MISTAKEN IDENTITY.

A Conclusion Suddenly Reached by Mrs. Gensler's Counsel in the Herrmann Suit.

The hearing in the case of Elizabeth Gensler against Henry Herrmann, the wealthy east side furniture manufacturer, was resumed yesterday in the Essex Market Police Court.

Caroline Shelterberg, who frequently saw John Gensler and his wife in London, testified that she believed Mr. Herrmann was Gensler, but she was not willing to swear that he was. Her testimony closed all that the defence was prepared then to offer.

In his opening for the defence, ex-Recorder Smith characterized the proceedings as a conspiracy, in which Hunt, one of the witnesses for the prosecution, was the chief mover, and Mrs. Gensler his accomplice. He would show, he said, that Mr. Herrmann was in business in New York in 1867, and that he did not set foot in England till Aug. 24, 1870.

Mr. Herrmann (correcting)—Till the eighth day of July, 1877.

The first witness for the defence was Bernhard Deuzer, who said that in 1867 he rented a shop to Mr. Herrmann, who worked in it.

James P. Young of 302 Mott street testified that in 1868 he rented a shop in the Bowery to Herrmann & Hass, and they retained it until 1869 or 1870, when Hass died, and after that, up to 1873, Herrmann rented the premises. He supposed that he had seen the defendant once a year since.

Philip Kling, a cabinetmaker of 237 Delancey street, testified that he had known Mr. Herrmann since the fall of 1867, when he had a shop at 237 Delancey street, where he remained until April, 1868. During that time witness saw the defendant almost every day.

Isaac Mason, a furniture dealer in Brooklyn, testified: "I knew the defendant Herrmann fifteen years ago. He signed receipts June 18, 1868, and June 19, 1868 (here presented), given by Hass & Herrmann to John F. Mason & Co." Witness found other receipts signed by Mr. Herrmann personally up to October, 1868.

Joseph Loebel testified that he knew John Gensler in London, and that he could not say that Mr. Herrmann looks at all as Gensler did.

Christian Klaeber of 137 Ludlow street testified: "I came to this country in October, 1867; was employed by Mr. Herrmann in November of that year, and remained in his employ for about a year and a half, first in the shop at 237 Delancey street, and afterward in the Bowery. During all that time I saw him constantly. He was working at the bench all the time, the same as I was. I recognize him perfectly."

At this point Justice Otterbourg stopped the taking of testimony, upon the assurance of the defence that so many witnesses were present on that side that the case could not possibly be concluded at this sitting, and there was a little question as to the time to which the hearing should be adjourned.

Mr. Hathaway interrupted this discussion. He said: "I entered into this case in good faith, believing that this woman Elizabeth Gensler was honest in all her averments, that she had sufficient evidence to fully substantiate all she claimed, and that justice had not hitherto been done her. I entered upon it without fee or reward, immediate or in expectancy, or aid whatever. After a rigid ten hours' questioning and cross-questioning of this woman, believed to be the attainment of her rights. In doing so, however, I reserved to myself the right to abandon the case the moment that my own mind became morally convinced that her claim was an error; that prosecuting it would not be serving the ends of justice. The moment for me to retire has come now. I desire to say, right now, to every person present and to all who hear or read of this case, that I believe the woman has made an error, that this is a case of mistaken identity, and that Henry Herrmann, here present in court, never was John Gensler. At the same time I do not believe that there has been any conspiracy, and I do not think that the act of prosecuting this woman for perjury will be carried out. If it is, I shall feel it my duty to do what I can to protect her."

Mr. McGill, junior counsel for the prosecution, to whom the case was first brought, said that he, too, was satisfied that this was a case of mistaken identity, but he would like to have the case adjourned to Saturday, in order that he might have time to examine two witnesses, cabinetmakers, who had averred that they could identify Mr. Herrmann as Gensler.

Ex-Recorder Smith said: "We do not desire to have the case stop here. We are prepared to show that this woman Gensler and the man Hunt are living together as husband and wife; that the vessel in which he says he came to this country did not arrive at this port in the year that he says he came here; that he and she came together. We want this case ended definitely, and in such a shape that when we leave this room there can be no excuse for not arresting this woman and Hunt both on charges of perjury and conspiracy. I desire another hearing."

