DE WITT C. WHEELER'S CASE

JUDGE VAN BRUNT GIVING AN ENTIRE DAY TO THE ARGUMENTS.

Corporation Counsel Whitney Moving to Quash the Writ of Prohibition—The Mayor's Return—Mr. Root Demurring to the Return.

The hearing upon the order to show cause why the writ of prohibition served upon Mayor Cooper, about ten days ago, restraining the proceedings upon the charges made against Police Commissioner Wheeler, should not be made permanent, occupied Judge Van Brunt's attention during the entire day yesterday in Supreme Court, Chambers. The court room was well filled. Commissioner Wheeler sat behind his counsel, Mr. Elihu Root, and by his side was Assemblyman Robert H. Strahan. Corporation Counsel W. C. Whitney opened the proceedings by moving to quash the writ upon the following grounds:

First—That the writ does not lie except against courts, and the Mayor is not such in this proceeding.

Second—The writ will not be issued unless pleaded to the jurisdiction and overruled in a subordinate tribunal to which a writ runs, which is not the case here, as appears by their papers.

Third—That the writ will not be issued while there is another remedy against the alleged contemplated illegal act, and that there are other adequate remedies in this case.

Fourth—That as matter of fact the grounds stated in their papers do not constitute grounds for issuing the writ, it being issued only on jurisdictional points, and there being no adequate statement of jurisdictional cause in their papers.

Mr. Whitney was proceeding to enlarge upon these points when he was checked by Judge Van Brunt, who said he would at that time overrule the motion without prejudice to its consideration in the final determination of the case, after the return had been filed and a hearing had upon the merits.

Mr. Root desired time to decide whether to plead or demur to the return. Mr. Whitney did not object, but Mr. Root said he did not desire any delay in the hearing, only an opportunity to examine the return and put in his formal plea before proceeding with the argument.

Mr. Whitney then read the Mayor's return, as follows:

In the matter of the people of the State of New York, on the relation of DeWitt C. Wheeler vs. Edward Cooper, Mayor of the city of New York:

The answer of Edward Cooper to the alternative writ of prohibition issued out of the Supreme Court on the —— day of August, 1879: I, the said Edward Cooper, do answer and return to the Supreme Court, that I am Mayor of the City of New York, having been duly elected to that office in the manner prescribed in section 20 of chapter 535 of the laws of 1873, at the general election in November, 1878, and that my term of office began on Jan. 1, 1879; that on May 7, 1878, Smith Ely, Jr., then Mayor of the said city, transmitted to the Board of Aldermen the following communication:

"EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, CITY HALL, NEW YORK, May 7, 1878.

"*To the Honorable the Board of Aldermen.*

"GENTLEMEN: In compliance with requirements of section 25 of chapter 335 of the laws of 1873, I hereby nominate George Jones for appointment, by and with your consent, to be one of the Police Commissioners of the city of New York, for a full term, in place of De Witt Clinton Wheeler, whose term has expired

"SMITH ELY, JR., Mayor."

Which was by the Board of Aldermen on said May 7, 1878, referred to the Committee on Police and Health Departments.

That on May 21, 1878, at a stated session of the Board of Aldermen of said city, it (said Committee on Police and Health Departments) did report as follows:

"The Committee on Police and Health Departments, to whom was referred the annexed message from his Honor the Mayor, nominating George Jones for confirmation as one of the Police Commissioners of the city of New York, for a full term, in place of De Witt Clinton Wheeler, whose term has expired, respectfully report:

"That they have had an interview with Mr. Jones on the subject of his appointment, and were by him informed that the duties of the position precluded the possibility of his accepting the office, as they would be incompatible with those he is called upon to perform as editor of a prominent daily newspaper, and that he felt constrained, under these circumstances, to decline the honor intended for him conferred.

"But one duty, therefore, remains to your Committee, namely, to recommend that the nomination of George Jones as a Commissioner of Police, by his request, be not confirmed by your honorable body, and that your Committee be discharged from further consideration of the subject (signed) PATRICK KEENAN,

"THOMAS J. STEWART,

"JOHN J. MOORE,

"Committee on Police and Health Departments."

Whereupon the Board by a vote of 21 to 4 agree with the report, and did reject the nomination of the said George Jones to said office.

That the law officiates a way to the relator to rid himself of the duties of his office, should he desire to do so, viz., by resigning the same, but that no such resignation has been received from the relator.

That I, the Mayor of New York, county and city of New York, do hereby certify that the foregoing return is true of his own knowledge except as to the matters therein stated on information and belief, and as to those matters I believe it to be true.

EDWARD COOPER.

Sworn before me this 12th day of August, 1879.

