the basis of a full Senate, would have upheld the veto.

The House roll call follows

TO OVERRIDE THE VETO—258

REPUBLICANS—188

Anderson	Goodykoontz	Olpp
Andrew, Mass.	Gorman	Osborne
Andrews, Neb.	Graham, Ill.	Paige
Ansorge	Green, Iowa	Patterson, Mo.
Appleby	Greene, Mass.	Patterson, NJ.
Atkeson	Griest	Perlman
Bacharach	Hadley	Purnell
Barbour	Hardy, Col.	Radcliffe
Beck	Haugen	Ramseyer
Begg	Hawley	Ransley
Benham	Hayes	Reece
Bird	Hickey	Reed, W. Va.
Blakeney	Hill	Rhodes
Bland, Ind.	Hoch	Ricketts
Boies	Hogan	Roach
Bond	Hukriede	Robison
Bowers	Hull	Rodenberg
Brennan	Hutchinson	Rogers
Brooks, Pa.	James	Rose
Burdick	Johnson, S. D.	Rosenbloom
Burke	Johnson, Was	Rossdale
Burtness	Kearns	Ryan
Butler	Keller	Sanders, Ind.
Cable	Kelley, Mich.	Sanders, N.Y.
Campbell, Kn.	Kelly, Pa.	Schall, Minn.
Chalmers	Kendall	Scott, Mich.
Chindblom	Kennedy	Scott, Ten.
Christophers'n	Ketchum	Shaw, Ill.
Clague	King	Shreve
Clouse	Kissel	Siegel
Cole, Iowa	Kleczka	Sinclair
Cole, Ohio	Kline, Pa.	Sinnott
Connolly, Pa.	Knutson	Siemp
Cooper, Ohio	Kopp	Smith, Idaho
Cooper, Wis.	Kraus	Smith, Mich.
Coughlin	Kreider	Speaks
Crowther	Lampert	Sproul
Curry	Langley	Stafford
Dale	Larson, Minn.	Stephens
Dallinger	Lawrence	Strong, Kan.
Darrow	Little	Sweet
Davis, Minn.	Longworth	Swing
Denison	McCormick	Taylor, Tenn.
Dowell	McKenzie	Thompson
Dyer	McLaughlin, Mich.	Timberlake
Elliott		Tincher
Ellis	MacGregor	Towner
Evans	Madden	Vaile
Fairchild	Mapes	Vare
Faust	Michaelson	Vestal
Fess	Michener	Voigt
Fish	Millspaugh	Volk
Fitzgerald	Mondell	Volstead
Focht	Moore, Ohio	Walters
Fordney	Morgan	Watson
Foster	Morin	Wheeler
Free	Mott	Williams, Ill.
French	Mudd	Woodruff
Frothingham	Murphy	Woodyard
Fuller	A. P. Nelson	Wyant
Funk	Newton, Mo.	Yates
Gahn, Ohio	Norton	Young
Gernerd	Ogden	Zihlman

DEMOCRATS—69

Almon	Harrison	Pou
Aswell	Huddleston	Quin
Bankhead	Hayden	Rankin
Bell	Hudspeth	Rayburn
Blanton	Jacoway	Rouse
Bowling	Jeffers, Ala.	Sabath
Briggs	Johnson, Miss.	Sanders, Tex.
Bulwinkle	Jones, Tex.	Sandlin
Byrnes, S. C.	Kinchelo	Smithwick
Campbell, Pa.	Kindred	Steagall
Carew	Langford	Stedman
Clark, Fla.	Linthicum	Sullivan
Collins	Lazaro	Swank
Cullen	Lyon	Tague
Doughton	McClintic	Taylor, Ark.
Drane	McSwayn	Taylor, Col.
Driver	Martin	Thomas
Dupre	Mead	Tillman
Favrota	O'Brien	Tyson
Fisher	O'Conner	Ward, N. C.
Gallivan	Oldfield	Weaver
Griffin	Park, Ga.	Wilson
Hammer	Parks, Ark.	Wingo

SOCIALISTS—1

London.

