RUSSIA'S DYING RULER.

HE IS GROWING STEADILY WORSE AND DEATH IS IMMINENT.

He Is Hardly Able to Recognize His Family—His Physicians Seriously Disagree as to the Proper Treatment of the Case—People Praying on Their Knees in the Streets—Official Report on His Malady.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 31.—Dr. Zacharin and Prof. Leyden have had violent quarrels, each accusing the other of giving the Czar improper treatment. When Prof. Leyden's opinions were accepted Zacharin declared that he would return at once to Moscow. Gen. Tcherevin forbade his leaving Livadia, threatening to detain him by force if necessary. Prof. Wywodzeff, a specialist in eubalming, has been summoned to Livadia.

Later despatches say that the Czar has grown worse steadily, that his heart is weaker than at any previous time, and that he is hardly able to recognize his relatives.

This bulletin was issued from Livadia at 7 o'clock to-night:

"The Emperor took very little nourishment to-day. The inflammation of one lobe of the left lung continues. The Emperor's breathing is impeded, his pulse is week, and the general weakness is greatly increased."

The Czar's cough has grown worse rapidly, and the discharge is said to contain small particles of the lungs.

The quarrel between the Czar's doctors is reported to be due to Zacharin's brutal frankness in telling the Czar of his condition. Leyden reproached Zacharin with discouraging the patient, Zacharin replied angrily with a fling as to foreign interference, and an open rupture was the result.

A despatch from Livadia says:

"The Emperor slept some hours last night. There was a slight decrease in the blood-spitting, but otherwise his condition is unchanged."

From 7 o'clock this morning the offices of the *Official Journal* were surrounded by crowds of anxious people, and every scrap of news was received with avidity.

All of the troops in the district of St. Petersburg offered up prayers this afternoon for the recovery of the Czar. In the eagerness of the people to get information in regard to the Czar's condition a policeman who was distributing bulletins last evening was actually mobbed by the crowd.

The following account of the illness of the Czar is published in the *Official Messenger*:

"The disquieting symptoms which manifested themselves at Spala became less marked in the early days of his Majesty's sojourn at Livadia. The Emperor was able to attend divine service after arriving there, and was also able to drive about. Then symptoms of weakness appeared, with failing appetite, loss of sleep, weakening of the heart's action, increase of albumen, and swelling of the extremeties.

"Oct. 19 there was a return of the Emperor's appetite, and on Oct. 20 he was able to obtain the necessary rest from sleep, which produced a notable increase in his strength and a reduction of the albumen. The same day the Queen of Greece arrived, and the Protopresbyter, Father Ivan of Cronstadt, who offered prayers for the Emperor, also reached Livadia. He then received holy communion, which assisted in tranquillizing his mind.

"Oct 22 the Emperor prayed with Father Ivan. Princess Alix of Hesse-Darmstadt arrived that evening, and by order of the Emperor she was received ceremoniously with a guard of honor and with the military band playing. The meeting of the Emperor with Princess Alix, whom he had long been craving to see, strongly excited the patient, in spite of the joy which the meeting caused him, and his physicians feared the effect of this excitement. But the night passed favorably. There was continued edema of the feet on Oct. 23, which hindered free movement.

"During all this time the Emperor, in spite of his suffering, did not neglect State business, but at the urgent instance of his physicians he handed over documents relating to current affairs and reports requiring considerable examination to the Czarewitch. His Majesty, however, decided the most important cases and signed the State papers."

At 1 o'clock this afternoon Father Palladius, the Metropolitan of St. Petersburg, and President of the Holy Synod, attended by all the clergymen in his jurisdiction, offered up prayers for the recovery of the Emperor in the Cathedral of St. Isaac. Crowds of people fill the streets, anxious to obtain news of the Czar's condition. As each bulletin is posted thousands of persons fall upon their knees and pray for his Majesty's recovery. The theatres throughout Russia were almost deserted last night, and in the small audiences not a single military or naval uniform was to be seen.

It is announced upon semi-official authority to-day that all the reports that the marriage of the Czarwitch and Princess Alix will take place immediately are without foundation.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The Prince and Princess of Wales started for Livadia by special train at 8:45 this morning. They will travel via Brussels and Vienna.

The Russian Embassy here received information this morning that the condition of the Czar is extremely critical. He is unable to lie down at all, but sits in an armchair. Both of his lungs are affected. The spitting of blood has increased, and all of his other unfavorable symptoms are more pronounced.

A despatch from Berlin to the *Globe* says that Prof. Leyden has telegraphed from Livadia to Count Schouvaloff, the Russian Ambassador to Germany, as follows:

"I am in despair. A catastrophe is inevitable."

