SIDNEY P. NICHOLS'S CASE.

ARGUMENTS UPON THE MOTION FOR A WRIT OF PROHIBITION.

Mayor Cooper's Act Manifestly Unconstitutional—His Defiance of the Right that Every Citizen has to be Heard by Counsel.

The Supreme Court, General Term, met in extraordinary session yesterday to hear argument in the case of Police Commissioner Nichols. Chief Justice Davis and Judges Barrett and Brady were on the bench. Mr. Timothy C. Cronin, appearing for Justice Westbrook, read a detailed history of the case, and Mr. John D. Townsend read an affidavit of Mr. John W. Weed. Then Mr. F. N. Bangs stated his points in the case, reciting the history of Mr. Nichols's removal by the Mayor from the office of Police Commissioner.

Mr. William Allen Butler, in opposing the motion for a writ of prohibition, said that the Constitution of New York provides that in any trial, in any court whatever, the party accused shall be allowed to appear and defend in person *and with counsel*, as in civil actions. Mr. Butler continued:

"The relator, Sidney P. Nichols, was served on March 4, 1879, with a written notice from the Mayor of the city of New York accusing him of negligence in the discharge of his duties as a member of the Board of Police Commissioners, and of conduct unbecoming his office.

"The notice contained the following: 'I will give you an opportunity to be heard thereon at 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, March 19, 1879, at the Mayor's office.'

"Mr. Nichols appeared at the time and place named, with counsel.

"He was not allowed to defend with counsel. The Mayor, in answer to the request of the accused to be heard by his counsel, then present, said: 'I will not hear counsel.' Mr. Nichols asked to be permitted to speak through his counsel as his agent, and the Mayor refused to hear him.

"This transaction occurred in the Mayor's office on March 19, 1879.

"This was a proceeding in court within the meaning of the provision of the Constitution as construed by the Court of Appeals.

"Section 25 of the city charter (chap. 335, laws 1873) provides that the 'heads of all departments * * * may be removed by the Mayor *for cause* and *after opportunity to be heard*, subject, however, before such removal shall take effect, to the approval of the Governor expressed in writing.

"The Mayor is required to communicate to the Governor his reasons for the removal. The proceeding thus provided for is a judicial proceeding."

Mr. Butler cited some cases in point, and then went on to say:

"The power and duty of the court to review the proceedings of the Mayor under the charter, when they are of a judicial character, by certiorari, is not only not denied by this court in the cases last cited, but from the language quoted, it will be seen that it is expressly conceded and affirmed. The power has repeatedly been exercised in cases of a similar character.

"The action of the Mayor was judicial, and, being judicial, it was liable to be reviewed by the Supreme Court by certiorari.

"The respondent has made return to the writ of certiorari, and the facts stated in his return must be taken as true. Upon the hearing the return is conclusive. If false, the remedy is by action.

"Upon the return the sole question is whether the attempted removal of the relator from his office in the manner therein stated was lawful.

"As the case stands, this court should not arrest the proceedings by its writ of prohibition.

"The office of the writ of prohibition is to prevent the usurpation by an inferior court of unwarranted or excessive powers.

"Conceding the value of the writ and the propriety of resorting to it when ordinary means of redress are unavailable, it is well settled that the court will not issue it except in a clear case, and where no other remedy is adequate for the relief of the party applying for it.

"The frequency of the exercise of the power to issue the writ by this court, and the special character of the cases in which it has been exercised, are the best evidence that it is a power which should be, and in practice, always has been confined in its discretionary use to cases of necessity.

"It is quite unheard of that resort should be had to this special and extraordinary writ for the purpose of directing the course of the proceedings, by the Supreme Court, in a case of acknowledged jurisdiction where the questions arising in the course of the proceedings are such as according to the invariable course of procedure and practice in this State have been the constant subject of adjudication in the first instance, and of review on appeal, according to the well-established practice of our courts.

"What is alleged as the unlawful or improper exercise of jurisdiction or authority which calls for prohibition by this court?

"Simply, that Mr. Justice Westbrook has allowed a writ of certiorari to review the proceeding of Mayor Cooper as to the attempted removal of the relator from office, and now after return made to the writ proposes to entertain a motion for judgment on the return at a Special Term to be held at Chambers, and not at one of the designated Special Terms for the trial of issues of law and fact.

"Suppose the motion should be made at a Special Term at Chambers; that on review it should be the view of this General Term and of the Court of Appeals that it was an error in the Judge to hear and determine it at such a term, for which a reversal must be had of any order made or judgment rendered in the proceedings—is that a reason why this court, in advance of the consideration of that question by the Judge proposing to hear the case, and in advance of any appeal based on exception or objection to any decision made by such Judge, should intervene by its writ of prohibition, to prevent the motion from being made, and the Judge from passing upon the objection?