The further hearing of the case, subject in a measure to Mr. McGill's private examination of his two witnesses, was set down for to-morrow at 3 o'clock P. M.

CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY.

The Arrest of a Newark Broker Indicted for Defrauding the Mechanics' Bank.

Joseph P. Hague, a stockbroker of Newark, was arrested in that city yesterday for alleged complicity with Henry B. Marchbank in robbing the Mechanics' National Bank. Two indictments against him have been found by the United States Grand Jury at Trenton. One charges that he conspired with Marchbank to defraud the bank, and the other that he aided and abetted him in embezzling the bank's funds. The first alleges that on May 1, 1879, the two men caused certain checks drawn by Hague on the Newark City National Bank to be deposited in the Mechanics' Bank. While they were in the bank Marchbank, who was the corresponding clerk, destroyed them, and so prevented the Mechanics' Bank from collecting them. Another count says that on May 29, 1879, a check of Hague's for $490.50 on the Newark City Bank was deposited in the Fifth National Bank of this city. It was sent to the Metropolitan National Bank of New York, and then to the Mechanics' Bank of Newark. After the amount of the check had been paid by the Mechanics' Bank to the Metropolitan Bank, the check was destroyed by Marchbank. Another check drawn by Hague and deposited in the First National Bank of Jersey City was also, it is alleged, destroyed by Marchbank after the Mechanics' Bank had paid it. It is also averred in the indictment that between June 11 and Aug. 1, 1879, Marchbank and Hague put into circulation and destroyed a number of checks in the same manner. The total amount of the checks is given as $15,000.

Hague, who is about 35 years old, lately went through bankruptcy. He has an office as a broker at 753 Broad street, Newark. He claims that he is innocent of the charge against him, and has issued District Attorney Keasbey to give him a speedy trial. No one, he says, was more surprised than he when Marchbank's defalcation was published. He had dealings with Marchbank, and gave the latter many checks, but their transactions were entirely honest. Hague's home is in Bloomfield. Commissioner Keasbey fixed bail for him at $5,000, and last evening he was trying to obtain bondsmen.

Hague was indicted on the testimony of Mr. Lewis, the expert accountant who is investigating the Mechanics' Bank. Mr. Lewis has not found that the checks of any person but Hague were destroyed by Marchbank.

Father Farrelly of St. Joseph's Dead.

Father Felix H. Farrelly of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic church, at Sixth avenue and Washington place, died at 8 o'clock yesterday morning in the parochial residence adjoining the church. He ventured ten weeks ago a medical operation for the removal of a tumor, and since that time suffered greatly.

Father Farrelly was 49 years old, and had been a priest twenty-six years. He was born in County Longford, Ireland, and attended the college of the diocese. He was ordained at Maynooth, and, coming at once to New York, was assigned by Archbishop Hughes to the church of the Nativity, in second street. In succession he was assigned to the Church of the Annunciation, Manhattanville, St. Mary's church, Rondout, St. Andrew's church, Bowery, and finally, in September, 1866, to St. Joseph's succeeding the Rev. Thomas Farrell. At Rondout his efforts paid off the church debt, built the academy for girls, and purchased a cemetery. In St. James's parish, in six years of his pastorate, a debt of $20,000 was paid and the club house of the St. James Literary Union was built.

Women Missionaries in Asia.

The exercises at the twenty-first anniversary of the Woman's Union Missionary Society were continued at the Bible House yesterday. In the morning Mrs. Whitney of Japan delivered an address, and in the afternoon addresses were delivered by Mrs. Baldwin of China and by Mrs. Bainbridge upon the Calcutta Orphanage.

Mrs. Bainbridge spoke very entertainingly of her experiences in China and India. She had seen children, she said, born, she said, sold for forty cents apiece, but still, in Asia as in Europe and America, the arm that rocked the cradle was the arm that ruled the world. The efforts of the Woman's Society was to teach women, and the speaker said that in this the missionaries had been very successful. The chapel of the Bible House was filled with women during the exercises.

Mary Holley and her Husband Discharged.