AGAINST OVERRIDING VETO—54

REPUBLICANS—35

Ackerman	Jefferies, Neb.	Mills
Brown, Tenn.	Kline, N. Y.	Moores, Ind.
Cannon	Layton	Nelson, Me.
Chandler, N.Y	Lee, N. Y.	Newton, Minn
Crago	Lehlbach	Parker, N. J.
Fenn	McArthur	Perkins
Freeman	McLaughlin, Neb.	Snell
Glenn	McLaughlin, Pa.	Taylor, N. J.
Gould	Magee	Tilson
Greene, Vt.	Mapes	Treadway
Hicks	Merritt	Underhill
Himes		Winslow
Husted		

DEMOCRATS—19

Black	Drewry	Mansfield
Bland, Va.	Garrett, Tenn.	Moore, Va.
Box	Garrett, Tex.	Oliver
Collier	Hardy, Tex.	Sears
Connally, Tex.	Lanham	Summers, Tx.
Davis, Tenn.	Lowrey	Woods, Va.
Deal		

PAIRS.

Reed, New York, and Lindberger for; Clarke, New York, against.

Cramton and Nolan for; McFadden against.

Colton and Browne, Wisconsin, for; Byrns, Tennessee, against.

Britten and Goldsborough for; Dunn against.

Riordan and Ten Eyck for; Luce against.

Logan and Brooks, Illinois, for; Burton against.

Anthony and Edmonds for; Buchanan against.

Kirkpatrick and Luhring for; Tucker against.

Maloney and Fairfield for; Burroughs against.

Peterson and Pringey for; Kiess against.

Palmer and Stoll for; Jones, Pennsylvania, against.

Porter and Rainey, Illinois, for; Kahn against.

Dempsey and Stevenson for; Connell against.

Classon and Lee, Georgia, for; Dominick against.

Crisp and Larsen, Georgia, for; Graham, Pennsylvania, against.

Frear and J. M. Nelson for; Snyder against.

Steenerson and Leatherwood for; Knight against.

Barkley and Cantrill for; Parker, New York, against.

Wurzbach and Chandler, Oklahoma, for; Montague against.

Vinson and White, Kansas, for; Wason against.

Upshaw and Bixler for; Hawes against.

Baker and Dunbar for; Hooker against.

Gilbert and Kunz for; Sisson against.

Wise and Brand for; Alice Robertson against.

ABSENT AND NOT PAIRED

Agents	Ireland	Shelton
Beedy	Johnson, Ky.	Stiness
Carter	Kitchin	Strong, Pa.
Cockran	Lea, Calif.	Summers
Codd	McDuffin	Wash.
Copley	McPherson	Temples
Dickinson	Mann	Tinkham
Echols	Miller	Ward, N. Y.
Fields	Montoya	Webster
Garner	Moore, Ill.	White, Me.
Glensman	Overstreet	Williams,
Henry	Rainey, Ala.	Tex.
Herrick	Reber	Williamson
Hersey	Riddick	Wood, Ind.
Humphreys	Rucker	Wright—43.

Present and not voting: Speaker Gillett

One. Vacancies—Seven.

Grand total—435.

Senator McCumber, who closed the debate, and who indicated he foresaw the bill would be beaten, declared the bill would not die.

"No question is finally settled," he said, "until it is settled in accordance with the sentiment of the vast majority of Congress. This issue will live."

Predicts Victory After Election

Senator McCumber predicted that after the election the House would find it in its power to meet the conditions of the President as to providing means to raise the needed revenue, and the Senate would concur.

The House voted on the bill early in the afternoon. It was sent, with the veto message, to the Senate at 1:25. It was formally laid before the Senate at 2:30 and voted on shortly before 6 o'clock. The question which was put to the Senate by President pro tem. Cummins was:

"Shall the bill pass, the veto of the President to the contrary notwithstanding?"

On the announcement of the result of the roll call Senator Cummins said: "Two-thirds not having voted in the affirmative, the bill fails to pass."

