THE NEWARK SUNDAY WAR.

A REMARKABLE STRUGGLE THAT CULMINATED ON TUESDAY.

The Election of the Democratic Candidate for Mayor Said to be a Victory for the Liberals—Politics in the Newark Churches.

The decisive victory won by the Democrats and Liberals of Newark, N. J., in the charter election, on Tuesday, was a great surprise to the Republicans and the Law and Order folk, who had confidently counted on the silent vote for the success of their candidates. The temperance and church people, who had forced the Sunday observance question into the campaign, had for several weeks canvassed thoroughly in their churches and prayer meetings for votes, and their overwhelming defeat at the polls was unexpected. The vote for Mayor was the largest ever polled in Newark, and the Germans and Irish worked harmoniously at the polls, although strenuous efforts had been made to divide them. The result was the triumphant election of the Hon. William H. F. Fiedler, the Democratic and Liberal candidate for Mayor. His majority was 3,367 over the Hon. Theodore Macknet, who was pledged to enforce strictly the municipal law prohibiting the sale of beer or any other intoxicating liquors on Sunday. Mr. Fiedler made no promises, except to say that he would, if elected, do what he thought was best for the whole people. He was supported by the Liberals and the Citizens' Protective Association, and the Law and Order people therefore said that he was a beer candidate, and that if he was elected the barrooms and the German beer parks and theatres would be opened on Sunday.

While the temperance folk made the Sunday beer question the main issue, the brewers, barroom keepers, and Democrats denied that it was the issue, and they claimed that Mr. Fiedler was the workingmen's candidate. They worked hard in the canvass, and the result is the election of the entire Democratic and Liberal city ticket by handsome majorities, besides gains on Aldermen, Freeholders, and School Commissioners. The next Common Council will stand 18 Republicans to 11 Democrats and 1 Liberal, a gain of three for the Democrats, as the Liberals will probably act with them. The Democrats and Liberals also gain five School Commissioners and five Freeholders in the fifteen wards of the city.

The agitation which gave so much interest to Tuesday's election was begun several years ago by the temperance folk, who elected the Hon. Nehemiah Perry, a Democrat, Mayor, on the promise that he would enforce the Sunday law. He defeated Judge F. W. Ricord, who was supported by the Germans. Mayor Perry closed the barrooms for several Sundays, but they were soon in full blast again. After his term expired Mayor Perry became a Republican. About three years ago the Reformed Men's Club and the Women's Christian Temperance Union employed spies to report barroom keepers who violated the Sunday law. Then the ministers organized the Pastors' League, the object of which was to form a temperance party, and carry the Sunday question into politics. After a brief existence this organization was broken up. About eighteen months ago the Law and Order Association was started by conspicuous temperance people, with Mr. Noah F. Blanchard, a wealthy manufacturer, as President, and the Rev. W. W. McNair, a stranger in Newark, as secretary and active manager. The association is the outgrowth of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, which had urged Mayor Yates, the present Mayor, to enforce the Sunday law. Mayor Yates ordered the police to sell the barroom keepers to pull down their blinds and keep their front doors locked on Sunday. This order was obeyed for a time, but the back doors were always easy of access. The Law and Order people did not like Mayor Yates's "back door law," as they called it, and began to make complaints in the Police Courts against barroom keepers. The latter, when convicted of selling on Sunday, as they seldom were, paid the fine and continued to sell.

About a year ago the "Fitzgerald law," which imposed only a small fine for violations of the Sunday law, was declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. Then the Law and Order Association began to make complaints before the Grand Jury against the barroom keepers for selling on Sunday, in violation of the old Blue laws of New Jersey. A large number of barroom keepers were indicted, convicted, and fined for keeping disorderly houses (selling on Sunday), and the Court warned them that they might be sent to State prison if they were convicted a second time. Then the brewers and barroom keepers organized the Citizens' Protective Association, to fight unitedly against the Law and Order folk. Last spring more barroom keepers were indicted, convicted, and fined in the Court of Quarter Sessions. Nearly every barroom was thereupon closed on Sunday, and the brewers lost heavily. They resolved, therefore, to meet the Law and Order folk by enforcing the old Blue laws to their fullest extent. These old laws prohibit any work, except a work of necessity, on Sunday, and forbid walking or driving in the street on that day, except to church. On Sunday, April 27, the Citizens' Protective Association accordingly attempted to enforce all the Blue laws. They stopped the sale of newspapers, milk, groceries, cigars, oysters, and confectionery, and ordered the street cars and railroad companies not to run their cars or trains on Sunday. Constables paraded the streets and arrested anybody who violated the law. The Citizens' Protective Association did not make another attempt to enforce the law after that, because the entire community was indignant at their action.

