BOUNCER DOLAN'S CART.

HE WILL INSTITUTE A TRUCK CAMPAIGN FOR COL. COOGAN.

New Bouncers Take His Place to Keep the Strikers in Check at the Belvedere Headquarters—In the Annexed District.

After a long conference at the redoubtable Coogan's headquarters yesterday morning, it was decided to dispense with stalwart Jim Dolan's services as chief bouncer for the rest of the campaign. Mr. Dolan was complimented for his efficient and vigorous services, and asked to take a more conspicuous hand in the Coogan boom. The statesmen at headquarters decided that Cleveland and Thurman should not monopolize the cart-tail oratory in this town. Mr. Dolan owns a horse and truck, and he was directed to have it ready at noon today, properly decorated with the candidate's picture on muslin banners all over the truck. A fife and drum corps and big dinner bells will be the chief ammunition for Brother Coogan in his cart-tail campaign until the orators to chant his praises can be selected.

But Mr. Dolan's cart will not wait for the orators, and the Coogan toesin will awaken the echoes in all the side streets and penetrate the crashing thoroughfares.

There were other changes made at headquarters. The transplanting of Mr. Dolan necessitated the marshalling of all the minor bouncers to keep out the rats from Mr. Coogan's elegant parlors. The solid statesmen of the party have no trouble in seeing Mr. Coogan, and he gives them a greeting that fastens them to him with hooks of steel. But he has emphatically proclaimed that he has no time for bores and strikers, that he is on deck to win, and that only the true and tried men of the party can receive recognition at his headquarters.

A telephone and a district messenger call box were put in yesterday for the convenience of those who can't reach the headquarters. The new bouncers of the establishment are Lieut. Mulhane and Charley Price, and they are described as workers in their line.

A cart-load of pictures of Mr. Coogan, mounted on muslin, were dumped into headquarters, and great bundles of them were circulated in all the down-town and east side districts, and in the upper sections, too. The Colonel now beams at you from the walls of the elevated stations also. Fine pictures of Dr. William S. Gottheil, the Colonel's only associate on the county Labor ticket, were also sent out. On the back of the pictures are some reasons why one should vote for Coogan, and also this tribute to Dr. Gottheil:

IF YOU VOTE FOR
DR. WM. S. GOTTHEIL
FOR CORONER,

you will not vote for a machine politician, but for a brilliant young physician whose reputation for all that is good, honest, and true is a household word. Gottheil has under taken the most unselfish labor in behalf of the poor, he is a graduate of the College of Physicians, has practiced in four or five of the different hospitals in this city, and since then has been the instructor at the Polyclinic and Professor of Pathology.

It has been determined to carry on a bitter warfare against the Colonel's rivals, Hewitt, Grant, and Erhardt. The first shot at Mayor Hewitt and Sheriff Grant was this circular printed by thousands and rushed through the mails yesterday:

A TAMMANY TRACT ANSWERED.

READ CAREFULLY AND CONSIDER BEFORE YOU VOTE FOR HUGH J. GRANT.

Every workman has an interest in these questions, and they affect his future:

Do you believe in a twenty-one years' residence before you can vote or own a home or leave anything to your children?

No! Nor is a property qualification as exacted by Tammany's candidate for Mayor, Hugh J. Grant.

Mayor Hewitt favors a twenty-one years' residence for men from abroad before admission to citizenship.

This man Hewitt was your candidate two years since; he was the fairest flower of the Democracy—Grant, Croker and Tammany hired him to "save society." Gentlemen, you forced him on the people, and you are responsible for his conduct.

The Cooganites will not rest with this. They were up in arms against Mayor Hewitt for his alleged Know-Nothing utterances, and threatened to distribute Sheriff Grant over every block in the town for his property qualification ideas. As for Col. Erhardt, the Cooganites sent out a sworn affidavit against the Republican candidate, telling that as an official of the New York City and Northern Railroad he refused to reinstate the freight handlers who went out last year.

Miss Charlotte Smith yesterday got a permit giving Broadway and Fifth avenue for this afternoon to a carriage parade of women who are opposed to Cleveland and will do everything to defeat him. Miss Smith is President of the Woman's National League, and she protests that Secretary Bayard, with the sanction of the President, reduced the wages of women in some of the departments at Washington. Miss Smith was at headquarters to get carriages, and she was told she could have all the hacks in the city if she wanted them.

