THE NEW YORK SUN.

IT SHINES FOR ALL

NUMBER 8513 — NEW YORK, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18 1859. — PRICE ONE CENT

THE NEW YORK SUN,

Published daily, Sundays excepted, at the Sun Buildings, cor. of Fulton and Nassau sts., and delivered to subscribers in New York city and vicinity, at SIX AND A QUARTER CENTS per week.

☞ When sent by mail, Four Dollars a year.

Circulation, 60,000 Copies per day.

THE WEEKLY SUN is published at 75 cents a year; 50 months $1; single copies 2 cents.

MORRIS E. BEACH, Proprietor.

WANTED.

WANTED—GIRLS TO MAKE PAPER Boxes, 75 Bowery. o17 2*315

WANTED—2 GIRLS TO BAIST AND finish vests after a machine; also a good button hole maker. Apply 251 Newark ave, Jersey City. o17 2*140

WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN TO OPerate on Singer's, Wheeler & Wilson's, and Howe's sewing machines; practice until perfect on all kinds of work, and recommended to shops; binding and all the other branches taught perfect; lessons given through the day and after 6 evenings; terms $2. Also all kinds of sewing machines to let. Call 332 Henry st, near Grand. o17 2dac*143

WANTED—AN ENGLISH, SCOTCH, OR Welsh cook, who perfectly understands her business, in an English family. Apply at the office of St. George's Society, 40 Exchange Place, room 24. o17 3*

WANTED—2 OR 3 BOOT MAKERS. INquire for JOHN RANDALL, at Franklin House, Fulton Ferry, from 9 to 10, A. M. 3 o'clock p. m. o17 2*191

WELL RECOMMENDED SERVANTS OF all kinds, such as cooks, waiterses, laundresses, chambermaids, nurses, girls for general housework, &c, will be able to procure good situations immediately by applying at the Servants Institute, 169 Grand street. o17 3*129

WANTED—50 BAISTERS OR ALPACA and farmers satinet coats, and 25 operators on Wheeler & Wilson's machines; also 25 smart girls to learn to baste. To such, constant employment will be given. Apply 289 Pearl st, 4th floor o17

WANTED—THIS DAY, COOKS, LAUNdresses, chambermaids, nurses, small girls and housworkers, any number for the very best of situations, now ready, city and country; the highest wages; also coachmen, farmers, waiters, &c., at the old Office, 375 Bowery. ALEX. RUSGE. o17 2*114

WANTED—GIRLS FOR HOTELS, RESTaurants, boarding houses and private families, in city and country, at New York Employment Office, No. 620 Broome st, near Elm. G. WALTON. (late Sanner's office.) o17 2*114 a

WANTED—TEN GOOD BAISTERS ON thin coats. None but good hands need apply Call 613 Ninth avenue. o17 3*115

WANTED—AT THE LARGE EMPLOYment Institute, 510 Broadway, 100 women and girls to fill as many excellent situations now ready, in city and country; highest wages; girls with references not delayed five minutes; call and see; 9 coachmen and 8 farmers wanted immediately. o17 2*107 JOHN SHEEHAN.

WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN TO OPerate on Wheeler and Wilson's improved sewing machines; any one of the experienced operators of this city. Taught all kinds of stitching and the thorough management of the machine perfectly, and recommended to good places, for $1. Also those wanting good operators can be supplied. 656 Canal st, near the store. o17 2*308

WANTED—A HARNESS MAKER TO GO South; one who understands his business perfectly in all its branches. Address Salary, box 859 stating qualifications and salary wanted per month or year, at the office of this paper. o15 2*144

WANTED—2 GIRLS TO BAISTE AND finish after a machine; also a good button-hole maker. Apply at 251 Newark ave., Jersey City. o15 3*

WANTED—FAMILIES TO WORK IN A cotton mill in Connecticut, with children between the ages of 10 and 20, mostly girls. Apply at 35 Beaver st, on Wednesday, the 19th, in the morning, but 6 and 10 o'clock. o15 4*131

WANTED—FOR U. S. ARMY—100 ACtive men. Pay from $11 to $22 per month, with board, clothing, &c. Also musicians wanted. Apply at the Recruiting office, 98 Chatham st, or 188 South st. oct. o15 3dac*153

WANTED—RESPECTABLE MALE AND female help of all nations to notice that they can be well suited with good situations in every capacity, by applying to MANNING, 378 Sixth ave—The Empire City Institute. N. B—We can recommend this office. o15 2*128

WANTED—SIX BROWN STONE CUTtors. Apply at WM. FITBLADDO'S stone yard 6th, 8th ave and 27th st, Brooklyn. o14 4*105

WANTED—TO BRUSH MAKERS—TWO or three good comber can have steady employment in a brush manufactory in the village of North Attleboro, Mass., by making early application, either personally or by letter, to GEO. F. GREENE & CO. o14 6*126

