SECRETS OF TILTON'S HOME.

THE ASTONISHING REVELATIONS OF MISS BESSIE TURNER.

Theodore's Nocturnal Expeditions to Different Parts of the House—Trying All the Beds to Find the Softest One—Cursing Mrs. Tilton and Striking Bessie with his Fist—The Midnight Scene Vividly Described—Improper Advances, and Accusations against Henry Ward Beecher.

Miss Bessie Turner went on the stand as a witness in the Beecher trial yesterday. She came under the escort of Brother Caldwell, a leader in Plymouth Church, and was given a seat by the side of Mrs. Tilton. She is a slender, well shaped girl, about five feet four inches tall, and about eighteen years old. Her face is bright and intelligent in expression, but not beyond that in the direction of beauty. Her features are such as, if she were of titled parentage, noodles would deem aristocratic. That is to say, they have the delicateness of outline and the lack of obtrusiveness which the cheap novelists give to high-born heroines. Her complexion is remarkably light and clear, her eyes are blue, with long lashes, her hair is auburn, and her teeth very white. Her apparel yesterday was inexpensive, but tasteful. The dress was black merino, trimmed with the same material. The hat was black velvet, with a feather and a ring of the same color, and was worn with a forward tilt over the forehead. Her hair was frizzed below the rim of the hat in front, and brought into a knot behind, with two curls hanging below. Her hand were gloved with brown kid, and on her feet were low-heeled, buttoned gaiters. A white lace scarf and a gold chain were around her neck, and white linen cuffs, with turned-down buttons in them, showed at her wrists. There no rings in her ears, and there were small diamond ones. A black fan and a dainty handkerchief were the rest of the visible outfit. Her face was entirely free of rouge or powder.

At the opening of the session of Plymouth Church, yesterday morning, Mr. Beecher's seat was empty, its occupant indicated the cause of its long absence in number and vivacity. The news that she was to be put on the stand soon brought hundreds more of applicants for admission at the gate in the new order for seating the audience, and the galleries and the side seats filled to them in the main floor.

BEECHER HALLIDAY'S ORDEAL.

The cross-examination of Assistant Pastor Halliday was not finished when Miss Turner left the stand, and an hour was given to it by Mr. Patterson. At the outset Judge Neilson showed an intention to have less argument and more rapid progress. Mr. Shearman objected to the suggestion that Halliday should be required to answer instantly on the question put to him, and exclaimed that he had been given, and began to make a speech.

"Gentlemen," said his Honor, dogmatically, "I do not intend to have this wrangling on minor points any more. Mr. Halliday has answered the question very fairly for a layman. He is entitled to an answer possible, however; so please modify and repeat your question. Sit down, Mr. Shearman. Proceed, Mr. Fullerton."

Beecher H. Halliday testified, under severe questioning, that when Theodore Wells objected to Mrs. Tilton's wife being before the Board of Deacons, Mrs. Bradshaw, who had been named by Mr. Wells as a witness by whom he expected to prove that Mr. Tilton had slandered Mr. Beecher, told him that Mr. Tilton had said to Mr. Wells, that he (Mr. Tilton) would be present at the upon Mrs. Bradshaw refused to go before the board. Then the cross-examination of Brother Halliday's employments in 1855, successively as a clerk in a store, a teacher in a Sunday-school, a member of the Young Men's Association for Mutual Improvement, and a leader and assistant leader in Sunday-school work, in Plymouth Church, and finally as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Five Points Mission for this city. It was evident he had made good his claim of a position in the church, and the indicated intention to subsequently attack his credibility on these points. Mr. Fullerton asked whether there was any doubt of trouble arising with the leaders of the Five Points Mission, and he replied with emphasis in the negative. He said that Mr. Wheeler, a former superintendent of the Five Points Mission, and Mr. Fullerton called a rival of the Five Points Mission.

"Gentlemen, sir," said Brother Halliday's face and voice, and his whole manner, in the largest degree, "I have not put out that, I had carefully kept out that, I have closed the eyes of the scoundrel and conquering it. I can't tell you his name, he wore green glasses. That is about all I can. Except to say that Mr. Wheeler, Mr. Halliday, admonished Mr. Shearman.

"Mr. Halliday, be, Mr. Shearman," said Mr. Fullerton, and then, turning to the witness, "Do you know the Rev. David E. Robinson?"

"I cannot recollect to think that it was a Robinson that I have alluded to," was the reply.

BESSIE TURNER AT LAST.

When Brother Halliday was out of the chair Miss Bessie was called. "Miss Elizabeth A. Turner," was a sound to which an instant all put the eyes of the assembly.