In a few weeks the Law and Order folk asked the Excise Board not to license barroom keepers who had been indicted for selling on Sunday. The Board refused licenses to many respectable barrooms and German beer gardens, but, it was charged, licensed some disreputable places. The Germans were angered because they had petitioned the Board to license Union Park and the Academy of Music, the popular German resorts, and the Board had refused. On Sunday, July 27, the Germans held an indignation meeting in Union Park. Dr. Mack, the editor of the *Freie Zeitung*, and other conspicuous Germans made speeches. They said they would make the Sunday question an issue in politics. Resolutions were passed asking all liberal citizens to join the Germans in "the battle against the usurpations of a narrow-minded, Puritan class of Know-Nothings and bigots." It was said that if the Irish and Germans would unite they could control the city elections. The following week the Germans organized Liberal Clubs in every ward. Then the Republicans became alarmed, as the Germans, who hold the balance of power, had always voted the Republican ticket. Licenses were granted right and left, but the Germans could not be coaxed back. Early in September the Germans had a grand parade. There were 12,000 men and 6,000 wagons in line, and 60,000 persons lined the streets. A mass meeting was held in Union Park in the evening. The Germans said they had shown their strength to the temperance and church people. The Law and Order folk accepted the challenge to fight it out at the polls. They organized in every ward, and worked to get control of the Republican primaries. They organized the People's True Protective Association and the Gospel Temperance Union, and held nightly meetings in Park Hall, Temperance Hall, and in the Temperance Tent. Conspicuous clergymen from other cities made addresses. Ministers preached politics and temperance from the pulpits, and the discussion was carried into the prayer meetings. The Liberals were not idle. Two weeks ago the Republican primaries were held. They were carried by the Law and Order element, who controlled the Republican City Convention next day and nominated the Hon. Theodore Macknet, an extreme Law and Order man, for Mayor. Resolutions were passed demanding the enforcement of the Sunday law, and the Republicans approved the candidate and the resolutions.

Then the Liberals began to work at the Democratic primaries. When the Democratic City Convention met, the Liberals had a majority of the delegates. The Hon. W. H. F. Fiedler was nominated for Mayor. Then the struggle began between the friends of Macknet and Fiedler, and was continued until the polls were closed on Tuesday.

On Tuesday night bonfires blazed in every part of Newark, bands played, and men paraded until daybreak on Wednesday, and on Wednesday free beer and lunch were given in all the breweries. The Republican and Law and Order folk looked gloomy, but they said that the Germans would not stay with the Democrats. The Democrats asserted that the Germans would help them carry the Legislature.

Mayor-elect Fiedler told a reporter for THE SUN last evening that he had made no promises to anybody, and he had no policy to announce as yet. He would stand on his past record as a Democrat and a law-abiding citizen.

The Rev. W. W. McNair said he was not surprised at the result, but that Fiedler's election would not stop the work of the Law and Order people, who will continue to make complaint before the Grand Jury against barroom keepers who sell on Sunday. He also said that "the liberal infidelism among the Germans cannot change the Sunday laws of New Jersey, because the conservatives in the country will object."

The Rev. Dr. Stearns, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church; the Rev. Dr. Wilson, pastor of the South Park Presbyterian Church; the Rev. Dr. J. Howard Smith, pastor of the Emmanuel Reformed Episcopal Church; the Rev. Dr. McIlvaine, pastor of High Street Presbyterian Church; the Rev. Dr. Bamballo, pastor of the First Baptist Church, and several other Protestant clergymen, said yesterday that Mr. Fiedler would certainly be impeached if he refused or failed to enforce the Sunday laws. They added that the work of the Law and Order Association would go on, barroom keepers would be complained of before the Grand Jury, and no modification of the old State Sunday laws would be permitted, if the clergy and law and order element of the whole State could prevent it.

Dr. Mack, the editor of the *Freie Zeitung*, the local organ of the German people, said that the Germans are as good Republicans as ever, but that they will not support Puritanism. "When the Republicans are willing to compromise we will go back to them. I've seen prominent Republicans and members of the County Central Committee to-day, and they say they are willing now to make concessions to the Germans."

BULLDOGS IN A HOT FIGHT.

An American Brute Unceremoniously Shaking an English Brute Out of Time.

The quiet little hamlet on the ridge of one of the hills that divide Queens and Kings Counties, and which is described by the residents of neighboring villages as "the dog fighters' paradise," was the scene, on Wednesday morning, of another dog fight. The battle was fought in the same pit in which the American dog Coachman fought, whipped, and killed the famous English dog Gas some time ago. Coachman died the day following the fight, from the effects of the injuries he had suffered. This fight caused great excitement among dog fanciers, and led the way to the making of the match fought on Wednesday. The backers of the English dog were anxious to retrieve the prestige lost by Gas, and they looked about for a British bred animal. After a long search, Harry Jennings and Sheffield George concurred in the opinion that the twenty-one-pound dog lately imported by Cockney George of Houston street was the animal they were in quest of. This dog is known as Jack. Having found Jack, they looked about for a worthy opponent. It was found in a son of the victorious Coachman, a twenty-pound dog, belonging to Rheil of Hunter's Point. A match for $300 a side was at once made, and the dogs were put in training. The articles of agreement recite that the dogs were to fight under the revised rules, and that the contest was to take place on any morning between the 14th and 17th of October. The referee was to name the time.