"If this court should so interfere a precedent would thereby be established by which its power as an appellate tribunal could be invoked in advance of an order or judgment below without security given by the party appealing to it, and so to arrest the regular proceedings at Special Term and Circuit. It is the exercise of power only intended for extreme cases, as a barrier against usurped power, and where ordinary methods and means of redress are wanting.

"It is claimed that there is error in the proceeding against the Mayor, independent of the Governor, that such alleged error furnishes no ground for the present motion.

"The proceeding sought to be reviewed by the writ of certiorari is the proceeding of the Mayor, and the return to the writ having been made, the sole question for determination upon the return, relates to the validity of the proceedings therein stated.

"The action of the Governor in approving the sentence or decision of the Mayor is an independent proceeding.

"It is not the case of a review of the Mayor's proceedings on an appeal or at the instance of the accused officer.

"The Mayor's removal of a head of department as prescribed by the charter, is not to take effect until the Governor's approval. But when approved, it is the action of the Mayor which takes effect.

"The assumption that any public exigency exists requiring the issuing of a writ of prohibition in this case is wholly unwarranted.

"The relator is not usurping any public function or trust, nor is he in any such attitude as respects the office from which he has been excluded as to make it a matter of public necessity or even of public importance to invoke the exercise of any unusual and extraordinary powers to prevent his prosecution of the proceedings, which the law entitles him to take to review the action of the Mayor.

"In the history of our jurisprudence, the powers of local tribunals and magistrates have been a fruitful and constant source of discussion and decision in the courts, but never before has any attempt been made to control the course of judicial procedure in respect to them by means such as those resorted to in the present case.

"The question whether the Mayor can arbitrarily disregard the provisions of the Constitution guaranteeing to every accused person the right to appear and defend with counsel, would seem to be equally important to his constituents, as any question relating simply to the mode of procedure by which his action is to be reviewed.

"The record also shows that the Executive has convened this extraordinary term for the sole purpose—no other cause having been before it—of enabling the Mayor to apply for a writ to prohibit the hearing on the Mayor's return to the certiorari allowed against him.

"This interference is, therefore, not in a case between citizens of the State whose supposed rights the Executive seeks to protect, but in a case in which the Executive himself originally sought to be made a party, and in which the alleged wrongs sought to be redressed had received his official sanction.

"It is quite inconceivable to professional or popular apprehension that in an ordinary case of certiorari as to the removal from a seat in a board, of a particular member, the proposed hearing by a Judge, sitting at Special Term, in Chambers, in the city of New York, of a motion for judgment on the return should set in motion the Executive of the State to convene this high tribunal at an extraordinary session, for the purpose of procuring, under the authority of a special statute, never before so invoked, an unprecedented exercise of its prohibitory power against a Judge of its own court."

The Freedman's Bank Swindle.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Senator Bruce, Chairman of the Committee to investigate the affairs of the Freedman's Bank, is reported to have said in an interview that investigation so far was confined to the Committee at present in the city, he felt constrained to keep a padlock on its mouth. "But will be," added he, "when we do make our report, there will be some revelations which I cannot now speak of. Now there is one great trouble I find our experts have in balancing the books, and that is that most when they reach that point which ought to lead to some important development they find that three or four pages of the ledger are torn out. What I want to do is to induce Congress to buy the Freedman's Bank building and the property up to the corner of Sixteenth street. If such a sale can be effected, I will guarantee that an additional dividend of twenty per cent will be paid to the bank's creditors. With the thirty per cent already paid, and the twenty per cent additional which I anticipate the bank will pay, the payees will aggregate a total of fifty per cent, and that is all I think ever will be," said."

THE CONSULAR RING IN CHINA.

Efforts to Prevent Exposure and Punishment—Another Consul Accused of Stealing.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—It is a well understood fact here that the State Department officials are doing all in their power to prevent the exposure and punishment of the Consular Ring in China, of which George F. Seward, United States Minister at Pekin, is the head. For the last two years Seward and his dishonest associates have been defending themselves against charges proved before an investigating committee of Congress, and believed by a very great majority of the English-speaking residents of the Chinese Empire. William M. Evarts has been one of Seward's strongest backers in Washington. It may be that the regard Mr. Evarts has for the Seward family induces him to look leniently upon George F. Seward's misconduct. Possibly the influence exerted by Fred. Seward, the Assistant Secretary of State, is sufficient to keep Minister Seward in the diplomatic service, notwithstanding a majority of a committee of the House of Representatives found him guilty of stealing and recommended his impeachment.