WANTED—LADIES TAUGHT TO OPErate on Singer's and Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machines by Singer's late teacher; practice until perfect on all kinds of work, and recommended to places after learning. Binding, tucking and hemming guage included for $1 50. Employers supplied with the best of operators at 83 Stanton st; also operators wanted. o13 2dac*109

WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN TO OPerate on Singer's, Wheeler & Wilson's and other sewing machines, and practice till perfect, and settled, and recommended to situations as operators—also sewing machines for sale and to let, at 117 Allen street. o13 2dac*108

WANTED—NEW SHIRT IRONERS—good hands can have the highest wages and steady employment, at No. 661 East 23d st, near the cor of ave A. Also girls to learn. o13 2dac*111

WANTED FOR WHALING VOYAGES—Men that have been at the business; also green hands, stout young Americans; men and boys; blacksmiths and stewards; also voyages procured for able seamen on merchant vessels. Apply 51 West st. o26 2dac*271

WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN TO OPerate on Singer's, Wheeler & Wilson's and Grover sewing machines; practice until perfect on all kinds of work, and recommended to shops; binding and all the other guages taught perfect; lessons given through the day, and after 6 evenings; terms $2; also all kinds of machines to let. Please call at 332 Henry st, near Grand st. o22 2dac

A. T. STEWART & CO. WANT A FEW carpet upholsters to work by the piece a month. Liberal wages will be paid. Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts. o17 3*176

A GOOD HAND WOMEN WASTED DAILY. Good situations, good wages; girls lately landed, and small girls wanted immediately at the Institute and Home, 128 Eleventh st, cor 6th ave. Call and inquire. o17 5*169

A RESPECTABLE IRISH PROTESTANT young woman wants a situation as seamstress in a family; is a good dressmaker. Call for three days 102 Madison st. o15 3*155

FEMALES WANTED TO STRIP TOBACCO at C. H. LILIENTHAL'S, 217 Washington st. o15 3*195

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE WANTED—Any family having $1,000 or $1,500 worth of household furniture, of the medium class, and wishing to dispose of the same at a reasonable price, can find a cash customer by addressing a line to H. Hilliard, box 932, Sun office. Would like it by the 20th or 25th. o17 3*156

LADIES TAUGHT TO OPERATE ON Wheeler & Wilson's improved sewing machines, to do all kinds of work; the management of the machine thoroughly learned; charges only $1 for the full course—Apply at 469 Eighth ave, bet. 24th and 25th sts. o17 4*288

LADIES TAUGHT AS OPERATORS ON Wheeler & Wilson's improved sewing machines, to do all kinds of work. The thorough management of the machine perfectly explained and taught in all their parts complete. Terms $1 to $1 50. Apply at 41 Carmine st. o17 3*256

LADIES TAUGHT TO OPERATE PERfect on Wheeler & Wilson's improved sewing machines; charges only $1 for the full course, every part of the machine thoroughly explained and taught. N.B. The hemming and falling guages also taught. Apply to 150 Thirty-sixth st, bet 7th and 8th ave. o17 3*209

TO BOOT AND SHOEMAKERS—WANTED immediately, at No. 45 East 23d st, a good, steady, solid workman, on custom work; none others need apply; will not be boarded. Call for 5 days. o17 2*177

TIP TOP SITUATIONS AND MALE AND female servants in abundance, at 13 and 14 Bible House, 8th st, bet 3d and 4th ave. French and German language spoken. A lady in attendance. o17 3*162

TO BOOT MAKERS—JOURNEYMEN wanted on gentlemen's boots; good wages will be paid; none but the best workmen need apply to R. A. BROOKS, 150 Fulton st. o15 3*263

15 NEW SHIRT IRONERS WANTED, AT the Manhattan Steam Laundry, cor of ave D and 10th st; also a few smart girls to learn to iron. o17 3*139

50 TAILORS AND TAILORESSES wanted to finish fine overcoats, after the machine—good tailors will find a steady place; from $7 to $9 will be paid. 10 operators wanted that understand the machine thoroughly; 2 large size Singer's sewing machines for sale. 205 Sullivan st. o17 3*312

100 BOYS WANTED TO BUSDLE KINdling wood; must be over 12 years of age and willing to work steady. Apply between 8 and 10 a. m, at J. T. BARNARD'S, 294 Front st. o13 6*131

FINANCIAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT CERtificates Nos. 816 for one hundred shares, and 404 for twenty-five shares stock in the Central Mining Company, were forfeited on 23d Sept. for non-payment of assessment of $1 per share, due on 10th June last, and that the said one hundred and twenty-five share stock or so much of it as will pay the amount of said assessment, together with interest and expenses, will be sold at auction to the highest bidder, at the office of the company, 162 Pearl st, on Tuesday, November 15th, at 12 o'clock M. J. M. SHULL, Treasurer. New York, Oct. 5th, 1859. o6 6*108

