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The Sun.

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VOL. LIX.—NO. 30. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1891. PRICE TWO CENTS.

DEMOCRATS GET TO WORK.

GOING TO HAVE SOME BIG RATIFICATION MEETINGS AT ONCE.

Gov. Hill to be Invited Here and to Brooklyn—The Candidates Meet the Executive Committee—A "Silver" Before "Dollar" in the Currency Plank—County Democrats to Come Out for the Ticket.

The candidates on the Democratic State ticket seemed to recognize that yesterday's meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Committee marked the opening of the campaign, and only Secretary of State Rice and Treasurer Elliot Danforth failed to put in an appearance. They were unavoidably detained by official business. In the Hoffman House corridors were also gathered many of the sturdy Democrats of the rank and file, whose interest in the gathering was neither that of candidates nor committeemen, but which was not less in loyalty and earnestness on that account. Among them was J. J. Richardson, the Iowa member of the National Democratic Committee, full of encouraging news about the canvass that Gov. Horace E. Boies is making for reëlection out there, a canvass that is making the Republicans worry very seriously. There was Edward P. Hagan resting quietly in the recollection of the promise Charles A. Stadler made two years ago not to run for Senator again. There was John Scannell, whose friends want to run him for Congress, but who will never seek the nomination, though he might not refuse it if it came to him. There was Editor Burdge of the Spencer *Herald*, a Tioga county man, whose resemblance to Platt is very marked, and Theophilus C. Callicott of the *Albany Times*, a mine of political wisdom and experience. There were ex-Congressman John Quinn, Justice Welde, Thomas F. Grady, District Attorney James W. Ridgway of Brooklyn, Col. John Gaynor of Utica, who says that the Republican platform's excise plank is on the lines he made famous in 1885, and wonders what the friends of Warner Miller are going to do about it; Major J. B. Hinkley, ex-Congressman Charles L. Turner, Assemblyman Blumenthal, Alderman Harris, Coroner Levy, Col. Webster, Senator Jacob A. Cantor, Col. George B. McClellan, Assemblyman Charles P. McClelland, William A. Poucher, and many others.

Then there were the committeemen. Col. Daniel S. Lamont, alert, energetic, and nervous, was in conspicuous contrast to Hugh McLaughlin, quiet, cool, and reposeful, except as to his restless eyes. D. Cady Herrick kept pretty close to Cord Meyer, Jr., who was a committeeman with him when the campaigns of '85 and '88 were on. Amos J. Cummings, who seemed to know more men and have more questions asked him than any of the others, was ubiquitous, while Police Commissioner John R. Voorhis was scarcely seen in the corridors. Yet the reticent Clerk De Freest so far forgot himself in giving the official report of the committee's executive session as to comment on the value and good sense of Mr. Voorhis's talk in committee.

About 3:30 the session began, and for an hour Room 286 of the Hoffman House was sealed to the outside world. Down stairs in Mr. Flower's room, 311, the candidates conferred, but did not appear before the committee. Mr. Flower exchanged views with William F. Sheehan, who runs for Lieutenant-Governor; Frank Campbell, the candidate for Comptroller; Simon W. Rosendale, who is in the race for Attorney-General, and Martin Schenck, the candidate for State Engineer and Surveyor.

He also welcomed a delegation from the Harlem Club of the Democratic political persuasion, who have arranged for a grand World's Fair demonstration in honor of his services in the cause of the World's Fair for New York. The subject is very near the hearts of all of the inhabitants of the city, especially above Fifty-ninth street, and an imposing turnout is counted on. The committee consisted of Dr. J. H. Demarest of the Sagamore Club, Dr. N. Carvalho of the Lexington Club, Alderman Harris of the Manhattanville Democratic Club, John A. Mason of the Harlem Democratic Club, Benj. Franklin of the Tilden Democratic Club, and William H. Burke of the Stuyvesant Club. Mr. Flower told them that he would be with them on any night convenient for them after Oct. 18. So it is probable that Tuesday, Oct. 19, will be selected. The Committee on Plan and Scope will meet to-morrow evening at the Manhattanville Democratic Club house to complete the arrangements.

All of the visitors and committeemen called on Mr. Flower to congratulate him. The congratulations they backed up substantially by reports of the enthusiasm in the parts of the State that they hailed from. Another of Mr. Flower's visitors was Maurice J. Power, whose extended conference was followed by the announcement vouched for as authentic that the County Committee of the New York County Democracy will on Friday night at Cooper Union vote to endorse the Saratoga ticket.

The routine business of the Executive Committee was soon over. It consisted of the election of Daniel G. Griffin of Watertown to be Chairman of Committee and Charles R. De Freest to be clerk. Committees were also appointed. On documents and literature, Amos J. Cummings, Charles F. MacLean, and Samuel J. Tilden, Jr.; on organization, Daniel S. Lamont, Cord Meyer, Jr., Charles A. Stadler, Edward Kearney, Gerhardt Lang, and Charles M. Preston; on registration, Hugh McLaughlin, D. Cady Herrick, John R. Voorhis, and Civil Service Commissioner Eustace; on Speakers, Mr. Eustace, Samuel A. Beardsley, and William B. Kirk. The Chairman and clerk of the Executive Committee were made ex-officio members of all the sub-committees, and it was ordered that the next meeting should be at the call of the Chair. All of the details of the work of immediately opening the campaign headquarters and putting things in running order were referred to Chairman Griffin and Clerk De Freest. The latter said that he would have to go back to Troy to get his books and papers, but would be on hand again in twelve hours.

With this routine work out of the way, the committeemen began to talk politics and discuss the real business of the campaign. Much of the detail concerned the times and places of certain big efforts and matters that are never advertised for the information of the adversary. But there was much of interest that publicity does not interfere with. Mr. Herrick introduced one such subject when he suggested that the exact wording of the silver plank in the Saratoga platform should be officially announced, as there seemed to be a misunderstanding about it in some quarters. Senator Stadler agreed in this view of the case, and said that he had found in different counties of the State divergent ideas as to the wording of the document.