The *Pall Mall Gazette*'s despatch from Livadia says: "Throughout yesterday the Czar's condition was most distressing. There was an increase in the spitting of blood, with violent shivering. His limbs were numb, his breathing was oppressed, and his legs were swollen more than ever."

A later despatch says: "The Czar is dying. His death may be expected at any moment."

BERLIN, Oct. 31.—The *Lokal Anzeiger* publishes a despatch from Livadia expressing the opinion of Dr. Zacharin that the spitting of blood by the Czar is caused by coagulated blood which has entered the lungs and produced inflammation. The only hope is in the absorption of the blood coagulation. The blood spitting had decreased this morning, and the patient was altogether better than could have been hoped.

VIENNA, Oct. 31.—The officers of the Czar's Austrian regiment have been ordered to be ready to act as a deputation at the Czar's funeral.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 31.—The death of the Czar is hourly expected by the King and the members of his court.

The Crown Prince started for Livadia this evening. The King and Queen felt unequal to the long journey and decided not to go.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Prince Cantacuzene, the Russian Minister, received the following cablegram this morning from the Foreign Office at St. Petersburg, dated to-day: "Yesterday the expectoration with blood continued. Chills. Temperature, 100; pulse, 90; rather weak; breathing difficult; little appetite; great weakness; œdema considerably increased. GIERS."

NIHILIST HATRED.

Russian Refugees Prove Their Hatred of the Czar.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The following circular, promulgated by the refugee Nihilists in Switzerland, and bearing the usual red bomb, revolver, and dagger, is circulating in Switzerland and London:

"*To Our Brothers, the Oppressed in Russia:*

"The tyrant Alexander, autocrat Czar, hangman and assassin of Michaeleff, Russakoff, Kibaltchik, Nelotsoff, Sophia Perowskaia, Jesse Halfmann, and many others; purveyor of the Siberian galleys, persecutor of the Jews, is on the point of expiating his crimes.

"He is dying of a mysterious illness—a well-merited punishment. Venal science, his Zacharins, Hirsches, and Popoffs can do nothing to prolong a life which has been devoted to violence and oppression.

"At length the monster is going to disappear. Hurrah! The day has passed when a man could to be able by right of birth to dispose of the liberty and lives of a hundred million of other men.

"Let his son, the Czarewitch, as well as his ambitious rivals, the Grand Dukes Vladimir and Michael, who are ready to assassinate, in accordance with the traditions of the Romanoff family, to get possession of the bloody heritage—let all thoroughly understand that every hour and at every step they will find themselves face to face with the indomitable will of the revolutionists.

"Let us leave to the hypocritical Liberals the task of covering with flowers the horrid corpse of the scoundrel who is leaving this world after having to long dishonored it.

"So long as for Russian slaves do not possess the elementary rights of universal suffrage, served by a free press and a militia of federal states, as exists in the most civilized world, we shall always support any blow of destroying or provoking it.

"Long live Liberty and Revolution."

Visit Cowperthwait's new store, 104 West 14th st., for carpets and furniture at very low prices.—Adv.

GEORGIA'S SENATE CONTEST.

If a Deadlock Comes in the Caucus There May Be a Crisp Stampede.

ATLANTA, Oct. 31.—If the Hon. Augustus O. Bacon is not nominated for the United States Senate by the Democratic caucus to-morrow within the first three ballots, it means that a determined deadlock will ensue, and probably the only way out of it will be by the nomination of Speaker Crisp. The four announced candidates have been keeping open house in the Kimball House for the last ten days, and the city has been filled with agents of the Interior Department, working in the interest of Henry G. Turner. Messrs. Walsh, Bacon, and Garrard have all addressed the Legislature and to-night Mr. Turner is closing up the campaign before a crowded house. All except Mr. Turner have declared themselves to be free coinage men, and seem to be running a race as to which is strongest on that line. Mr. Turner trains with the Administration exclusively. It is only by the hardest kind of work that the Legislators from Mr. Crisp's district can be kept from springing his name before the caucus. Notwithstanding his positive command that it shall not be done, the first provocation will be seized to do so.

THE DEADLY LIVE WIRE.

Lineman Leiberstoot's Peril at the Top of a Telegraph Pole.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Oct. 31.—Jacob Leiberstoot, a lineman employed by the Suburban Electric Company, was working at the top of an electric light pole near the Elizabethport station this morning when his hand came in contact with a live wire. The shock threw him from the pole and he fell across half a dozen electric light wires, where he lay for ten minutes. He was stunned by the shock and the spectators thought him dead.

Finally another lineman arrived, and by the aid of ropes he managed to haul Leiberstoot to the pole. Then the live wires on which he was suspended were cut, and with the aid of his friend he was able to descend to the ground. His hands were severely burned, and he was terribly affected by the shock he received.

ALTGELD TALKS.

He Intimates that Mr. Cleveland Is Comparable to Judas.