On Tuesday evening the referee sent out word that the fight would take place at the little hamlet spoken of, at 4 o'clock on Wednesday morning. At that hour the pit was crowded with sporting men from this city, New Jersey, and Long Island. It was an orderly assemblage. Before the dogs were brought in to be washed, the rules were read. The referee's declaration that he would hold the handlers of the brutes to the rules called out the remark: "That's the honly way to fight. Hit's not right to let a good dog like as what Gas was be killed by his go-has-you-please fight."

While the dogs were being washed, the spectators busied themselves in making bets. The English dog, Jack, was the favorite at 5 to 3. Jack is a dark red dog, with a long, shovel-shaped nose, not unlike that of the late lamented Gas. The Hunter's Point dog, Coachman's son, is pure white.

The first scratch was made by Jack. Coachman's son showed himself a better wrestler than his sire. He was rarely on the ground. The many falls he gave to Jack dazed and weakened the English dog.

After they had been fighting for about half an hour, Coachman's son was stricken with a fit. As he lay in the fit, writhing in agony, no one was allowed to touch him. The crowd shouted, cheered, and yelled. Rheil, the owner and handler of the poor brute, hovered over him. "He'll be all the better for the fit," said one. "To be sure he will," yelled the crowd. Suddenly the dog recovered, and on the call of time, dashed from his owner with more fierceness than he had previously exhibited. Springing on Jack, he caught him by the fore leg and disabled it. The crowd made Jack howl.

After the fight had lasted a little over an hour, Jack, on his turn to scratch, refused to make a dash. Rheil then seized his dog, Coachman's son, and the crowd jumped from their seats and benches, and surged about the pit, each man shouting his opinion of what should be done. The time keeper and referee, lost in the crowd, shouted to Rheil to scratch his dog. Rheil, dumbfounded by the babel of noises, stood with his dog under his arm, the brute making frantic efforts to spring upon Jack, who lay crouching midway between his corner and the scratch. Rheil did not hear the referee's command, and so the referee, seeing himself not obeyed, lifted his voice above the din and declared Jack the winner of the fight.

Indescribable confusion followed. Finally a conference was held, and another match was arranged between the dogs. The grandsire of the Hunter's Point dog, Coachman's father, was also pitted against a noted Boston dog.

OFF FOR CAPE MAY.

Four Fast Sloops Beginning a Race from the Lightship Off Sandy Hook.

Five years ago Mr. Robert Center offered a silver cup, of elegant design and elaborate workmanship, to the winning sloop in a race to and around Cape May lightship and return—the start to be from Sandy Hook lightship. Several efforts have been made to organize such a race, but, until this season, without success. Last week the owners of four fast sloops signified a willingness to compete for the "Center Cup." These are the entries:

	Over all.	Beam.
Mischief, J. R. Busk	59	19.6
Regina, W. A. W. Stewart	50	16.6
Blanche, C. H. Grundy	41	14.0
Wave, Dr. Barron	41	14.0

Yesterday was chosen for the start, and the tug Cyclops, having aboard a committee chosen from the members of the Seawanhaka Club, under whose auspices the race is given, started from Pier 17, East River, at 7 A. M., and ran down to the lightship. The yachts were found cruising off the Hook. A line was given them from the tug, and they were towed to the northward until the lightship bore due west. Then the lines were cast off, two whistles were blown, and the Union Jack was dipped at the fore. This was the preparatory signal. Ten minutes later the signal to start was given.

The Irwin centre-board sloop Mischief, with Bob Center and A. Cares Smith aboard, was the first to cross the imaginary line between the tug and the lightship. She was followed by the Regina, the Blanche, and the Wave. A stiff westerly wind prevailed, and there was a strong ebb tide. The fleet headed about southwest by south, not being enabled to do better than this on the southwest course to Cape May. The Mischief, which carries a stick two feet longer than Mr. Waller's Gracie, although the latter is eight feet longer, outsailed the fleet from the start. There was not a wrinkle in either her mainsail, jib, topsail, or her jibs. The Wave was worked by Master Greenwood, who sailed the Sappho in her race with the Livonia. She held her position as No. 2. The Wave, by means of her great club topsail, was enabled to pass the Blanche, although the latter was ably handled by Mr. Grundy. Off Long Branch the fleet were becalmed, and their sails flapped idly as the judges' boat started for New York.

MR. KELLY'S SUPPORTERS AT HOME.

Banner Hoisting and Luncheon on a Sultry October Afternoon.