The committee was unanimously in favor of making the thing plain and unmistakable. Clerk De Freest thought that he could produce the original draft of the platform as reported by the Committee on Resolutions. He failed to find it. But he assured the committee that it declared against the coinage of any silver dollar of less intrinsic value than any other dollar. This has been printed in some newspapers without the word "silver." Chairman Murphy of the State Committee said that he had looked up the original draft and found this to be true, while Mr. Griffin, the Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, assured the committee that the word "silver" was in the platform as he read it to the Convention. The committee was satisfied with all of this testimony.

The subject of ratification meetings, especially in New York and Brooklyn, was carefully considered in view of the fact that the Republicans have made some efforts in that direction. It is usually the custom, especially in Presidential years, to wait until the local tickets are in the field before arranging for big demonstrations. The sentiment of the committee was in favor of a change from this practice, and the organization of separate and early ratification meetings for the State ticket. The purpose, as expressed, was to make them notable in both cities with the speakers of the highest class. The matter was left in the hands of the Committee on Speakers, except that the Executive Committee passed a resolution instructing them to invite Gov. Hill to be the principal orator at these important demonstrations.

Both before and after the meeting all of the visiting committeemen and others were eagerly questioned as to their opinion of the outlook. As expressed these opinions may be epitomized in the words of Chairman Griffin, who said:

"We are not talking any nonsense about the situation. We do not pretend to say that a political contest involving the votes of a million citizens can be claimed in advance as settled one way or the other beyond question or cavil. But a study of the whole question, with the assistance of all the men whose knowledge of State affairs I have confidence in has shown me no reason why the Democrats should not be successful and overwhelmingly so. The talk about disaffection, though only referring to very restricted districts, is very much exaggerated. As a matter of fact, there is not as much of it as usual. And it comes at a good time, the beginning of the campaign. It will be all over long before election day."

Among the letters received by Candidate Flower yesterday was one from ex-Congressman Quinn, which said:

"Few men in public life have had better opportunities of knowing with what zeal and ability you fought for and guarded every interest pertaining to our city, State, and nation during your career in Congress. Rest assured no man will work with more earnestness from now until the close of the polls on election day to secure your triumphant election to a position which, politically speaking, will be only a halting place on the highway to the White House, to the Presidency of this great republic."

GO IT, CITIZENS' ALLIANCE.

Dr. Boyd Proposes Now to Tax W. W. Astor for Absenteeism.

Ex-Senator Dr. Boyd's Citizens' Alliance, which has undertaken with much cheerfulness the government of the United States, met yesterday in the law office of Dr. Boyd. Dr. Boyd is President of the Alliance. A resolution was introduced by H. A. Luhrs urging immediate legislation whereby the capitalists of America who draw princely incomes from landed property on this side of the ocean to spend them on the other be taxed for absenteeism. The resolution was adopted, and the Secretary was instructed to forward a copy to the Central Labor Union. A resolution was introduced advocating the removal of the elevated roads from Battery Park.

Henry Nichols presented a resolution suggesting that a police officer after five years of honorable service should get an increase of $300 salary, and that if he is killed in the discharge of duty his salary be continued to his widow as long as she lives unmarried, and to his children thereafter. The resolution was adopted.

John J. Martin, who attended the Democratic Convention at Saratoga, reported that his mission had been successful, and that the liquor plank in the Democratic platform was substantially the same as the resolution passed by the Alliance. The meeting congratulated Mr. Martin.

Mr. Daniel G. McGowan was appointed a committee of one to attend the Convention of the Irish Nationalists to be held in Chicago. He will present the resolution advocating taxation for absenteeism.

Communications were read from the Police Board stating that the Board had enacted into a rule the views of the Alliance touching excise arrests by police spies.

LOCAL REPUBLICAN DATES.

Mr. Patterson's Committee in Favor of a Straight Local Ticket.

The Republican County Executive Committee met in its rooms in the *Tribune* building yesterday, Jacob M. Patterson presiding.

The primaries to elect delegates to the various local nominating conventions were appointed for Saturday evening. These are the dates selected for the conventions: County, Oct. 8, Grand Opera House hall; Congress, Senate, and Aldermanic, Oct. 10, and Assembly, except the Twenty-fourth district, Oct. 12. The Twenty-fourth district convention will be held on Oct. 10. The convention of the Tenth judicial district to nominate a successor to Civil Justice A. J. Rogers will be held at 2,663 Third avenue on Oct. 10 also.

The Executive Committee issued orders for their paster ballots for the coming election, and requested the Committee on Naturalization to continue its work in the Executive Committee's rooms. It was decided to hold a mass meeting in some big hall on Oct. 17 or thereabouts. Mr. Fassett will have returned from his talking trip up the State by that time, and it is the Committee's intention to have him, Senator Hiscock, and Dr. Depew for the orators of the evening.

It is the idea of the committee to have a series of ratification meetings in each of the Congress districts after the opening big mass meeting. Mr. Fassett is to be pressed into this service for about eight days.

The members of the committee favor a straight local ticket. There's not much in sight worth trading for.

Many Italians Joining.

Tammany's Naturalization Bureau at 17 Centre street is doing a big business. The first day's work proved highly satisfactory, but yesterday's was more so. There were 112 applicants for white tickets up to 3 o'clock. That meant 112 brand new Tammany votes. This was in addition to any number of foreign-born people who came for information and were referred to various Tammany leaders for red tickets which would entitle them to receive the assistance of the Naturalization Committee. Chief Clerk McNamee said that he expected to fill up his application book within two weeks. The book contains blanks for 2,500 names.

There was even a smaller proportion of ignorant foreigners among yesterday's applicants than on the day before. The larger proportion still continued to be Italians, with Germans next in number. About a dozen negroes of various nationalities have applied so far. There have been no Chinese or Japanese applicants.

The Campbell-McKinley Debate.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 29.—Chairmen Neal and Hahn of the Democratic and Republican State Executive Committees had some correspondence yesterday and to-day relative to a series of joint debates between Major McKinley and Gov. Campbell. Mr. Neal proposed eight joint meetings, but Mr. Hahn declined to enter into the arrangement for the reason, as he said, that meetings had been arranged for Major McKinley daily until election day, with the exception of Oct. 9. He offered to accept for this date, and to arrange for two meetings. Mr. Neal insisted upon the series of eight, and offered to cancel Gov. Campbell's engagements in order to have the joint debates. The indications are that there will be only one joint debate between the leaders of the two great parties, and that one will be the meeting already advertised for Ada, Ohio, on Thursday afternoon, Oct. 8.