The delegations calling at headquarters to renew their assurances of distinguished consideration for the Colonel yesterday consisted of employees of the Metropolitan and St. Denis Hotels and of H. B. Claflin & Co., and also Chairman Lawson and his associates of the Central Committee of the League of Colored Clubs. The latter had called on Mayor Hewitt the day before to say they were solid for him, and they had in turn drifted into the Grant and Erhardt headquarters to satisfy a harmless curiosity, and had now turned up at Coogan's. All were cordially received, and told to hustle, and if Coogan runs first under the wire they will be remembered. Seceders from John Morrison, boss of District Assembly 126, flocked in to say that when Morrison turned over from Coogan to Grant he was an arch traitor. A committee from Timothy Putnam Quinn armed with a most virulent attack on the Colonel were thrown out by the new and efficient bouncers, who seemed to glory in their first efforts. But the invaders left behind bundles of the attack on Coogan. One says:

Mr. Coogan's present wealth is estimated at $2,250,000. With all this money he still evades the payment of taxes on his property, as the court records will show that over $10,000 was recovered from the city on a claim made by the Coogan family that some of their lands were exempt from taxation. Mr. Coogan has started to run this canvass the way he runs his funeral furniture business. To get a cheap stock of furniture costs quite a sum of money, and Mr. Coogan is trying to buy the Mayoralty in the same way he does his furniture. There is no reason why any man should vote for him who does not get paid for it.

Col. Coogan spent the greater part of the day in the annexed district making a vigorous personal canvass. All the bricklayers and foundrymen, boatmen and brewers' men as well as the folks who rent or own their houses were greeted by the Colonel. The shining qualities of the candidate as a politician and statesman fairly glittered in the bright fall afternoon, and at the close of the day he and his loyal supporters were more than ever convinced that Col. Coogan will occupy the Mayor's chair on New Year's Day.

The business men who were expected to turn out in large numbers at the Coogan mass meeting held last night in Becker's Hall in Thirty-second street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, did not materialize. At 8 o'clock the Turtle Bay drum corps held possession of the hall. They worked industriously, with the exception of about ten minutes intermission, to enable them to get their second wind, until 10 o'clock. By that time about twenty men had gathered in the hall. As none of the officers or speakers who had been detailed for the meeting were present, a Chairman was elected, and Frank Farrell, a colored man, delivered a short speech, and the meeting was adjourned.

James J. Coogan has borrowed $60,000 on mortgage from the New York Life Insurance Company. The property given as security is situated on the southwest corner of Eighth avenue and Thirty-first street.

The term for which the mortgage is given is one year. The mortgage was registered yesterday afternoon.

TO SELL THE LYCEUM THEATRE.

Creditors Bring Suit for the Foreclosure of a Mortgage.

John S. Ellis, as trustee for the holders of certain bonds issued by the Lyceum, has brought suit in the Supreme Court against the Lyceum, the New York Theatre Company, and Franklin H. Sargent, to foreclose a mortgage upon the property.

William Y. Mortimer in January, 1884, leased the ground upon which the Lyceum Theatre now stands to Philip G. Hubert, Charles W. Clinton, and Michael Brennan, for twenty-one years from the 1st of May of that year, at a yearly rent of $4,000. About a month later it was leased to the Lyceum upon the same terms. The theatre was built at an expense of more than $50,000. The entire property was then leased to Steele Mackaye and Gustav Frohman for ten years from February, 1885, for $12,000 for the first three years, and $15,000 for the remaining seven, yearly. As the Lyceum was in debt to different persons for $4,000, it issued bonds for this amount, payable in February, 1891, of $500 each, and executed a mortgage upon the property to secure the indebtedness.

The plaintiff, John S. Ellis, and his wife, Julia L. Ellis, hold twenty-four of these bonds. The interest on the bonds has not been paid since February, 1887. The lease of the theatre is now held by the New York Theatre Company. This company and F. H. Sargent claim to have a lien upon the property. The object of the suit is to foreclose the mortgage, sell the property and the lease, and apply the proceeds to the payment of the bonds and the interest.

A Whitestone Hotel Burned.

William Dunn's hotel at Whitestone was entirely destroyed by fire late on Tuesday night. There was no time to save anything. The inmates barely escaped with their lives. The loss is estimated at $10,000.

WHOSE MONEY IS IT?

Mr. Jacott's Deathbed Bequest of $10,000 to a Church Contested.

George R. Jacott, a resident of Brooklyn, E. D., died last November leaving a will, among the provisions of which was a clause that bequeathed $10,000 to the Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church, also of Brooklyn, E. D. This will was drawn about a fortnight before he died, and while he lay on what proved to be his deathbed. The law requires that any bequest made to a corporation or society must be contained in a will drawn at least two months before the death of the testator. Jacott's will also contained a provision that bequeathed all the rest of his property to his executors, the Rev. Cornelius M. Twing, his pastor, and George Edwards, a friend. The will was contested by a cousin of Mr. Jacott, a Mrs. Emma Benrimo, who lives in Harlem. Surrogate Lott of Brooklyn admitted the will to probate, but declared the bequest of $10,000 to the church void, and ruled that it reverted to the residuary legatees, Messrs. Twing and Edwards.

