ACCIDENT ON THE BALTIMORE & OHIO.

An Express Train Wrecked by a Misplaced Switch—Twenty-one Persons Injured.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 12.—A frightful wreck occurred at the blue-stone quarry on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at 7 o'clock this morning. Train No. 12, the through express from Baltimore to Pittsburgh, consisting of a sleeper, two coaches, two baggage cars, and one express car, ran into a misplaced switch, and was completely wrecked. The sleeper rolled over the embankment into the Youghiogheny River. The other cars were upset, and the whole train was detached from the engine. Twenty-one persons were injured, but none was killed outright. The names of the injured are:

C. E. Boyle, member of Congress from the Fayette district; John Dowlin, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Twenty-third district; J. N. McIlhon, legal agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Company; E. H. Bigler, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Twenty-second district; J. Foy, Boston, foot hurt; John Sheridan, Belmont, W. Va., right arm cut; R. Shaines, New York, right hand and back hurt slightly; Mrs. W. L. Wells, Indianapolis, leg sprained; Charles Hirsch, New York, shoulder hurt and scalp wound; F. Young, New York, back and leg sprained; Joseph E. Dolan, Brooklyn, hands cut; Mrs. Lucy Moffatt, Sewickley, Pa., hands bruised; S. H. Wiermer, Garrett, Pa., believed to be injured internally; Mrs. Dyer, Pittsburgh, back sprained; C. F. Idding, scalp wound and head bruised; F. McGraw, badly cut; unknown man, hands badly bruised; J. A. Kelly, Baltimore; Orin Van Meter, Pittsburgh; George Lane, England; John Yonker, Connellsville, and Freight Agent Burgessor were slightly injured.

None of the wounded is believed to be dangerously injured, except Congressman Boyle, whose condition is serious, but he will probably recover. Collectors Dowlin and Bigler were slightly bruised.

The express was about fifteen minutes late when the accident occurred. At Blue-Stone Quarry the track makes a sharp curve, and there is a switch at the beginning of the curve. The officials of the road say the switch had been tampered with, evidently with the intention of causing a wreck. Had the switch been open the train would have passed to the other track all right and would have been stopped before any damage was done. As it was the train could go on neither track. The result was that the engine dashed along the ties, tearing up the track.

The cries of the injured were heard from every car. Frightened passengers sprang from windows and struggled with each other to escape from the rolling cars. A messenger was sent to Connellsville for medical assistance, and in a short time several physicians arrived on a special train. The injured were removed to the hotels at Connellsville.

Orin Van Meter of this city, by his heroic action, saved the sleeping car from taking fire, and perhaps some of the passengers from death. When the train jumped the track he grabbed the stove with a death-like grip and held on until the car stopped at the foot of the embankment, where he let go to find the flesh burnt off both hands and arms.

Collector Dowling said: "I was up to my neck in water and might have been drowned, but I managed to pull myself out. We were awakened by the rough riding, and discovered that the train was running on the ties. Before we could make an effort to get out the coach was thrown into the river. The car made two revolutions before striking the water. It alighted on its end in the river. There was about five feet of water at the point where it struck. The greatest confusion followed, and there was a wild struggle to get out of the car. Mr. Boyle was wedged in between the seats and I helped him get out. His legs were badly bruised and bled profusely. His injuries were dressed near the scene after nearly an hour had elapsed. He was taken to Connellsville, and from that point was sent home."

THE BLIND WIFE MURDERER.

Hugh McCann of Newburgh to be Tried for Killing his Wife in February Last.

NEWBURGH, Nov. 12.—Sheriff Mills brought blind Hugh McCann to this city to-day to be tried for the murder of his wife, Mary Crawford McCann. The crime was committed at 374 Liberty street in this city in February last. McCann is totally blind, having lost his eyesight about thirty years ago while blasting rocks. He is about 60 years old, and his wife was twenty years his senior when she died. He has lived here about forty years, and although poor now, was at one time worth considerable property. The trial will take place before Judge Barnard and Mr. M. H. Hirschberg will defend him.

The McCanns are said to have been intemperate, and have had frequent quarrels. A woman who was passing the McCann house on the day the alleged crime was committed said she heard groans from inside, and stopped and inquired of Mrs. McCann what was the trouble. Mrs. McCann was lying on the floor between a rocking chair and the window. Mr. McCann was in the hall near a wood box, and seemed to be feeling for something in the box. Mrs. McCann's face was terribly bruised, and blood was streaming therefrom. In reply to questions she said that "Hugh is too ugly to live. He has been abusing me all day, and now he has finished me." After she had asked to be assisted to the lounge she addressed her husband, who had entered the room, and said: "You have long promised me this, and now you have finished me." The blind man said: "She has been quarreling with me since half past 6 this morning, and I tell her that if I struck her we would both be sorry." Mrs. McCann also said that her husband had knocked her down in the doorway between the two rooms, and trampled upon her. She was in great fear that he would attack her again, and she begged the woman who had come in to remain with her. McCann said he would not touch her again, and the woman left the house.

