THE NEW YORK SUN,

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THE SUN.

IT SHINES FOR ALL

NUMBER 8966 NEW YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1861 PRICE ONE CENT

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

TERMS CASH IN ADVANCE.

Advertisements—For every FOUR LINES, thirty-two words, or less, one day, 50 cents; two days, 75 cents; three days, 1; six days, $1,75. All insertions inside, same price each day.

Mattresses and Desks, 25 cents for each form in addition. Monthly advertisements of four lines, inserted at the convenience of the office, $4 for every 24 insertions. Advertisements received until 12 o'clock, P. M. This establishment is entirely closed on Sunday.

TO LET.

APARTMENTS TO LET—THE 2d STORY front and back rooms, 2 bedrooms and front basement, rent $204; only 1 other family in the house, 118 Essex st; also the first story, 4 rooms, rent $216—527 Washington st, near Spring. Apply 116 Essex st. 1,167,3

FACTORY TO LET OR LEASE IN Brooklyn, Steam engine and fixtures for sale—Building, 35 by 50, 4 stories, fitted up with elevators, gas and water throughout located within less than five minutes walk of Wall and Fulton ferries. In the building is a steam engine of 15 horse power, with boiler of 19 horse power, all complete, in running order and nearly new, which will be sold with or without the lease of the building. Apply to the WILMOT & SIMMS Manufacturing Co., 91 to 105 Front st, Brooklyn, or JOHN DAVOL, 107 John st, N. Y. mh30 2tos*118

HOUSE TO LET—A NICE HOUSE OF 7 or 8 rooms, attic and basement, with 6 lots, near northwest corner of Central Park. Apply to J. T. KING, 1052 2d and Aqueduct possession at once. 3,115,8

HOUSE TO LET—A LARGE HOUSE suitable for a boarding house or hotel, great dining 21 rooms, at 49 Lispenard st. 3,113,4

HOUSE TO LET OR LEASE—ON REASONABLE terms—The 3 story brick dwelling, one and grocery store on Broad way, cor 129th st; the house is commodious and has all the modern improvements; is now doing a good business, and will be let together or separately; also a large brick feed house adjoining.—Apply at P. Office, Manhattanville, N. Y. 2,105,6

HOUSE &c. TO LET—IN FLATBUSH, on the Coney Island road, just beyond the city line, house and half an acre of ground, good barn and wagon, rent $200. Inquire at No. 88 Nassau street, New York. 1,188,6

HOUSE TO LET—IN 47th STREET, near 11th Avenue—A neat two story and basement brick house, with brown stone stoop and iron railing. Possession can be had immediately. Rent $320. Inquire No. 13 Elm st, or southeast corner 47th st and 11th Avenue. 2,177,3

HOUSES, STORES, ROOMS, &c, TO LET—The large 4 story store and cellar 512 Washington st, rent $700; 9 and 3 story house, $450 and over; large basement rooms, parts of house 8 and 34 Walker, 90 and 145 Franklin, 35 East Broadway, and store and salesroom cheap. Inquire front basement 22 East Broadway. 2,183 3

HOUSES &c., TO LET OR LEASE—ONE double house and garden on Flushing ave, and 1 large single house and garden on Broadway, Brooklyn, with stables and excellent fruit on both places, about 1½ and 2 miles from ferries, railroads within one block of the Flushing avenue house, and passing the door of the Broadway house. Inquire of WM. T. MILLS, cor. Myrtle and Lewis avenues, Brooklyn mh31 4tos,169

HOUSE IN HOBOKEN TO LET OR FOR sale—3 story brick, balcony, hot and cold water, bath and gas, rents for $355, price $3,300. Inquire of ROBERT PRESLEY, 18 Beaver Place, Hoboken. mh8 2tos*114

LIGHT ROOMS—

STEADY POWER

AT LOW RATES.

BY JOHN GAUDU, 162 WALKER STREET. mh 28,187,24os

LODGE AND DRILL ROOMS TO LET—the finest lodge and drill rooms in the city. Inquire of H. A. FULLER, 193 Bowery. 3,279,3

MANUFACTURING PREMISES TO LET cheap—The extensive Manufacturing premises Nos 24 and 26 Wooster st, together, separate, or in parts, as may be required; they will be let very low for this year. Apply at 27 Wooster st, or address MAJOR THOMPSON. 3,123,10

MARKET TO LET—A NEAT MARKET now doing a business of $560 per month, will be let to a good thorough butcher. Inquire of HUGH GARRIGUES, Post Office, No. 10 Wall st. Also a fancy food store and dwelling. 3,104,3

ROOMS TO LET, ON 1ST, 2D AND 3D floors—3, 4 and 8 rooms each, with and without gas, water, &c, to small respectable American families of grown persons. Inquire 103 West 24th st. 3,158,3