ROSE HILL SAVINGS BANK, CORNER Rose 14th st and 9th av, open daily from 10 to 5 p. m. Wednesday and Saturday until 7 p. m. All sums deposited as late as the 10th day of October, will commence to draw interest at once. WM. F. HAVE MEYER, Pres't. RICHARD H. BULL, Sec'y. o22 2dac*128

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK—489 Canal st, cor of Varick, open daily from 10 a. m., to 2 p. m. and from 5 to 7 p. m. Deposits from ten cents to $50 received. Deposits made on or before October 20th, will draw 4 per cent from October 1st. R. HAGGERTY, President. GARDINER G. CHAPIN, Treasurer. DAN. SHELEY, Vice President. JOHN HARRIS, Vice President. SOLOMON J. FOX, Attorney and Counsellor. o15 3dac*

HOUSEKEEPING.

COLUMBIAN HALL CARPET WAREHOUSE.

We are offering for CASH:

BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY CARPETS, at	75c to $1 10
THREE PLY & TAPESTRY INGRAIN	90c to 1 16
ALL WOOL INGRAINS	40c to 75
COTTON AND WOOL	25c to 35

A good assortment of Rags, Mats, Table and Piano Covers.

Druggets from one yard to four yards wide.

o17 3dac*136 ADAMS & SPENCER, 261 Grand st.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!—500 BARRELS family flour for sale. Bon doppie extra family flour from $5 50 to $6; very best doppie extra family flour $6 to $6 50. JOHN WEEDER, 99 Barclay st. o15 3d*126

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS—CASH CAPITAL, $20,000.

TEAS, WINES, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS CHEAP FOR CASH.

Important to up-town families, hotel and restaurant proprietors, country merchants and the public at large.

THOMAS R. AGNEW has the largest stock of choice teas, wines, groceries, flour and provisions to be found in New York, at the lowest price. The undersigned imports his own goods, and keeps $20,000 cash in his business, and is thereby enabled to undersell any man in New York. Call and see for yourselves. Consult your own interests and buy your goods where you can get them cheapest and best.

Just received

200 barrels New Orleans Molasses.
100 barrels Steam's Syrup.
200 barrels No. 1 family Mackerel.
1,000 chests and half chests green and black teas, new crop.
1,000 barrels choice brands family flour from $5 up.

Goods delivered to all parts of the City free of charge.

THOMAS R. AGNEW,
Importer, grocer, flour and tea dealer,
of 24ac* Nos 360 Greenwich and 99 Murray sts, N. Y

MATCHES, MATCHES—ALL KINDS OF stove and shoe polish; a good assortment of tacks liquid bluing, ink, buttons, tops, pins, &c. cheap to dealers, by F. UNSPEKAUZ, 1 Doyer, junction of Bowery, Division and Chatham. o15 2dac*139

NEEDLES—NEEDLES—NEEDLES.—THE best manufactured, James Hemming & Son's, Thos Hemming & Co's, and R. Richards' genuine needles, solely imported by the subscriber, RICHARD RICHARDS, 17 Maiden Lane, New York, over LANE'S. o15 6*128

STOVES, STOVES — STOVES: OF ALL kinds for cooking and heating, for sale cheaper than any here in the city, at the old stand, No. 9 Chatham st—No. 9, No 9—don't mistake. o14 12ac*120

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, DIRT CHEAP—AS THE OWner has other business, a wood planing, moulding and saw mill, with all tools and machines and stock on hand, with engine, boiler, and lease of premises and all the work it can do. Enquire 94 North 1st st, Williamsburgh. o15 3*156

FOR SALE CHEAP—A TICKET FOR California by the next steamer, the NORTH STAR. A $4 cabin state room ticket. Apply at 810 Washington st, for 4 days, 2d floor, front room. o15 2*154

SEWING MACHINES FOR SALE—SINGer's No 1 and 2, second-hand, cheap for cash, or exchange for Wheeler & Wilson's. Will exchange a machine for a safe. Machines bought, exchanged and repaired. by C. A. DURGIN, 320 Broadway, room 3. N B—Wanted to purchase all the second-hand Wheeler & Wilson's. o17 6*149

SHAFTING, SHAFTING, SHAFTING—Shafting, pulleys, hangers, constantly on hand and made to order at short notice; also all kinds of machinery made and repaired. H. & J. McCOLLUM, 40 Elizabeth st. o14 3*107

SEWING MACHINES FOR SALE—2 OF SINGER'S No 1, genuine fast speed; 1 No 2; 3 of HOWE'S for tailor work; cheap for cash, warranted perfect, machines repaired in a prompt and faithful manner; all machines warranted one year; needles, silk, &c, for sale; 180 Elm st, next to cor of Grand st. MOORE & CO.

