FIRING QUESTIONS AT SENEY.

He Says he Loaned Funds of the Atlantic Bank Without Security.

The hearing in the case of Freling H. Smith, the receiver of the Atlantic State Bank, against the Metropolitan National Bank, for the recovery of $235,000, was continued yesterday before Referee Hamilton Cole. Mr. George I. Seney, President of the Metropolitan Bank, was put upon the rack again and for two hours suffered under a hot fire of questions shot at him by Counsellor Stetson. The purpose of these questions was to discover whether many of the loans made by the Atlantic Bank, of which Mr. Seney was a director, were made on Mr. Seney's personal responsibility, as asserted by the Metropolitan Bank. Mr. Seney answered a great many of the questions by saying that some of the securities on which loans had been made were his personal property. He left his securities in charge of Nelson, Robinson & Co., brokers. These securities amounted at times to hundreds of thousands of dollars. All this collateral was for loans that had been made or for loans that he might be called upon to make. In answer to a question he thus explained the relations that existed between his big bank and his little one:

The Metropolitan Bank was a member of the Clearing House, while the Atlantic Bank was not. At a number of times I had occasion to draw checks on the Atlantic Bank which would be sent to the Metropolitan Bank, where they would be paid.

Q.—Do you know that in any of the five loans which cover the amount we claim the money was paid to Nelson, Robinson & Co? A.—I cannot tell, but can find out by looking at the note teller's check book.

Mr. Seney added that on Aug. 2 1883, he loaned Nelson, Robinson & Co. $40,000, a part of which was charged to the Atlantic State Bank, and that the credit of $17,000 to Nelson, Robinson & Co., which appears on the books under date of Aug. 17, was possibly a part of the $35,000 charged to the Atlantic Bank.

One page of the entry book of the Metropolitan Bank showed a credit to himself and a charge to the Atlantic Bank of the same amount. This called forth the following:

Q.—You yourself was a considerable borrower from the bank? A.—I was not.

Q.—Why does this credit appear here for you? A.—Any money I borrowed of any other bank would be credited that way.

Q.—Suppose on the day Nelson, Robinson & Co. owed you $47,000 you had drawn from your bank $35,000 and had paid the indebtedness of Nelson, Robinson & Co. to yourself, would the credit appear in just that way? A.—It would.

Q.—On Sept. 13, 1883, there was a loan of $35,000. Can you remember whether any part of this sum was given to Nelson, Robinson & Co.? A.—I can only on the same page also show a loan to the firm of $100,000. A.—So far as I can recollect the loans had no connection.

Q.—On Aug. 2, 1883, $40,000 was loaned to Nelson, Robinson & Co. Who asked you for this money? A.—I don't know that anybody asked me for it. I was just as likely to ask them to take it. I don't know whether they asked me or I asked them.

Q.—Was it your interest that Nelson, Robinson & Co. should be provided with funds? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Not only because you and two sons in the business, but because they were carrying your securities? A.—For both reasons.

Q.—Is it not true that if on May 14, 1884, the firm of Nelson, Robinson & Co. had failed, that failure would have involved your own failure? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Knowing this, was it in your style would such a result have followed? A.—I cannot say.

Q.—Among creditors? A.—I do not know but what I might have been able to save myself.

Q.—Is it not true that for a long time previous to May the failure of Nelson, Robinson & Co. would have seriously embarrassed you? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Is it not true that as far back as May, 1883, the failure of Nelson, Robinson & Co. would have caused you great loss? A.—Yes, sir. I helped the firm by leaving securities with them, on which they borrow money elsewhere. The firm was interested in buying and selling the speculative securities on margin.

Q.—You had an interest in keeping the prices of securities up? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—The more that were held as collateral the better it was for the prices? A.—Yes, sir.

The other loans were then taken up, and the witness answered questions about them all. The loan of $75,000 made on 8, 9, 10, 15, 16 Sept. 1883, was made for the account of Mr. Crane, a customer of the West Side Bank. The money was paid at this bank and later transferred to the Atlantic Bank. Mr. Seney said the money was loaned through him, and that no security was received for it. He simply took the $75,000 and gave it to Crane, and didn't leave any security behind him because the West Side Bank didn't ask for any.

Counsellor Stetson then propounded this conundrum:

Then all the securities that you held as collateral for these loans were those that came to you from Nelson, Robinson & Co., and were securities either which the had purchased for you or which they held as collateral or securities which they had purchased for their customers, as you said?

Mr. Seney winkled his brows and studied this question for some time. Finally the stenographer read it three times, and Counsellor Stetson spent five minutes explaining it. Then Mr. Seney answered in a bewildered way:

Yes, sir.

The examination was not concluded.

YACHTSMAN MORSE SENTENCED.

His Career of Forgery Earns him Ten Years in State Prison.