In a letter which Gen. Mosby, Consul at Hong Kong, recently sent to a friend in Los Angeles, Cal., the downfall of another member of the Seward Ring is predicted. David H. Bailey, Consul at Shanghai is the victim. Several months ago Mosby ascertained that Bailey, who was promoted to the Shanghai consulate from Hong Kong, had appropriated about $40,000 of Government fees while acting Consul at the last named port. Mosby, in his letter received by the last China steamer, says that before the name of Bailey was sent to the Senate for confirmation as Consul to Shanghai, Mosby's despatch was sent charging Bailey with being a defaulter to the Government to the amount of $40,000, with a record of the evidence sustaining the charge; that not until after Bailey's confirmation and Mosby's despatch had in part been published in a Washington newspaper did Mr. Evarts take notice of the charge. The department then sent Gen. Stahl, Consulate at Hiogo, Japan, a friend of Seward and Bailey, to investigate the charges. Stahl sought to have Bailey explain the charges. Stahl has concluded his investigations and been obliged to report to the department that the charges of Bailey's embezzlement from the Government while Consul at Hong Kong, as made by Mosby, are true. Seward's private secretary Holcomb has written letters to various officials in China denouncing Mosby. Seward is using his influence to shield Bailey and prevent the investigation. A letter also says that there is evidence showing that Bailey was placed at Shanghai to cover Seward's tracks.

When Seward was dragged over the coals before the Committee on Expenditures in the State Department of the Forty-fifth Congress, Bailey was in Washington. He passed much of his time in visiting the offices of newspaper correspondents, attempting to create sympathy for Seward. The latter, according to Mosby, is now exerting his good offices to shield Bailey. William M. Evarts to-day declined to say whether or not he had, as Mosby alleges, received information of Bailey's thievery at Hong Kong before Bailey was confirmed Consul at Shanghai. By refusing to either affirm or deny a fact which can easily be ascertained by the Committee on Expenditures of the State Department next winter, Mr. Evarts permits himself to become the subject of suspicion. Should Bailey be proved guilty of the charges which now appear to be well sustained, the conduct of the de facto Secretary of State, in withholding from the Senate information in his possession detrimental to Bailey's character, while Bailey's nomination for an important office was pending, will be severely censured. Mr. Evarts says that the department has not yet received Gen. Stahl's report of his investigation into the Hong Kong Consulate, and until that report is received he declines to be interviewed.

THE LOUNSBURY TRAGEDY.

Mrs. Lounsbury Put to Plea without Counsel—The Hearing Postponed.

STRATFORD, Conn., Sept. 25.—A few hours after the Coroner's jury had acquitted Mrs. Lounsbury of criminal responsibility for the murder of her husband, the Rev. Dexter L. Lounsbury, yesterday, a complaint was made out by Grand Juror William E. Wheeler and returned to Justice Stephen D. Smith, and the two immediately started for Mrs. Lounsbury's house. The woman was still in bed, and too weak to rise, when they arrived. After reading the charge to her, they put her to plea without giving her the benefit of counsel. In an agonizing tone she exclaimed: "Oh, I'm guilty, I'm guilty." The scene affected those present to tears. An officer was placed in charge of her last night. Some of the time she slept, a potion having been given her to quiet her, but at times she seemed to be overpowered by a conscious sense of what she had done and gave way to her feelings. It was arranged that her case should be heard by the Justice at 9 o'clock this morning, but the hearing was deferred until afternoon, that her friends might arrive and counsel be engaged.

It came out to-day that on the night of the tragedy several neighbors heard Mrs. Lounsbury shrieking and screaming for hours before the pistol shot was heard. The noises were so loud as to attract persons to the windows in the adjoining houses. No one has yet been found who can give an alibi account for these screams, and it is thought strange that Mrs. Lounsbury's domestic or daughter did not hear them. There were many rumors afloat in the village to-day, and more than one voice was raised in favor of having the prisoner taken at once to jail.

Mrs. Lounsbury was a lady of retiring habits, spending most of her time at home, and rarely calling on her neighbors. For this she was not too well liked, which may account for the feeling in certain quarters against her just now. The fact that Mr. Lounsbury's life was insured for $1,500 in his wife's favor was freely commented upon by those for and against the unfortunate woman.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon Lawyer Stoddard of Bridgeport appeared before Justice Smith and suggested that the complaint, which, he alleged, was insufficiently drawn, be withdrawn and a new one made out, so that a new plea could be entered. The complaint charges simply that Mrs. Lounsbury "shot and killed" her husband. Under this wording a plea of guilty is unavoidable. Under a complaint drawn up according to legal form and with all the technicalities, she could plead, doubtless, "with malice aforethought," the prisoner's counsel could enter a plea of not guilty.

Justice Smith refused to withdraw the complaint, insisting that the information was formal, and he referred to the fact that the prisoner had already confessed and pleaded guilty.

Mr. Stoddard argued that to commit his client without a full hearing would be unusual and inhuman, and he demanded time to have an examination as to her mental condition made by some physician.

The Court finally agreed to a postponement until Friday at 2 P. M., and Dr. Robert Hubbard of Bridgeport is named as the physician who will make the examination.

There are hints that the case will yet result in astounding developments, but nothing trustworthy can be learned. The neighbors still maintain that Mr. Lounsbury was always very kind to his wife.

Mr. Lounsbury's funeral has been arranged for Saturday at 12:45 P. M. at Christ Church, Stratford. Bishop Williams of Connecticut, Bishop Bedell of Ohio, and a large number of clergymen will be present.

