LOSS IN THE BOSTON FIRE.

NOW ESTIMATED TO BE NOT FAR FROM ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

Houghton, Osgood & Co.'s More Valuable Papers and Ledgers Saved—Their Stereotype Plates Safe in their Office in Cambridge.

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—The fire last night was the most disastrous this city has seen since the conflagration of 1872. It destroyed one of the finest blocks of buildings in the very heart of the business region of the city. They were within the old burned district, and hence almost new. The fire was discovered at 11 o'clock. The whole interior of the second story of the five-story granite building in Federal street, occupied by Rice, Kendall & Co., paper manufacturers, was already a mass of flames at that time. The fire made rapid progress, and when the first engine arrived the flames had mounted to the third story, occupied by D. Faulkner, wool broker. The firemen made a vigorous attack upon the burning building, and in ten minutes from the time that the first alarm was sent out nine engines were pouring a flood of water into the several stories. The flames continued to advance, however, and the firemen were driven back from the stairways to the street. Ladders were raised against the building from the outside, but the heat became so intense that they had to be abandoned. The flames worked toward the rear in the direction of Winthrop square and northward toward Franklin street with terrible fury. In an hour and a half a dozen buildings were on fire and a general alarm was sounded, bringing out the entire Fire Department of the city. Aid was also brought from Chelsea, Cambridge, and Somerville. The fire threatened to cross Franklin street, and had such been the case there would have been but little hope of preventing an extensive conflagration, but at 2 A. M. its course had been stayed. Houghton, Osgood & Co., whose building, fronting on Devonshire street, was in the rear of Rice, Kendall & Co.'s, were fortunate in saving their more valuable papers and ledgers. Their unburned books and stereotyped plates are safe at their printing establishment in Cambridge. The managers of the New York and Boston Express Company saved nearly all their own packages and goods, which were carried away by their teams. The eighty-six local express companies that did business with them and carried packages to the Old Colony Depot have about $4,000 in silver, money packages, notes, &c., in the vaults of the company, but they are doubtless safe.

The loss is figured at about $1,000,000. Rice, Kendall & Co.'s building, 91 Federal street, was entirely gutted, and the firm loss is about $150,000. In the same building, 91 and 95 Federal street, were Ashton, Valve & Co.; Epiraim Baker, bookbinder; S. S. Abbot, binder; Thomas Y. Crowell, binder; D. Faulkner & Co., wool dealers. The building was owned by the heirs of George T. Bigelow, and its recent valuation was $72,000. Adjoining, the structure known as the Franklin Building, corner of Federal and Franklin streets, was not destroyed, but badly scorched and flooded with water. Band & Avery, printers, suffered an almost total loss on the stock. The other occupants of the Franklin Building were: The Dillingham Paper Company; Schenck & Co., paper; James S. Robinson, paper; John Carter & Co., paper; all of which suffered heavily by water. The building is owned by the heirs of George T. Bigelow. The Cathedral Building, corner of Devonshire and Franklin streets, in the rear of the Rice-Kendall Building, was occupied by the North National Bank, Claflin & Brown, paper; John Dillingham, paper; C. E. Avery, paper cutting machines. The upper portion of the building was occupied by S. D. Warren & Co., paper; W. F. Brown & Co., printers; the Heliotype Printing Company; and Houghton, Osgood & Co., publishers of the *Atlantic Monthly*. The latter firm carried about $200,000 in stock, and is fully insured. The lower story was occupied by Claflin & Brown, paper; McGrath Brothers, boots and shoes; and on the ground story, in Devonshire street, the front was occupied as a Union Express Office by some 100 companies, who succeeded in removing their property. The losses in this building, outside of Houghton, Osgood & Co., are estimated at $150,000, and the loss on the building, which was owned by the heirs of Isaac Rich, is figured at $125,000. The adjoining iron building facing on Winthrop square was destroyed. It was valued at about $50,000, and insured. The occupants were: Pierce, Hardy & Co., woollens, who lose $80,000, insured; Davis, Lane & Allen, clothing, lose about $200,000; and Spalding & Tewksbury, paper, suffered a total loss, but the amount is unascertained; Moore, Smith & Co., hats; Benjamin Callender & Co., cutlery; George Foster, and Moses E. Osgood are losers. The heaviest losers are Rice, Kendall & Co., $150,000, on which there is an insurance of $180,000. On the Cathedral building, occupied by them, the loss is $100,000 to $125,000; insurance, $250,000. The original cost of the building was $325,000. Houghton, Osgood & Co. estimate their loss at $100,000 on stock and $50,000 on fixtures, and their insurance at $75,000. Band, Avery & Co., printers, lose about $75,000, and are fully insured. Messrs. Scribner, G. P. Putnam & Sons and other New York publishers lose a considerable amount on sheets printed by this concern. S. D. Warren & Co. have their destroyed in the Cathedral building, lose $50,000 on stock; insured. Claflin & Brown, paper, lose $15,000; insured. The Bigelow estate loses about $75,000. The vaults of the North Bank were opened this morning, and the contents found uninjured. H. H. Hunnewell, owner of the building occupied by Pierce & Hardy and others, has no insurance of about $70,000, which covers his loss.