Mrs. McCann died about forty-eight hours afterward, and the physicians who had attended her refused to give a certificate of death. Then the Coroner took hold of the case, and the result was that McCann was held for the Grand Jury. He was subsequently indicted upon the charge of murdering his wife. The Coroner's examination showed that the woman had been beaten with a cudgel of some kind, and that parts of her body indicated that she had also been kicked or pounded. When arrested, McCann denied having inflicted the injuries. He said that he supposed his wife was hurt by running against a door. The scratches and bruises on his own face, which bore the imprint of finger nails, he accounted for by saying that he fell on the sidewalk when he was drunk.

SAYS HE IS A MURDERER.

A Convict Asserts that Another Man is Suffering for his Crime.

SYCAMORE, Ill., Nov. 12.—Sheriff Wood arrived from Joliet last night with James Young, the convict who was sent to the penitentiary for ten years from Carroll county. He has confessed that he murdered Hiram P. Allen, a farmer of Sandwich, in 1880, for which crime Will Thomas is now serving the fifth year of a seventeen years' sentence. Young was brought into court this morning and pleaded guilty to the charge of murder. The Judge will not accept the plea until the matter has been further investigated. Young said his reason for confessing was that he had done the deed and wanted to get the matter off his mind.

On the night of Feb. 14, 1880, Mrs. Hiram P. Allen awoke and saw her husband spring from bed and grapple with a burglar, who was prying through Allen's pockets. Mrs. Allen then ran into a closet. Just as the burglar shot Mr. Allen dead, a daughter was aroused, and ran screaming from the house. Libbie Allen, the daughter, swore that she identified the voice of Will Thomas as that of the murderer. A female detective, Cora Munn, testified that Thomas confessed the murder to her. Thomas was sentenced to seventeen years in the penitentiary.

Capt. M. V. Allen, a brother of Hiram Allen, said to-day: "James Young never murdered my brother. His statement is a scheme to get Will Thomas out of Joliet, but it will fail."

They Thought the Truant was Murdered.

CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., Nov. 11.—Seven years ago George Devinney, 14 years old, disappeared from his home in Path Valley, in the northern part of Franklin county. Four years later the bones of a person said by physicians to have been about fourteen years old at the time of death were discovered upon the mountain just above Burns's Valley, and were identified by David Porter Devinney as being the remains of his son from the articles found near them. Two men were arrested for having murdered the boy, and were discharged for lack of evidence. A few days ago George Devinney returned to his parents' home.

In August, 1878, George Devinney was accused of theft, and a warrant was issued for his apprehension. He learned of the search for him by a constable, and escaped to Huntingdon county. There Mr. William H. Dox gave him employment in his blacksmith shop in Blairville. After a month's service with him, George suddenly took his departure, and was never thereafter seen by his employer, although heard of on several occasions as living among the boatmen on the Juniata River. Whose bones were found upon the mountain has not been ascertained.

Prices for Making Shoes.

BROCKTON, Mass., Nov. 12.—For months there has been a feeling of insecurity among the shoe manufacturers here owing to the threatening attitude of the Lasters' Union. The Manufacturers' Association to-day issued a manifesto, in which they submitted a scale of prices to the lasters for adoption on and before Nov. 16. The manifesto said: "We feel compelled to do this in consequence of the demands made upon us by persons not in our employ, and for our own as well as the business interests of our city. We have endeavored to be as liberal in our prices as possible, and yet be able to protect our interests. These prices are fixed after a careful examination of the rates paid for all grades throughout Brockton, and are higher than the average heretofore paid."

This association is very strong. A general strike is among the possibilities. A strike in one shop will close every factory in the association.

A Public Sheep Shearing.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 12.—The Cotton and Wool Exchange yesterday afternoon arranged for the national sheep shearing to be held here on April 7 and 8 next. The proposition originated with the Missouri Wool Growers' Association, and was taken up by the wool dealers and others here. The prize list will foot up $1,500, and it was determined to make the first public shearing in this country a notable event.

PROTESTING SCHOOL TEACHERS.

The Objections to the Readjustment of Salaries Set Forth in a Long Report.

The female school teachers met again in the East Twelfth street school yesterday to protest against the readjustment of salaries by the Board of Education. There was a larger attendance than at any of the preceding meetings. Five hundred of them united in voting that the new protective association which they organized last week to guard their rights be called the Society of Public School Teachers of New York City. They want it distinguished from the Teachers' Association, which they say has done nothing for them whenever their salaries have been threatened.

Mrs. Depp, Chairman of the Committee on Objections, read the report that is to be laid before President Walker at the next meeting of the Board of Education. Every female teacher in town had been asked to send her objections to the proposed readjustment scheme, and all the objections received were incorporated in the report.