Senator Cummins practically admitted that his cause was beaten when in discussing the proposed postponement this afternoon he said: "I am afraid that we haven't got the two-thirds."

Senator McCumber moved to postpone consideration until to-morrow, but Senator Underwood raised the point of order that the matter was a special order and could not be postponed except by a two-thirds vote. Senator Cummins in the chair at first overruled and then sustained Senator Underwood. Senator McCumber said he would like to have as many Senators as possible in the chamber when the vote was taken, and it was in this connection he expressed the hope that delay might strengthen the courage of some. Senator Heflin served notice that a vote on the bill would not be hurried, and because of this and an appeal by Senator Brandegee to withdraw his motion Senator McCumber did so.

Senator Robinson expressed fear the session might end without action on the passage of the bill over the veto. Senator McCumber said he would like "to see this made an issue in the November elections."

At one time it looked as if the bill would be filibustered against until to-morrow, but Senator Heflin and others were persuaded to allow the vote to be taken to-day, and Senator McCumber yielded.

Reed Attacks Message Sharply

Discussion of the President's veto in the Senate did not wait for the formal consideration of the question. Senator Cummins, President pro tempore, laid the veto message before the Senate formally at 2:30, but the debate opened more than an hour before that. Senator Reed, of Missouri, made a vitriolic attack on the message and charged it was filled with "verbal subterfuges" and "special pleadings." He said he could only come to the conclusion in view of these that the lack of funds "is only a plausible excuse, and that the real purpose is to deny the bonus in toto and in finality."

Senator Reed, after attempting to show the message was replete with inconsistencies, declared that the humor of it came when the President said that those nations can only survive "where the public treasury is locked against class legislation."

Calls Tariff "Class Legislation"

He pointed out that the President was using this language at the very time that there was being sent to the other end of the capital a bill—referring to the tariff bill—which was "class legislation from its first line to its last word," "legislation in favor of the great manufacturing class, in favor of the great moneyed class."

Denouncing the "class legislation" in the tariff bill in unmeasured terms, Senator Reed declared it levied a tax on "the swaddling clothes in which the babe is wrapped at his birth; we have levied a tax upon the lining of the coffin in which old age is laid away, and we have done it for the benefit of a very limited class."

Senator John Sharp Williams followed with a reply to Senator Reed. He declared Senator Reed wanted to make a profiteer out of the hero. He derided the idea of putting the hero on a level with the profiteer.

"How can you equalize things between the profiteer and the hero?" asked Senator Williams. "By making a profiteer out of the hero. That is the only way you can do it."

He wanted to know why the bonus hadn't been confined to the men who went to the front.

He commended the courage of the President in vetoing the bill, and accused the Republicans of "shoving it off on the President" because they had not the courage to meet the issue.

"I thank God we have a President who has the backbone to veto this measure!" he declared.

Williams Had Doubted Him

He added that he had served with the President in the Senate and that he had his doubts whether the President had the backbone to veto the bill until he did it.

Senator Ashurst followed with a speech for the bonus bill, and said it was an interesting circumstance that Senator Harding, speaking in Ohio on October 29, 1920, just before election, referring to the fact that the House had passed the bonus bill, added: "I think the Senate ought to pass it, if you want to know my view."

Senator Ashurst asserted that when Senator Williams accused Senators who wanted the bonus bill passed of seeking to raise the soldier to the level of a profiteer he meant "that Warren G. Harding in 1920 favored raising the soldier to the level of a profiteer."

Senator Ashurst followed with an argument for the bill, but was interrupted at 2:30 o'clock, when the chair laid the veto message before the Senate. The message was then read. There was no demonstration.

McCumber Criticizes Harding

Senator McCumber held the President should not have vetoed the bill in view of the strong sentiment for it. He said the President's views had not changed in a year and a half, though the conditions "have most materially changed."

"Notwithstanding the opposition of the great metropolitan press," said Senator McCumber, "I do not believe that there ever was a measure so popular among all classes of people as this measure."

He pointed out that legislatures of eighteen states had acted favorably on a bonus and the governors of thirty-two states had called on the President to approve this bill, while over 3,000,000 people petitioned for it.