Naturalized Him in the Woods.

BIRMINGHAM, Conn., Sept. 29.—Last Saturday afternoon the Huntington Board of Registration were on their way from Huntington Centre to Shelton, where they were to sit, when they met George Curtiss, a milkman, in the woods. They found that he had not been made a voter, so they got out of their carriage and administered the oath to him while he held his horse with his left hand and raised his right to take the oath. Curtiss is a Republican, as are also the members of the Board who administered the oath to him. A number of Democrats say that the act was void, as it was not done during the advertised season.

South Dakota Republicans.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Sept. 29.—The Republican State Convention at Aberdeen this afternoon nominated Col. John L. Jolly of Vermilion for Congress, to succeed the late John R. Gamble. Jolly was a member of both Constitutional Conventions.

As State Senator last winter he opposed the resubmission of the prohibitory amendment. The Democrats and Independents will hold their Convention to-morrow. In case of fusion, which now seems likely, it will not be possible for Jolly to carry the State.

Suffolk County Democratic Nominations.

The Suffolk county Democratic Convention was held in Riverhead Monday. The nominations are: For County Judge, Thomas F. Bisgood of Sag Harbor; for Surrogate, Thomas Mount of Stony Brook; for County Clerk, Hallet Luce of Jamesport; for Superintendent of the Poor, E. B. Ackerley of Huntington; for Assemblyman, W. H. Lewis of Huntington. The delegates to the Senatorial Convention are solid for the nomination of Edward Floyd Jones of Massapequa for Senator.

State Politics.

MIDDLETOWN, Sept. 29.—At the Republican Senatorial Convention held here to-day Senator William P. Richardson was nominated unanimously for a second term.

BUFFALO, Sept. 29.—Ex-Judge Myron H. Peck of Buffalo, formerly of Batavia, and the Hon. W. Caryl Ely of Niagara Falls, were nominated to-day by the Democratic Judiciary Convention of the Eighth district for Justices of the Supreme Court.

Well, Going to Put Up!

All the employees of the Custom House, Post Office, and other Federal bureaus have received a circular from the Republican State Committee asking for contributions to the campaign fund and also for information about their respective districts.

ALL RUSH FOR CORNER LOTS.

EXCITING SCENE WHEN THE CROWD WAS TURNED LOOSE AT CHANDLER.

3,000 Men and Women in a Wild Race for Building Sites—The Lines Meet, Riders Are Unhorsed, and Several Killed.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Sept. 29.—Couriers who have arrived here this afternoon give the following particulars of the opening of the Government town site of Chandler in the Sac and Fox reservation:

The town site was opened to settlement at 12 o'clock yesterday, and the scene which followed the volley of musketry which announced the opening of the town site beggars description.

A mass of 3,000 excited men and women, intent upon securing a lot, had gathered about the boundary of the town. Some were on horses, broncos, and others on foot, stripped of all superfluous clothing, each carrying a sharpened stick, with name and notice of lot taken thereon, all strung to the highest pitch of excitement.

At 12 o'clock sharp the signal was given, and with a mighty yell from 3,000 throats and amid the cracking of whips and volleys of oaths, shouts, and curses the mass of men and women on horse and foot rushed like maniacs for the town lots. They clambered up the steep cliff like soldiers charging a fortress.

The line was one mile long on each side and a half mile long on each end. The rush was toward lot 38, which was reserved for a Court House. As the angles of the advancing lines met many riders were unhorsed and hurled pell-mell into the road. Some persons are reported as killed and others as having received severe injuries.

Miss Daisy, a reporter of the Guthrie *News*, was thrown from her horse at the beginning of the race and, striking her head on a rock, was killed. The excited and merciless crowd had no time to attend the dying, and rode over the body of the unfortunate woman, until it was recognized by a friend who took it out of the crush.

As there were three or four times as many people as there were lots, the result could be easily foretold. There are from three to six claimants for a great many of the good lots to-night. On every hand can be heard curses and high-worded discussion. It will take considerable time to adjust these differences. An Indian killed a white man in a quarrel in one of the tents where liquor was being sold.

A HORROR OF FOUR YEARS AGO.

The Story of the Murder of 34 Chinese Has Just Come to Light.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Vice-Consul Bee of the Chinese Legation here has just received from Walla Walla the statement of Hugh McMillan, which throws light on the murder of thirty-four Chinese miners on Snake River four years ago. In April, 1887, a report came from Idaho of the discovery of over twenty dead bodies of Chinese found floating down the river. All had gunshot wounds. Detectives were sent by the Chinese Consulate into the Snake River country, but they returned declaring it was a paradise of renegades and cattle thieves, and no clue could be found. McMillan now makes a statement which was given him by his son Robert, 16 years old, just before the lad's death.

Young McMillan, Bruce Evans, Hiram Maynard, Carl Hughes, "Lide" Canfield, Max Larue, and Frank Vaughn were in a cattle camp near the Snake River when some one suggested that they clean out a neighboring camp of Chinese miners. Armed with revolvers and Winchesters, they surprised camp and killed twelve Chinese, only one escaping, wounded. All the bodies were thrown into the river. They searched the camp and obtained over $5,000 in gold dust. On the next day four of the party returned to look for the wounded Chinese. They found him in a boat and beat out his brains. Then they discovered eight Chinese coming down the river. These they ambushed and murdered and threw their bodies into the river.

Not content with this, they started up the river to another Chinese camp, where thirteen men worked, and the same bloody work was repeated. The unarmed Chinese could offer no resistance. All were shot and the bodies were cast into the river. Here the murderers found a large amount of gold dust, estimated at $50,000, which they divided. The scene of the murders was in Wallowa county, Or.

Vice-Consul Bee will do all in his power to track down the murderers and to secure indemnity for this atrocity, which is one of the worst that has ever occurred on this coast.

ALABAMA PAYING THE FIDDLER NOW.

Gov. Jones Shows Why the State Should Beware of All Alliance Schemes.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 29.—In a speech in Camden county to-day Gov. Thomas G. Jones formally accepted the issue of the pending campaign as being the Democracy against the Alliance.