E. K. Dunbar, printer, loses $10,000; insured for $5,000 each in the Canada Fire and Marine, and the Humboldt of Newark. T. Y. Crowell, bookbinder, $40,000; insured for $16,000.

S. K. Abbott, binder, $20,000; insurance, $8,000. Claflin & Brown, paper, $75,000; partly insured. The Ashton Valve Company lose $8,000; fully insured. Mr. Brigham, the publisher, over Houghton, Osgood & Co.'s store, loses $10,000; no insurance.

ROBERTSON, OR M'PHERSON?

Accused as the One who Attempted a Burglary in Gen. Hendrickson's House.

Patrolman Dalton supported into the Yorkville Police Court yesterday a feeble, gray-haired woman, Mary Redfarn, the cook who was assaulted in the house of Gen. John Hendrickson of 141 West Forty-eighth street, on Tuesday morning last, by a negro burglar. She said:

"He seized me by the throat with both hands and choked me. He boxed me with his fists, knocked me down on the floor, and beat me on the head with something hard. I don't know what it was—it was dark."

Detective James K. Price was in the court room, waiting to see the prisoner, John Robertson. He said he had caught the negro to be the one who, in 1871 or '72, committed a burglary in a house at Fifth avenue and Tenth street. For this he was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, and, although he had served his term for good behavior, was discharged a year and a half ago. The negro went by the name of Charles McPherson. As he was led into the court room, Price exclaimed, "That is McPherson—I know him!"

Mrs. Redfarn's eyes opened wide, and she shrank in terror from Robertson. He was arraigned before Justice Smith.

"Put your right hand on the Bible," the Justice said, preparing to swear Mrs. Redfarn.

"I can't, sir," the aged woman said; "it is bound up."

The complaint of felonious assault and battery was read to Robertson. He sullenly answered the usual formal questions, describing himself as a fireman, 39 years of age, and pleading not guilty. Justice Smith fixed the bail for trial at $2,000. The bail for the burglary was $10,000, thus making $12,000 altogether.

In his cell in the Court House prison Robertson denied positively that he was ever concerned in any burglary. He continued:

"When once they get a man in a bad place they accuse him of all sorts of crimes which he never committed."

"Did you live in Thirtieth street?"

"Yes. I live there now—at 144, nearly opposite the police station."

"Have you ever been in prison?"

"Never before."

"Were you ever called Charles McPherson?"

For a moment Robertson lost his cool self-possession. His head dropped, and he seemed confused. He made no denial, and said they would have to prove the offenses of which they accuse him.

"Do you wish to say anything else?"

"No. I don't think the identification was fair. They took me to the old woman's bed on Saturday last. Kate Brady was there. She flew at me like a wildcat, and said she wanted to kill me. That settled it with the old woman. She, of course, said I was the man. I don't believe she ever found out to know him otherwise. They ought to have put me in with a lot of other men and let her pick me out. I don't like the way they do things."

The Strike at Chicago's Stock Yards.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—The Packing and Provision Company, which hitherto has been regarded as friendly to the union, this morning posted a notice that the firm intended hereafter to run its own business and employ whoever came, regardless of the union. Some sixty of their employés have struck on account of this notice. The company engaged 100 non-union men in their places on Saturday night. At Armour's, at the Anglo-American Company's and at Fowler Bros.' packing-houses, all was quiet, with employés generally at work. Armour expects 300 hands to be at his place by the first of the week. The Union Rolling Mills, south side, have shut down indefinitely. They claim to have received letters from other mills. The receipts of cattle for the week are larger to-day, and the appearance of matters in the stock yards was livelier this morning than for two weeks past.

JUSTICE KASSNER ANGRY.

A Witness who Refused to Apologize for Disregarding a Subpœna.