SEWING MACHINES—NEW AND SECond hand for sale—Grover & Baker's, Wheeler & Wilson's, and others. Machines bought, exchanged and repaired. Ladies learned to operate, 374 Canal st, 5 doors east from Broadway. JOHN L. ROCKWELL. o26 20ac*102

SEWING MACHINES—SINGER'S, Wheeler & Wilson's, and Grover & Baker's, all sizes, second hand, cheap for cash and warranted. Also bosom folders, shuttles, needles, &c. Machines bought, exchanged, and repaired, by C. A. DURGIN 320 Broadway, room 3. o26 20ac*184

$85—FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST large size new shuttle sewing machine; will do all kinds of work; a great bargain; sold to pay advances. Apply at 649 Greenwich st, near Barrow, in the basement. o17 2*226

$85 FOR A LARGE DOUBLE DOOR iron safe; $4 for a copying press; $10 for bar locks, and put on complete. Inquire of DUNCAN, WEST & SHARP'S gas and lock shop, 4 Liberty place, near the Post office. o15 3*106

GENERAL BUSINESS.

BILLS OF £1 AND UPWARDS—ON Union Bank of London and Royal Bank of Ireland at Dublin.

For sale by
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
o13 6m*131 63 Broadway.

CASH PAID FOR OLD NEWSPAPERS, books, pamphlets, catalogues and waste paper of every description; also rags, rope, bagging, copper, brass, lead, pewter, iron, metals, &c. Will send to any part of New York, Brooklyn or Jersey City. STOCKWELL & EMERSON, 36 Ann st, and 163 Duane st, cor of Hudson. o14 24ac*138

ENGRAVING AND PRINTING HALF price—Wedding at home cards and note papers, ball tickets, &c, &c. Business cards, bill heads, cloth tags and gummed labels, &c, at KELLY'S, 87 Fulton st. o13 2dac*146

GEO. M. WHEELER HAS THIS DAY retired from the firm of CLAFP & CO. N.Y. Sept. 15th, 1859. o17 3*146

J. MOORE, AUCT'R, NEW BOWERY AND 3d—Chatham Square, sells at 1 o'clock, counters, system stands, grocery and other cases, oil and molasses cans, saloon marble top tables, beer pumps, refrigerators, bedsteads and a variety of furniture. o13 6*209

LEAKY ROOFS CURED FOR ONE CENT per foot; cloth roofs over shingle roofs, 5 cents; Kilery's patent India rubber paint; great inducements to the trade; agents wanted everywhere; principal office, 566 Grand st; branch office, 128 Bowery. J. H. DOUGHTY, Agent. o22 2dac*118

MRS. C. BOIREAU,
61 FULTON STREET,
Brooklyn,
(Near the Fulton Ferry,)
Stitching by Wheeler & Wilson's Machine, Skirts, Collars, Bosoms, Wristbands, and Shop Work of all kinds, quickly done at the LOWEST RATES.

Special attention given to Ladies' Dresses and other garments. Family sewing of every description, promptly done in the most splendid manner, on very moderate terms. Ladies are invited to call.

By means of the Patterns Hemmer, the finest hems are elegantly turned and stitched upon Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Garments, and goods of every species. o24 2dac*111

MME. DEMOREST'S GRAND OPENING of patterns of Paris fashions, in advance of the published modes, 375 Broadway, and at all the branches, on new and elegant designs for sleeves, basques, mantillas, wrappers, etc, and children's patterns in great variety. Waist patterns cut by measure, at 12 cents each. o20 2dac*109

TO TAILORS—I AM PREPARED TO teach the best method for cutting coats ever introduced to the trade, also instruction given in cutting pants and vests. Diagrams with explanations &c, complete, for sale at my place of business, 413 Broadway, up stairs. R. L. BRISTOL. o15 3*112

THE "BIGG'S TRUSS" IS PERFECTLY water proofused in bathing, always cleanly and durable. It protects the cord from injury, and contracts instead of enlarges the openings. 448 Broome st. o17 6*113

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between S. A. HOLT and J. W. CONE, under the name of HOLT & CONE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The outstanding business will be settled by J. W. CONE, at 379 Broadway. S. A. HOLT, J. W. CONE. Dated at New York, Oct. 13th 1859. o15 3*111

TOYS, TOYS, TOYS—WHOLESALE A choice assortment of the most saleable toys, notions, fancy articles, &c, as cheap as can be purchased in the largest houses down town, and in quantities to suit the buyer. Please call, it may be to your advantage. THOMAS M. MACNAIR, 200 Ninth ave, bet 24 and 24th sts, N. Y. o13 24ac*116

UNION STEREOSCOPIC CO., 375 BROADway, up stairs—Newest, most interesting, best and cheapest views ever offered—1 doz. views, with a good stereoscope, for $1 50, affording the most interesting and instructive social amusement extant. o22 2dac*

