DEFENDANT VAILE'S STORY.

One of the Accused Star Route Contractors Testifying in his Own Behalf.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Harvey M. Vaile, one of the defendants, was placed on the stand in the Star route trial to-day. He had first met Miner in July, 1878. His first business with him had been transacted in July, 1878. He first met S. W. Dorsey for the transaction of business in December, 1878; he met John W. Dorsey in the latter part of the same month. He met Rerdell at the same time, but had never had any business transactions with him. Rerdell at that time held a sub-contract on the Rawlins and White River route, and witness had, through Miner, given him some advice in relation to one of the routes. He had never, directly or indirectly, paid Gen. Brady for doing any of the things charged against him in the indictment. He had never paid any public officer for doing such a thing. His first interest in any of these contracts had been acquired in the last days of August, 1878. That agreement had been put in writing, but it was antedated some eight or ten days. His interest continued up to March or April, 1879. There was then an agreement or division of the Miner-Peck and Dorsey mail routes. These routes were more than 100 in number. Their value was first fixed upon the basis of the compensation given and the length of time the contracts were to run. If a route was an aggregate loss it was so charged. They were then divided, and the party securing the largest share paid the others. Witness drew forty per cent., Miner thirty per cent., and J. W. Dorsey and S. W. Dorsey, for Peck, drew thirty per cent. This transfer was arranged in the department by a system of sub-contracts made between the parties. He had never been concerned in the presentation of any fraudulent claim against the United States Government. He never saw Peck in his life; never saw John W. Dorsey before the beginning of this trial, and saw Stephen Dorsey but once (in June last) before he met him here. His personal relations with S. W. Dorsey were of the most unfriendly character. They had quarrelled upon their first meeting. Since this trial began, however, they had been on better terms. He was not a good business man, and the proof of that was that he had gone into this mail contract business. He had not made large sums of money out of the business. Witness was not a wealthy man; he was only a fair liver, he said. He was asked if the Tongue River route had not been raised from $2,350 to $70,000. He said it had, but it was still a losing contract. He was positive that he had not paid Brady one cent. He had kept no memoranda and knew none of the dates or amounts. Much of this money was paid direct to the banks for borrowed money and other debts. If any of it were paid to Brady he was positive that he would have known it, and he was equally positive that he had not been paid. He never discussed any of the expeditions with Miner. Witness had been in the mail business since 1862, and had, perhaps, held one thousand contracts within that period. Still he did not know all about it, and had learned a good deal since the beginning of the trial. Brady had never shown him any favor. At this moment there was a deduction of $32,000 hanging over the Bismarck and Tongue River route.

Mr. Merrick—Was that not for expedition you had been paid for and never performed?

The witness replied in the negative. None of these deductions had gone to the Congressional Committee, he said. When he talked with Brady about starting the service, he told him he would go home and consult with his friends, and you should go into the combination.

What did he say?" asked Mr. Merrick.

The Witness—Oh, he only sort of grunted.

Mr. Merrick—Sort of grunted! That was the most natural thing to do in the world.

Witness said he did probably have a contract on the Redding-Altured and Julian-Colton routes, but knew nothing of the circumstances of their increase or expedition.

Mr. Merrick said that these routes on which Vaile held the sub-contracts were originally let for $23,462 and increased to $205,895.

In answer to Mr. McSweeny, the witness said that he had never divided with the Dorseys since the spring of 1879. He had only seen Dorsey once since that time—in June last.

Mr. McSweeny—That's conspiracy at long range.

Mr. Merrick—We'll bring it near enough.

Mr. McSweeny—Well, you have not.

This concluded Vaile's testimony, and the court adjourned until Monday.

The Wreaths they will Wear when Dead.

In the pretty Gothic chapel of the Convent of St. Dominic, Jersey City, four postulants, Misses Rosa Kuntz (Sister Mary Dominic), Margaret Dolan (Sister Mary Aquinas), Mary Stetziner (Sister Mary Gabriel), and Mary Johnson (Sister Mary Raphael) took the white novitiate veil, and two novices took the black veil and their final vows, yesterday morning. At 9½ o'clock the postulants, dressed as brides in rich white silk and lace, with wreaths of orange blossoms on their heads, and attended by bridesmaids, entered the chapel. They were followed by the novices in the white serge habit of the order, with snowy mitras and veils, and then came the episcopal crucifix, the three celebrant priests, and the Right Rev. Bishop of Newark. Five acolytes in crimson and white and one in purple and crimson closed the procession. Solemn high mass was celebrated and communion was given to the postulants and novices, who then left the chapel. In a few moments they returned, bearing lighted candles and crucifixes wreathed with evergreens and prostrate themselves before the altar. Dying as though dead. Raising themselves after a time, the postulants replied to the Bishop that they desired to renounce the world, and taking off their bridal wreaths, they cast them on the ground. These wreaths will be preserved, and placed once more upon their brows when they lie in their coffins. The Bishop, having assumed full pontifical robes, then took a pair of shears and cut off the flowing tresses, which were received in small baskets by two children. The sobs of near relatives resounded through the chapel but the faces of the postulants looked calm and happy. They left the chapel again, soon to return dressed in the habit of the order, and, again prostrating themselves, they were baptized by the names they had chosen for their new life. Rising from prayer then, with firm and clear voices, took the final vows of poverty, chastity, and obedience, and were invested with the black veil surmounted by crowns of thorns. Benediction was given by the Bishop, and the ceremonies were over.