Last week the General Term of the Supreme Court, held at Poughkeepsie, overruled the Surrogate's decision, and sent the case back to be tried before a jury to determine whether the will was properly drawn, whether the testator was competent to make a will at all, and whether undue influence was used. The contestant of the will was represented by Lawyer Albert Bach and the proponents by Walter Edwards and Judge Jasper Gilbert. An important bit of testimony was given before Surrogate Lott by Rector Twing, one of the residuary legatees, and was used before the General Term. The clergyman's testimony was that he had read the rubric of the church to the dying man. The rubric reads: "And if he hath not disposed of his goods let him then be admonished to make his will and to declare his debts, what he oweth and what is owing unto him, for the better discharge of his conscience and of the satisfaction of his executors." Judge Barnard's opinion, which was filed a few days ago, and in which his associates, Justices Dykeman and Pratt, concurred, was to this effect: "Jacott was 60 years old when he died. He had no kinswoman nearer than a first cousin. He lived in apartments hired of George W. Edwards. His condition had constantly become more dangerous during several weeks before the date of his death, Nov. 27, a short time before which date the paper propounded to be his will was executed. The deceased was a member of the Calvary Protestant Church, and George W. Edwards, a member of the same church, had repeatedly asked the deceased to make his will. Mr. Twing, his rector, and Mr. Walter Marshall had also done the same thing. The testator had some $16,000, of which sum $10,000 was given to the church to pay off a mortgage. There was no likelihood of the testator's living long enough to secure this gift to the church by will. The will was not read to the testator. The whole narrative is unnatural. I believe the testator was ignorant of the effect of the residuary clause, and, therefore, the instrument is not an expression of his will. The judgment should be reversed."

Mr. Walter Edwards said yesterday: "I am satisfied that Judge Barnard's ruling is not in accordance with law. Surrogate Lott made a searching examination of all the witnesses connected with the case, and made his ruling in accordance with the evidence. This testimony was not submitted to the General Term. Mr. George Edwards is not a member of the Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church, and never was asked. Each provision of the will was read to the testator. The rector, the Rev. Dr. Twing, read the rubric to Mr. Jacott just as he reads it to any dying member of his church, and as he will continue to read it as long as he is an Episcopal clergyman. Section 6 of the law of 1848, for the incorporation of benevolent societies, provides that any corporation may take property by virtue of any devise or bequest with certain limitations as to amount, &c. The society to which Jacott left his money was incorporated in 1813, thirty-five years before the act of 1848. I still maintain that Mr. Jacott's $10,000 belongs to the church to which it was bequeathed. The residuary legatees, Messrs. Twing and Edwards, immediately after Surrogate Lott's decision drew up a paper in which they voluntarily bound themselves to pay over the $10,000 to the church in case a decision of the court should give it to them personally. This fact could not be put in evidence before the General Term as it might have affected Judge Barnard's decision as to the reason why the residuary clause was inserted at all."

The case has been set down for Nov. 5, but Judge Pratt has sent out a notice that no court will be held in Brooklyn during election week, and the case will not come up until Nov. 12.

AN ITALIAN RAGMAN'S PRISONER.

He Was an Old Sailor, and Was Held for His Pension Money.

John Stephens, a decrepit and partly paralyzed seaman, was for twenty-four years and until four years ago an inmate of Sailors' Snug Harbor, on Staten Island. He had been seriously injured in the navy, and had got a pension of $8 per month. Justice William W. Corbett of New Brighton, S. I., had the pension raised to $30, and later to $50 a month. Then Stephens became blind, and Justice Corbett got his pension up to $72 a month. This was about four years ago, and soon afterward Stephens left the institution and took a fellow inmate for a chum. They hired rooms at Port Richmond, S. I. Stephens's companion acted as housekeeper, and the couple enjoyed life.

Last summer an Italian ragpicker, Salvatore Falco, moved his family into the apartments above those occupied by Stephens. Falco found out all about Stephens's affairs, and after the old man's companion died last August Falco and his wife took entire charge of him. They secured a power of attorney which virtually made Falco the old tar's guardian. Justice L. C. Alston of Port Richmond wrote the document. Then the Italians moved with Stephens and his trappings to a ragpicker's tenement on Metropolitan avenue, Williamsburgh.

About a week ago Justice Corbett was told by several old salts from Sailor's Snug Harbor that Stephens was not receiving good treatment from his Italian guardians. They claimed that he was very much dissatisfied, and that Falco simply retained possession of him in order to secure his pension. The Justice got Mrs. Isaac Boerum of Port Richmond, a native of Italy, to investigate, and went up afterward himself and secured Stephens's pension certificate from Falco. The old man went and wanted to get taken back to Staten Island. So yesterday Mrs. Boerum, Patrolman Wells of Staten Island, and Justice Corbett went to Williamsburgh.