The Washington and West Washington Market John Kelly Campaign Club raised a banner in Vesey street yesterday afternoon. A daytime celebration was necessary, because the market men are away at night. A platform was erected, and a brass band played. A moderate multitude collected, but the Committee of Arrangements had neglected to station cheerers in it. So there was no enthusiasm. Mr. John L. Whitton, President of the club, was chairman. Mr. Jerome Buck said that the butchers of Washington Market knew what a roast was, and would roast Gov. Robinson, Mr. Tilden, he said, had a sheep's heart, for he did not dare seize the Presidential office to which he was elected. Major Quincy said that the reduction of laborer's wages on public works a few years ago was due to Mayor Wickham, and not to John Kelly, who, in contradistinction to previous Comptrollers, had always paid the Washington Market employees regularly and faithfully, and had reduced the rentals of the market fifteen per cent. during the recent financial pressure.

Martin Keyes described Mayor Cooper as a parlor knight well fitted to turn over the leaves of music while the strains of the pianoforte were tinkling. Ex-Fireman Wickham was the fellow who reduced laborers' wages to $1.50.

After the speechmaking a luncheon of Spartan simplicity was served.

Abduction Threatened.

James A. Bracken married Catherine Flood on the 3d of December last, and lived happily with her at 70 East Eighty-sixth street until a week ago, when Miss Mary McManus, an elderly maiden, visited Mrs. Bracken and said that the man she claimed as her husband belonged to her. She lived in his mother's house during his youth, and had known him all his life, and hence she fancied that she had a better right to him than Mrs. Bracken, who had been acquainted with him only a month at the time of her marriage. Miss McManus repeated her visits day after day, and finally threatened to abduct Bracken if his wife would not give him to her. Thereupon Mrs. Bracken appeared with her husband in the Harlem Police Court yesterday, and asked Justice Wandell to interfere.

Daft's Cricketers at Base Ball.

The most laughable base ball contest of the season was played on the Union Grounds, Brooklyn, yesterday. Daft's English cricketers, who had laughed on the day before at the efforts of the ball players to play cricket, were matched against an American nine at base ball, and the laugh turned out to be on the other side. Although the Englishmen were allowed to play ten men to the field instead of nine, and had five outs allowed them in each innings instead of the regulation three, and besides that had an excellent pitcher and catcher, Schenck and Knowlden, given them, it was only by a mere chance that they scored a single run, while beaten as their opponents played, they scored 15 in five innings.

CLUBBING BY POLICEMEN.

Women Testifying that they Have Been Clubbed—A Man's Leg Broken.

More than fifty policemen were tried, yesterday, before Commissioner MacLean for neglect of duty and for assaults upon civilians. Perhaps the most unprovoked assault proved was that of Officer Gould of the Mulberry street squad upon Mrs. Johanna Donovan of Baxter street. Mrs. Donovan testified that, on the 23d ult., in the morning, she saw Gould knock an aged woman down and kick her as she lay prostrate. She remonstrated, whereat Gould said: "I will serve you in the same way," and struck her with his hand, clubbed her, and kicked her. Two witnesses corroborated Mrs. Donovan's testimony. Gould acknowledged that he had pushed both women, but said that he was merely inducing the first to move on, and that Mrs. Donovan used insulting language to him.

Mary Anderson, a boarding house keeper at 277 West Houston street, accused Officer Albertson of the Prince street squad of failing to arrest a woman who was collecting a crowd in front of her house. Instead of so doing, the complainant said, he struck her. The officer denied the striking, and said that Mrs. Anderson was more disorderly than the woman she wished arrested, and that that was why he made no arrest.

Barney Morris, 98 Bayard street, accused Officer Coyle of the Mulberry street squad of beating him, on the 25th of September, with his fist and club, without provocation. The policeman acknowledged that he had given the complainant "a chuck on the chin," but why was not made evident.

Arthur McGovern of 143 West Forty-ninth street, who has been in the hospital with a broken leg for four months past, now hobbled up, supporting himself with a cane, and said that he wished to withdraw the complaint charging that Officer Burns of the Forty-seventh street police had broken the limb. "I have suffered enough," he said, "and don't want to have anything more to do with the officer. I refuse to be sworn." Mr. MacLean insisted on McGovern's taking the oath, which then deposed that on the 13th of May last, on his remonstrating with Burns for unjustifiably arresting a neighbor, Burns beat him until he became insensible, and threw him down the stairs of his lodging, breaking his leg. The complainant is a very small man, and Burns is a very large man; but the latter, nevertheless, produced a number of witnesses who swore that McGovern was the assailant, and struck Burns with a large iron poker.

Thomas Bell, a sign painter, declared that on the night of Sept. 26, Officer Mallon of Capt. Williams's command called him a thief in a Broadway restaurant, where he was collecting a bill. He testified further that the officer was drunk. Mallon denied the accusation, and produced witnesses who swore he was sober.