MATTOON, Ill., Oct. 31.—Gov. Altgeld addressed a large audience at Lynch's Hall last night. After discussing the relation of Republican tariff law to the panic, the Governor said:

"The important question which you must now consider is from which political party can you probably get relief. You say it was a Democratic President who sent the troops into Illinois. That is true; he was elected as a Democrat, but the Democratic party, as a party, always has been and is to-day opposed to that policy, while the Republican party, as a party, is a unit in favor of it. You say that the Attorney-General of the United States advised the bringing of the injunction I have described, and that he is called a Democrat. Well, that is true, but here again the Republican party supports what he did. The Democratic party does not. Judas betrayed his Master, but the world did not, therefore, condemn all twelve of the apostles."

President Cleveland's Thanksgiving Proclamation.

WASHINTON, Oct. 31.—President Cleveland to-day appointed Thursday, Nov. 29, "as a day of thanksgiving and prayer." In his proclamation he says:

The American people should gratefully render thanksgiving and praise to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe, who has watched over them with kindness and fostering care during the year that has passed; they should also, with humility and faith, supplicate the Father of All Mercies for continued blessings according to their needs, and they should, by deeds of charity, seek the favor of the Giver of every good and perfect gift.

Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart Thursday, the twenty-ninth day of November instant, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, to be kept and observed by all the people of the land.

On that day let our ordinary work and business be suspended and let us meet in our accustomed places of worship and give thanks to Almighty God for our preservation as a nation, for our immunity from disease and pestilence, for the harvests that have rewarded our husbandry, for a renewal of national prosperity, and for every advance in virtue and intelligence that has marked our growth as a people.

And with our thanksgiving let us pray that these blessings may be multiplied unto us, that our national conscience may be quickened to a better recognition of the power and goodness of God, and that in our national life we may clearer see and closer follow the path of righteousness.

And in our places of worship and praise, as well as in the happy reunions of kindred and friends, on that day, let us invoke divine approval by generously remembering the poor and needy. Surely he who has given us country and plenty will look upon our relief of the distitute and our ministrations of charity as the work of hearts truly grateful and as proofs of the sincerity of our thanksgiving.

Republican Congressmen Abuse the Franking Privilege.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—It is stated at the Post Office Department that abuses of the Congressional franking privilege have been reported by the agents of the department in the case of three Republican Representatives in Congress, who have permitted Republican campaign literature to be sent out with their signature franked on the documents. A letter was addressed by the department to Mr. Joseph W. Babcock, of Wisconsin, Chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee, calling his attention to the use of his signature for such purposes. Mr. Babcock replied that this had been done without his authority and he would have it stopped.

Why the Spanish Ministry Resigned.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—The real reason for the resignation of the Spanish Ministry is said at the Spanish Legation here to have been the differences in relation to the new Tariff bill and certain proposed commercial treaties. Premier Sagasta strongly favors freer trade relations with the other countries of the world, but some of his associates in the Ministry who belong to the Conservative wing of the Liberal party not only oppose a lowering of duties, but have thrown their influence in the direction of a higher rate than is now the law of the kingdom. Failing to agree they resigned, and, as the despatches this morning say, Sagasta has been asked to form a new Ministry.

The Davis-Thompson Wedding.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Mr. William Leonard Davis of New York and Miss Mattie Thompson, daughter of ex-Congressman Phil Thompson of Kentucky, were married at noon to-day at the residence of Secretary Carlisle. Members of the Cabinet and their wives with a large number of people prominent in official circles and many from New York and Kentucky witnessed the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Mackay Smith, rector of St. John's Church. This afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Davis left for Tuxedo to spend the honeymoon. Later they will go to Colorado Springs for the winter. Mr. Davis has large mining interests in Colorado.

Gresham to Vote the Straight Democratic Ticket.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Secretary Gresham will leave Washington to-morrow afternoon to cast his vote in Chicago on election day for the straight Democratic ticket. The Secretary will remain in Chicago only long enough to vote, returning to Washington by the middle of next week. He will make no public speeches during his absence from Washington, at least that is his present intention. The private secretary of the Secretary of State, Mr. Kennesaw M. Landis, will also go to Indiana to-morrow and vote at Chicago on Tuesday.

Official Speed Trial of the Ericsson.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Secretary Herbert this afternoon gave orders for the official speed trial of the torpedo boat Ericsson over the measured course of twenty-five miles, in Long Island Sound, off New London. The run is to be made Nov. 8 and the cruiser Cincinnati, the Dolphin, and the tugs Nina, Fern, Fortune, and Hiwana will be used as stakeboats for the purpose of securing the official time of the vessel. The contract speed of the Ericsson is twenty-four knots.