Sick and Destitute.

John H. Jeffries, a contortionist, 26 years of age, and his young wife are destitute and sick at the residence of Mrs. Cluny, 312 East Thirty-fifth street. Two weeks ago Mrs. Cluny, who has known the young man from toy hood, visited his former lodgings in Third avenue near Nineteenth street. She found him in extreme destitution and consumption. His wife, who was also sick, sat beside him. They had pawned everything they had save the clothes they wore, and had no money. Mrs. Cluny had them taken to her own home. Although a poor woman, she has provided for them during the past two weeks. A physician's certificate shows that Mr. Jeffries's disease is pulmonary consumption. It will prevent him from ever resuming his business in which he has been engaged for the past thirteen years. He performed at Niblo's Garden in September last, and with W. C. Coup during the summer of 1881. He was with Tony Pastor in February last.

Hunting for Mr. Schultz.

Henry F. Schultz, a commission merchant, attempted recently, it is alleged, to defraud the Bushwick Savings Bank, 406 Grand street, Brooklyn, by means of a forged draft of $1,800 upon the Herkimer Savings Bank of Herkimer County, which he deposited in the Brooklyn bank. He had a commission office in Johnson avenue, and when he opened an account with the Bushwick Bank in June last he told the President, Joseph Leibmann, that he dealt chiefly in flour and that he had much money in his business. He gave the Herkimer county bank as his reference, and his deposits were accepted. Soon after the draft of $1,800 was placed to his credit he drew against it. The draft was taken to inquire by telegraph of the Herkimer bank. The answer was that the draft was a forgery. The police ascertained that the building office had been removed to this city but he could not be found. He left a balance in the Brooklyn bank.

Imputing Credulity to the Court.

Mrs. Fanny Warburg sued August Warburg for limited divorce, on account of his alleged cruelty to her. The case was tried before Judge Donohue in Supreme Court, Chambers, on June 1. Warburg denied that he had treated his wife badly. He admitted only one of her charges, that he had once thrown sugar at her. This he remarked, he did "to sweeten her temper." Judge Donohue asked him whether he expected the Court to believe that he thought he could sweeten his wife's temper by throwing sugar at her, and when he answered that he did so expect, the Judge reprimanded him for trifling with the Court. This morning the Judge Donohue yesterday decided that Mrs. Warburg shall be freed from her husband; shall have the custody of her four children, and shall have alimony, the amount of which is to be determined by a referee.

Charged with Cheating his Countrymen.

John Hadjiacio, a Greek, was charged in the Essex Market Police Court yesterday with obtaining money under false pretences. When the freight handlers first struck, Hadjiacio was given work by the New Jersey Central Railroad at Pier 14. He did not remain there long, but went among his countrymen and told them he could get work for them. They accepted his offer as their friend. It is said that he charged each applicant $2, and got a good deal of money. He told the men to go to Pier 14. They went as instructed, and learned the deception that had been practised upon them. Yesterday morning Jeremiah Cole, one of these men, named Philippo, saw Hadjiacio in the Bowery, and caused his arrest. More than twenty of Hadjiacio's victims were in court. He was committed for trial.

In Major Harrold's Favor.

The attempt of the New York Elevated Railway to get the verdict of $4,000 obtained by Major John T. Harrold for injuries received in March, 1879, at the collision at Forty-second street and Third avenue, set aside and a new trial ordered on the ground of newly discovered evidence tending to show that the plaintiff was feigning his injuries, also was defeated yesterday by Justice Lynch in Brooklyn, who denied the motion for a new trial. As the Court of Appeals has confirmed the verdict, it is believed that the company will now have to pay the sum out of it, with costs.

A Life Saver's Misfortunes.

Policeman Thomas McBride, known as the "Life Saver," as he has rescued many persons from drowning, and two from a burning building, last week lost by death his father, uncle, and brother. His wife is now very ill. On Tuesday night McBride fired out law down to a certain point in the front room of his apartments. While he slept this contrivance let the back window and stole his clothing, jewelry, watches, money, keys, and $80 in money. While he was at the funeral of his brother last week his pocket was stolen.

ANARCHY IN PERU.

Horrible Atrocities Near Lima—Fighting Near Mollendo, and in the Oroya Pass.