Roundsman Schewacker of the Union Market police was accused of beating John Fitzpatrick on the night of Sept. 21, so that the complainant was incapacitated from work. The Roundsman acknowledged that he had struck Fitzpatrick on the back because he scuffled on the sidewalk and refused to move on.

THE LATEST BOND ROBBERY.

The Numbers of the Securities that were Stolen from Mr. Trimble's Safe.

Mr. Merritt Trimble, who is one of the most precise and methodical of business men, occupies one of the largest offices in the fourth story of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company's building in Cortlandt street. The room, which is 25 feet in length by 20 in width, has two iron safes standing side by side against the northern wall near the window. Mr. Trimble's desk is directly opposite, a dozen feet off. The cash drawer is in the larger safe, shielded by extra thicknesses of wrought steel and is further protected by an "Imperial" combination lock capable of almost an infinite variety of combinations.

At 12½ o'clock on Tuesday afternoon Mr. Trimble's clerk, Alexander Smith, went to luncheon, leaving his employer seated at his desk, employed in calculating some columns of figures. The cash drawer with its combination lock, stood open. Mr. Trimble had occasion to go to it a short time before, having forgotten to close it. There was a knock on the door. Mr. Trimble called "Come in!" and three quiet-looking strangers, apparently all business men of the ordinary type, entered. The spokesman, a smooth-tongued man, with dark side whiskers and black clothes, introduced himself as a would-be purchaser of some of the uptown real estate belonging to the Roosevelt Hospital, of whose Board Mr. Trimble is a member. While the dark-whiskered man held Mr. Trimble in conversation concerning the property the two strangers tramped carelessly about the room, pausing to look at the pictures and advertisements on the walls, and seemingly impatient to be gone. After the lapse of ten minutes the strangers bowed themselves out, saying that they would call again.

Clerk Smith came back from his luncheon, and he and his employer worked away in silence for two hours, and then Mr. Trimble, having occasion to go to his still open cash drawer, missed his bonds. They are five per cent bonds, Nos. 1,224, 1,225, 1,226, 1,227, 1,228, 1,229, 1,230, 1,231, 1,232, 1,233, 1,234, 1,235, 1,236, 1,237, 1,238, 1,239, 1,240, 1,241, 1,242, 1,243, of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Railroad Company; eight $500 bonds, Nos. 5,779, 5,780, 5,781, 5,782, 5,783, 5,784, 5,785, 5,786; one $100 bond, No. 8,391, and four $1,000 Alabama eight per cents, dbe 1892, and numbered respectively 275, 276, 277, 278. The par value of the bonds is $28,900. Their actual market value at the time of the robbery, as figured by Mr. Trimble, was $22,560.

NEW TRIAL FOR BUCHOLZ.

The Verdict Set Aside Because a Juror had Publicly Talked About the Case.

BRIDGEPORT, Oct. 16.—Judges Park and Sanford, who are engaged at New Haven in the trial of the Hayden case, came here last evening, to decide the motion for an arrest of judgment in the case of William Bucholz, convicted of the murder of John H. Schulte at Norwalk in December last. After two and a half hours of discussion in their private room Judge Park gave the judgment of the Court, that, inasmuch as a juror had conversed about the case in the Town Clerk's office and in a street car, and had to a certain extent argued the case in a restaurant, the verdict should be set aside. A new trial was therefore ordered, and the prisoner was remanded. The next term of the court opens on Tuesday next, and it is expected the case will be retried at that term.

Knights Templar.

PLATTSBURGH, Oct. 16.—The Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of the State of New York elected Thomas C. Chittenden of Waterbury, Grand Commander; George W. Walgrove of New York city, Deputy Grand Commander; Simon Y. M. Dowell of Rochester, Grand generalissimo; John S. Bartlett of Elmira, Grand Captain-General; the Rev. John G. Webster of Palmyra, Grand Prelate; William S. Bull of Buffalo, Grand Senior Warden; Charles Ackerman of Albany, Grand Junior Warden; John S. Perry of Troy, Grand Treasurer; Robert Macy of Brooklyn, Grand Recorder; Abel A. Crosley of Buffalo, Grand Standard Bearer; Peter Forrester of New York, Grand Sword Bearer; Jonathan Allen of Utica, Grand Warder; William J. McCaffrey of Plattsburgh, Grand Lecturer; Anning O. Shaw of Ithaca, Grand Captain of the Guards.

William Rogers's Morning Walk.

Shortly before 7 o'clock on Wednesday morning William Rogers, successor to Harry Fetters, the Broadway wine seller, started on a foot race against time from the Brower House to McCombs Dam bridge. The distance is a little more than six and a quarter miles, and a wager of $250 was on that Rogers could run it inside of one hour and a half, having no previous training. In 10 minutes the pedestrian went at a quick walk, and from there to 140th street he ran, doing the rest of the way at a trot and reaching McCombs's Dam bridge in one hour and ten minutes from the time of starting from the Brower House at Twenty-eighth street.