"With such a showing," he said, "the President should have allowed Congress to assume responsibility for the measure."

Mrs. Harding Takes Solid Food

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Mrs. Harding's convalescence has reached the point where she can again take solid foods, it was said to-day at the White House. She, however, is not yet permitted to sit up and friends are still barred from the sick-room.

"Well, of All the Nerve"

Thus quoth Ned, the old-time Knickerbocker horse who teams with pretty Winnie. "Here I ask you to this lovely fountain the S. P. C. A. so kindly put here for us horses, and along comes that motor truck driver to give old ironsides a drink. Fine business, that good Society putting up a fountain for thirsty horses and having it monopolized by those motors, with their 'hot coppers.'" "We can get a drink now, Ned," interrupted Winnie. "Here's to our friends—the S. P. C. A.!"

Knickerbocker ICE Company

Woman Nominated for Judge Sees Change Toward Her Sex

Miss Ruth Taylor, of White Plains, Receives Hundreds of Congratulatory Telegrams, but Gives the Credit to Support of the Republican Party

Hundreds of congratulatory telegrams were received yesterday by Miss Ruth Taylor, of White Plains, who was nominated Tuesday by the organization Republicans of Westchester County as their candidate for judge of the new Children's Court. She is at present director of the Department of Child Welfare for the county and is the first woman in New York State to be nominated for judge of a juvenile court. Miss Taylor commented last night upon her nomination as follows:

"I should have been exceedingly sorry if the success of the Republican ticket had in any way been seriously endangered by the courageous attempt of the party to run a woman for the Children's Court judgeship. The effort of the leaders of the party to establish the Children's Court upon the basis of training and experience in children's work has aroused favorable comment from persons all over the country who are familiar with the problems of such activities.

"Of course, the credit for the result is due primarily to the Republican organization, and, in a measure to the large group of non-partisan men and women who have worked so hard in my behalf. It has been said in times past that women will not stand by a woman candidate. That clearly has not been so in my case, and women workers all over Westchester County have dropped other matters and have supported me enthusiastically. Contrary to the feeling that many men did not want a woman to hold office, I have had the heartiest support from them.

"The interest of the college women has helped, too. It has brought into close touch with the campaign a large number of persons who ordinarily are not interested in political matters."

Smith Calls Last Bluff of Hearst Aids

(Continued from page one)

But William H. Fitzpatrick, the organization leader, who has been one of the leads for the Smith-for-Governor movement, said:

"The defeat of the Hearst delegates was so overwhelming that I could add nothing to its effect by anything I might say of Al Smith's candidacy."

Even Conners's Son Beaten

So overwhelming was the rout of the Hearst forces that William J. Conners jr., son of the Hearst campaign manager and personally popular in Buffalo, was defeated along with the other thirty-four Hearst delegates.

It was questioned by local Democrats yesterday if Murphy would dare attempt to compel the Tammany delegation to do Hearst's bidding, in view of the vote rolled up in the Tammany primary yesterday against the Murphy-Koenig deal to remove Surrogate Cohalan. Part of the deal included Murphy's indorsement of Samuel S. Koenig's brother, Morris. As a protest Edward S. Brogan, practically unknown and with little campaigning, received, according to the returns, which were counted by machine ward heelers, 12,988 to 23,101 cast for Koenig.

The ballots cast for Brogan was an insurgent vote, and according to Tammany men the entire vote for him was not counted. Some Democratic leaders frankly expressed the belief that Brogan might have won and was counted out.

20,000 Write in Cohalan's Name

No count was made by the police, at least up to late last night, of the ballots cast for Cohalan in both primaries. Many Democrats and Republicans reported to Cohalan headquarters that they had written in Cohalan's name on the ballots as a protest. This was done of their own volition, as there was no concerted movement to have this done, the Cohalan managers deliberately refraining from entering the machine-controlled primaries. Based on the vote cast for Brogan, it was estimated that close to 20,000 voters wrote in Cohalan's name in both primaries.