Judam Bede's Successor.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—The President to-day appointed William M. Campbell of St. Paul to be United States Marshal for the district of Minnesota to succeed J. Adam Bede, resigned. Mr. Campbell held this office during Mr. Cleveland's first Administration.

Mr. Belmont's Menagerie.

NEWPORT, Oct. 31.—O. H. P. Belmont's entire menagerie is at last in Newport, six sacred bulls and three sacred cows having arrived this morning. They were driven through the principal streets on their way to the Belmont stable, attracting large crowds. They will be kept in the stable during the winter, and next season will be turned out in Grey Crag Park, in Middletown, where the birds have been all the summer.

$2,000 for a Broken Ankle.

A suit of Gustave Falk to recover $5,000 from the New York, Susquehanna and Western Railroad Company for a broken ankle was tried in the Circuit Court in Jersey City yesterday. Falk alighted from a train at West End and slipped through a trestle, breaking his ankle. He claimed that the platform at the station was improperly constructed, and the jury awarded him $2,000.

FLOWER'S CAMPAIGN TOUR.

HE DELIVERS SEVEN SPEECHES IN AS MANY TOWNS.

Winding Up in Dunkirk at a Meeting in the Opera House—The Governor Fires Volley After Volley at McKinley and His Bill.

NORTH TONAWANDA, Oct. 31.—Rain was falling steadily when Gov. Flower left Rochester, bound west, this morning, but he did not allow a little dampness to interfere with his programme. Breakfast was just over when the first stop was made. It was at Brockport, and a goodly lot of citizens greeted the Governor when he stepped out on the car platform. He spoke but a few minutes and the train rushed on to Albion, where a longer stop was made and where there was a large crowd of umbrella-protected people.

From Albion the train whizzed through several small towns without stopping, but Democrats in all of them had been informed of the approach of the Governor, and they went to the depots to give him a cheer as he passed.

At Lockport, which was reached at 10 A. M., there was a great demonstration, of which a cannon and a good band were the features, and it was made plain that the Governor was a favorite there. Before and after his speech he held a reception in the observation room of the Corsair. Editor A. E. Hoyt of the Lockport *Daily Sun* presented Mr. Flower to the Lockporters, and he fired another volley at Gov. McKinley.

"Niagara county," he said, "is one of those counties which, according to Mr. McKinley, have been 'ruined' by the passage of the Democratic Tariff bill. Perhaps you do not understand exactly how you have been ruined, but if Mr. McKinley were here he would tell you that it was because the new Tariff bill reduced the duty on apples from 25 cents a bushel to 20 per cent. ad valorem. Niagara is a great apple producing county, therefore this reduction must be a very serious thing to you if Major McKinley's theories are correct. But last year, under the McKinley tariff, you exported about a thousand barrels of apples to Europe, while this year, under the new tariff, you have exported already about three thousand barrels. So much for the ruin which has come to Niagara county."

Superintendent Welch of the Niagara Reservation presented Gov. Flower to the citizens of Tonawanda, and he devoted a few moments to them, telling them of the encouragement his trip had given him as to the fate of the Democratic State ticket.

At Niagara Falls, where the train arrived at noon, the Governor, Commissioner Van Vleet, and Mr. Lawson all made addresses, which were received with much enthusiasm.

"Up at Herkimer the other day," said the Governor, "they told me that when Major McKinley passed through the Mohawk Valley he told at each station the story of a painted sheep which had been brought down to him as the fleece of the flock. I was afraid I had thought the McKinley bill was pretty bad on the sheep when I saw the price of wool go steadily down under the highest protection ever imposed, but I did not suppose it was bad enough to kill off all our sheep in three years. But when they told me this story at Herkimer I told them that the Democratic party could not be frightened by a sheep. The Republicans did not succeed in scaring me three years ago with a tiger, and we have indeed come to a sorry pass if that veteran campaigner, David B. Hill, can be scared by a sheep."

From Niagara Falls the train was run down to Suspension Bridge, where another large crowd awaited it. There the Governor took the A. P. A. for his topic. He said:

"It shows the Republicans party had had the manliness to rebuke such an intolerant and un-American organization, no so-called religious question would have been injected into the campaign. But they were threatened with the loss of the support of the A. P. A. if they declared against any religious test as a qualification for public office, and as the Whigs of forty years ago under similar circumstances sided with the Know-Nothings, so the Republicans have leagued themselves with these new opponents of foreign-born Americans and Catholics, and by this close alliance are building up and encouraging this bigoted and un-American secret proscriptive society."

BUFFALO, Oct. 31.—The Governor arrived at the Exchange depot here at 1:10 P. M., and was met by State Committeemen Mack and Schen and other leaders, who escorted to a carriage opposite the depot, from which he addressed a large assemblage. The Governor was heartily cheered. He spoke of the hard times the country had passed through, asserting that the McKinley bill was responsible for them. The skies were brightening, however, factories were now starting up, and a general business revival was in progress. He urged his hearers not to disturb this hopeful outlook, and closed with an appeal to vote for Hill and Lockwood and the whole Democratic ticket. The Governor's party left for Dunkirk at 3 o'clock.