Justice Walsh yesterday afternoon examined the charge against James and Mary Holley for abandoning their child on the steps of the Brooklyn Maternity, in Concord street. The wife was arrested in Port Jervis, where her father, an engineer on the Erie Railroad, lived. The child died in the care of the city nurses the day she was taken to Brooklyn. Her husband was subsequently arrested in Jersey City. The parentage of the child was traced by a shawl which was wrapped about it, and which was partly identified by the woman at whose house the child was born. Justice Walsh decided that the evidence was not sufficient to hold the defendants, and they were discharged. The couple were clandestinely married before the birth of the child.

JACOB R. SHIPHERD'S BANK.

Its Failure in Chicago—Suits in New York Growing Therefrom.

In 1873 and 1874 Jacob R. Shipherd, who has since attained a certain measure of notoriety by his interest in certain Peruvian projects, ran a sort of savings bank in Chicago. In the latter year that bank failed, and its depositors got nothing except pieces of paper which it pleased Mr. Shipherd to denominate as "settlement certificates." Thomas Keiher was one of these depositors, and, with a vague hope of realization thereupon, he has put his certificates for a lost $160 in the hands of a legal firm of Broadway for collection, and suits have been begun. The certificates are, to say the least, peculiar. Here is a copy of one of them:

> SETTLEMENT CERTIFICATE.
>
> No. 17. $80.00
>
> CHICAGO, July 7, 1874.
>
> The undersigned will pay to the order of Thos. Keiher, upon surrender of this certificate, properly endorsed, on demand, after one year from date hereof, eighty dollars, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, value received.
>
> JACOB R. SHIPHERD.
>
> This certificate may be convertible as a cash or real estate, at or before maturity, at holder's option.

The second one, No. 11, is also for $80, payable in two years, and is signed J. R. Shipherd. The things were of so little account that it didn't seem to matter much how they were signed. Before the certificates could be duly presented and payment demanded, the Chicago places that knew Mr. Shipherd did so no more. He had disappeared. When, however, Mr. Keiher followed him up to this city, and by his attorneys demanded payment, Mr. Shipherd, through his attorney, made a formal answer of refusal and denial, which contained one astounding clause. This was a claim that he "loaned to the plaintiff the sum of $160, at his request, in two notes delivered to the plaintiff at said time, and which are set forth in the said complaint, and he demands judgment for the sum of $160, with interest from the 7th of July, 1874, and which shall be an offset to any recovery of the plaintiff hereon." Lawyers say that the overwhelming originality of a debtor pleading his own notes as a claim against his creditor is quite unprecedented.

A prominent Chicago lawyer writes: "Shipherd was a Congregational minister here, who resigned from the pulpit and opened a bank on Twenty-second street in this city, which he called 'The Twenty-second Street Bank,' I think. He did quite a large business, getting deposits mostly from the poorer classes who lived in the vicinity, and found it more convenient to deposit their money in a down-town bank, such as coachmen, servant girls, small tradesmen, &c. I think Shipherd ran both a 'savings' department and a commercial department, and called his bank sometimes The Twenty-second Street Savings Bank." After a while he started a branch in Hamburg, Germany, and made a great splurge about selling foreign exchange, &c. Finally came the burst, and his bank paid little or nothing. His counters were besieged by cheated men and women, and he fled to Elmhurst, a little town near by, and showed himself in Chicago very little. But he gave to these people certificates of indebtedness, and then when they came due he had vamosed the ranch. His impudence in saying these notes were accommodation paper is sublime. They were given for the hard earnings of an ignorant laboring man, saved by him with difficulty, and deposited in the bank of this pious, disgusting fraud."

A YARN OF THE WEST INDIES.

The Alpin Encounters a Steamer Making More than Railway Speed.

The steamship Alpin of the Atlas line had an experience on the voyage home from the West Indies that threw the crew into a ferment of speculation, and provoked endless discussion among the officers and passengers. The discussion was and is about a vessel seen at sea that steamed at an apparent rate of eighty miles an hour, instead of sixteen or eighteen, as is customary in the West Indies.