Among the persons upon whom Mr. Samuel Brick, the defeated Democratic candidate for Assemblyman of Richmond County, relies to prove that his Republican opponent, ex-United States Marshal Oliver Fiske, owes his success to the purchase of the votes of some of the inmates of Sailors' Shug Harbor for $1 and $2 apiece, are George William Curtis, Robert P. Miniurn, Custom House Officer and ex-Justice of the Peace W. W. Corbet, and Editor Humphreys of the Staten Island *Sentinel*. An extra edition of the *Sentinel*, opposing Mr. Brick and favoring Mr. Fiske, was issued on the eve of the election, and circulars similarly directed were printed at the *Sentinel* office. Mr. Humphreys proved to be a most unwilling witness. The subpœna that the constable was instructed to serve upon him failed to reach him for some days. The constable said he was unable to find the editor anywhere. But on Friday he was at last successful, and served a subpœna commanding Mr. Humphreys to present himself before Justice Kassner, in his court in Stapleton, on Saturday morning at 8 o'clock. When the court was opened on Saturday morning there was a great throng of Stapleton inhabitants present; a numerous array of lawyers were there; but Mr. Humphreys was not to be seen, although the Court sat and waited patiently for a long time. Then Justice Kassner, usually not a hasty man, was very angry. He treated the suggestions of Mr. Humphreys's friends that perhaps he had been detained by unforeseen business—death, or something of that kind—with contempt, but entertained much more favorably the suggestion of Mr. W. S. Hornfager, who represents the District Attorney of Richmond County, that an attachment be at once issued for Mr. Humphreys's arrest for contempt of court.

The attachment was quickly made out, the Justice signed it, and Constable Kelling started off in chase of the witness. At 9 o'clock on Saturday night Mr. Humphreys was in custody. Justice Kassner had intended to open court as soon as the arrest was effected, but shortly before 10 o'clock Capt. Blake of the Staten Island police waited on him with a request that he defer the intended examination until Monday morning, and allow the prisoner his liberty until that time. Justice Kassner consented to the adjournment.

Yesterday when court was opened Mr. Humphreys, with his counsel, Mr. De Witt C. Stafford, was present. A large throng filled the room, for it was not expected that Mr. Humphreys would make an apology; nor was it anticipated that Justice Kassner would be satisfied with anything less. The Justice at once demanded an apology, and Mr. Humphreys refused to make it. It looked very much as though Mr. Humphreys was about to be locked up, for there was no sign of waver in his countenance as he proceeded to make an explanation. He wholly ignored the fact that he had not appeared in court even after the subpœna had been served upon him, but confined himself to showing that he had not, in any way, evaded the service of the summons, but had merely gone as was his daily custom, to his business in New York city. He supposed that the constable had visited his house every day after his departure; and that was all he knew about it.

Justice Kassner said that Mr. Humphreys had clearly been guilty of contempt of court by failing to appear as a witness after the subpœna had been served upon him. Again he demanded an apology, and again Mr. Humphreys refused to make one.

Justice Kassner hesitated, and, before he had decided upon his course of action, Mr. Stafford came to the relief of his client. The subpœna served upon Mr. Humphreys, as well as the attachment under which he was arrested, was, he said, entirely irregular. For the latter he had no immediate redress, but, so far as the subpœna was concerned, he contended that his client had the right to ignore it. This reasoning not appealing to have much effect upon the Justice, the lawyer proceeded to make what might be construed as an apology. Justice Kassner seemed to so construe it, and declared himself satisfied, and Mr. Humphreys was discharged from custody. Before being allowed to go, however, he was sworn as a witness. Justice Kassner then adjourned further proceedings until 1 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon.

MOUNT SINAI HOSPITAL.

Receipts, $33,000 a Year; Expenditures, $45,000, Excluding Repairs.

About a hundred of the patrons and members of Mount Sinai Hospital attended the annual meeting in the hospital on Sunday. President Hyman Blum reported as follows: The legacies during the year were from Michael Reese of San Francisco, $25,000; Mrs. Emily G. Nathan, $2,000; Mrs. Sarah Heineman, $2,500; the Barnett estate, $722. An eye and ear department has been added to the institution and a children's ward opened. The ladies of the Auxiliary Society were complimented for their constant efforts to make the sick children cheerful. The hospital has long needed a burying ground, and Treasurer Samuel M. Schafer has obtained the gift of 40,000 square feet of land in Calvary Cemetery. The income of the hospital that can be relied on is about $33,000 a year, of which $7,000 is interest money. The expenses are $45,000 a year, not including repairs and incidentals. The only way in which the hospital is kept in working order is by donations and gifts. The contributing members number 1,400, and the patrons 500. The Purim Association has offered the receipts from its entertainment, to be given in the Academy of Music, on Feb. 26. The hospital has been renovated in the interior and $5,000 spent in the work. The President and Secretary suggest that an institution for the gratuitous treatment of chronic cases, and a shelter for convalescents is sadly needed in the chain of New York's charitable institutions. The Executive Committee reported that the total number of applicants for medical treatment was 1,852, of whom 1,256 were admitted free; 261 were treated at the dispensary, and 201 were refused under the rules. On Dec. 1, 1878, there were 104 patients in the hospital, and 1,370 were admitted during the year, making a total of 1,474. Discharged as cured were 708, as improved, 384, and as unimproved, 34; died, 117; now in the hospital, 130. The annual election was held. Only one ticket was in the field. President Hyman Blum, Vice-President Isaac Wallach, and Treasurer Samuel M. Schafer were reelected.

Going a Cheap and Long Way.

