THE REV. GEO. C. MILN ASSAULTED.

Struck on the Head with a Whip by Retainers of a Rival Manager.

SCRANTON, Jan. 8.—The Rev. George C. Miln of Chicago played *Richelieu* in Nealon's Opera House, Carbondale, last night. There are two so-called opera houses in that town, and for some time a bitter rivalry has existed between ex-Mayor John Nealon, manager of the former, and James J. O'Hearn, manager of O'Hearn's Opera House. After the performance, while the tragedian was chatting with a friend in his room at the Harrison House, he was called down stairs to see a man. Manager O'Hearn was there with a bill of $25 against Mr. Miln for the rent of his opera house one evening. The tragedian said that he knew nothing about such a bill, and O'Hearn told Mr. Miln that his agent had engaged the house by telegraph, and that the date had been kept for Mr. Miln.

Then it occurred to the tragedian that a lost telegram which his agent had sent from Jacksonville, Fla., to the manager of "The Carbondale Opera House" had been delivered to O'Hearn. Mr. Miln explained to O'Hearn that both himself and his agent supposed there was only one opera house in Carbondale, and that the correspondence had all been done with Manager Nealon.

"Well, what are you going to do about it?" asked O'Hearn.

"I don't see that there is anything to be done about it, and so I am not going to do anything," replied Mr. Miln.

O'Hearn then told the tragedian that he should attach the property, worth $4,000 in all, unless the bill was paid at once. Mr. Miln then summoned several members of the company, got a baggage wagon, and went to the opera house to take the property to the depot. It was then about midnight. O'Hearn was on hand while the baggage was being loaded, and some words were exchanged between him and the tragedian. Mr. Miln overheard one of the truckmen tell O'Hearn that he would drive to the barn, and when the trunks were loaded the tragedian mounted the seat, got beside the driver, and said that he would go to the depot and get his checks, so as to save time in the morning. A crowd of O'Hearn's friends followed the wagon, and Mr. Miln was struck on the head from behind with the butt end of a heavy whip. The blow crushed his stiff hat, cut his head badly, and partially stunned him. Another blow followed, and then some one seized the tragedian by the ankle and pulled him from the wagon. Mr. Miln was bleeding freely, but he jumped to his feet, wrenched the whip from his assailant, and pummelled him pretty badly for mercy. The driver called for help, and the tragedian's assailant ran away in the darkness. Other ruffians undertook to interfere, but the plucky tragedian drove them away with the whip, and then drove the wagon to the depot. Mr. Miln had the weapon in Scranton to-day. It is a hickory stick, three feet long and nearly two inches in diameter. The upper end is covered with rawhide and studded with brass nails.

A constable levied on the baggage at the station, and an Alderman was called out of bed to release it. John E. Allen, proprietor of the Wyoming House, this city, who had gone to Carbondale to see Mr. Miln play, signed the bond.

Mr. Miln was suffering from his wounds when he and his company came to Scranton to-day, but was able to walk around the city. He said that O'Hearn's claim was an illegal one, and that he should fight it and bring a suit for damages if the bill was turned in against him. He engaged Jessup & Hand to attend to the case. The company left here for Ithaca this afternoon.

READY MONEY FOR IRELAND.

Help for the West Coast Fishermen, and Aid and Comfort for Parnell.

THE SUN'S mails continue to bring the letters of philanthropic readers who want to do something to relieve the sore distress of the poor fishermen on the west coast of Ireland. These fishermen are starving because they have no nets and boats to go fishing with. The first letter in THE SUN mail had $10 tucked away in its envelope and a little note saying that "P. J. M." sent the money for the fishermen on Innishboffin Island. Two citizens of Paterson who had read the cabled accounts of the destitution among the fishermen sent $3, with this kindly message:

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SUN.—*Sir:* The enclosed is for the poor Irish fishermen. We wish you success, Mr. Parnell, in your noble efforts in behalf of freedom and charity, and a happy and prosperous new year to THE SUN.
J. AND J. H.

Agent Schoonmaker promptly sent the money over by cable to the London office of the Cable News Company. He was happy to get it.

"Nobody can imagine any poorer people," he said. "Unlike those fishermen. They are deserving poor. Nothing that is sent to them can possibly go to waste. All they need is to be set upon their feet so that they can go to work at their fishing with boats and tackle. It is to the purchase of these things that money sent over from America will be devoted by Agent Schoonmaker of the News Company, after the immediate necessities of the starving people are relieved by gifts of food."

THE SUN was notified yesterday that under the inspiration of the ladies of Robert Emmet branch, Irish National League, the men of the branch had gone to work with a will, and had raised already over $400, and were going to try to make the sum $1,000 and then turn it over in bulk to Treasurer Eugene Kelly for the Parnell Parliamentary Fund. Subscription lists have been started for small subscriptions from a dime to a dollar.

