

# WORK IN THE REICHSAG.

## THREE DAYS DEVOTED TO LABOR AND SOCIALISM.

Many Diverse Views on Questions of Labor Unions and No-Go-The Socialists Demand Unrestricted Rights of Association for Workmen.

Friday, Feb. 9. For three days the Reichstag has devoted its attention to the labor question, socialism, and the whole Government policy toward the workingman since Emperor William's famous labor rescripts of 1890. The Deputies have gone back even to the beginnings of Prince Bismarck's Social socialism.

The debate was started by Prof. Dr. Hiltz, (Clerical) who stated his party's demand for local executive councils, with workmen's delegates, and with the recognized principle of cooperative rights for workmen's unions. He argued that such institutions to aid organized labor would best counteract the excesses of the Social Democracy, and take the wind out of Bismarck's sails. The clerical arguments were opposed by the Conservative and National Liberal speakers, who held that the proposal as to the councils would fit exactly the Social Democratic plans. No sooner would the councils be organized on the Hiltz plan, they said, than they would fall into the absolute control of the agitators. The fact that the State had created such councils would render them all the more powerful as means to Social Democratic ends. The radicals argued that the labor associations would thrive best under individual control, without State intervention, although the organizations ought to have legislative sanction.

The Social Democrats said they wanted nothing from the Government beyond the unrestricted right of association. They doubted the value of Government labor councils or organizations, unless the State in control were the Social Democratic State. Deputy Legien, Social Democrat, said: "Give back to the workingman the freedom of association and he will forego all agitation."

Neither Chancellor Prince Hohenlohe nor Freiherr von Berlepsch, Minister of Commerce, explained in his speech the exact intentions of the Government. Although each gave a general promise that the Imperial rescripts of 1890 would be carried into effect, making complete freedom of association, the National Liberal labor commissions or associations will be favored. The debate, which ended last evening, was without positive results, but it served to increase the Conservative and National Liberal distrust of the Government.

Today it is reported that Freiherr von Berlepsch no longer has been in the Reichstag. He has offered again to resign, as through out the debate he found himself out of accord with Prince Hohenlohe.

In the lobby there has been any amount of speculation as to the subject of the workingman's councils and free association. The radicals say that the Government will not take the initiative for its surrender on the Anti-Socialist bill, and trumped up this bogus demonstration in favor of the Government's method of compromise.

In replying to these charges, Dr. Lieber, the clerical leader, denied that there was any intention of giving the workingman a title to the Anti-Socialist bill. He and his followers would vote only for punishment of the army and navy with sedition doctrine, and then, only on the condition that the Government should give the workingman a title to the Anti-Socialist bill. The Government was aimed exclusively at the Social Democracy and not at the workingman. The Government majority was content with its support of Hiltz, and that they are above such petty political tricks.

Among the cattle and sheep paintings, which are being sold in the Reichstag, are two by Horatio Walker, "Spring Pastoral," No. 240, and "Spring," No. 253, that are charming in the gray-green quality, beloved of the tonalists. Mr. Carlsson Wiggins shows a fine "Holstein Cow," No. 308; Mr. Morgan McIlennay contributes a "Summer Landscape," No. 310, which is a fine picture of a landscape in a finely characterized white, and a sheep picture, "Gray Twilight," No. 349, and there is a "Gray Day," No. 1, by Mr. Thomas B. Craig, in which the sheep are well considered. Mr. Frank Russell Green has also essayed cattle, and there is especially good quality in his "Bull," No. 187.

Mr. H. M. Rosenberg and Mr. A. B. Davies may be coupled for the sake of noting the charming color sense displayed in their works, perhaps more especially in those of Mr. Davies, who are delightful as mere chorals. Mr. Davies doesn't appear to care anything for color, but he has managed his process of drawing in a way which is to be deplored the more because his work is evidently so sincere in intent. Mr. Rosenberg's "A Friend in Need," No. 239, is on the other hand very good in drawing and not at all deficient in tone. It has, moreover, the charm of mystery, which is not in the least dispelled by its title. In a picture of a man and a woman, Mr. Rosenberg has selected the three Commissioners who will serve without salary and preserve the city's park land from being changed, thus the drawing of the fourth, who will be the executive officer of the board and receive the President's salary of \$2,000.

