

Smith Elected by 400,000; Copeland Wins; Republicans Hold Congress and Legislature

Both House and Senate Are Held by Republicans

Sixteen Majority in Upper and Thirty in Lower Branches Seem Assured by the Late Returns

Sen. Frelinghuysen Among the Losers

Hitchcock, Wilson's Leader in Fight for League of Nations, Concedes Defeat

By Carter Field
 A Republican majority in the House of Representatives of not less than thirty and a Republican majority in the Senate of not less than sixteen are assured by the returns up to 1 o'clock this morning.

Senator Gilbert H. Hitchcock, of Nebraska, leader of the fight for Woodrow Wilson's league of nations, conceded defeat about midnight, following the announcement of Senator Oscar W. Underwood, present Democratic leader, that he would no longer serve in that capacity.

Outside of New York State, where an Al Smith landslide swept everything before it, electing a Democrat, Dr. Copeland to the seat of Senator William M. Calder—the biggest surprise of the entire election—the Republicans did pretty well throughout the country. As expected, they failed to keep their present top-heavy majority in the House. Apparently they will have about the same majority they had following the election of 1918, which was forty-one.

Loss Senate Seats
 They have lost Senate seats surely in New York, New Jersey, West Virginia, Maryland and North Dakota, while the only certain gain is in Nebraska. This would make a net loss of four seats and would put the Republican majority in the Senate at 16 if there were no other changes. There is also the danger of losing another seat in Indiana, where former Governor Raisin is leading Albert J. Beveridge. This is not a certainty, however, as Beveridge has been slowly pulling up after his big losses, reported early, in Indianapolis.

Republican Senatorial gains may also be made, however, in Utah and Ohio, both of which are reported very close on early returns. Ohio is having one of the closest elections in years. Fees having rolled up 79,730, against 76,033 for Fomereuse, while A. Victor Donahay, Democratic candidate for Governor, was leading Carmi Thompson, friend of President Harding, 86,136 to 80,410.

Gerry Re-elected
 Many other hard fought Senatorial battles resulted in no change. For instance, Senator Peter Goette Gerry has been re-elected in Rhode Island by a substantial majority over former Governor Beckman, the Republican nominee. Senator McLean, of Connecticut, won a substantial victory over Thomas J. Spellacy after one of the hardest fights made for a seat in the Senate in any state. Senator Reed, the Democratic firebrand, whose fight against Wilson and the League of Nations split his party in Missouri in half, has apparently rolled up a majority of landslide proportions.

In Iowa the bolt of the conservative Republicans, headed by three former Governors, could not stop the

Election Extras Tied Up As Pressmen Quit Work

No election extras were printed by the evening newspapers last night, in accordance with an agreement entered into by the publishers when notified that the pressroom crews of "The Evening World" had refused to work after 7 o'clock.

The possibility of such action by the Pressmen's Union had been foreseen and at a meeting of the publishers on Monday a resolution was adopted pledging the evening papers to discharge the pressmen who refused to work and calling upon the union to supply men to take their places.

Vote for Governor By Counties of State

	Miller Rep	Smith Dem
Albany.....	18886	27150
Allegany.....	8559	2910
Broome.....	13318	10716
Cattaraugus.....	8247	6141
Cayuga.....	10398	8478
Chautauqua.....	14848	6141
Chemung.....	3340	8960
Chemung.....	5843	2830
Clinton.....	5381	2974
Columbia.....	5459	5526
Cortland.....	7896	3135
Delaware.....	2773	1182
Dutchess.....	12111	11933
Erie.....	44034	60302
Essex.....	2727	1656
Franklin.....	26815	5362
Fulton.....	4716	4662
Genesee.....	5693	3996
Greene.....	4650	3927
Hamilton.....	488	496
Herkimer.....	6043	6467
Jefferson.....	13110	8680
Lewis.....	4474	2883
Livingston.....	7208	4210
Madison.....	6722	4391
Montgomery.....	46840	17443
Montgomery.....	3748	5273
Nassau.....	10998	8501
Niagara.....	12485	11486
Oneida.....	13248	16541
Ontario.....	35144	37907
Ontario.....	10180	6312
Orange.....	14788	12693
Orleans.....	4873	2518
Oswego.....	9043	8885
Otsego.....	5093	3704
Putnam.....	2395	2129
Rensselaer.....	13964	23228
Rockland.....	6461	8115
St. Lawrence.....	6517	3032
Saratoga.....	4412	3886
Schenectady.....	11853	15947
Schoharie.....	3192	2281
Schoharie.....	2301	1538
Seneca.....	5140	3430
Suffolk.....	11798	1087
Sullivan.....	627	509
Tioga.....	5614	2603
Tompkins.....	4876	3061
Ulster.....	11132	9550
Warren.....	5281	4868
Washington.....	8530	6195
Wayne.....	10147	4430
Westchester.....	42519	40376
Westchester.....	7389	4422
Yates.....	1179	4422
N. Y. City.....	268553	737316
Totals.....	913821	1259444

News Summary

ELECTION.
 Smith defeated Miller by about 400,000; Calder loses United States Senate seat to Dr. Copeland; entire Democratic ticket goes into office, though Legislature appears safely Republican.