PANAMA, July 25.—Latest dates from Lima say that bands of Montaneros were committing horrible atrocities in the neighborhood of that city. The victims are principally Peruvians, and, consequently, the Chilians make but little effort to suppress the robbers. The state of anarchy continues wherever the Chilians do not maintain some sort of law and order, and should they finally withdraw, no one can foresee the horrors which would be enacted.

The military movements near Mollendo are becoming interesting. That port has been held by Chilian forces for the past three months, and for some time the occupation proved lucrative from the customs receipts on the heavy exports of wool from Arequipa, and afterward, not to give up such an important position, more troops were sent up from Arica. The Chilians took especial pains to disclaim any intention of marching on Arequipa, distant some ninety miles, and alleged that their only object in maintaining possession of the port was to give a new opportunity to commercial activity. Nevertheless, the Government of Bolivia felt anxious about the movements of the Chilians, and speedily communicated its fears to Capt. Carrillo, who commands the Peruvian forces at Arequipa. Carrillo promptly replied, assuring the Bolivian Government that he was prepared to defend his post, but suggesting the advisability of being reinforced by three or four Bolivian battalions. This suggestion was unfavorably received. Hence Capt. Carrillo was thrown on his own resources and, having as a base two regiments of the Peruvian army, which since 1880 had been stationed at Arequipa, he called out the National Guard, and managed to assemble a force of 5,000 men, with a few batteries of field artillery. About 2,000 soldiers from this body were despatched to the Valley of Tambo, on the railway, eleven miles inland from Mollendo, where they were to watch the enemy and oppose any intended advance. The remainder of the forces were retained in Arequipa.

On the 22d ult. the Chilians sent out a small reconnoitring party toward Tambo. When at a point seven miles from Mollendo the Peruvian cavalry appeared, and, being within supporting distance of their main body, advanced on the Chilians, who, not deeming it prudent to offer battle at such a disadvantage, retired. The Peruvians pursued, and were enticed some distance from their camp, when the Chilians turned and charged with great vigor. The Peruvians were thrown back, leaving several of their number on the field. They again rallied, and, seeing that the enemy were retiring toward Mollendo, undertook to pursue them, but at a distance that rendered a combat impossible. The immediate reinforcement of the Chilian garrison at Mollendo followed, and it now consists of 500 men, six pieces of artillery and a mitrailleuse, and 100 cavalrymen, and in the bay are the war vessels Magallanes and Pilcomayo, with the transports Toiten and Lantaro.

On the 2d an attack was made on the few Chilian soldiers guarding the bridge at the Oroya Pass, 120 miles from Lima, by a considerable force of Peruvians, supposedly from Caceres's army, and commanded by Col. Tafur. The engagement was brisk on both sides, when, finding their efforts ineffectual, the Peruvians fell back, and the Chilians were not strong enough to pursue. The small Chilian garrison at Chicla, eighty-five miles from Lima, and the terminus of the Oroya Railroad, had on the 7th a sharp encounter with a Peruvian force of Montaneros or irregular troops, numbering some 300, but of whom only 100 had firearms. The Chilians held their position with slight loss, and after six hours of musketry practice the attacking forces retired, carrying with them 200 cattle found grazing in the vicinity. Strong reinforcements are arriving into the interior, and reprisals and slaughter are sure to result from the desultory movements of the Montaneros.

Señor Benjamin Vicuña Mackenna, one of the leading Senators of Chili, and hitherto an advocate of the immediate evacuation of Lima by the Chilians, now declares that not only must the occupation of Lima continue, but the war must be actively urged until Peru is deprived of her little remaining strength.

Gen. Justo Arteaga of the Chilian army is dead. He held important commands during the first year of the war, and, in fact, organized the first Chilian forces in the field.

Lieut. McLean's Wonderful Torpedo Launch.

NEWPORT, Aug. 4.—A device for exploding torpedoes under an enemy's vessel, designed by Lieut. J. C. McLean, of the American Navy, who was a delegate to the recent Electrical Congress at Paris, was successfully experimented with this morning in the presence of a naval Board. A launch was sent out by means of electricity, no one being on board, and was made, by the use of one electric wire, to do eight different things, among which were to start, stop, back, go to port and to starboard, and to drop and fire mines and counterfeits, which were rigged at the ends of spars placed on each side of the launch's bow. Lieut. Commander Royal B. Bradford, who was at a key board on shore, had perfect control of the launch by the aid of one wire. The electrical part of the experiment was in charge of Lieut. Commander Merry, who was at the electrical building at the torpedo station, which was at a long distance from the spot where the key board was located. Capt. J. O. Selfridge's device for protecting a ship from an enemy's torpedoes, which must be planted at the entrance to a harbor, was shown, and successfully experimented with.

Yellow Fever on the Rio Grande.