ERIE'S LOCAL COMMUTERS.

Buyers of Monthly Tickets to Pay no More than the Annual Commuters.

On the first of October the New York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad Company will make a great reduction in its schedule of commutation rates between Jersey City and Port Jervis. Those commuters who have bought their tickets monthly are to be given free tickets for the two remaining months of the year. Even with these free tickets the commuters will have paid about one-third more for their year's travelling than those who have been able to buy yearly tickets. Under the new system the monthly rates will be made on a graduated scale. The present rate is charged for the first month. The rate gradually decreases every month thereafter, in such proportion that the sum of the twelve months' rates will be the regular yearly rate, with interest on the amount at 7 per cent. Thus the yearly rate between New York and Passaic is $62. The monthly rate is now $8, or $80 a year, with the commuter credited with the two free months. The new plan will make the monthly commuters' rate $66.35, $4.35 being interest. A proportionate reduction is made to all points on the Eastern Division.

Proposed Reception to Benj. Noyes.

HARTFORD, Sept. 25.—Benj. Noyes comes out of the New Jersey State Prison to-morrow. The following circular has been sent out:

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 24, 1879.—It is proposed by some of the friends of Mr. Benj. Noyes to testify their continued regard and esteem for him by a reception upon the occasion of his return to New Haven. For that purpose you are invited to attend, with such friends as you may desire to bring with you, an informal reception to be given Mr. Noyes at the Elliott House parlors, on Friday evening, the 26th inst., from 7:30 to 9 o'clock.

JAMES VARIANOUR, FRANCIS E. HARRISON, DANL. S. CARPENTER, HENRY H. BUNNELL.

Kansas and the Negro Exodus.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 25.—A convention of delegates from the Wyandotte and Kansas City Relief Committees have passed resolutions declaring that, as they have reason to expect a renewal of the emigration of colored people from Southern to Northern States as soon as restrictions on travel are removed, and that, as the resources at the disposal of the Relief Committee are nearly exhausted, they express the opinion that proper means should be taken to direct the tide of immigration into other and older States where accumulated wealth and population afford facilities for their successful settlement.

SAVED FROM A BURNING BUILDING.

An Aged Woman and her Son Found Insensible in a West Side Tenement.

Fire started in the tenement at 402 West Fortieth street yesterday morning, and soon afterward Mrs. Schwab was seen leaning out of a second-story window and trying to escape suffocation by the smoke. She tried to spring into the street, but the window sill was too high. When Hook and Ladder Company No. 4 arrived, Assistant Foreman Colby ascended a ladder to the room. Mrs. Schwab was insensible on the floor. Her clothing and her face and hands were badly burned. Colby dragged her to the window, and Firemen Riley, Jackson, and Brown carried her to the street. Then Colby went to the rear of the house and found Isidore Schwab, aged 20, insensible at the head of the stairs. He was sent to Bellevue Hospital. He will probably die. Mrs. Schwab was taken to a neighbor's house, but her sufferings were so intense that she was transferred to the hospital in the afternoon. She is 50 years of age.

M. Whitmark, whose barroom is in the basement of the burned building, said that about 9 o'clock a tall man, with a dark complexion, bought a gallon of whiskey and placed it in a tin can, and he remembers that the man struck a light. Immediately afterward there was a blue glare in the room, and fire seemed to spring from a hundred places at once. The house and stock were insured. The house was damaged about $1,000.

Hurled Headlong from a Wagon.

As Mr. John Elliott, a real estate dealer of 160 South Eighth street, Brooklyn, was driving with his wife in a light wagon along Broadway in that city yesterday morning, his horse, frightened by a motor, ran away. The wagon was dashed against a lamppost at Yates place and Broadway, and both Mr. Elliott and his wife were thrown out. Mrs. Elliott fell on her head, and her skull was fractured. Mr. Elliott suffered severe internal injuries.

Beheaded by Machinery.

On Tuesday afternoon, as Henry Frederichs was working in the Bloomingdale, N. J., rubber works, near a belt attached to a pulley that revolved 250 times a minute, his apron was caught, and he was whirled up among the machinery. His head and all his limbs were torn from his body. He was 19 years of age.

Wanted—Females.

A.—UP-TOWN ADVERTISERS May leave their favors for THE SUN at the only authorized up-town advertisement office,
1,238 Broadway, corner of 31st st., till 9 P. M., and
308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av., till 8 P. M.
760 3d av., corner of 47th st., till 8 P. M.
92 East 14th st., corner Union square, till 8 P. M.
No extra charge.

A.—A. A.—250 HANDS wanted; dress and cloak makers; also operators on Domestic machines. D. H. BABCOCK & CO., 167 and 169 Church st.
Also operators on Domestic machines, steam power, at 11 Johnson st., Brooklyn.