Excise Commissioner Eugene L. Bushie exercised yesterday his letter from Mayor Strong asking that he be relieved of his duties, which he will serve until next Wednesday. Commissioners Sullivan and Murphy, however, will hold on until the Mayor's pleasure.

# THE WATER COLOR SOCIETY.

## AN ANNUAL WATER COLOR SHOW ALWAYS BRIGTH AND FETCHING IN ITS WAY.

The annual water color show is always bright and fetching in its way. It opens with the artistic gathering of the year, when everybody who is anybody in our little world of art sees all his fellows and the Academy is filled with friendly smoke and decorous hilarity. Considered from a simple popular point of view, this annual exhibition ought to be very successful, for it is full of salable pictures, some \$3,000 worth of which are disposed of already. There is a lot of clever, attractive, picturesque material here that is suggestively commercial and commercially taking.

To offset this, are many works more than ordinary merit from the painter's point of view. Mr. Snell's striking Arctic scene, No. 358, has been mentioned already. It is a work of art. It has a place of honor in the South gallery, and is flanked by two very worthy works; one, "Back from the Highway," No. 255, by J. Francis Murphy, the unusual size of which is its one draw; and the other, by Mr. Raper, one of the best things he has yet done, "Low Tide on Lake Aux Grues," No. 259, in which the general gray tone of the picture is accentuated by a bit of intense sunlight on the distant sky line of the sea. Mr. Murphy, it may be said, has two or three smaller drawings quite as attractive in color as his large picture, and a few others, such as his "Sunset," No. 213, which is a very charming, charming in sentiment. Near by is Mr. Shurtliff's "Mountain Road," No. 248, an unusual, but admirable treatment of Adirondack material, but perhaps not as fine in quality as his "Winter," No. 122, in the East gallery, in which his snow is of the cold, wintry snow that is apt to prevail at this season, a snow that is not touched with carmine or bluing, but is really cold.

Snow is not Mr. Shurtliff's specialty, notwithstanding his eminently successful treatment of this natural phenomenon, but the snow painters are out in force. Mr. Brown's "Tramway in the Forest," if artificial, effects in bluish snow fields with violet skies and orange sunbursts; Mr. Walter Palmer continues to do his photographic pictures, excepting his Evans prize picture, which has in it a certain sentiment not commonly looked for in his work, and Mr. Charles Warren Eaton, Mr. L. E. Van Gorder, Mr. C. Parsons, and a few others, have contributed various treatments of cold-weather landscapes.

There are two little pictures signed by unfamiliar names that are interesting. One is the "Andromeda," No. 310, by Mr. E. S. Hamilton, an exquisite drawing, both in the lines of the nude figure and tone and color. The other is a study in a corner, it is still one of the charming things of the show. The other is a figure of a young woman singing, "Cantra," No. 226, by Mr. Livingston Platt, the face cleverly lighted and the whole figure treated with cleverness and a certain sentiment.

Mr. W. T. H. has here before him the fruits of a recent visit to San Francisco's Chinatown and to Southern California distinct and most creditable advances in his methods. The Chinese bits are charming in their fresh color and crisp sunlight, and in "La Fiesta de Guadalupe," No. 293, he has managed his process of white-robed priests and group of on-lookers with great skill, the color being broadly applied and well broken in the masses without any impairment of the harmonious strength of the composition.

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Mr. Whitall Objected to Their Going Through His Place to Fight a Fire.

Two alarms were sent out for a fire which started on the fourth floor of the five-story stone building at 44 Barclay street just before 10 o'clock last evening. The building was formerly the property of the Trinity Episcopal Church, but was lately transferred to St. Michael's Church. The fire was all in the rear of the building, and the firemen found difficulty in getting at it. The fire was extinguished by the firemen, E. E. Miller, chief cutting, eight engines, two hook and ladders, and a water tower responded to the alarm. The fire was caused by the breaking of a white-tire on Engine 23, which lies in Fulton street. The damage to the building was about \$1,000.