He charged the Alliance with the defeat of the soldiers' home in Georgia, saying: "They humiliated Georgia before the world." He combatted the Alliance idea in detail, but his strongest point was his reference to Alabama history as a warning against the Sub-Treasury scheme and the Government land-loan idea. He said on this subject:

"As we all know, the State of Alabama once indulged in the business of banking or loaning money to the people.

The panic of 1837, however, caused great depression and suffering in Alabama. A cry came up from the people that the State must come to the rescue by lending the people money. A called session of the Legislature was had, and in June, 1837, the State issued $5,000,000 of bonds, which were sold at par and loaned through the banks to the people. The loans were required to be apportioned according to population in the several counties, and no individual could borrow more than $2,000. The loans were to be at 7 per cent. interest, secured by two good and sufficient sureties, and, when required, by a deed of trust on real estate and slaves.

"Men of ability and honesty conducted the banks, but they soon failed, entailing a flood of litigation and distress upon the people. The State was compelled to wind up the banks and the taxpayers had to foot the bills, which were enormous. In the debt compromise of 1876, the bonds issued by the State to raise money to loan to the people were not scaled, though the rate of interest was reduced. This $5,000,000 issue of bonds now bears 4 per cent. interest, and the State pays $200,000 interest per annum on them. The State also put into the banks the university fund, the sixteenth section fund, and the surplus revenue fund. All these trust funds were swallowed up in the operations of the banks, and in consequence the State now pays yearly for interest on these trust funds in round numbers more than $162,000.

"The people of Alabama are paying to-day $362,000 interest per year, or nearly a thousand dollars a day, on account of a mistake on this line which our ancestors made fifty years ago."

MRS. HART WOULDN'T SHAKE HANDS.

Instead She Stabbed Her Husband with a Hat Pin in Open Court.

Three years ago James Hart, an ice-cart driver of 423 East Twelfth street, was married, and he and his wife, Jenny, lived happily until Jenny met Charley Holmes, a Coney Island bartender. Hart left her six months ago, and Mrs. Hart had her husband summoned to Essex Market Court yesterday morning to answer the charge of abandonment. Justice Ryan told man and wife to shake hands and motioned them away from him. But that was not what Mrs. Hart wanted. She had a hat pin in her hand which she had been fingering during the examination, and, as her husband turned his back to her to leave the platform, she rushed at him, and, burying the hat pin in his shoulder, shouted, "I'll get even with you, any way, you liar."

"Oh, Judge, I'm stabbed, I'm stabbed," screamed Hart, who was badly frightened. Sergeant Cahill overpowered the woman. Hart wore heavy clothing, and the hat pin had only punctured the skin. A charge of assault was made against Mrs. Hart, and the Justice gave her ten days.

TWO BULLETS ABOVE THE HEART.

One of Mrs. Dorn's Two Mysterious Visitors Had Just Left Her.

About a year ago Marianna Dorn, a pretty German woman of 26, hired the basement floor of 348 East Ninth street, and moved into the rooms there. She let the back rooms. She put up a sign as a midwife, and kept a good deal to herself.

She was neat and pleasant, and the people in the house liked her, although they learned but little about her. She had lived, they learned, somewhere in Twelfth street, and had come from Germany.

They understood that she had a husband there, and that she had left him because they could not agree after her two children had died. Last spring she bought out a little candy store across the way, at 345, put up her name there, and took down her former sign. She hired a fifteen-year-old girl, Rosie Zittell of 135 Crosby street, to attend the store.

Mrs. Dorn had two callers. One was a gray-haired man, who was known as her uncle. No one ever heard his name, and it was understood that he was either a big merchant or a bank President down town.

He bought the store for her, it was said, and she acknowledged getting money from him. The other caller was known as her steady company and his name was John Tihlman. He was about 35 and he lived up town.

No one ever saw the two men together. Tihlman called in the evening usually and Rosie often left Mrs. Dorn and him together after she had closed the store. The old man called two or three times a week in the afternoon. He tapped on the basement window to be let in.

It seemed as if Mrs. Dorn were anxious that the two men should not meet, for one day last week when Tihlman was visiting her in the store she saw the old man at the window.

She hurried Tihlman out and ran across the street so excitedly that she forgot to fasten the side door of her store, where she had let Tihlman out into the hall. She found out about her neglect afterward, for some boys got into the store and stole peanuts and candy.

Recently, it had been said, Tihlman was about to bring his family here from Germany. Since then Mrs. Dorn complained of pains about her heart.

"I hope the pain won't come back to-day," she told Rosie yesterday morning, "but if I don't come over to the store by 10 o'clock go for Dr. Muller in Tenth street." Dr. Muller is physician of a lodge that Mrs. Dorn belongs to.

About 1 o'clock the old man called to see Mrs. Dorn. Ten minutes after he had gone away Rosie heard Mrs. Dorn call her and ran across the street. From the sidewalk she saw Mrs. Dorn lying on a lounge in front of the window.

As Rosie was about to speak to her, Mrs. Dorn put a pistol to her breast and fired. Although no one had heard the report, this was evidently the second time she had shot herself, for Dr. Muller and the ambulance surgeon found two pistol bullet wounds in her breast over her heart. She was unconscious when they got to her. She was taken to Bellevue, and the doctors think she will die.

Somewhere in her history is another tragedy which this letter refers to. The letter was found beside her, written in pencil on the back of an "El Dorado" programme:

DEAR JOHN: Farewell! Good-by! Love to all, except the man who led my mother to death—not revenge.

Dr. Muller knows nothing that will explain the letter. He had known her about eighteen months. She came to him then to be examined for admittance to the Thusnelda Lodge of the Knights and Ladies of Honor.

While waiting for the ambulance, Mrs. Dorn raved and kept pointing her finger toward the north and muttering "Eighty-second street and Avenue A."

John Tihlman, Mrs. Dorn's supposed lover, lives on the second floor of the tenement on the northwest corner of Eighty-second street and Avenue A. He is a fresco painter, and is a big man with a heavy blond moustache.

He speaks but little English. He said last night that Mrs. Dorn was simply an acquaintance of his. He had been to her house about eight times.

He did not know anything about her history and had never met her uncle nor heard of him. He could give no reason for her attempt on her life further than he thought she was mentally deranged at times.