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 4—The wildest rumors fill the air about yellow fever in Texas. Gov. Roberts yesterday telegraphed to New Orleans and Washington, in answer to inquiries, that no cases of fever had been reported in Texas. Hearing of a death in New Orleans from the fever, the Governor notified the authorities at Orange to be ready to quarantine against that city at a moment's notice.

At Galveston a strict quarantine has been declared against Matamoras, Brownsville, Brazos, and all points communicating with them.

The fever at Matamoras is reported to be abating. The Rio Grande region maintains a strict quarantine.

LAREDO, Aug. 4.—At Brownsville, at 8 o'clock last evening, there were 4 cases of fever, all of which were doing well. There have been no deaths, and even the most indiscreet are out of danger.

At Matamoras, at 8 o'clock, there had been a small increase in the number of deaths, from 2 to 5. It is generally believed that the fever is not dangerous.

Successful Revolution in Ecuador.

PANAMA, July 25.—The revolution in Ecuador headed by Eloy Alfaro has proved most successful. He landed near Esmeraldas, as already reported, and commenced to organize a Government and discipline his forces, which were continually increased by hundreds who flocked to his standard. The chief Veintemilla to retain power as Dictator was his downfall. Town after town revolted, and declared in favor of Alfaro. Veintemilla took refuge in Guayaquil, in which city he is so detested that he dared not leave his residence. The most stringent measures were adopted against his enemies in the town, but all to no purpose, as, after much plotting, they made a move on the 22d inst., and forced him from power. This decisive movement has put an end to all probability of continued disturbance, and the republic may be considered in peace. It is believed that Veintemilla will be exiled.

Hilgert's Failure and Forgeries.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4.—The number of summonses and attachments issued against the firm of John Hilgert's Sons increases every day. To-day the affidavits of officers of the Philadelphia National Bank are published, stating that the acceptance on various drafts issued with the firm name of Hilgert are forgeries. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of Charles M. Hilgert, the absconding member of the firm. The credit of this house was far above par. It is conceded, if possible, that loans to Hilgert or his forged acceptances are as follows: Newbold's Sons & Co., $86,180.80; George C. Carson & Co., $20,000; George C. Carson & Co., excess of loan, $127,401; Philadelphia Bank, $3,240; Provident Life and Trust Company, $28,000; Reisson estate, $20,000; J. Lowber Welsh, $25,000; Adam A. Warthmann, $457. Total, $305,817.80.

Negro Murderers Hanged.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Aug. 4.—Harrison Carter (colored), who murdered Lewis Adams (colored), at Baldwin, in this county, on Jan. 6, 1882, was hanged in the jail yard here to-day. The drop fell at 10.20, and the body was cut down at 11.10. He struggled hard and long, and died from strangulation. He was perfectly composed, mounted the scaffold with a firm step, and made a few remarks confessing his guilt, and announcing his perfect willingness to die.

FERNANDINA, Fla., Aug. 4.—Merrick Jackson (colored), was hanged here at 1 P. M. to-day. He murdered John Thomas, a colored boy, near King's Ferry, on Nov. 19, 1881. On the scaffold he offered up a prayer and thanked the sisters of charity for their kindness to him. He met his fate with composure and died by strangulation.

Death of the Hon. Artemus Hale.

BROCKTON, Mass., Aug. 4.—The Hon. Artemus Hale, the oldest ex-member of Congress, died at his home in Bridgewater at 11 o'clock last night, aged 86 years and 2 months. He was elected a Representative in the Thirteenth Congress, and served three years ending March 3, 1849. He had previously served five years in the Legislature. His last public connection with politics was in 1864, when he was one of the Presidential Electors on the Lincoln and Johnson ticket, being then over 80 years old. He enlisted in the war of 1812, but was not called into active service. He was also, with one exception, the oldest Mason living.

Tennessee Elections.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 4.—With only two voting precincts to hear from, the Democrats elect their county ticket, except County Clerk. Mr Pat Winters, their nominee for this office, is defeated by about 900 votes, and Mr. Hugh B. Cullen, Republican, is elected. The vote against calling a constitutional convention has overwhelming.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 4.—The advices so far indicate the defeat of the call for a constitutional convention by a large majority. In the Davidson county the straight Democratic ticket is elected and the call for the convention overwhelmingly defeated.

Floods in Michigan.

DETROIT, Aug. 4.—The heavy rains which have fallen in most parts of this state during the week have resulted in floods, carrying away bridges and dams, overflowing the low land and damaging, if not destroying, much wheat as had been allowed to stand in sheaves in the field, and of this there is considerable. The floods last night between Ionia and Grand Rapids are reported to have done $50,000 worth of damage.

The Mount Desert Robbery.

BOSTON, Aug. 4.—The Mount Desert robbery turns out to be a more serious affair pecuniarily than was at first reported. One of the gentlemen lost $1,200 and the other $1,100, while two gold watches were taken from the ladies.

THE SCOTT-WEED POKER CASE.