SHOPS TO LET—GOOD SHOPS, AT 162 Elm st, two doors above Grand. Inquire on the premises 3,109,3

SHOP TO LET—THE SECOND FLOOR of brick shop, No 1 St John's Lane, in the rear of St. John's church, suitable for a cabinet maker's or carpenter's shop. Apply on the premises. 29,186,6

STORE, LOFTS AND BASEMENT TO let or for sale—at 390 Pearl st; also Irving Hotel, with ball rooms and bar room—rent $300; also a cottage at Far Rockaway. Apply to SAM'L J. MATSON, 390 Pearl st, or corner 5th and Grand sts, Williamsburgh. 2,107,3

STORE TO LET—THIRD AVENUE CORNER store to let or lease, with cellar attached, on the corner of 3d ave and 42d st; suitable for any business; it is a large store. Inquire on the premises. 1,130,6

STEAM POWER TO LET,

Steady Steam power to let.

Large and small Rooms.

29,156,6 No 409 Water st.

STEAM POWER TO LET—STEADY power, with large and small, well lighted rooms. Apply to ABM. BARTMOLF, 83 Gold st, bet John and Fulton. mh19 24os*197

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT THE EMPIRE works foot of East 24th st; rooms 200x45 feet; engine one thousand horse power. SAMUEL LEIGHTON, 8-st. mh 25,24os*196

STEAM POWER TO LEASE FOR A Term of years, located on Washington st, Jersey City—having new buildings and dock in front, has been used for the manufacturing of cement, having attached 6 mills; can be used for grinding flour and feed, as well as cement, or it may be turned into a planing or saw mill; also a number of vacant lots fronting the water. Apply to G. S. WINANTS, 464 West 23d st, or to Geo. DOWNES, on the premises mh12 24os,177

SEWING MACHINES

TO RENT AND FOR SALE

Wheeler & Wilson's,

Grover & Baker's,

I. M. Singer & Co's, &c.

A reduced rates. Instruction given.

Parties accommodated at the

N. Y. SEWING MACHINE EMPORIUM,

mh15 24os*188 496 Broadway, cor Broome st.

496 BROADWAY 496 BROADWAY

SEWING MACHINES TO RENT AND FOR sale—Singer's, Wheeler & Wilson's, Grover & Baker's and others, new and second hand, cheap for cash or part payment. Bosom folders, needle sharpeners, needles, etc. Machines bought, exchanged and repaired, by C. A. DURGIN, 355 Broadway, room 3. N. B.—Pass tickets on machines, drawers, etc., wanted. mh8 24os*151

TO LET—TO MANUFACTURERS, MACHINISTS and others—Four floors, 60x25, well lighted, with the use of steam engine and shafting; will let very low. 136 Avenue D. Apply to J. H. DOUGHTY, 168 Bowery, corner of Broome street. mh21,24os*141

COAL.

COAL—5,000 TONS BEST RED ASH Coal.—Will deliver this week from boats, at $4 50 per ton, to carmen, and $5 50 to others; full weight guaranteed. JOHN BAGLEY, 5 Oak st. 3,151,6

COAL FOR SALE—JUST LANDED, OF superior quality, stoves suitable for furnaces, grates, stoves, and ranges, at the lowest cash price, at the old established coal yard, 319 Delancey st, corner Clarkson st. 3 283,4

COAL, COAL, COAL.

$4, $4, $4

To coal dealers, carmen and peddlers—New Anthracite from foot of Perry st, N. R, and Delancey st, E. R, best quality red and white ash coal, $4; egg and furnace, $4,25. Weighed by a sworn weigher.

mh30 24os*119 E. TREADWELL.

COAL. COAL. COAL.

$4 75 $4,75. $4,75.

Best quality Red Ash Coal, $4,75. Screened and free from slate; full weight of 2,000 lbs, guaranteed and delivered to all parts of the city free from porterage.

140 Waverly Place, 155 West 11th st,

754 Washington st, foot of Perry st, North River,

and foot of Delancey st, East River.

mh30 24os*110 E. TREADWELL,

Branch office, 20 Wall st

COAL—FAR SUPERIOR IN QUALITY to most of the coal sold in this city, and prepared expressly for family use, is offered, delivered, at less than the market price, from yards 300 Grand, 95 Stanton and 171 Orchard streets. G. L. BRACH

mh29 12*181

COAL—AS USUAL, OF THE BEST quality, and at a lower price than from any other dealer in the city, screened and delivered from yards 97, 192 and Greenwich st, cor. New Bowery and Greenwich st, 655 Canal st, and 157 Duane st.

11,117 3os MATTHEW CLINTON.

OFFICIAL AND LEGAL.

DISSOLUTION—THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between J. W. SIMPSON, C. A. CLARK and H. A. LOVELL, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. The business of said firm will be settled by said J. W. SIMPSON.