The report sets forth primarily that it is unfair to cut down any teacher's salary when the steady increase of population and the steady demand for improved methods of teaching and thoroughness of tuition is so great as at the present time. It says further that the Holt scheme of salary equalization gives no recognition to the experience a teacher gains by years of service, but, on the contrary, by paring down her compensation to increase the pay of the younger and less experienced teacher directly discourages all teachers from seeking advancement in the service. Statistics are quoted showing that teachers who have been in service from 17 to 31 years have their pay lowered causelessly, while teachers fresh from the Normal College have their salaries raised.

The report strenuously objects to the proposed method of making the average attendance of scholars in a school upon which salaries are to be graded. It says that the teachers can't fairly be held responsible for the vagaries of the attendance roll. It sets forth that, while it is notorious that it is harder to teach boys than girls, and more wearing on the teacher, yet under the proposed readjustment the teachers of boy classes do not receive a cent more for the increased difficulties of their work.

Furthermore the report says the Holt scheme perpetuates the unfair discrimination between the sexes in the grading of pay for the same class of work, by making nearly $1,000 difference against the female in the compensation for work of the highest grade, and extending the unjust difference proportionately throughout all the other grades. Finally, the report broadly hints that in every other department of the public service except the public schools the incumbent is protected against any diminution of salary during tenure of office. If the Board of Education must cut down the salaries the reductions, the report asserts, ought to be made in fairness to apply to the new comers, and not the old and tried servants of the Board.

When the 500 protestants had clapped their hands in commendation till they were tired the report was adopted with enthusiasm, and ordered to be printed. Copies will be sent first to the Board and then to all the newspaper editors in town.

SMALL-POX ON THE WANE.

The Number of Patients in Montreal is Steadily Decreasing.

MONTREAL, Nov. 12.—The turn of the tide has come at last. The cases of small-pox are steadily decreasing. This is due to the thorough system of isolation now in force, and to the prosecution of all offenders against the sanitary laws. Yesterday there were only ten deaths in the city, by far the lowest number in one day for many weeks. There were thirteen in the neighboring municipalities, making a total of twenty-three.

Another disgraceful riot in connection with the removal of patients took place to-day. Dr. Cabana of the Health Department, accompanied by Sanitary Officer Lefaunesse, went with the ambulance to a house in Albert street to remove Mme. Donpierre to the small-pox hospital. When they entered the house Mr. Donpierre shouted that they must not touch his wife, and ordered them out. They withdrew, but on reaching the street the crowd pelted them with rotten apples. This afternoon they returned accompanied by six constables, but Donpierre met them at the door with a revolver in his hand, and threatened to shoot the first man who crossed his door step. Meanwhile a dense crowd of infuriated French Canadians had congregated in the street, threatened to kill the constables, and pelted them with stones, driving them away. Several of the officers were badly hurt. As this is Thanksgiving Day, the courts are closed, but to-morrow warrants will be issued for several of the rioters.

SWEENY ON TRIAL FOR MURDER.

The Man who Went With Peter Smith to Kill Night Watchman Hannon.

The trial of Alexander Sweeny, jointly indicted with Peter Smith, who is under sentence of death for the shooting of Night Watchman John Hannon, at the pier at the foot of East Thirty-eighth street, on the night of April 7, began yesterday in the General Sessions, before Recorder Smyth. Hannon and Smith had fought two years before the shooting, and Smith, being worsted, vowed to be revenged. Sweeny had also a grudge of the same nature against Hannon, arising out of a fight, the afternoon before the shooting. Hannon was dozing in his cabin on the pier when Smith and Sweeny entered. Richard Tracey, who was lying down in the cabin, to Hannon's remission, was startled by a pistol shot, and saw Smith and Sweeny quitting the cabin. Hannon had been shot in the centre of the forehead. The pistol had been held so close to his head that his face was blackened with powder. He retained consciousness for several days, and made an ante-mortem statement, in Bellevue Hospital, to his mother and sister, that incriminated Smith and Sweeny.

Tracey and Police Captain Gallagher, on the Hannon Farley testified to these facts yesterday, and then the trial was adjourned.

Smith's defence, in his trial, was that the shooting was accidental. In pulling his handkerchief out, he said, he drew out his pistol, and it exploded. The jury promptly convicted him, and he was sentenced to be hanged on the 20th inst.

Arrest of Knights of Labor in Seattle.

SEATTLE, Wash. Ter., Nov. 12.—Thirteen Knights of Labor and their confjutors were indicted by the Grand Jury, and of that number four were arrested yesterday as they entered the court room during the trial of Hughes for the alleged murder of a Chinaman at Squak. They are charged with intimidation under the civil rights law. Mrs. M. E. Kenworthy, one of the prisoners arrested, is about 55 years of age. She has been a speaker in all the meetings of the Knights of Labor and prominent in politics here. When Sheriff McIrian informed her of her arrest, she became somewhat hysterical and was allowed to go to her home until to-day, when bail will be required. The amount of bail fixed in each case by Chief Justice Green was $3,000.