A GOOD finisher on custom shirts; also embroiderers on flannel; old hands preferred; otherwise bring samples of work. LORD & TAYLOR, 255 to 261 Grand st.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS and Feathers.—Wanted, small hands; also, a number of small girls to learn the trade. KEIM BROS., 99 Prince st.

A.—GIRLS accustomed to cloaks or tailoring to make men's dressing robes; no work given out. FISK, CLARK & FLAGG, 686 Broadway.

AT 80 GREENE ST.—Wanted, 50 finishers on children's fancy turbans. MARKS BROS.

ADVANCED prices paid to cloakmakers in and out of the house. MORRIS FINN, 83 Leonard st.

A COUPLE of girls wanted for family; also, 2 American or German girls. 198 6th av., above 10th st.

A FEW experienced girls wanted on round glue work and paste work. 161 Chambers st.

APPRENTICE wanted; a girl about 15, to learn dressmaking. 23 Norfolk st.

CIGARETTES.—Experienced hands to make paper cigarettes. Apply to GOODWIN & CO., 205 Water st.

CLOAK FINISHERS and outside hands; excellent prices paid. CHAS. BOUTON, 56 Walker st.

EHRICH & CO., 8th av. and 24th st., want first-class cloak makers, with good references, for suit department; only those who thoroughly understand the business and have been employed in first-class houses need apply; sale-ladies in glove department; sales-ladies in feather and flower department; saleswoman for silk department; several packers for shipping department, accustomed to pack goods sold at retail.
Apply to the Superintendent at the store between 8 and 10 A. M.

EXPERIENCED hands on fine lace bows. A. COHEN & CO., 22 Clinton place.

FINE FUR SEWERS wanted.
Fine fur-lined cloak hands wanted.
Only those who can do fine work need apply early Monday morning.
M. M. BACKUS & CO., 703 Broadway.

FANCY FEATHERS.—Good pasters wanted. Apply to M. S. HEYMANN & SONS, 508 Broadway.

GIRL wanted to pull out bastings and to sew on buttons. NICOLL, the Tailor, 145 Bowery.

GIRLS wanted to label cans. COMMERCIAL LYE CO., 188 and 190 West Houston st.

GOOD operators on any sewing machine at 24 Walker st., up stairs.

PAPER BOXES.—Wanted experienced hands on square and collar work. TITUS BROTHERS, 108 Centre st.

PANTS operators and basters wanted; also coat operators. NICOLL, the Tailor, 145 Bowery.

PAPER BOXES.—Experienced girls on paste work. THOMAS & CO., 101 Crosby st.

PAPER BOXES.—Good hands wanted at 41 John st., up stairs.

SEWING MACHINES rented; privilege having; sold cheap; splendid Singer, Domestic, Home, Weed, Willcox & Gibbs, Wheeler & Wilson; $10 up; repaired for all kinds. Call 323 Greenwich av., near Jefferson Market, or 127 East Broadway, near Pitt's st.

SEWING MACHINES.—Selling off to close the business, brand new Domestic, new style, $20; Singer from $15 to $25; W. & G., $12 to $25; W. & W., $8 to $15; all others at proportionate prices. DEAN, 2 Bond st.

SEWING machines, wholesale and retail; Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Singer, Weed, &c., new, from $15 to $20; discount to dealers. BLUM'S, 27 Murray st., 2d floor.

SEWING MACHINES, all kinds, $7, warranted for three years. 304 E. Broadway, junction of Grand.

SEWING MACHINES.—Domestic, W. & G., Singer, W. & W., $12 to $20. BROWN, 282 Grand st.

SILK and Derby hat trimmers wanted. JOHN CALLAHAN, 140 Bowery. 140.

SMALL girls to cut out embroideries; bring sharp scissors. Apply at 35 and 37 Wooster st.

WANTED—A middle-aged colored woman for general housework. Apply from 1 till 5, at Summit Hotel, 71 Fulton st., Brooklyn. F. ROBINSON, Proprietor.

WANTED—A first-class milliner and trimmer to go out of town. Apply to A. WEYMAN & CO., 682 Broadway.

WANTED—Weavers on upholstery trimmings; also tassel mould covers, and weavers and cotton wadders. E. WEMBERG, 740 Broadway.

WANTED—First-class buttonhole makers; come prepared for work before 10 A. M. MME. DUVAL, 806 Broadway.

WANTED—Few girls who thoroughly understand how to cut velvet; check for label cutting. MAYER, MERKELL & OTTMANN, 23-25 Wooster st.

WANTED—Little girls to sling and work on frisets; also fringe weavers. Apply to P. H. & W. WILLIAMS, 145 5th av., corner 21st st.

WANTED—Two young girls for chambermaids; wages from $6 to $7 monthly; a good home. 15 East 26th st.

WANTED—Operators, basters, and buttonhole makers on white vests. Call at 298 South 3d st., Williamsburgh.

WANTED—2 expert hands on ladies' bows. Apply at room 3, Parepa Hall, East 86th st., corner 3d av.