WOVEN AND EXCELSIOR SKIRTS—Mme. DeMOREST'S Skirt Manufactory and Wholesale Depot, 370 Broadway. Retail stores—736 Canal st and 258 Bowery. Best woven skirts, 11 steel springs, with bustle, for only $1. Ladies will please remember the Excelsior Skirts cannot get out of order. o22 2dac*107

$1 WRITING CLASSES—S. R. PAINE, 63 Bowery, N. Y, 283 Fulton st, Brooklyn, gives 3 months instruction in penmanship and arithmetic or bookkeeping. Lessons unlimited for $12. Ladies' penmanship classes $5 for 16 lessons. o1 2dac*117

100,000 BOXES SOLD IN 1 MONTH.
MEYER'S
MIRACULOUS VERMIN DESTROYER.
IT THOROUGHLY EXTERMINATES
BUGS, ROACHES, ANTS, MOTHS, FLEAS, MUSQUITOES, RATS, MICE,
IS
CHED WITH IMMENSE SUCCESS
EVERYWHERE,
EVERYWHERE,
EVERYWHERE,
AT
METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
ASTOR HOUSE,
CLARENDON HOTEL,
UNION PLACE HOTEL,
at
THE BELLEVUE HOSPITAL,
THE CITY HOSPITAL,
THE POLICE STATIONS,
THE NAVY YARD,
AND ALL OVER THE CITY
For sale by the Manufacturer, JOS. MEYER, No. 813 Broadway; A. B. SARDS & Co., and Druggists generally. o13 2dac*

THE NEW YORK SUN.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCT. 18, 1859.

The Whole Particulars of the Broderick Duel Murder.

Detached portions of the whole of this affair have been given by us, from time to time, as the occurrences took place, but a repetition will be found of much interest to those who have overlooked or forgotten its origin. This whole trouble in its personal aspects grew out of a conversation in June last, between Mr. BRODERICK and a Mr. PERLEY, a former law-partner of Judge TERRY, meeting at the breakfast-table of the International Hotel. Mr. PERLEY publishes the following account of so much of that conversation as applied to the Judge. He says:

I was sitting at the breakfast table of the International Hotel, directly by the side of Mrs. Col JAMES. Her husband sat on the other side of her. [This is the Col. CHAS. JAMES, formerly of Wisconsin, and well known at Washington.] Directly opposite sat SHANNON and BRODERICK. I spoke to both politely as I took a seat, and then commenced a conversation with Mrs. JAMES.

BRODERICK then addressed himself to me as follows:—

"Your friend TERRY has been abusing me at Sacramento."

I said: "What is it, Mr. BRODERICK?"

He replied: "The —— *miserable wretch*, after being *kicked out of the Convention*, went down there and made a speech abusing me. I have defended him at times when all others deserted him. I had paid and supported three newspapers to defend him during the Vigilance Committee days, and this is all the gratitude I get from the —— miserable wretch for the favors I have conferred on him. I have hitherto spoken of him as an honest man, but he is only honest man on the bench of a miserable, corrupt Supreme Court—but now I find I was mistaken. I take it all back. He is just as bad as the others."

I then spoke as follows: "Mr. BRODERICK, who is it you speak of as a '*wretch*?'"

He said, "TERRY."

I said, "I will inform the Judge of the language you have used concerning him."

He said, "Do so; I wish you to do so. I am responsible for it."

I then said, "You would not dare to use this language to him."

He sneered at this, and echoed me—"*would not dare.*"

I replied, "No, sir; you would not dare to do it, and you know you would not dare to do it, and you shall not use it to me concerning him. I shall hold you personally responsible for the language of insult and menace you have used."

Mr. A. A. SALOVER, Mr. BRODERICK'S friend, who was present at this conversation, makes the following statement in reply to Mr. PERLEY, viz.:

Having read a statement in the Sacramento *Standard* of the 16th inst., it becomes my duty to the departed to make such corrections of the same as I deem necessary to a proper understanding by the public, of the interview or altercation at the International Hotel on the 16th of June last.

I have no recollection that the word "damned" was used by Mr. BRODERICK on that occasion; I sat directly on his right, and, if it had been used, I must have heard it. The whole language used by Mr. BRODERICK was in so under tone of voice, he (Mr. BRODERICK) reaching with his body across a narrow table in the direction of PERLEY, Mrs. SHANNON, who sat on my right, did not hear what Mr. BRODERICK said on the occasion.