DUNKIRK, Oct. 31.—Gov. Flower arrived here at 6 P. M. He was met by a committee of Democrats and escorted to the Hotel Gratiot, in the lobby of which, after dinner, he held a reception, shaking hands with many citizens. Two of them were Civil War veterans and George P. Isham, two prominent Republicans, who assured him of their esteem and of that of other Republicans here because of his favorable action on the special legislation, the results of which have so beautified Dunkirk. The reception over, the Governor, escorted by the Lake City band, rode to Nelson's Opera House, where, although it was raining heavily, a big crowd had assembled. M. L. Hinman, President of the Brooks Locomotive Works, the Chairman of the meeting, introduced him. Among other things, he said:

"Mr. McKinley, in his speech at Dunkirk, told you that last year your locomotive works here were manufacturing 250 locomotives, and this year they are only manufacturing 60 locomotives, and it is because, as he said, the Democratic party had come into power. I am fortunate in having as your presiding officer to-night the President of your locomotive works, and I am sure he will confirm my statement here now before you that the reason only sixty locomotives are made here this year is because of the panic brought about by the Sherman Silver law. Why did not Mr. Mckinley tell you the real reason for the cessation of business in Dunkirk and the rest of the country? Why? Because to have told you the truth about the panic of 1893, and about the effect of the Sherman Silver law, would have been to confess his own incompetence as a financier and a statesman. The men and party that are responsible for that panic are the men and party that passed the Sherman Silver law, and the Congress that passed that law was a Republican Congress, of which Thomas B. Reed was the Speaker of the House of Representatives and William McKinley the Republican leader. The party that met the country's expectations and repealed this iniquitous law was the Democratic party, and for that act it should receive the cordial appreciation of every wage earner and every good citizen."

The Governor will go on to the Erie Railroad to-morrow, speaking at Little Valley, Salamanca, Olean, Cuba, Friendship, Belmont, Wellsville, and Andover.

Mortality in the State in September.

ALBANY, Oct. 31.—The total number of deaths reported to the State Board of Health for September was 9,525, representing an average daily mortality of 317, against 311 in September, 1893, and 330 in August last. The annual rate for the State was 17.50 per 1,000 population annually, against 19.15 in August; in September last it was estimated at 17.90. In 150 cities and villages, representing three-fourths of the population, the death rate was 18.85, against 19.00 a year ago, and in six large cities it was 19.05. The decrease in mortality has been chiefly in the populous cities. Zymotic diseases caused 2,324 deaths, or 24.4 per cent. of the total mortality. Diarrhœal diseases caused 1,450 deaths, or 15.0 per cent. of the whole number.

Rapid Transit Between Flushing and Long Island City.

FLUSHING, Oct. 31.—The Long Island Railroad is awakening to the necessity of improving its facilities between Long Island City and Flushing. Additional tracks for a rapid transit service between Long Island City and Flushing, and intermediate stations, such as is maintained between East New York, Brooklyn, and Long Island City are being built. The fare will be 5 cents instead of the present rate of 20 cents single fare, or 35 cents the round trip.

Approaching electric railway competition has undoubtedly been the cause of this activity on the part of the Long Island Railroad officers.

Working Operatives Overtime.

ALBANY, Oct. 31.—Factory Inspector Connolly is investigating a complaint against the Alpha Knitting Company of Schenectady, the charge being that, in the endeavor to keep up with orders, the proprietors are ignoring the laws regulating the working of young female operatives overtime. The Factory Inspector will bring suit also against several concerns charged with violating the weekly pay law.

Its 200th Anniversary.

NYACK, N. Y., Oct. 31.—The Reformed Church of Tappan this morning celebrated the 200th anniversary of its organization. That church is one of the oldest of its denomination in the State. Since its organization it has had but seven pastors, one of whom, the Rev. Nicholas Lansing, officiating there over fifty years. The first church building was used as a prison in the Revolutionary war. The Rev. Dr. David Cole of Yonkers gave the historical address this morning.

Bishop Andrews Lays a Corner Stone.

The corner stone of the new Union Methodist Episcopal Church, in Forty-second street, west of Broadway, was laid yesterday by Bishop E. G. Andrews. Bishop John F. Newman made an address.

Wedding presents of furniture. Geo. C. Flint Co., 40 West 23d st., are the cheapest.—Adv.

TAX DELINQUENTS SOLD OUT.

Jersey City Gets $30,000 for 173 Parcels of Property.