A Question Raised as to the Regularity of the Requisition for Scott.

CHICAGO, Aug 4.—The Scott-Weed poker case came up before Judge Moran of the Circuit Court to-day. The prisoner's counsel raised the point that the warrant was irregular, and that the prisoner, Scott, was not a fugitive from justice. It appeared that the Governor signed the requisition as certified to him as true, whereas he should have certified as to the truth himself, his own judgment to be grounded upon affidavits submitted to him. It was also maintained that Scott was not a fugitive from justice. He had been in Newburgh, N. Y., several days, and his presence there was known to Weed. He had been in California on business and was returning home when he was taken sick at Chicago, and has since been confined here by illness. A paper from the Governor's office was put in evidence in the matter, and the point as to his being a fugitive was something which the Court had power to review and pass upon. Affidavits had been submitted in this case, showing that he left California with his mother with the intention of going home, and there was the affidavit of Dr. Eldridge, to the effect that his removal at the present time would endanger his life. Scott had never been indicted for any crime. No indictment had been presented to the Governor of New York on which he had made the requisition, nor had it been presented to Gov. Cullom on which to issue a warrant.

Mr. Trude, on the other side, said that if Scott was in Weed's company after the division of the money it was not known to Weed at the time the money had been obtained and divided. The case rested upon the fact of the compliance with the Federal statute. That law required that the fugitive must be demanded by the foreign State; there must be an indictment for crime, and such indictment must be certified to by the authorities of the demanding State. All of these had been complied with. The question of the guilt of the party could not be passed upon by the tribunals of the State to which the fugitive has gone. If the indictment was properly certified to it precluded any inquiry, but the prisoner must be remanded and tried by the judicial authorities in his own State. As to the question of his being a fugitive, Mr. Trude held that this question would not prevent his being taken back. The real question was as to whether the prisoner had actually left a State to avoid punishment was something that was only known to the prisoner himself. All that the law meant by calling him a fugitive from justice was that he was living in a State other than the one in which he had committed crime, and where justice was waiting for him.

Fair Summer Weather.

Yesterday was no more than a comfortable summer day in a free air, but the stones and the high walls of the city made it uncomfortable. On Mount Washington, for instance, the mercury at 7 o'clock in the morning marked 55°, which was a comfortable temperature for blankets, whereas here it marked upward of 70°, which meant no more than the sheet. Throughout the country the temperature was not high. Warmer weather is promised, however, at the Signal Office for to-day. Yesterday and yesterday a year ago were pretty much the same in point of heat, with the advantage so far as comfort is concerned in favor of yesterday by about three degrees. The mercury yesterday at Hudnut's marked at 3 A. M., 70°; at 6 A. M., 69°; at 9 A. M., 75°; at 12 M., 81°; at 3:30 P. M., 90°; at 6 P. M., 83°. Several cases of prostration by the heat were reported.

A Raid Without Result.

Anthony Comstock made an affidavit on Thursday that pools were still being sold at 3 Barclay street. Recorder Smyth issued a warrant, and yesterday Detective Sergeant Reilly of the District Attorney's office and several policemen visited the place. They found no indications of pool selling or gambling in the building. Assistant District Attorney Allen was visited yesterday by Mr. Hackett, one of the proprietors of the place, who admitted that pools were sold there on Thursday, and said that all his money was invested in the business, and that his living depended on it. Mr. Hackett complained that there were other pool sellers, and that he was singled out unjustly.

The Late Miss Fanny Parnell.

BORDENTOWN, N. J., Aug. 4.—The Central Land League of Philadelphia have appointed a committee to telegraph to Mr. Charles Stewart Parnell, tendering the League's services in removing the remains of Miss Fanny Parnell from Trenton to Philadelphia, in case Mr. Parnell wishes to have his sister's remains taken to Ireland for burial. The American Steamship Company at Philadelphia have signified their willingness to convey the remains free of charge.

Wanted—Males.

WANTED—Young man about 18, in shipping department; must have had experience; be quick, very correct, understand weighing, and able to mark; state pay wanted, references, experience, age, &c. Address D. & CO., box 157, Sun office.

WANTED—A printer to run an eight-color machine in a wall-paper factory. Address PAPER, box 179, Sun office.

WANTED—A blacksmith; one who understands truck and wagon work. Apply at 177 Prince st.

WANTED—A first-class mechanic blacksmith. McDOUGALL & POTTER, 606 West 55th st.

WANTED—20 makers on men's stiff hats. L. H. KING & CO., Matteawan, N. Y.

WANTED—Artesian well driver. S. R. BRECK, Stapleton, S. I.

WANTED—A wheelwright; one who understands truck and wagon work. Apply at 177 Prince st.

WAITER who understands restaurant business. Between 7 and 9 A. M., 21 Catharine slip.

WANTED—Painters at low wages, with board and steady work. Apply at 63 East 125th st.