An Erie Freight Train Wrecked.

NEWBURGH, Nov. 12.—At 2:30 this morning an eastward-bound freight train on the Erie road was derailed near Middletown by a wheel coming off a car. At the time of the accident the train was passing over the Hampton Bridge, which is 100 feet long, spanning a gorge, and 50 feet high. The cars were piled on each other all over the bridge, and several went into the gorge, carrying with them two brakemen named James Cannaford and E. L. Gerst. The road was blocked until 8 this morning. The cars which went off the bridge were loaded with flour, grain, and general merchandise. Cannaford had one leg and three ribs broken, and is also injured about the back. Gerst is badly bruised.

One Lunatic Kills Another.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—Gloele Evenson, an inmate of the insane asylum at Jefferson, was found dead in bed yesterday morning, his face and beard covered with blood. It was found that the hands and coat sleeve of John Stitz, another patient, occupying the same room, were blood-stained, and, on being accused of murder, he said that he killed Evenson by virtue of an order from the Almighty. The Coroner's jury in their verdict exonerated the asylum authorities from blame, as there is not room in the asylum for all the patients confined there. The asylum accommodates 350 patients comfortably, and there are now 600 crowded into it.

Boycotting in Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 12.—The boycotting of the firm of Kaufman Bros., clothiers, which has been in progress for some time past, because the firm refused to employ union labor, has assumed a new form. The firm had placed signs on the street cars, and the workingmen attacked the drivers and conductors and endeavored to compel them to remove the signs. The indications are that there will be serious trouble, as some of the drivers refuse to take out the cars, being apprehensive of violence. In one instance stones and mud were thrown at the cars, but no one was injured.

Disappearance of Chinese Laborers.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The Collector of Customs at San Francisco informs the Treasury Department that a number of Chinese laborers who landed at New York on the last trip in transit for San Francisco, where they were to take the steamer to China, have not been heard from since their arrival in New York, and the supposition is that they are concealed in this country, and have no intention of leaving. It is said at the Treasury Department that there are no available funds which can be used to trace them.

For the Defence of Cuba.

HAVANA, Nov. 7.—The Military Club, to date, has collected $76,618.72 in gold and $11,914.60 in bank bills toward the defence of the island. Another remittance of $4,000 has been sent by the *Junta Gestora* for the relief of the cholera sufferers in Spain, making a total sent to date of $36,000 gold. The estimated cost of the work necessary to put in good condition the defences of Matanzas is $16,000 gold. Of this amount $7,000 has already been collected among the merchants of this city.

Tragedy Over a Game of Cards.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 12.—Charles Jones, a peddler, and William Frazier, a fisherman, while playing cards at the Dundee House, Cromwell, near Middletown, last night, got into a dispute, each one charging the other with cheating. They were prevented from fighting by friends, and left the house apparently reconciled. A short time afterward Frazier entered a saloon, and seeing Jones, quickly pulled a revolver from his pocket and shot him in the abdomen. It is thought he will die. Frazier was arrested.

WAR BALLOONS OF TWO KINDS.

One to Soar Over an Enemy's Fleet—The Other a Baggage Express.

Gen. Russell Thayer of Philadelphia read a paper before an audience of Generals, Colonels, Majors, and Captains on Governor's Island yesterday on "Dirigible Balloons for War Purposes"—"balloons that will steer," he explained. One of his balloons is designed to move about at any required height, the other to move along the surface of the earth on wires stretched on poles.

On the blackboard Gen. Thayer pictured a cylinder closed at both ends. In one end was a valve. Fill the cylinder with gas, and then let the gas escape by the valve, and the cylinder will travel in the opposite direction, like a sky rocket. By using liquefied carbonic acid gas Gen. Thayer had found by experiment that the cylinder would travel twenty miles, and if in a vacuum then still better would it act in the atmosphere. A specially devised carbonic acid engine will be connected with the air-tight cylinder. To turn the balloon this way or that the exhaust pipe from the cylinder may be swerved on a ball and socket joint.

Another form of motor is a powerful blower dragging in air from in front and discharging it in the rear.

So much for the motor. For the buoyant part of the balloon then, Thayer proposes a rigid box of linen, silk, and rubber-saturated cotton. By broad bands this would support a deck formed of a latticed girder. On the deck four cylinders filled with either hydrogen or coal gas would supply leakage or waste, and also enable the navigator to ascend or descend without ballast.

As to the size of these balloons for war purposes, some theorists say they will yet be made 3,000 feet long. It would be easy to build one 100 feet in diameter and 267 feet long, which would lift a small locomotive. Sailing over a hostile fleet, it could drop dynamite bombs on the decks below.