The firemen broke in the door of the adjoining building at 44 Barclay street, in order to get to the rear of the burning building. The place is occupied by the White Building, the senior member of the firm, attempted to stop the firemen from breaking in his doors, but they would try to make the city pay for it.

# WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

## Sons of the Revolution's Arrangements for Observing the Day.

The Society of the Sons of the Revolution has laid plans to celebrate the 103rd anniversary of the birthday of George Washington with a dinner at Delmonico's and a service in the Brick Church, at 15th street and Third Avenue, at 11 o'clock. The dinner will occur on Friday, Feb. 22, and the services will be held on Sunday afternoon, Feb. 24. The service will be opened by the Rev. Dr. James O. Murray, Dean of Princeton College, who will be assisted by Dr. Henry Van Dyke, pastor of the Brick Church; George W. B. Felt, secretary of the Society; and General Charles of the Sons of the Revolution. The Rev. Dr. John C. Eccleston of Clifton, N. Y.; the Rev. Dr. John C. B. Felt, pastor of the Brick Church; and the Rev. Dr. Arthur Brooks, the aide committee at the service. The Rev. Dr. John C. B. Felt, pastor of the Brick Church; and the Rev. Dr. Arthur Brooks, the aide committee at the service. The Rev. Dr. John C. B. Felt, pastor of the Brick Church; and the Rev. Dr. Arthur Brooks, the aide committee at the service.

# SEIZED SATCHEL AND MONEY.

## Highway Robbers Seize \$2,000 From a Messenger in Shelton, Conn.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 9.—M. H. Spaulding, a young man employed at the Adams cotton mills in Shelton, was assaulted and robbed of \$2,000 this morning. He obtained the money at the Birmingham National Bank, and started for the mill on a bicycle. He carried a satchel in a hand. Two men followed him in a sleigh and one on foot. When he was within a short distance of the mills the man on foot struck him with a club and knocked him down. The assailant then seized the messenger's satchel and emptied its contents. The robbers went down the canal road and turned toward this city. The messenger followed them, but could not overtake them. He then returned to the mills and reported the robbery to the police. The police are searching for the robbers in Shelton, but have not yet been successful.

By "Chimney Fadden" and meet Major

# MAYOR'S HEARING FARCE.

## ONLY ONE GOO GOO HAD A WORD TO SAY ABOUT THE REMOVAL BILL.

And He Opposed It—The Mayor Sends It Back to Albany with Certificates that It Is Approved After a Public Hearing.

The bill which is to give Mayor Strong power to remove all place holders appointed by former Mayors will be taken to Albany to-day by a special messenger, probably Mayor's Secretary Job E. Hedges. The two certificates required by the law were attached to the measure yesterday afternoon, after the public hearing which the Mayor had advertised. One certificate tells the Assembly that the Mayor approves of the bill in the form which it passed the Legislature. The other informs the same body of legislators that all the conditions attendant on a public hearing were complied with. Just why there should be two certificates when the statements might have all been incorporated in one, no one has a moment to say. The Mayor's office evidently drew the bill which makes the requirement, and the "hired men" of the Legislature adopted it without question, knowing that it would be abused by the reformers if any attempt were made to amend it.

The hearing on the measure was set for 11:30 o'clock, and at that hour a few officials were evidently present out of curiosity. There was none of the men whose terms of office will be cut short by the bill nor any one representing them present to protest. It remained for a member of good Government Club J. who may have wanted to get his name in "de mornin'" to appear in the form which it passed the Legislature. This queer Goo Goo, who, by acting thus independently, has made himself a subject for discipline at the hands of the bosses of the Confederated Council, declared that the Power of Removal bill would establish a worse system than prevails now. Under it, he said, the Mayor would have too much power. He said Mayor might use the great power conferred for the benefit of the city, but that it would be a financial matter, and for his weak voice and slight physique he could not be well fitted to be the guardian of the republicans on the floor.