Falco was ugly and refused to let Stephens go. Stephens shouted and wept for joy. That made Falco mad, and he made a stump speech to a lot of his countrymen, whom he had gathered as if to resist the removal. A row followed, and the Italians began to act violently. Policeman Wells got his revolver ready. Mrs. Boerum told the Italians in their own tongue that her companions were police officers who would arrest them all if they didn't behave themselves. At last Falco surrendered the old sailor. Justice Corbett gave a receipt for him, and the party took him off.

While Falco had Stephens and the pension papers, he drew $332 of the old man's money. He fed him upon black bread and coffee. Justice Corbett says he will apply for the appointment of a trustworthy guardian for Stephens, in the mean time the old sailor will make Mrs. Boerum's cottage his home, and she will receive $50 monthly for caring for him.

Burglar Lealand Can't have his Watch.

William Lealand, alias "Kid" Waring, was convicted yesterday before Judge Cowing in the General Sessions of burglary in breaking into Mrs. Adelaide McManus's residence at 278 Washington avenue and stealing $200 worth of jewelry. When Lealand was arrested he had a $150 solitaire diamond ring on his finger. Mrs. McManus identified the ring. Lealand testified that he bought the ring of "Sheeny Barney," or Barney Rosenthal, for $7. The jury didn't believe Lealand, and convicted him in one minute by the clock. He was sentenced to five years in State prison.

While Lealand was on the witness stand he attempted, but in vain, to get Judge Cowing to look at a piece of paper in his Lealand's hand. After he was convicted he told Judge Cowing that the paper was a receipt for a gold watch, which was at Police Headquarters, and he wanted it immediately. The watch was, according to detectives who testified in the case, the proceeds of a burglary by Lealand in New Jersey. He will be taken to Sing Sing without the watch to-day.

Water Stock and Dock Bonds Awarded.

Bids for $1,500,000 three per cent. additional water stock and dock bonds were opened yesterday by Comptroller Myers. The total amount bid for aggregated $15,730,000. The amounts of $1,000,000 of water stock at 108.31, and $500,000 of dock bonds at 110.76, were awarded to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.

A Notable Enterprise in Suspenders.

The London and Liverpool Clothing Company, 88 and 88 Bowery, corner Hester st., has obtained the entire production—comprising 500,000 pairs—of one of the largest suspender manufacturing firms in the United States, and will sell the stock off at 39 cents a pair (formerly worth $1.50). The suspenders are of silk beautifully and elaborately embroidered in colored designs. They are strongly made, have patent buckles and loop attachments, and are as durable and serviceable as they are handsome. The securing of the whole immense stock is a piece of notable enterprise.—Adv.

Royal Baking Powder, Absolutely Pure, for twenty-five years the standard.—Adv.

BUYING AMERICAN BREWERIES.

More Rumors of an English Syndicate Investing in Brewery Property.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—John S. Cooke, President of the Cooke Brewing Company, when asked about the English syndicate formed for the purpose of buying American breweries and carrying on business as maltsters, victuallers, mineral water manufacturers, hotel keepers, wine and tobacco merchants, said: "I have heard it discussed a great deal in a joking way among brewers, and we all think there is nothing in it. I do not think any such syndicate has been formed, and I do not think it would amount to anything any way. There is enough American capital to carry on the American brewing interests, and were there such a syndicate it would not be popular with the class of people who would patronize us."

"Would you sell your brewing interest to such a syndicate?"

"Most certainly, if they offered enough for it. Two Englishmen came to me a short time ago and wanted to buy me out. I do not think they belonged to any syndicate, and I think something like that started the report."

J. H. McAvoy, President of the McAvoy Brewing Company, said there was no doubt that such a syndicate had been in mind; that it had purchased not only the New York breweries of H. Clausen & Son and Flannigan, May & Co., but also the Philadelphia brewery of John F. Betts & Co., and he heard it rumored that the Anheiser-Busch Co. brewery of St. Louis and Ehret's bottling establishment of New York were about to go under the control of the same syndicate. He thought the object was to find better investment of English capital. The low rate of interest in England—2 and 3 per cent.—had caused English capitalists to invest their money in American industries. They had put their money in American mines and ranches; they were now trying to get an interest in American breweries.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 31.—When questioned about the purchase of American breweries by the English syndicate, Charles Best, Secretary of the Best Brewing Company, said he understood from a gentleman from New York that the sale of the two New York breweries had been made some days ago. There had been no negotiations for the Best brewery, and the company would not consider any proposition to sell.

Mr. Falk of the Falk Brewing Company said that his company some time ago received inquiries from the English syndicate for the purchase of their brewery, and he believed other brewers had received similar inquiries, but his company had not replied to them. He thought though that any or all of the Milwaukee breweries could be bought.

NEW JERSEY BAPTISTS.

The Year's Work Performed by the 208 Churches in the State.