MISSING FROM A CONVENT SCHOOL.

Miss Anderson Puts on a Green Dress and Lace Hat and Disappears.

Miss Nanny Anderson of 341 Clinton street, Brooklyn, is missing from St. Joseph's Academy in Flushing. She returned to school on Wednesday of last week after the summer vacation. It was warm the next morning, and between 8 and 9 o'clock she received permission to go to her room and change her dress. She came out again attired in a green-colored dress and black lace hat and left the grounds. Nothing has been heard of her at the academy since. She took along her pocketbook, which it is thought contained about $4.

Miss Anderson is the daughter of William J. Anderson, a stationer doing business in Spring street. No. 341 Clinton street, Brooklyn, is a large double house which Mrs. Anderson runs as a boarding house. Mr. Anderson said last night:

"We have made inquiries in all directions where we supposed she might have gone, but so far we have got no trace of her. We have not been able even to trace her to Long Island City, although she was supposed to have taken a team in that direction, and the probability is that she is still somewhere on Long Island. She was not simple-minded or headstrong, as has been reported, but, on the contrary, was good-natured and easily managed. It is not true also, that an attachment exists between her and a young medical student boarding here. Moreover the medical student is still here and has not been absent during the past week. My daughter has been reading novels recently, and probably some romantic ideas which have come into her mind may have caused her to run away from the convent. I still think that she will be found with some friends."

Following is a description of the girl: "Age 21 years, height 5 feet 5 inches, light brown hair, fair complexion, large blue eyes, full face, had several rings on her fingers, one a large cameo, and wore a broad, black lace hat, with pink flowers, dark green marine dress with velvet sleeves, and carried a black satchel and sun umbrella."

MRS. DELL'S RECORD.

She is Not Altogether a Stranger to the Police and the Courts.

The police of Capt. Gunner's precinct have been looking up the character of the woman who was arrested on Sunday night for depositing an infant on the stoop of the house 51 East Sixty-fifth street. It has been found that on Feb. 20, 1890, she was arrested for disorderly conduct and loitering on the street. She received a six months' sentence in the Harlem Court, but Thomas Jetter, a butcher of Third avenue and Eighty-ninth street, furnished bonds for her good behavior. A few months ago she was again arrested in Harlem for assaulting a policeman. The same man saved her from punishment. Mrs. Dell sent word to Jetter on Monday to come to her assistance, but he says that he has done with the woman. So Mrs. Dell is locked up in the Yorkville Court prison pending examination.

She gave her address as 203 East 100th street, but she left that place over two months ago. One of the tenants says that while she was there she had five or six children with her, which she said were her own.

When the case comes up for examination Charles T. Ferguson of 1,190 Second avenue will make another complaint against her. He has positively identified her as the woman who left a child in East Sixty-third street on the night of July 14.

Mrs. Dell has a sister, Mrs. Karsch, who is a midwife at 354 East Seventy-fourth street, and Mrs. Dell has occasionally lived there as nurse. Mrs. Karsch is reluctant to speak about the present affair.

Missing James Cox's Property Attached.

James Cox, the expert accountant, who disappeared on July 17 last, left $10,800 which belonged to the American Horse Exchange unaccounted for. The Exchange has obtained an attachment against Cox's property from Judge Ingraham. Frederic Bronson, the treasurer of the corporation, avers that Cox appropriated the $10,800 to his own use. He was at his office, 51 New street, on the morning of July 17, but left later in the day with a gripsack. Detectives traced him to California, but there lost track of him.

Fassett Will Go to Staten Island.

The Staten Island Republicans are going to have a big time in the St. George Casino on Oct. 17, with Mr. Fassett as the principal attraction.

TWO BRIDES IN THE FAMILY.

ROBERT HOE'S DAUGHTERS, OLIVIA AND LAURA, GET MARRIED.

They Go All Alone with the Men of Their Choice to St. Mark's Church—One More Marriage than the Rector Had Expected, but His Assistant Took Care of It.

It will be a genuine surprise to friends of the family to learn this morning that Miss Olivia Hoe and Miss Laura Hoe, daughters of Robert Hoe, were married yesterday morning at St. Mark's Church without notice, it is said, to their family.

Miss Olivia Hoe was married to Mr. Henry Lewis Slade of the Calumet Club and the Lacrosse Club, the Rev. Dr. J. H. Rylance, rector of the church, performing the ceremony. Her sister was married by the Rev. Richard Cobden to Ernest Trow Carter. Mr. Carter is a young graduate of Princeton, class of 1888, and is a lawyer at 49 Broadway.

The news of the double marriage was certainly a surprise to a number of friends of the family of the brides, to whom it was told last night.

Mr. Robert Hoe, the father of the brides, who is the eminent builder of printing presses, is out of town with his family.

At his residence at 11 East Thirty-sixth street it was said last night that all of the family were out of town. Mrs. Hoe was at the house for a short time yesterday, but had departed again.

The news of the double wedding came to THE SUN office in the shape of these two advertisements late last night:

CARTER—HOE.—On Tuesday, Sept. 29, 1891, at St. Mark's Church, by the Rev. Richard Cobden, Laura, daughter of Robert Hoe, to Ernest Trow Carter.

SLADE—HOE.—On Tuesday, Sept. 29, 1891, at St. Mark's Church, by the Rev. Dr. J. H. Rylance, Olivia, daughter of Robert Hoe, to Henry Lewis Slade.

The notices were endorsed by George W. Hamill, sexton of St. Mark's. He knew nothing more, he said, than that he had been directed to send the notices down. He did not see the weddings.

It was learned elsewhere that several days ago Miss Olivia Hoe and Mr. Slade had called on the Rev. Dr. Rylance and told him that they were going to get married, and wanted him to perform the ceremony.

Dr. Rylance is acquainted with the Hoe family, and he also knew that Mrs. Hoe, the girl's mother, was opposed to the match. But as he saw that the two were firmly decided upon marrying, and as they were of lawful age, he agreed to perform the ceremony in the church yesterday morning. Yesterday morning came and Dr. Rylance found Miss Hoe and her prospective bridegroom waiting for him at the church. With them were another young man and young woman.