Besides Charles C. Bowman of the Seventy, who came in later and disclaimed responsibility for the phrase in his bill, "to appear in the form which it passed the Legislature," the only other person present was a "colored" man, who announced himself as Col. William Johnson of the Eight Assembly district.

"I'm not here to speak," said he, "but I'm for turnin' all the rascals out. They've been there long enough, and they've done nothing for the city. I want to see 'em turned out."

Some of those who were present were Cornelius N. Bliss, S. Van Rensselaer (Clerk), Assemblyman Judson Lawson, Ken, and by way of grace of the Millhill Republicans, and Major M. C. Doherty of the Jimmiesons. The two last named have been in control of the appointments to offices that will be put at Mayor Strong's disposal by the Power of Removal bill, and the Dock Board, which had no right of membership, it is said, would suit either of them.

Among the departments where a clean sweep will be made, and that specially, is the Dock Board. All three of the present Commissioners will be removed at the same time, probably. This will necessitate appointing some one to take the place of the one who is to be removed, and that man is likely to be ex-Commissioner Henry F. Dimock. It is said to be certain that the present Dock Board will be removed at the same time, probably. This will necessitate appointing some one to take the place of the one who is to be removed, and that man is likely to be ex-Commissioner Henry F. Dimock. It is said to be certain that the present Dock Board will be removed at the same time, probably.

The President has approved the act amending the Inter-State Commerce law relative to the issue of joint interchangeable 5,000-mile tickets with special baggage privileges, better known as the "Rock law," which had been passed by the United States and the company, and which would suit either of them.

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# VALUE OF FARM ANIMALS.

## General Decrease in the Farm Prices of Horses Throughout the Country.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The estimates of farm animals for January, 1906, show a decrease in the number of horses as compared with January, 1905, of 187,821, or 1.17 per cent.; a decrease in mules of 19,123, or 0.81 per cent.; a decrease in oxen of 1,000, or 0.12 per cent.; a decrease in sheep of 2,243,052, or 0.14 per cent.; a decrease in number of swine of 2,753,953, or 6.11 per cent.; a decrease in the number of cows of 1,040,782, or 2.30 per cent. In value horses have declined 241 per cent.; mules, 23.9 per cent.; oxen, 1.2 per cent.; sheep, 20.2 per cent.; and swine, 1.2 per cent.

The decline in the farm prices of horses is general throughout the country. The range of prices is from \$100 to \$1,000. The average value of mules has increased from \$21.77 to \$24.13 in Massachusetts. The average value of horses has increased from \$118.18 to \$120.18 in Massachusetts. The average value of oxen has increased from \$11.97 to \$12.04 in Massachusetts. The average value of sheep has increased from \$1.97 to \$2.04 in Massachusetts. The average value of swine has increased from \$1.97 to \$2.04 in Massachusetts.

# TRIED TO STOP THE FIREMEN.

## Mr. Whitall Objected to Their Going Through His Place to Fight a Fire.

Two alarms were sent out for a fire which started on the fourth floor of the five-story stone building at 44 Barclay street just before 10 o'clock last evening. The building was formerly the property of the Trinity Episcopal Church, but was lately transferred to St. Michael's Church. The fire was all in the rear of the building, and the firemen found difficulty in getting at it. The fire was extinguished by the firemen, E. E. Miller, chief cutting, eight engines, two hook and ladders, and a water tower responded to the alarm. The fire was caused by the breaking of a white-tire on Engine 23, which lies in Fulton street. The damage to the building was about \$1,000.

# MAKIE LIVINGSTONE AGAIN.

## Arrested for the Third Time in a Year for Keeping a Disorderly House.

Mrs. Mattie Livingstone, 123 West Fifty-third street, who has figured three times in the New York City courts within a year as a disorderly house keeper, was raised again on Friday night by Special Policeman Pavey of the West Forty-seventh street station and squad. On her first conviction Mrs. Livingstone was fined \$200 in Special Sessions. She said, she is no longer a disorderly house keeper, and she would like to be put in a penitentiary. The police found four men and two women in the house. The men were charged with keeping a disorderly house. The women were charged with keeping a disorderly house. The police found a large amount of liquor in the house. The police found a large amount of liquor in the house.