Among those who have contributed to the Robert Emmet subscription are:

Monsignor Farley	$25
Rev. Dr. McMahon	10
Alderman Farrell	25
Patrick McLoughlin	25
Michael Grady	25
John Lynch	25

Thus far the subscriptions make $439 75. Some of the visitors to Banker Kelly's office yesterday left greenbacks as well as sympathetic assurances. Those who did were:

Fassnacht, Noy & Co., 453 West Twenty-sixth street	$10
D. T.	50
J. B. Wheeler, 240 Sixth av.	100
Thomas W. Hunter	25

The Hon. Frederick A. Conkling walked into the publication office of THE SUN yesterday and contributed $25 to the fund.

"I would like that to go to Mr. Parnell, if you please," he said, with a smile, and walked away.

Right afterward the postman brought a letter from Little Falls, N. Y., that contained a check and this letter:

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SUN.—*Sir:* Please find enclosed a draft for $50 for the Irish National Fund, being the fund from the Little Falls, N. Y., Branch of the Irish National League of America.

Thanking you for your noble efforts in the cause of Irish national independence, I remain very truly yours.
DENIS COLLINS.

THE SUN subscription now stands:

Previously acknowledged	$372 25
Hon. F. A. Conkling	25 00
Little Falls Branch I. N. L.	50 00
Total	$447 25

THE MAN WHO STOPPED THE STRIKE.

Business Men who Want Railroad Commissioner O'Donnell Reappointed.

Three years ago, when the Hon. John O'Donnell, the man who made short work of the elevated railroad strike, was appointed a member of the State Railroad Commission, nearly all the business Exchanges in this city and many other associations throughout the State were quite certain that he would never give satisfaction. That this impression has passed away was evidenced yesterday afternoon when thirty-five business men called upon Gov. Hill at the Hoffman House to beg him to reappoint Mr. O'Donnell, whose term of office expires on the 20th inst. It was shortly after 4 o'clock when the Governor sent word to the delegation that he would receive them. Headed by Francis B. Thurber and Charles S. Smith, Vice-President of the Chamber of Commerce, they filed into the Governor's apartments. They were introduced by Mr. Thurber, and the Governor shook hands with every one of them. Then the Governor tried to light a match, and, failing, resigned this post to Mr. Smith, who succeeded, but was not tall enough to reach the gas jet. Mr. Thurber then stepped forward, and when the gas flared up he said as he unrolled a long petition:

"These gentlemen, who have assembled here to ask you to reappoint as Railroad Commissioner the Hon. John O'Donnell, represent all the various branches of business in this city, and all shades of political belief. The names on this petition represent $400,000,000 worth of sales per year. We could have extended the list indefinitely."

Mr. Charles S. Smith said:

"As a representative of the dry goods trade I opposed Mr. O'Donnell's appointment because I thought him too radical, but I have found his services to be every in the interest of the business community. This opinion is shared by the managers of the truck railroads who at first opposed him."

James G. Sheppard of the State Grangers' Association, John F. Henry, President of the Commercial Travellers' Association, M. Poisson of the Produce Exchange, James H. Seymour of the Mercantile Exchange, William E. Curry of the Canal Boat Owners' Association, and others spoke in favor of Mr. O'Donnell's reappointment. The petition contained over 200 names, representing leading merchants and manufacturers of the city. Gov. Hill thanked the delegation for calling, but did not intimate what he should do with the petition.

Mr. Sutton Denies Miss Mae's Story.

James Sutton, formerly publisher of the *Albany* [illegible] Edward P. Brown of Great Long Island, is suing for $10,000 damages for the loss of the services of his daughter. Jennie May Brown died yesterday early and gave as her reason to the young woman in the complaint on which the suit was begun.

THE ANTI-POLYGAMY BILL.

The Senate Passes it by an Almost Unanimous Vote—60 to 7.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—When the Utah bill was taken up in the Senate to-day Mr. Edmunds created some merriment on rising to speak on one of the amendments offered yesterday. Looking about him and finding comparatively few Republicans in their seats, he said: "As hardly any of the 'friends of human liberty' are in the Senate, I will address myself to the 'reform' men."

Mr. Brown's amendment to strike out the words that would compel the lawful husband or wife of the accused person to testify was rejected—yeas 11, nays 42—and the compulsory provision was retained in the bill.

Mr. Morgan (Dem., Ala.) saw no authority in Congress to appoint trustees to manage a church business, as provided in the bill. He characterized such trustees as "Mugwump Mormons." They would be occupied necessarily, he said, in promoting Mormonism, for they were to exercise all the powers granted by the Territorial laws creating the corporation.

Mr. Edmunds replied that they had nothing whatever to do with church matters or matters of faith, but only with property, to see that the church money, which were enormous, were not applied to the propagation of polygamy. Not one-quarter of the Mormons, Mr. Edmunds understood, believed in polygamy.