One of those men who delight in cheating a railroad company wished to go to Elizabethport on Saturday evening. He bought a ticket over the Central Railroad of New Jersey for Bergen Point, and boarded the 7.15 train, which does not stop at that place, expecting to be carried on to Elizabethport, which was the first station where the train stopped, and thus get a few cents' worth of free ride. When the conductor took up the ticket, he asked for fare from Bergen Point to the Port. The passenger indignantly refused to pay. The conductor passed on, but when the Port was reached he prevented the passenger from leaving the train.

"There is nothing mean about this road," said the conductor; "you can have a free ride a little further, just as well as not."

At Elizabeth, two miles further on, the man was allowed to act on the brakeman remarking as he walked off that it was "a good night to walk to the Port."

Secretary Seward's Jaw.

Dr. Thomas B. Gunning, the dentist, is seeking redress in a suit against Wm. H. Appleton for averments in an article published in the New York *Medical Journal*, entitled "Gun Shot Wounds." The writer said he was in Yokohama when the late William H. Seward arrived there on his tour around the world about a year before his death; that at the request, he examined Mr. Seward's jaw, upon which Dr. Gunning performed an operation in 1865, after the attempt at assassination. The writer averred that he found that the part of the jaw injured by the assassin's blow was in such a condition that it was useless for purposes of mastication. Dr. Gunning brands these averments as false, and claims $25,000 damages. A demurrer to the complaint was argued yesterday before Judge Van Hoesen. The demurrer was sustained, the attorney for the plaintiff failing to appear.

A Bridge Contractor's Failure.

Lloyd Haigh, a manufacturer of wire at 81 John street, who had a $510,000 contract to furnish wire for the East River Bridge, has made an assignment. His total liabilities, including mortgages on real estate, are about $300,000. His assets are said to be $450,000, and his creditors expect to realize the full amount due them. The business is to be continued. The principal cause of the failure was the bridge contract. Mr. Haigh's contract with the Pittsburgh firm of whom he bought the steel provided that the steel that did not meet the requirements of the bridge company should be laid aside. About $200,000 worth of this rejected material accumulated, and was stored in Brooklyn. Mr. Haigh had paid for it, and expected to work it over and use it in other ways, but he was unable to realize on it in time to meet other obligations.

Italians' Notions of New York Law.

Detectives Bissert and Robinson took into the Essex Market Police Court, yesterday, Angelo Aito of 99 Third avenue, who, on the 23d inst., stabbed Antonio Caldara, the barber, of 91 Third avenue. The latter owed Aito twelve shillings and he sent his son to collect it. Caldara refused to pay the money, and swore at the boy. Aito then went to Caldara's shop, and called him out and stabbed him. Lawyer Gross coolly produced a paper, signed by Caldara, promising to cease all further prosecutions on consideration of a sum of money left in blank. Justice Patterson at once ordered the detectives to produce Caldara this morning, and locked up Aito.

Spurgeon's Illness.

In the Baptist Ministers' Weekly Conference yesterday the Rev. Mr. Rhodes arose and said that, as the Rev. Mr. Spurgeon of London is in failing health in Mentone, France, he moved that a committee of three be appointed to send respectful sympathy and sympathy to that distinguished preacher. The Rev. Mr. Rhodes, Dr. Armitage, and Dr. J. R. Thomas were appointed. Then it was voted to send a dispatch by cable, and the ministers then joined the 23d, 56, 4th, 5th, 6th, and 7th verses of II. Corinthians.

The Death of George Storrs.

George Storrs, editor and publisher of the *Bible Examiner*, died on Sunday, in his home, 172 Hicks street, Brooklyn. He was born in Lebanon, N. H., and in early life was a Methodist minister. Owing to the views which he adopted on endless punishment he was suspended. He became an ardent advocate of slavery, and in 1845 established the Millennium, to which he has since devoted himself. He was in his eighty-third year.

New Jersey Industries.

Full reports have been received from fifty-seven silk mills in the State, nearly all in Paterson. The mills in Paterson employ 10,000 hands and about 3,000 more who labor in their own homes. The production of the mills for the current year will aggregate $14,000,000.

THE ASTOR HOUSE PROPERTY.

Forty of the Heirs to the Astor Estate Want a Division or Sale.