The Alpin was heading for Inagua, an island of the Bahama group, about 250 miles from Kingston, and was about eighty miles out on Feb. 2, when she caught her first sight of the fast steamer. The Alpin was steaming northward, and the mysterious vessel was heading south directly in her course. She was two miles distant, the smoke showing very black against a light horizon. It was a clear day, and most of the passengers were on deck looking out for the other steamer of the line, which they expected to pass at that point. Just after the first discovery of the strange steamer she suddenly changed her course abruptly to a right angle to her line, and started toward San Domingo. She moved with amazing rapidity, and was out of sight in so short a time that all the world on the Alpin wondered. It is said that she made eighty miles an hour. She was low built, and had two masts, but her colors were undistinguishable. Purser Maso says:

"Her speed was extraordinary. I would say that she sailed 80 miles an hour, only, of course, that is impossible."

"Was it a man-of-war?"

"I cannot tell what it was. It may have been a privateer, or it may have been a merchantman. How it went so fast is impossible to imagine."

"Perhaps it was a steam yacht?"

"P'raps; but how did it go so fast?"

MILITARY MEN EXCITED.

Lieut.-Col. Bacon and the "Benzine Board"—Appealing to the Legislature.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 9.—Lieut.-Col. Bacon's case has stirred up a great deal of excitement among Connecticut military men, and has finally reached the Legislature. He is the second officer in command of the Second Regiment of the State militia. He was tried last summer on a number of charges, the main ones being that he was disrespectful to his superiors and was a mischief maker aiming to secure command of the regiment. Gov. Bigelow appointed a Military Examining Board, with Judge Lynde Harrison, who prosecuted the Rev. Mr. Hayden in the Mary Stannard case, as Judge Advocate. After a number of hearings the proceedings were practically dropped, partly because the excitement and worry of the affair had thrown Lieut.-Col. Bacon on a sick bed and partly because there had sprung up a strong public feeling that he was a much abused man. The Governor, the Adjutant-General, and the Examining Board in the case were all glad to wash their hands of the affair. New Lieut.-Col. Bacon and a committee of officers of the regiment come to the Legislature with a bill asking that the Examining Board law be repealed. This Board is known here now as it was during the war as the "Benzine Board," and it is claimed that it is a constant menace to good officers and in many ways detrimental to the service. Those who favor the law assert that a good, faithful officer need never fear it.

John Roach's Trusteeship.

Before Surrogate Rollins, yesterday, the last hearing was had in the case of the heirs of John Baker of this city against John Roach. The heirs are brother and sister, the nephew and niece of Mr. Roach, whom their father appointed his executor and trustee of the estate until the children came of age. When the younger became 21 a year ago, the heirs applied to the Surrogate to order an accounting. Referee Biefendorf reported that Mr. Roach had been lax in performing his duty, in that he had mixed up the children's money with his own. Finally, Mr. Roach agreed to pay the heirs $24,750, but he did not do so. Yesterday the last day for Mr. Roach argued that he was entitled to commissions as trustee and executor, and that they (the lawyers) ought to be paid $1,400 fees out of the estate. The Surrogate reserved his decision.

Who Shall Clean the Gutters?

A letter was received at the Police Central Office yesterday from S. B. A. Harper, complaint clerk in the Street Cleaning Bureau, calling upon the police to arrest residents who fail to clean the gutters in front of their houses from snow and ice, and setting forth that they can be fined $5 for such failure, it being a violation of a corporation ordinance.

Acting Superintendent Therne failed to discover the corporation ordinance to which this statement was based, but says that he did discover that, when the street cleaning was done by the police, it was their duty to keep the gutters clean. Now, all the powers and privileges connected with cleaning the streets which formerly belonged to the Police Department have been transferred to the new Street Cleaning Bureau, it is now Mr. Coleman's duty, he thinks, to clean the gutters.

Fatal Ending of a Brothers' Quarrel.

Daniel Wallace, aged 28, of Bush street, near Columbia, who, on Monday last, in a quarrel with his brother, James Wallace, about the sale of a horse, was struck over the head with a blunt instrument and received a fracture of the skull, died yesterday afternoon in the Long Island College Hospital. He leaves a widow and two children. His brother, who was arrested as he was about to leave the city, claimed having quarreled with Daniel, but denies that he struck him. He was overcome by grief when he was informed yesterday afternoon that his brother had died. The prisoner is 31 years old, and has a wife and family also.