E. HENRY LACOMBE, Notary Public, N. Y. C.

Mr. Root having interposed a demurrer to the return, he proceeded to argue that the writ should be made permanent. He first recited the facts already made public, the sending of the charges by the Mayor to Mr. Wheeler, the application to Judge Van Brunt for the writ and the papers upon which it was based being the affidavit of Mr. Wheeler, the report of Mr. Shearman and the resolutions of the Board of Police in regard to the Clothing and Equipment Bureau. He then argued that the Mayor's action in the matter was judicial and subject to a writ of prohibition. He then stated the nature of the writ which was sent by a superior tribunal to an inferior court or judicial inferior tribunal. The Mayor in this proceeding, he claimed, was a judicial tribunal, and as such was amenable to the writ.

As to the purposes for which the writ might be issued he referred to the case of Quimbo Appo, in which the law had been explicitly enunciated. It was an ancient and valuable writ, and one which in all proper cases should be upheld and encouraged to the regular administration of justice in every tribunal. It was instituted for the purpose of exercising wholesome control over inferior tribunals. It was better, he said, to prevent the exercise of unauthorized power than to attempt to correct an error after it is committed. After citing a number of cases upon this point Mr. Root argued further that the Mayor had no jurisdiction to remove Mr. Wheeler, because he was an officer holding over after the expiration of his term. A removal in such a case was not contemplated by the statute under which the Mayor acted. The charter prescribed the remedy in such a case, which was the nomination by the Mayor of a successor to Mr. Wheeler, and his confirmation by the Board of Aldermen.

The duty of appointing a successor was a continuing one, and the naming of a successor by the Mayor, unless there was a confirmation by the Board of Aldermen, was not sufficient. It was an absurdity to talk about removing an officer who had already been removed by force of law. Nothing could be more explicit than the provision of the charter upon the subject. Nothing could be clearer than that on the 1st day of May, 1878, the term of office of Police Commissioner Wheeler expired, and he was removed from office by force of the statute subject only to the requirements of the law, that he should continue to discharge the duties of his office until some person was duly appointed in his place. The Mayor's omission to name a successor to Mr. Wheeler was made by the statute a misdemeanor for which he could be indicted, tried and convicted and punished by fine or imprisonment. Was it reasonable to suppose that it was within the intent of the statute that the Mayor, by neglecting a duty which it was an indictable offence not to perform, could keep a person in office for the purpose of removing him in some other manner? What was the Mayor's reason for a wilful violation and evasion of this statute? It seemed to be for the express purpose of creating this situation and giving him this opportunity to cast a stigma upon a public officer. Mr. Root referred to the ill effect upon the public mind of the trouble in the Police Board, and suggested that the proper and easy way out of the difficulty was for the Mayor to fill the vacancy in the manner prescribed by law. As to the effect of the Mayor's action upon Mr. Wheeler, counsel contended that the manner in which punishment was sought to be imposed was unconstitutional, and that Mr. Wheeler had no protection from its enforcement. He contended further that there was no case stated in the papers for Mr. Wheeler's removal.

The interests of public justice and maintenance of law, and the dignity of our courts require that this farce of removal sought to be enacted by the Mayor, for farce it would be, should not be gone through with, and the title to one of the most important offices in the administration of the city government be thrown into doubt and confusion. Not only the rights of Mr. Wheeler, but the rights of the public were involved, where the Mayor was endeavoring to evade and set aside the chartered rights of the people.

The Mayor, counsel intimated, was actuated by political motives, and he thought for the sake of public interest it was time that functionary should not hold the Police Commissioners in the hollow of his hand; that a public officer or a private citizen should not be deprived of the ordinary safeguards which the common law throws around him.

Mr. Whitney in reply said that the charges on their face were sufficient to justify the removal of Mr. Wheeler. He reviewed the action of the Police Commissioners in the creation of a cloth department for the furnishing of uniforms to the members of the force. Though this department was under the control of the Treasurer of the Board no right had been given him to collect commissions. Yet Mr. Wheeler had stepped in between his clerk and the cloth dealer and collected commissions amounting altogether to $8,000. When called on to answer why he did so he replied that he had done nothing for which he should be called upon to give an explanation, because the money in his possession was not part of the city funds. Mr. Wheeler had no more right, Mr. Whitney contended, to collect commissions from the cloth dealers than the Commissioner of Public Works would have to collect them from contractors for work in that department. If Mr. Wheeler had said, "I have taken this money and have kept it as a sacred fund to be paid over to whoever shall prove a right to it," and had proved that he had never concealed the fact of having it, and that his fellow Commissioners knew he had it and the purpose for which he kept it, his moral culpability before the community would be taken away. Even then there was no judicial tribunal but would declare he was legally culpable. If it was the province of any court to step in and say what should be the standard of morality to be exacted by the Mayor from the heads of departments, that court or any court would declare there was no right vested in such officials to collect commissions, and that Commissioner Wheeler had given just grounds for his removal. The statute conferring the power of removal was general and broad. "The heads of all departments * * * and all other persons whose appointment is in this section provided for may be removed by the Mayor for cause." Commissioner Wheeler, Mr. Whitney contended, was one of the persons referred to, he being a duly sworn officer, though holding over by virtue of the provisions of another section of the charter. But whether de jure or de facto an office, it was a well settled principle of law that the incumbent of an office taking its emoluments and benefits, and assuming to discharge its functions was liable for his acts of misconduct before the law to the same extent and in the same degree as an officer serving his term.

