

NO LEGISLATURE IN 1895?

SO IT MAY BE IF THE NEW CONSTITUTION IS ADOPTED.

It would supersede the present Constitution on Jan. 1 Next—What Powers Would a Legislature Chosen Under the Superseded Constitution Then Have?

If Lawyer Henry T. Utley of Waterville is right in his analysis of the effect of adopting the revised Constitution put through by the Republican partisans in the Constitutional Convention, the State of New York will have no legislature during the year 1895.

The new Constitution would be adopted by the people on election day. In brief his argument is this:

Two Constitutions cannot be in force in the State at once.

The Legislature to be elected this fall will be elected under the present Constitution.

The revised Constitution goes into effect on the 1st of January, 1895.

On that date the present Constitution, except the judicial article, ceases to have any authority.

The Legislature purporting to be authorized by a superseded Constitution will have no right to exist after Jan. 1, 1895.

The proposed new Constitution provides for the election in the year 1894 of an Assembly to consist of 150 members.

The Senate shall consist of 50 members, except as hereinafter provided.

The Senate elected in the year 1894 will be chosen for two years.

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NO CANDIDATES WITHDRAW.

Grace Demands More in the Congress Districts Than Tammany Will Concede.

All day yesterday and until after midnight this morning Democratic leaders were conferring and trying to secure a union of all factions on candidates for Congress in the city districts.

The organization also desired that Col. George B. McClellan be withdrawn and Congressman Cockran returned from his old district.

Mr. Grace said that the organization he represented would not be satisfied with less than the withdrawal of two Tammany Hall candidates and the substitution of two State Democracy candidates in their place.

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ONLY TWO IN THE ROBBERY.

SEARCY AND MORGANFIELD HELD UP THE TRAIN AT AQUILA CREEK.

A Busted Fench Recovered Through a Confession by Searcy—He Accompanies the Detectives and Finally Points Out the Place Where He Was Hidden.

CALVERTON, Va., Oct. 23.—Before being brought to Frederickburg Charles J. Searcy, the Aquila Creek train robber, made a confession which was taken down and is now in the hands of the proper authorities.

There were only two men concerned in the robbery, Morganfield, now in custody in Cincinnati, and Searcy. They had known each other before, and had talked of a scheme of that kind.

Finally they met in Washington, and there agreed to rob a train, but fixed on no particular one, from Washington they came down to Frederickburg and hung about there for two or three days, staying in the woods most of the time, but going into Frederickburg several times.

The afternoon of the day of the robbery they walked over to Brook station from Frederickburg and there waited for the north-bound train. They got on the train at Brook in the darkness behind the tender, having been hidden under a box car near a pickle factory.

When the train stopped they had no particular reason for selecting Aquila Creek as the spot for the robbery. Morganfield blew open the car door with dynamite, using a half stick with a fuse and cap in the end.

Morganfield also entered the car, while Searcy stood outside and terrorized the passengers. When the train stopped they had no particular reason for selecting Aquila Creek as the spot for the robbery.

The conference had begun as early as 8:30, when Senator Hill called on Senator Faulkner at the Park Avenue Hotel. He was accompanied by Lawrence Gardner, secretary of the Democratic State Convention.

Shortly after noon William R. Grace and Aqueduct Commissioner Francis M. Scott, representing the New York State Democracy, called on Senator Faulkner.

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CLEVELAND LEAVES GRAY GABLES.

He Stops Off at Greenwich to Visit Brother Benedict.

GREENWICH, Conn., Oct. 23.—The express train which reaches New York at 4 o'clock in the afternoon stopped at Greenwich to-day. It doesn't stop here unless some important person wishes to alight, and as Greenwich is a small town it is to-day the people around the depot crowded up to see who was coming.

Michael Angelo Borgione, a widower and a cigar maker of 377 Elizabeth street, fell in love with Rosalie Ferrara, who lives with her parents and her sisters, Olga and Rosa, on the top floor of 239. The girls work in a Christie street sweat shop.

Rosalie didn't care for Borgione, and told him so. Later, the girls say, he has been calling her names and abusing her when they met. For a week past Rosalie has been so frightened she can't sleep.

Last night at 9 o'clock she left the factory with her sisters. They were in the Bowery near Broome street, hurrying home, when, as they say, Borgione came up behind them and began to insult them. They hurried on and turned into Broome street.

Borgione kept on abusing them as they passed, and when they entered the hallway he grabbed Rosalie's skirt and nearly tore it off. She broke away, and the three girls, with Borgione following, ran up stairs.

The hall was dark, though it is usually lighted. At the head of the first flight, Borgione began firing his revolver. He fired four times and hit nobody. Then he ran out of the house, leaving Rosalie crouching under a door in the dark hall with a bullet in the door frame just by her head.

The other girls had escaped to the top floor. The hall was dark, though it is usually lighted. At the head of the first flight, Borgione began firing his revolver.

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A TRAIL OF BLOOD SPOTS.

IT LED ACROSS THE STREET, UP DARK STAIRS, AND OVER ROOFS.

Followed by Candle Light in Elizabeth Street Until It Led to the Man Who Had Been Shooting at Three Girls and Whose Face Was Frightfully Mashed.

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CHINA'S FLEET.

It Leaves Port to Attack the Enemy—Japanese Reverse Near Wiju.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—The Times will publish tomorrow a despatch from its Tientsin correspondent saying that the Chinese fleet left Weihaiwei on Monday with orders to attack the Japanese.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Times says that Chinese officials report that a fight took place between the Chinese and Japanese near Wiju on Monday, resulting in the retirement of the Japanese southward.

Each side is said to have lost 3,000 men. A telephone message received there from Campes, a small town on the Mexican border fifty miles from the coast, says the attacks were very severe, but the damage done was not great.

The seismic disturbances were heaviest at San Juan Capistrano, where, beside the breaking of windows, crockery was shattered in many houses.

A telephone message received there from Campes, a small town on the Mexican border fifty miles from the coast, says the attacks were very severe, but the damage done was not great.

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WILD OVER SENATOR HILL.

Brooklyn Grets Him More Enthusiastically than Ever.

Several Shocks Hit Up a Considerable Part of Southern California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 23.—Despatches received in this city this evening show that southern California was shaken by several earthquake shocks shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon.

At Los Angeles they were light and scarcely noticed, but at Oceanide, Santa Ana, San Diego and other places the tremors were more severe and caused great damage to the large buildings into the streets.

Windows were broken and clocks were stopped at San Diego. A telephone message received there from Campes, a small town on the Mexican border fifty miles from the coast, says the attacks were very severe, but the damage done was not great.

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