Democrats in New Jersey claim election of Governor and United States Senator. Legislature believed Republican.

Cohalan, beaten for Surrogate, runs good second to Corporation Counsel O'Brien.

Smith hailed as logical Democratic Presidential nominee in 1924.

Ruth Taylor elected judge of Children's Court in Westchester.

Only mild disorder marks casting of million city votes; one of twenty arrested for frauds held for trial.

Thousands cheer Tribune's election service.

Democratic gains indicate that control of House of Representatives is in doubt.

Close fight in Massachusetts places Senator Lodge's seat in doubt. In Indiana former Governor Ralston is running ahead of Albert J. Beveridge, while Senator Townsend seems assured of election in Michigan.

LOCAL.
 Twenty-five ministers, including the vestry of the Church of St. John the Evangelist, are to be summoned to appear before the Somerset County grand jury Friday, when it considers the Hall-Mills murder.

Jacob Gimbel, oldest of seven brothers who founded the firm of Gimbel Brothers, died at Atlantic City.

FOREIGN.
 Allied commissioners at Constantinople given full authority to proclaim martial law. French warships are dispatched to the Straits. Greek consul at Beirut reports Christian massacres and burning of Greek prisoners.

Edwards Has 20,000 Lead For Senate

Managers of Democratic Candidate Claim State at Midnight; Silzer Has Edge for Governor

Rebuke to Harding and Volstead Seen

Republican Ahead in the Seventh Congressional District, Democrat in 8th

The election of Governor Edwards as United States Senator for New Jersey was claimed by his managers at midnight. At the same time, the claim was made that former Judge George S. Silzer had been elected Governor.

At 1 o'clock tabulated figures on 732 New Jersey election districts, out of a total of 2,464, showed these figures:

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR	
Edwards.....	109,554
Frelinghuysen.....	89,608

FOR GOVERNOR	
Silzer.....	101,568
Runyon.....	93,480

Passaic County returned a solid Republican ticket to the State Assembly, electing all five Republicans. Mercer County elected three Democratic Assemblymen and one Democratic Senator. Hunterdon returned Frank H. Walsh, a Democrat, to the Assembly, with the other seats in doubt.

Republican Leads in 7th.
 Seger, Republican, was leading Cadmus for Congressman from the 7th Congressional District with ninety-eight polling stations reported out of 154. McNulty, Democrat, was leading Coon, an Anti-Saloon League Republican candidate, in the 8th District, by three to one, with seventeen districts in out of 190.

In Morris County Republican candidates, Ackerman, for Congress, and Whitney, for State Senator, were leading, with less than one-third of the election districts reporting, and David Barkman apparently had beaten Mrs. Vernon Williams, Democrat, by two to one.

Edwards Issues Statement.
 Governor Edwards issued a statement shortly after midnight claiming the election. He said:

"There never was a time since the first week after the campaign opened that I was in doubt about the result. Judge Silzer and myself in our tour of the state met large and responsive audiences. I attribute the success of the Democratic party principally to the discontent in New Jersey, as well as in other states of the country, held by the do-nothing policy of the Harding administration. They failed to keep their campaign promises to the people, but in passing the excessive tariff law it was evident they were keeping their promises to the rich manufacturers, to the corporations and to the plutocrats."

"The Volstead act, too, in my opinion had much to do with our victory. We advocated a modification of this law so as to legally provide for light wines and beer. To be sure we were against the return of the saloon. We felt that the people's rights had been infringed upon and their persons and property taken away from them. The people evidently, judging from the overwhelming vote given to Judge Silzer and myself, thought about these matters as we did. The attempt of the Public Service Corporation to continue its control of state affairs under Republican rule met with utter failure. The Democratic platform pledged the party to bring about a return of the Public Service Corporation to the people, and through legislation providing against the impairment of franchise contracts. The Republicans were inconsistent on this issue."