SIMPSON, C. A. CLARK, H. A. LOVELL, J. W. SIMPSON.

New York, March 30th, 1861. 2,145,9

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—THE partnership heretofore existing between C. SERAND & CO is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by C. SERAND, who will settle all the accounts of the firm. C. SERAND, FRANCIS BAVO. New York, March 27th, 1861. 2,108,6

KINDLING WOOD—50 CENTS PER 100 or more boxes; wine and oak by the load at 22 ms, at yard foot of Hall st. Address C. COLLINS, mh27 3os*171

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

BRICKS FOR SALE—FIRE BRICKS AND red bricks, second hand, for sale cheap at No. 21 Park street. 145

BIRDS FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL SINGing birds, in all varities of music and plumage. Long and short breed canaries, mocking birds, pheasants, lightning lies, larks, thrushes, blackbirds, linnets, &c. The finest collection of choice birds in the city, at the old stand, No. 5 North William st. mh30 24os*202 CHARLEY ZOLLER

EXPRESS WAGON, HORSE AND HARness for sale, price $ 50, also a hard cart and harness, price $ 35. Apply to Troy Steamboat office, Pier 9 N. R. 2,124,3

FINKLE & LYON'S SEWING MACHINE Co. Prices reduced. New Adjustable Hemmer New style Tucker. New Binder, &c. &c. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Agents wanted. No. 505 Broadway, N. Y. all 4*112

FRENCH WHITE ZINC PAINT—DRY and in oil, red and green seal, at reduced prices for cash. For sale at the depot of the Vielé Manufacturing Company of Paris, by JOSEPH M. SHEAR, 49 and 64 Dover street. mh30 24os*196

HORSES FOR SALE—4 LOW PRICED horses, three fast carriages or expressmen; also 3 good working horses, will be sold for $250 each. Inquire in the grocery store, corner of Good st and Myrtle ave, Brooklyn. 4 140,3

HORSES FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Will be sold cheap or exchanged for smaller ones, two fine horses, one 15 hands high, 6 years old, fit for express carts, trucks, or any business; warranted sound and kind in all harness. Inquire at 203 Grand st, N. Y. 2,084,3

HORSE FOR SALE—A BROWN MARE, 7 years old, 16 hands high, has a splendid colt one week old; will be sold cheap. Inquire until dark, at 2 8 First st, near Grand st, Williamsburgh. 2,177,3

HORSES FOR SALE—2 HORSES JUST from the country, from 6 to 7 years old, from 15 to 16 hands high, well built, fit for trucks, coal carts, one wagon, one set harness, or any down town business; will be sold cheap, or traded for other horses. Inquire at 541 Canal st, N. Y. 2,193,3

HORSES FOR SALE AT A GREAT BARgain—Three horses suitable for carman or grocery wagon; 2 business mules; a pleasant wagon. Apply at 240 West 27th st, one door west of Ninth ave. 2,258 3

HORSES FOR SALE—FOUR VALUABLE horses, suitable for cart, truck or express, and a handsome pony built Canadian mare, suitable for a spring cart; they are from 5 to 7 years old, 15 from 15 to 16½ hands high; or would exchange for smaller ones. Inquire at 76 Grove st, corner of 4th st. 2,275,3

HORSE, CART AND WORK FOR SALE Cheap—Horse, cart and work of store 72 John st. Inquire at 20 Cortlandt st, in evening; at stores, during the day. of CARTMAN. 3,104,3

HORSES, &c., FOR SALE—TO CRACKER bakers—a team of horses, wagon, and harness; sold separate or together. Call for three days, or until sold, at 12 Cornelyea st, Williamsburgh. 3,274,3

HORSE FOR SALE—A HANDSOME Canadian horse, 5 years past, 15½ hands high, sound and kind, warranted; sold for want of use, fit for a private family, doctor, butcher, or grocer. Call until sold, 108 East 11th st. A new wagon and harness also. 2,260,3

HORSE, &c., FOR SALE—A GOOD Strong Horse, dirt cart and harness, all in good order. Can be seen at 968 East 19th st. 2,301,3

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, GROcers, express and business wagons; new and 2d-hand wagons of all kinds—50 horses, harness, &c, selling off cheap, at the carriage factory, 184 Fulton ave, and stables 10 Nevins st, Brooklyn. mh21,118,24os

OILS AND PAINTS—BOILED PARTY oil, 70 cts; elastic roof oil, 45 cts per gal; graffite paint, yellow ocher and Spanish brown, 1 ct per lb; white lead and zinc, 7 cts; linseed oils, turpentine, &c. D. BIDWELL, 269 Pearl st. apl 24os*196

PIANOFORTE FOR SALE—$140, A BARgain—Splendid Root piano, rosewood case, by best makers, nearly new; has all modern improvements, full iron frame, rosewood case, round corners, two strings, sweet as the world; $140 cash. Apply at the warerooms, McDONALD & CO., 356 Broome, near 4th street. 3,296,3