William R. Morse, lately of 118 East 125th street, and formerly bookkeeper of the National Suspender Company, having pleaded guilty of appropriating moneys belonging to the company, was arraigned yesterday in the General Sessions, before Judge Cowing, for sentence. Morse's stealings aggregated about $18,000 within two or three years, and ten indictments for various degrees of forgery and larceny were found against him. He pleaded guilty to four of them. He has been for several years a well-known man about town and an enthusiastic yachtsman. He was the owner of the crack jib-and-mainsail sloop Gracie. His scale of expenditure was that of a man of large income. He has a wife and three children, and his living expenses, outside of his dissipation, were great. When he pleaded, Morse said he was 29 years of age. In the police court, just after his arrest, he said he was 31. No one over 30 can be committed to the Elmira Reformatory.

"How do you plead, guilty or not guilty, Morse?" asked Judge Cowing. "Did you claim to be five years younger than you are to get into the Reformatory?"

"Oh, no, Judge," replied Morse. "I was confused in the police court. I will not be 30 until October next."

A number of friends, including the Commodore of his yacht club and his pastor, the Rev. Albert D. Vail, interceded for Morse, asking that he be sent to the Elmira Reformatory. Judge Cowing said:

Morse, I have given your case careful consideration. Your aged mother and many friends have importuned for mercy in your behalf. Why did you not think of this good old mother, your wife, your children, your friends, when you were tempted to sin? I feel very sorry for them, but for you I deem some severity unavoidable. You had a comfortable home and a fair income. You stole simply to supply yourself with money for lavish expenditure outside of your home. I have ascertained, too, that this is not your first offence. Twelve years ago you robbed an employer, but were spared because of your family. Then, in another employment, you proved to be equally dishonest. You were again spared, and now you come here charged with the third offence. Though I do not propose to punish you for them, I must take into consideration that in addition to the four checks that are the subject matter of the indictments to which you have pleaded guilty, there are 85 other forged checks traced to your hand. The sentence of the Court is that you be imprisoned in the State prison at hard labor for ten years.

Morse's face paled and he clutched the bar. A court officer touched his elbow and he turned as though he was moving in a dream from the bar and followed the officer to the prisoners' box.

The Proposed National Encampment.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—A committee of citizens met in the Mayor's office to-day to take action regarding the proposed national encampment to be held in the park in the latter end of this month. Mayor Smith was chosen Chairman of the committee, and ex-Gov. Underwood gave a short account of the proposed plans. He said there was money enough deposited to his credit to pay for everything to be done. He expects that enough applications for admission will be made to make up the expected number of troops—10 regiments. Invitations have been sent to the Governors of all the States to attend with their staff officers. He also read a list of military companies which had signified their intention to participate, if possible. The list comprised sixty companies, with a total of nearly 5,000 men, and he thought fully 2,000 of these might be counted on. He also mentioned the unwillingness of the Pennsylvania troops to participate, but said they would be invited to take part in the parade on July 4, in order to make it as successful as possible. The Mayor was requested to appoint two sub-committees on reception and invitation, and these he will announce soon. The Mayor was also requested to request the General commanding the Pennsylvania division to assign troops to the encampment to represent the State.

The Alex. H. Stephens Memorial.

AUGUSTA, Ga., June 3.—To-day Adjt.-Gen. John A. Stephens, who is the executor of his late uncle, the Hon. A. H. Stephens, will stop at Crawfordville and execute a deed of Liberty Hall, Mr. Stephens's old home, to the Stephens Memorial Association. Yesterday the work of preparing the grave for the remains of the old commoner was begun in the front yard of Liberty Hall, and everything will be in readiness for the ceremonies of the 10th inst., when the remains of Gov. Stephens will be removed from the vault in Atlanta, where they were buried in March, 1883. The grave will be in the front walk leading to the door of Liberty Hall.

Former Vandevoer's Will Missing.

AMSTERDAM, June 3.—Garrett B. Vandeveer, a well-known farmer, died last week, leaving a large estate. Some years ago he distributed a part of the estate among some of his children. His will cannot be found now, and the parties who acted as witnesses are all dead. Before he died the estate was worth $100,000. Should the will not be found all the children will have an equal interest in the estate, whether they had anything before or not. The case causes much interest in the Mohawk valley.

American-made Carriages Seized in Canada.

OTTAWA, June 3.—Another lot of carriages, valued at $5,000, imported from the United States, has been seized, it having been discovered by the Board of of Appraisers that the axles used in their construction are the product of prison labor. The consignment came from Cincinnati, while the axles were manufactured at the Auburn prison, New York State.

TELLING HOW ODLUM LEAPED.

The Men who Saw it Rehearse their Story to the Coroner's Jury.