The issuing of the writ in this case, Mr. Whitney said, is wholly unauthorized by law, whether the affidavits upon which it was granted are true or false. Various authorities might be cited to the proposition then a writ only issues to restrain a court, and that only when the court is exercising judicial functions beyond its jurisdiction, not to control the exercise of administrative, ministerial, or executive functions. The Mayor, in this proceeding, does not sit as a branch of the judicial department of the loyal Government, that is as a court, and the writ cannot, therefore, run against him. The branches of the judicial department of the State and local Governments are all well known and easily identified. They are each and all organized under the provisions of positive law, and a method of procedure for the security of litigants is in each case established by law. Certain elements are present always—a mode of procedure by which issues are framed and tried, power to compel the compulsory attendance of witnesses, penalties for false swearing. These are necessary incidents in the proceedings of a court; here the proceedings of the Mayor of the city in investigating causes for removal are not recognized as connected with any judicial branch of the Government under which we live, and there is no known mode of procedure made applicable to it. It is folly to talk of him as a court. Whether, in hearing and deciding whether there is cause for removal, he is called upon to exercise faculties allied to judicial functions, and is called upon to hear witnesses and counsel, is not now the question; unless he sits as an inferior court, a branch of the judicial department, the writ of prohibition does not lie against him. No one will seriously claim that he does.

Judge Van Brunt reserved his decision, giving counsel until next Monday to hand in their briefs.

THE NATIONAL COTTON EXCHANGE.

Additional Weather Reports from the Cotton Belt to be Petitioned For.

John B. Lafitte of New Orleans was unanimously elected President of the National Cotton Exchange at the beginning of its second session yesterday. For Vice-President, W. P. Campbell of New York and W. W. Gordon of Savannah were nominated. Mr. Campbell was elected. The following named were unanimously elected to act with President Lafitte as members of the Executive Council: W. W. Gordon of Savannah, W. W. Gwathney of Norfolk, W. H. Gardner of Mobile, W. M. Senter of St. Louis, W. M. Moody of Galveston, S. Lester Taylor of Cincinnati, Theodore D. Jervey of Charleston, E. L. Denis of Houston, and L. A. Campbell of Vicksburg.

The committee to which had been referred suggestions 1, 3, and 5 from the New Orleans Exchange, and the report of the Committee on Statistics and Information, reported in favor of the present system of collecting the monthly crop and acreage reports, except that a general consolidated report of the condition in each district be given instead of the details, those making the reports to bear in mind the nature of the land, and to take care to separate the uplands from the bottoms. Each Exchange should make up an exact average from the replies of their correspondents.

The Committee recommended the adoption of the suggestion from the New Orleans Exchange that the time of meeting should be on the third Monday in July, and also that the local committees file their reports with the agents of the Associated Press on the night of the 9th of each month, so that they may appear in the daily newspapers on the morning of the 10th; also that the Government be petitioned to include in the next census report the area of cotton land under cultivation in each county and State, as well as of the number of bales produced.

Mr. Desdoupes asked that action on the report be deferred until discussion could be had on the time of meeting. Action was deferred, and discussion on the time of meeting was made the first order of business this morning.

The Committee to which was referred suggestions 2, 4, and 8 from the New Orleans Exchange, suggestion 1 from Mobile, and the reports of the Committee on Crop Statements and the Executive Council, recommended as the most feasible plan to ascertain the actual acreage in each county, and the product of cotton, that each Legislature in the cotton States should be asked to make such legislation as will add these duties to those already devolving on the county assessors or receivers of taxes. It was recommended that a special committee be appointed to prepare a memorial to Congress to increase the appropriation for the Signal Service Bureau, in order to secure additional daily reports of the weather in the cotton belt. The report of this Committee was adopted.

The Committee to which was referred the proposition to appoint a Central Committee of Arbitration reported it as impracticable. This Committee had visited the express officers, where they were informed that the high tariff on cotton samples resulted from the action of the Southern Express Company. The Superintendent of this company was out of town. The Committee therefore recommended that this subject be left in charge of the Executive Council. The report of the Committee was adopted.

The committee to which was referred suggestions 7 from New Orleans, 1 from New York, and 1 from St. Louis, reported that there would be no compensating advantages to be gained by either buyer or seller through the adoption of a uniform system of tare on cotton. They recommended that there should be no further discussion on the subject of tare or allowance of any description on account of bagging and ties. In regard to the use of flax bagging, the Committee thought it favorable to encourage competition in merchantable bagging of all descriptions. They reported a resolution that all bagging which, when wet, stains cotton, and all flax bagging filled with unrotted shives or straw, shall be considered unmerchantable. Action on this report was deferred until this morning, to give an opportunity to discuss the subject of tares. It was made the second order of business for to-day.

