

THE DESIRES OF HAWAII.

THE COMMISSIONERS NOW ON THE WAY TO WASHINGTON.

They Say a State Government is Out of the Question, and Yet the People Would Demand Something More Than a Territorial Government—They Think a System Like That in Vogue in the British Colonies Would Do—The Queen's Attitude.

OMAHA, Feb. 1.—The Commissioners of the provisional Government of Hawaii passed through Omaha this evening on their way to Washington to present the claims of that country for admission to the United States in some form.

The Commissioners, five in number, occupied a special sleeper on the Union Pacific overland flyer. They arrived in Omaha at 7 o'clock, having made up two hours between North Platte and this city.

They remained in Omaha but a few minutes, and were taken by the Northwestern steamer.

They will leave Chicago at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning on the Pennsylvania limited for Washington, where they will present their claims to the Secretary of State.

The Commissioners have a sealed letter from Mr. John L. Stevens, the American Minister to Hawaii, to Secretary of State Foster. This letter is supposed to contain the views of the gentlemen from the provisional Government of Hawaii to the Secretary of State.

If the letter is accepted the Commissioners will consider it a recognition on the part of the United States of the provisional Government, and this will give them authority to present their claims to the recognition and full protection of the Government of this country.

In case the Secretary of State refuses to acknowledge the credentials of the provisional Government the Commissioners are somewhat up the stump to know just what action they will take, but they will not hesitate to use every expedient to have their claims properly considered.

An appeal will be made to the President to have him send a message to Congress on the subject. This they feel they will be able to accomplish, as they think the policy of the Administration supports them in the belief that the President is favorable to the wishes of the 15,000 white residents of the island; but in case the President refuses to act in the matter the Commissioners will not be discouraged entirely, but will make an effort to have the matter taken up by Congress.

The members of the Commission do not know whether such action could be taken under the rules of the House, but they say they will find out.

Their credentials are accepted, what form of government they request was asked by Mr. Thurston, Chairman of the Commission, and the answer was that the form of government was not to be decided by the United States and the representatives of the Hawaiian people.

Their position is a peculiar one. Popular government is the form of government which still a popular government in some modified form is the only thing that will satisfy our people.

The ballot in the hands of the ignorant native population of the island would soon have been a mockery, and the Government that was overthrown.

The Queen had almost absolute power, and was hated and envied, favored by the natives and practically disfranchised the white population of the island. We want the protection of the United States in the form of a government that will be satisfactory and profitable to both.

The territorial form of government would not be liberal enough for the government of the Hawaiian people, and the form of government of the United States would not be practical.

The most of us are agreed that we could get the best results from a Government similar to that which England gives her colonies. We should extend to the Hawaiian people a Government of the island, and leave the election of the legislative bodies to the qualified people of the island.

Of course the question of the qualification of the electors will be a very important one, and we have to be satisfied to the satisfaction of all concerned, or at least for the best interests of the Hawaiian people, and the best interests of the island at heart.

The country would have to depend upon the United States for the maintenance of the regular standing army stationed at Honolulu. The expense would be a heavy one for the island.

The United States has nothing to lose by annexing Hawaii, and it is a very profitable gain, as the islands are rich in the production of sugar already, and have many other valuable products. It would add greatly in a few years to the business of the country.

The Hawaiian people are not opposed to the proposed action of the provisional Government, and the action of the Government of the United States.

Many of the natives, in fact, a large majority, are in favor of the annexation, and with the active rulers, and only the little clique that lived and grew rich on the favors of the United States are opposed to the proposed movement.

The natives themselves have been responsible for their own situation, and the Government that was recently overthrown was a Government of the Hawaiian people, and it was as unsatisfactory as any Government so far as the white population of the island was concerned.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—Thomas Evans, Commissioner of Queen Liliuokalani of Hawaii, will be the first to leave for Washington.

The cause of the revolution are to be held for considerably below the surface of what has been published in the newspapers, and it is in the mind that the information given to the press is from a confidential source, and it is in the mind that the revolutionists, now on their way to Washington, are to be held for the case and to ask interference in their behalf.

This committee did not wait for the regular mail steamer, but chartered a special steamer, so as to have before the American people before the American people before the American people.

Under this treaty Hawaiian sugar was admitted into the United States free of duty, and the planter is to receive 10 per cent on their plantation investments. The exemption of duty on the part of the United States is to be in the form of a bonus of \$1,000,000 a year, which has gone into the pockets of the planters.

Now that not more than ten per cent can be made on sugar cultivation, the planter is to be made to receive 10 per cent on their plantation investments. He sees in annexation the advantage of the two cents per pound bonus, and he is to receive 10 per cent on their plantation investments.

The cause of the revolution is ascribed to the so-called "new constitution" to be proclaimed by the Queen. It would be well for the United States to restore to them the advantages they received under the reciprocity treaty, previous to the passage of the McKinley act.

DO NOT DICKINSON'S MISSION.

REPRESENTING MR. CLEVELAND AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

He is Said to Have Estimated that Unless This Congress Repeals the Sherman Act an Extra Session Would Be Called Within Thirty Days After the 4th of March.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Don M. Dickinson, whose arrival here last night on a confidential mission from Mr. Cleveland was announced in THE SUN to-day, returned to New York this afternoon. He had a long chat with Senator Vilas last night, and with Senator Carlisle and leaders in both Houses to-day. Ostensibly Mr. Dickinson's Washington visit was for the purpose of stirring up the Democrats in Congress to a realization of the importance of complying with Mr. Cleveland's expressed wishes and passing a bill providing for the repeal of the silver purchase act.