When the inquiry into the cause of the death of Robert A. Odlum, the man who leaped from the Brooklyn Bridge on May 19, was begun by Coroner Kennedy yesterday there were three spectators in the court room besides the witnesses and reporters. Capt. Paul Boyton and C. W. Herbert, a friend of Odlum, sat beside the Coroner.

Capt. Boyton told the jury he was a hotel keeper, and that he first met Odlum in Washington at the time of the Hanlan-Courtney race on the Potomac. He saw Odlum jump from the aqueduct bridge the next day. Two years later he saw him jump again. This time it was from a ladder on a ship's mast. The ship was rolling on the waves.

"That was a jump to make one's hair stand on end. He leaned as the mast swayed, and came down like a dash. The drop was about 110 feet. It was much more dangerous, as it seemed to me, than the bridge jump in still air. A little over two years ago he came to New York and got out on the bridge here, which had not then been opened. A workman stopped him or he would have made the jump then. Jumping from the bridge was his dream ever after that.

"I refused to make any arrangements for the jump, when he asked me to do so last month, and he got a professional swimmer to go in a small boat to help him in case he was stunned by the fall. I saw the red figure leap from the wagon to the rail and then into the air. When he struck the water the small boat was nowhere to be seen. I knew he was hurt, and jumped in, dressed as I am now. He was blowing the water from his mouth when I reached him. There was no money up to induce him to jump. I tried to dissuade him, but he said that jumping was his business, and that if he were successful he could get fame, and through that fortune at the great watering places. Then I let him go on."

C. W. Herbert, a friend of Odlum, said that the day before the jump he and Odlum and Boyton were dining in a down-town restaurant. During the meal Odlum upset a bottle, which was broken by the fall. Boyton at once said:

"I want this thing stopped right here. I will have nothing more to do with it." He referred to the jump from the bridge and believed the breaking of the bottle meant bad luck. Odlum laughed at the idea and said that he could jump from the bridge every day for a week. Mr. Herbert said that Odlum's mother knew of the previous attempt to jump from the bridge, and had expressed her belief that it would be successful.

Boyton said that when he brought Odlum alongside of the tug he whispered: "It is all right." Boyton replied: "Yes, you are all right. Brace up and you'll come out all safe." Odlum seemed to revive very rapidly at first.

Other witnesses described the jump and the means taken to revive the injured man, and his subsequent death. Those who had seen Odlum before he jumped said that he had the utmost confidence in his success.

Lawyer J. C. Simons, of Washington, in a letter to Boyton, which was exhibited in court, said that he was the attorney for Odlum's mother, and that she had at first held Boyton responsible for her son's death, but afterward she said that "since the affair has been examined I feel that I have unjustly accused him."

Dr. Conner said the autopsy showed that Odlum died from rupture of the lungs, liver, and other organs and internal hemorrhage. He believed the autopsy necessary, because those who had apparently assisted Odlum were liable to indictment for manslaughter. Besides, this was the first case of its kind on record, and the interests of science demanded that a thorough examination of the body be made. He added: "In the course of the autopsy, which was conducted in the usual manner, there was nothing done that was cruel or inhuman. Neither was there any mutilation of the body, as was charged."

The jury considered the testimony for fifteen minutes, and then returned a verdict that Odlum came to his death from "injuries caused by jumping from the Brooklyn Bridge of his own free will."

A LARK FOR THE PRINTERS.

They are Having a Jolly Time and are Doing Some Business Besides.

The printers had another interval of business between pleasures at Irving Hall yesterday. These delegates were elected to the Confederation of Trades and Labor, to meet soon at Washington:

William Grayden, Jr., of New York, Samuel S. Green of Louisville, and W. J. Hammond of New Orleans.

A committee was appointed to consider the advisability of changing the method of governing the union. Some members favored the appointment of Supervising and Executive Boards. Mr. Cummin introduced this:

Resolved, that the practice of giving certain and particular portions of composition to Mr. Copley advertising agency, Mr. Hopkins's ship to Wanamaker's, and all kinds of composition now and heretofore known as departments to a favored few be and is hereby abolished.

Resolved, that all copy in every office under the jurisdiction of union shall be taken from the common book, and not from the office of the special favorites, shown or granted to any class of union men not shown or granted to all union men.

The resolution will probably be considered to-day. A committee was appointed to prepare for the incorporation of the Union.

This afternoon a type-setting match between Joe Blair, foreman of the *Herald*, and Ira Simons of the *World* will take place at the *Star* office. They will set in solid minion for two hours, and every mistake will take off a line from their setting.

Last evening the Convention attended a clambake at Oak Point. Mr. Gatter, the Chairman of the Reception Committee, says that the printers are having the greatest time they have ever had anywhere and that it will cost less than $3,000. The banquet at Irving Hall to-night will be the main expense, costing about $2,000.

George Washington Childs has invited the delegates to visit the *Ledger* office and inspect his clocks, if convenient.

ANNEXED DISTRICT WATER.