PLOWS, &C., FOR SALE—TO MARKET gardeners and farmers—For sale cheap, plows, harrows, sowing machines, 20 sizes frames, market wagons, light wagon and carts, also 100 feet 2 inch counter cases and blacksmith's bellows, large grinding stone, cheap. Inquire of WM. CHANDLESS, 459 Hudson st, or 97 Cliff st, or of H. ALEXANDER, on Mr. Savery's Place, West Hoboken, N. J. 3,138,3

ROUTE FOR SALE—A GOOD CHANCE to make money—an old established wine, syrup, cordial and tobacco route, with a good horse and wagon or without; must be sold on account of the health of the owner. Inquire at No 137 West 27th st, in the store. 3,143,4

PONYS FOR SALE—PONYS, PONYS, 3 Ponys—One Hundred Shetland, Scotch, and Welsh Ponys, just arrived from Europe, of all colors and sizes, from 8 to 14 hands high. Sold cheap at 422 st, between 9th and 8th ave. GEO. T. GALL. mh19 24os

SCHOONER OR SALE, IN GOOD ORder, and in readiness for sea; carries 900 tons light draft. Also a number of small schooners of light draft, carrying from 50 to 70 tons. Apply to G. S. WINANTS, Pier No. 40 North River. mh18 24os,178

THE CHEAPEST AS WELL AS THE best Liniment in the world, is Brown's RHEUMATIC ANNIHILATOR, which is sold at the low price of TWELVE CENTS per bottle. Get a bottle and try it. 29 6t*

WAGON FOR SALE—A SECOND HAND business wagon, in perfect order, nearly new; will be sold cheap to a cash customer. Apply at 97 Sixth ave. 3,104 2

WAGONS—FIT FOR EVERY BUSIness purpose constantly on hand, or made to order; every article get here warranted to be as represented; we can sell a good article and no delay; you will find this place as favorable as any that can be found. STEWART'S Wagon Factory, 534 st. near 8th ave. Also some second-handed wagons, in good order. mh21 24os*157

$150. PIANO-FORTES. $150.

By the introduction of machinery in the manufacturing of Piano-Fortes, we are now able to offer to the public a 7-octave rosewood PIANO, containing all the modern improvements, for $150 cash, or as perfect workmanship than has usually been sold for $300 or $400 by the old method of manufacturing. We respectfully invite all dealers and the public to call and examine these new instruments at

GROVESTEEN & HALES,

Corner Canal and Hudson sts, New York.

mh19 24os*168

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUTCHER SHOP FOR SALE—WITH ice house and fixtures, a rare chance for a man to make money. It is calculated for wholesale or retail, as the shop has a good steamboat trade. Inquire at 358 Greenwich st. 30,959,3

BAKERY FOR SALE—NOW BAKING 12 barrels per week, will be sold at a bargain, as the owner is leaving the city. Apply at 115 East 11th st. 29,141,6

BAKERY AND FIXTURES FOR SALE—Now baking from 25 to 30 barrels a week and a good cash business over the counter—343 Grand st, cor 8th, Williamsburgh. 2,153,3

FLOUR AND FEED STORE FOR SALE—The lease, stock and fixtures of the Flour and Feed store 923 and 925 West st, corner Vestry; lease 6 years from May 1st. For rent, inquire or apply on the premises. 2,157,3

GUN AND PISTOL MANUFACTORY for sale—A Gun and Pistol Manufactory, together with the stock and fixtures, and all the tools necessary for the business; has been well established and in successful operation for the last six years; is located in the best business part of the city; the reason for selling is ill health of the owner. Apply to D. O'CONNELL, on the premises, 54 Chatham st. 3,120,3

HORSE-SHOEING SHOP FOR SALE—the stock, fixtures and trade of an old established horse-shoeing shop, as the proprietor is leaving the business. Apply at 602 Washington st. C. McJARTY.

HORSESHOEING SHOP FOR SALE—A horseshoeing shop, with two good sets of tools, a large stock of shoes and the best run of work, will be sold reasonable; a lease may be obtained. For further particulars, apply 109 Norfolk st. 30,987,6

LIVERY STABLE FOR SALE—ONE half interest in a livery stable and light wagon manufacturing business; has always paid well; situated 606 Sixth st, near avenue C. The reason for selling, the owner has other business to attend to; also one half of the building, which is 4 stories high, and 25 ft. front by 100 ft. deep; the ground lease has 13 years to run from the 8th of March, 1861. Terms reasonable. 30,116,6

MILK ROUTE FOR SALE—A MILK route, and all the contents, at 87 Hamilton ave, South Brooklyn, including horse and wagon, new sleigh, 3 cold harness, 13 milk cans, in good order, all for sale cheap, because the owner cannot attend to it much longer. Sells 200 quarts per day. 30,268,6

MARKET STAND FOR SALE CHEAP—one half the interest in a stand in West Washington Market. Inquire till Friday night, 5th inst, at No 217 Spring st. 3,198,3

MARKET FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS Market, with stock, fixtures, horse, wagon, &c, located in a good business st, near the City Hall, Brooklyn, will be sold if bought immediately at a great bargain; three years' lease on premises. Apply to F. C. BERKLE, 13 Pine st, room No. 1. 2,194,3

THE NEW YORK SUN.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 4, 1861.