The first sale of property which had been bought in by Jersey City under the Martin act took place yesterday afternoon in the Aldermanic chamber in the City Hall. There are about 600 parcels of property to be disposed of. It is property on which there were arrears of taxes and assessments. After the Commissioners appointed under the law known as the Martin act had adjudicated upon it, the property which the owners failed to redeem was sold by the City Collector, and the city was obliged to bid in the greater part of it. The time allowed the owners to redeem it has expired, and, under the law, the city can now sell and give a title in fee simple.

The sale was well attended by real estate agents and speculators and the bidding was lively. Auctioneers Stevens & Young conducted the sale and 173 parcels were disposed of, realizing about $30,000. The next sale will take place on Dec. 12.

FOSS SAID HE THREW THE BOTTLE,

So His Trial Will Follow Simon's Acquittal for Assault on Ferguson.

Young Lawyer Goldenhorn defended Eugene Simon, who was tried in the General Sessions Court in Jersey City yesterday for atrocious assault and battery on John Ferguson. Ferguson was struck on the head with a bottle at a picnic last summer in Currie's Woods. Witnesses testified to the assault, and it looked as if the defendant would be convicted.

When the State rested, the young lawyer called Diedrick Voss for the defence. Voss testified that he threw the bottle which struck Ferguson. The jury acquitted Simon. When Voss was about to leave the court, Mr. Winfield said, "Wait a moment; we want you." He then requested the Court to hold Voss to await the action of the Grand Jury on a charge of atrocious assault and battery. The Court granted the request.

ANTI-VACCINATIONISTS HOPEFUL.

If Education Is Merely a Privilege, Must They Pay School Taxes?

The anti-vaccinationists of Brooklyn are hoping to secure a reversal from some higher tribunal of Justice Bartlett's decision rendered on Aug. 28, to the effect that education being a privilege and not a constitutional right, educational boards have the power to make vaccination of school children compulsory. Dr. C. A. Walters of 111 Milton street, Brooklyn, who is President of the Anti-Vaccination League, owns a farm in Yaphank, L. I., and he has just received a bill from R. S. McCreery, tax collector of Yaphank, for $8.74 school taxes.

This he has refused to pay on the ground that he has derived no benefit from the educational facilities in Yaphank. If the authorities here fail to collect the bill, Dr. Walters will consider it a victory for the anti-vaccinationists. His idea is that if education is a privilege and not a constitutional right, he ought not to be compelled to pay for a privilege he has not enjoyed.

M'INTOSH'S STEAM HEATER.

Brooklyn Not Likely to Pay Him for It Unless He Shows Up.

Mayor Schieren of Brooklyn refused to sign a bill made out in the name of A. R. McIntosh for $280 for a steam heater alleged to have been furnished to the Park Department in January last. The bill was audited in September, and the Mayor sent it to the Park Department for an explanation. Attached to the voucher were the names of George V. Brower, who was Commissioner, and John Tompkins, who was Secretary in January.

Mr. Brower and Mr. Tompkins denied that they had signed the voucher, and declared that the work was not ordered nor delivered so far as they knew. McIntosh had given his address as at 40 Centre street, this city, but so far he has not been found there. The bill is held by Comptroller Corwin until Mr. McIntosh appears and explains.

BIGAMIST EDWIN J. MARSH.

He Practically Admits His Guilt in Marrying Pretty Miss Courter.

Edwin J. Marsh of Irvington, N. J., who, after his first wife died, married his aunt, Mrs. Nellie Hillis, in Jersey City, and recently married Lottie Courter of Irvington, retracted his plea of not guilty of bigamy yesterday, and his counsel entered a new plea of non vult. He will be sentenced a week from next Monday. Both of his wives were in attendance, facing each other as they stood in the court yesterday and told their stories to Judge Kirkpatrick before the new plea was accepted. The women were both stylishly dressed.

Miss Courter was undoubtedly the prettiest woman in the court, and her case excited a great deal of sympathy. Young Marsh was pale and nervous, and did not meet the gaze of either of the women.

Marriage License Still Necessary in Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 31.—Despite the clerical error in the Marriage License bill, by which it is made to read as going into effect "Oct. 1, 1895," instead of "Oct. 1, 1893," persons intending to marry will have to procure a license as heretofore. The mistake does not lessen the force of the original act of 1885, for the amendment of 1893 did not annul the act of 1885; it simply supplemented it. Attorney-General Hensel, when questioned formally on the subject last year, wrote to the Clerk of the License Court here bidding him advise all inquirers that it was still needful to procure a license in order to secure legal solemnization of marriage.

The Hotel Europe Case.

There was an examination held at the Essex Market Police Court yesterday in the case of Adelberg Neumann of the Hotel Europe, who was arrested on Monday for keeping an alleged disorderly resort. Agents Lemmon and Whitney of the Parkhurst society told of visits they had made to the hotel with women. They registered as Benjamin Butler and James G. Blaine of Augusta, Me.