Friends of Surrogate Cohalan said last night that the Brogan vote spelled the undoing of the Murphy-Koenig attempt to gain complete control of the Surrogates' Court.

Throughout the state, as was indicated by early returns, organization candidates of both parties were nominated almost everywhere.

Successful Nominees

Complete returns for Congressional nominations and for the State Senate and Assembly in some of the districts up state in the primaries were not tabulated until yesterday. Successful nominees in both the Republican and Democratic primaries follow:

Congress

Dist.	Republican	Democratic
1	Robt. L. Bacon	No designation
2	Frank E. Hopkins	*J. J. Kindred
3	*John Kissel	†G. W. Lindsay
4	D. E. Picone	*T. H. Cullen
5	Ardolph L. Kline	L. M. Black jr.
6	*Warren I. Lee	Charles W. Stengle
7	*M. J. Hogan	John E. Quayle
8	*Chas. G. Bond	William E. Cleary
9	*A. W. Peterson	D. J. O'Connell
10	†*L. D. Polk	Manuel Celler
11	J. B. Handy	D. J. O'Riordan
12	Louis Zeltner	Samuel Dickstein
13	†M. Furstman	*C. D. Sullivan
14	*N. D. Perlman	David H. Knott
15	*Thos. J. Ryan	John J. Boylon
16	J. C. Connor	*W. B. Cockran
17	*Ogden L. Mills	Herman A. Metz
18	A. E. Schartz	*John F. Carew
19	*W. M. Chandler	Sam Marx
20	F. H. LaGuardia	Henry Frank
21	*M. C. Ansorge	R. H. Weller
22	Chas. F. Connolly	*A. J. Griffin
23	*A. B. Rossdale	Frank Oliver
24	*B. L. Fairchild	James V. Ganly
25	J. M. Wainwright	Robert A. Osborn
26	*H. Fish jr.	Thomas Pendell
27	*Charles P. Ward	No designation
28	C. M. Winchester	Parker Corning
29	*James S. Parker	No designation
30	*Frank Crowther	George H. Dorry
31	*B. H. Snell	No designation
32	*Luther W. Mott	M. J. Daley
33	*H. P. Snyder	R. W. Sherman
34	*John D. Clarke	C. H. Wheeler
35	*W. W. Magee	W. Thompson
36	John Taber	David J. Sims
37	†Gale H. Stalker	Charles P. Smith
38	F. T. Pierson	Meyer Jacobstein
39	*A. D. Sanders	David A. White
40	*S. W. Dempsey	Philip Clancy
41	*C. MacGregor	William P. Greiner
42	L. J. Schwendler	James M. Mead
43	*Daniel A. Reed	No designation

*Present member. †Contest.

The Legislature

SENATE

Dist.	Republican	Democratic
1	G. L. Thompson	E. J. Farrell
2	*John L. Karle	Frank Giorgio
3	David Wells	*P. J. McGarry
4	Mark Brackman	P. W. Kleinfeld
5	J. F. McLaughlin	*Daniel F. Farrell
6	*W. T. Simpson	James A. Higgins
7	J. H. Caulfield jr.	John A. Hastings
8	*A. W. Burlingame jr.	William L. Love
9	B. J. Thuring	*C. E. Russell
10	Marc M. Fox	*J. F. Twomey
11	*Abram I. Katlin	Daniel J. Carroll
12	E. Gerson Relger	James J. Walker
13	W. S. Reynolds	E. M. Rhenold
14	Max Shivitz	*Bernard Downing
15	Harold Reigelman	*Nathan Straus
16	Richard J. Bowles	*T. J. Sheridan
17	*S. M. Meyer	Meyer Levy
18	John J. Costello	*S. A. Cotillo
19	*William Duggan	D. T. O'Brien
20	*Ward V. Tolbert	M. E. Reiburn
21	Louis J. Ellias	*H. G. Schackno
22	Peter A. Abeles	Benjamin Antin
23	George H. Taylor	*John J. Dunnigan
24	*C. Ernest Smith	Mark W. Allen
25	Walter W. Westall	James T. Carroll
26	*S. C. Mastick	George T. O'Neill
27	*Caleb H. Baumes	H. W. Chadeayne
28	J. Griswold Webb	No designation
29	Arthur F. Bouton	John Slattery
30	Henry M. Sage	William T. Byrne
31	*F. E. Draper	John P. Ryan
32	*E. W. Kavanaugh	Charles H. Bach
33	*M. Y. Ferris	No designation
34	*W. T. Thayer	No designation
35	*T. D. Robinson	John D. Henderson
36	F. M. Davenport	John F. Hamill
37	W. S. Augsbury	Winfield A. Fox
38	*G. R. Fearon	William G. Stuart
39	*A. J. Bloomfield	No designation
40	*Clayton R. Lusk	John M. Frear
41	*S. Lowman	No designation
42	*C. J. Hewitt	C. Reynolds
43	Ernest E. Cole	No designation
44	*John Knight	Daniel F. Russell
45	*J. L. Whitley	Frederick J. Mix
46	*H. E. A. Dick	Patrick Gaivin
47	*W. W. Campbell	Charles F. Foley
48	*Parton Swift	George F. Burd
49	*W. E. Martin	Robert C. Lucey
50	*I. W. H. Gibbs	William Kraetz
51	*DeHart H. Ames	No designation