A Municipal Cabinet in Brooklyn.

Mayor Low has decided to hold a Cabinet meeting every Wednesday, at 2 P. M. in his office in the City Hall, when he expects all of the appointees to attend and discuss the interests of the city. The first meeting, which was held on Wednesday evening in his house, had oyster patties and coffee. The Mayor said yesterday that the meetings of the Cabinet will be held in executive session, and that the main object of the first meeting was to make the heads of the departments better acquainted with each other, and to inspire them with a spirit of cooperation, so that they would feel that they were all parts of one government.

Pleading to Two Indictments for Murder.

Pasquale Majone, who shot and killed his 14-year-old wife, Catharine, and his mother-in-law, and afterward tried to kill himself, at 56 Thompson street, in December last, pleaded not guilty yesterday in the General Sessions, to two indictments for murder, and was remanded to await trial.

A CONNECTICUT MURDER TRIAL.

The Defendant's Hope Based on his Having a Perfect Set of Front Teeth.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 9.—The case of Francis Carroll, on trial for the murder of Michael Early in Wallingford in October last, was given to the jury to-day. Carroll and Early were Irish laborers about 60 years of age, and were drinking together on the day of the homicide. That evening Early's dead body was found in the house where he lived alone, and Carroll was at once arrested on suspicion. The evidence against him was strong, but wholly circumstantial. The general opinion was that the two men quarrelled in Early's house, and that Carroll in his drunken frenzy butchered his companion. He was bound over, and in the trial he has just had a strong case was made out against him. For the defence a colored man was led to testify that on the day of the homicide he had a fight with his brother in Wallingford, and got cut with a knife he held in his hand. Then a farmer was produced who testified that on the same day he met the colored man, who explained the blood-stained condition of his clothing by saying that he had had a fight with an Irishman on "the plains" (the district in which Early lived). There were teeth wounds on Early's thumbs, made, according to the testimony of physicians, by a person with one front tooth gone. The colored man is minus a front tooth, while Carroll has a perfect set of front teeth. Counsel for the State laughed at the idea of any person other than Carroll being the guilty party. Carroll was defended by L. M. Hubbard, one of the counsel for Pastor Hayden, and Mr. C. Case, Speaker of the last Assembly. They made most strenuous efforts to get the jury to disagree, or, at the worst, to make a verdict of manslaughter. Judge Hitchcock charged the jury at 3½ P. M. to-day. The charge was held to be strongly in favor of the prisoner, and the general opinion of the spectators was that the jury could not follow the charge and bring Carroll in guilty of anything above manslaughter. At 5:30 the jury reported for a second time that they had not agreed on a verdict, and an adjournment was then taken until 10 A. M. to-morrow.

This is the second murder trial heard before the present term of the Superior Court in this county. In addition there are lying in the county jail in this city "Clip" Smith, sentenced to be hanged for murder on May 5; Charles S. Riggs, sentenced to the State prison for life for killing his son-in-law; the Malleys and Blanche Douglass, awaiting trial for the murder of Jennie Cramer; and Vroman, a colored man, who killed a neighbor, but who escaped with a seven years' sentence. When the people of the State consider these cases, and think of the other murders, including that of Mary Stannard, that have gone unrevenged, a bitter feeling arises that hodge no good to any guilty person. Its effect is felt in the case of Smith, who is petitioning the Legislature for a commutation of sentence to life imprisonment. It is known that many members of the Legislature would like to have the lad's sentence commuted, but dare not vote for it and afterward face their constituents.

FROM MISS SWITSER'S TRUNK.

Articles of Feminine Apparel that She Contests with Uncle Sam.