These Miss Hoe said were the witnesses, and they were the only witnesses present at the ceremony besides Dr. Rylance's assistant, the Rev. Richard Cobden.

Dr. Rylance read the marriage service from the prayer book while the couple knelt before him.

The work of recording the marriage and receiving the signatures of the witnesses Dr. Rylance had left to his assistant. He was very much astonished when he turned around presently and found that the "witnesses" were making arrangements to get married themselves by the Rev. Mr. Cobden. Then for the first time Dr. Rylance noticed that the young woman who had been a witness was Miss Laura Hoe, a sister of Olivia.

Her escort was Mr. Carter, and in a few minutes the Rev. Mr. Cobden had made them man and wife. Mr. and Mrs. Slade returned the favor by entering their names as witnesses of this second wedding.

Mr. Slade is a son of Jarvis Slade of 11 West Tenth street, and a brother of George P. Slade, Treasurer of the New York, Manhattan, and Central Real Estate Associations of 110 Leonard street, and one of the managers of the Merchants' Club.

A curious coincidence that the reporters ran across in looking for particulars of the marriage lay in the street numbers of the residences of the persons concerned. The number eleven runs through them oddly. For instance:

Robert Hoe, 11 East Thirty-sixth street.
Henry Lewis Slade, 11 West Tenth street.
Ernest Trow Carter, 11 West Thirty-fourth street.
J. H. Rylance, 11 Livingston place.
George W. Hamill, 111 East Tenth street.

NEWS FROM CHINA.

Pirates on the Rampage—Four Men-of-War Sent to Ichang.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Chinese advices say that pirates have burned the village of Trung-Ba, on the Black River. One hundred pirates attacked the village of Luong, but were repulsed, one villager being killed.

At Haidu pirates had two engagements with the civil guards, in which forty-seven of them were killed and the remainder driven back into the mountains, where they are hemmed in. Pirates attacked a boat near Swatow, and robbed the passengers of $4,000.

In the riot at Ichang the premises of the Catholic and American missions and Messrs. Cain's, Aldridge's, and Dean's houses were burned, while Mr. Cockburn's house was looted. All foreigners are on board the steamer Paoha, and the customs officers are under arms. The men-of-war Swift, Aspic, Archer, and Inconstant have been despatched to the scene of the trouble.

Terrible hail storms are reported in parts of Song Chow, doing great damage. One village had every house levelled to the ground. Heavy rains and a tornado at Shanghai, early in September, unroofed houses and blew down trees, and five lives were lost. A terrible fire has occurred at Chung King, and another at Nanking. Over 100 of the best shops in Nanking were entirely destroyed.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—An identical note has been issued by England and Germany, in response to the note issued by the Chinese Government in which the Pekin authorities promised to protect the lives and property of foreigners in China. In this note England and Germany say that they accept the assurances of China's good intentions, but declare that they will be compelled to consult their ambassadors at Pekin in regard to the ability of the Chinese Government to carry out its intentions. In conclusion, the note says that only the evidence of accomplished facts will satisfy the powers.

COLORED DEMOCRATIC LEAGUE.

A State Organization of Thirty-five Clubs Formed in Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 29.—The first Convention of the colored Democrats of this State, consisting of thirty-five clubs, formed the Colored Democratic League of Pennsylvania in this city to-day. William Still of Berks county was elected President, and A. Dobson, Jr., of Philadelphia, Secretary. The meeting prepared an address to the colored voters of Pennsylvania which contained the following:

"We sincerely appeal to the Afro-American voters of Pennsylvania to organize themselves in every county of the State for the purpose of protecting and advancing their interests, in common with the whole people, upon such terms as shall bring to them proper recognition in industrial and political offices. We advise them to take a firm and determined stand for clean and honest politics, for representation in county and State offices given by the suffrages of the people. We advise them to insist upon the opening of the doors of their mills and their factories to their children, and urge them to use their ballot to bring about such an end.

"We commend the wise and judicious administration of Gov. Pattison, and urge upon the colored voters of this State the necessity of supporting the party which now stands prominently before the people as the earnest advocate of pure, clean, and honest politics."

Latest Marine Intelligence.

The steamer Philadelphia, from Porto Cabello, and the Fanita, from Wilmington, N. C., arrived last night.

A GREAT TIE-UP IN COTTON.

Wharf Hands in Savannah Strike for More Pay—1,400 Cars Side Tracked.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 29.—The commerce of this port is demoralized by a strike of wharf hands. Eleven hundred went out yesterday for an increase of pay from fifteen to twenty cents an hour. These were in the employ of the ocean steamship company running to New York and Boston and the Merchants and Miners' line running to Baltimore. To-night all the wharf hands of the Savannah, Florida and Western Railroad went out. To-morrow morning, unless their demands are acceded to, all the men at the cotton presses, all the draymen, and hundreds of other negro workingmen along the wharves, who are in sympathy with the strikers, will go out to support them.

Of 11,000 bales of cotton and a large quantity of naval stores that came in yesterday not a package has been handled. Fourteen hundred car loads of cotton are side tracked along the line of the Central railroad and its branches this morning.

By to-morrow night the present prospect is that shipments of cotton from the territory tributary to Savannah will practically cease or find their way to other ports.

The loss inflicted on the cotton, naval stores, and shipping interests here threatens to be enormous. Meetings of the Board of Trade, Cotton Exchange, and committees of the strikers' unions were held to-day, and at 11 o'clock to-night a conference was being held by committees of these organizations and railroad and steamship company officials with no progress toward a settlement. Public sympathy is with the strikers.

COLLAPSE OF A PATERSON BRIDGE.

Two Horses and a Truck Wedged in the Wreck—One Man Injured.

PATERSON, Sept. 29.—One of the spans of the Broadway Bridge, crossing the Passaic River and connecting Passaic and Bergen county, collapsed late this afternoon. The bridge is the last one of the old wooden structures of a past age, and, although frequently repaired and rebuilt, has long been considered unsafe. The Passaic Freeholders have been in favor of replacing it with an iron structure, but they were overruled by the economical Bergen Freeholders who oppose anything new as long as the old one will hold together.