Praises Women Voters.
 "I am greatly pleased with the fact that the women were with us in this campaign. This was due in a measure to the failure of the Republican party to keep its platform promises of 1921 to enact legislation prohibiting night work for women. To the women voters of New Jersey I extend my sincere

Frazier Beaten 2 to 1 On North Dakota Returns
 Nonpartisan League's Recalled Governor Far Behind in Senate Contest

FARGO, N. D., Nov. 7 (By The Associated Press.)—Returns are coming in slowly in North Dakota, but early returns from scattering counties gave for United States Senator J. F. O'Connor, Democrat, 2,948; O'Connor, Democrat, 4,980. Thirty-three precincts for Governor gave Nestos, Republican, 4,697; Lemke, Independent, 1,555.

The Vote in the City For the Governor

	Miller (Rep.)	Smith (Dem.)
Manhattan.....	25,451	285,252
Bronx.....	28,017	107,695
Brooklyn.....	108,298	261,895
Queens.....	30,391	80,422
Richmond.....	5,376	21,400
Total.....	270,533	736,674

76 election districts missing out of 2747.

Smith Margin In City Far Ahead of '20

Plurality of 475,000 This Year Against 319,897 Then; Districts Usually Republican Go to Him

Gains Recorded in Tammany Centers

Tiger Elated as Figures Reveal Full Extent of Victory for Whole State

With the returns for the city practically all in at midnight the estimated plurality for former Governor Alfred E. Smith was over the 475,000 mark. The Democratic candidate carried all the boroughs far in advance of his vote two years ago, when he had a city plurality of 319,897. The strong Republican Assembly districts in Manhattan and Brooklyn went to Smith by unexpected margins.

With only sixty-seven election districts to be heard from out of the total of 2,747 in the entire city, the estimated plurality for Smith was slightly over 475,000. The returns from 2,680 districts gave Smith 737,316 and Miller, 268,553. This would indicate a plurality for Smith of about 477,978 in the city.

Democratic Slate Swept In.
 Other candidates swept into office in the city by the big Smith vote included: William Harmon Black, Democrat; Edward J. McGoldrick, Democrat-Republican, and Irving Lehman, Democrat-Republican, for the Supreme Court, First District.

William D. Carwell, Democrat, and William H. Hagarty, Democrat, for the Supreme Court, Second District, Brooklyn.

John E. McGeehan, Democrat, for Justice of the City Court.

John A. Lynch, Democrat, for Corporation Counsel, Second District, Brooklyn.

Morris Koenig, Republican-Democrat, and Cornelius F. Collins, Democrat, for Judges of General Sessions.

Charles J. Dodd, Democrat, for District Attorney of Kings.

Daniel Noble, Democrat, re-elected Surrogate of Queens.

Joseph Maloy, Democrat, re-elected District Attorney of Richmond.

John A. Lynch, Democrat, for Borough President of Richmond. Mr. Lynch succeeded the late Matthew J. Cahill as temporary Borough President until election.

The 15th Assembly District in Manhattan, the so-called "Silk Stocking District" and one of the Republican banner districts, with only fifteen election districts missing, gave Smith 7,252 and Miller 6,212.

In the 7th Assembly District, another Republican stronghold and the home of Samuel S. Koenig, President of the Republican County, only four election districts missing, Smith had 8,996 votes and Governor Miller 7,607.

The Smith pluralities in the Tammany districts throughout the city ran far ahead of those of two years ago, when he turned a million votes against the great Republican landslide. A typical Tammany district, the 16th Assembly District, gave Smith 16,833 and Miller 2,685. Two years ago Smith got 14,341 in this district.

New York's Next Governor



Alfred E. Smith

Smith Hopes to Make Good

Governor-elect Alfred E. Smith, at his headquarters in the Hotel Biltmore, dictated the following statement:

"It is impossible for me to have any other feeling than one of great gratitude toward the people who have shown such great confidence in me, and I hope I can make good. I expect a great Democratic sweep, and now that it has come it adds to our responsibility. All we have got to do is to make good."

Miller Congratulates Smith on Victory

ALBANY, Nov. 7.—Governor Miller, receiving the returns in the Executive Chambers of the Capitol, early to-night conceded Mr. Smith's election and sent him this telegram of congratulation:

"Having tried both our brands of government, the people have decisively chosen yours. I cheerfully accept the result and heartily congratulate you on your victory."

N. Y. Legislature Still in Control Of Republicans

Indications Are That the Massachusetts Senator May Pull Through on the Final Returns

In spite of the victory of Alfred E. Smith the Republican State Committee shortly before midnight claimed that both branches of the Legislature would remain in control of the Republicans, though by reduced majorities.

These claims were borne out by up-state returns, where counties which gave Smith big pluralities elected the entire Republican legislative tickets.

This was true of Rochester, which gave the Democratic candidate for Governor an unprecedented majority, but elected five Republican Assemblymen.

The Republican control of the Senate was assured by the official returns, even with several of the districts in doubt. Of the fifty-one Senate districts, twenty-eight, or two more than the required majority, elected Republicans. It is believed that the Assembly will at least maintain the same partisan ratio.