Although of Unpleasant Taste and Smell the Health Board Says it is Healthy.

For some time residents of Morrisania and other parts of the annexed district have complained that the water supplied to them by the public water mains has a vile odor, and that the taste is exceedingly bad.

"We have to boil it and then cool it with ice before we can drink it," an officer of the Oyer and Terminer Court said yesterday. "It is a fact that many people have been unable to use it in any way without deodorizing it in some way. There are plenty of cases of sickness traceable to the water."

At the Department of Public Works it was said that this district was supplied from the Bronx River through the new aqueduct, which was completed last year. A good many complaints have been filed, and measures were to be taken to flush out the aqueduct and city pipes and thus carry off the matter that is making the trouble.

The Board of Health have reported that its experts have examined the water, but that, while it doesn't look or smell very nice, it is perfectly healthy.

Mayor Harrison After the Gamblers.

CHICAGO, June 3.—An order has been sent out from Police Headquarters, in accordance with instructions from the Mayor, instructing the police to ascertain in what places gambling is being carried on, and notify the persons conducting such places that the order relative to the seizure and destruction of gambling implements will be enforced literally on and after the 5th inst. The police are also instructed to keep a sharp lookout for violations of the ordinance relative to the sale of liquor to minors and drunkards, and where the offence of selling liquor to either minors or drunkards is reported to place the offender under arrest without warrant, and if in the presence of officers by arrest without warrant.

The proprietors of all the regular gambling houses and the saloon keepers in whose places poker is played have been notified of this order. The notification was a great surprise to them. None of them had expected it, and all regarded it as meaning business.

Sanchez's Fillibuster Expedition.

HAVANA, May 30.—The expedition under Sanchez landed on the beach at Obando. It consisted of from twelve to eighteen men. Sanchez separated from his companions for the purpose of raising recruits, but not finding any sympathy among the people he rejoined his men. They afterward had an engagement with the troops and were defeated. It is supposed that the band has dispersed, as no groups of men have since been seen. Antonio Molti, Civil Governor of the province of Santiago de Cuba, in his proclamation declaring that province in a state of siege, says that all rebels presenting themselves within eight days will be pardoned, with the exception of the leaders of the movement.

Havana Newspapers Suspended.

HAVANA, May 30.—The newspaper *Triunfo* has been sentenced to suspension of publication for forty days for printing an article in which the Conservative party was called a herd. *La Voz de Cuba*, on account of a retaliatory article stigmatizing the Liberal party as a mob, has been sentenced to twenty days' suspension.

Wheat Shipment from Toledo.

TOLEDO, June 3.—The first real activity in marine circles at this port this season was noticed yesterday in the taking of 200,000 bushels of wheat for shipment by lake and canal to New York at 2½c. The wheat is being loaded into ten canal boats, and the fleet will be on its way to Buffalo to-day.

Narrow Escape from Lynching.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., June 3.—A row occurred in Walter Maloney's saloon at Vulcan Sunday night, during which Maloney shot two Italians, one fatally. A mob of Italians drove Maloney and his family out of the building and set fire to it. Maloney narrowly escaped being lynched.

MISS GORLITZ DISMISSED.

She Says she was Persecuted and Miss Knapp Treated her Shabbily.

The Board of Education took up again yesterday the report of the Committee on Education recommending the removal of Miss Rachel S. Gorlitz, assistant teacher in Primary Department No. 25, for insubordination. She had been requested by the Superintendent to appear on a certain day for a reexamination. She failed to appear. She was again notified, but paid no attention to it. Afterward her counsel sent a communication asking what reason or precedent there was for further examination.

Commissioner Tamsen said he was satisfied Miss Gorlitz had been the victim of persecution in the school; still, as she had refused to heed the request of the Superintendent, he thought she ought to be dismissed.

A letter which Miss Gorlitz had written to the Board was read. She said she had a record of 92 per cent. on any examination, and received a permanent "Grammar A" license, which she had held ever since. "I would respectfully suggest," she wrote, "that if the charge against me is incompetence, it is somewhat singular that this fact was not discovered for twenty-two years." She added:

Although I have been careful to do nothing which might justly reproof or faultfinding, Miss Knapp, the principal, has seen fit to use, in the presence of my class and of other teachers, language scarcely to be expected from such a source. On May 9, 1884, in the presence of my class, she said, "Next week you indressing the children will have some one that has sense to take care of you." She told Mr. Moore, in the presence of another teacher that I was "downright lazy." At another time she said to me, "You have no more sense than a four-year-old child." Whenever trustees called Miss Knapp would prejudice their minds against me.

I have not been guilty of insubordination. I have endeavored to do my duty, to act respectfully to your honorable Board and all its officers, and I respectfully protest against being convicted of an offence of which I am innocent and the commission of which was furthest from my intentions and desires.