The bridge collapsed under the weight of a team and a large truck belonging to Joseph Clark, cement sewer pipe manufacturer. The truck and horses were wedged in the wreck but were rescued after several hours' work. The driver, Edward Whalen, escaped injury, but Patrick Dooly of 30 Marshall street had two ribs broken and was otherwise injured. He was catching a ride home after his day's work.

As the nearest bridge, that at Thirty-third street, is undergoing repairs, the Bergen county farmers will have to make quite a long tour to get into the city.

THOMAS M'GREEVY EXPELLED.

The Canadian House of Commons Ignominiously Turns Him Out.

OTTAWA, Sept. 29.—Twice in the history of the Canadian Parliament have members of the House of Commons been expelled. The first was Louis Riel, the leader in the first and last rebellion in the Canadian northwest; the other is Thomas McGreevy, whose name has been closely associated with that of Sir Hector Langevin, and whose conduct has been the subject of a Parliamentary investigation this session.

Sir Hector escaped, but McGreevy is not so lucky, the verdict of the committee and the House being against him. He is at present in the United States, while his pal, Owen E. Murphy, resides in Canada for a good reason.

When Israel Tarte first made his charge in the House against Sir Hector, his friend McGreevy, and the gang, he was hooted and censured for attacking the character of these gentlemen. To-day, having secured the expulsion of McGreevy at last and unearthed some of the most crooked work ever exposed, in Canada Tarte stands to the front, lionized, and with knighthood in prospect.

Suicide at White Plains.

WHITE PLAINS, Sept. 29.—Abner Ferris of Arihonk, a baker, 35 years of age, committed suicide late last night by shooting himself in front of the residence of Joseph Shute.

Yesterday afternoon he called on his friend, Frank L. Cox, who keeps a men's furnishing store in White Plains, and gave him a slip of paper, on which he had written the address of his wife, 2 Gansevoort street, New York city, and that of his father John Ferris, 285 West Twelfth street, New York.

Ferris did not tell Cox that he intended to commit suicide, but said that he thought it best to let Cox know the address of his wife and father in case anything happened to him. He told Cox that he had come to White Plains to look for work.

Chief Bogart says he has learned that Ferris had been paying attention to a young woman in White Plains, but the Chief refused to divulge her name. The body lies in the dead house at the White Plains jail.

Mrs. Allen G. Thurman Dying.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 29.—Mrs. Allen G. Thurman, wife of the "Old Roman," is to-night at death's door and will hardly survive until morning. She has been quite low for several weeks from an attack of la grippe coupled with the infirmities of her 80 years.

Mrs. Thurman was born in Chillicothe in 1811, and was the daughter of Walter Dun, a wealthy merchant and land owner. During her early childhood she accompanied her parents to Lexington, where in after years she married a resident named Thompkins, by whom she had one daughter. Her husband dying soon after their marriage, she returned to Chillicothe, and in 1844 was married to Judge Thurman. From that union three children were born.

Breaking Up the High Life Club.

ELIZABETH, Sept. 29.—The Rev. Father Carroll of this city has scored a point in his crusade against the High Life Athletic Club.

The owner of the house, where the club has its headquarters, has notified them to get out, and they must vacate this week.

They cannot get any other place in Father Carroll's parish, it is said. Several members of the club have severed their connection with it since the priest opened his batteries on it.

The parents of the members generally side with Father Carroll. It is said the club will move its quarters into the Rev. Father Wirth's parish, but it is reported he shares Father Carroll's views.

Police Transfers.

The Police Board has given Capt. Cassidy of the Eldridge street station ten days' leave of absence. Patrolman Martin P. Murphy of East Fifty-first street has resigned. Roundsman Frederick Thuman has been put in charge of the Morrisania Court temporarily.

Transfers—Patrolmen Louis Schindler, Madison street to Eldridge street; Charles R. Breen, Prince street to Elizabeth street; James Wright, East Eighty-eighth street to Oak street, and John J. Callahan, Madison street to West Twentieth street.

To Make Straw Bail Unpopular.

Alderman Harris offered yesterday an amendment to the ordinance on city contracts. It provides that bondsmen must make oath in writing that they are householders or freeholders and worth the amount of the security required. The Comptroller is expected to examine and question personally the proposed bondsmen under oath. The object of the amendment is to enable the District Attorney to prosecute straw bondsmen. The amendment was referred to the Law Committee.

Fire this Morning in Hunter's Point.

The Barber Asphalt Paving Company's works at the foot of Sixth street, Hunter's Point, took fire at a late hour last night. The works cover a block, and at 1 o'clock this morning it looked as if all would be destroyed.

The Brilliant Search Light

On the big steamer Cape Charles, which carries the Brooklyn and Boston express by the Long Island and Eastern States line across the Sound from Oyster Bay to Wilson's Point, insures a prompt and safe transfer in all kinds of weather to the solid vestibule train which leaves Brooklyn and Long Island City daily at 11 P. M. for Boston and New England points without change. Every comfort, club car, Pullman sleepers, Pintsch gas.—*Adv.*

THE STAR THEATRE HAUNTED

SO AN OLD WATCHMAN SAYS AND AN ENGINEER'S ASSISTANT.

James Wallack's Ghost Used to Walk There, and Now They Are Seeing Lester Wallack's—Maybe It is Only an Old Picture.

There is something the matter under the stage of the Star Theatre. Several of the employees assert that there is a ghost there. An engineer's assistant says that he saw the thing on Friday night after the performance, when he had occasion to go to the theatre cellar. It was dressed in white, with a head resembling Lester Wallack's.

Mr. Theodore Moss said that there couldn't possibly be any ghost there, and that the engineer must be dreaming. The assistant engineer declared, however, that he wouldn't go down stairs again. He insisted upon it that there was something queer there.

Watchman Johnson of Palmer's Theatre says that Mr. Moss is mistaken in asserting that the ghost is a myth. Mr. Johnson was watchman for years at the Star when it was called Wallack's Theatre. He knew both Lester Wallack and his father, and he asserts that he often heard the elder Wallack's footstep and cane come tramping along the corridor, followed by Lester Wallack's step long after the theatre was closed up. Lester Wallack was alive then, but his father had been dead for some years. The elder Wallack had a gouty foot and was compelled to use a cane.

One night Watchman Johnson, going his lonely rounds, came face to face with the shade of the elder Wallack. It wore the cape overcoat that the actor always wore in his last days.