Judge Nelson sternly commanded, "Take your partial obedience, but everyone who turn their eyes where Miss Turner was to be seen will be ejected." Bessie, flushing deeply and tremulous with fear, Mr. Caldwell went to her, offered and gallantly escorted her to the stand. Instead of taking the devious route which they had taken, it was equal to about two miles, she was allowed to take a straight way, and the way there was without inviting curiosity. When she reached the platform and the Bible was held out to her, she was very pale. Her tainful trepidation at this time was in striking contrast to her composed audacity and self-possession of the previous day. Her face changed gradually as she took the place, and she seemed to be quite the reverse of composed. She tanned nervously with her fan and crushed her positions with a quick, sharp, and at the brief interval between questions. She evidently could continue two or three minutes of the examination in behalf of the defense, that being the first active work of the day. He was very kind to the witness, kindly and encouraging, and the witness kindly and thankfully responded. Her replies were given in a well measured voice, articulate thirty feet away, with downcast eyes and a timid manner.

BESSIE'S TESTIMONY.

The examination proceeded as follows:

Q.—Do you remember when you first met Mr. Tilton? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Where? A.—At my father's house.

Q.—How long before you went to Mr. Tilton's house? A.—I think I was about sixteen years of age. I was at the house of the family about ten years, I think. I left when I was about twenty-one years of age. I was living in Clinton street, boarding with Mr. Tilton.

Q.—Did you ever serve on the footing of a servant? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Did you ever observe any improprieties in the conduct of either toward the other? A.—Any improprieties? No, sir, never. She received him very hospitably and kindly, just as she did all her friends. I never noticed any improprieties.

Q.—When Mr. Beecher was there, was he in the habit of paying his attentions to the children as well as to Mr. and Mrs. Tilton? A.—Yes, sir. I remember on one occasion we were in the sitting room, and was talking and passing with the children.

Q.—Were there a number of gentlemen there? Were it a habit of yours to kiss your mother with you? A.—Yes, sir. There was Mr. Bate, Mr. Ovington, Mr. Green, and the Rev. Gilbert Haven, the Rev. Robert Laird and the Rev. Mr. Leavitt, connected with the Methodist Episcopal church.

Q.—Was his treatment of Mr. Beecher similar to her treatment of these gentlemen as they were? A.—Yes, sir; just the same, so far as I noticed any difference.

Mr. Porter handed to Miss Turner photographs of several of the men whom she had named, and had her testify that she had seen them in Mr. Tilton's parlor. She had seen pictures of Mr. Beecher there, too, and some of his books.

Q.—You have mentioned a habit of Mr. Tilton in regard to kissing your mother. Was there any particular occasion on which he visited your room at night when there was a conversation between you? A.—Yes, sir; there was one particular occasion in bed, I think it was.

Do you remember what the conversation was on that occasion? A.—Yes, sir.

AN ASTOUNDING STORY.

Q.—Will you state generally? A.—Yes, sir; I had come to bed in the second story bedroom, front room, of the sitting room, connected by folding doors, and I hadn't been in bed very long before Mr. Tilton came in and said he had come to kiss me good night, and I was lying on the side of the bed next the door, and he went around and the other side and leaned over the bed and kissed me good night, and—shall I give all the conversation?

Q.—Yes, if you please. A.—He stroked my forehead and my hair, and said what nice soft hair I had (sensation), and how nice and fair my flesh was, my forehead, and then he said he had a little—he thought he had been in bed, and I took his hand out, and he says, "Why, Bessie, my dear, you are painfully modest. Why, these are expressions of love are all right; people in the best of society do." He said it was perfectly proper. No, he said people in the best of society—those were the last words I heard at this time.

Q.—Do you remember one occasion when you saw Mr. Tilton sitting up in bed? A.—Yes, sir; it was both Wednesday and Thursday. On one occasion when he came in he had a book in his hand, and seemed agitated, he took them and put them on the table or desk in Mrs. Tilton's room, and then he came and was shutting the folding doors, and Mrs. Mitchell said to him, "Mr. Tilton." Mrs. Tilton came and said any excitement," and then repeated what the doctor had said; that Mrs. Tilton was in a very critical condition, very ill indeed, and that she couldn't stand any excitement. He shut to the folding doors, and they were locked. On Friday night I remember Mr. Beecher's calling. I saw Mr. Beecher in Mrs. Tilton's bedroom when she was sick. I was not in the room when he called, I just happened to go in the sitting room and saw him sitting there; the folding doors were open. I went in for something and which did right on again. I didn't know that Mr. Beecher was in the house before I saw him there.

MRS. TILTON VERY ILL.