MIDDLETOWN, Oct. 31.—The old Baptist Church here was crowded to-day. It was the second day of the New Jersey State Baptist Convention. The annual report of the Committee on State Work showed that there are now 203 Baptist churches in New Jersey, valued at upward of $2,600,000, and having an aggregate membership of 37,393. During the year $67,468 was raised for benevolent purposes. The report of the Committee on Temperance denounced barrooms. The statement that "the liquor traffic cannot be legalized without sin" was loudly applauded. The report spoke in slightly flattering terms of the Republican High License and Local Option law. Two resolutions were offered—one to accept the report, and the other to leave it open to discussion. Several clergymen were on their feet as soon as the Chairman declared the first motion carried, demanding a reconsideration of the vote, as they wanted to discuss the temperance question freely and fully. A motion to reconsider the matter was declared lost by a vote of 40 to 30.

The Rev. S. C. Dare's report on foreign missions showed that New Jersey Baptists contributed an average of 38 cents each last year for that department of church work.

The annual election resulted in the selection of the Rev. F. W. Boyce of Camden President, the Revs. J. M. Carpenter of Burlington and I. C. Wynn of Camden Vice-Presidents, J. C. Buchanan of Pemberton Secretary, and Asa Suydam of Flemington Treasurer. A Board of Management, consisting of twelve clergymen and eighteen laymen, was elected.

During the year the National Baptist Publication Society handled $582,491. It printed 29,556,497 copies of its books, tracts, and periodicals, including those of 112 new publications. Since 1824 the society has printed 359,395,521 copies of its publications.

AN ORGANIZED GANG OF ROBBERS.

Two of them Captured and a Posse in Pursuit of the Others.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 31.—Lafayette Pelfrey and Drayton Medlin, two of a half dozen men in a gang of robbers, were captured at the house of Sebe Henson, near Ropers, Pickens county, on Monday night, just after their unsuccessful attempt to rob the house of Norman Clardy, an old blind man, near Piedmont, on Sunday night. The capture was made by a posse of citizens, headed by G. W. Griffin and Wm. Hughes. Pelfrey was lodged in jail at Greenville, and Medlin is not expected to live, having been shot in the stomach. On Monday night, when he and his companions were surprised, Medlin fired on the would-be captors, and was mortally wounded in return.

The confession of Pelfrey, and the investigations of the posse who ran the gang to cover, reveal a regular organized robber band, in which Pelfrey, an ex-convict, and the Medlins—Dayton, Jason, James, and Joe—were ringleaders. In June last they robbed an old man named Trotter of $300, near Loopers. Petty thieving went on continuously in the neighborhood. In September the gang robbed the house of Albert Toney in Polk county, N. C., of $400. Several other attempts to rob old but supposed wealthy farmers were made in Greenville and adjoining counties, but they all failed for different causes. The men were all desperate fellows, and went fully armed on their raids. They wore uniforms made of guano sacks and blackened their faces. The gang had terrorized one part of Pickens county, and the capture of the ringleaders by a self-constituted posse is a great relief. Other members of the band are being pursued.

B. H. WELTON'S ASSASSINATION.

Was the Assassin Incited to the Deed by the Whitechapel Murders?

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Oct. 31.—The recent barbarous murder of B. H. Welton of Bainbridge, a worthy business man and high dignitary of the Masonic order, has been followed by two actions for damages of $5,000 in each case in the Supreme Court of the Sixth Judicial district. The suits are brought by Mrs. Jane Welton, widow of the murdered man, in behalf of herself and child, under the civil damage provisions of the Excise law, against H. O. Anderson, hotel proprietor, and Charles Thomas, saloon keeper, who, it is alleged, sold intoxicants to the young cigarmaker, William Gilbert, on the night he committed the deed.

The murder of Welton was entirely unprovoked and unlooked for by the victim. Thomas, the saloon keeper, has compromised the suit against him by paying the widow $1,050 damages and agreeing to go out of the liquor-selling business for good. Landlord Anderson will contest the suit in the courts, alleging, as one plea in defence, that the assassin was not drunk when he perpetrated the crime, but was suffering under an attack of acute homicidal mania. An attempt will be made, it is said, to show that the assassin has been of unsound mind for years, and that he was incited to the deed by morbidly brooding over the horrible details of the London Whitechapel murders. A fact which supports the theory is that Gilbert chose a knife for his weapon, with which he made three deep and fatal cuts on his victim's abdomen. A like plea will doubtless be interposed to save him from the gallows.

Travellers Killed by Negroes.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Oct. 31.—In Mercer county on Sunday four white travellers on a highway were attacked by a band of negroes. Two of the travellers were shot and their bodies robbed of $600. The other two men, William Henderson and Michael Johnson, escaped, and went to Bramwell, where they gave the alarm. Fifty men at once went in pursuit, but up to yesterday had been unsuccessful, as the outlaws took to the mountains.

A Lake Steamer Ashore.

ESCANABA, Mich., Oct. 31.—The passenger steamer City of Ludington went ashore on the point at Gladstone about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and up to a late hour last night had not been released. The Goodrich people do not think she is in any danger. She had only a few passengers on board.