Twenty pairs of silk stockings of various colors were taken out of a trunk in the United States District Court room yesterday and exhibited to Judge Brown and the jury. Then appeared thirty-seven pairs of kid gloves, ten satin, silk, plush, and woollen dresses, a fur-lined cloak, an embroidered silk cloak, eight shawls, six wraps and jackets, four sacques, nine lace scarfs and helios, two dozen silk and rubber overgarments, two bonnets, and a number of red silk bags, cologne holders, and stitched velvet sachets for handkerchiefs. The suit was for the forfeiture of these goods on the ground that Miss Margaret Switser, a Fifth avenue dressmaker, had attempted to smuggle them on the Celtic. The Custom House agents of the goods is Patrick Ryan.

Mrs. Genevieve Ferris, James H. Story, and William Gerrety, Custom House officers, testified to the circumstances of the seizure. Miss Switser testified that most of the articles were intended for her own use, and that many had been worn by her. A few were for her sister, Miss Charlotte Switser. At the time of the seizure she had $7 duty paid to the Government on the goods that she had bought for her business. Her counsel, Ethan Allen, showed her a black silk dress trimmed with white lace trimmings, appraised at the Custom House at $200. She said that it had cost her less than $100, and that the waist had been made in this city. A photograph of herself wearing the dress was shown to the jury.

One of the jurors discovered in one of the velvet bags a tiny doll, which Miss Switser said she had bought in Paris because it pleased her fancy. The doll was dressed with great care. A pair of dainty black satin slippers, with French gilt buckles, she bought in this city, she said, and took with her across the ocean. The trial continues to-day.

MR. STOKES AND HIS PHYSICIAN.

Dr. Draper's Testimony Admitted in the Contest of the Will.

In the Stokes will contest yesterday, Dr. William H. Draper was in the witness chair nearly three hours, while the lawyers argued whether or not he should be allowed to testify to what he had learned as physician to the late James Stokes. Surrogate Rollins admitted the testimony. The question asked was that Dr. Draper knew that Mr. Stokes was a habitual drunkard, and was addicted to the use of alcoholic liquor. Dr. Draper said that, in answer to his inquiries, Mr. Stokes had told him that he drank claret at dinner and a glass of spirits when he went to bed, and that this was all the liquor he drank. Afterward in his daily visits Dr. Draper observed that the evidences of physical and mental weakness in Mr. Stokes were frequently manifested. The expression of his face at these times was more vacant than usual, his articulation more indistinct, and his gait more unsteady. The witness inferred from this that Mr. Stokes had more spirits than he had told his physician he used. Dr. Draper told him he must limit his use of stimulants; they impaired his nervous system and affected his mind.

Mr. Bangs—What did you learn from other members of the family as to his habits and condition?

This question raised such a storm of objection from Mr. Evarts that the court adjourned to enable the lawyers to get ready for another argument, which will be heard on April 10.

Preparing Trouble for Himself.

At 10:20 on Wednesday night an alarm of fire sounded from box 487, at First avenue and Forty-first street. When the firemen arrived no fire could be found, but the door of the fire box had been wrenched off. At 11½ another false alarm sounded from the box at Tenth avenue and Sixty-second street. The missing door of box 487 was found by the firemen who answered the summons from the top of the box, which was also broken open. Commissioner Van Cott yesterday called upon Inspector Byrnes to discover the malicious person.

Ex-Policeman Fitzpatrick on Trial.

Ex-Policeman Bernard F. Fitzpatrick was put on trial yesterday in the General Sessions upon an indictment charging him with murder in the first degree in killing Policeman Thomas J. Norton, in Delancey street, on the 15th of December. Alderman Fitzpatrick sat beside the prisoner, his son, Civil Justice Michael Norton, a cousin of the dead policeman, and the policeman's widow. The courtroom was crowded, and the mother was in the enclosure for women witnesses. At the close of the day only ten jurors had been chosen.

The American Jockey Club.

Races are to begin in Jerome Park on Decoration Day, May 30. The following stakes are now open, to close and name March 1: The Great Metropolitan Stakes of $10 each, half forfeit, $1,000 added; the Fordham Handicap Sweepstakes of $20 each, half forfeit, $500 added; the Juvenile Stakes of $50 each, half forfeit, $600 added; the Westchester Cup, $50 each, play or pay, with $1,000 added; and the Jockey Club Handicap Sweepstakes of $100 each, half forfeit, with $1,000 added.

Pocketbooks and Pawn Tickets.