Nominations on Long Island.

The Suffolk County Democrats held their County and Assembly Conventions in Yaphank yesterday and made the following nominations: For County Judge, William Wickham of Southold; for Surrogate, Thomas S. Mount of Stony Brook; for County Clerk, Halsey F. Lane of Northville; for Sheriff, Theo. W. Field of Babylon; for member of Assembly, H. G. Scudder of Huntington.

The Republicans of the First Senatorial District met in Jamaica, L. I., yesterday, and nominated Major John Birdsell of Queens County.

Wanted—Females.

HANDS, presser, and buttonhole maker on linen and alpaca coats. 118 9th st., Williamsburgh.

KITTY, THE SCHRUBBER, at 17 Jacob st., wants 4 good hands to work. Inquire at 17 Jacob st.

PAPER BOXES.—Blue hands; also some learners; steady work. SCHIRPSKY, 113 Elm st., near Canal.

R. H. MACY & CO., 14th st. and 6th av., want thoroughly experienced operators on ladies' and children's underwear to work at home or on the premises.

Want lace workers by hand and machine to work on the premises. Willcox & Gibbs machines.

Want gentlemen's flannel underwear operators to work on the premises.

SEWING MACHINES selling off, great sacrifice; 1 singer, Domestic, W. & G., W. & W., $10; rented, repaired. 23 Greenwich w., cor. West 10th st., or 137 East Broadway, near Canal.

SEWING MACHINES.—Selling off, to close the business, new Domestic, $30; Singer from $15 to $25; W. & G., $12 to $25; W. & W., $8 to $15. DEAN, 2 Bond st.

SEWING MACHINES.—500 for sale; Domestic, W. & W., Singer, W. & G., $15; Howe, Remington, $10; new from $20 to $35; warranted. BROWN, 292 Grand st.

SEWING machines, wholesale and retail; Howe, Home, Domestic, W. & W., Singer, &c., new, from $15 to $35; discount to dealers. BLUM'S, 57 Murray st., 2d floor.

SEWING MACHINES, all kinds, $7; warranted for 3 years. 304 East Broadway, junction of Grand.

SMART GIRLS under 17 to learn a trade; apply before 9 A. M. 190 South 5th av.

TWO GIRLS to do light housework; come with reference. Apply in bakery, 28 Av. D.

WANTED—Girls to work on draperies, lambrequins, curtains, &c.; also an operator on Domestic machine. Apply at D. S. HESS & CO.'S, 54 to 60 W. 16th st.

WANTED—A girl for general housework; wages $6. 168 3d av.

WANTED—Experienced hands who understand sewing white hair into beaver skins. Apply at 93 Mercer st.

WANTED—A girl for general housework; small family and small house. Apply at 119 East 83d st.

WANTED—6 lady singers, serio-comic and others; call as soon as possible. GEORGE ROUNDS, 74 3d av.

WANTED—A girl for general housework, with five in family. Apply 234 Schermerhorn st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—Power loom silk handkerchief weavers. Address W. H. COPCUTT & CO., Yonkers, N. Y.

WANTED—Girls to finish children's cloth hats and fancy caps. BERG & MATERNE, 97 Prince st.

WANTED—First-class collar and cuff starcher and ironer. Call A. M. at 97 St. Mark's place (8th st.)

WANTED—A single woman to do plain washing by the month. Apply 48 New Bowery.

WANTED—A good washerwoman. 199 Chatham st., between 7 and 9 A. M.

WANTED—Machine operators on white work. 218 6th av. Call after 10 o'clock.

WANTED—At 180 Chambers st., 25 girls; piece work.

YOUNG girls can obtain situations free, lodgings and meals at 6c. each, at the Girls' Lodging House, 27 St. Mark's place, 8th st. (under care of Children's Aid Society). Also, free instruction on sewing machines from 9 to 5 daily to all who may apply, and dressmaking taught gratuitously.

Wanted—Males.

A GOOD, stout boy, about 16 years of age, in a grocery store; one having some experience preferred. Address C. D. B., box 150, Sun office.

A. MEN'S SUITS, $4, $5, $6, $8, $10; overcoats, $3 50, $4, $5, $6, $8, $10, at DAVIES'S, successor to Cameron, 172 Bridge st., Brooklyn.

AT THE HOWARD HOUSE, 149 Chatham st., for $1 and $1 25 per week are the most comfortable lodgings in the city; for men only.

AN energetic canvassing salesman; permanent position; good pay; between 9 and 12. 258 Fulton st., Brooklyn.

AGENTS with 50c. capital make $10 daily selling AMERY'S show cards. 93 and 95 Bowery.

A GOOD picture frame joiner who can work for small wages. DANIELS, 106 West 29th st.

A STRONG boy who has worked in a tin store, and can speak German. 176 Delancey st.