Assembly

NEW YORK

Dist.	Republican	Democratic
1	Robert Valva	*Peter J. Hamill
2	Frank C. Nagle	*Frank R. Gaigano
3	F. J. Dowling	*Thos. F. Burchill
4	Sam'l Schneider	Sam'l Mandelbaum
5	Jas. M. McGrath	*Chas. D. Donahue
6	*Sol Ullman	Morris Weinfeld
7	*V. R. Kaufman	J. A. McLaughlin
8	F. P. Cattinella	*Henry O. Kahan
9	D. W. Kempner	John H. Conroy
10	*Bernard Aronson	Joseph T. Flynn
11	F. H. Nichols	*S. I. Rosenman
12	Henry Henle	*John J. O'Connor
13	W. H. Mulholland	*John P. Nugent
14	F. J. Vondrich	*F. L. Hackenburg
15	Jos. Steinberg	F. B. Muiry
16	Wm. A. Beattie	*Maurice Block
17	Chas. S. Lubin	Meyer Alterman
18	Jacob Adler	*Owen M. Kiernan
19	H. M. Holden	*James Male
20	W. F. Kaestner	*Louis A. Cuvillier
21	*H. W. Palmer	H. W. Shields
22	Henry L. Bryan	Joseph Cavagan
23	*Geo. N. Jesse	†Samuel E. Dribben

KINGS

1	John A. Warren	*Francis J. Cronin
2	*E. H. Alexander	John Lucey
3	J. Harrigan	*Frank J. Taylor
4	J. V. McAllister	*Peter A. McArdle
5	Wm. J. Bushell	John Cashmore
6	†Arthur Arnow	Joseph Reich
7	Louis Kugel	*John J. Howard
8	Jos. McCallion	*M. J. Reilly
9	N. Anderson	*Richard J. Tonry
10	R. A. McClelland	*Bernard F. Gray
11	*James F. Bily	Edw. J. Coughlin
12	H. P. Winans	*Marcellus H. Evans
13	Wm. H. White	William Donnelly
14	J. H. Benelvenga	*Joseph R. Blake
15	Maurice Rosen	*J. J. McLaughlin
16	I. Silverman	Jamison J. Kiernan
17	*F. A. Wells	Julius Ruger
18	Reuben Wilson	*Irwin Steingut
19	Alex Pisciotta	*Chas. L. Fusullo
20	Matthew Sax	*Frank A. Miller
21	*W. F. Clayton	A. J. McAllister
22	Louis J. Druss	*H. C. Franklin
23	*Jos. F. Ricca	*Joseph F. Ricca