Frederick Heehle, a tailor, of 98 Third avenue, and one of his workmen named Mancura testified to some of the sights they saw in a rear room of the hotel while looking through a keyglass from the roof of Blank's Winter Garden at 100 Third avenue.

Neumann was held in $1,500 bail for trial in the Court of General Sessions.

Lillian Russell's Imported Chorus.

The Coryphees' Protective Union is after Lillian Russell, who has brought over from England nineteen chorus girls and eight dancers for the "Queen of Brilliants," which will be produced by her opera company at Abbey's Theatre on Wednesday. The union claims that the chorus girls and dancers are not artists, and have therefore been brought here in violation of the Contract Labor law. A committee representing the union yesterday went to see Mr. Schoeffel of Abbey, Schoeffel & Grau, the managers of Abbey's Theatre. He contended that the girls were artists and not working women. The committee will see him again to-day.

Immigration Commissioner Senner has been appealed to regarding the matter.

Carrie Withrow Discharged.

Carrie Withrow, the young woman who struck an unoffending stranger in the nose in front of Delmonico's on Tuesday night, was brought before Justice Hogan in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday. She said that she was married, and that her husband did not know where she was.

"How are you going to explain things?" asked Justice Hogan.

"Well, I don't really know, your Honor," replied the woman.

"I think I will let you go," returned the Justice. "I am sure you will have enough trouble when you try to explain things at home. You are discharged."

Hotel De Logerot Sold.

The mysterious buyer who has been purchasing parcels in West Eighteenth and West Nineteenth streets, near Fifth avenue, has secured another property.

Frederick Southack & Co. have purchased from Messrs. Flake & Dowling, acting for the New York Realty Company, the southwest corner of Fifth avenue and Eighteenth street, known as the Hotel de Logerot, including 92 feet on the avenue and 174 on the street. The price is said to be $600,000. This property was sold by R. V. Harnett & Co., under foreclosure in February last, to Flake & Dowling, for $437,000. It was again reported that St. Ann's Church had been sold through Southack & Co.

Veteran Park Policeman Pensioned.

Adolph Klein, a war veteran, who has served as a park policeman since Sept. 18, 1873, was honorably discharged yesterday and put on the pension roll of the department. Klein has always carried the colors in the annual parade of the park police. At the last parade his strength gave out, and he was compelled to hand the flag to another policeman. The pension amounts to $550 a year.

New Jersey's Big Bank Account.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 31.—State Comptroller Hancock has reported to the Governor that at the close of the State's fiscal year to-day New Jersey has a balance in bank amounting to $966,855.91, the largest in its history. It exceeds the balance on Oct. 31 last year by $262,817.79.

The Foundation

Of good health is pure, rich blood; without it, the body cannot be healthy; with it, there will be little danger of sickness from the sudden changes of temperature and the prevalence of malarial germs at this season.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood, builds up the nerves, and imparts strength to the body.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, billousness.

ANOTHER ANN ARBOR PLAN.

Some Points From the Quintard-Lawrence Reorganization Proposal.

Another plan for the reorganization of the Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan Railway Company was presented yesterday. It is the result of the consolidation of what have been known as the Quintard and Lawrence committees.

A statement of the financial condition of the company is first given, and it is charged that certain items in the accounts have been improperly distributed, so that net earnings applicable for interest for 1892 should have been stated at $269,103 instead of $392,050. The amount spent in betterments since the receiver was appointed is $250,000, and it is estimated that $300,000 more will be required during the next two years. An expenditure of between $150,000 and $200,000 is necessary for terminals at Toledo. The joint committee expresses its entire approval of the administration of Receiver W. H. Burt.

The plan provides for foreclosure and the formation of a new company with $7,000,000 first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, $4,000,000 of preferred, and $3,250,000 of common stock. The directors for the first year are to be named by the committee. The old stock is pronounced worthless, as it has contributed nothing to the cash resources of the company, and as there is no equity in the property, which has not cost as much as the aggregate amount of the first mortgages on the different divisions. Holders of this stock may, however, subscribe at $10 per share for the new stock.

The committee says that the claims of the Ashleys, amounting to $475,000, have not been admitted by it nor by the receiver, and that the plan does not contemplate their payment.

Atchison Case to Be Decided on Monday.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 31.—The arguments in the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé injunction cases were completed in the United States District Court this afternoon. Judge Foster promised to render his opinion next Monday morning.

By agreement the stockholders' meeting, which was to convene to-morrow morning, will adjourn until Monday noon, at which time an election of directors will take place, provided the decision is in favor of the defendants. If the court finds for the plaintiff the election will be postponed pending the appeal of the case to the Federal Court of Appeals.