Mr. Maxey (Dem., Texas) supported the bill. He held that Mormonism was a mere cover for licentiousness. He thought the Judiciary Committee had discriminated with great skill between religious liberty and secular license.

Mr. Call (Dem., Fla.) said we owed our liberties to freedom of speech and worship. We were departing from that ground when we passed such a bill as that under consideration. The Mormons had as much right to proclaim his faith as "the distinguished man who denies the divinity of Christ."

The bill having been brought to a vote was passed—yeas 38; nays 7—as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Allison, *Beck*, *Berry*, Chace, *Cockrell*, *Coke*, *Colquitt*, Conger, Cullom, Dawes, Dolph, Edmunds, *Faulkner*, Frye, *George*, *Harris*, Harrison, Hawley, Ingalls, Jackson, Logan, McMillan, Manderson, *Maxey*, Michael (Ind.), Morrill, Palmer, *Payne*, *Platt*, *Pugh*, Sawyer, Sherman, Spooner, Van Wyck, *Walthall*, Wilson (Iowa), and *Wilson* (Md.)—38.

NAYS—Blair, *Call*, *Gibson*, *Hampton*, Hoar, *Morgan*, and *Vance*—7.

Mr. Hoar said he voted against the bill only because of the section disfranchising women, but even with that section in, he would have voted for the bill had his vote been necessary to its passage.

The Senate adjourned until Monday next.

The main features of the bill as passed by the Senate are as follows:

It makes the lawful husband or wife of the person accused of bigamy a competent witness, who may be compelled to testify without the consent of the wife or husband, as the case may be. An attachment may be issued for a witness without previous subpœna, when there is reasonable ground to believe that a subpœna would not be effective. Every marriage shall be certified to in writing by the parties concerned, including the priest. Women are prohibited from voting in the Territories. All laws recognizing illegitimate children, and the Territorial laws providing that property may be disposed of by testament, are repealed. The Territorial law creating and continuing the Mormon Church Corporation, are also annulled, and the President is to appoint five, and with the advice of the Senate, five trustees to manage the property and business of the corporation, and the Attorney-General is ordered to institute proceedings to forfeit and escheat all property acquired by the corporation in contravention of the United States laws. The escheated property to be then sold, and the proceeds devoted to common school purposes for the Territories. Property not nothing is to be forfeited that is used exclusively for worship. All immigration companies or organizations created by the Territorial laws are declared dissolved, and the Attorney-General is to take steps to have the Emigrating Fund Company wound up. The existing election districts of Utah are abolished, and new ones that will give the people equal representation in the Legislature. Marriages between persons with in, and not including, the fourth degree of consanguinity are declared incestuous. Adulterers are to be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary not exceeding three years. The office of District-Attorney Superintendent is declared vacant, and the Court is directed to fill the vacancy.

THE HOUSE COMMITTEES.

Only a Few of Them Organized—Clerks Appointed and Sworn In.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Contrary to general expectation, but few of the House committees organized to-day. Mr. Randall has not yet issued a call for the assemblage of the Appropriations Committee. The Committee on Commerce organized this morning, and fixed Tuesday and Friday as the days for meeting. The Committee on Naval Affairs also organized, and named Wednesday and Friday as their days for meeting. In view of the additional importance of the work of the committee, growing out of the assignment to it of the duty of preparing the Naval Appropriation bill, it was deemed proper to subdivide the work, and Chairman Herbert was instructed to prepare a plan of subdivision for submission to the committee. The committee will call on Monday in a body upon the Secretary of the Navy to pay their respects.

The following named persons were to-day appointed and sworn in as committee clerks: William C. Mellvaine of the District of Columbia, A. Gallup Brown of Pennsylvania, John Victor of Indiana, Iowa to Pensions; John E. Elliott of Texas, Indian Affairs; W. P. Rix of Wisconsin, Military Affairs; B. M. Turner of Georgia, Post Office and Post Roads; Abram C. Weaver of Iowa, Expenditures in the Department of the Interior; Alexander J. Jones of Illinois, Claims; Clifford Sanders of Missouri, Labor; Charles Gordon of Ohio, Territories; Louis Chobot of Texas, Commerce; P. V. De Graw of the District of Columbia (temporary), Foreign Affairs; Joseph Banner of Alabama, Naval Affairs; George B. Cobb of Indiana, Public Lands; W. H. H. Smith of the District of Columbia, Patents.

THE PURSUIT OF THE APACHES.