Q.—Can you remember what was the condition of Mrs. Tilton on these evenings you have spoken of, and on the night especially when Mr. Beecher was there? A.—I remember that she was very sick; I noticed she looked just as though she was dead or dying; she was so sick that Mrs. Mitchell wouldn't let me speak to her at all; she told me I might go and look at her, but I couldn't speak to her, that she must be kept so quiet. She called me to kiss her. When I went to bed I had not seen Mr. Tilton in the house.

Q.—When you kissed her and went to bed yourself where was Mrs. Mitchell? A.—Mrs. Mitchell was in bed with Mrs. Tilton.

By Mr. Porter.—What year was that that Mr. Tilton spoke to you about these occurrences on the lounge? A.—In 1870.

At this point Miss Turner paled again, and it was decided to adjourn at once. The session was then suddenly concluded ten minutes.

Judge Neilson said yesterday the trial might go on to-day, but Mr. Evarts said that he had arranged to devote the time to work in the case outside of court. The other lawyers disfavored the suggestion, and several jurors protested. The adjournment, therefore, was until Monday.

Mr. Caldwell took one of Miss Turner's hands in his own, assisted her down from the platform, and led her back to the Plymouth group. There she rejoined Mrs. Tilton, Mrs. Field, and Mrs. Shearman, with whom she went away.

Monday and Wednesday of last week from the court house in a carriage. Tilton walked with Mr. Morris, and met with a gentleman, who asked what he thought of Bessie Turner. "She's lying like a virago," was his answer.

The Man Who Looks Like Beecher.

His cheeks are ruddy and fat, his hair is long and turning gray, his step is elastic, and he wears a heavy cape, and sometimes a slouch hat. He was at the Springfield races last summer, and sportsmen bet that he was the Plymouth pastor, and he was called on to decide the wager. He was in Chittenden, Vt., in the Eddy excitement, and persons there thought that Mr. Beecher had left the Twin Mountain House to see the spiritualists perform. He attends the trial every day, and always there early, and has the same seat every time. As he passes in and out of the Court House the corridor throng stretch their necks and say, "There goes Beecher," and believe it until they see Mr. H. Mrs. Beecher did not by the back door. His name is William R. Tice, and he lives at 338 Somermerhorn street, and is a retired jeweller. He goes to Talmage's Tabernacle on Sunday, and other places of amusement on the week days. He never deadheads, and passes afterwards for the Beecher lookalike. Saturday, Having heard every word of testimony so far, he expects to hear it to the end.

The Defendant's Praise of the Catholics.

From the Brooklyn Argus.

The foundations of Mr. Beecher's liberality deepen and widen as his years increase. Once he was a pronounce d enemy of the Church of Rome, and lashed it vigorously with his sad and rhetoric. But that time is past. Holiness, like manhood, is a late development in the autumn sunshine, he reflects only the warm colors of a lush and generous maturity.

THE COMPTROLLER'S MEMORIAL.

Increase of the City Debt—A Desire for a Sound Financial Basis.

Comptroller Green has sent a memorial to the Legislature in which, after referring to the continued increase of the city debt, he says that the reduction of administrative expenses, including a diminution of clerical force and a reduction of salaries, the prohibition of expenditures to be paid from taxation, and of the power of departments to contract liabilities in excess of the sum appropriated for them, the repeal of laws authorizing the unlimited issue of bonds, the limitation of the power to incur any debt but that which is to be entirely paid by the property benefited by the improvement for which the debt is incurred, and a limitation of the issue of assessment bonds, are the conditions essential to the establishment of the financial and administrative affairs of the city on a basis that will satisfy the substantial portion of the citizens of the city. He believes that by keeping the funded debt within a fixed limit its redemption at maturity can be provided for and taxation reduced. He advises that powers to do work otherwise than by contract with the lowest bidder should be repealed. He advises that the sinking fund be applied strictly, the improvement of the docks and piers, the repaving of streets, and the completion of the Museums of Art and Natural History; but he thinks that discrimination should be made between works which are necessary and yield some income, and those which are not. The Legislature and it advised. The Comptroller says that the laws and ordinances governing his department are the product of fifty years local and State legislation and not adequate to the wants of a city of more than seventy-five thousand inhabitants, and that the laws have been adopted as necessary to adapt legislation to the capacity and necessities of the city. He says that the work of retrenchment and reform has gone on steadily three years in the face of serious embarrassments, and adds that the people of the city are determined that it shall continue until sinecurists and corporationists are no longer pilloried on the earnings of honest industry, and speculators in corner lots can no longer mortgage the substance of the community in aid of their visionary schemes.

Petitioning for Jesse Pomeroy's Pardon.