Siegfried Blumenthal and George Markzilbitz, lads of 16, were arrested on Wednesday night for begging. They had a number of begging letters, six pocketbooks, and a dozen pawn tickets. Blumenthal had a list of the pawnees in each German. Detective McArdle had seen them coming down the steps of the house of Mr. Jesse Seligman, 2 East Forty-sixth street, and followed them. They were held in the Yorkville Police Court yesterday.

Appearances Again Deceitful.

Daniel Gallagher, of Brooklyn, living at 662 Washington avenue, who was arrested some time ago on a charge of having beaten an old woman, and was discharged because of his mild manners, was yesterday sentenced by Justice Walsh to six months in the penitentiary upon a charge of having beaten his wife. Justice Walsh said he was not going to trust to appearances again.

Died of a Broken Heart.

Thomas Walsh, the 5-year-old son of a cooper, on 334 East Thirty-seventh street, died on Wednesday of "heart disease, due to intense grief because of his little sister's death." In the house of 219 East Forty-fifth street, whose doors are draped, a little in his certificate of death that the boy's sister died of croup.

Court Calendars This Day.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.—Nos. 3, 62, 68, 70, 71, 72, 111, 112, 113, 143, 187, 189, 190, 197, 202, 222, 223, 224, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, Nos. 140, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000, 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1008, 1009, 1010, 1011, 1012, 1013, 1014, 1015, 1016, 1017, 1018, 1019, 1020, 1021, 1022, 1023, 1024, 1025, 1026, 1027, 1028, 1029, 1030, 1031, 1032, 1033, 1034, 1035, 1036, 1037, 1038, 1039, 1040, 1041, 1042, 1043, 1044, 1045, 1046, 1047, 1048, 1049, 1050, 1051, 1052, 1053, 1054, 1055, 1056, 1057, 1058, 1059, 1060, 1061, 1062, 1063, 1064, 1065, 1066, 1067, 1068, 1069, 1070, 1071, 1072, 1073, 1074, 1075, 1076, 1077, 1078, 1079, 1080, 1081, 1082, 1083, 1084, 1085, 1086, 1087, 1088, 1089, 1090, 1091, 1092, 1093, 1094, 1095, 1096, 1097, 1098, 1099, 1100, 1101, 1102, 1103, 1104, 1105, 1106, 1107, 1108, 1109, 1110, 1111, 1112, 1113, 1114, 1115, 1116, 1117, 1118, 1119, 1120, 1121, 1122, 1123, 1124, 1125, 1126, 1127, 1128, 1129, 1130, 1131, 1132, 1133, 1134, 1135, 1136, 1137, 1138, 1139, 1140, 1141, 1142, 1143, 1144, 1145, 1146, 1147, 1148, 1149, 1150, 1151, 1152, 1153, 1154, 1155, 1156, 1157, 1158, 1159, 1160, 1161, 1162, 1163, 1164, 1165, 1166, 1167, 1168, 1169, 1170, 1171, 1172, 1173, 1174, 1175, 1176, 1177, 1178, 1179, 1180, 1181, 1182, 1183, 1184, 1185, 1186, 1187, 1188, 1189, 1190, 1191, 1192, 1193, 1194, 1195, 1196, 1197, 1198, 1199, 1200, 1201, 1202, 1203, 1204, 1205, 1206, 1207, 1208, 1209, 1210, 1211, 1212, 1213, 1214, 1215, 1216, 1217, 1218, 1219, 1220, 1221, 1222, 1223, 1224, 1225, 1226, 1227, 1228, 1229, 1230, 1231, 1232, 1233, 1234, 1235, 1236, 1237, 1238, 1239, 1240, 1241, 1242, 1243, 1244, 1245, 1246, 1247, 1248, 