A partition suit for the sale and distribution of the proceeds of the Astor House property was before Judge Van Vorst, in the Supreme Court Chambers, yesterday, upon an application for the service of the summons by publication upon non-resident defendants. The plaintiffs are John Jacob Astor and William Astor, and Charles F. Southmayd, Franklin H. Delano, and James F. Chamberlain, trustees of the interest of Henry Astor in the premises; Henry Astor and his wife, Melvina; Franklin H. Delano and his wife, Laura; John Carey, Jr., and his wife, Alida; Charlotte Augusta Astor, wife of William Astor; and thirty others, children, grandchildren, and great grandchildren of the late William B. Astor, are made defendants. The complaint recites that, on the 24th of January, 1834, John Jacob Astor conveyed these premises to his son, William B. Astor, for life, to go at his death to such of his sons as should survive, "share and share alike, and to their heirs and assigns forever." When William B. Astor died—Nov. 24, 1875—three sons survived, John Jacob, William, and Henry Astor. On the 15th of February, 1869, six years before Mr. Astor's death, Henry Astor executed a trust deed conveying his interest in the premises to John Jacob and William Astor and Charles F. Southmayd as trustees, providing that the net proceeds be applied to his own use during his lifetime, and at his death, if he should leave no issue, the capital of the trust estate was to go to his surviving brothers and sisters, excepting John Jacob Astor and the issue of such of his brothers and sisters as died before him, the division to be per stirpes, and not per capita. John Jacob and William Astor resigned their trusteeship in 1872, and Messrs. Delano and Chamberlain succeeded them. Henry Astor and his wife are both living, but have no children. The complaint avers that it is thought best to have the estate partitioned at once and the interest of Henry Astor set apart, so as to prevent trouble in the future. The plaintiffs, therefore, ask for the appointment of commissioners to partition the premises, or, if this cannot equitably be done, to sell them and divide the proceeds.

MARKED FOR LIFE.

Miss O'Brien Throwing Vitriol over her Recreant Lover's Head and Face.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 29.—Another case of vitriol throwing has occurred in this city. A good-looking young man, James Black by name, who dwells at 2 Darrah's court, Lybrant street, knew Martha O'Brien in Ireland, and induced her some years ago to accompany him to this country. There both obtained employment in this city. Black was attentive to the girl until recently, when he began to neglect her, and to pay attentions to another. He declared to his old sweetheart his intention to marry the new, and she threatened, if he abandoned her, that she would either kill him or so mark him as to disfigure him for life. Shortly afterward she called one night at his boarding house, and found him in drink. He had been in that condition for two weeks. He sat with her in the parlor, his left side being turned to her. She asked him concerning his intentions toward her, when he became greatly excited, denied that she had any claim upon him, and declared that he was already married to the woman before mentioned. As he made the last declaration she produced a bottle containing oil of vitriol from beneath her cloak and, with deliberation, poured the contents over his head and face. A physician was summoned, who dressed the wounds of the injured man. The vitriol was very strong and ate the carpet, sofa covering and curtains, upon which portions of it chanced to fall, into shreds. One drop, which fell upon Black's boot, burned a hole through the leather and the sock beneath and raised a large ulcer on the victim's foot. Fortunately the man, from his stupid condition, had his eyes closed, and these were not seriously injured. His face will be scarred for life. Black would make no complaint against the woman, who has quitted the city.

Mr. James Getting into Prison.

Mr. William James, said to be a wealthy resident of Brooklyn, but who declined to give the police his address, was a prisoner in the Essex Market Police Court yesterday. William Purcell, a horseshoer at 130 Front street, said:

"Mr. James came to have his horse shod. I charged him thirty-five cents. He refused to pay, saying he usually paid only a quarter. My boss told me to hold his horse until he got the money. I caught the rein and stopped the horse. Mr. James leaned over and struck me on the head with a buckle, cutting my head open."

Mr. James, in his defence, emphatically denied that he intended to cheat Purcell. He said that he had believed was the regular price, and, fancying that they were overcharging him, refused to pay. Thereupon Purcell stopping at his horse's head, and, had made him so indignant that he shortened his rein and accidentally struck Purcell. Mr. James expressed his deep regret for what he termed an accident, but Justice Patterson said he would hold him for trial. This decision greatly affected Mr. James, who said that he could get any amount of bail in Brooklyn, and asked to be paroled. Justice Patterson refused to accept Mr. James's word, and he was locked up.

The Charges Against Mr. Massey.

The old charges that Frederick S. Massey, now President of the Board of City Works in Brooklyn, when President of the Fire Department retained moneys belonging to the city, have been investigated by a special committee of the Board of Aldermen. The committee submitted their report yesterday, showing that Mr. Massey had paid all of the money received into the Treasury, but had not paid to the city any interest for the time the money was retained. They say no intentional wrong was done the city by Mr. Massey, who claims that an amount equal to the interest was expended in procuring samples for the kerosene oil used in the city for the inspectors. The committee recommended the passage of a resolution requesting Mr. Massey to pay to the city $200 interest, which is the difference as the committee find between the amount due the city for interest and that paid for samples of kerosene and for car fare. The report was put over for submission to the incoming Board, by a vote of 11 to 10.

Ex-Keeper Morton in a Cell.