TRYING KEEPER KELLY.

The Recent Seizure of Blackwell's Island Prisoners in the East River.

Commissioners Brennan, Cox and Hess, of the Department of Charities and Correction, began an investigation yesterday into the recent escapes of prisoners from Blackwell's Island. Kelly said that the rescuers came up in their boat to within an oar's length of his boat. A man in the other boat said, "Dump this man," meaning the keeper, and though Kelly warned them and felt for his firearms, the other boat continued to come nearer, and Gillespie, one of the prisoners, seized the keeper. Kelly said that he never dreamed of being assaulted by his own prisoners. Kelly said that he did not know whether his prisoners would have remained quiet if he had drawn his pistol when he first saw the other boat approaching. He says his rifle was at his side unloaded. Keepers always carry their rifles unloaded, he says, so that the prisoners cannot use them against the keepers. The keepers carry cartridges and load up only when it is necessary. He does not know whether his prisoners swam or were rowed ashore. He says he was struggling in the water three quarters of an hour. No decision was made public, but it was the current belief that Kelly is to be discharged. He is already suspended.

MERE MENTION.

Crook's band on the Battery this evening.

Picnic of the Down Town Hebrew Ladies' Benevolent Society, Jones's Wood, Sunday, Aug. 17.

Human bones, Indian arrows, and a clay wall were unearthed by Nathan A. Downs while ploughing in a swamp in Aquebogue, L. I.

Blackbirds are overrunning New Jersey. Five hundred dozen of them were sent to Philadelphia markets in a single day. Gunners realize ten cents a dozen for them.

Workmen engaged in repairing the old homestead of the Van Brunt family, in New Utrecht, L. I., uncovered a large swarm of honey bees and took forty pounds of honey out of the nest.

An infant of Mrs. Edward Thinnes, 187 Dupont street, Brooklyn, was found dead in bed by its mother's side yesterday morning. A physician expressed the opinion that it had been smothered.

Henry C. Clark, who was arrested for selling Louisiana and Kentucky State lottery tickets at 187 Montague street, Brooklyn, waived examination before Justice Walsh, and was held in $1,000 bonds.

Edward Van Keuren and Peter Bird fell from a building in Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, and Van Keuren was fatally injured. His companion escaped serious injury by falling upon him.

The four Brooklyn printers who held lottery ticket No. 41,083, the same number which drew the capital prize of $30,000 in a lottery this month, discovered yesterday that the ticket was not for the drawing which had just been made, but for the drawing that is to be held next month.

Philip Stark was arraigned yesterday before Justice Wheeler, in the Fifty-seventh Street Police Court, on the charge of complicity in the stealing of wines and liquors from the Knickerbocker Hotel, Mott avenue and 138th street, on the night of the 26th ult. Stark averred his innocence. At the same time, in the General Sessions, before Judge Gildersleeve, John Conlon or 05 Charlton street, pleaded guilty of the robbery. Judge Gildersleeve sentenced him to State prison for 2 years and 6 months.

THE NEGRO EXODUS.

Given an Opportunity to take a Preliminary Look at Kansas.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 14.—The party of colored men who passed through East St. Louis last night was gotten up by merchants and planters in Mississippi with the view of giving such negroes as wish an opportunity to go West, judge of the country for themselves, and, if they like it remain, if otherwise, return, the expense of the trip being nominal.

Many planters apprehend that after the present cotton crop is picked there will be an extensive exodus of negroes from the South. Some of them therefore got up this excursion, believing that either representative colored men who might go would be disappointed with Kansas and return or that their unfavorable accounts would have strong influence with the negroes generally, preventing any extensive migratory movement. Many whites who took advantage of the cheap rate of passage joined the party.

Wanted—Females.

A.—AT East Side Ruching Factory, Stanton and Chrystie sts.—Ruche pressers and plaiters on crepe lisse wanted. Apply at East Side Salesrooms, 24 Stanton st. MARCELLUS W. DYER.

A LL first-class operators on ladies' underwear to take work home; also a feeder on Willcox or Wheeler & Wilson machines. Call at Mrs. J. BEVAN'S, 61 4th av., near 9th st.

A.—MEN'S SCARF HANDS wanted; only experienced girls need apply; no work given out. FISK, CLARK & FLAGG, 686 Broadway.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.—Experienced rose makers wanted by F. WALKER, at STRAUS, LEGG & CO.'S, 107 Mercer st.

A.—500 silk embroiderers; first-class hands only, with sample and reference. WIGHTMAN & CO., 462 Broome st.