Crook's Operations Expected to Result in the Destruction of Geronimo's Band.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Lieut.-Gen. Sheridan, in conversation to-day, said: "I have reason to believe that Gen. Crook's operations will result in the destruction of Geronimo's band and the restoration of quiet in the region of the Apache depredations, but the work cannot be accomplished in a day. There has been some little embarrassment in the operations from the fact that the infected area comprised portions of two military departments, but a remedy has been found by the temporary transfer of the district of New Mexico to the Department of Arizona, and now Gen. Crook has full sway. His tact and fearless energy will, I doubt not, bring about good results. He has all the troops he wants, and they are placed in the most advantageous positions. Detachments guard all the watering places, and patrols and scouting parties cover the entire area of 30,000 square miles over which the savages have been operating. Every route which is practicable to white men is thus guarded. The hostile band originally numbered 42 warriors and 94 women and children. When I visited Gen. Crook, five or six weeks ago, 18 warriors had been killed and 31 women and children captured. Twenty warriors and all the remaining women and children were in Mexico, and only ten warriors were north of the border. These ten have committed all the recent murders."

A BILL AGAINST LOTTERIES.

Excluding Newspapers Containing Lottery Advertisements from the Mails.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The bill introduced by Senator Wilson of Iowa to prohibit the mailing of newspapers and other publications containing lottery advertisements was reported favorably to-day from the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads. The report accompanying the bill says that it is intended to close the United States mails against the transmission of lottery advertisements of every kind and character. The committee says the bill is unquestionably constitutional, and quotes a decision of the Supreme Court upholding the right of Congress to pass such laws, and concludes its report by saying:

Freedom of the press was not guaranteed by the purpose of it to teaching in our system any violation of better conditions. On the contrary, it was established for the purpose of promoting such conditions. If it be prostituted to the base purposes of crime and the demoralization of the people, to the great delight of the manipulators of lottery schemes, surely Congress may say that it shall not be entitled to use the instrumentality of the mail to effect its ends.

Confectionaire Not on the Free List.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The Treasury Department has denied the application of the Rev. Ladislaus Grabowski of Polonia, Wis., made to the President for the free entry of a confessional and other articles imported at New York for the use of his church. The article in question consists of lattice work in the piece, embroidered with metal chandeliers, with inlaid crystals of glass, and finished materials for the construction of confessionals. It is held that these articles are not embraced in any of the provisions of the free list exempting religious, eleemosynary, &c., institutions for religious societies, from payment of duty.

Dawes's Postal Telegraph Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Senator Dawes introduced a Postal Telegraph bill to-day. It comprises substantially the first two sections of the bill reported by Senator Hill to the last Congress. It provides for the establishment of telegraph offices in all Post Offices, and for the transmission of telegrams by contract with existing lines. Rates are fixed at 25 cents for 50 miles, and 5 cents additional for every additional 50 miles for twenty-word messages, provided that no rate shall exceed 75 cents. The provisions of the bill for the purchase of existing lines or the construction of new ones are stricken out.

Mansion's Newspaper Sold.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 8.—The Richmond *Whig*, which succeeded publication on Dec. 22, was sold today for $5,000, the purchasers being Alnut Anderson, for merly of the Danville *Register*, and Judge A. W. C. Nowlin of Washington, D. C., the paper will be Democratic in principle. The sale has been confirmed by the court.

GOOD-BY TO CHIEF ARTHUR.

Cheered at his Departure by the Contented Elevated Railroad Engineers.

Chairman William W. Thompson and all the railroad engineers of the Grievance Committee went to the Grand Central Depot yesterday afternoon with Grand Chief Arthur of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers to see him start for his home in Cleveland. A score or more of engineers met Chief Arthur at the train, and as he waved good-by to them from his car, sent up a hurrah that reechoed from the high dome of the Grand Central Depot and must have been pleasant music to the quiet-mannered and pleasant-faced man who had steered them through their difficulties with the Manhattan Railroad Company.

"The road has treated us like men," said Chairman Thompson, "and I don't think the engineers of this town are the men to forget it. The settlement was the finest and fairest that could be made between officials and employees. I am glad that the officials recognized the fact that Chief Arthur wanted to adjust the trouble with a consideration for the company as well as for the men."

During the day the committee were photographed in a group, and Chief Arthur will send his picture from Cleveland to be placed in the centre. The group will be hung up in the rooms of Divisions 195 and 145 of the Brotherhood and in Just-in-Time Lodge of firemen.

Col. Hain, General Manager of the Manhattan road, said: "We have met the engineers and firemen go who were employed from outside pending the probable strike. We notified them that all troubles had been amicably settled and that we did not need their services. We didn't dismiss them because the Brotherhood objects to engineers not members of the order, for it does not. The Brotherhood of course thinks that all engineers should belong to it, but it doesn't pitch into those who do not or to corporations employing them."

Col. Hain said that Engineer Charles Frost had been suspended under a misapprehension of the facts. When he had a moment's time to investigate the charge against Frost he promptly reinstated him.

A BEQUEST TO HIS BETROTHED.

She was to Have $10,000 to Bury him and to Erect a Monument.