Early in the day Mr. Dickinson learned that the probability of such an action is most remote. On the heels of this discovery the report was circulated about the Capitol that Mr. Dickinson had dropped the hood and authorized intimation that unless a silver repeal bill is passed an extra session of the Fifty-third Congress will be called in connection with the session of March.

It cannot be learned that Mr. Dickinson made the direct statement, but some of the gentlemen with whom he consulted to-day said that the impression they gained was that Mr. Cleveland, through his messenger, is using the threat of an extra session to secure the repeal of the Sherman act, and that the principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal. This fact was ascertained by a poll of the Senators, Republican and Democratic, made at the instance of Senator Carlisle.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

Mr. Dickinson had a long talk with Senator Carlisle on the financial question, but he was unable to obtain much encouragement for those who are anxious for the repeal of the Sherman act. The principal opposition to repealing the act would come from the House. The Senate, however, contains a large majority of members who will not vote for the repeal.

TORTURED HIM AT THE STAKE.

THOUSANDS FLOCKED TO SEE A NEGRO BURNED TO DEATH.

He Had Assaulted and Murdered a Baby in a Texas City—The People in Mass Meeting Decried the Manner of His Death, and the Mayor of the City Adjourned the Schools by Proclamation in Honor of the Event—A Stampede from Surrounding Cities to the Scene—Inconceivable Cruelty.

PARIS, Tex., Feb. 1.—Henry Smith, the negro who assaulted and murdered Myrtle Vance, the three-year-old daughter of Henry Vance of this city, on last Thursday night, was burned to death at the stake in this city to-day in the presence of 15,000 persons.

When the telegram reached here yesterday from County Attorney Sturgeon telling of the arrest of Smith at Ozon, Ark., and asking for protection, a committee of twenty-five citizens left on a special for Texarkana to meet Mr. Sturgeon and escort the negro here. These citizens took charge of Smith at 3:30 o'clock and about 5 o'clock on Friday a mass meeting was held in the city.

All along the route there were great crowds. At Texarkana a mob of 2,000 persons had gathered around the railway station when the train arrived. The guards arrested Smith, and with cocked revolvers forced a passage through the crowd to the train in waiting to convey them to Paris. The mob swarmed about the coach, and upon the roof of the coach, they demanded that the Sheriff compel Smith to appear at one of the windows.

In order to satisfy the curiosity of the crowd and with the belief that his appearance might weaken the mob, the Sheriff ordered the negro to show himself at the window. The negro obeyed, and his head had hardly protruded through the open window before a bystander made a savage lunge at him with a big knife. The negro quickly withdrew his head and sank back into a corner of the seat.

The mob withdrew a short distance from the train and asked for another view of the negro. Deputy Sheriff Shanklin again ordered the negro to show himself at the window. This he refused to do in full view of the crowd, for about three minutes. District Attorney Birmingham then mounted the platform of the coach and made an impassioned appeal to the mob, asking them to respect the law and leave the authorities at Paris to deal with the matter.

He was followed by Deputy Sheriff Shanklin, who also asked the mob to allow them to take their prisoner to the scene of the crime. The leaders of the mob, after a short consultation, agreed to let the train proceed. They gave three cheers for the deputies who had captured Smith, and a few minutes later the train started for Paris.

Smith seemed indifferent to his fate at first, and could not be brought to understand that fearful vengeance would come upon him. When he was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

He was told that his death was inevitable, and would come by the most cruel manner, he begged for a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

THE EARTHQUAKE AT ZANTE.

Another Shock Yesterday Does Further Damage.

ATHENS, Feb. 1.—M. Trioupis announced to the Chamber of Deputies to-day that the earthquake yesterday on the Island of Zante was the worst that had occurred there within the memory of the oldest inhabitant. Details of the earthquake, he said, were as follows: It was believed that the villages had suffered to a great extent as had Zante, the capital of the island.

The island of Zante was shaken by another earthquake at 2 o'clock this morning. A hundred houses are reported to have been wrecked in the city of Zante. The people were leaving the city to sleep in the fields. Many have been killed and injured. On other parts of the island the shocks have not been so severe. Several villages have been entirely destroyed, many of their inhabitants have been killed, and many are sleeping in the fields. An enormous tidal wave swept up from the harbor this morning, smashing small craft against the sea wall and sending the water two feet deep along the street on the harbor front. The shock at 2 o'clock was felt at Cephalonia, and several shocks have been felt at Corfu.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from Malta announces that the British warships Dreadnaught and Camperdown, the former being attached to the Mediterranean squadron and the latter being the flagship of Vice-Admiral Sir M. Culme-Seymour, have sailed from Malta on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His Holiness distrusts the Cardinal.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A despatch from a high Church dignitary in Rome, says that England, Austria, and Germany are pressing the Vatican on the subject of a reconciliation between the living and the dead, and the crowd added to the power for that the financial scandal in Italy will shake the house of Savor, and are anxious that the latter be strengthened by an entente with the Vatican. The Pope, it is further said, is meeting the archbishop of Cologne, and with reserve, His