Mr. Crary wanted to fine Miss Gorlitz fifteen days' pay and require her to pass an examination when the Superintendent saw fit to ask it. He thought dismissal too severe a punishment. The Board thought otherwise and dismissed Miss Gorlitz by a vote of 17 to 2.

HE CLIMBED OVER THE BACK FENCE.

Mr. Simons Sues Miss Hoyt for Locking him Up when he Called to Collect a Bill.

Mary Irene Hoyt, who is now contesting before Surrogate Rollins the will of her father, the late Jesse Hoyt, has been sued in the Superior Court by George C. Simons for damages for alleged false imprisonment. Simons says in his complaint that on April 14 last he called at Miss Hoyt's residence, 454 Lexington avenue, to collect for W. W. Wall a confectionery bill. Miss Hoyt opened the door.

She flew into a great passion on being presented with the bill and, in a wild, excited, and violent manner, locked the outer door and caused her servant to bar and bolt all other doors leading from the said premises and in a violent and threatening manner declared she would not permit him to leave, and that she would keep him there all night, detaining him from 12½ P. M., and that she would put him in a third-floor room furnished with a blue suite of furniture.

Simons further asserts that she did "by force imprison him until 5 o'clock the next morning, when he discovered a key in the kitchen door, in the rear of the house, and in that way got out and climbed over the fence."

Miss Hoyt, in her answer, says that a person whom she supposes to be Simons in a violent manner demanded payment of the bill, and said he would not leave until he was paid. She then went to see Mr. Wall, locking her doors, and he promised to pay the bill on receipt, and against her wish, Simons subsequently called on her mother. Miss Hoyt says, and said that unless she paid him $50 he would cause trouble, and that he was paid that sum in full settlement.

MISS WALSH'S SHARP TRICK.

She Robs Mrs. Fagan's Rooms while that Lady is Visiting her.

Lizzie Fagan, a married woman, living at 647 Tenth avenue, visited Ida Walsh, an Irish servant, at 405 West Forty-ninth street, on Feb. 10. They were old friends and Ida did the honors by sending out for some beer. After they had chatted for some time, Ida went out, telling Mrs. Fagan to wait for her. She went to a locksmith and, telling him that she had been locked out of her apartments, induced him to go with her. She took the locksmith to the house and then got him to pick the lock for her. She paid and dismissed him.

Then she took the most valuable things she could find, put on one of Mrs. Fagan's hats and shawls, and left the house. Her friend waited for her until night, and then went home. She reported the burglary, and on Feb. 18 the stolen articles were found in Ida Walsh's room.

Yesterday morning Mrs Fagan saw her former friend come out of an employment office in Fourth avenue. She ran up and seized her by the arm.

"Ida," she exclaimed, "you broke into my house and stole my things."

"I know I did," Ida replied. She went with Mrs. Fagan to the police station, and there admitted having stolen the articles, she pleaded guilty in the Yorkville Court, and was held in $1,500 for trial.

He Used Only a Fork and Spoon.

John Quinn of 15 Bowery visited Antonio Lavore's stale beer dive at 35 Mulberry street on the evening of May 19, and drank freely and cheaply. He quarrelled with Lavore about a woman who frequented the dive, and Lavore, drawing out a stiletto, stabbed Quinn in the face. In his trial yesterday in the General Sessions Lavore, a tawny skinned, beetle-browed, muscular man, with the peculiar cast of injured innocence, He denied that he had ever owned a Quinn with so sharp instrument, and said he had never owned a knife.

"How, then," Recorder Smyth asked, "did you cut your face, as the evidence shows?"

"We have forks and spoons, signor," replied Lavore, meekly. "Never have knife."

"Stop this nonsense," the Recorder exclaimed the Rarest specimen of your race! No knife—humph!"

The jury convicted Lavore. Then he began to shout at the top of his voice:

"Mercy, mercy! I no stabb——" Five court officers wrestled with him, and got him into the prisoners' box. As the door was closed upon him he was crying: "Me kills ——, Me cuts ——, hearts out!"

Hiring a Man to Commit Arson.

Joseph Meyer, the proprietor of a little dry goods store at 1,118 First avenue, told Justice Patterson in the Yorkville Court yesterday that Abraham Reitsch of 313 East Sixtieth street, had offered him $400 to commit arson. He said Reitsch told him that he knew how he could easily make money. He then drew some keys out of his pocket, and said that they were the keys of his room, in which he had his furniture stored. He said he had an insurance of $600 on the furniture, and that he would give him $400 if he would set fire to it. He refused to do it.

Reitsch admitted that he has $800 insurance on some furniture in a room back of Gebhardt's saloon at 313 East Sixtieth street. The house is a tenement. He denied having made any such offer. Justice Patterson remanded him until to-day.

Tired, Not Disrespectful.