The balloons to move on wires would have four wheels on the suspended carriage grooved to fit on two parallel wires on the poles. The buoyant part of the balloon would carry the weight and the wheels would rest lightly on the wires. An ordinary telegraph wire would suffice for a balloon which would carry several man seventy miles an hour, the motive power to be a dynamo on the deck of the balloon. Wagons with the poles and wires could follow an advancing army and on the balloon line men, ammunition, and supplies could be forwarded to the front. One balloon could follow another like trains on a railroad. The balloon road could run over mountains, chasms, rivers, swamps, and high or low ground.

Gen. Thayer exhibited a toy balloon on this principle. Two wires were stretched across the lecture room and a balloon two feet long was mounted on them. A dynamo that a man could cover with one hand was on the deck. A battery at one end of the line was worked by an assistant. The balloon ran across the room at a signal from Gen. Thayer. To reverse the motion the assistant had to walk across the room and reverse the dynamo. Gen. Thayer received a vote of thanks.

WAS BLIND JOHN JONES MAD?

A Niece Contests His Gift of $150,000 to Ex-Congressman Morgan Jones.

John Jones, who had been blind since he was 20 years old, died in June, 1883, aged about 50 years. He owned property in Centre street and also in Eighty-fourth street, which in 1879 he deeded to his brother, ex-Congressman Morgan Jones. A short time before his death he made a will by which he also gave his property to his brother. Suit is brought by Mary G. Jones, a niece of John Jones, who avers that her uncle was incompetent to transact any business at the time the deeds were made or afterward. The property, though now worth $150,000, was conveyed for a consideration of $300. Medical testimony has been given in Judge Van Brunt's court that Mr. Jones was not of sound mind for some time before his death. The trial is now on.

NOTICE TO THEATRES WITH BARS.

Better Have the Bar Door Closed Up on Saturday Night.

Christian Supp wants a license for his saloon at 145 Essex street. Civil Justice Steckler appeared for him before the Excise Board yesterday. Supp's application had been denied, on the ground that the saloon is connected with the Harmony Rooms overhead. He produced evidence that it is not. Action was deferred until Commissioner Norris gets time to go around and inspect the place. All three Commissioners voted to deny a license to the saloon in the Bijou Opera House building, because it is connected with the theatre lobby by a door. The secretary of the Board was directed to send a dual notice to all licensed holders who give entertainments of any kind in violation of sections 45 and 2,000 of the Commissioners' Manual, which provides that on Saturday night all doors, windows, or other apertures that connect in any way with the room in which such entertainments are held shall be closed by the hours well before the closing of the bars. The inspectors were ordered to make a final inspection on Saturday night of every piece of amusement, and report on Monday morning on each place separately with the number of doors, windows, or openings in rooms in which liquors are sold under a license. It is not supposed that the words "final inspection" mean that the inspectors will be there in persons after the adjusted hour on Saturday night. Bar-rooms hardly come within the sections referred to, which treat of exhibitions of dancing or other stage performances.

Another Raid in West 27th Street.

Inspector Steers raided the unlicensed saloon at 120 West Twenty-seventh street on Monday night and arrested John Stack, the alleged proprietor; Charles Moon, the bartender, and five inmates. At Jefferson Market yesterday he was not prepared to prove that Stack was the proprietor of the house, or that it was disorderly. Stack and the inmates were discharged. Moon, who had sold liquor to Victor Journello, was held in bail for trial. Journello and Detective Slevin had on a warrant issued by Justice Power on Wednesday morning at the request of the Owners' and Business Men's Association, which is trying to purify West Twenty-seventh street.

Detective Casey arrested on Monday night for the second time Jacob Crotty, who sold liquor without a license at 127 West Twenty-seventh street, next door to Stack's saloon. Crotty, the police say, is the man who suggested the questions to Lawyer Miner which removed the Excise Commissioners during the examination of that Board by the Senate Committee.

A Murderously Inclined Cook Sent to Prison.

John Hasselbrook, a restaurant keeper of Centre and Leonard streets, employed John Junker, a surly young German, as a cook on Oct. 9. At about 6 o'clock on the following morning he went to his kitchen to see why the fire had not been lighted. Junker told him that if he wanted it lighted he could light it himself. He bent over the range to make the fire, when Junker attacked him with a butcher knife, stabbing him several times. The Grand Jury indicted Junker for assault with intent to kill. The publication of his murderous attack upon Hasselbrook brought to light the fact that on Oct. 1 he robbed his roommate of $99. He pleaded guilty to petty larceny, and was sentenced to nine months in the penitentiary.

He pleaded guilty yesterday to having stabbed Hasselbrook, and Judge Cowing sentenced him to State prison for five years to begin at the expiration of the nine months term in the penitentiary.