When James Marsh of Yonkers made his will he was engaged to be married to Miss Laura Norcross of Boston. The second clause of the will ran thus:

I bequeath to my love, Laura Norcross, daughter of Otis Norcross, the sum of $10,000, with which I request her to erect over my grave a monument. If she deem it advisable she may purchase with a portion of the said $10,000 a plot of ground in such cemetery as she may select, and move my remains thither, and there erect the said monument with the balance of the said $10,000.

The engagement of marriage was terminated several years before Mr. Marsh's death, and after his death Miss Norcross waived her right to the $10,000, and refused to accept the money either unconditionally or for the purpose of applying it in accordance with the request of the testator. Edward W. Packard then brought suit for a construction of the will, as to whether it was the intention of the testator in respect to the $10,000, and if so whether it was a trust which the Court will appoint a trustee to execute.

Mr. Justice Bartlett says, in his opinion:

The testator wished his place of burial to be chosen, not by some stranger but by the woman to whom he was betrothed. He had her full liberty to select any spot in the whole world which she might prefer. To her taste and affection he also committed it to choose the monument or an appropriate monument to mark his resting place. It seems to be perfectly clear that it could have been neither his wish nor intention that these delicate duties and responsibilities, if declined by her, should be assumed by other hands. It follows that the trust, sought to be established under the second clause of the will, has failed.

THEY POUND UP JUSTICE LANGBEIN.

The Barrons Are a Fighting Family, and Earned Their Six Months.

J. C. Julius Langbein, once a Civil Justice, was counsel yesterday in the Court of Special Sessions for Charles Donnelly, assistant marshal of Justice Mondl's court. Susan Barron, who was dispossessed from Mrs. Godfrey's boarding house, 3 Mitchell place, six weeks ago, accused Donnelly of assault. Mr. Langbein won the case. He was accompanying two of Donnelly's witnesses, both women, to a Broadway car when Mrs. Barron and her husband, John Barron, weighing 300 pounds, attacked the little Judge. He says that the woman hit him first and then the man, and then both together pounded him until he was dazed. They crushed in his hat, and scratched his chin and forehead.

Policeman Welsh of the Tombs squad arrested the Barrons, who said to him as they were taking Justice Mary, who knew them, they said, Justice Smith said he would send them before Justice Murray at once if they wished. Justice Murray was sitting in special sessions, and the case was called for trial there at once.

Mrs. Barron said that she had not struck Judge Langbein, but that he had hit her. She was speaking to Mr. Langbein in the street when her husband came up. Then the Langbein fist hit her. Mr. Barron went to her defence and tried to rescue her, but did not hit the lawyer.

The Court ordered the Barrons to six months each in the penitentiary. They wanted to get in a word private to wife Justice Murray, but they were not allowed to do so.

Mr. Langbein said that the Barrons had made it not for humanity. They first had him tried in Special Sessions for stealing their furniture, and were beaten. Then Mrs. Barron had him arrested on the charge of assault, tried yesterday.

Not Allowed to Obstruct the Water Front.

Contractor John D. Crimmins began excavations for columns of the contemplated depot at the upper end of Second avenue, where the Manhattan Elevated Railroad Company proposes to switch cars in their connection across the Harlem River with the Suburban Rapid Transit Company. Five holes were dug, and in three of them the foundations were laid ready for the columns. On Thursday afternoon President Koch and Engineer Greene of the Dock Board notified Mr. Crimmins that he must not continue the work because it was on city ground. Judge Freedman of the Superior Court last Saturday filed a mandamus compelling the contractor to desist from the work on the water front, at the request of the Dock Department. Yesterday work was suspended. The railroad company employs three hundred men and four hundred feet along the Harlem River front, where they want to erect a structure built. The Dock Department says that they cannot build until they file plans and obtain permission. No steps to remove the injunction have been taken.

Policeman Crowley's Doom.

Policeman David H. Crowley's conviction and sentence to seventeen years and six months in State prison for having assaulted Maggie Morris was affirmed by the General Term of the Supreme Court yesterday. Judge Brady says: "Clothed with authority, and invested with high obligations and responsibilities, it was his duty to protect the prosecutrix, and not to seek her destruction. It was a duty he owed to her, to the community, to the department of which he is an officer, and to himself. He abandoned all solicitude for his victim, a youthful maiden of innocence and respectability, although in the humbler walks of life, who was entitled to all the protection that could be furnished to any person in any other station."

A Woman's Handkerchief at the Dixey Ball.

Jack Donnelly, manager of the Bijou Opera House, was general superintendent of the Dixey ball at the Opera House on Thursday night. Donnelly was in the box office when Thomas Payson, a ticket speculator, of 108 West Thirty-second street, came to the window with two friends and tried to persuade Donnelly that Marguerite Sylva had failed to mention his name and go into the ball. Donnelly explained that he couldn't admit him without a ticket. Payson became abusive and in a loud voice made a scene. In Jefferson Market yesterday Donnelly appeared his complaint, but after Payson had been fined $5 by Justice Ford, he relented, and paid the fine when informed that Payson had no money.