James Morton, the keeper of the City Prison, who was discharged on the 12th inst. under charge of tampering with the Manhattan Bank burglars, was a prisoner in the Tombs Police Court yesterday. He had been arrested by Policeman Hart for assaulting Warden Finn. The Warden said: "I had just stepped out of the prison, and gone into my office. I heard footsteps following me, and the next I knew I was struck by this man, who shouted: 'I want you now! I'll tie the top of your head off!' Mr. Cawley, the clerk, ran into my office and held him, while I sent for a policeman."

Justice Morgan committed the ex-keeper in default of $300 bail, and Morton, on being taken down stairs, broke from Policeman Hart, and struck Warden Finn. When led into the prison, and asked his name by Keeper Hennessy, he sprang over the railing and struck the keeper in the face. Then he was overpowered and locked up.

Millionaire Stuart's Will.

The will of Alexander Stuart was offered for probate yesterday. It reads as follows:

In the name of God, amen! I, Alexander Stuart of the city of New York, sugar refiner, do hereby this, in my own handwriting, my last will and testament, viz.—I give, devise, and bequeath all my estate, both real and personal of any kind or wherever situated, of which I may be possessed at the time of my decease, unto my brother, Robert L. Stuart of the city of New York, sugar refiner, to have and to hold the same, unto him and his heirs, administrators, and assigns forever, and I do hereby nominate, constitute, and appoint my said brother, Robert L. Stuart, sole executor of this my last will and testament.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this twenty-second day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.

(Signed) ALEXANDER STUART.

The estate of the testator is valued at $7,000,000.

For the Hospitals.

Only a few of the churches reported yesterday the amount of their collections for the benefit of the city hospitals, and no estimate could be made of the total sum realized from all sources. Through the Chamber of Commerce, Mr. A. T. Stewart, and Mr. Henry Hilton each gave $1,000 on Saturday. The contributions of small coin through the public boxes were as follows: In Metropolitan Elevated Railroad stations, $254.82; ferry boxes, $91.60; Delmonico's, $38.71. Mr. Lanier acknowledges the receipt of $500 from Robert L. Stuart, $445.83 from the Madison Square Presbyterian Church, and smaller sums, aggregating $6,004.31.

Dividing the Gate Money.

The gross receipts from paid admissions to last week's walking match are reported to have been $11,700. Manager Rose's share is $5,850; Hart's, $2,925; Krohne's, $1,170; Faber's, $585; Ferguson's, $421.25; Fitzgerald's, $292.50; Hughes's, $234, and Williams's, $205.25.

Wanted—Females.

A.—UP-TOWN ADVERTISERS may leave their favors for The Sun at the only authorized up-town advertisement offices.
1,238 Broadway, corner of 31st st., till 9 P. M., and
308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av., till 8 P. M.
760 3d av., corner of 47th st., till 8 P. M.
92 East 14th st., corner Union square, till 6 P. M.
No extra charge.

A.—EXPERT SHIRT TUCKERS on Willcox & Gibbs machines; also, Breslaer pressers on ladies' undergarments.
SIMON STERNS & CO., 76 and 78 Leonard st.

A FEW first class wood turners; good wages and steady work. Apply
H. W. COLLENDER & CO., 788 Broadway.

A.—100 experienced operators on calico wrappers; call with reference or samples.
R. KRAMER & CO., 50 Clinton place.

A.—EXPERIENCED indoor operators on fine undergarments and infants' wear; steam power; best prices. 109 Greene st.

A YOUNG, active girl for chamberwork; wages, $3 weekly, without board; references required. 6 West Fourteenth st.

A LADY competent to design the trimming of ladies' skirts, only those having held similar position. 5 Walker st.

A COUPLE of girls wanted (American or German) for a family; also 2 young girls. 158 6th av., Frey.

A GOOD cook and chambermaid. Call, after 11, at 152 Greene st.

A FEW very quick sewers. 219 Grand st.; ring first bell.

Wanted—Females.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.—Wanted, workers and learners, at 514 Broadway.

BROWNING, KING & CO. want operators, basters, and finishers on men's and boys' clothing and white vests at their factory, 541 West 23d st.

BROWNING, KING & CO. want operators on white vests; steady work. Factory, 541 West 23d st.

BROWNING, KING & CO. want finishers on pants, at home or at factory. 541 West 23d st.

BOOK FOLDERS.—Steady work and extra pay to first-class hands. 55 Beekman st.

COOK, washer, and ironer wanted; Protestant; for country, near city; $12. NASH, 22 College place; two days.

DRESSMAKERS wanted. 747½ 6th av., between 42d and 43d sts. Call early.

EXPERIENCED hands for fine beading on laces and tulle; no learners taken. 4 Clinton place, near Broadway.

FANCY feather hands wanted; also small hands on jetting and pasting. J. ROTHSCHILD, 58 W. 14th st.

GIRLS to learn to make paper boxes; none but Protestants need apply. WHEDON & CASE, 536 Pearl st.

GOOD operators on thin coats; Domestic and Wheeler & Wilson machines; call all week. 408 West 42d st.