A YOUNG MAN wanted. Inquire at 123 Clinton place, near 6th av., grocery store.

A YOUNG man to open oysters; also a waiter and a boy. 423 3d av.

BOYS AND GIRLS can obtain good homes with farmers in the West by applying to the Children's Aid Society, 19 East 4th st. Also families with children assisted.

BOOKBINDERS.—Two forwarders, accustomed to heavy work. JOHN CAMPBELL & CO., 164 William st.

BOY in office; one willing to work; no chewers or smokers; wages $2 50 per week. Address

BRITANNIA, ingot, or plate caster or moulder; also other hands. Manhattan Silver Plate Co., 301 East 22d st.

BOYS WANTED who understand feeding ruling machines; no others need apply. 28 Reade st.

BOY wanted in printing office, to learn. CHAMBERLIN, WHITMORE & CO., 45 Beekman st.

BOY wanted to make himself generally useful in bakery. Apply at 201 West 125th st.

BOY wanted in printing office; wages $2. 498 3d av.

BOYS wanted at 99 Mott st., up stairs.

CABINETMAKERS wanted. Apply at H. J. FARRINGTON'S, 138 and 140 Chatham st.

CABINET and pianomakers wanted on square and upright cases, at FISCHER'S, 423 West 28th st.

FEEDER wanted.—One who can feed both cylinder and platen presses; must be able to make ready on Gordon. A. B. C., box 185, Sun office.

GOLD LAYER at RUSSELL & BANKS'S finishery, 23 Rose st.; none but an experienced hand need apply.

GENERAL AGENT for four wire, metallic, and enamelled signs. 27 Johnson av., Brooklyn, E. D.

HENNESSY TEAS—5 lbs. for $1, best value; 5 lbs. coffee, 50c. 108 Front st., one door below Fulton.

HARNESS maker wanted at 347 Flushing av., Brooklyn. PATRICK BRITT.

JEWELLERS.—Wanted, a good general workman; also a first-class locket maker; also a fine engraver. Apply to U. RACINE, 173 Broadway, New York city.

MACHINISTS.—Wanted, bench hands, or those accustomed to heavy sheet-iron work. 235 East Forty-first st.

SHEET-IRON WORKERS.—3 good sheet-iron workers wanted. Call at once. 270 Greenwich st.

SHOEMAKERS wanted; first class burnisher on men's shoes. 16 Thomas st.

TURNERS on chair work; bring tools ready for work. WATSON, KARSCH & CO., 49-51 Chrystie st.

TEAS and Coffees.—2½ pound packages at wholesale prices. The Canton Tea Company, 148 Chambers st.

UPHOLSTERERS and oil finishers at T. BROOKS & CO.'S, 137 Fulton st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—One good brass moulder, one good brass finisher, and one good buffer and polisher; must be good practical workmen, and accustomed to carriage mountings; to steady men I will give steady employment and good wages; none but those used to the business need apply. Address M. T. GLEESON, Columbus, Ohio.

WANTED—A good toolmaker for jewellers' cutters and tools. Apply at shop corner of Myrtle and Classon avs., Brooklyn. LEWIS GERMAN.

WANTED—Hand and power loom handkerchief weavers. Address W. H. COPCUTT & CO., Yonkers, N. Y.

WANTED—First-class gas fitters and gas fixture hangers. Apply at W. R. DEUTSCH & CO.'S, 773 Broadway.

WANTED—A tin and sheet-iron worker. 41 Greene st., Jersey City. PETER W. EWEN.

WANTED—A wood turner, at 351 East 61st st. R. W. MYERS.

WANTED—Case makers and cabinetmakers at BILLINGS & CO.'S piano factory, 124 West 25th st.

WANTED—Lithographic printers able to transfer color work. 27 Johnson av., Brooklyn, E. D.

WANTED—Two chasers on raised hollow ware. Middletown Plate Co., Middletown, Conn.

WANTED—Two boys who can feed both Gordon and cylinder presses. Apply at 77 8th av.

WANTED—A few brass turners and finishers; plain work; foot lathes. 191 Greenwich st.

WANTED—A young man who understands silver plating at 207 Wooster st., rear.

WANTED—A good wheelwright, in Steuben st., near Myrtle av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A good boxmaker at 2 Staple st., between Duane and Jay sts.

WANTED—3 plumbers at 64 1st av. Apply before 7 o'clock, with tools.

WANTED—Boy in doctor's office. Address D. E. M., 338 West 23d st.

WANTED—An active young man as blacksmith. 292 Greene st.

WANTED—A hat trimmer. 149 East Broadway.

YOUNG MAN on tin tubes to solder, form, and groove. DANIEL B. TEETS, 47 West Broadway.