Missing with his Friend's Money.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 31.—George H. Vandergrift, a well-known conveyancer of this city, has disappeared, taking with him various sums of money given him by friends to invest in mortgages, and said to aggregate about $15,000. He left his office on the 23d inst., since which time nothing has been heard of his whereabouts.

The Arctic Whalers.

NEW BEDFORD, Oct. 31.—The latest advices from the whaling fleet in the Arctic state that the thirteen whaling vessels reported to be frozen in are together, and are fifteen miles south from Herald Island, instead of twenty miles north, as before reported.

KNOW-NOTHING THUNDER.

GRANT'S WORKERS WILL TRY TO SCARE HEWITT'S SUPPORTERS.

His Headquarters All Bustle and His Speakers Scattered Throughout the Assembly Districts—Tammany Ratification.

The flat went out from Sheriff Grant's headquarters yesterday that Know-Nothing thunder was to be let loose by the young Tammany Sachem's spokesmen who are trying to frighten off Mayor Hewitt's supporters. It had been rumbled cautiously at first, but the results, as shown by reports from the speakers, proved so satisfactory that it was decided to whoop it up against Father Abram.

The reports from the First Assembly district were especially gratifying to the Grant managers. This is the district which Col. Michael C. Murphy has always been supposed to carry in a pocket of his gorgeous waistcoat. The longshoremen of the district, the Sheriff's orators said, were coming over in droves to Tammany's candidate, and so also were the German districts in the Eighth and Tenth, it was declared. The German newspapers arrayed against the Mayor were reported to be doing great execution among Mayor Hewitt's old friends. The Fourteenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, and Twentieth districts were said to be ablaze with Grant enthusiasm, while the Purryites and Whitites were doing great things in the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth.

While there should be some allowance made, perhaps, for the booming enthusiasm that characterized every Tammany Indian, from the great chief, Mr. Croker, down, certainly not since the campaign began have the Grant headquarters been in such a bustle. Nick O'Farrell of the establishment was up to his ears in work providing Dutch, German, Polish, Italian, and Hebrew speakers for the thirty-nine meetings that were held in every Assembly district last night; 137 speakers were required to do the business. In some districts two and three Tammany meetings kept neighborhoods in a glow until midnight.

Early in the evening the headquarters were jammed, corridors, anterooms, and council room, and all with Tammany Indians reporting that Sheriff Grant was growing in favor hourly, and never a thought of defeat entered their heads.

The last of 125,000 bandanna Grant badges were distributed, and 20,000 more were ordered. A dry goods case of photographs of the Sheriff were received, and will be distributed all over the city to-day. Charles Roemost, President of the Belgian Union, notified the Sheriff that his people were for him, and these lawyers proclaimed themselves for Grant: Ex-Chief Justice Daly, Butler, Stillman & Hubbard, Wingate & Cullen, J. Sergeant Cram, Roger A. Pryor, Fangs & Stetson, D. Lord, Jr., R. E. Deyo, Delano C. Calvin, J. W. Weed, Leon Abbett, S. Sandford, and F. R. Lawrence.

Another personal appeal for votes was sent out by the Sheriff's friends, in which his record as an Alderman in 1884, and his conduct of the affairs of the Sheriff's office are dwelt upon.

In the Eighteenth district, John Sheehan, Adam Schweitzer, Patrick Kerns, and William Connor, County Democrats, sent word that they had come out for Grant.

It was announced that County Clerk James A. Flack's candidacy for the office of Sheriff has been endorsed by a number of city organizations. Among those heard from are the International Brotherhood of Boiler Makers, the Business Men's Association of the Fifth Assembly district, the Truckmen's Association of the First Assembly district, the Bohemian Club of the Tenth district, the German Democratic Campaign Club of the Twenty-third district, the German Democratic Club of the Seventeenth district, the Colored Prohibition Club, the Turtle Bay Club, and the Brass Workers' Association.

Of the candidates, Senator Reilly seems to be doing the most talking. He addresses two or three meetings every evening, and last night devoted himself to reviewing and addressing the parading Democrats of the Sixth district. His canvass for the County Clerkship is being energetically waged by his headquarter's generals. Many thousand posters and circulars and "dodgers" and great piles of lithographs have already been distributed.

Arrangements for the Tammany ratification meeting in the wigwam to-night were completed. Ex-Gov. Hoadly will preside. De Lancey Nicoll, Bourke Cockran, Daniel Dougherty, Congressman Fitch, Gen. Pryor, Coroner Levy, and others will speak.

BANKER BERMAN'S ASSETS.

They Consist of the Office Furniture and an Empty Safe.