BOSTON, March 19.—Attempts have been made lately to procure the pardon of Jesse Pomeroy, the boy murderer, by offering petitions signed by ladies in various sections of the city. A counter effort was made today by a delegation of ladies numerous about twenty five, who waited upon the Governor at the State House and urged the hanging of Young Pomeroy as a measure of safety to society.

Bleeding from Lungs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Consumption—A Wonderful Cure.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 13, 1874.

R. V. Pierce, M. D.: Sir: I had suffered from Catarrh in an aggravated form for about twelve years, and for several years from Bronchial troubles. Tried many doctors and things without lasting benefit. In May, '72, I bounding from a severe cold, with excessive editorial labors on a paper in New York city, I was attacked with Bronchitis so severe I was completely prostrated with Hemorrhage from the lungs, *sometimes I was very bleeding spells* lasting from one to two hours. Was confined to my room six weeks when I was completely prostrated with Hemorrhage from the lungs, *sometimes I was very bleeding spells* lasting from one to two hours. Was confined to my room six weeks, and for six months following, I hardly felt strong enough to be out of doors. In September following, I thought I felt sufficiently to be able to be out, though in a very feeble state. My Bronchial trouble continued and the Catarrh so bad I could hardly breathe, and I was so hoarse I could not be heard twice. I seemed to be losing ground daily. I continued in this feeble state, raising blood almost daily, until I got to March, '73, when I was so low I was thought to be entirely confined to the house. A friend suggested your remedies. But I was extremely skeptical that they would do me good, as I had tried so many things, and had so many of the best physicians and doctors with elegant. However, I obtained one of your circulars, and read it carefully, from which I came to the conclusion that your remedies were adapted to my case. I finally obtained a quantity of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, your Golden Medical Discovery and Pellets, and commenced the use of them according to directions. To my surprise, I soon began to improve. The Discovery and Pellets, in a short time, induced quite a severe eruption, which continued for several weeks. I felt tolerably well during the time, and had gained in strength and flesh. In three months ever, Vestige of the Catarrh was gone, the Bronchitis had nearly disappeared, and the Cough was very slight. I had entirely ceased to use Tubes; and, contrary to the expectation of some of my friends, the cure has remained permanent. I have had no more Hemorrhages from the Lungs, and am entirely free from the cough, from which I had suffered so much and so long. The sum of gratitude I owe for the blessing I have received at your hands knows no bounds. I feel daily and hourly the benefit of your medicines, that your medicines will master the worst forms of that odious disease, Catarrh, as well as Throat and Lung Diseases. I have recommended them to very many and shall ever express in their praise. Gratefully yours,

WM. H. SPENCER.

P. O. box 997, Rochester N. Y.—*Adv.*

Life Association of America.

ST. LOUIS, MO., March 18, 1875.

To the Editor of The Sun.

SIR: The Life Association of America is solvent, with a good surplus. Run up to the minutes are published in the Insurance Supplement to issue an examination immediately of the affairs and accounts of the association.

W. W. FOSTER, President.
EDWIN W. BEVANS, Actuary.—*Adv.*

The largest assortment and lowest prices for furniture, carpets, and bedding, at O. M. Lowe's Wall & Co.'s, 104 Chatham street. Weekly and monthly payments taken.—*Adv.*

Don't buy an "Elastic Truss" till you have seen Pomeroy's, Price $4, a. 744 Broadway.—*Adv.*

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

FRIDAY, March 19—P. M.—The stock speculation developed a feverish and unsettled market during the early transactions, and prices further yielded ½ to ¾ ₱ cent. under a continued hammering of the bears. Current rumors of failures in the grocery and tea trade assisted the downward movement, and small holders not only hastened to throw overboard their ventures, but sought to make up their losses by sales on the short side of the account. The general market until about 11:30 A. M. gave indications that a more serious break was imminent, but at this juncture there was a stampede in the gold market, and stocks at once commenced to rally, the advance ranging from ½ to 1¼ ₱ cent. Union Pacific and Western Union rose 1¼; Northwestern and Ohios, 1; Pacific Mail, 1¼; Lake Shore, ¾; Wabash, ½; and Hannibal and St. Joseph 1¼ to 2¼. The principal transactions, however, were confined to Union Pacific, Western Union, Pacific Mail, Northwestern, and Lake Shore, though Rock Island attracted some attention during its decline to 105, and subsequent improvement to 105¾. The day's operations resulted in adding to the short interest, because the market advanced so rapidly that but few purchases could be made except at a loss over the early sales, and whether an anticipated unfavorable bank statement on Saturday will enable the shorts to cover their unprofitable transactions was the chief subject of discussion in street circles after the adjournment of the Exchange.