Mr. BRODERICK had, but a few moments before, read in the Sacramento *Union*, the following offensive remarks of Judge TERRY, at the Sacramento Convention:

"Who have we (asked Judge TERRY) opposed to us? A party based on no principle, extending the abusing of one section of the country and the aggrandizement of the other, which has no existence in fifteen States of the Confederacy; a party whose principles never can prevail among freemen, who love justice and are willing to do justice. What other? A miserable remnant of a faction calling under false colors, trying to obtain votes under false pretences. (Applause.) They have no distinction they are entitled to; they are the followers of one man, the personal chattels of a single individual, to whom they are ashamed of. (Great applause.) They belong, heart and soul, body and breeches, to DAVID C BRODERICK. (Laughter and applause.) They are not ashamed to acknowledge their master, and are ashamed themselves. (Loud cheers, Democrats, applause.) whom it is shown—well known to them as to us—that the gallant Senator from Illinois, whose votes has always been heard in the advocacy of Democratic principles, who never has not disunited from the Democratic party, has no affiliation with them, no feeling in common with them. Perhaps, Mr President and gentlemen, I am mistaken in denying their right to claim Democracy as their heritage; perhaps they do call under the flag of a DOUGLAS, but it is the banner of the Black DOUGLAS, [great cheers,] whose name is FREDERICK, not STEPHEN. Gentlemen, as far as your nominations are concerned, it is my duty, and that of all Democrats, to acquiesce in the decision of the majority. I have aspirations myself, but the Convention have selected the men who, in their opinion, were most fit to be nominated for the various offices in their gift, and I acquiesce in their decisions, &c."

When PERLEY retired from the table, I expressed my regret at what had occurred, to which Mr. BRODERICK replied that he was provoked into it by the attack of Judge TERRY upon him.

I have been induced to make this statement only by the fact that Judge TERRY'S friends have gone behind the record, which is shown by the correspondence to have contained all the language Judge TERRY had taken offence at.

Statements having been subsequently made that Mr. BRODERICK had used violent language in the presence of ladies, and I being a more intimate personal friend of his than Col. JAMES, who sat directly opposite to him at the table, the latter gentleman was requested to make a statement of what occurred, which was done, but not published.

It is understood that Mr. BRODERICK left behind him property to the value of from one to two hundred thousand dollars, mortgaged up to $85,000, and that by his will he gave $15,000 to be equally divided between the Protestant and Catholic Orphan Asylums, $10,000 to the Hon. J. C. MCKIBBEN, and the remainder of all his estate to the widow of his late friend, JAMES ESTILL, who, reputed wealthy at one time, left his family a few months ago in exceedingly moderate circumstances. It was supposed that he had no relative; but two persons in San Francisco, named EDMUND WELSH and LUCY BROWN, claim the estate, being, as they assert, cousins in the second degree.

The observations of TERRY, upon witnessing the effects of his shot, are differently stated by the San Francisco papers. The generally received version is, that he said: "He is not much hurt—I have shot two inches to the right." One of the papers, personally favorable, says, that CALMOUN BESHAM approached TERRY on the instant, and asked him if BRODERICK was fatally hurt, and that TERRY replied that he was afraid he was; that he had shot too much to the right, &c.

The papers of the whole State are so bitterly censorious of TERRY for coming down, as they allege, from the Supreme Bench to murder a man, that it took TERRY wholly by surprise, and has made him afraid of his life. He was planning a flight to Texas, when he was arrested. He fears San Francisco, and deems himself safe only when out of that city and the State.

ANOTHER FATAL DUEL.

A *Times* San Francisco correspondent gives the following particulars of a second fatal duel, a general account of which we have already published. They are these:

At about 7 o'clock in the morning of the 16th September, a duel was fought at a place about five miles from San Andreas, between Dr. PARKSON GOODWIN and Col. WM. JEFF. GATEWOOD. Weapons used, rifles; distance, 40 yards. At the first fire, Doctor GOODWIN fell mortally wounded, and died about two hours afterwards. The Hon. W. T. Lewis and Major GLENN, for Doctor GOODWIN, and Captain FORD and MARTIN ROWAN for Colonel GATEWOOD, acted as "friends." The telegraphic account of this murder says that "the principals displayed great bravery and gentlemanly deportment." The preliminaries were all arranged, and the parties ready for position by 10 o'clock, A. M. The principals are reported to have both appeared cool, and to have exchanged courtesies at the moment of taking positions assigned by the seconds. The word was given thus: "Are you ready? Fire! one, two, three." At the interrogative part of the sentence, each answered "I am." At the moment that the word "three" was about to be articulated, both sprung the triggers of their rifles. Dr. GOODWIN'S hung fire, and he lost his shot. Mr. GATEWOOD'S shot struck GOODWIN in the abdomen, ranging obliquely and downwards passing out of the hip.

Immediately upon Dr. GOODWIN'S fall, Mr. GATEWOOD advanced toward him, extending his hand, and remarking, "Doctor, I am very sorry that this affair has terminated so—very sorry, indeed." To which the Doctor replied, "I am glad to know that you acted like a gentleman." GATEWOOD thanked him for his kind remark, and left the field in company with his surgeon.

Both parties were Democratic politicians—the deceased a Lecompontoite, and the survivor an Anti-Lecompontoite. They quarreled prior to the late election, and engaged in a melee. GOODWIN was the challenging party, and he has paid the penalty of his act with his life. Both gentlemen were highly esteemed.