The Twenty-third Regiment stood at rest on Decoration Day in Hanson place, Brooklyn, while the Grand Army posts marched past. Some of the Grand Army men believe that this was intended as an insult, the regiment having been opposed to participating in the parade until it was definitely settled that Gov. Hill would be on the reviewing stand. Col. Ward said that as the regiment would have to stand in line more than an hour, and many of the members were not capable of holding their pieces in a trying position for that time, he thought it best to ease up a little. He denied that there was any intentional disrespect.

Sent to Jail for his Gallantry.

Otto Metz, 31 years old, of 160 East Eighty-sixth street, visited the saloon of Magdalene Hetzel, at 403 Fifth street, on May 23, and Magdalene's husband joked Otto about his girl. He got mad, and made things rather warm for the Hetzels, who had him arrested. Otto said to Justice Welde at Essex Market yesterday that he could allow no thing man to impugn the character of his girl, and wouldn't have her lightly spoken of. He did threaten to shoot Jake Heizel, and would do so yet if he provoked him again. Otto was sent to jail for six months.

Edith Evelyn Hoyle Abducted.

Justice Bartlett, in Brooklyn on Tuesday, issued a bench warrant for the arrest of Mary Armitage, on a charge of abducting Edith Evelyn Hoyle, the infant daughter of Thomas Hoyle of Auburn. The woman was supposed to be hiding at the residence of Mr. Pleus, 17 Patchen avenue, prior to her departure for Europe. A deputy sheriff searched the house, but could find no trace of her or the missing child. Mrs. Pleus told him that the child was gone. The child is said to have been removed from Auburn on Monday by Mr. and Mrs. Pleus.

He Took Greenwood for a Pickpocket.

George Greenwood, who was arrested in Jerome Park on Friday for attempted pocket picking, was tried in Special Sessions yesterday. Detective O'Connor said he saw Greenwood's hand in a man's pocket. Greenwood counsel says the prisoner arrived from England a week ago to-day, went to the races for pure love of horse racing, and lost $150 betting. He was in comfortable circumstances in England. The Court discharged Greenwood.

Ex-Policeman Kinnard Clubbed.

Ex-Policeman Samuel W. Kinnard, who resigned from the force about a month ago, rather than stand trial for assaulting a brother policeman, who tried to arrest him for intoxication, was arrested for the same cause by Policeman Michael Grey of the 100th street squad on Tuesday night. He resisted arrest, and Grey clubbed him so badly that he had to be taken to the Ninety-ninth Street Hospital.

The Bedford Sailed for Europe.

The hearing in the case of Mrs. Alice O'Keeffe, who is suing Ross B. Winans for divorce, has been postponed until Sept. 15, because stephen P. Nash, the referee, has sailed for Europe. Ex-Judge Curtis, Mrs. O'Keeffe's lawyer, said yesterday that when the hearing is resumed he will move to have the case transferred to a court and tried before a jury.

Mutineers Lodged in Jail.

Michael Murphy and Denis Tracy of the crew of the bark John Bazley, who are charged with having mutinied at Cardenas, arrived as prisoners on the ship Tarifa yesterday and were removed to Ludlow street jail to await examination.

None to Contend for the Cadetships.

Congressman Joseph Pulitzer offered an appointment to West Point to the poor boy who should come out best after a competitive examination. This examination was to have taken place at the College of the City of New York yesterday. Three boys appeared. One had a last year's application, and the other two had no application whatever. This left no contestants.

Falsely Accused by a Young Girl.

Maggie A. Richardson, 20 years old, of 444 West Forty-seventh street, was on trial for two hours yesterday in Special Sessions on a charge of extorting money from Teresa Faist, the fourteen-year-old daughter of Butcher Charles F. Faist, 912 Ninth avenue. Teresa said Maggie had compelled her to steal money from her father's drawer and give it to her. The girl's statements were contradictory, and Miss Richardson was discharged.

Wanted—Females.

A.—UP-TOWN ADVERTISERS
A May leave their favors for THE SUN at the only authorized up-town advertisement offices:
1,238 Broadway, corner 31st st., till 9 P. M.
808 West 23d st., corner 6th av., till 8 P. M.
760 3d av., entrance on 47th st., till 8 P. M.
1,53[illegible] 4th av., corner 14th st., till 9 P. M.
1,007 3d av., near 45th st.
257 East 125th st., near 3d av., till 7:30 P. M.
No extra charge.

A.—A.—Wish to make long engagements with experienced chemist and gown operators; positively steady employment and prices equal to any other house. Apply at workrooms of R. H. MACY & CO., 13th st. entrance, 4th floor.

A NUMBER of experienced operators on ladies' underegarments and lawn sacques; also buttonhole operators; steam power.
DANZIG & SONDHEIM, 112 Greene st.

A GIRL, to do general housework, cook, wash, and iron; willing to go in the country; German preferred. Apply at 552 Grand st.