WANTED—Weavers and tassel makers. DEAN & MATTHEWS, 10 East 14th st.

WANTED—Girls for wrapping candy. C. WENGENROTH, 42 Vesey st.

WANTED—A girl for housework and to mind children at 342 East 31st st. Inquire of housekeeper.

WANTED—A girl to wash and iron and do general housework. Apply at 394 8th av.

WANTED—Cloak or dress makers on fur-lined silk garments, at 449 Broadway.

WANTED—Competent hands on folded ties; plenty of work. 268 West 38th st.

WANTED—Codfish skinners. Apply at 196 Greenwich st., New York.

WANTED—At 127 West 61st st., girl for housework.

YOUNG girls can obtain situations free, lodgings and meals at 6c. each, at the Girls' Lodging House, 27 St. Mark's place, 8th st. (under care of Children's Aid Society). Also, free instruction on sewing machines from 9 to 5 daily, to all who may apply, and dressmaking taught gratuitously.

50 GIRLS on gents' ties, bows, and scarfs; good prices; steady work. REAMER & CO., 37 Dey st.

100 OPERATORS and basters on alpaca coats; good prices; steady work. 985 8th av.

Wanted—Mates.

A YOUNG man with some experience in general store wants situation; state age, reference, and last employment. Address C. T. M., box 160, Sun office.

A SILVER-PLATER, lathe and vise burnisher on plumbers' materials. Address P. L., box 185, Sun office.

A SHOEMAKER to make and repair. Apply before 10 o'clock. HOWARD & KOBLER, 61 Warren st.

A FEW well-furnished rooms will be let, $1.50 weekly. CARLETON HOUSE, William, cor. Frankfort st.

A.—FLOORMAN horseshoer wanted as a partner. Apply at 346 Cherry st. JOHN BRADY.

A.—A.—A.—Wanted, experienced presser on ruffnings and collarettes. MYERS & CO., 16 Walker st.

A YOUNG man familiar with wooden brush work. F. J. KALDENBERG, 125 Fulton st.

A GENTS make $10 daily selling AMERY'S Show of Cards. 65 and 67 Bowery, two corners Hester st.

A FEW broom makers; also a few sewers. Apply early for three days at 532 West 44th st.

A FIRST-CLASS plumber wanted; none others need apply. 832 3d av.

A GENTS wanted for a very profitable article. 87 East 56th st.

A CARRIAGE TRIMMER wanted at 460 3d av.

A GOOD painter wanted at 350 3d av.

BOOK EDGE GILDER.—Wanted, a first-rate hand. J. T. SHEPPERD & SON, 46 Centre st.

BRASS MOULDER wanted at 87 Centre st.; to a good workman, liberal wages will be paid.

HO FOR THE WEST! Agent of "Children's Aid Society," 19 East 4th st., who goes West on Oct. 7, has resided nine years there. Information given and assistance rendered families to go West; also, good homes provided for small girls and boys.

Wanted—Males.

HONORABLE, permanent, and moderately profitable EMPLOYMENT FOR ONE PERSON in each town. Address with three-cent stamp, SCHOOL OF MECHANIC ARTS, Permanent Exhibition, Philadelphia.

MAN wanted to canvass for tailoring help. NICOLL, the Tailor, 145 Bowery.

PIANO MAKERS, in the various departments of piano manufacturing. Apply at WEBER'S factory, corner 17th st. and 7th av. None but good workmen need apply; to such good wages will be paid and steady employment given.

SIXPENNY SAVINGS BANK books purchased for cash by NEWKIRK & COLE, 20 Vesey st., 2d floor.

TAILOR to work on new and old work; good wages paid. 39 W. 11th st., one door east of University place.

TO BAKERS.—Wanted, a boy that can mould. NATIONAL BAKING CO., 205 Av. A.

TAILORS.—Wanted, first-class pants makers. COONEY & WALSH, 23 Abingdon square.

TO JEWELLERS.—Wanted, a light hand drop. Address DROP, box 131, Sun office.

TO TAILORS.—Hands wanted on coats, jackets, and pants. 206th st. and 8th av.

WANTED—A first-class britannia mould maker, to whom steady employment will be given; references required. Address WILCOX SILVER PLATE CO., West Meriden, Conn.

WANTED—A good spelter buffer on chandelier work. W. C. VOSBURGH & CO., 275 State st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A first-class bread and cake baker; a steady job for a good man. Address BAKER, 157 Brook st., Providence, R. I.

WANTED—An experienced machine room paper printer. Address PRINTER, box 177, Sun office.

WANTED—A boy in store who can speak German; one who can come early. Address, stating salary, STORE, box 133, Sun office.

WANTED—A machinist for W. & W. sewing machine, to go into the country. Apply 10 to 2. D. & F., 112 Franklin st.

WANTED—A team on machine-sewed and a team on men's hand-sewed shoes; steady work for one year. Call for two weeks. 112 Chambers st.