GIRL to do light housework. Apply, with reference, at 14 Harrison st., between 10 and 12.

HANDS wanted on shirts and drawers.
D. AUGUST, 52 Lispenard st.

IRONERS on calico and cheviot shirts, and girls to learn. Apply to BROWN, 134 West 41st st.

OPERATOR on Singer machine; run seams; none but steady girl need apply; week work. 661 10th av., room 3.

OPERATORS and basters on men's fine shoes.
HANAN & REDDISH, 334 Greenwich st.

PAPER BOXES.—First-class hands on collar boxes; steady work and good prices; also, learners; paid while learning. F. SCHOETTLE, Franklin and Centre sts.

PAPER BOXES.—Wanted, good glue hands.
SOCHEFSKY, 113 Elm st.

SEWING MACHINES.—Great Reduction.—Singer, Domestic, Wheeler & Wilson, cabinet and hair cased, $10; rented; repairing. 23 Greenwich av., near Jefferson Market, or 157 East Broadway, near Canal.

SEWING MACHINES.—Domestic, Willcox & Gibbs, Singer, Wheeler & Wilson, $12 to $25; $1 weekly; cheap for cash; warranted. BROWN, 282 Grand st. and 322 Hudson st.

SEWING machines, wholesale and retail; Howe, Domestic, Wheeler & W., Singer, &c., new, from $15 to $18; discount to dealers. HUNT'S 57 and 59 Murray st.

SEWING MACHINES, all kinds, $7; warranted for 3 years. 87 Bedford av., junction of Grand st.

STRAW HAT TRIMMERS wanted at 169 Bleecker st.; work given out.

UMBRELLA sewers who understand their business. Apply at 350 Broadway, up stairs.
ALVAH HALL & CO.

WANTED—Operators, finishers, and trimmers on white shirts; steady work.
ROBERT K. DAVIES & CO., 538 West 23d st.

WANTED—12 girl suspender web weavers; to experienced hands steady employment. Apply 30 Howard st., up stairs, Tuesday, at 3 o'clock P. M.

WANTED—Experienced operators on Willcox & Gibbs; also trimmers for infants' lace caps. 60 S. C. CAHN, 255 East 86th st.

WANTED—An elderly woman to do housework for two persons; a good home; small wages. 55 Montgomery st., Jersey City.

WANTED—A young girl to do light housework and take care of a child. Photograph gallery, 311 8th av.

WANTED—Experienced hands to sort new rags; good wages paid. 58 West Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—Twenty-five girls for bindery and paper box making. Apply at 123 Fulton st.

WANTED—A young girl for light housework. 286 Mulberry st., near Houston.

YOUNG girls can obtain situations free, lodgings and meals at 6c. each, at the Girls' Lodging House, 27 St. Mark's place, 9th st. Under care of Children's Aid Society. Also, free instruction on sewing machines from 9 to 5 daily to all who may apply, and dressmaking taught gratuitously.

Wanted—Males.

A. L. DUNLEVEY & CO.—Teas, coffees, &c. Japanese curiosities, all kinds of pure spices, at half retail prices. Call or send for price list. Fulton, corner Nassau, Brooklyn. Also, 109 Chambers st. Established 1857. Agents wanted, male and female. DUNLEVEY'S.

A.—MEN'S OVERCOATS, $2.50, $3, $4, $5, $6, $8, $10, $12; boys' overcoats, $2, $2.50, $3, $4, $5, $6.
DAVIES, 172 Bridge st., Brooklyn.

A BOXMAKER. Apply at the J. Monroe Taylor chemical works, foot Sackett st., Brooklyn, near Hamilton Ferry.

A AGENTS—For an article in universal demand; $1 starts you; samples free. 3 Elizabeth st.

BOYS wanted, between 14 and 16 years of age, living between 4th and 59th sts., for Am. Dist. Tel. Co. Apply at Training School, 5 West 4th st.

BROWNING, KING & CO. want good coat makers at home or at factory, 541 West 23d st.

CONFECTIONER wanted to ice and ornament cakes. W. W. WALL, 792 6th av., corner 45th st.

COMPOSITORS and proof readers wanted on law work. BURGOYNE, 29 Rose st.

COMPOSITORS wanted.
JOHN POLHEMUS, 40 Ann st.

ENGINEER to run stationary engine and be generally useful at repairs of shop; must be temperate. Address, stating age and wages expected, A. U. S., box No. 168, Sun office.

GLASS CASTER bottle engravers and decorators of vases, &c. New England Glass Works, 46 Park pl.

JACK AND JILL, the children's delight, sells at sight; agents and street canvassers wanted. Room No. 4, Sun building, New York.

KNIFE CUTTER wanted immediately by Ballou clothing house, 177 Bowery. Apply at
ALFRED BENJAMIN, 73 Wooster st.