WANTED—A good wheeler on planished tinware. Apply at 100 Railroad av., Newark, N. J.

WANTED—2 men acquainted with putting down sidewalk lights. Apply at 537 Canal st.

WANTED—Boy to work at bench in a bakery; wages, $4. 531 Court st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—Smart, stout boy helper on milk wagon. 6th av., corner of 126th st.

WANTED—An experienced salesman in a retail shoe store. 104 Canal st.

WANTED—A first-class wood puller for lathe work. 525 East 19th st.

WANTED—Brass moulder on chandelier work. 74 East 9th st.

WANTED—Men used to planing mill. 151 East 126th st.

WANTED—Immediately, block printers. 120 Wooster st.

WANTED—Boy to carry bundles. 31 Frankfort st.

WANTED—A good dinner cook at 605 3d av.

20 SALESMEN with $250, one with $2,000 to $3,000 week. Call at JOHNSON'S, 925 Lafayette av., Brooklyn.

Situations Wanted.

A STEADY young German man, willing to work, wishes a situation as porter or any other day work. Address 167 William st., in the store.

AN EDUCATED young lady who is a good penman wants employment; references given. C., box 143, Sun office.

WANTED—Situation by a young Englishman as carpenter; factory work preferred. CARPENTER, box 185, Sun office.

Amusements.

FIREWORKS! POLO GROUNDS, 110th st. and 8th av. Saturday evening, Aug. 5, 1882, third grand display by the METROPOLITAN EXHIBITION COMPANY, conducted by JAMES PAIN, Esq., of London, including 20 large devices, with new and novel comic devices, among which will be colossal fire pictures 50x70 feet.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN AND TUG WILSON In their great glove contest. JUMBO AND HIS FROLICS. Great walking match between LONG JOHN REILLY AND ED. KENNEDY, And special aerial novelties. GRAND CONCERT by the SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND. Admission, 25 cents. Children under 12, 15 cents. Gates opened at 7 P. M. Contest to begin at 7:30 P. M. In case of rain, exhibition given Aug. 7.

METROPOLITAN ALCAZAR, 41st st. and Broadway.—Nightly and Saturday matinee. GRAND LADIES' MATINEE TO-DAY. Norcross Opera Co., Alcazar Ballet, W. T. Carleton, Dora Wiley, Godolphin, Bonfanti and Lepri. E. Catenhusen, conductor. Admission, 25c. SPECIAL NOTICE.—The house thrown open to the public for the Matinee to-day at 2 o'clock. Admission, 50c. No reserved seats. SUNDAY GRAND CONCERT.

BIJOU OPERA HOUSE. Evenings at 8:15. OLIVETTE. Characters by Selina Dolaro, Lily Post, Victoria Reynolds, Jos. S. Greensfelder, Chas. Campbell, George Gaston, Fred H. Frear. Matinees Wed. and Sat. at 2. POPULAR PRICES.

MADISON SQUARE THEATRE, Broadway and 24th st. MATINEE SATURDAY. EVENINGS 8:30. ESMERALDA 28TH TIME OF ESMERALDA. ESMERALDA ESMERALDA ESMERALDA. ENTIRE AUDITORIUM CHARGED BY GAS.

HAVERLY'S 14TH ST. THEATRE. J. H. HAVERLY, Proprietor and Manager. TO-NIGHT, LAST NIGHT. GUS WILLIAMS. LAST MATINEE TO-DAY.

WALLACK'S. OVERWHELMING SUCCESS. EVERY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK. THE BOSTON MINIATURE IDEAL OPERA COMPANY in PATIENCE. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 1:30 P. M.

Wanted—Females.

A.—UP-TOWN ADVERTISERS. May leave their favors for The Sun at the only authorized up-town advertisement offices.
1,235 Broadway, corner 31st st., till 9 P. M.
908 West 23d st., corner 8th av., till 8 P. M.
760 3d av., entrance on 57th st., till 8 P. M.
952 East 138th st., corner Union square, till 8 P. M.
No extra charge.

EXPERIENCED hands on lace goods; W. & G. machine; steady work. THE KURSHEDT MFG. CO., 190 South 5th av.

EXPERIENCED hands on gents' scarfs; also learners, at 1,002½ Atlantic av., Brooklyn, near Grand av.

EXPERIENCED hand on men's neckwear, at 70 Franklin st. J. A. & W. M. HUMPHREY.

EXPERIENCED slingers on ruffs and skirts. C. A. SCHMIDT, 85 Chambers st.

EXPERIENCED coverers on fringe moulds. C. A. SCHMIDT, 85 Chambers st.

EXPERIENCED hands to spin moulds. C. A. SCHMIDT, 85 Chambers st.

FIRST-CLASS dressmakers on fine silk and stuff suits; steady work and good wages to experienced hands. STANDARD SUIT CO., 22 White st.