WANTED—Immediately, an experienced packer for china, glass, and earthenware. Address P. O. Box No. 1,481, New York.

WANTED—Polishers on stove work for nickel plating. Apply to New York Nickel Plating Co., corner 2d av. and 22d st.

WANTED—An active young man, quick and correct at figures; good references. Address E. B. W., box No. 140, Sun office.

WANTED—A thoroughly competent cloak and suit cutter. HERRMANN BROS. & OBERMEIER, 69 Greene st.

WANTED—First-class solderers. Address Post Office box 441, West Meriden, Conn., stating terms.

WAITERS wanted; those experienced in down town restaurants. Apply early, 25 Park row, city.

WANTED—A smart young man to open oysters and wait on tables. HAMBLEN'S, 148 Chambers st.

WANTED—Two good house carpenters or ship joiners. J. YOUNGS, 40 Spring st.

WANTED—Tin and sheet-iron workers; also a stove polisher. KEDIAN & BRO., 21st st. and 3d av.

WANTED—Three good barbers at 435 Hicks st., near Baltic, Brooklyn; steady work. T. PIGOTT.

WANTED—Filler and binder stripper at KEBBS & SPIESS'S, 24 av., cor. 54th st.

WANTED—A chaser for light work. E. FACKNER, 19 John st.

WANTED—Two metal spinners, two polishers, and two tinsmiths for night work. 211 Water st.

WANTED—A boy to work in a grocery and deliver orders. 225 9th av., corner of 24th st.

WANTED—A good boy to open oysters. Call before 8 o'clock Friday morning at 342 8th av.

WANTED—A litho printer; one used to japanned tin work. 72 Murray st., third floor.

WANTED—Young man who understands packing crockery. 73 Murray st., 2d floor.

WANTED—A smart boy; one living with his parents; good references. 185 Varick st.

WANTED—Good ornamental flower painters. 100 Centre st., top floor.

WANTED—First-class upholsterers. Apply at 384 3d av., up stairs.

WANTED—A show case glazier. 226 Canal st.

WANTED—A good plumber, at 1,486 3d av.

2 FIRST-CLASS tinmen wanted to make reflectors and lanterns; come ready for work. 4 Great Jones st.

3 FIRST-CLASS plumbers wanted. Apply to J. HARRY, 125th st. and 3d av. Bring tools, 7 A. M. Also one boy.

5 POUNDS fine sample tea, $1; 5 lbs. pure coffee, 50c. SAMPLE TEA CO., 263 Pearl and 40 Fulton st.

Situations Wanted.

TO PRINTERS.—A young man, with 2 years' experience as compositor in a newspaper office and some experience in a job office, wishes a situation. Call on or address E. E. NELSON, 291 Pacific st., Brooklyn.

TO BOSS BAKERS.—Wanted, a situation by a first-class bread, cake, and pie baker, with good recommendations as to capability and sobriety; city or country. Address E. D., BAKER, box 167, Sun office.

WANTED—By an American widow, an infant to bring up on the bottle; is competent to take it from its birth, where it will have a good home and the best of care; or one older. Call or address, any time, 322 8th av., top floor.

WANTED—By a respectable married woman, a baby to wet nurse at her own house. Apply at 542 West 27th st., near 11th av.

Musical Instruments.

A GREAT OFFER.—Pianos $93, $40, $50, $55, $65, $75, upward; 7-octave pianos, $80, $100, and $125; 7½ do., $130, $140 upward, warranted; installments received; instruments to rent; also tuned and repaired. HORACE WATERS, 481 Broadway, near Varick st.

A FEW second-hand Weber pianos at very great bargains, some of them only slightly used; a short time by our best musicians, and really almost as good as new, fully warranted in every respect. Please call at the WEBER WAREROOMS, 4 East 14th st., 2d floor.

AT GOLDSMITH'S, 26 Bleecker st., near Bowery—Pianos to the trade at half price. Call and examine. Open evenings.

A LADY will sell rosewood 7-octave pianoforte for $60. Residence, 220 East 38th st., near 3d av.

BEAUTIFUL rosewood 7-octave piano, four round corners, carved legs, less than $100. 106 2d av., near Twelfth st.

THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 596 BROADWAY, EAST 14TH ST. Union square, offer the largest assortment in the city of the BEST CABINET OR PARLOR ORGANS IN THE WORLD; winners of highest distinction at EVERY WORLD'S FAIR FOR THIRTEEN YEARS, viz., Paris, 1878; Sydney, 1879, &c. $56 and upward. Also, for easy payments, $5 a month for 12 mos., or $6.75 a quarter for 10 quarters and upward.

$5 MONTHLY will buy beautiful 7½ oct. rosewood piano; rent $3. BIDDLE'S, 13 Waverley place, near Broadway.

$100—ELEGANT overstrung piano; 6-octave, full compass; cost $800; sacrifice, $185. Weber, low rent; stop or can, $50; rent, $2. GORDON & SON, 13 East 14th st.