Mexican Affairs.

The Matamoras correspondent of the New Orleans *Crescent*, gives the following items of Mexican news:

A courier has just arrived who reports that the Liberals have suffered two defeats, one at Leon under DOBLADO, and one at Cordova under BERRIO. It appears that DOBLADO attacked Leon with 3,000 men, and after some hard fighting, Mexican fashion, was beaten back with considerable loss by Gen. WOLL.—The latter followed up his victory so closely that he not only captured a piece of artillery from DOBLADO, but he made a successful entry into San Luis Potosi, which is considered a very great advantage.

Gen. EPRIJO sallied out of Vera Cruz to route a party of Conservatives at Cordova, but was beaten and driven back.

Gen. CASTILLA, of the MIRAMON army, with his brigade of 3,000 men, has advanced from the city of Mexico to Jalapa, and it is thought his design is to attack Vera Cruz. However, some say that he intends to attack Alvarado, and then Minatitlan, which will give MIRAMON two ports on the Gulf. This is just what he wants, for then his import of ammunition and export of specie will be free from interruption. It would be a signal vengeance upon Vera Cruz thus to cut off all her back country resources, with us which she is [illegible].

Gen. MARIN passed through this place on the 1st of September on his way to Vera Cruz from Washington city, with letters and dispatches for JUAREZ from MATA and TRIANA. Both these Ministers assure JUAREZ that his only safety now is in the immediate ratification of the treaty. And there is no doubt but he will accede to the demand.

I have just seen parties who have returned from the mountains, and they report that the gold diggings have turned out a failure, and all the miners have left to prospect in some other quarter.

All the property belonging to the Louisiana Tehuantepec Company, which was seized in the district of Juchitan, has been sold at public sale at a terrible sacrifice. Five mules, which were imported here from the United States, went at $25 and $40, and other property at a greater sacrifice.

Another correspondent, writing from Vera Cruz, says:

In accordance with his programme of reform JUAREZ has decreed the abolition of all feast days but nine, as follows: The first day of the year; Thursday and Friday of Holy Week; Thursday, the day of the Resurrection; Independence day; the 16th of September; All Saints Day; the 2d of November, in memory of the faithful who died in the church; and the 25th of December. I had occasion in an early letter to call your attention to the innumerable feast days which crippled the labor of the country. There are in Mexico sixty stated days made solemn farces by the Church and State, when no labor can be done because some saint died a thousand years ago; forty movable feasts and fifty-two Sundays, in all one hundred and fifty-two days, when it is a finable offence to work. When it is considered that these feast days are but drunken frolics, which produce additional rest days, you may reasonably conclude that there are two hundred of them, which leaves but one hundred and sixty-five working days in all the year.

As a case in point, a contractor of mahogany informs me that he lost over five hundred dollars by one feast day, in the following fashion: The Peon system enables contractors, by small advance payments to the Indians, to hold them to service until the debt is paid. My informant had contracted, after the manner, with a large number of Indians, and his peons went to work. The 16th of September approached, and every Indian marched off to his native town to enjoy the day. It is now the 26th of September, and they have already lost three weeks, for they quit work four days in advance to go one hundred miles to the the village where they live, and now they are dispersed over the country in every direction. To get them back he will have to procure writs of attachment, and hire officers to hunt down the delinquents. This is all expensive, and probably he will not recover one-fourth of them, thus losing his money, his men, his time, his contracts and his law fees. The 16th of September was celebrated with becoming splendor in this city. Grand illuminations, salutes, poems and orations were got off, and considerable of a display took place in the military line.

President JUAREZ commemorated Independence day by a general amnesty to all prisoners who had but six months to serve, and by releasing six months from the period of all prisoners engaged for a longer time. A patriotic priest in Oajaca had presented the Government with church silver to the amount of $1,000. The *Progreso*, of this city, charges Mr. ORAWAY with ingratitude in supporting MIRAMON when JUAREZ has allowed him to import sundry boxes of candles, groceries and clothing free of charge. Six persons, convicted of an attempt to create a revolt in the State of Tobasco, have been shot.

Marine Losses and Insurance Earnings.

We annex a statement of the amount of premiums earned, and losses, expenses, and return premiums paid each year by the Mutual Companies of this city since 1830, compiled from the published statements of the several Companies:

Year.	Prem. Earned.	Losses & Expenses Return Prem.,
1839	$337,765	$290,478
1840	473,149	392,392
1841	694,094	559,090
1842	1,197,628	955,451
1843	2,490,589	1,846,240
1844	3,683,210	2,708,072
1845	3,391,852	4,184,609
1846	3,744,503	3,157,446
1847	4,378,969	3,513,484
1848	3,864,690	2,622,270
1849	4,743,758	3,379,499
1850	6,990,209	5,181,607
1851	7,956,877	5,666,976
1852	8,043,951	5,528,986
1853	10,756,971	8,340,618
1854	9,972,775	9,002,166
1855	12,867,487	12,358,425
1856	13,121,569	11,450,601
1857	12,891,490	11,221,984
1858	11,448,568	7,629,502
Total	$122,671,784	$100,788,934

The Gualtie Attack on Brownsville.