Grief Made Her Kill Herself.

Rosa Manzi, the young wife of an Italian employed in a Bowery billiard room, who lives at 281 Mulberry street, took poison, supposed to be arsenic, when her two-year-old boy Rocco died on Wednesday night. Dr. Holmes of 307 Broome street prescribed for her on Thursday morning, giving her a mixture containing paregoric. The woman got worse that night and Dr. Holmes would not come from where sent for. When another physician was summoned the woman was dead. Dr. Holmes told Coroner Nugent that he knew nothing about Mrs. Manzi's having taken poison, and explained his failure to make the second call by saying his health was not permit him to make night calls.

How Policeman Walsh Killed Ruth.

Policeman Walsh, who shot and killed Michael Ruth on Saturday night, was in the Harlem Police Court yesterday. Several witnesses testified that Ruth had assaulted the officer. Walsh testified that Ruth was drunk and noisy in Fourth avenue, near 116th street. He told Ruth to make less noise. Ruth swore at the officer. He had thrown two and had another in his hand, when Walsh drew his revolver. He fired twice in the ground but, as Ruth kept advancing, he fired a third time and shot him. Ruth clinched with him after that and they rolled on the ground. He got his club free and went out on alarm rap. Help came. The case was not concluded.

One of the Kiralfy Company Held as a Thief.

Walter Owen, one of the Kiralfy company playing in the "Rataplan" at Niblo's, went to the Bal de l'Opera on Thursday. He was walking out of the wine room in the Madison square garden with a sealskin sacque, valued at $250, on his arm, when a policeman arrested him. Mrs. Stephens of 132 East Twelfth street claimed the sacque, and said it had been taken from the back of her chair. Owen said that when he took the sacque he thought it belonged to his friend, Elka Lane, who lives in the same house with him at 133 East Fifteenth street. Owen wept when Justice Ford held him for trial yesterday.

Verdict for the City.

Patrick Coleman sued the city to recover $20,000 damages for injuries received by falling on the crosswalk on the corner of Beekman and Pearl streets on Aug. 14, 1883. Witnesses testified that one stone of the crosswalk was sunk two feet below the neighboring flagstones, and that it was in that condition for eight months previous to the accident. The city offered evidence in justification of the condition of the walk, and the jury returned a verdict in favor of the city.

A Pedestrian in Trouble.

In May, 1884, Dick Yarwood, the pedestrian, who has been walking in the Coliseum Rink, received a diamond ring to sell on commission at $165 for Jeweller William Salch of 867 Sixth avenue. In a month or two Yarwood came back to the jeweller and said he had lost the ring. Recently Jeweller Salch learned that Yarwood had sold the ring to a man named Rosaine, who lives at 45 East Tenth street, for $110. Yarwood was arrested by Detective Price yesterday and held for trial by Justice Ford.

Mrs. Gates Made the Mantel Ornaments Jingle.

Ida Gates, a pretty young woman, who lives at 238 West Thirty-eighth street and says she is married, was held for examination in Jefferson Market yesterday for malicious mischief. Mrs. Gates called on Laura V. Paul, with whom she had once boarded, at 701 Sixth avenue, on Thursday, and acted as if she had been drinking. Mrs. Paul told her to leave the house, and Mrs. Gates swept $50 worth of vases and other ornaments from the mantelpiece. She told Justice Ford that she was looking for her purse which she had lost when the vases fell.

Wanted—Females.

A.—UP-TOWN ADVERTISERS May leave their favors for THE SUN at the only authorized uptown advertisement offices:
1,820 Broadway, corner 31st st., till 9 P. M.
2511 Broadway, between 92d and 93d sts., till 9 P. M.
808 West 23d st., corner 8th av., till 8 P. M.
769 3d av., entrance on 47th st., till 8 P. M.
1525 4th av., corner 14th st., till 8 P. M.
1,002 3d av., near 60th st.
257 East 125th st., near 3d av., till 7:30 P. M.
No extra charge.

A TEAM C. C. SHAYNE'S great mark down January fur sale to-day. 103 Prince st.

PAPER BOXES.—Experienced hands for glue and paste work. GEO. WILMURS & SONS, 132 south 5th av.

PAPER BOXES.—A trimmer to trim cards. THE SPONNER MFG CO., 27th st. and 8th av.

TO-DAY the great American sealskin garment sale commences. Come see how it goes. C. C. SHAYNE, 103 Prince st.