The Grand Trunk Managers Sustained.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The result of the reballot in the Grand Trunk meeting last night to decide whether the adoption of the report and accounts of the company should be postponed until after the investigation of the company's affairs in Canada, was in favor of the management, and the motion to adopt the report and accounts was carried.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says in regard to the meeting: "Out of the riot at the Grand Trunk meeting it is satisfactory to see that the directors are amenable to pressure as they have never been before."

Assents to the Reading Plan.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 31.—This was the first day for assenting to the new plan for the reconstruction of the Reading Railroad Company. In round numbers, the holders of $2,000,000 general mortgage bonds deposited their securities and affixed their signatures to the agreement to-day, the first to do so being ex-Chief Justice Edward M. Paxson, one of the receivers of the company.

To Pay Interest on Some Erie Bonds.

Judge Lacombe of the United States Circuit Court has instructed the Erie receivers to pay past due coupons on the collateral trust bonds, the first mortgage bonds, and the funded coupon bonds of the company, and upon the Chicago and Erie first mortgage bonds.

Rich—Fillmore.

WHITE HAVEN, Pa., Oct. 31.—A wedding of interest to many New Yorkers took place here this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The bride was Miss Harriette Fillmore, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Millard Fillmore of this place, and the bridegroom was Seaton Heather Rich, son of Mr. and Mrs. Aquila Rich of New Brighton, S. I., N. Y. The bride is the niece of J. A. Fillmore, a wealthy railroad man of California, and grandniece of President Millard Fillmore. The ceremony was performed in St. Paul's Church at this place by Archdeacon George D. Johnson of Staten Island, assisted by the Rev. William Auman, rector of St. Paul's Church.

The bride was given away by her grandfather, Mr. L. Fillmore of San Francisco. Miss Ella F. Goodall of San Francisco was the maid of honor, and Miss Scott of White Haven, Miss Clara Broadhead, and Miss Margaret Broadhead of Delaware Water Gap were the bridesmaids. The best man was Charles Barton of New York, and Frederick Wareham and Philip Johnson of Staten Island and W. S. Fillmore, the bride's brother, completed the bridal party as ushers.

Hull—Howell.

Miss Mary Brainard Howell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Brainard Howell of Highland, N. Y., was married yesterday noon to John W. Hull of Tenafly, N. J., in Calvary Church, Fourth avenue and Twenty-first street, by the Rev. Dr. Henry Y. Satterlee, the rector. The bride is, on her mother's side, a direct descendant of De Witt Clinton, and among her father's ancestors was David Brainard, who was an early missionary among the Indians in the West. The bride's maid of honor was Miss Biglin and her bridesmaids were Miss G. L. Damon Smith of Hartford, Conn., Miss Beulah A. Hine of Tenafly, N. J., Miss Edith Jackson of Bradford, Pa., and Miss Alice A. Biglin of Belfast, L. I. Frank A. Brastow was the best man. Howard Hasbrouck, Elias H. Sisson, Jr., James L. Robinson, Jr., and Robert J. Fox were the ushers. A reception was given at the Howell residence, 327 West Twenty-third street.

Slayback—Tefft.

Miss Jessie A. Tefft, daughter of W. E. Tefft, of the firm of Tefft, Weller & Co., was married last evening at her home, 22 East Sixty-fourth street, to Henry B. Slayback, son of John D. Slayback, a member of the Stock Exchange and of the firm of John Bloodgood & Co. The Rev. Dr. John Wesley Brown officiated. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Edna Tefft, as maid of honor, and by Miss Gretchen Tefft, Miss Charlotte Collins, Miss Elizabeth Clark, and Miss Anna Lockwood as bridesmaids. The best man was Walter Edsall. A large reception followed the ceremony.

Lard—Risse.

Miss Aimee Risse, daughter of Chief Engineer Risse of the Department of Street Improvement, was married last evening to Floyd Mortimer Lard, in St. Mary's Church, 141st street and Alexander avenue. A reception followed at the home of the bride, 1,599 Mott avenue.

Mr. Charles Doelger and Miss Lillian Woerz to Marry.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Lillian L. Woerz, daughter of E. G. W. Woerz, to Charles P. Doelger, son of Peter Doelger. The fathers of both the prospective bride and the bridegroom are well-known brewers.

ESTABLISHED 1807.

7 STORES TOGETHER.

COWPERTHWAIT,

Park Row and Chatham Square.

EVERYTHING FOR HOUSEKEEPING.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, Etc.

$1 Weekly on $65 Worth.

☞ No Extra Charges of Any Kind. ☜

You may pay $75 elsewhere for the same quantity of goods and possibly have 75 weeks' time for paying, but why pay up town prices?

ONLY ONE VISIT NECESSARY.

Collections Made IF REQUESTED.

THIS HOUSE HAS NO BRANCHES.

(Open Saturday Evenings.)