HANDS for coarse needlework; also stool and skein winding. Apply at mill, foot West 124th st.

OSTRICH FEATHERS.—Wanted a thoroughly experienced dyer who can operate well, asserting and laying of feathers; liberal salary offered. MAYER BROTHERS, 101 Bleecker st., city.

OPERATORS on W. & W. No. 2 machines on fine flannel shirts; steady work, good pay, and hot tea furnished free with lunch. Apply at store, 68 Mercer st.

PAPER BOXES.—Wanted, experienced hands on flower and feather boxes. REICHERT & CO., 130 South 5th av.

PAPER BOXES.—Girls wanted on glue work at 17 Crosby st.

RUBBER CLOAK and coat operators; steady work. A. H. SMITH MFG. CO., 700 8th st., So. Brooklyn.

SEWING MACHINES.—Selling off; great bargains; rented, exchanged. 123 West 10th st. and 137 East Broadway.

SMART GIRL to wash dishes and sleep home; $12 per month. J. CUNST'S restaurant, 384 Grand st.

SMALL GIRLS for light work; wages $3 per week. CRAW, 205 Water st., 2d floor.

SMALL GIRLS, under 10, to learn a trade. THE KURSHEDT MFG. CO., 190 South 5th av.

WANTED—First-class cap makers on fancy hats; also learners and operators. STIEHL & NISSEN, 104 Greene st.

50 EXPERIENCED for pointers wanted at 343 East 77th st.

Wanted—Males.

A.—TO MAKE ROOM FOR FALL STOCK! Men's $20 suits for $9; $16 suits for $7; $12 suits for $5; boys' suits for $4; $8 suits for $3; men's pants, 50c., 75c., $1; boys' pants, 35c., 50c., 75c. J. L. DAVIES, World's Clothier, 172 Bridge st., near High, Brooklyn.

A STRONG LAD, experienced packer of hosiery. Only such may apply at 1st Church st., between 8 and 9 A. M.

A STRONG, willing young man, 16 or 17 years old, wanted. Apply, with reference, to HARRIS, GRIFFIN & CO., 49 Dey st.

A STOUT BOY to learn machinist's trade; must live with his parents; wages, $3 per week first six months. 218 Centre st.

A KNIFE CUTTER on felt skirts. L. DRYFOOS & CO., 64 and 66 Thomas st.

A RULER, and two to feed ruling machine. Address BOOKBINDER, box 198, Sun office.

A GOOD shoe salesman in a shoe store. J. O'HARA & BRO., 308 3d av.

A COUPLE of strong boys to work on sheet metal goods; beading, jobbing, &c. 237 Water st.

BAKERS.—The N.Y.P.B. Union will hold their regular meeting on to-morrow (Sunday) morning, at Jing Third av. All members are requested to attend. Members owing over six months' dues will be stricken off the roll. Initiation will be $1 after this date. C. DUFFY, Rec. Sec. HUGH McCLOSKIE, Pres.

BOYS, strong and steady, to turn spinning wheels; wages $3 per week. C. A. SCHMIDT, 85 Chambers st.

BLANK BOOKS.—Boy wanted to feed ruling machine. J. WILSON & SON, 20 Cortlandt st.

BOORUM & PEASE'S Society's Picnic to-night, Harlem River Park, 2d av. and 126th st.

COLLECTORS, engineers, bartenders, druggists, stenographers, grocery clerks, butchers, farmers, billiard attendant, glass packers, pantrymen, waiters, colored waiters, &c. 2 Broadway.

CYLINDER FEEDER; also Degener, steady work. 1,323 Broadway.

CRATE FRAME moulders; first-class only; steady work. WM. H. JACKSON & CO., 315 East 28th st.

GOOD horseshoer as floorman, no other need apply. Sneyland av. and Carroll st., Bklyn. M. MALONE.

GOOD gordon pressman wanted. Address J., box 3,157, N. Y. P. O., with reference.

JAPANNER to dip sewing machine legs and first-class ornamenter for a small job. 30 Morton st., Brooklyn, E. D.

PAPER BOXES.—Cutter on Clark's machine wanted; good wages and steady work; none but a first-class hand need apply. CUTTER, box 169, Sun office.

QUARTERLY meeting Tin and Slate Roofers' Union, 205 8th av., this evening, 8. Fines for non-attendance.

SHOEMAKERS.—The best shop in the city for 5 convenience and accommodation. 149 West 39th st., off 6th av. Just opened.

WANTED—Moulders to work on furnaces; good men can have steady work all the year at Clinton Foundry, Troy, N. Y. FULLER & WARREN COMPANY.

WANTED—Strong, reliable man of experience in setting dies and working foot press. NEW YORK ELBOW CO., 18 Cliff st.

WANTED—Ten good stove mounters at Clinton Stove Works, Troy, N. Y. FULLER & WARREN COMPANY.