A FIRST-CLASS tailoress on custom vests, at 57 East Broadway, top floor.

BOOK FOLDERS and stitchers; also a few learners. Call after 9 o'clock. J. RALPH, 9 Spruce st.

BONNAZ operators wanted. Apply to
J. WEBSTER, 22 Walker st.

BONNAZ operators wanted at
23 St. Mark's place.

EXPERIENCED markers and sorters in cellar and cuff department. Washington Steam Laundry, Nos. 52 and 54 Greene st.

EXPERIENCED operators wanted on gingham and salme suits. 127 West Broadway.

FLUTERS, crimpers, and good Fedora hands wanted; also first-class tucker; steady work to experienced workers. H. F. WYATT, 155 Greene st.

FINISHERS wanted on fine custom shirts; 15 cents per dozen paid for eyelets gussets, &c.
P. G. WILMARTH, 48 Broad st., room 37.

FIRST-CLASS dressmaker and finisher.
Mrs. ALLEN, 58 Sullivan st.

FIRST-CLASS dressmaker to make silk suits. Apply after 10 o'clock, at 21 Bleecker st.

GIRLS to learn neckties; good sewers only; steady work. 129 Huron st., Greenpoint.

GOOD hand sewers on cloaks; come ready to work. 363 Canal st., second floor.

OPERATORS on W. & W. No. 2 machines to make shirt trimmings.
V. HENRY ROTHSCHILD & CO., 13 Desbrosses st.

WANTED—Ladies or gentlemen to take light, pleasant employment at their own homes; work sent by mail (distance no objection); $2 to $5 a day can be quietly made; no canvassing. Please address
GLOBE MFG. CO., Boston, Mass., box 5,344.

WANTED—First-class dressmakers, improvers, and apprentices.
M. J. DONNELLY, 201 East 59th st., corner 3d av.

WANTED—First-class collar starchers; also learners. Troy Steam Laundry, 232 Fulton st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A young girl to do kitchen work in a restaurant. 43 Walker st.

WAIST and skirt hands wanted. 814 4th av., between 53d and 54th sts.

WANTED—A good hand to make drawers. Inquire at 88 Nassau st.

YOUNG GIRLS can obtain situations free, lodgings and meals at 6 cents each, at the Girls' Lodging House, 27 St. Mark's place, one block east of Cooper Institute under care of nurses (Society).

Wanted—Males.

A FIRST-CLASS fitter; one accustomed to all kinds of custom work; a permanent job to right man. Apply by letter or in person to
JAMES PARK, 16 State st., Hartford, Conn.

A.—WANTED—Imperial Hotel, 133 Chatham st., lodgers; single spring beds, 25c. a night; $1 2½ weekly; new and first-class; coolest and best ventilated.

A.—WANTED coatmakers at once at 198 Flatbush av. and 450 Dean st. CAMERON, Agt., Brooklyn.

AGENTS.—5 pounds choice tea, $1; worth $2. SAMPLE TEA CO., 283 Pearl st. and 40 Vesey st.

A GOOD carriage painter for general work.
A. P. WRIGHT, 97 Bowery.

AN OFFICE BOY; wages $3. MERCHANT, box 138, Sun office.

BLACKSMITH wanted on wagon and truck work. 132 Grand st., Jersey City. WRIGHT & MARTINS.

CARPENTERS.—Wanted, 20 mechanics to work on frame buildings. Apply ready for work, to
ROBINSON & MCDOWELL, Builders, Clifton, S. I.

CONFECTIONER wanted to make candy and ice cream. 594 11th av.

ERRAND BOY wanted in a store. Address WALL, box 158, Sun office.

FIRST-CLASS woollen examiners; only experienced parties need apply at the pressing rooms of THEO. TEDEMANN & BRO'S, 35 and 37 Wooster st.

FLOORMAN HORSESHOER.
E. T. HUMPHREYS, Stapleton Staten Island.

GLASS SIGNS.—One sciller and brusher; steady employment to right man.
FROEHLICH & CO., 173 Canal st.

GORDON PRESS FEEDER.
MAVIN BROS., 464 6th av.

GOOD coat tailors wanted to work in the store. Apply at 435 3d av.

GORDON PRESS FEEDERS. 316 Washington st.

LITHOGRAPHIC transferers; first-class men only; permanent engagement.
JULIUS BIEN & CO., 139 Duane st.

RULING MACHINE FEEDER on striker.
R. WYNKOOP, HALLENBECK & CO., 121 Fulton st.

SALESMAN wanted to solicit orders for bronze, copper, brass, and white metal castings; one acquainted with the trade. Address
BRONZE WORKS, Newark, N. J.

STRAW HAT blockers wanted by the London Manufacturing Co., 60 West 23d st., 4th floor, elevator.

SHOE FITTER wanted on custom gaiter uppers. 22 Frankfort st.