Signs in English, Polish, and Hebrew cover the big window front of 15 Orchard street, the office of the Russian-American banking house of L. Berman & Co. The business was started on May 1, and seemed to be prosperous. On Wednesday Berman disappeared, and his office has since been besieged by creditors. Berman left his wife behind, and is said to have taken a younger woman with him. Much of Berman's business was in exchange on Europe. His creditors are Poles and Russians. They are very numerous, but their individual claims are small. Besides the office furniture and an empty safe no assets could be found. These persons have complained to the Eldridge street police of losses:

H. Frank, $15.50; M. Mika, $19; W. Kennas, $27.50; Christopher Biasch, $90; L. Zullwer, $15, and R. Rigos, $37.50.

Mrs. Berman is penniless. She has preferred a charge of abandonment against her husband and has asked the police to look for him. Berman bought a new suit of clothes recently, and his tailor was around yesterday looking for his pay. Other tradesmen also lament his absence.

Close of the Kneeland-De Lamere Sale.

There was a large attendance at the last of the three sales of the private collections of Mr. Stillman Foster Kneeland and Mr. Jean De Lamere at the Lihou art gallery last evening. Bidding was prompt, and good prices were obtained. The highest price paid was for "Woods of Fontainebleau," by Diaz, which was started at $500 and was sold for $1,100. Bouguereau's "The Pet Biró" brought $1,000, and "The Blind Shepherd," by J. L. Gerôme, $430. "Cattle Returning Home," by James M. Hart, was sold for $850. Auctioneer Lihou said the picture was painted for Commodore Vanderbilt, but his death occurred before it could be delivered. Commodore Vanderbilt was to have paid $3,500 for the picture. Other notable pictures sold last night were:

Bakalowicz, "The Court Jester"	$170
Schlesinger, "Antiquary"	225
Weeks, "Grand Chapel, Grenada"	875
Rousseau, "Landscape with Cattle"	160
Constant, Benj., "An Alpenrain"	250
Zimmerman, "The Family Feast"	160
Diaz, "Landscape"	210
Munier, "The Reaper"	375
Frankemore, "Crepuscule"	425
Detti, "The New Score"	325
Chase, W. M., "The Toilette"	550
Hart, William, "Summer"	105
Dore, "The Embrace of Death"	575

The total of last night's sale was $14,352; the total for the three nights was $30,000.

A Theatre to Replace the Old London Street.

About a week ago Mr. W. J. Gilmore of Philadelphia took a party of New Yorkers down Broadway to the queer building known as the Old London Street. All except one of them had the theatrical fever and money in their pockets to pay the doctor. The exception was Mr. John B. McElfatrick, an architect, who knows from long experience how to build a theatre. The other gentlemen asked Mr. McElfatrick to take measurements of the building with a view to putting up a new playhouse on the site. This was done, and the gentlemen with the fever dispersed. Mr. McElfatrick said yesterday:

"Mr. Gilmore may organize a syndicate to build a new theatre, and probably will, but I am not at liberty to mention the names of the gentlemen who have the project under consideration. Nothing definite has been decided as yet."

If the projected theatre is built, Mr. Gilmore, who is a widely-known manager, will have charge of it.

Policeman Chaffee Sober Enough to Resign.

Policeman Chaffee of the Prince street station was charged by Roundsman Crow before Commissioner MacLean yesterday with having been off post. Chaffee made some incoherent remarks and the Commissioner sent for Dr. Edwards, a police surgeon. Both pronounced Chaffee drunk. Inspector Steers preferred charges of intoxication against Chaffee on the spot. Chaffee went down to Superintendent Murray, tendered his resignation, and walked out of the building.

Policeman Nolan of the West Thirty-seventh street station was accused by Roundsman Deeves of smoking in front of 247 Lexington avenue while a wedding was in progress in the house. Nolan said that a lighted cigar was thrown on the awning and he had just picked it off when the roundsman came up. He said that Deeves was continually making him trouble because he did not speak to Deeves.

The Arthur Memorial School Consecrated.

The Zichron Osher, or Arthur Memorial School and Synagogue, at 186 West Eightieth street, was consecrated last night. It is a charitable institution for the promotion of the Jewish faith and for the education of Jewish children in the Hebrew language and religion. The Rev. H. Veld will be pastor of the synagogue and principal of the school. The enrollment of pupils will be made at the synagogue on Sunday next, and instruction will be given thereafter on week days to the younger pupils from 10 to 12 in the morning, and to the older pupils from 2 to 4 in the afternoon.

THE AIR LINE R. R. COMMISSION.

Work Begun on Adjusting Final Claims for Loss of Easements.

The first session of the Commissioners appointed by Judge Andrews of the Supreme Court to obtain testimony and report upon the value of the easements taken by the New York Metropolitan Elevated Railroad Companies of the property along its routes was held yesterday in the Special Term room of the Supreme Court. Commissioners William N. Armstrong, George W. Lyon, and Edward V. Loew were present. Over a dozen lawyers, representing the various owners of property who have brought suit against the elevated railroads to recover damages for the easements that they have been deprived of, were present. Ex-Judge Leo Dessar appears for the owners of fifty-eight parcels of land upon the line of the elevated railroads. The Commissioners have before them cases involving the values of the easements of 125 different parcels. Messrs. Davies and Rapallo represented the elevated railroads.

