and Cake
Tea, Coffee, or Milk
The dinner that brings memories of home and mother.
Childs

# War Welcomed By Poincare, Is German Charge

## Alleged Reports of Russian Ambassador, Published in Berlin, Indicate French President Was Militant

## Declare Press Subsidized

## Sought Only to Turn Situation to Advantage of Paris, Iswolsky Asserts

BERLIN, Jan. 1 (By The Associated Press).—Under the title "The Poincare Affair," Theodor Wolff publishes in the "Berliner Tageblatt" what are said to be the confidential reports to his government of the late Alexander P. Iswolsky, Russian Ambassador to France from 1912 to 1917. These reports, written in 1912-13, and recently secured from the archives of the former Russian government, purport to show that M. Poincare "foresaw the war and did nothing to prevent it, but actually sought to further it to France's interests."

### Charges Press Subsidized

After M. Poincare's election as president of France, the Iswolsky reports say, he carried on conversations and developed France's policy with regard to Russia over the heads of his responsible ministers. During this period M. Iswolsky mentions money sent by Russians for "subsidizing" the French press and diplomatic and political circles, and reports that this was distributed "under the supervision of a French minister" and that it already had the greatest effect.

M. Iswolsky reported on January 29, 1913, with regard to the French attitude toward the Russian and Austrian troubles in the Balkans. Poincare, Iswolsky said, had emphasized in a long conversation that he was able to exert a controlling influence on the country's foreign policy and had declared that he would work for the closest harmony between Russia and France.

He indicated that "it appeared most important to the French government to prepare French opinion for French participation in a war which might arise out of the Balkan situation." M. Poincare was also represented as urging that Russia should not enter any undertaking on this matter without previous commitments with France.

### War Foreseen in 1913

After previous conversations with M. Poincare and Foreign Minister Charles Jonnart, on January 12, 1913, the Russian Ambassador had reported to Foreign Minister Sazonoff that the French government appreciated the necessity of participation in the world war which the situation was likely to precipitate. She desired, however, pre-war commitments with Russia, as otherwise French public opinion would not admit the necessity of such participation.

In conclusion M. Iswolsky reported efforts by the German Cabinet to enter into special negotiations with France over the Balkan situation. M. Poincare was quoted as saying he recognized the inclination of Jules Cambon, French Ambassador to Germany, to consider the German request, but that he had impressed on M. Jonnart the advisability of making an end to the attempts of the German Foreign Minister, Gottlieb von Jagow, to bring about an amicable understanding.

### Calls Poincare Cold Blooded

In commenting on the reports Herr Wolff writes:

"When Poincare reached the highest office in the gift of France he saw from this elevation coming war as an obvious occurrence. He does not suppress such sentiment and conviction, however, so is cold-blooded and merely asks and demands of Russia not a policy of peace, but that he be promptly 'tipped off' to what is going on. In this he is not actuated by the desire to avert the catastrophe, but by fear that he otherwise will not be able to prepare the French people for war."

Herr Wolff says M. Iswolsky's reports contradict M. Poincare's assertion that he had no hand in effecting the removal of the French Ambassador to Petrograd, George Louis, who was recalled because of his alleged passivity and replaced by M. Theophile Delcasse.

"There is to-day," concludes Herr Wolff, "an affaire Poincare. He may rest assured that hidden archives will bring to light further revelations."

# Brickbat Volley Warns of Fire; Girl, Ill, Saved

## Sleeping Tenement Roused by Passing Revelers; Invalid Rescued by Policeman, Straddling 3-Ft. Gap

## Father Stricken on Stair

## Two Other Patrolmen Carry Four Children From Their Homes as Flames Menace

New Year's celebrants passing through Wyona Street, Brooklyn, last night saw smoke pouring from tenement houses at 421 to 423 Wyona Street and eagerly hunted brickbats and bottles which they flung through the front windows of the houses to arouse the tenants.

By the time the firemen arrived, most of the twelve families were shivering in the street. Patrolman Otto Nightingale and Emil Hecht, of the Liberty Avenue Police station, were taking a census of the refugees when Samuel Greenbaum, whose home is on the second floor of 421 Wyona Street, burst through the crowd shrieking and groaning and ran in the house.

The hallway was filled with smoke and twice he was driven back to the front steps. Then he bent his face into the hollow of his arm and made a third attempt which carried him to the second floor.

### Little Daughter Ill, Alone

He did not emerge, and some of the spectators who had seen him enter hastened to the two patrolmen. Greenbaum's wife appeared at about the same time, and from voluble but almost incoherent explanations and pleas the patrolmen gathered that her nine-year-old daughter Yetta who, she feared, had pneumonia, had been left alone in their apartment while she went to the drug store and her husband went to call a physician.

Greenbaum was still missing, and Hecht and Nightingale started after him. The hallways were thick with smoke, but by tying a handkerchief over his face Nightingale reached the second floor, where he stumbled over Greenbaum, who lay senseless near the head of the stairs.

Putting the half-suffocated man in charge of Hecht, Nightingale made a second trip and reached the Greenbaum apartment, where he found Yetta in bed. He wrapped the bedclothes around her and stepped out to the fire escape. Smoke was pouring from the broken window beneath him and he straddled a three-foot gap and reached the fire escape on 442 Wyona Street with his burden, from which he reached the street without subjecting the sick child to any more smoke. Greenbaum revived quickly when he reached the street.

Firemen of Engine Company 226 found a family named Abraham, six of them in all, huddled on the third floor fire escape, afraid to venture down through the smoke, and assisted them to the street.

The fire was confined to the cellar, which extends under both houses. The damage was estimated at about $1,000.