# A Massachusetts Legislator Kills Himself.

## Lowell, Mass., Feb. 9.—Benjamin J. Williams, aged 55, a member of the Lowell bar, committed suicide at his residence this morning by shooting himself through the heart. Mr. Williams had been a member of the School Committee and of the Legislature. He had been ill and his study had been used to sleep.

# Free to Build Heads.

We will mail an application how to grow hair on bald heads, such as falling hair and receding hair, to West side, 100 West 10th street, New York City.

# LIVE WASHINGTON TOPICS.

## THE REPUBLICAN CONGRESS OF THE SOUTH.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—It has not yet been decided whether the Republicans will reorganize the office of the Senate, even if they were able to produce a majority after the 4th of March. The committees will be put in control of Republicans as soon as possible at the first session, and the important changes to be made in the Chairmanships have already been informally agreed upon. The most interesting assignment so far made is that of Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island to be Chairman of the Finance Committee. Senator Morrill of Vermont, the last Chairman under Republican control, is still sitting, but on account of his extreme age has given way to his young and energetic friend, Mr. Aldrich, who has for some time been the leader of the Republicans in financial and tariff matters. Mr. Sherman, who lost his place at the head of the Republican membership of the Finance Committee, is still sitting, but on account of his extreme age has given way to his young and energetic friend, Mr. Aldrich, who has for some time been the leader of the Republicans in financial and tariff matters.

The cruiser Bennington, which left San Francisco Jan. 31, under orders to proceed to Benona Ventura, Columbia, to protect American interests, arrived at Acapulco, Mexico, yesterday, where she found instructions from Secretary Taft to remain on the Mexican coast, pending possible difficulties between Mexico and Guatemala. The Bennington is a 10,000-ton vessel, and is the only American ship in the Gulf of Mexico.

The Ranger left San Diego last Sunday to take the Bennington's place at Honouliuli, Hawaii, in case of an emergency growing out of the death sentence imposed on rebels who are American citizens.

The Ways and Means Committee today considered the Dingley bill which permits the Secretary of the Treasury to control the tariff on Sunday morning call upon him with the \$3, the paper containing her dreams, and a new set of hands, which had been used in the past. The bill would give the Secretary of the Treasury the power to control the tariff on Sunday morning call upon him with the \$3, the paper containing her dreams, and a new set of hands, which had been used in the past.

The President has approved the act amending the Inter-State Commerce law relative to the issue of joint interchangeable 5,000-mile tickets with special baggage privileges, better known as the "Rock law," which had been passed by the United States and the company, and which would suit either of them.

# W. CALVIN FINE, A PROMINENT NEGRO LAWYER AND POLITICIAN, WAS ARRAIGNED IN CRIMINAL COURT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—W. Calvin Fine, a prominent negro lawyer and politician, was arraigned in Criminal Court No. 24 today to answer to an indictment charging him with criminal conspiracy in pushing through the "Rock law," which would give the Secretary of the Treasury the power to control the tariff on Sunday morning call upon him with the \$3, the paper containing her dreams, and a new set of hands, which had been used in the past.

# SUNDAY BILLIARD PLAYING.

## Slovens and Daly Settled by a Decision Which They May Entice the Question.

George Slovens and Maurice Daly were considerably elated yesterday when they got news that M. P. Ryan, the man who invented the mechanical system of starting horse races that has been adopted by Australian horse-racing associations, was in a hot case over an incident which they believe covers completely the legality of keeping reputable billiard rooms open on Sunday as private club billiard rooms are kept open. Mr. Ryan's test was made on the playing of ball on Sunday at Recreation Park in Long Island City, several years ago. A cost of \$100,000 was paid for the building, and the billiard playing, and he went to Italy and Slovens yesterday to get the billiard law repealed. The Supreme Court, William Dunham, who was made in 1907, Fulton was so highly complimented by the confidence of Mrs. Cook's husband that he stopped the boat on route up the Hudson and purchased a basket of fruit. At the opening of the Erie Canal Mrs. Cook was the guest of Dr. W. H. Clinton, and she numbered among her personal friends Aaron Burr and Martin Van Buren. She was a descendant of the famous Dietrich Kniekerbocker and was a guest at the reception and ball given in honor of Lafayette in 1824. Mrs. Cook was one of the first to see the death of the stress and jewels which she wore on that occasion. Her husband was one of the first to see the death of the stress and jewels which she wore on that occasion.