WANTED—Ladies to work for us at their own homes; $7 to $10 per week can be quietly made; no photo painting; no canvassing. For full particulars please address, enclosing stamp, CRESCENT ART CO., 19 Central st., Boston, Mass., box 5,170.

WANTED—A housekeeper, about 30 years old; an American preferred; one bringing good references for sobriety and honesty; for ladies' boarding house. Apply at 149 Forsyth st. after 12 o'clock.

WANTED—Hands on very fine vests, either 30 or 32 out of house; also o. erators. Call at 94 Montrose av., Brooklyn, E. D.

WANTED—Skein winders on coarse yarn. Mills foot of West 25th st.

WANTED—A girl in umbrella store. 245 Greenwich st.

Wanted—Males.

A GOOD FLOORMAN horseshoer at JACOB SCHICK'S SONS', 518 North 2d st., corner Graham av., Brooklyn, E. D.

A.—SECOND-HAND suits, $4, $6, $8, $10. CAMERON, agent, Dean st., cor. Flatbush av., Brooklyn.

A TWO-THIRDER wanted; must be good. E. J. PEERLES & CO., 394 Canal st.

A YOUNG MAN to work in a livery stable. Call at 31 and 33 North Moore st.

HARNESS-STITCHER wanted. 456 Henderson st., Jersey City.

OWING to mild weather large stock of elegant sealskin garments, all descriptions; prices marked way down. C. C. SHAYNE, Furrier, 103 Prince st.

POOR FAMILIES with children wishing to go West may apply to the Children's Aid Society, 24 St. Mark's place.

RULING MACHINE FEEDERS wanted at 130 William st., 4th floor.

STRONG, active young man, who has had some experience in straw hat bleaching. 320 East 48th st.

THE great sale of sealskin sacques, high class, elegant goods, will commence today; great mark down. C. C. SHAYNE, 103 Prince st.

TEAS! Teas!—Five pounds, $1; worth $2; has from 1 to and save 20c. pound. SAMPLE TEA CO., 203 Pearl st. and 40 Fulton st.

TIN-SMITH used to range boilers, tin and copper; steady job to right man. W. H. SWEENEY MFG CO., 240 Water st.

WANTED—AGENTS with a small capital for the sale of a new BURNER, superior to any burner in the light in economy, beauty, and steadiness. The burner is far superior to any other in use, and agents will find a ready sale wherever they are introduced. Samples sent by mail for 25c. Circulars and price list, with SPECIAL TERMS TO AGENTS, sent on application. AGENTS SMITH & CARMAN, 12 La Grange st., Boston.

WANTED—An engraver of photo process plates (swelled plates); must be able to take the position of foreman of shop; also, first-class zinc etcher. Address, stating qualifications and experience, LEWIS ENGRAVING CO., 15 Cornhill, Boston.

WANTED—Apprentices for the U. S. Navy, to serve until 21 years of age. Boys between 14 and 18 received. Apply on board U. S. S. Constitution, at wharf near foot of 20th st., N. R. Pay at first $9 per month and board.

WANTED AT ONCE—First-class lithographic artists for black and colors, accustomed to label work. Address, with samples, WILLARD & BANDLOW, Nottingham block, Cleveland, O.

WANTED—A young man on electrical work; reference required. Apply at 203 Fulton st., Brooklyn, up stairs.

WANTED—A first-class picture frame joiner. SUPPLE & CO., 110 Bowery.

Situations Wanted.

A CORE, industrious woman wants housework in a small family; or the care of children. 99 Market st.

BOSS BAKER.—Situation wanted by a first-class foreman on all kinds of bread, cake, and fancy baked goods. R. LANGUTH, 405 West 37th st.

TO LOAN BAKERS.—A situation wanted by a steady, sober young man as third hand on bread or cake. Call, or address for two days, F. R., 17 Catharine st., N. Y.

Savings Banks.

UNION DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION, BROADWAY, 32D ST. AND SIXTH AV., NEW YORK, N.Y. 16th December, 1885.

The trustees have declared the dividend for the present half year, as follows:

Up to $1,000 at 4 per cent. per annum on all sums.
On accounts of more than $1,000 at 4 per cent. per annum on $1,000, and 3 on the excess.

It will be credited to pass books on or after Jan. 20, and that date be drawn for if allowed to remain will draw interest as a deposit of Jan. 1, 1886.

Deposits made on or before the 10th of January, 1886, will draw interest from the 1st of January, 1886. By order of the trustees.
GEORGE STARR, President.
JOHN H. HUDSON, Secretary.

THE EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK, 116 West 23d st., near 6 Ave., announces a dividend on deposits for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1885, at the rate of FOUR PER CENT PER ANNUM on sums of $5 and not exceeding $1,000.

Deposits made not later than Jan. 10 will draw interest from Jan. 1.
GEORGE C. WALDO, President.
JAMES C. GULICK, 1st Vice President.
EDWARD L. MERRIFIELD, 2d Vice-President.
HENRY KOHN, Jr., Secretary.