The Brownsville (Texas) *Flag* of the 6th says:

On the morning of Wednesday last our people awoke from their slumbers with their usual feeling of security, and were quietly proceeding to their accustomed avocations, when a circumstance most extraordinary and beyond parallel threw the city into the utmost consternation. It will be recollected that in duty last our City Marshal was in the act of arresting a disorderly person, when one NAROTHEGO COSTINAS, who has an ubiquitous residence sometimes on this and sometimes on the other side of the river, shot the officer so badly that up to this moment he has not entirely recovered from the effects of the wound. COSTINAS in mediately made his escape. After a short stay at the residence of his mother, about th rteen miles above town, he crossed the river, and has since, until very lately, been in and about Matamoras. Wednesday morning, he, with a band variously estimated at from sixty to one hundred men, armed and on horseback, all Mexicans by nativity, but most of them outlaws from Mexico, whom we on the American side have foolishly given an asylum, rode into our city about daylight, posted their sentinels, and proceeded to pick out the men most disagreeable to them. GEO MORRIS, WILLIAM P. NEALE, R. L. JOHNSON, CLEMENTE REYES, and VIVIANO GARCIA, were killed by them. ALEJOS VELA, belonging to COSTINAS' gang, was killed by JOHNSON. It is said that against JOHNSON and GARCIA they had no animosity; but Mr. JOHNSON was the jailor, and they demanded of him the keys, he refused to deliver them, and they killed him for taking them. Having obtained the keys of the jail they liberated four or five prisoners confined therein for various offences, from murder to horse-stealing. Mr. GARCIA'S sole offence was the shelter he afforded to JOHNSON. He was a good, inoffensive, quiet, industrious man, a Mexican, like themselves, and as well behaved a man as we had in the country. Mr. NEALE was killed in his bed as he raised up on hearing his name called. Mr. MORRIS was hunted down. He lived within the new deserted garrison enclosure, and when our deserted 6th of war has carried the soldiers and the arms which, until then, ever protected this portion of our most important frontier. He was roused from bed, his house having been surrounded; as he ran out under the house and found how slight his chance of escape, he sprang for the open parade ground, and attempted to save himself by flight. It was in vain; they struck him down with a sword before he had half crossed the plaza, and then riddled him with balls. By the time our people were about to pass around the streets, but the guerillas were in possession of them, and their sentinels held the garrison gates.—Soon Mexican families were seen moving their furniture, and the females declared that the outlaws had sent to various selected families, warning them to leave, for that they intended to burn, and hoist their flag (?) on the American flagstaff, which our Secretary of War has stripped of the stars and stripes, so as to be ready for any profanation. The few Americans here could not even pass out of their houses to meet together, and the cries of "*Viva Cortinas y muera los Gringos*," could be heard from the various sentinels.

The news had been quickly communicated to our neighbors in Matamoras, and, as soon as heard Gen. CARVAJAL, Col MIGUEL TREVINA, D. AGAPITO LONGORIA, D. BARTOLO PASSENT and others came over to inquire into the difficulties. By their entreaties the guerillas were induced to leave, yet swearing that they had others on their list—men who had desired to arrest and punish COSTINAS—whom they must kill before they would disperse. One of these was the officer himself, who had once been wounded without cause, and whose further offence was that he thought himself then unjustly treated.

At a late hour, our citizens met for consultation, and, after much consideration, a strong patrol was organized, under efficient officers, to protect the city. no effort has been made to pursue the guerrillas, our Numbers being too few to divide, and it is deemed unsafe for a small body to unite in pursuit.

In the evening of Wednesday, Col CARLESTEAN, Col. TREVINA, Mr. AGAPITO LONGORIA, and Mr. LATHAM, the Collector of our port, went up to the camp of the enemy and had a parley. They were received without molestation, and, after much and strong effort on the part of our friends from Mexico, agreed not to molest the town any more, while, at the same time, they decreed that certain persons who had offended them they would yet kill whenever the opportunity offered. It seems that they complain that certain persons are obnoxious from having treated Mexicans harshly, and particular stress is laid upon their determination to kill all who are disposed to punish COSTINAS for his entirely unprovoked attack on Mr. NEALE.

It is said, and we hope it is true, that there is now no more danger of another inroad; but what security have we of our lives and those of our families when a band of eighty armed outlaws declare that we must close our mouths and drop our arms to be safe from their revengeful fury. And to make our situation worse, the majority of these men have committed crimes in Mexico which render it equally, perhaps now more unsafe for them to retire into Mexico while