2 SILK HAT TRIMMERS wanted at MARKS BROS., 80 Greene st.

5 POUNDS fine sample tea, $1; 5 lbs. pure coffee, 50c. SAMPLE TEA CO., 203 Pearl and 40 Fulton st.

5 PIER FRAMES and moulding polishers. BASIKOWSKY & ALEXANDER, 34 New Bowery.

10 MASONS and stonecutters for this State; free passage. McMAHON'S Employment Office, 1 Broadway.

100 CARPENTERS wanted to sell vessels for grain. Apply, with hatchet and saw, to International Grain Testing Co., foot of Sullivan and Wolcott sts., Brooklyn.

Situations Wanted.

AN intelligent, active American desires a situation as light porter or driver; willing to make himself generally useful; reference present employer. Address E. B., box 145, 8th office.

BY a competent pattern maker in wood and metal, who has been employed for 20 years in foundries. Address R. H., 49 Harrison av., Brooklyn, E. D.

WANTED—By English widow situation as housekeeper in country or city. Call at 313 East 26th st.

303 EAST 48TH ST.—Respectable young lady as housekeeper; understands full charge of a house; best city references.

Board and Rooms.

A FEW men can find good board and pleasant rooms; $4 and $4 50. 146 East 19th st., near 3d av.

GOOD board with single and double rooms for $4 50 and upward. Apply at 274 Pearl st., near Fulton.

NEW boarding house; ladies and gentlemen can have good board, pleasant rooms, $4, $4 50. 133 Grand st.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

"Opening night of the season,"
MONDAY, Oct. 20, 1879,
Verdi's Opera,
LA TRAVIATA.

Alfredo, Signor RUNCIO (his first appearance); Germont, Signor GALASSI; Medico, Signor MONTI; Gastone, Signor RINALDINI; Marchese, Signor GRAZZI; Barone, M. BRODERICK; Annina, Mlle. SOBIATI; and Violetta, Mme. EMILIE AMBRE (her first appearance).

The incidental divertissement will be supported by Mlle. ADELAIDE MONTI, Mlle. CAROLINA MONTI, and the Corps de Ballet. Director of the Music and Conductor, Signor ARDITI.

"Second night of the Subscription,"
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 22, 1879,
Gounod's Opera,
FAUST.

Faust, Signor CAMPANINI (his first appearance this season); Mephistopheles, M. DAVID (his first appearance); Valentino, Signor DEL PUENTE; Siebel, Mme. L. LABLACHE; and Margherita, Mlle. ALWINA VALLERIA (her first appearance).

"Third night of the Subscription,"
FRIDAY, Oct. 24, 1879,
Verdi's Opera,
RIGOLETTO.

Il Duca, Signor ARAMBURO (his first appearance); Rigoletto, Signor GALASSI; Sparafucile, M. DAVID; Monterone, Signor MONTI; Maddalena, Mme. LA-BLACHE; and Gilda, Mme. ADINI (her first appearance).

FIRST GRAND MATINEE,
SATURDAY, Oct. 25, 1879.

Doors open at 7:15.
The Opera will commence at 8.
Box office open daily from 9 till 5, under the direction of Mr. Perry.

STANDARD THEATRE, Broadway and 33d st. WM. HENDERSON.....Proprietor and Manager
LAST TWO NIGHTS OF MR. AND MRS. BANDMANN.
Tonight—MERCHANT OF VENICE.
Matinee Saturday—LADY OF LYONS.
Saturday Evening—HAMLET.
Miss NARD ALMAYNE as OPHELIA.
MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 20,
Grand revival of H. M. S. PINAFORE.

STANDARD THEATRE, Broadway and 33d st. W. HENDERSON.....Proprietor and Manager
The
HOME OF PINAFORE.
MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 20,
GRAND REVIVAL
of H. M. S.
PINAFORE,
PINAFORE,
PINAFORE, PINAFORE, PINAFORE,
PINAFORE,
PINAFORE.

The following artists will appear:
THOS. H. WHIFFEN, Miss EVA MILLS,
ALONZO HAYNE, Miss ADA JARBEAU,
WALLACE MACRERY, Miss ESTELLE MORTIMER,
F. A. PARMENTAL, A. H. HOLLAND,
supported by a chorus of forty voices and a FULL ORCHESTRA under ERNEST NEVER.
The performance will begin with the
TRIAL BY JURY,
TRIAL BY JURY,
with Mlle. Jarbeau, Messrs. W. A. Paul, Macrery, Holland and Pelham in the cast.
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY MATINEES at 1:30.

STANDARD THEATRE.
ON SATURDAY EVENING,
HAMLET
will be presented for the last time,
and Miss
NARD ALMAYNE
will make her first appearance in America as
OPHELIA.

CHICKERING HALL. JOSEFFY.
THIRD CONCERT.
JOSEFFY, FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 17. JOSEFFY,
JOSEFFY, A GRAND PROGRAMME JOSEFFY,
JOSEFFY, FOUR PIANO SOLO. JOSEFFY.
SATURDAY, Oct. 18