Districts in Erie and other parts of the state which went for Smith elected Republican candidates to the Legislature. Schenectady, which went heavily for Smith, elected the two Republican candidates to the Assembly.

One of the Republican strongholds carried by Smith, Schuyler County, elected a Democratic Assemblyman for the first time in many years.

In this city the bulk of the Republican candidates for the Legislature went down with the early returns. In Westchester, where a solid Republican bloc has been elected to the Assembly for many years past, the Democrats captured two of the five places, defeating George Blakely, chairman of the Assembly Cities committee, and R. B. Livermore.

Big Upstate Cities Are Carried by Democrats; Miller Ticket Slashed

Prohibition Issue Is a Strong Factor

Beer and Wine Beaten in Ohio; Lodge Is Returned to Senate; Overturms Elsewhere in Nation

Governor Miller was defeated yesterday by his Democratic opponent, Al Smith, in the gubernatorial contest in this state by a plurality estimated at 400,000.

Senator Calder, like Governor Miller, went down to defeat in this state, it is indicated by incomplete returns. He made a stronger run in the state than did the Governor, however.

Generally the Republicans were successful throughout the country in the Congressional elections, and it seemed certain that the party would have a majority of at least thirty in the lower House and at least sixteen in the Senate.

In this state the Legislature will remain Republican. The returns show that the party will have a majority in the Assembly and a majority in the Senate.

Incomplete returns in New Jersey indicated that a Republican Legislature would continue in power. Democrats claimed the Governorship, however, and Governor Edwards, Democratic candidate for the United States Senate, was leading his opponent, Senator Frelinghuysen.

The light wines and beer proposition in Ohio was voted down. The prohibition issue caused minor upsets in the election, notably in Rochester, N. Y., which was carried by Al Smith and the local District Attorney, a Republican and an avowed "wet," in spite of attacks by members of the clergy of the city.

Reports from Massachusetts indicated that Senator Lodge had been re-elected and the Republicans generally successful.

Party "Strongholds" Fail To Give Support to Ticket

Governor Miller conceded his defeat by Al Smith, Democratic candidate for Governor, at 9 o'clock last night, when the returns were only about half in. At 10 o'clock George K. Moynis, chairman of the Republican State Committee, issued the following statement:

"The Republican State Committee concedes the defeat of Governor Miller and his colleagues on the state ticket, including Senator Calder. The election of a Republican majority in both branches of the Legislature is indicated by our returns."

The result was without national significance, Mr. Morris said.

Returns from 3,963 districts out of 4,554 outside of New York City give Governor Miller 646,432 votes to Smith's 571,641. Returns from 3,277 of the up-state districts give Senator Calder 514,922 to 436,958 polled by his Democratic opponent, Dr. Roy S. Copeland, Health Commissioner of this city.

The incomplete returns from up state indicated that Governor Miller's plurality at the city line would not be much more than 100,000, a figure which was far from sufficient to meet the heavy plurality given Smith in this city. Senator Calder ran stronger up state than Governor Miller and is thought to have carried some counties which were lost by the head of the Republican state ticket.

With his inconsiderable up-state plurality, Governor Miller was confronted at the city line by a Smith plurality which exceeded even that given to Mayor Hylan last year. The total number of Smith's votes in the city was greater than two years ago. He got 737,316 votes in the city to Miller's 268,553, with 67 districts missing.

Up-State Plurality in Slump.
 The estimated up-state plurality of Governor Miller is less than one-third of what the leaders of his party said the up-state counties would give him. The early returns from up state, comprising as they did for the most part the vote in cities where voting machines are in use, was particularly disappointing to Republicans.

With 215 of the 247 districts in Buffalo counted, Smith had a plurality of 15,191. In the same 215 districts, William J. Donovan, Republican candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, whose home is in Buffalo, obtained a plurality of 6,557 over George R. Lunn, the Democratic candidate. Senator Calder carried the city by a narrow margin, the vote indicated.

Rochester, a Republican stronghold, was carried by Smith by more than 5,500 plurality. The outcome there is attributed to the activity of certain clergymen in the campaign. Regardless of partisan politics, they assailed all candidates who had not come out for strict enforcement of prohibition, and the reaction of the voters to such a campaign completely upset the forecasts of politicians. Smith, the "wet" candidate for Governor, carried the city, and District Attorney Love, Republican candidate for re-election, whom the clerical campaigners made the object of especial condemnation, was re-elected.

Syracuse, where Governor Miller's home is, was carried by Smith by 6,704. Lunn's lead over Donovan in that city was 6,302 and Copeland's lead over Calder 6,978. Cortland County, where Governor Miller was born and taught school, which is