A.—A.—OPERATORS on W. & G. machine for ladies' silk ties. SOLOMON BROS., 71 Leonard st.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.—Wanted, 50 girls, at good wages. F. SPEIR, 514 Broadway.

A GOOD cook, not afraid to work, for private boarding house; apply for 3 days. 234 West 38th st.

AN operator on fine custom collars; one who has worked in Troy preferred. 15 Nassau st.

ANY number of operators and finishers on fine cloaks. 374 Bay st., Brooklyn.

A LADY to cut shirts and ladies' undergarments, at 70 Orchard st.

BONNET FRAME MAKERS.—Experienced hands, apply at once. BALL & HAY, 654 Broadway.

BOOK SEWERS wanted at 4 Mission place, corner of Worth st. S. N. BENEDICT.

BONNAZ operators; also stamper wanted; week or piece work. 257 Canal st.

CORSET IRONERS wanted, T. W. LOVE & CO., 243 and 245 Hudson st.

EXPERIENCED operators on Willcox & Gibbs machines on ladies' silk and lace neckwear. HOFFSTADT BROS., 704 Broadway.

EXPERIENCED clean hands on bustles and hoop skirts. GEO. WEIDERHOLD, 394 Pearl st.

FIRST-CLASS pressers wanted on piece goods and collarettes. D. MILLER & CO., 29 Greene st.

FOLDERS wanted. 25 Park place, up stairs.

GOOD white shirt ironers, girls and boys; 4 learners. Columbia Steam Laundry, 449 West 38th st. Call for two weeks.

HANDS wanted on velvet hats. Apply between 8 and 9 A. M., at 450 Broome st.

HAIR BRUSHES.—Finishers and polishers wanted at 726 Broadway.

OPERATORS wanted on Singer and W. & W. machines to make flannel shirts and drawers; in and out of the house. E. GALLAUCH'S SONS, 123 Duane st.

OPERATORS WANTED on shoes. 254 South First st., Williamsburgh.

PAPER BOXES.—Experienced girls on glue work; also a cutter on Clark's machine. 121 East 23d st.

PASTE WORK.—Experienced girls wanted. Inquire from 9 to 12 A. M. 105 2d av., basement.

PAPER BOXES.—Wanted, 50 girls on paste and glue; steady work. 222 West 26th st.

SEWING MACHINES rented, privilege buying; sold cheap; Singer, Domestic, Wheeler & Wilson, $10; repairing. Call 29 Greenwich av., cor. W. 10th st., or 137 East Broadway, near Canal st.

SEWING MACHINES, entirely new; Howe, Home, Domestic, Wheeler & Wilson, Singer, and all other makes, $15 to $25. BLUM'S, 57 Murray st., 2d floor.

TO Book Numberers.—Wanted, a girl that understands book numbering. Apply 17 and 19 Rose st., 3d floor.

TAILORESS—Wanted, good tailoress to operate and hand sew. JONES, 86 6th av.

WANTED—First-class operators on leather suspenders; good wages and steady work. P. C. WRIGHT & CO., 31 Lispenard st., or 63 WM. KOGLER, No. 346 8th av., from 6 to 9 o'clock morning or evening.

WANTED—Good operators on Domestic and W. & W. machines; also good finishers on child sizes. A. STASZEWSKI & CO., 342 Broadway, top floor.

WANTED—Lady Operator on Howe machine; one familiar with trusses, supporters, &c., preferred. Inquire at Dr. MARSH'S, 268 Fulton st., Brooklyn, L. I.

WORK given out to good embroiderers; also, beaders on black lace; steady work. Apply from 11 A. M., 619 Sixth av., 2d floor.

WANTED—Operators and finishers on ladies' cloaks, to work in the house, at once. 42 White st.

WANTED—Corset stitchers, and stitchers to do cording; work at home. FERRIS BROS., 48 Franklin st.

WANTED—Good fur sewers on sleigh robes at CHAS. A. HERPICH'S, 68 Mercer st.

WANTED—A young girl to help with housework and children. 1095 av., 3d house above 60th st.

WANTED—A neat, tidy girl to assist in general housework. 12 Abingdon square, near 8th av.

WANTED—Hands to cover crochet buttons. Call for a couple of days. 161 Varick st., 1st floor.

WANTED—An experienced girl, accustomed to rolling black liquorice sticks. 374 South st.

WANTED—Hand on folded ties; also girl to do errands. 453 West 44th st.

WANTED—A good blank book sewer at bindery, 55 Liberty st., top floor.

YOUNG girls can obtain situations free, lodgings and meals at 46c. each, at the Girls' Lodging House, 27 St. Mark's place, near Second av. Office hours, 9 to 5 daily. Also, free instruction on sewing machines from 9 to 5 daily to all who may apply, and dressmaking taught gratuitously.

Wanted—Males.

A LAD to attend to errands and make himself generally useful indoors. Address FRANCIS, Sun uptown office, 1,238 Broadway.