There was an extended discussion, in which the majority of the counsel fully expressed their views as to the method of procedure the Commission should adopt, the manner in which the cases should be tried, and how they should be classified. Mr. Davies was anxious to have the cases taken up in the way that he should suggest, but the majority of the counsel opposed his views, and suggested that the Commissioners prepare their own calendar. In respect of suits now pending in the courts against the elevated railroads, several of the counsel urged that there was a question as to whether or not the property owners did not have a perfect right to proceed with those trials notwithstanding the appointment of the Commissioners. All the counsel, in appearing before the Commissioners, reserved their right to appeal from the order appointing the Commissioners.

The Commissioners listened to all that the various counsel had to suggest, and they decided that for the present they would not decide upon the order of procedure. They adjourned until a week from to-day. It is their intention to hold three sittings a week, and after the trials have been fairly started to increase their sessions so as to dispose of the cases as rapidly as possible.

JURORS MOVED TO TEARS.

A Girl on Trial for Throwing Vitriol in the Face of her Betrayer.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 31.—Mary Brophy, a bright and attractive girl of 20 years, was tried to-day for throwing vitriol in the face of Harry Coleman. Not until she went on the stand, and with tears and moans told her story, was it known that Coleman had betrayed her. While telling her story the ladies in court, and some of the jurors, were moved to tears. Just facing the girl, while she was giving her testimony, stood the man who had betrayed her. His face was horribly scarred. The two met in the winter of 1887, and, under promise of marriage, Coleman betrayed the girl, the result being that a babe was born in the latter part of the summer of 1888. Coleman resorted to illegal means to destroy the child, and was subsequently indicted for the attempted crime.

The father of Miss Brophy interceded in his behalf, and secured a nolle pros upon the promise that he would marry the girl and save disgrace to the family, but this he failed to do. The girl, crazed with grief, in company with her mother, who knew nothing of her daughter's intentions, sought her betrayer at his house. It was after 11 o'clock at night when the girl rapped at his door and called him forth, and, according to her story, after his emphatic refusal to comply with his promise to marry her, threw the vitriol in his face, disfiguring him for life.

After being out an hour the jury said they were unable to agree, thereupon the State, with the consent of the Court, nolle prossed the case.

Bones from an Abandoned Graveyard.

Yesterday afternoon laborers at work on the subway trenches at Chrystie and Delancey streets unearthed some human bones, nearly all in an advanced stage of decay. There were two thigh bones intact. The oldest inhabitants of the neighborhood remember that about thirty-five years ago there was a church on the present site of Grammar School No. 20, 160 Chrystie street, and a graveyard close by. It was the graveyard that the laborers were digging in. The bones were taken to the Eleventh precinct station house.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises	6 31	Sun sets	4 56
Moon rises	3 20		

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook	4 56	Gov. Island	5 25
Hell Gate	7 14		

Arrived—WEDNESDAY, Oct. 31.

Ss State of Nebraska, Brass, Glasgow Oct. 20 and Larne 21st.
Ss Alene, Seidera, Kingston.
Ss Chas. F. Mayer, Hand, Baltimore.
Ss Vernunnus, Cook, St. Ann's Bay.
Ss Lampasas, Crowell, Galveston.
Ss Gulf Stream, Pennington, Wilmington, N. C.
Ss John Gibson, Dole, Norfolk.
Ss Saunter Coleman, Boston.
Ss City of Columbia, McIntosh, Havana.
Ss Camerata, Taylor, Saracoa.
Ship Marianne Nott-bohm, Nugent, Rotterdam.
Bark Ingomar, Kilvanen, Buenos Ayres.

(For later arrivals see Jottings about Town.)

ARRIVED OUT.

Ss City of New York, from New York, off Browhead.
Ss Ethiopia, from New York, at Glasgow.
Ss Rugia, from New York, off Lizard.
Ss Persian Monarch, from New York, at London.
Ss State of Pennsylvania, from New York, at Glasgow.
Ss Suevia, from New York, at Hamburg.

SAILED FROM FOREIGN PORTS.

Ss Gellert, from Hamburg for New York.

Business Notices.

Gentlemen's Winter Undershirts and Drawers, 50c., 75c., $1 each. Cardigan and Jersey Jackets, $1, $1.50, $2 each. J. W. JOHNSTON, 280 Grand st., New York; also 379 6th av., above 23d st.

Visitors are welcome to inspect our Steam Carpet Cleaning Works. THOMAS JAMES STEWART, No. 1,554 Broadway, Erie and 5th sts., Jersey City. Call or telephone.

**Buy Kennedy's Famous Derby Hats and