The total number of shares dealt in was 190,480, of which Union Pacific represented 46,150; Western Union, 41,300; Pacific Mail, 36,800; Northwestern, 23,800; Lake Shore, 9,505; Ohios, 6,000; Erie, 5,050; Rock Island, 7,600; Hannibal and St. Joseph, 2,800; Wabash, 1,820; Northwestern preferred, 1,810; C., C. and I. C., 1,300; Consolidation Coal, 700; New York Central, 510; New Jersey Southern, 515; Hannibal and St. Joseph preferred, 300; Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, 250; American Express, 150; Erie preferred, 100; Panama, 100; Pacific of Missouri, 100; Chicago and Alton, 95; and Delaware and Hudson Canal, 70.

The gold transactions were equally exciting, and the operations in this market were thoroughly confused by the erratic movements of the price. After opening at 115¾ there was a quick advance to 116⅛, and at the above figures business was for some time effected, but about 11:30 A. M. the market began to show signs of weakness, which soon developed into a free selling movement, under the influence of which the price fell to 115⅞. There was a recovery to 116⅛, at which figure it closed, but afterward on the street gold was offered at 116. There were rumors of large sales for the account of the bulls in the stock market as a protective measure, but this is not probable. An important short interest was created, and the small holders sold out, while a majority of the local speculators went short of the market.

The following were the principal quotations:

10:30 A. M.	116⅛	11:44 A. M.	116⅛
10:31 A. M.	116⅛	11:56 A. M.	116⅛
10:32 A. M.	116⅛	11:57 A. M.	116
11:40 A. M.	116⅛	11:58 A. M.	115⅞
		2:30 P. M.	116⅛
		2:53 P. M.	116⅛
		3:00 P. M.	116⅛

In loans the rates paid for the use of gold were 1, 2 ₱ cent., and flat.

The total clearings at the Gold Exchange Bank were $52,772,000; gold balances, $819,000; and currency balances, $800,000. The sub-Treasury received $39,000 in called bonds, and paid out in coin interest on the public debt $15,000.

The day's business at the United States Sub-Treasury was, Gold receipts, $158,444,22; do. payments, $153,630,40; do. balance, $50,017,010.00. Currency receipts, $1,310,132.52; do. payments, $1,440,553.45; do. balance, $4,164,041.00. Customs, $370,000.

The internal revenue receipts footed up $270,000. The Treasury at Washington received $380,000 in national bank notes for redemption. The imports of dry goods, gold valuation, for the week ending to-day amounted to $2,586,418, and $2,233,268 was marketed. The Treasury balances at the close of business in Washington were: Currency, $13,000; gold coin, $78,000; including $22,777,000 coin certificates.

Foreign Exchange was firmer in consequence of lower gold, and the rates were advanced from $4.78½ and $4.79½ to $4.80½ and $4.84½ for time and demand bills. There was a more active demand, and bills which had been pressing upon the market found purchasers for considerable amounts.

Government bonds were active at the boards, and a strong tone controlled the dealings. Coupon 1881s, old, advanced to 120¼; the new issue of 1881 (coupon 6s, 1881, at 120¾); registered 6s, 1881, 119¾; coupon 5s, 1881, 119¾; coupon 10s, 115; and coupon 1867s, 121. In the weakness of gold closed new issues to the date of the Exchange were quoted at 119¾ yielding in quotations, though the market closed strong.

The following were the 3 P. M. closing prices:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
U.S. cur. 6s	119½	119¾	U.S. 5-20s, 67, c.	119½	119¾
U.S. 6s, 1881, c.	119¾	119¾	U.S. 5-20s, 67, c.	119½	120
U.S. 6s, 1881, c.	120¾	121	U.S. 5-20s, 68, c.	119½	119¾
U.S. 5-20s, 62, c.	117	—	U.S. 5-20s, 68, c.	119½	120
U.S. 5-20s, 62, c.	117	—	U.S. 10-40s, c.	114½	114¾
U.S. 5-20s, 64, c.	117¾	118	U.S. 6s, 1881, c.	119½	119¾
U.S. 5-20s, 64, c.	118¼	118¾	U.S. 5s, 1881, c.	119¼	119¾
U.S. 5-20s, 65, c.	118¾	119	U.S. 5s, 1881, c.	119¼	119¾
U.S. 5-20s, 65, c.	118¾	119	Cen. Pac. g. b.	97¾	98
U.S. 5-20s, 65, c.	118¾	119	West. Pac. g. b.	89¾	90