Anarchy in Mexico.

THE ATTACK UPON CAPT. ALDHAM.

The Mexican *Extraordinary* of March 16, gives the following particulars of the attack upon Capt. ALDHAM.

Capt. ALDHAM'S party consisted of Mr. BURRY, Mr. HESTER, and a hardy sailor named HARRIS all well armed. They were accompanied by Mr. GLENNIE, English Consul of this city, his family, his sister-in-law, Mrs KAUFFMAN, and Mme. MASON, the companion in misfortune of Capt. ALDHAM. The whole company had two mules, which were accorded for a part of the way, and they reached Orizaba in safety. Here it was supposed all danger ended, and on leaving Orizaba all the travelers appear to have been quietly sauntering away in their seats, when, a short distance beyond Orizaba, they were alarmed by the diligence stopping and the cry of robbers.

Capt ALDHAM and his friends being in the first diligence with Mrs KAUFFMAN and the unfortunate French lady, they at once seized their arms and prepared for defense. Capt ALDHAM fired his pistol upon one of the assassins at the side of the diligence, and then made a dash to gain a position behind the coach. He was slightly wounded in the hippa and fell, the ball having passed through his thigh. The same discharge wounded Madame MASON. A ball passed through the diligence and hit that unfortunate lady in the knee, breaking the bone in such a manner that her leg, it is feared, must be amputated.

In the meantime HARRIS, the sailor, on top of the stage, and Messrs. BURRY and HESTER the latter having fallen upon the baggage, were sustaining a warm attack with the assassins who had retreated a short distance. The fight lasted until three full rounds had been fired by the officers of the Valorous, when the assassins avoided themselves of the still prevailing darkness (for it was about 4 o'clock A. M.) to make off, taking with them which of their companions as were killed and wounded. The original number of the assailants is believed to have been nine.

Capt. ALDHAM and Mme MASON were taken to Cordova and quartered in the house of Mr. LEGRAND where they received the attention of Dr. CARMILLO, of Orizaba, and the good offices of Messrs. GRANDISON and GLENNIE.

Mr. GLENNIE, who had preceded to Vera Cruz, in the diligence upon which this villainous attack was made, for the purpose of bringing the surgeon of the Valorous. He was accompanied by two of Mr. GLENNIE'S companions. This diligence was robbed, but Mr. BURRY having no arms, a simple robbery was all that occurred.

The surgeon of the Valorous, Lieut MOORE a few mounted marines and Mr. BURRY arrived at Cordova on the 13th at 10 o'clock in the morning. At the time of our last advices from Capt. ALDHAM, it was not yet known whether his leg could be saved or not. He has the advantage of being in a fine climate, and everything favors his and situation, if it is possible to effect a cure of his wound.

DILIGENCE ATTACKED BY TWENTY SEVEN ROBBERS—

SPLENDID FIGHT OF TWO AMERICANS.

A letter in the *Extraordinary*, from Puebla gives the following particulars of another affair with banditti:

The diligence that left this for Perote on the 11th, was attacked two posts this side of that place by twenty seven robbers. There were seven passengers in all in the diligence, amongst them two Americans, named McDYE and HAILEY, and a Frenchman, whose name I have not learned. The two Americans were well armed, having each a rifle and a pair of revolvers.

On the appearance of the robbers the stage was at once stopped, and the two Americans got out and commenced a sharp resistance. The battle waged for about an hour, when the robbers—those who remained—retired, leaving three dead in sight, two of whom were killed by Mr. McDYE, and the other by the Frenchman. The dead robbers were afterwards found in the woods, and it is believed that several more of them must have been severely, if not mortally wounded.

On the part of the passengers, the Frenchman received the worst wound. He was shot through the body, and is considered to be in a dangerous situation. Mr. McDYE received a ball in his side, after it had passed through his left arm. Mr. HAILEY was not harmed. The coachman is said to have received a ball in his hat. To the rest of the passengers nothing happened.