A FEW well-furnished rooms will be let, $1.50 weekly. Carleton House, William st., cor. Frankfort st.

A.—3 FIRST-CLASS white waiters at hotel in city; highest wages. Home Bureau, 138 6th av.

A BOY wanted to nail up boxes; one having worked in a box factory preferred. 40 Dey st.

A THIRD HAND wanted at 198 Madison st.

BLACKSMITH wanted; good floorman. Apply early at 179 Newark av., Jersey City.

CARPENTERS wanted; four good men who understand framing; also a good framing man, a man boy who has worked at the carpenter trade. Inquire for QUINN, the Blind Hanger, at 24 av., east cor. of 72d st.

ERRAND BOY in a printing office. Apply after 9 A. M. BOND & TINSLEY, 372 Pearl st.

HARD WOOD DOOR MAKERS, also regular sash and door makers, wanted. 38th st., corner of 1st av.

INTELLIGENT BOY, over 15, living with his parents, for office work. Address, in applicant's handwriting, STATIONER, box 194, Sun office.

KNIFE and shear cutter wanted. Apply 22 Walker st. J. WEBSTER.

LABORER wanted to dig out and repair a sewer. GEO. F. NESBITT & CO., cor. Pearl and Pine sts.

PACKER wanted in a wholesale drug house temporarily; also a man to fill out caster oil, &c., in bottles. Apply to FRASER & LEE, 20 Beekman st., between 3 and 4 o'clock to-day.

PAPER BOXES.—A young man familiar with setting up and piecing. HAZEN & ROSENOW, 41 Thomas st.

PAINTER wanted, good scaffold hand, at the Church of the Nativity, in Av. C, near 6th st. Come ready for work.

STEADY young man, quick at job composition from manuscript, who understands the running of Gordon presses. Address, stating age and compensation expected, J. MOTT, Sun up-town office, 1,238 Broadway.

SALESMAN for the West to sell children's suits and infants' cloaks on commission. Address R., Sun up-town office, 1,238 Broadway.

STOUT boy wanted to assist engineer and fire up. Apply to E. R. DINGLEY, 120 Wooster st.

TO Boilermakers.—Wanted, helpers and rivet heaters. Apply JAMES CUDDY, Communipaw Oil Yard, Jersey City.

WANTED—5,000 bakers to attend the picnic and walking match of the Brooklyn Journeymen Bakers at Manhattan Park, Saturday, Aug. 16. Walking to commence at 5 o'clock. HUGH BARRETT, Chairman. JAMES B. O'BRIEN, Treasurer. MARK McLAUGHLIN, Secretary.

WOOD ENGRAVERS.—Several good hands wanted immediately on catalogue work. Inquire of CHAS. DAMM, 76 East 3d st.

WANTED—A first-class wet finisher to take the position of overseer. Address, with reference, THOS. DOLAN & CO., Philadelphia.

WANTED—A good granite cutter; a single man preferred. Call at LOUIS VERHAEGEN'S shop, at Woodlawn, N. Y.

WANTED—Painter, by month and board; low wages; steady job. RICHARDSON, 63 East 125th st.

WANTED—A butcher; must understand his business; call after 1 o'clock. J. HOPKINS, 2,301 2d av.

WANTED—A good hand sawyer and two frame makers. GEO. W. DENNIS, 410 Bleecker st.

WANTED—An engraver on table glassware. GILLINDER & SONS, 61 Park place.

WANTED—A man who understands the retail grocery business. 480 Pearl st.

WANTED—At once, twenty-five good bench moulders. Apply at 81 Reade st.

WANTED—A first-class French confectioner. Apply at 103 Wooster st.

WANTED—A young man to assist on bread. 306 Bleecker st.

WANTED—A first-class steam lithographic printer. 537 Pearl st.

2 WHEELWRIGHTS wanted. 505 East 15th st. Call 2 days.

4 GOOD CARPENTERS wanted at Newtown, L. I., single men that will board near the work. Apply to TIMOTHY MOLONEY, Carpenter, near Newtown Depot.

5 POUNDS green, black or mixed tea, $1; 5 pounds coffee, 50c. SAMPLE TEA CO., 293 Pearl and 40 Fulton st.

Excursions.

A.—A.—GRANDEST DISPLAY OF FIREWORKS. WEST BRIGHTON, CONEY ISLAND.

THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, AUG. 15.

Given under the auspices of Culver's P. P. and C. I. R. R. and WHITE'S LINE OF STEAMERS.

SPECIAL BOATS DIRECT TO THE NEW IRON PIER, where the display can best be seen.

The magnificent three deck excursion steamer GRAND REPUBLIC, brilliantly illuminated by lanterns, calcium and POWERFUL ELECTRIC LIGHTS, making the broad decks as light as day, will leave 24th st., North River, 7:30 P. M.; Leroy st., 7:45 P. M.; Pier 2, N. R., 8 P. M. Arriving at the Pier in ample time to WITNESS THE ENTIRE DISPLAY, and returning will leave the Pier at 10 P. M.