The opening, highest, lowest, and 3 P. M. closing prices of the leading securities were:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	3 P. M.
Atlantic and Pacific tel.	—	—	13⅞	14
American Telegraph	—	—	19½	19¾
Atlantic & Pacific Tel.	23	23¼	23	23¼
Chic. & Northwestern	44½	44¾	43¾	44¾
Chic. & Northwest. pf.	57½	57½	57	57½
Cleve., R. I. and Pacific	105½	105¾	105	105¾
Chicago, Bur. and Quin.	—	—	107½	108
Cons. Coal, old	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5¾
Cen. Col. C. and I.	—	—	6½	6½
Clev. and Pittsburgh	—	—	92	92¼
Chicago and Alton	—	—	100¼	101
Chicago and Alton pref.	—	—	140½	140
Consolidation Coal	46	46¼	46	45½
Canton	—	—	64	65
Del., Lack. & West.	—	—	111¼	111
Del. and Hud. Canal	—	—	114¾	115¼
Adams Express	—	—	104	104¼
American Express	63⅝	63¾	63⅝	63⅝
Ill. Central scrip	—	—	60	60
W. F. and Co. Express	—	—	87½	88½
Erie	26⅝	27¼	26⅝	27⅛
Erie preferred	43⅝	43¾	43½	43¾
Harlem	—	—	130¼	131½
Han. and St. Joseph	23¾	24¼	23¾	24¼
Han. and St. Joseph pf.	32¾	32¾	32½	32
Lake Central	—	—	101½	102
Lake Shore	73¼	73⅝	73	73⅝
Michigan Central	—	—	77½	76
Mariposa Land	—	—	7½	7½
Mil. and St. Paul	85	85¼	85	85¼
Mil. and St. Paul pref.	—	—	95½	96
New York Central	100¼	100¾	100	100¾
Northwestern	—	—	44½	44¾
New Jersey Southern	5⅛	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜
Ohio and Mississippi	26½	27⅛	26⅝	27⅛
Pacific Mail	37¼	38¼	37¼	38¼
Panama	114	114	113¾	114¾
Pittsburg and F. Wayne	—	—	98½	98¾
Pacific of Missouri	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾
Quicksilver	—	—	11	11
Quicksilver preferred	—	—	38	42
Toledo, Wab. and West.	11⅝	12¼	11⅝	12¼
Union Pacific	48½	49¾	48½	49¾
Western Union Tel.	76⅝	77¼	76⅝	77¼

Mr. C. F. Timpson, Cashier of the Continental Bank, has been appointed trustee to settle the business of the firm of Henry Clews & Co.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

A STOCK PRIVILEGE COSTS $100 AND CONTROLS 100 shares of stock for 30 days without additional margin; if the stock moves 10 per cent during that time (the usual settlement period), information upon application. HUMBRIDGE & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 2 Wall street, New York.

Real Estate Market.

Transactions yesterday at the Exchange comprised sales by

E. A. Lawrence & Co., foreclosure (R. C. Chitwood, referee), one 4 story iron front building, with lot, 18x88.9 feet, south side Thirty-fourth street, 183 feet east of Third avenue, and known as Class Hall; $17,000.

By Hugh N. Camp, foreclosure (E. Sandford, referee), one 3-story and basement stone front house, with lot, 20x60 feet, 105 East 84th street, north side, 50 feet east of Fourth avenue; $11,075.

By Jas. M. Miller, foreclosure (J. C. Spencer, referee), one house, with lot, 20x95 feet, south side Thirty-sixth street, 100 feet west of Seventh avenue; $6,000.

Announced for four lots, north side Forty-eighth street, west of Ninth avenue, was withdrawn.

Sale announced by E. A. Lawrence & Co., house and lot, north side Fortieth street, east of Fourth avenue, was withdrawn.

Foreclosure sales to-day at the Exchange are announced by S. A. Beers, house and lot, south side Fifty-fourth street, east of Tenth avenue.

By Wilson & Davis, four lots, south west corner Canal and Lorraine streets.

New York Markets.

FRIDAY, March 19.—FLOUR and MEAL—Flour steady on the shipping grades on the spot space. Minnesota considered. Southern scarce. Rye flour steady. Corn meal in demand. We quote: Flour, No. 2, $4.50@$4.75; superfine Western, $4.75@$5; superfine State, $4.75@$5; shipping extras dec. $5@$5.50; Minnesota bakers' brands, $6.25@$8.25; Western winter wheat ex. $5.50@$6.50; Western shipping extras, $5@$5.50; Southern shipping extras, $5@$6.50; Southern bakers' and family extras, $6.75@$8; St. Louis flours, $5.40@$6.75. Rye flour—Superfine, $4.50@$5. Corn meal—Western, $3.15@$4.20; Southern and Brandywine, $4@$4.75.