# OBITUARY.

## Mrs. Margaret Cook, the last of the passengers on Robert Fulton's Clermont, the first steamboat, was buried on Friday in Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. Margaret Cook, the last of the passengers on Robert Fulton's Clermont, the first steamboat, was buried on Friday in Columbus, Ohio. Mrs. Cook was born in Albany, N. Y., in 1800, and was a babe in arms when she was taken aboard the Clermont for the boat's first trip, which was made in 1807. Fulton was so highly complimented by the confidence of Mrs. Cook's husband that he stopped the boat on route up the Hudson and purchased a basket of fruit. At the opening of the Erie Canal Mrs. Cook was the guest of Dr. W. H. Clinton, and she numbered among her personal friends Aaron Burr and Martin Van Buren. She was a descendant of the famous Dietrich Kniekerbocker and was a guest at the reception and ball given in honor of Lafayette in 1824. Mrs. Cook was one of the first to see the death of the stress and jewels which she wore on that occasion. Her husband was one of the first to see the death of the stress and jewels which she wore on that occasion.

# BOOK WAR ON ALCOHOL.

## The Evils of Intemperance Shown from Many Points of View.

The books published by the National Temperance Society are to a considerable extent devoted to attacks on alcohol. One book which has had a large circulation among prohibitionists is called "Alcohol in History." This work, to quote the prospectus, "embraces the historical, statistical, economical, and political phases of the reform; it contains many rare documents, and is indispensable to the student of the history of the temperance movement." The "Alcohol in Society" which tells in five chapters, averaging eighty pages each, of the evils of the use of alcohol in social phases; the second to alcohol in its relation to religion; the third, to alcohol and the law; the fourth, to the history of the temperance movement; and the fifth, to the history of the temperance movement. The "Alcohol in Society" which tells in five chapters, averaging eighty pages each, of the evils of the use of alcohol in social phases; the second to alcohol in its relation to religion; the third, to alcohol and the law; the fourth, to the history of the temperance movement; and the fifth, to the history of the temperance movement.

# Mrs. Kahn to Be Hanged.

## Belleville, Ill., Feb. 9.—The jury in the Kahn murder case to-day brought in a verdict that Anna Kahn was guilty of the murder of her husband, and she was sentenced to hang on Friday.

# J. J. Little & Co. Incorporated.

ALBANY, Feb. 9.—J. J. Little & Co. were incorporated today. The company is to be organized to carry on a general book printing, bookbinding, and electrotyping business in New York City, and to purchase the entire property of J. Little & Co. for this purpose. The capital is \$100,000, and the company is to be organized to carry on a general book printing, bookbinding, and electrotyping business in New York City, and to purchase the entire property of J. Little & Co. for this purpose.

# Fire in Hoboken's Post-Headquarters.

While Hoboken's Post was busily engaged today in the publication of the New York Herald, a fire broke out in the building at East Broadway, where the Post's headquarters are located. The fire was caused by a gas stove in the kitchen, and it spread rapidly, burning for several hours. The Post's headquarters are located in a building at East Broadway, where the Post's headquarters are located. The fire was caused by a gas stove in the kitchen, and it spread rapidly, burning for several hours. The Post's headquarters are located in a building at East Broadway, where the Post's headquarters are located.

# TO RECALL ERRANT LOVERS.

## DR. BASS HAD POWDER WHICH WOULD WORK MARVELS.

But He Added Too Many Conditions Regarding the Recording and Comparison of Fingerprints, in Which He and His Associates Suspected and Had Him Arrested.