Mr. Moss says that he has tried to convince Watchman Johnson that this vision was mere fancy, but the watchman swears that he saw the ghost, and that he doesn't care whether the statement is believed or not by other folks.

It was suggested last night that old portraits stored in the cellar may have been the substance of the latest ghost story.

WILL HE BECOME INSANE?

The Policeman who was Called Upon to Arrest His Own Wife.

John J. Ryan, the Hoboken policeman who was called upon early on Sunday morning to eject a drunken man and woman from a horse car and discovered that the woman was his own wife, was sent to St. Mary's Hospital last night.

When he went to the police station last night to report for duty he said he did not feel right, and he thought he had better take a rest. His head felt queer and he feared his mind was giving way.

He evidently was suffering from nervous prostration. He has been brooding over his troubles and the disgrace brought upon him by his wife, and, seeing that he could not bear up any longer, he decided to ask for a few days' rest. He thought the hospital was the best place he could go to.

His friends think he is on the verge of insanity, and would not be surprised if he became insane. His superiors speak of him as a model policeman, a man of domestic habits, of a quiet, retiring disposition, and entirely devoted to his family. His wife has had previous escapades, but he concealed them in order to avoid scandal.

It is thought also that a threat made by his wife to kill him after her release from jail has helped to bring him to his present condition. He will be kept in the hospital for a few days until his ailment develops itself.

MISSING FROM THE GILSEY HOUSE.

A Pennsylvania Lawyer Comes to Town on Business and Disappears.

Robert Jones Monaghan, a lawyer of Westchester, Pa., came to New York on business on Thursday last and registered at the Gilsey House. He telegraphed his clerk in the afternoon that he could not return till the following day, and directed the clerk to so inform his wife. Monaghan's friends have not seen him or heard from him since. On Monday his brother and two friends came here to look for him. He had not been seen at the Gilsey House since he registered, and they were still holding his room, which had not been occupied. Yesterday his brother reported his disappearance at Police Headquarters.

Mr. Monaghan is five feet ten inches in height, weighs over 175 pounds, and has light brown hair and a heavy blonde moustache. He is bald on the crown of his head. He wore light steel blue clothes, a sack coat, and laced shoes. He carried a gold open-faced watch and a silver chain, with a medallion of Gen. Jackson as a pendant, and wore a gold and platinum ring, with a diamond and sapphire on the third finger of his left hand.

The Central Park Suicide Identified.

William Hudtnalker, a grocer, of 18 Broome street, yesterday morning identified the body of the Central Park suicide as that of his clerk, William Harels. The cause of the man's suicide was despondency, due to business reverses.

The Weather.

The high pressure that was closely following the storm in the lake regions yesterday overspread the Ohio Valley and lake regions last night, travelling rapidly into the Atlantic States with cooler weather. The storm centre had passed northeast to the mouth of the St. Lawrence, attended by high winds over the lakes and the New England coast, and brisk winds on the middle Atlantic coast. The temperature fell 10 degrees to 22 degrees in the lake regions, and a fall of 15 degrees to 20 degrees should take place this morning in this neighborhood, with fair weather. Cool, fair weather should now prevail here until Thursday night or Friday morning.

West of the high pressure, extending from the Dakotas southwest to Utah, is a storm centre of unusual energy, attended by severe gales over Montana, the Dakotas and Minnesota, and, in the States surrounding the centre, with but light rainfall. This depression has caused a rise of 10 to 20 degrees in temperature over the upper Mississippi States, and colder weather in the extreme Northwest, with snow in British Columbia. This storm is likely to be the most severe so far this season, and its course will probably be toward the lake region.

Rain fell in this city yesterday afternoon, lowering the temperature 10 degrees. The highest official temperature was 82 degrees, the lowest 68 degrees, average humidity 90 per cent., wind from 12 to 18 miles an hour, changing from southeast to southwest; rainfall .14 of an inch.

The thermometer at Perry's pharmacy in THE SUN building recorded the temperature yesterday as follows:

	1890.	1891.		1890.	1891.
3 A. M.	50°	71°	3:30 P. M.	65°	76°
6 A. M.	49°	72°	6 P. M.	60°	74°
9 A. M.	54°	76°	9 P. M.	57°	72°
12 M.	59°	78°	12 midnight	54°	69°

Average .... 73½°
Average on Sept. 29, 1890 .... 56°

LOCAL FORECAST TILL 8 P. M. WEDNESDAY.

For southeastern New York (including Long Island), also for western Connecticut and northern New Jersey, clearing in the early morning; fair during the day; cooler, northwest winds. Thursday, fair and cool. Conditions favorable for stormy weather Friday.

WASHINGTON FORECAST TILL 8 P. M. WEDNESDAY.

The storm which was central in the upper St. Lawrence Valley has moved to the northwest, attended by rains along the Atlantic coast, which will probably be followed by cool, fair weather to-morrow. The area of high pressure covers the central valleys and lake region, attended by cool, fair weather. The barometer has fallen rapidly, with warm, southerly winds to the west of the Mississippi, and the barometer is unusually low over Utah and north of Montana. The first snow of the season is reported to-night from Edmonton. Warmer, fair weather is indicated for the central valleys to-morrow, and the storm in the Rocky Mountain region will probably extend over the lake regions and upper Mississippi Valley on Wednesday night.

For Maine and New Hampshire, local showers; northwesterly winds; stationary temperature; cooler Thursday morning.

For Vermont, fair Wednesday; cooler; westerly winds.

For Massachusetts, cooler; fair Wednesday; westerly winds.

For Rhode Island and Connecticut, generally fair Wednesday; westerly winds; stationary temperature.

For eastern New York, cooler; fair Wednesday; northerly winds.

For eastern Pennsylvania, fair; cooler in eastern, stationary temperature in western portion; northerly winds.

For New Jersey, fair Wednesday; northerly winds; cooler.

For the District of Columbia, Delaware, and Maryland, fair weather; stationary temperature; northerly winds.

For West Virginia, fair, stationary temperature; easterly winds.

For western New York, fair; slightly cooler; variable winds, warmer Thursday.

For western Pennsylvania, fair; slight changes in temperature; variable winds; warmer Thursday.