The *Extraordinary* comments as follows upon the numerous outrages which have recently occurred:

"The temporary confidence established by the placing of heavy escorts on the high roads to preserve travelers from violence and robbery, has all gone again, through the increased numbers of outlaws and the disloyalty and dishonesty of those to whom the security of the high roads had been intrusted. Not a day passes but we have to see new tale of horror—some scene of outrage and bloodshed, to bring tears and anguish home to the firesides of foreign families. In the past twelve days, on the road from this capital to Vera Cruz, one foreigner has been killed, and five others, including a lady, have been severely, if not mortally, wounded! In the direction of Toluca, we hear of a foreigner and his wife having been butchered to the cries of "death to foreigners!" We are yet indisposed to believe that these atrocious acts of the assassins have, by design, been directed against foreigners. There are those, however, who do believe that there is a concerted plan to wage a merciless war upon us, and should a few more cases occur, there will be good reason to believe this the case. As it is, it is most clear that no security exists for the property or lives of foreigners in Mexico at this time; and we fear none will ever exist, until a foreign police force is employed to clear the country of robbers."

STATISTICS OF THE A. B. C. F. M.—The recently issued report of the American Board contains a grand array of statistics, from which we select a few:

The receipts of the year are as follows: Ordinary donations, $302,113 52; legacies, $52,597 53; thank offerings for the debt, $70,798 20; other sources, $3,259 83; making a total of $429,799 08; of which $12,701 05 have come from foreign lands.

The current expenditures of the year were $361,958 76. As the debt at the beginning of the year was $66,374 13, the whole sum to be provided was $428,332 89. A balance is left in the treasury, therefore, of $1,466 19.

Ordained Missionaries sent forth since the formation of the Board, 415; Missionary Physicians, not ordained, 21; Male Assistant Missionaries, 128; Female Assistant Missionaries, 690; total, 1,257. Number of printing establishments, 5; pages printed last year, 36,382,978; pages printed from the beginning, 1,231,103,847; number of churches, 141; number of church members, 19,722; added during the year, 1,096.

THE REVIVAL IN SOUTH AFRICA.—We have received a copy of an address delivered by the Rev. Professor HOFMEYER, of the Dutch Reformed Church in Cape Colony, giving an account of a remarkable revival of religion which has taken place in certain large districts.

"The revival first began at the village of Montagu, about the month of May, and has visited since the parishes of Worcester and Wellington, a portion of the parish of Tulbagh, and part of the parish of the Paarl. Since the month of August the parish of Calvinia, situate at a distance of hundreds of miles from these places, has also been affected by this same religious movement. In none of the places I have mentioned can it be shown that the revival is connected with the special exertions of any individual. The ministers declare that no efforts have been put forth by them to create anything like the present awakening. They have only prayed with increased earnestness for the outpouring of the Holy Spirit. The accounts of the late revival in America and some parts of Europe had powerfully contributed to direct the mind to this subject, and to create a desire for this blessing. As soon as the awakening impulse of God's Spirit was felt, old and young, parents and children, whites and blacks, at almost every farm, were desirous to join in social prayer, and immediately prayer meetings were multiplied, and the interest manifested in these religious meetings continues, after the lapse of four or five months, unabated.

"The young seem largely to partake of this revival. Some of them who were foremost in a life given to vanity, now most earnestly endeavor to promote the good work God has commenced in their own dwelling place.

"It is a feature not less delightful that not a few of the heathens who live with our farmers, and among whom are to be found the outcasts of society, have been made partakers of the enlightening and renewing influence, often to the utter astonishment of those by whom they were known.

REVIVALS.—Whatever I possess of religion began in a revival. The most precious, steadfast and vigorous fruits of my ministry, have been the fruits of revivals. I believe that the spirit of revivals, in the true sense, was the simple spirit of the religion of apostolic times, and will be more and more the characteristics of these times as the Lord draws near.—*Bishop McIlvaine, of Ohio.*

LOUIS NAPOLEON has decided that a movable photographic establishment shall be attached to every regiment in the French army, under an officer versed in all the details of the art. During battle their duties will consist of painting blood and thunder with sunlight.

Arrival of the Northern Light.

$996,445 IN SPECIE.

INTERESTING FROM NEW GRANADA AND PERU.

The United States mail steamer Northern Light, Captain TINKLEPAUGH, arrived yesterday morning from Aspinwall, with two hundred passengers and $996 445 in specie. She left Aspinwall on the 26th of March, and brings the Pacific mails of March 11th.

The California news has been anticipated by the Pony Express.

Central America.

The Panama *Star and Herald*, of the 26th ult, reports the arrival at the city of Columbus, from San Jose de Guatemala, on the 21st. From that report we extract the news of interest. It appears President GUADIOLA has been named Captain General of the Republic, and given full powers to settle the question between it and its neighbors at the city.

A rumor was current in Nicaragua that a party of 150 filibusters had arrived at the Rio Grande, from New Orleans. The report was not credited by the Government.

Sr. DON JUAN VOTIO, Minister Plenipotentiary from Costa Rica, was in communication with the Government of Nicaragua, his mission being to effect a union with the Central American states.

In Costa Rica everything was quiet.

South America.