The favorite regular line steamer AMERICUS will leave 22d st., North River, 7:15 P. M.; Leroy st., 7:30 P. M.; Pier 2, N. R., 7:45 P. M. Leaving the Pier 9:45 P. M. EXCURSION TICKETS, including Pier fees, 50 CENTS. GOOD ON EITHER STEAMER.

A.—A.—ROCKAWAY BEACH. THE BATHING PLACE OF THE PEOPLE.

THREE EXCURSIONS EVERY DAY By the new and world-renowned steamers COLUMBIA and GRAND REPUBLIC. Combining absolute safety with luxury.

THE GREATEST VARIETY OF SCENERY, The River, the Bay, and the Atlantic Ocean. Forming an ever changing panorama.

NINE MILES OF FINE BEACH, Washed by a beautiful surf and fanned by an unceasing breeze.

MANY MUSICAL ATTRACTIONS ON EACH BOAT.

BOATS LEAVE	COLUMBIA.	GRAND REPUBLIC.
24th st., North River.	8:30 A.M., 1:30 P.M.	10:00 A. M.
Leroy st., N. River.	8:45 A.M., 1:45 P.M.	10:20 A. M.
Pier 2, n'r Batty, N.R.	9:00 A.M., 2:00 P.M.	10:40 A. M.
Jewell's Wharf, B'klyn.	9:30 A.M., 2:15 P.M.	11:00 A. M.

LEAVE ROCKAWAY, 11 A. M., 4:30 and 5:30 P. M. FARE, 35 CENTS. EXCURSION TICKETS, 50 CENTS.

EXCURSION TICKETS, which include fares BOTH WAYS on the STEAMERS and ELEVATED ROADS, are for sale at all stations at 50 CENTS.

RETURN TICKETS GOOD ON EITHER BOAT.

A.—A.—TO THE NEW IRON PIER AT CONEY ISLAND DIRECT.

GREAT SUCCESS OF THIS ROUTE.

GRAND FLOTILLA OF EXCURSION STEAMERS. HALF HOURLY FERRY TO THE IRON TUBULAR PIER AT CONEY ISLAND.

NO CHANGE TO CARS.

SURE LANDINGS. SAFE AND SPEEDY. OBSERVE THE TIME TABLE CLOSELY.

	W. 22d st.	Leroy st.	Pier 2 N. R.
Minnie Cornell	7:00 A. M.	7:15 A. M.	7:30 A. M.
J. Sylvester	8:45 A. M.	9:00 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
J. B. Schuyler	9:15 A. M.	9:30 A. M.	9:45 A. M.
Americus	9:45 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:15 A. M.
Eliza Hancox	10:15 A. M.	10:30 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
Minnie Cornell	10:45 A. M.	11:00 A. M.	11:15 A. M.
J. Sylvester	11:45 A. M.	12:00 M.	12:15 P. M.
J. B. Schuyler	12:15 P. M.	12:30 P. M.	12:45 P. M.
Americus	1:15 P. M.	1:30 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
Eliza Hancox	1:45 P. M.	2:00 P. M.	2:15 P. M.
Minnie Cornell	2:15 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	2:45 P. M.
J. Sylvester	2:45 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:15 P. M.
J. B. Schuyler	3:15 P. M.	3:30 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
Americus	4:15 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:45 P. M.
Eliza Hancox	4:45 P. M.	5:00 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
Minnie Cornell	5:15 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	5:45 P. M.
J. Sylvester	5:45 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
J. B. Schuyler	6:15 P. M.	6:30 P. M.	6:45 P. M.
Americus	W. 24th st.	Leroy st.	Pier 2 N. R.
Grand Republic	7:30 P. M.	7:45 P. M.	8:00 P. M.

In addition, the GRAND REPUBLIC leaves, DAILY, West 24th st., 10 A. M.; Leroy st., 10:20 A. M.; Pier 2, N. R., 10:40 A. M.; Jewell's Wharf, Brooklyn, 11 A. M.

Returning, steamers leave Iron Pier every 30 minutes to 8 P. M., then 9 and 10 P. M.

Single Fare, 35 cents; Excursion Tickets, 50 cents. WHICH INCLUDE ADMISSIONS TO THE PIER. Return Tickets are good on either boat.

CONEY ISLAND, VIA LOCUST GROVE. 25 CENTS. ROUND TRIP TICKETS, 25 CENTS.

The large and elegant steamer JOSEPHINE will make excursion trips to CONEY ISLAND, via Locust Grove, leaving daily:

22d st., N. R.—9:20, 12, 3:10.
Leroy st., N. R.—9:30, 12:10, 3:20.
Cedar st., N. R.—9:40, 12:20, 3:30.