Patrolman Charles Monahan, of the Wilson Avenue police station, Brooklyn, searching the rooms on the third floor of a building swept by fire at 353 Knickerbocker Avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday for a father and his two infant children reported to have been overcome by smoke, found Leon Liebenberg struggling vainly to wrap his daughter, Ruth, four years old, and his son, Albert, nine, in the same blanket.

### Rescuer Once Driven Back

Monahan reached the third floor of the building with considerable difficulty. As he gained the top of the first flight of stairs the smoke drove him back. He then went through an apartment and into a store which was on the ground floor, climbed out the rear and on to a fire escape, and made his way to the top floor.

After searching in the smoke-filled rooms he came to Liebenberg, clad only in his underwear. According to the patrolman, the man appeared to be crazed by fright and was fumbling with a blanket in which he sought to wrap his two children, who were even less lightly clad than their father.

The patrolman threw the blanket over the children, picked them up, went down the fire-escape to the first floor and through the apartment and store to the street. The father followed him.

Firemen had no difficulty in controlling the blaze. The damage was estimated at about $10,000.

Patrolman Michael Morris, of the West Sixty-eighth Street police station, after turning in an alarm for a fire in a tenement at 229 West Sixty-seventh Street yesterday, rescued George McGovern, nine years old, and his sister, seven years old, from a smoke-filled room on the second floor of the building.

The parents of the children were out and other tenants had failed in several attempts to rescue the two. Morris crawled up the stairway and into the room and carried the children to safety. He sustained burns and contusions, but returned to duty after receiving medical attention. The fire damage was slight.

# Banker, Gayest At New Year's Party, Kills Self

## Employee of Morgan Firm Quits Dance and Fires Bullet Into Brain With Sister-in-Law's Pistol

George W. Taylor, thirty-seven years old, connected with the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co., left his partner in the middle of a dance at the home of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Clinton A. Smith, 29 Winans Street, East Orange, N. J., Near Year's Eve, went to a bedroom on the second floor and shot himself through the head. He died soon after.

Mrs. Taylor, wife of the dead man, became hysterical when told of her husband's death. She required medical care. No motive could be assigned for the suicide. Mrs. Taylor said her husband had no troubles that she knew of and had been in a happy frame of mind all day. During the evening preceding his sudden disappearance he had been the gayest in the company, according to Mrs. Smith, his sister-in-law. When he left the dance he was wearing a paper foolcap.

The New Year's party had been arranged more than a year ago. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor lived in a house adjoining that of the Smiths in Winans Street. The two families had co-operated in their efforts to make the affair a success. During the afternoon Taylor visited his sister-in-law to inquire what he might do to assist her.

### Leader in the Festivities

When the festivities began Taylor assumed the lead in entertaining. He sang and danced, recited and otherwise exerted himself to please the thirteen celebrants. Suddenly he called Mrs. Smith aside.

"Watch me to-night," he remarked; "just watch me."

Mrs. Smith believed he was referring to his activities as an entertainer. She had no suspicion, she says, that he had uttered a warning. Fifteen minutes later, missing her brother-in-law and recalling his words, she went in search of him. Finding her bedroom door locked, she tried to force it. At that instant two shots were heard. Just as Mrs. Smith succeeded in opening the door Taylor fell with a bullet in his head. He killed himself with Mrs. Smith's revolver, taken from her bureau drawer. He died at the East Orange Hospital without regaining consciousness.

Police Headquarters began an investigation. It was said that Taylor's business affairs were in good order and there appeared no solution of the tragedy in that direction.

### Suddenly Deranged, Wife's Theory

Mrs. Taylor, who was completely prostrated for several hours following the death of her husband, later told the police she could offer no explanation of his act other than that he had become suddenly unbalanced. There had been nothing in his demeanor during the day nor previously that suggested any trouble, she said. They had talked over the party together Friday night and Taylor suggested several features for entertainment of the guests, which he later put into effect.

A rumor that Taylor had received a message delivered at the door while the party was in progress could not be verified. Mrs. Smith, to whom Taylor uttered his prophetic remark, said he spoke jovially and that what he said did not convey to her mind a threat or suggestion of impending evil. She laughed at him, but said when she later noted his absence from the dancing room it recurred to her and made her uneasy. Then she began her search for Taylor.

First she tried the door of the bathroom, then entered a guest room, and finally tried her own bedroom door, finding it locked. When at last she forced an entrance Taylor was lying on the floor by her bed, the revolver by his side.

A coroner's inquest will be held to-day. Those who were at the Smith party have been summoned to testify.

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FOR many years it has been an Ovington custom to hold, during the month of January, a sale of table Crystal and China. And this year custom still holds its sway, for every piece of the great Ovington collection of China and Crystal is included in the sale.
Discounts of 10% to 50%
Though the distinction of Ovington glass and china is not one whit less, the prices are considerably reduced. Some things are 10% less, many more are 20% and 30% less and still others are 40% and 50% less. And these discounts, be it remembered, are taken from prices generally respected as reasonable and just.
Nothing is exempt!
Now is an excellent time for hostesses to inspect their cabinets and cupboards, for this customary Sale of China and Glass happens but once a year and that time is now!

Dinner Sets are included in the January Sale. Over 120 patterns, and open stock maintained on all.
TEA SETS of many unusual patterns, dinner services from the most famous potters in the world, odd sets of cups and saucers, place plates, salad sets, breakfast sets and trays and many other things too numerous to mention are here in the China Shop.
Refreshment sets, liqueur glasses, goblets, finger bowl sets, crystal plates and dessert sets and all the thousand and one things which are so attractive in glass and crystal will be found in the Crystal Shop. And the prices in both are 10% to 50% less than they were.
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