An aged negro, heavily built, of small stature, yellow-complexioned, little reddish eyes, and a head covered with thick curly white hair, stood before Justice Deuel in the Yorkville court yesterday morning a prisoner, charged with telling falsehoods, being a bombing generally. He was J. B. Bass, and calls himself "Doctor." He runs a little drug store at 308 West Fifty-fifth street, which also answers as a laboratory, where Dr. Bass makes all his own "medicines" from herbs, plants, and roots, and has a sign hung out informing the public that he is an expert.

Despite the sickness which has visited New York this winter, Dr. Bass did not do a flourishing business in the medicine line, so he determined to add to his healing accomplishments a department of clairvoyance. To inform the general public of this new department Dr. Bass had circulars printed, in which he announced that he had a special medicine for the cure of all kinds of chronic, long property, remote estranged married couples, blind, long wandering lovers, kindle in the hearts of those grown cold a white hot love, and play cupid in general, all for a nominal fee.

One of these circulars, with the word love on it in eighteen different places, fell into the hands of Stella Harvey, young woman of 218 West Twenty-seventh street. Stella is a pretty girl, and to a short time ago she had a lover, but he grew cold and left her, not even giving her his address. Since then Stella has cried and pined much. She had written to him, but he had not answered her. She had written to him, but he had not answered her. She had written to him, but he had not answered her.

She asked the Doctor, after telling her case, if he could restore her lover to her. He assured her that he could, and that he would do so. She was a bad one and that he could not bring about the reunion for a week or so. For all this she would pay him \$100, and she gave him a check for the amount. She was to receive a prayer, the formula of which he gave her.

Since Paine's celery compound was first prescribed some years ago by Prof. Phelps and his followers, thousands of clear-thinking, busy practitioners, to restore strength and build up weakened nerves—during this long interval of years there have been countless men and women made permanently well and strong by taking it. During all these years every mail has, without exception, brought some message from one of the countless homes where sickness had been banished and anxiety for some days removed. It was the result of the employment of this most remarkable and tissue restorative the world has yet enjoyed.

# MRS. POPE PLANNED THE MURDER.

## Brusseau Makes Another Confession About the Killing of Dr. Pope.

DETROIT, Feb. 9.—William Brusseau, who has since last Saturday told two stories of the murder of Dr. H. Pope in his home here, has made a clean breast of the whole affair to the police. This last confession coincides with the facts the police have found. According to Brusseau's latest story, the murder was carefully planned, and Mrs. Pope was the moving spirit in a \$10,000 insurance money the object. For two weeks she planned the crime.

# ANIMAL PSYCHOLOGY.

## The Theories of Rev. Charles Josiah Adams Gaining Revival.

KINGSTON, Feb. 9.—Since the Rev. Charles Josiah Adams, pastor of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Holy Spirit in this city, wrote a book on animal psychology, bearing the name "Where is My Dog?" his followers in this branch of "science" have grown in numbers until they number in the hundreds. At first most people laughed a little at the idea that an animal could possess an immortal soul, and an animal who started speculation on that subject was thought to have queer ideas. His book, however, started people in a new train of thought, and now Mr. Adams has become the apostle of a new school, which gains disciples in this city and promises to extend even beyond the city confines.

# THE THEORY OF ANIMAL PSYCHOLOGY.

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# GET THEM BY THE USE OF PAINE'S

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The physicians of large practice who are now in the habit of daily employing this remedy say that no investigator has anything like the power of "Paine's Celery Compound" in the treatment of nervous debility. Mr. Levi Campbell of Danby, Vt., whose portrait is printed above, had the usual experience. Last year when the springing season had opened, he was not in good health. He was troubled with headache, and had lost his appetite. He procured a small bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and began taking it. He worked hard and successfully. He overdid himself, and he felt again. He again took Paine's Celery Compound and this time earnestly. Two bottles made him a well man and permanent cure. As in a thousand of other cases in and out of New England Paine's Celery Compound made him a new man.

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