The Rev. Dr. Fulton's Republican Sentiments.

The convention of Baptists at the Calvary Baptist Church closed yesterday. While considering the subject of "Spiritual Life, as Affected by Social Standing," the Rev. Dr. J. D. Fulton said: "We are in great peril in this country. With everything else in your programme, I don't find any allusion to Romanism, which is shaking our social condition. You don't touch it. Yet Romanism and rumsellers filled the offices at the last election. They are to rule over us. Now Hill is Governor; I hope the Romanists have scheme for a freedom of worship bill, which none of our Christian churches can stand. I hired a Roman Catholic servant recently. She started to mass the first morning. I read the Scriptures to her, prayed with her, and she hasn't been to mass yet. Think of the demoralizing influence which the Sunday newspaper is spreading over the country! This only way to improve our social condition is to have revivals."

Salt Water for Fires.

Comptroller Loew and City Chamberlain Ivins listened yesterday to a long argument by ex-Assemblyman Crary on behalf of the Metropolitan Water Company, which proposes to supply the city with salt water for the use of the Fire Department. The company plans to build two storage reservoirs with a capacity of 5,000,000 gallons, and a pumping station, and to furnish 20,000,000 gallons of water daily below Fifty-ninth street, at an average height of from 180 to 200 feet. Mr. Crary suggested that the lakes in Central Park would not be injured by the supply if they were supplied with salt water. Others spoke in favor of fresh water pumped from wells, the Holly system, and the Ramapo Valley plan.

Abandoned her Baby to Stop Discussion.

Eliza Mittemier, a young married woman, of Tenth avenue and Eighty-eighth street, abandoned her infant at the Boulevard and Sixty-fifth street on the evening of Oct. 27. She pleaded guilty yesterday in the General Sessions. In extenuation of her offence it was urged by her counsel that before her marriage she was assaulted by a man named Miller in Hoboken, during a visit to a relative, and that the child was born soon after her marriage. It was the cause of endless discussion in her home, and she hoped to rid herself of her troubles by relieving herself of the child. Judge Cowing suspended sentence and discharged her.

No Competitors.

"Speaking of THE SUN's office cat," remarked Uncle Rufus Hatch in New street yesterday, "reminds me of when I went West in 1851. I had fourteen letters of introduction, and ran up against Judge Jones of Rockford, Ill. He was a deacon in the Baptist church of that place. I handed him one of my letters. He read it, looked inquiringly at me, and said: 'Well, young man, what do you propose to do?' I replied that I proposed to earn an honest living. 'Well,' said the Judge, 'I think you will succeed; you'll have no competition out here.'"

Pleaded Guilty to Killing his Brother-in-law.

Thomas Murphy of Fourth avenue and 132d street charged his brother-in-law, Thomas Dunphy, with cruelty to his sister on the evening of July 2. There was a scuffle, and Dunphy, who was on his way to a saloon for beer, struck Murphy upon the head with the pitcher. The broken handle severed an artery in Murphy's throat and he died. Dunphy pleaded guilty yesterday in the General Sessions of manslaughter in the second degree, and Judge Cowing sentenced him to State prison for two years.

Wanted—Female.

A.—UP-TOWN ADVERTISERS. May leave their favors for Tue Sun at the only authorized up-town advertisement offices:
1,238 Broadway, corner 31st st., till 9 P. M.
953 Broadway, between 23d and 24th sts., till 9 P. M.
608 West 23d st., corner 8th av., till 8 P. M.
760 3d av., entrance on 47th st., till 8 P. M.
158 4th av., corner 14th st., till 8 P. M.
1,407 3d av., near 60th st.
257 East 125th st., near 3d av., till 7:30 P. M.
No extra charge.

BRAIDERS on cloth suits required by REDFERN, 210 5th av.

FIFTEEN EXPERT Bonnaz operators on applique work, to go to Philadelphia; steam power; steady work. Address F. B., box 171, Sun office.

FREE Sewing Machine School, open daily from 9 to 5, at Girls' Lodging House, 27 St. Mark's place, 8th st.

GIRLS wanted to weave upholstery trimmings, experienced only, at 261 Fulton st., Brooklyn, up stairs.

JEWELRY POLISHERS.—Girls wanted; first-class hands. HOWARD & COCKSHAW, 36 John st.

OPERATORS on W. & W. machines, to make trimmings on percale shirts; operators not accustomed to shirt making will be instructed. V. HENRY ROTHSCHILD & CO., 13 Desbrosses st.

PERSONAL.—Ladies, enlarge the bust and develop the form; simple self-treatment; no quack stuff; physicians endorse it. Sealed particulars and proofs mailed free. ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

SCARFS.—Ladies wanted to learn gentlemen's bows and scarfs. 32 Renwick st., near Hudson st.