New GRENADA.—The steamer Carolina brings some later intelligence from New Granada, the dates from Bogota being up to the 18th ult. Three divisions of the constitutional army were stationed at various points on the bank of the Magdalena, with the head quarters at San Juan de Rioseco where President OSPINA and the Secretaries of State and War had arrived. The revolutionary force was stationed between Malbaina, Hrada, and Mendez; the former had 7,000, the latter 3,000 men. The *Centinela* asserts that the next mail will bring news of the triumph of the government party. Mosquera is said to have made a demand for men and money on the states of Bolivar and Magdalena.

Mr. Stevens' plans for the South Pacific coast arrived at Panama on the 23d, bringing forty passengers, and $197,429 in specie, most of it for England.

Peru.

The correspondent of the Panama *Star and Herald* writes from Lima, under date of March 14th, as follows:

General FRANCO, of Ecuador celebrity, or rather notoriety, has published three letters, written last year by Garcia Moreno, the actual President of Ecuador, to Mr. TAYLE, Charge d' Affaires here, which, if not forged, are certainly highly interesting. The originals are deposited at the office of the *Comercio* newspaper, free for the inspection of everybody. In the first letter, dated Quito, Dec. 7th, there is the following passage:

"In my opinion, and I may even say, in the opinion of every order loving man, the happiness of this country would depend upon its union with the French empire, under conditions analogous to those which exist between Canada and Great Britain, excepting the differences which have to be introduced by the force of circumstances. Those of us who are tired of struggling against the licentiousness of the soldiery and the turbulence of the demagogues; those who work in vain to combat the anarchy which dishonors and impoverishes us, and who see advancing rapidly the devastating torrent of the Anglo-American race, we should find under the auspices of France the civilization in the peace and liberty, in the order and blessings which feeble and exterminated Spain could never make us enjoy."

Two deputies have asked permission of Congress to wear the crosses of Saint Iago and of CARLOS III, conferred on them by the Queen of Spain. Congress in granting the permission shows that was a very democratic spirit pervades that body.

Correspondence of the Sun.

Municipal Improvements—Rise of Real Estate—The New Opera House.

PARIS, March 15, 1861

Whatever may be the excellencies or defects of the Imperial government in other ways, there is no doubt that Paris has profited greatly during the last twelve years—Beyond question the most magnificent capital in Europe, every year carries it farther and farther beyond the reach of competition. I have before me a copy of Galignani's Guide, bearing date 1846, in which the following sentences occur: "Still parts of the interior of Paris must long retain the appearance of a town of the middle ages; and until the habits of the people themselves can be improved, and the regulations of the police be more strictly enforced, the mud and the black noisome gutters of the greater part of the central streets of the capital will still offend the senses of the visitor, and render the task of attempting to explore them as unpleasant as in every other respect it must be interesting." It is difficult to believe that this could with any truth be said of Paris only fourteen years since. Immense sums have been paid to private persons whose property has been taken—there is, I believe, a tribunal, whose duty it is to settle the price to be paid in particular cases—I recently read a series of decisions, wherein the price offered, the price demanded, and the final price fixed by the tribunal were given. It was amusing to notice the disrepancy between them. Let me give an instance—M. B. demands 100,000 francs for his estate—Government offers 30,000, but according to final arbitration pays 50,000, which probably is about a fair price.

For the last thirty years, I am informed by an old resident, property has been steadily on the rise, except indeed in 1848 and the two years succeeding, when confidence in the government had not yet been regained. A certain property which fifteen years since was purchased for 4,000,000 francs in now held at 30,000,000. Another for which 60,000 francs were paid has advanced to 6,000,000. These, of course, are extreme cases, but will give an idea of the general rise.

There is one very serious obstacle to speculation in real estate in the shape of a tax imposed by government upon transfers of property. This tax amounts to eight per cent, and must be paid by the purchaser, so that if A. B. buys an estate for 100,000 francs, he must be prepared to pay 8000 in addition to the authorities. This, I am told, is one of the surest sources of government revenue.

As with us terms of payment are usually easy, it being considered even desirable to have a part of the purchase money remain on mortgage at five per cent interest, the laws making this one of the safest modes of investment.

I have spoken of the Emperor's plans of improvement. They are still going on, on a gigantic scale. Just now, a new Imperial Opera House is engaging the public attention. Several premiums, offered for the best plans, have occasioned an animated competition. The second and third prizes, of six and four thousand francs respectively, have been awarded, with three others of less value; but as no plan presented thus far meets the entire approbation of the commission, the first prize will be submitted to a second competition, limited to those who have already received prizes. The new building will occupy a large open space on the Boulevard des Capucines, nearly opposite the opening of the Rue de la Paix. It is intended that it shall be an honor to the city, unrivalled for the magnificence of its exterior and the elegance of its interior appointments. Its capacity, however, will not be equal to that of several other theatres in Paris, the number of seats being only two thousand.