TAILORS.—A good coat maker; one willing to bushel.
ATKINSON, 137 Concord st., Brooklyn.

TAILOR.—1 coat and 1 pants maker; hat willing to bushel. 137 Concord st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—Two good cutters, 10 stonecutters and 2 masons at Oyster Bay, L. I.; good wages. Long Island Railroad to Syosset Station. 9 A. M. train to Oyster Bay.
SMITH & BROWN.

WANTED—German compositor on reprint. Man to sell only specialty. FRANDEALER steam Printing Establishment, 34 av. and 47th st.

WANTED—Person to handle book of interest to ladies; just out; money in it. DETROIT PUBLISHING CO., 48 Moffat Block, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—Experienced floor planers at the Valencia apartment houses, 50th st., between 6th and 7th ave.

WANTED—First-class shoe salesman; one that can sell goods. J. O'HARA & BRO., 376 3d av.

WANTED—Gordon press feeders.
WYNKOOP, HALLENBECK & CO., 121 Fulton st.

WANTED—A good tailor; on pants preferred.
J. C. BRUCE, the Tailor, 241 West 37th st.

WANTED—Tin roofer.
S. HIGGINS & SON, 439 4th av.

WANTED—Boy in doctor's office.
C. C., 368 W. 23d st.

WANTED—Cornice and galvanized iron workers. Apply at 44 Centre st., between 11 and 12 A. M.

WOOD TURNER. H. B. STEVENSON & CO., 1 and 3 Wallace st., Brooklyn, E. D.

WANTED—2 carpenters at 25 and 27 John st., Brooklyn; 8 A. M. Bring tools.

WANTED—A fireman horseshoer at 247 Hudson av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A young man cook in dining saloon. 503 11th av.

2 CARRIAGE PAINTERS and 2 wagon painters at 745-749 3d av., Brooklyn.
DONIGAN & NIELSON.

2 FIRST-CLASS coat makers; short distance in the country. Apply to W. H. STILES, 9 to 10, 36 Thomas st.

Situations Wanted.

AN ENGINEER, accustomed to building, erecting, and running machinery, would like a situation in any or all of the above branches; satisfactory references furnished. Address ENGINEER, box 155, Sun office.

FURNITURE SLIP COVERS made to order, latest styles, $5 a suite upward; cutting and pinning, $2 50 upward; material, 10c. to 50c. Mrs. V. DAY, 213 West 10th st. Call or postal.

WANTED—A baby or grown child to care at home. Call or address, three days, 476 2d av., top floor, southeast corner of 27th st; ring three times.

Personal Notices.

MRS. WILSON.—Please call at once, 130 West 27th st. G. W. WELSH, top floor, front; Mrs. Smith.

Musical Instruments.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.—Large assortment, new and second hand; lowest prices; easiest terms; new pianos, $10 monthly; organs, $5; pianos rented, $4.
HORACE WATERS & CO., 124 5th av., near 18th st.

VERY RESTORGANS and UPRIGHT PIANOS, $22 to $300, for cash; easy payments or rented; manufactured by the MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN AND PIANO CO., 46 East 14th st., Union square.

$90—PIANO, cover, and stool, $5 monthly until paid; Chickering, bargain; $5; pianos rented, $4. HORACE WATERS & CO., 25 East 14th st.

$100—UPRIGHT pianoforte, 7½-octave; instalments, $10; rent, $1; Peloubet organs, $25. BIDDLE & CO., 8 East 14th st.

$125—UPRIGHT piano, fine tone; square, $15; organs, $25. GORDON'S, 13 East 14th st.

FISCHER PIANOS—Renowned for tone and durability. 417 West 28th st. and 867 Broadway, 16th st.

Dry Goods.

MATTINGS, $4 per roll upwards; carpets lowest prices ever known. LESTER & CO., 739 Broadway.

For Sale.

GRAVESTONES for sale cheap, to settle up an estate. JOHN WILSON, 192 24th st., near Greenwood.

Amusements.

WALLACK'S. Broadway and 30th st.
No Speculators Connected with this Theatre.
BLACK McCAULL HUSSAR.
BLACK OPERA COMIQUE HUSSAR.
BLACK COMPANY. HUSSAR.
Orchestra, $1 50; Balcony, $1. Admission, 50 cents. Family Circle, 25 cents. Matinee Saturday at 2.

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Unbated success of the sparkling operetta, FOLLY, by the Gaiety Comic Opera Company (E. E. Rice, Manager). The cast includes Miss Lillian Russell, Mr. J. H. Ryley, &c. Roof Garden Promenade Concert after performance. Admission, including both entertainments, 50c.

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Third week of AMERICAN-ENGLISH OPERA CO.
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GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Reserved seats (orchestra circle and balcony), 50c.
Miss ROSE COGHLAN in OUR HEARTS.
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