PIANOMAKERS and cabinetmakers wanted on square and upright cases at FISCHER'S, 425 West Twenty-eighth st.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, a good coat maker, to work in the store. 927 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A tool maker for moulding machines; must be a smart, active young or middle-aged man; capability, sobriety, and steadiness absolutely essential; past experience and wages expected. Unbounded reference required. Address by mail only.
H. B. M., 311 Baltic st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED—An errand boy; he must live with his parents, who must be respectable; he must be quick, must be strong, active, and steady; no others need apply; references required. Apply between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., to ATKIN & PROUT, 12 Barclay st., 4th floor.

WANTED—A stout boy, who can come well recommended, to work in a stable, to horse and work in butcher store. Apply from 12 till 2, corner Clinton av. and Chambers st., West Hoboken, N. J.

WANTED—Floorman horseshoer used to country work; single preferred.
C. MERRICK, Rossville, Staten Island.

WANTED—First-class jewellers and diamond setters. GRINSBERG, GOODMAN & WOLLACK, 32 Maiden lane.

WANTED—Metal spinner and turner; also stout, handy boy, who has had some experience in brass finishing. CATLIN MFG. CO., 43 Gold st., New York.

WANTED—A good, smart man, to assist in the stocking knitting factory. Address PROTECTORY, Westchester, N. Y., with wages and references.

WANTED—An engineer who has had some experience in a print works. Union Print Works, 25 and 27 Johnson av., Brooklyn, E. D.

WANTED—Young man to work in butcher shop and take care of horses. Apply, after 2 P. M., at 510 6th avenue.

WANTED—A good strong boy to work in a bakery; steady employment. 257 Spring st.

WANTED—Moulders and machinists and brass turner. Apply at 25 Beekman st.

WANTED—Good coat tailors; custom work; call three days. 409 West 37th st.

WANTED—A good feeder on a cylinder press, at 49 Cedar st.

WANTED—Tin roofers. Apply at 450 West 19th st.

3 POUNDS 50c. tea, $1; Coffee, &c., wholesale prices. 10 pounds tea, $1; 10 pounds coffee, $1.
AMBROSE DUNLEVEY'S, 2,94 Water st., up stairs.

5 POUNDS pure tea or coffee at wholesale prices. THE CANTON TEA COMPANY, 148 Chambers st.

5 POUNDS sample tea, $1; 5 pounds pure coffee, 50c. SAMPLE TEA CO., 293 Pearl st., and 40 Fulton st.

7 POUNDS pure tea, $1; 10 pounds pure coffee, $1; 10 pounds pure pepper, $1; all kinds spices.
HENNESSEY'S, 198 Front st., near Fulton.

100 IRISH and Swedish laborers; wages, $1.25; board, $4 per week; fee, $1. Employment Office, 1 Broadway.

$1 PER DAY to street salesmen or boys with good references to sell a new candy package. 173 Greenwich st., room 5.

Situations Wanted.

A MAN with fourteen years' experience in the wholesale drug business, of good habits and best of references, wants a similar position, or would accept any situation in a wholesale house of any kind, as bookkeeper and correspondent. J. B. W., 308 West 35th st., New York.

A SITUATION wanted by a cutter cutter, competent to take charge of the Ready Reading Department. Address
W. H. O., box 145, Sun office.

TWO young men from P. E. Island would accept situations as assistant clerks in an office or warehouse or any other light, respectable work. Address A. B., box 159, Sun office.

WASHING and ironing wanted by a respectable woman at her home, or would go out by the day, at No. 215 East 20th st., room 19, top floor, back.
Mrs. BURKE.

WANTED—By a respectable colored man a situation as coachman or porter in a store, and is willing to make himself useful. WM. THOMAS, care of Postmaster, Glen Cove, Long Island.

WOULD any lady or gentleman assist a Scotchman of good character, a few weeks in this city and no employment? Address L., box 122, Sun office.

Watches and Jewelry.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
DIAMOND SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES.
FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
H. W. APPLETON,
710 3d av., between 44th and 45th sts.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE—An old established butter, cheese, egg, and poultry stand, 58 and 60 Clinton Market; a chance seldom offered; sold on account of sickness. Inquire at stand.

FOR SALE.—A first-class bakery; best location in Brooklyn; cash business. Address until sold, G. APGAR, Brooklyn P. O.

FOR SALE—A fine market; best locality, 8th av.
PELMER, 201 Bowery.

$35 WILL BUY coffee and lunch stand corner West and Harrison sts.

Amusements.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. HOLIDAY PROGRAMME.
E. G. GILMORE.....Lessee and Manager
LAST WEEK
of George Clarke's beautiful pictorial Irish drama,
HEARTS OF STEEL.
There will be three matinees this week: One to-morrow (Wednesday), a special performance on New Year's Day at 2, and a farewell matinee on Saturday.
*** Friday evening, BENEFIT of Mr