Real Estate.

GLENDALE, adjoining Brooklyn; only 4 miles by steam and horse cars from all the Williamsburgh, Greenpoint, and Hunters Point ferries; 40 trains from New York City Hall and Brooklyn City Hall. Having all the advantages of the growth of both cities, situated immediately on the Brooklyn's Myrtle av.; it stands relatively to Brooklyn precisely as Yorkville at 34 st. stood to New York city twenty years ago. In the centre of rapid transit, and only a mile from Brooklyn's present city limits, it is certain to become very valuable. Lots $288, each, payable $10 monthly, or 10 per cent allowed for cash down. Also payable $20 per lot cash, and balance in three years. Title perfect. Free passes to visitors. Call in forenoon at BITCHCOCK'S Music Store, 32 Park row, New York, opposite the Post Office.

CITY LOTS, $300, payable in installments; 23d Ward. Bargains. DITCHETT, 2 New Chambers st.

FARM, stock and tools to exchange for Brooklyn property lightly encumbered. E. H. BABCOCK, 219 Montague st., Brooklyn.

LOTS, with loan to build, near depot; good chance for business. BABCOCK, 219 Montague st., Brooklyn.

For Sale and To Let.

TO LET, SUITABLE FOR PUBLISHERS, LAWYERS, or AGENTS, SEVERAL OFFICES, Steam-heated and well lighted, on the SECOND STORY of THE SUN BUILDING Corner Nassau and Frankfort sts. RENT LOW. These premises overlook Printing House Square, the City Hall Park, Post Office, and the Courts. Apply at THE PUBLICATION OFFICE OF THE SUN.

Lost and Found.

LOST—Thursday morning, Sept. 25, 1879, between Chambers st. ferry and elevated railroad station at Chambers st., 9 A. M., a gold bangle, with Russian gold coin attached. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning it to 40 Cliff st.

LOST—Memorandum day book of 1878, of no value to any one but the owner. By returning the same to No. 22 Fourth av., a reward of five dollars will be paid.

Board and Rooms.

AT THE HOWARD HOUSE, 149 Chatham st., for $1 and $1.25 per week, are the most comfortable lodgings in the city, for men only.

A FEW mechanics can obtain board; also, ladies and table boarders. 125 Sullivan st.

BOARD for 2 ladies; 9th or 16th Ward; private family; quiet, comfortable home wanted, and style not essential. Address, stating terms, S. N. D., box 157, Sun office.

NICE, comfortably furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping, $2. 423 East 12th st.

78 EAST BROADWAY.—Pleasant rooms, with board, $3.50 to $5 per week; ladies and gentlemen.

Clothing.

A GRAND OPENING of Men's, Boys', and Children's Fall and Winter Clothing; largest assortment in the city. DAVIES, successor to Cammeyer, 172 Bridge st., Brooklyn.

Billiards.

A.—A.—A.A.—The very finest Billiard Tables fitted with the wonderful MONARCH cushions, lowest prices. The J. M. Brunswicks & Balke Co., 724 Broadway.

Amusements.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. SPECTACLE. The most magnificent Theatre in the United States. B. G. GILMORE.....Lessee and Manager
ENCHANTMENT,
KIRALFY'S MARVELLOUS SPECTACLE. The best attraction the metropolis is offering. Magnificent scenery, grand ballets, world's greatest dancuses, excellent acting, sweetest singing, wonderful and humorous specialties, &c.
MATINEES WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
PALPABLE POPULAR PRICES: Admission, 50 cents. Secured seats in Orchestra Stalls, Orchestra Circle, and front Balcony, 50 cents extra. In Balcony, 25 cents extra. Family Circle, 25 cents.

DALY'S THEATRE, Broadway and 30th st. The most elegant drawing-room theatre in the world.
LAST PERFORMANCES of NEWPORT and of LOVE'S YOUNG DREAM.
MATINEE TO-MORROW (Saturday) at 2, "NEWPORT."
TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, Special and elaborate revival of Augustin Daly's famous society comedy of DIVORCE. DIVORCE.
BOX SHEET NOW OPEN. Also, for the first MID-WEEK MATINEE, Wednesday, Oct. 1, next, of DIVORCE.

STANDARD THEATRE, Broadway and 33d st. W. HENDERSON.....Proprietor and Manager
LAST 3 PERFORMANCES OF Mr. and Mrs. BANDMANN, BANDMANN, in NARCISSE, NARCISSE, NARCISSE.
LAST MATINEE OF NARCISSE, SATURDAY, AT 1:30. Monday, Sept. 29, Mr. Bandmann's great representation of HAMLET. HAMLET. HAMLET.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. OPERA. FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 26, at 8, THE NEW OPERA IN THREE ACTS, SLEEPY HOLLOW. CONDUCTOR.....MAX MARETZEK
SLEEPY HOLLOW. POPULAR