WANTED—A seamstress in a private family; references required. L. J. VAN VEEN, 405 Grand st., N.Y.

YOUNG GIRLS can obtain situations free, lodgings and meals at 6 cents each, at the Girls' Lodging House, 27 St. Mark's place, one block east of Cooper Institute (under care of Children's Aid Society).

Wanted—Males.

A.—WANTED—3 young men and 2 ladies to learn telegraphy; qualified operators command from $45 to $125 monthly; now is the time to learn. Call or address METROPOLITAN TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE, 252 Broadway, opposite City Hall Park.

A.—A.—A.—Washed, plate printers, good wages for fleetless piece workers. Apply Week to Mr Bowne, before 10 A. M. or after 5 o'clock P. M. R. H. MACY & CO., 14th st. and 6th av.

A PRACTICAL PLUMBER. 390 6th av., corner 24th st.

BOY or young man in a fish and oyster market; must know how to clean fish and open oysters. Apply at 2,382 8th av.

BOOKBINDERS.—Wanted, an experienced book stamper. F. F. UHLIER, 15 Vesey st.

BUSHELMAN wanted; also errand boy. Apply to VICKERMAN & CO., 59 Nassau st.

BELL HANGERS wanted. Call early. WOERNLE & SON, 2,187 3d av.

BOY wanted to distribute job type. 126 William st.

COMPOSITORS.—First-class job compositors wanted at KNOWLES'S, 104 East 13th st.

COMPOSITOR.—English and German; book and job work. J. LANZIT, 105 Clinton st.

CARLETON HOUSE, William, corner Frankfort st.; rooms for two men, $2 weekly; single, $1.50.

EXPERT designer wanted; also superintendent for embroidery firm in Philadelphia. Address F. B., box No. 171, Sun office.

POOR FAMILIES with children wishing to go West may apply to the Children's Aid Society, 24 St. Mark's place.

PLUMBER wanted—Good workman and sober man. CLARK & MORTON, West New Brighton, S. I.

PAINTER.—One or two brick pencilers. Apply 1 Park av. A. ROBERTSON.

SASH MAKERS.—Wanted, good machine hands on sash and door department. Apply to the ST. JOHN WOOD WORKING COMPANY, Stamford, Conn.

SIX first-class rockmen wanted. Apply to MICHAEL CURLEY, Sherman av. and Hutton st., Jersey City.

TAILORS.—A merchant tailor in Texas wants a practical young man of good address to assist in the business; one who would (after some experience) be able to take charge in absence of employer; would pay for invest $600 or $750; one or two years' engagement. Address (particulars, salary expected, &c.) M. F. C., box 152, Sun office.

TINSMITH—For general jobbing, roofing, &c. W. H. WILLIS, 377 4th av.

WANTED—A smart young man about 18 who understands work behind steam table in kitchen. 35 Bridge st., near Broad, after 9 A. M.

WANTED—Two good blacksmiths that understand heavy carriage work. EDWARD WILLIS, 229 and 231 East 21st st.

WANTED—A young man that has worked at the painting business. 95 Hamilton av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—First-class children's overcoat makers; good prices. A. J. CLARK & CO., 550 Canal st.

Situations Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN, age 22, desires a situation; willing to work at anything. Address R., box 162, Sun office.

BOSS BAKERS.—Wanted, a situation by a first-class foreman on all kinds of bread, cake, and pies; conscientious; is a good workman; hand or machine; day or night. R. LANGUTH, 475 West 37th st., N. Y.

ENGINEER wants situation; has first-class license and references. Address J. R., 150 Gold st., Brooklyn.

FURNITURE slip covers made to order in the latest style, 2-suite and upward; cutting at trimming a specialty, $2 and upward; material all prices. Mrs. NOLL, 338 av.

MRS. H. ALLEN, Poly's nurse, is open for engagement. 341 West 27th st. (43).

SITUATION WANTED by a strong girl to do housework; good cook; no objection to washing days; at 93 Mulberry st. Inquire for Mrs. BRADLEY.

TO BOSS BAKERS.—Wanted, a situation to bake or take charge of a steady middle-aged man; would be an object as opportunity for improvement. Address BAKER, box 116, Sun office.

Railroads.

NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.
Commencing June 22, 1885, through trains will leave Grand Central Depot:
7 A. M. Southern and Western Express, drawing room cars to St. Albans, Saratoga, Montreal, and Rochester.
8:50 A. M., Fast Limited Chicago and St. Louis Express, with dining cars, stopping at Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Erie, Cleveland, and Toledo, arriving at Chicago at 9:30 A. M. Cincinnati at 7:45 A. M., and St. Louis at 7:10 P. M. next day.
10:30 A. M., Chicago Express; drawing room cars to Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls.
11 A. M., Western New York and Northern Express, with drawing room cars.
3:30 P. M., Albany, Troy and Utica Express; through drawing room cars to Saratoga, Ft. Edward, and intermediate points on Saturdays only.
4 P. M., Accommodation to Albany and Troy.
5 P. M., Chicago and St. Louis Express, with sleeping cars for Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, and St. Louis.
11:30 P. M., Express, sleeping cars to Syracuse and Auburn Road; also to Montreal via Saratoga and via St. Albans.
3:45 P. M., Pacific Express, with sleeping cars for Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Cleveland, Toledo, and Detroit; also to Watertown and Ogdensburg daily, except Saturday.
11:15 P. M., Night Express, with sleeping cars to Albany and Troy; connects with trains for the West and to the North except Saturday.
For local train see time tables.
Accommodation in drawing room and sleeping cars can be procured at any of the ticket offices in New York city, and at 343 Washington st., Brooklyn.
Baggage called for and checked from residence.
*These trains run daily; others daily except Sunday.
†On Sunday runs to Albany and Troy.
D. M. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
On and after Nov. 1, 1885,
GRAND CENTRAL STATION,
AND UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.
Trains leave New York, via Desbrosses and Cortlandt Ferries, as follows:
Harrisburg, Pittsburgh, and the West, with Pullman Palace cars attached, 3 A. M., 6, 7, and 8 P. M. daily. New York and Chicago Limited at 9 A. M. daily. Parlor, Dining, Smoking, and Sleeping Cars at 9 A. M. every day.
Williamsport, Lock Haven, 9 A. M., 8 P. M.; Corry and Erie at 8 P. M. daily. Parlor Cars to Corry for Titusville, Petroleum Centre, and the oil Regions.
Baltimore, Washington, and the South, "Limited Washington Express," of Pullman Palace Cars daily, except Sunday, 10 A. M.; accommodation, 4:55 P. M. Fast Mail at 6:20, 8, and 8:30 A. M., 3, 3:30, and 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 6:45 A. M., 3:40 and 9 P. M., and 12 night.
For Atlantic City, except Sunday, 1 P. M.
For Cape May, except Sunday, 11:30 A. M.
Long Branch, Bay Head Junction, and intermediate stations via Railway and Shore, 9 A. M., 12 noon, 3:40, 5 P. M. On Sunday, 9:45 A. M. and 5 P. M. (this train stops at Asbury Park).
For Old Point and Norfolk, via New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad, 6:20 A. M. week days and 8 P. M. every day; via Baltimore and Bay Line, 3:40 P. M. week days.
Boats of "Brooklyn Annex" connect with all through trains at Jersey City, affording a speedy and direct transfer for Brooklyn travel.
Trains arrive From Pittsburgh, 7, 8, 11:30 A. M., 6:55 and 9:35 P. M. daily. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:20, 8 A. M., 1:20, 3:20, 3:50, 5:30, 6:20, and 10:05 P. M. Sunday, 6:20, 8 A. M., 3:20, 6:20, 10 P. M. From Philadelphia, 3:50, 6:25, 7, 8, 9:20, 9:30, 10:40, 11:30 A. M., 1:20, 2, 3:20, 3:30, 5:40, 6:25, 6:50, 7:20, 8:50, 9:20, 9:45, 10:30, 11 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 3:50, 6:20, 7:55, 8:05, 11:35 A. M., 3:20, 9:20, 6:55, 9:20, 9:35, 10:35 P. M.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.
Express trains leave New York, via Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts. Ferries, as follows:
6:30, 7:25, 8, 9, 10 (Delaware Limited and 10 Washington Limited), 11 A. M., 1, 2, 3:20, 3:40, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 P. M., and 12 night. Accommodation, 8:45 A. M., 11 A. M., and 4:40 P. M. Sundays, Express, 2:15, 9 (8 Limited), and 10 A. M., 3:40, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 P. M., and 12 night. Trains leaving New York daily, except Sunday, at 7:20, 9 and 11 A. M., 1:2, 4, 5, 6:30, 7:40, 9 P. M., and 9 P. M. on Sundays, connect at Trenton for Camden.
Returning, trains leave Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, 12:01, 3:20, 4:25, 5, 5:45, 6:20, 7:30, 8:20, 8:30, 11, and 11:15 A. M. (Limited Express 1:14 and 4:50 P. M.), 12:40, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6:30, 7:10, 7:40, and 9:10 P. M. On Sunday, 12:01, 3:20, 4:25, 5, 5:45, 8:30 A. M., 12:40, 4 (4:50 Limited), 6:30, 7:10, and 7:40 P. M.
Leave Philadelphia, via Camden, 9 A. M. daily, except Sunday.
Ticket Offices, 849, 425, and 944 Broadway, 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., 4 Court st., and Brooklyn Annex Station, foot of Fulton st., Brooklyn; Busch's Hotel, Hoboken; Station, Jersey City; Kingsland Ticket