Excursions.

A.—ONLY DIRECT LINE TO ROCKAWAY BEACH and the GREAT IRON PIER. The Palace Steamer PLYMOUTH ROCK makes two trips daily to the Mammoth Ocean Pier at ROCKAWAY BEACH.

Leaving Hoboken (4th st. dock) ..... 9:00 A. M.
Leaving 21st st., North River ... 9:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Leaving 10th st., North River ... 10:10 A. M. and 3:10 P. M.
Leaving Pier 6 (Rector st.), N. R. 10:30 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
Returning, leaves Rockaway at 12:20 P. M. and 6 P. M.
Excursion tickets (good week days only) ..... 30 cents (including admission to the Pier.)

Special excursion tickets (Sundays and week days) 50 cents. Good to return via New York, Woodhaven and Rockaway Railroad. Excursion tickets of New York, Woodhaven and Rockaway Railroad accepted to return on steamer Plymouth Rock, thus affording passengers going down by rail an opportunity for a delightful sail home, or passengers down by Plymouth Rock desiring to remain on the beach after dark can return by trains leaving every hour.

Passengers by this only direct line avoid the dangerous shoals of Rockaway Inlet, the reeking odors of Barren Island, and land upon the magnificent Iron Pier, extending 1,200 feet beyond the breakers, passing directly upon the beach, saving a long dusty walk of over a quarter of a mile in the sun.

A.—A.—ROCKAWAY BEACH, ONLY LINE. *,*Safe landings made at our piers in all kinds of weather. White's regular line new and majestic steamers

EXCURSION TICKETS 30 CENTS.	GRAND REPUBLIC, AMERICUS, COLUMBIA.	FOUR TRIPS EVERY DAY.

Ten thousand comfortable, shady seats. Delightful sail. Delicious surf and still water bathing. TWO GRAND MILITARY BANDS.

*,*First of the three landings, the massive wharf of the BIG HOTEL, indisputably the shortest way to the beach!

THE BOATS WILL LEAVE EVERY DAY AS FOLLOWS:

	West 22d st.	W. 10th st. (Pier 6).	Rector st. Jewell's W'f, Brooklyn.
Columbia	9:15	9:30	9:45
Grand Republic	10:15	10:30	10:45
			11:00
			1:45
Columbia	1:45	2:00	2:15
Grand Republic	2:45	3:00	3:15

*AMERICUS connects, this trip, at Pier 6, N. R., with the big Columbia.

As a SPECIAL EAST RIVER BOAT, the AMERICUS will leave daily, including Sundays, as follows:

East 31st st.	Kent st.	Grand st.	Jewell's Dock,
New York.	Greenpoint.	New York.	Brooklyn.
8:45	9:00	9:15	9:30
10:15	10:30	10:45	—
1:00	1:15	1:30	1:45
*2:45	3:00	3:15	3:30

*Boats leave Rockaway 11 A. M., 4:30, 5:30, and 6:30 P. M., giving a choice of hours of returning. EXCURSION TICKETS (except Sundays), 30 cents. Good on either of the three boats.

IRON STEAMBOAT COMPANY. CONEY ISLAND. IRON PIERS DIRECT. ONLY ALL-WATER ROUTE. NO CHANGES. TIME TABLE WEEK ENDING AUG. 5. LEAVE WEST 23D ST.

For Old Pier.		For New Pier.	
9:00 A. M.	3:30 P. M.	9:30 A. M.	3:45 P. M.
10:30 A. M.	4:30 P. M.	10:30 A. M.	5:00 P. M.
11:30 A. M.	5:30 P. M.	11:30 A. M.	6:00 P. M.
12:30 P. M.	6:30 P. M.	12:30 P. M.	7:00 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	7:45 P. M.	1:30 P. M.	8:30 P. M.
2:00 P. M.	9:00 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	

Leave Pier 1 thirty minutes later.

RETURNING, LEAVE CONEY ISLAND:

Old Pier.		New Pier.	
10:30 A. M.	4:45 P. M.	11:00 A. M.	5:30 P. M.
11:30 A. M.	6:15 P. M.	12:00 M.	6:45 P. M.
12:30 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	1:00 P. M.	7:45 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	2:00 P. M.	8:45 P. M.
2:45 P. M.	9:30 P. M.	3:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.
3:45 P. M.	11:00 P. M.	4:15 P. M.	

Tickets good on either boat. Excursion tickets for sale at all Elevated Railroad Stations.

Grand Concerts on Pavilion Pier 1, N. R., every afternoon at 3 and evening at 8. Persons holding passage tickets to boats admitted free.

LONG BRANCH. ALL-WATER ROUTE. STEAMBOAT CITY OF RICHMOND. The new, fast, and elegant sea-going steamer CITY OF RICHMOND makes two grand excursions daily, including Sundays, to the OCEAN PIER, LON