1249, 1250, 1251, 1252, 1253, 1254, 1255, 1256, 1257, 1258, 1259, 1260, 1261, 1262, 1263, 1264, 1265, 1266, 1267, 1268, 1269, 1270, 1271, 1272, 1273, 1274, 1275, 1276, 1277, 1278, 1279, 1280, 1281, 1282, 1283, 1284, 1285, 1286, 1287, 1288, 1289, 1290, 1291, 1292, 1293, 1294, 1295, 1296, 1297, 1298, 1299, 1300, 1301, 1302, 1303, 1304, 1305, 1306, 1307, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1311, 1312, 1313, 1314, 1315, 1316, 1317, 1318, 1319, 1320, 1321, 1322, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1327, 1328, 1329, 1330, 1331, 1332, 1333, 1334, 1335, 1336, 1337, 1338, 1339, 1340, 1341, 1342, 1343, 1344, 1345, 1346, 1347, 1348, 1349, 1350, 1351, 1352, 1353, 1354, 1355, 1356, 1357, 1358, 1359, 1360, 1361, 1362, 1363, 1364, 1365, 1366, 1367, 1368, 1369, 1370, 1371, 1372, 1373, 1374, 1375, 1376, 1377, 1378, 1379, 1380, 1381, 1382, 1383, 1384, 1385, 1386, 1387, 1388, 1389, 1390, 1391, 1392, 1393, 1394, 1395, 1396, 1397, 1398, 1399, 1400, 1401, 1402, 1403, 1404, 1405, 1406, 1407, 1408, 1409, 1410, 1411, 1412, 1413, 1414, 1415, 1416, 1417, 1418, 1419, 1420, 1421, 1422, 1423, 1424, 1425, 1426, 1427, 1428, 1429, 1430, 1431, 1432, 1433, 1434, 1435, 1436, 1437, 1438, 1439, 1440, 1441, 1442, 1443, 1444, 1445, 1446, 1447, 1448, 1449, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453, 1454, 1455, 1456, 1457, 1458, 1459, 1460, 1461, 1462, 1463, 1464, 1465, 1466, 1467, 1468, 1469, 1470, 1471, 1472, 1473, 1474, 1475, 1476, 1477, 1478, 1479, 1480, 1481, 1482, 1483, 1484, 1485, 1486, 1487, 1488, 1489, 1490, 1491, 1492, 1493, 1494, 1495, 1496, 1497, 1498, 1499, 1500, 1501, 1502, 1503, 1504, 1505, 1506, 1507, 1508, 1509, 1510, 1511, 1512, 1513, 1514, 1515, 1516, 1517, 1518, 1519, 1520, 1521, 1522, 1523, 1524, 1525, 1526, 1527, 1528, 1529, 1530, 1531, 1532, 1533, 1534, 1535, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1539, 1540, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, 1545, 1546, 1547, 1548, 1549, 1550, 1551, 1552, 1553, 1554, 1555, 1556, 1557, 1558, 1559, 1560, 1561, 1562, 1563, 1564, 1565, 1566, 1567, 1568, 1569, 1570, 1571, 1572, 1573, 1574, 1575, 1576, 1577, 1578, 1579, 1580, 1581, 1582, 1583, 1584, 1585, 1586, 1587, 1588, 1589, 1590, 1591, 1592, 1593, 1594, 1595, 1596, 1597, 1598, 1599, 1600, 1601, 1602, 1603, 1604, 1605, 1606, 1607, 1608, 1609, 1610, 1611, 1612, 1613, 1614, 1615, 1616, 1617, 1618, 1619, 1620, 1621, 1622, 1623, 1624, 1625, 1626, 1627, 1628, 1629, 1630, 1631, 1632, 1633, 1634, 1635, 1636, 1637, 1638, 1639, 1640, 1641, 1642, 1643, 1644, 1645, 1646, 1647, 1648, 1649, 1650, 1651, 1652, 1653, 1654, 1655, 1656, 1657, 1658, 1659, 1660, 1661, 1662, 1663, 1664, 1665, 1666, 1667, 1668, 1669, 1670, 1671, 1672, 1673, 1674, 1675, 1676, 1677, 1678, 1679, 1680, 1681, 1682, 1683, 1684, 1685, 1686, 1687, 1688, 1689, 1690, 1691, 1692, 1693, 1694, 1695, 1696, 1697, 1698, 1699, 1700, 1701, 1702, 1703, 1704, 1705, 1706, 1707, 1708, 1709, 1710, 1711, 1712, 1713, 1714, 1715,