BRONX

1	Michael Yaga	N. J. Eberhard
2	William E. Bell	*L. W. Patterson
3	William Wachtel	Julius E. Berg
4	Sol. C. Adler	*Louis A. Schoffel
5	Charles Cohen	*William Lyman
6	Eugene Brisach	*Thos. J. McDonald
7	A. R. Steinberg	*Jos. V. McKee
8	Chas. A. Connor	*Edw. J. Walsh

QUEENS

1	A. E. Pritchard	*P. A. Leininger
2	George Hering	*Owen J. Dever
3	J. E. Wilkinson	A. A. Kennedy
4	D. L. Dayton	C. G. Sullivan
5	Ralph Halpern	*W. F. Brunner
6	Henry Baum	P. P. Gallagher

RICHMOND

1	S. W. Tuttle	*T. F. Cosgrove
2	Max Levy	*Wm. L. Vaughan

*Present member. †Contest.

Ward Makes Clean Sweep In Westchester Primary

Complete returns yesterday showed that William L. Ward, of Port Chester, veteran state and Westchester County leader, had overwhelmed the insurgents in the primaries and had nominated a full county ticket by majorities ranging from 3,500 to 6,800. The Sutherland-Wiesendanger faction of Yonkers failed dismally to gain control of the county organization. Out of 506 committeemen the insurgents elected only thirty-seven.

Asked what he thought of the victory, Mr. Ward said:

"Out of 506 county committeemen the insurgents elected only thirty-seven. That is the best answer to the claim of our opponents that they were going to clean out 'bossism' and Ward as leader of Westchester County Republicans."

Mr. Ward said that as a result of the primary battle the Westchester Republican organization was stronger than it has been in twenty years. The surprise of the primary fight was the vote in Yonkers, where the revolt against "Boss" Ward started. All the regular candidates defeated their insurgent opponents in that city. Miss Ruth Taylor defeated Arthur L. Strang, the anti-organization candidate for judge of the Children's Court, and Arthur Rowland, of Yonkers, defeated J. Henry Esser, the insurgents' choice for District Attorney, by 5,650 majority.

V. Everit Macy, the millionaire Commissioner of Welfare, was renominated over Niles Hopkins by 6,800 majority, being the high man on the ticket. The big surprise of the primary was the poor showing made by Mrs. Mabel McKinley Baer, of Mount Vernon, niece of President McKinley, the anti-organization candidate for Assembly in the 1st district. Assemblyman T. Channing Moore, of Bronxville, beat her by 1,319. The organization also nominated two Congressmen, two State Senators and five Assemblymen. The only close fight was between Seabury C. Mastick, of Pleasantville, regular, and William Gaul, insurgent, of Yonkers, Mastick winning by 237.

Ward Is Renominated Despite Dry Opposition

KINGSTON, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Complete returns from all election districts in the 27th Congressional District show that Congressman Charles B. Ward, of Sullivan County, was renominated by Republicans after a bitter fight against him by William H. Anderson and his staff of the Anti-Saloon League, defeating H. Westlake Coons, of Ellenville, who was the Anderson candidate, by 1,658 in the district.

Ward was unanimously designated for nomination by a convention composed of delegates elected in the usual way. Following their action Anderson said that Coons, who is a son of a retired Methodist minister, had been induced to run in the Republican primary. Each county was supplied liberally with speakers, who held meetings at every cross-roads meeting place and in every church, and every enrolled voter received Anderson literature. Ward was attacked for having voted against the Volstead act, Anderson asserting that each of the other four Congressmen who opposed it had been defeated.

The issue raised by Anderson against Ward was met in Ulster County by the issue of the right to self-determination in selecting candidates without interference by men who are not residents, voters or taxpayers of the district.

Ward carried Ulster by 1,463; Columbia, 89; Sullivan, 400. Coons carried Schoharie by 246; Greene, 88.

Democratic conventions had failed to designate a candidate for nomination. Letters from Anderson urged enrolled Democrats to write Coons's name on their ballots, whereupon Democratic county chairmen selected John J. Burns, of Monticello, who was nominated over Coons and Ward by Democratic voters writing his name on their ballots. Coons was nominated by prohibition party conventions and voters without opposition.