CARL CANTAB.

IN FRANCE, two young gentlemen, MM. LOUIS and MARCEL D'ORBIGNY, aged respectively 16 and 12, nephews of the naturalist ALCIDE and CHARLES D'ORBIGNY, were looking for shells on the beach, near Chaypoint, when a part of the overhanging cliff fell down and crushed them to death.

The Southern Congress.

(From the London Times, March 30.)

Like all new assemblies, the Congress at Montgomery legislates boldly and rapidly; but, unlike them, it seems not to be given to many words. Its measures are proposed and carried with the promptitude of a French Democratic Chamber, but we do not detect the love of talk which distinguished our neighbors seventy years ago as much as now. This is at first sight strange, for of all verbosity American verbosity is the most redundant and exhaustless. Nor must we give the Yankees or the Northerners exclusive credit for those portentous orations which, like the dramatized version of Monte Christo, used to last two nights. A Carolinian or Georgian, when he got on the favorite theme of the wrongs done to himself and his "property," would hold on with a steady pertinacity which any opponent might envy. But it seems that the Southerners were aware in the last week in February that there was business to be done. The crisis was at hand. President LINCOLN, who had been making semi-warlike speeches all the way from Illinois, was at Washington, and was to be inaugurated in a few days. What he might do—what he might compel the South to do—was a question of grave importance. With his principles, he could hardly fail to bring matters to a dangerous issue. Major ANDERSON was quite prepared at Fort Sumter, while the batteries of Charleston were ready to open at the shortest notice. When only a few days intervene between the sitting of an Assembly and what may be civil war, the most talkative is silenced, and the most reckless becomes moderate. Hence the Congress of Montgomery has exhibited itself as a pattern Legislature. Philanthropy and political economy have ruled the discussions of these fiery Southerners. The renewed condemnation of the slave trade, the throwing open of the Mississippi navigation, and the repeal of the navigation laws, are among the first fruits of Southern legislation, and the confederate politicians no doubt hope by these acts to set themselves morally right before the world, to disarm the jealousy of the western states, and to bring over England to their side, by concession to a notoriously strongly with the barbarian illiberality of the old Union.

The navigation of the Mississippi has been declared free to the citizens of any of the states on its borders, or upon the borders of its navigable tributaries. This enactment was a necessity. It is impossible to imagine that the western states would ever permit their chief outlet to the ocean to be closed by the tourist quet of a foreign custom house.

Having paid this tribute to the legitimate susceptibilities of their neighbors, the Congress then plunged boldly into the question of finance. On this subject there was neither doubt nor delay. The Confederate States are nothing if not freetraders. The act, which was ready for the President's assent on the 26th of February, speaks for itself. It is "to modify the navigation laws, and to repeal all discriminating duties on ships and vessels."

Discriminating duties on foreign ships are also repealed. Thus, the coasting trade from Charleston to Galveston is now thrown open to the British flag. This is certainly a more liberal and manly policy than that which has found favor in the northern states, which, not content with excluding us from their coasting trade, interpreted a coasting trade to include the voyage from New England, round Cape Horn, to California.

(From the London Times, March 20.)

THE NEW AMERICAN TARIFF.—The American tariff is a topic much discussed among commercial men at Newcastle. No complete copy of it, as amended by the Senate, has come to hand, but its purport is tolerably well understood. The chymical trade, the manufacture of alkali, in especial, will suffer the most on the Tyne. A very large quantity of alkali made on the Tyne has been exported to the United States. It has been sent by steamer to London, and thence transhipped on board regular traders for New York. The duty to be levied on chymicals, under the new tariff, will be equal to the price of the articles here, and will be very near, if not absolutely, prohibitory. The duty on coals heretofore has been an *ad valorem* one of about 25 per cent., or about 1s 8d. per ton on ordinary gas coal. It is in future to be a dollar per ton, which will raise the price of the Tyne and Wear gas coal to about 11s. per ton, clear of freight. This is about prohibitory. As all goods shipped before April 15th will be charged at the old rates, the freight market for New York is showing more activity than at any time since the misunderstanding between the North and South; but after that date it is feared that it will entirely collapse. As the larger portion of the coals and goods sent from this part of the country went out in American bottoms the shipowners of New York and the Northern States will be severe losers. It seems that the coal shippers of Liverpool will not suffer in any degree by the new tariff. The cannel coal of Lancashire, the price of which in the Mersey is from 10s. to 12s. per ton, has hitherto, under the old tariff, cost 13s. to 15s. per ton, free of freight, and it will not be any higher under the new tariff, as the specific duty of a dollar will about balance the charge of 25 per cent. Trade with other parts of the globe continues to improve with the spring.

British Exports and Imports.

The Board of Trade reports shows the total amount of exports from Great Britain for the year 1860, to be £135