The shortest and quickest route to Coney Island. Only six minutes' ride on the cars, and landing opposite the new Iron Pier, near Cable's and Brighton Beach. Trains leave the Island to connect with this boat at 10 A. M. and 1:30 and 6:30 P. M. Excursion tickets, including steamboat and cars, only 25 cents.

Steamer BAY RIDGE will leave Pier 1, N. R., 10:15 A. M., 2:10 and 5:10 P. M.; Pier 13, N. R., 10:20 A. M., 2:20 and 5:15 P. M. For New York, leave Locust Grove 7:45 A. M., 12:30 and 3:45 P. M. Fare to Bath, Locust Grove, and Coney Island, 25 cents.

Tickets on JOSEPHINE and BAY RIDGE good on B. B. and C. I. R. R. to Brooklyn.

A.—A.—GRAND ILLUMINATED MOONLIGHT EXCURSIONS every SATURDAY NIGHT during the season, down the Bay and off Coney Island. The new and magnificent palace saloon steamer METROPOLITAN will leave foot of West 10th st., 7:15 P. M.; foot of East 23d st., 8:30, and Jewell's Wharf, Brooklyn, 9 P. M. Returning at an early hour. Fare for the excursion only 25 cents. Coney Island by gas and electric lights. Grand pyrotechnic display of colored fires, &c. Music by Prof. Hill's Band.

A.—STEAMER LONG BRANCH, AUG. 17. SUNDAY. The Magnificent Steamer LONG BRANCH, CAPT. JAMES LYNCH, Will make regular Sunday morning excursions to NEWBURGH, Landing at YONKERS, WEST POINT, and COLD SPRING. Leaving Jewell's wharf, Brooklyn, 8:30; West 10th st., 9, and 24th st., North River, at 9:20 A. M., sharp. Martin's Grand Military Brass Band in choice, sparkling music and stirring concerts. The cars will be filled to overflowing with the choicest of the beauty of the city in their favorite seats. Maps of the Hudson given to each passenger. Fare, entire Grand Excursion, only 50 cents.

REGULAR EXCURSION TO WEST POINT (allowing 3 hours for sight seeing), Cornwall (2½ hours), Newburgh (1½ hours), by steamer VIBRANT and D. DREW. Trip tickets $1. (See Albany Day Line advertisement.)

Amusements.

THEATRE COMIQUE, 514 BROADWAY. HARRY SHARP.....PROPRIETOR AND MANAGER. JOHN E. CANNON.....MANAGER. MONDAY AUG. 11, 1879. Every evening, and Wednesday and Saturday Matinees, GRAND SUCCESS of the VAUDEVILLE COMPANY, Composed of NEW FACES and OLD FAVORITES. Volume of Sound, issued by EDWARD HARRIGAN, and entitled the MULLIGAN GUARD CHOWDER.

KOSTER & BIAL, 23d st., near 6th av. GRAND POPULAR CONCERTS EVERY EVENING. Musical Director.....RUDOLF BIAL. Formerly Director of Kroll's Garden in Berlin. Admission, 25 cents.

HAVERLY'S LYCEUM THEATRE. LAST WEEK. UNPARALLELED SUCCESS. HAVERLY'S MINSTRELS. HAVERLY'S MATINEES WEDNES., SATURDAY. HAVERLY'S DAY and SATURDAY MINSTRELS. MONDAY, Aug. 25, METROPOLITAN DEBUT of MISS ADELE BELGARDE. As ROSALIND in AS YOU LIKE IT. With Mr. W. E. SHERIDAN and a strong company.

The Turf.

BRIGHTON BEACH FAIR GROUNDS. RACES AUG. 12, 14, 16, 19, 21, and 23, and every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY during the season, at 4 P. M. Steeplechase or hurdle race each day.

Personal Notices.

ANY GENTLEMAN having been present at the Brighton House on Sunday night, Aug. 10, about 12 10, who could possibly give information as to who clubbed "Joe Martin," shooting gallery man of Brighton, will please leave his address with J. M., box 159, Sun office.

ARTIFICIAL LEAVES.—Special Notice.—S. LEVY, at 104 Prince st., has no connection with S. Levy, at 104 Prince, and does not manufacture any flowers.

Society Notices.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the N. Y. J. P. B. B. Society will be held at 214 Bowery on Saturday, Aug. 17. Members please attend, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting. By order of P. BOLIF, Sec. D. C. CAHILL, Pres.

House Furnishing.

A. & L. BAUMANN.—IMMENSE REDUCTIONS in furniture, carpets, and bedding. Weekly and monthly installments. The largest establishment of its kind in the city. 512 and 514 8th av., corner 36th st.

BAUMANN BROS.' NEW STORE, 39 West 14th st.—Call and examine the largest stock of furniture and carpets in New York; weekly and monthly payments; prices forty years ago; selling agents for the CHAMPION FOLDING BEDSTEAD.

IMMENSE REDUCTION in prices