Politicians' Circulars Fill Dead Letter Office

From The Tribune's Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Ancient mailing lists or back date directories are being used by politicians in sending campaign literature through the mails to prospective voters, judging from the influx of this matter to the Dead Letter Office here, the Post-office Department disclosed to-day.

Most of the political letters are mailed in plain envelopes, without a return address, and are directed to persons who are no longer at the addresses given. Nearly eight thousand campaign documents have come from one city alone. During June, July and August, when the primary campaigns were on in many states, the receipt of undeliverable letters showed an increase of almost 25 per cent over the same months in 1921.

Stampede Starts In Convention For Cummings

Former National Chairman Sways Connecticut Democrats by His Keynote Speech Attacking Tariff

Leads in Senate Fight

Thoms, of Waterbury, and Fitzgerald, New Haven, Contest for Governorship

Special Dispatch to The Tribune

HARTFORD, Conn., Sep. 20.—A stampede for Homer S. Cummings for United States Senator followed the delivery of the keynote speech by the former Democratic National Committee chairman to-night at the opening of the Democratic State Convention at the Governor's Foot Guard Armory, when the 780 delegates convened for organization.

Thomas J. Spellacy, a former Hartford newspaper reporter and ex-Assistant Attorney General of the United States, with law offices in New York City and in Hartford, was the leading candidate for United States Senator until the speech. He was favored over former Congressman Augustin Lonergan, of this city, whose boom was very closely aligned with that of ex-Mayor William E. Thoms of Waterbury for Governor against Mayor David E. Fitzgerald of New Haven. Mr. Fitzgerald has been considered as certain winner of the gubernatorial nomination, as was Spellacy of the Senatorial berth up to to-night's keynote speech.

Either Spellacy or Cummings will be named for United State Senator against George P. McLean, who was renominated by the Republican convention last week. In the event of Lonergan's extinction as a Senatorial opponent of Spellacy's he may possibly figure as a candidate for Congress from the 1st Connecticut District, which he has represented at two previous sessions.

Ex-Mayor Thoms of Waterbury said to-night that he would not consider the place of Lieutenant Governor at to-morrow's nominating convention, and it is believed the convention will not seriously consider naming as a candidate for Lieutenant Governor a resident of Waterbury to run against Charles A. Templeton, of Waterbury, the Republican candidate for Governor.

Mr. Cummings's keynote speech was an attack on Congress, chiefly for its handling of the tariff.

Cummings's Speech

"It was hoped we had taken the tariff out of politics," said Mr. Cummings. "The Tariff Commission has now been ignored, the tariff has been dragged back into the arena of politics and the present bill represents a foreclosure of the claim which was held by the privileged classes upon the Republican party.

"Republican newspapers, business organizations largely dominated by men of Republican preference, individual Republicans of high standing and wide repute as manufacturers and importers have combined to denounce the bill as a scheme for the wholesale robbery of the American people. The New York Tribune calls the Senate bill 'a monstrosity.' 'The Boston Transcript' characterizes it as 'a disgrace to the party in power and a menace to the nation,' which was devised by 'a conspiracy between pork barrel politicians and special interests for the twofold purpose of re-electing the politicians and paying new tribute to special interests.' 'The Chicago Tribune' and 'The Springfield Union,' both Republican papers, admit the justice of these criticisms."

Theatrical Executives Form Cohalan League

Announcement was made last night of the organization of the Theatrical Treasurers' Cohalan League to keep Surrogate John P. Cohalan on the bench.

The league is composed of managers and treasurers in the amusement field. They announced that pamphlets telling of the turning down of Cohalan by Bosses Murphy and Koenig would be distributed to the playgoers when they purchased seats. In addition noon hour meetings will be held throughout Manhattan, which will be addressed by stage and screen stars.

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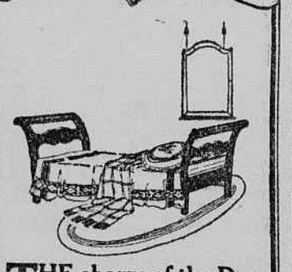

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