Provisions—Pork was active and higher; sales on the spot, mess, prime mess, and prime, 1,000 bbls, for future delivery 6,500 bbls, at $20.50 March, $20.60 for April, and $20.60@$20.70 for May. Bacon quiet; sales 175 hhds. city long clear at 11½c. Cut meats quiet; sales 400 pkgs. Western at 9c. for pickled hams, 11½c. and pickled bellies, 10½@10¾c. and smoked shoulders, 9c., and 60 bbls. long clear and cut at 9c. Lard quiet; sales on the spot 500 tcs. prime Western at 11½c. cash, and for future delivery 1,000 tcs. at 11½c. March, and 11¾c. for May. Dressed hogs steady at 9½c. for city and 10½c. for western. Butter was steady with a moderate trade at 1.c. for Western, and 22@28c. for State; cheese moderately active and firm at 13@17c. for factories. Fresh eggs slightly lower under liberal receipts at 23@24c. and in bond, 22@23c.

COTTON—The market on the spot is firm at unchanged quotations. We quote: Gulf Texas, middling uplands, 18c. and low middling, 17½c.; new basis, mid. Gulf uplands, 18½c., and low middling, 18c. Sales 1,100 bales, of which 451 for export, 399 for consumption, and 250 for speculation. Futures advanced 7@8c. Sales aggregated 77,400 bales, including March, 18c. for Ar., 18@18c. for April, 18@18c. for May, 17.90c. for June, 17.95@18c. for July, and 18@18c. for August. Receipts at the ports today were 2,000 bales, and for the week 59,000. Liverpool good market was steady; middling uplands, 9¾.

GRAIN—Wheat firmer and quiet; sales 35,000 bush. at $1.16@$1.17 for No. 2 Milwaukee spring; $1.18@$1.20 in store and afloat for No. 2 Milwaukee spring; $1.27 for red winter; $1.33 for white Michigan; $1.30 for white State. Oats were in fair request and firmer; sales 60,000 bush. at 50c. for mixed, 51@52c. for light mixed, 52@53c. for white, Corn quiet; sales 50,000 bush. at 81c. for mixed, 81@82c. for light mixed, 82c. for yellow, and 83@85c. for new mixed in store. Rye held at 95@98c. for State and Pennsylvania. Peas held at $1.15 for Canada field in bond. Barley sales 10,000 bush. Canada to arrive at $1.10, and 5,000 bush. Danubian at $1.20.

GROCERIES—Rio coffee continued dull and weak; sales 4,100 bags on private terms. Mid grades unchanged. Molasses fairly active and firm; sales 450 hhds. and 151 tcs. grocery and refining Cuba within the quoted range, and 200 hhds. New Orleans at 65c. Raw sugars were more active at a decline; sales 1,300 hhds. and 800 tcs. at 7⅝@7¾c. for muscovado, 7⅞@8c. for molasses grades and Cuba muscovado, and 8¼@8½c. for centrifugal. Refined unchanged. We quote: Cuba-Java, 9@9¾c.; Marcelino, 17⅛c. 20c., and Rio, 15⅞@16c. gold. Rice—Rangoon, 2⅞@3c., gold, in bond, and 6¾@6¾c. currency, duty paid; domestic, 6¼@8½c. Molasses—Cuba centrifugals, 41c.; Cuba clayed, 35@40c.; Porto Rico, 35@55c., New Orleans, new crop, 55@75c. Sugars—Fair to good refining Cuba, 7⅝@7¾c.; very dry, 8¼@8⅜c.; centrifugal, 8¼@9c.; refined, 10¾@10¾c. for hard, and 9¾@10c. for soft white.

RESINES—Rosin, though quiet, was firm at $2.10@$2.15 for ordinary to good strained. Spirits turpentine sold moderately at 36c. Refined petroleum was weaker and dull at 14½c. for prompt delivery; crude in bulk sold to a small extent at 7½c. Ingot copper remains steady, with late sales of 300,000 lbs. at 21⅝@21¾c., cash. Lyver tins dull and weak at $2.75 ₱ box; loaves muscatels, $3.40@$3.50. French prunes more active at 11@13½c.; Turkish quoted at 7½@8c. Currants at 6½c. Hops unchanged and dull at 38@42c., cash, for good to prime State 1874. Freights, though quiet, presented a steadier tone, consequent upon more limited offerings of room. Grain to Liverpool, by sail, 7d.; do. to Cork, for orders, 6s.; refined petroleum to Bremen, 4s. 1½d.; do. to Gibraltar, for orders, 5s. Naval stores from Wilmington to do., 7s. and 5s. Tallow was steady at 8 9-16c. for city. Stearine quiet but firm at 14⅝c. for Western, and 14¾c. for city. Whiskey about steady. Sales 200 bbls. at $1.14½@$1.15.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.			
Sun rises...	6 04	Sun sets...	6 43
Sandy Hook.	6 43	Gov. Island.	7 27
MOON'S AGE.			
Moon sets..	5 46		
Hell Gate...	9 16		

Arrived—FRIDAY, March 19.