SAVING BANK INSTITUTION, 69 WARREN ST., NEW YORK, Dec. 29, 1885.

The Trustees of this Institution have declared interest for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1885, at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, on all sums of $3,000 and under, payable on and after Jan. 18, 1886.
JOHN CASTREE, President.
C. D. HEATON, Secretary.

$500 SEALSKIN garments marked down to $400. C. C. SHAYNE, Furrier, 103 Prince st.

Dividends.

UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 73 Broadway, corner Rector st., New York, Jan. 2, 1886.—A REGULAR QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF THREE PER CENT. has been declared by the trustees of the UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, and will be paid at the office of the company on and after Saturday, the 9th day of January, 1886.

The transfer books will close on Thursday, Jan. 7, and reopen on Monday, Jan. 11, 1886.
A. O. RONALDSON, Secretary.

GREAT reduction in prices. Elegant sealskin garments; all descriptions. C. C. SHAYNE, 103 Prince st.

Election Notices.

OFFICE OF THE HOMŒOPATHIC MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 117 WEST 42D ST., NEW YORK, January, 1886.

The annual election for six directors of this company will be held at this office on MONDAY, Jan. 18, 1886, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M.
FRANK B. MAYHEW, Secretary.

Business Chances.

MILD WEATHER.—First-class, best quality, elegant sealskin sacques, Newmarkets, paletots, visites; prices marked way down. C. C. SHAYNE, 103 Prince st.

Board and Rooms.

FURNISHED ROOMS for gentlemen, with stoves and home comforts $1.50. 196 Hudson st., near canal.

$200 SEALSKIN garments reduced to $100. C. C. SHAYNE, 103 Prince st., West of B'way.

Auction Notices.

THE great January sale of $10,000 worth of sealskin sacques, paletots, Newmarkets, and short wraps commences to-day. C. C. SHAYNE, 103 Prince st.

Furs.

$175 SEALSKIN sacques reduced to $125. $150 Sacques reduced to $110. Don't manufacture other priced seal sacques. C. C. SHAYNE, 103 Prince st.

Amusements.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.

SATURDAY, JAN. 9, Grand Matinee.	QUEEN OF SHEBA.
MONDAY, JAN. 11.	DIE MEISTER-SINGER.
WEDNESDAY, JAN. 13.	DIE WALKURE. Herr Anton Seidl, Musical Director.
FRIDAY.	QUEEN OF SHEBA.
SATURDAY, JAN. 16, Grand Matinee.	DIE MEISTERSINGER.

Box office open daily from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. AMERICAN OPERA SEASON. THEODORE THOMAS.....MUSICAL DIRECTOR

This afternoon at 2 P. M. First Matinee.	THE TAMING OF THE SHREW.

Performances for next week.

Wednesday, Jan. 13.	ORPHEUS AND EURYDICE.
Friday, Jan. 15.	THE TAMING OF THE SHREW.
Saturday, Jan. 16, second matinee.	ORPHEUS AND EURYDICE.

Prices 50c., 75c., $1, $2, $2.50, and $3.
Monday evening, Jan. 11, Academy of Music, Brooklyn, THE TAMING OF THE SHREW.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE. Commencing TUESDAY, Jan. 5, MARGARET MATHER in LEAH, THE FORSAKEN. by Augustin Daly, from the German of Mosenthal. MATINEES SATURDAY. Under the management of J. M. Hill. Sunday evening, Jan. 10—Prof. Lathom's illustrated lecture, TOUR AROUND THE WORLD. Admission, 25c. Reserved, 25c. extra.

BIJOU OPERA HOUSE. DIXEY. Second Year. Supported by Rice & Dixey's Big Burlesque Co., in ADONIS. Matinee to-day at 2. Mr. HENRY E. DIXEY.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. JANAUSCHEK. Reserved seats (32c. extra) Circle and Balcony, 50c. Last week. JANAUSCHEK in HEDDA GABLER. Tonight at 8. JANAUSCHEK in MACBETH. Next Week—Salmi Morna in Frou Frou.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. Extra Announcement. PROF. CROMWELL, the Clairvoyant, on Sunday night, Jan. 10, JERUSALEM and THE HOLY LAND, from Data to the Present Time, illustrated by the MAGIC LENS. Admission 25c. Reserved seats 25c. extra.

NIBLO'S. KIRALFY BROS. THE RATACHECHOUR, OR THE PIPER OF HAMELIN. HERBERT WILKE AS THE PIED PIPER. 200 NIGHTS. 200 ENTHUSIASTIC MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY. RESERVE SEATS, 50c.

TONY PASTOR'S 14TH ST. THEATRE. GREAT SHOW. GRAND SUCCESS. TONY PASTOR AND GREATEST COMPANY. M