Steamship City of San Antonio, Baltimore, mdse. and pass.
Steamship Gen. Whitney, Boston, mdse. and pass.
Steamship Benefactor, Wilmington, N. C., mdse. and pass.
Bark Gyda, Cette, mdse.
Bark Cremona, Liverpool, in ballast.
Bark Lucania, Carmen, mdse.
Bark Norna, Liverpool, in ballast.
Brig Helena, Amoy, tea.
Brig Eva N. Johnson, Cardenas, sugar.
Schr. Robin Carroll, Hyannis, ballast.
Schr. Hattie E. Smith, Baracoa, fruit.
Also the usual river and coast wise vessels.

Business Notices.

Old Probabilities is not always weather; wise, but KNOX's announcement of his spring style of Gentlemen's Hats is a proof positive of the advent of spring. Exhibition of the beautiful elegant fabrics at retail at 212 Broadway, and Fifth Avenue Hotel store. Wholesale department, 212 Broadway.

All Eruptions of the face, pimples, blackheads, moth, wrinkles, spots under the skin, are eradicated by GILES'S ITAMENT IODIDE OF AMMONIA. Guarantee. No cure no charge. Sold by druggists. Depot 451 Sixth av. Only 50c. and $1 per bottle.

Endorsed and prescribed by the leading physicians of the world, Dr. SIEGERT'S ANGOSTURA BITTERS is the best preparation for the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, etc. It is peculiarly adapted for children. Ask your druggists.

Coughs—A [illegible] **ration in the form of a lozenge** [illegible] "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" [illegible] which induces coughing, clear the voice, relieve hoarseness, Influenza, Consumptive and Asthmatic complaints.

A.—Silk Elastic Stockings, Belts, Knee Caps, Abdominal Supporters, [illegible] Shoulder Braces and Crutches, at MARSH & Truss Office, 2 Vesey st. Lady in attendance.

Be sure and keep Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry on hand for coughs, colds, hoarseness, 50 cents and $1 a bottle; large bottles much the cheaper.

Before sending for a doctor to cure your aching muscles or joints, send for 25 cents' worth of CAMPHORINE and you will never regret it.

C.—Ruptures and Physical Deformities successfully treated by Dr. MARSH, at 2 Vesey st., opposite St. Paul's church.

Persons suffering from Piles will find Dalley's MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR a safe and speedy cure. 25 cents.

MARRIED.

PAULDING—McLULIGAN.—On Wednesday, March 17, at Trinity Church, Philipstown, Long Island, by the Rev. A. J. Barron, Hiram Paulding, Jr., to Virginia, daughter of Alfred Mulligan, Esq.

DIVORCED.

RAUCH.—In the city of New York, on the 17th day of March, 1875, by the Hon. William E. Curtis, Judge of the Sup rior Court, Elizabeth Rauch from Joseph Rauch. Divorce granted.

DIED.

BURDETT.—On Thursday, March 18, 1875, Eliza, widow of Stephen C. Burdett, in the 80th year of her age. The relatives and friends of the family, and of her brothers, Nathaniel T., Samuel, Jacob, and Benjamin T. We are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 94 East 10th st., on Sunday, 21st inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

HALL.—On Friday morning, March 19, of consumption, Miss Sarah E. Coe.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral at her late residence, 691 Washington st., on Sunday, 21st inst., at 2 o'clock. Interment will be taken to Rockland county on Monday morning for interment.

GAMBLE.—Suddenly, on the 16th inst., Robert Gamble, in the 69th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also members of George Washington Lodge, No. 285, F. and A. M., are invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, the 21st inst., at 1 o'clock, from the residence of Mr. Bogert, 40 West 54th st.

HULL.—At Morrisania, on March 18, Josiah Hull, aged 84 years.

Services at First Baptist Church on Sunday morning, at 10½ o'clock. Friends and relatives are invited to attend without further invitation.

LEACH.—On Thursday, March 18, at 7½ P. M., at the residence of her daughter, Sarah A. Grosser, 423 Gold st., Brooklyn, Eliza, the wife of Jacob S. Leach, in her 80th year.

The funeral will take place from the Congregational Chapel of Port Ringe, N. J., on Sunday afternoon, March 21. Take the 1 o'clock ferry from Barclay st.

MERRELL.—Su