side the creditors and policy holders of the company, and not to destroy its corporate existence, and to avoid a course to be demanded by public [illegible] the provisions of law, would, therefore, [illegible] the following suggestions:

"1. That the directors of the corporation be requested to distribute and return to the capital of the company all dividends paid to stockholders out of and kept those declared from the surplus profits of the company. This will to a considerable extent, repair the deficiency and impairment of capital referred to in the report. The stockholders should at once be notified by the directors of the requirement, for the purpose of relieving the directors as far as possible from their personal liability; but the directors themselves must necessarily be held responsible for the reduction of capital caused by such unauthorized dividends.

"2. I advise that complete schedules of the reinsurance effected be filed by the company in your office, and that the same be examined under your direction, for the purpose of determining whether said insurance is in proper form and has been made by solvent insurance companies.

"3. All policies of marine insurance should be cancelled as unauthorized by the law under which the company is incorporated. If it shall appear, after the directors of the corporation have complied with the foregoing directions, that the assets of the company are sufficient to justify its continuance and its capital stock is not impaired to an extent prohibited by law, I see no necessity for dissolving the corporation."

Superintendent Pierce has written a letter to the President and directors of the company, enclosing the communication from the Attorney-General. He says:

"Acting under the Attorney-general's advice I beg to request that you take immediate steps looking toward the restoration to the corporation of such dividends as were paid to the stockholders during the years 1894 and 1895, amounting to the sum of $600,000. It is evident that these dividends were not paid from surplus profits in possession of the company, but from its capital stock, in direct violation of law. It is not in evidence as a result of the examination that the dividends of 1893 were made from capital, although the impairment of nearly 10 per cent. referred to in the report as existing on Dec. 31 of that year would point strongly to this fact. I have therefore confined my request to the return of the dividends of 1894 and 1895. To these moneys so paid the stockholders are clearly not entitled. I further request that if the same has not already been done the policy issued to the Sea Insurance Company of Liverpool be forthwith cancelled.

"While I believe the interests of the policy holders and creditors of your company have been amply protected by the reinsurance of your outstanding policies and that the examination of your affairs which I propose to have made during the coming week, will show little if any impairment of capital, yet I am constrained to believe that you will see the necessity of having restored to the corporation at once the funds improperly, though innocently, diverted from it by its stockholders in the receipt by them of the dividends referred to, even though their repayments create a surplus to the extent of the sum so returned. The good name of the company is essential to its good will, and its directors, in their determination to preserve both, will, I am sure, be anxious to strengthen its capital by the creating of a surplus, should the contingency of these improperly paid dividends result in this. You will also bear in mind the fact that while our law permits and recognizes the reinsurance of a company's entire business as just effected by time American, and that by taking advantage of that fact you have been able to free the whole or greater portion of your capital from the impairment existing in it on April 30 last, yet this transaction is necessarily brought about without the knowledge or consent of those who hold the indemnity contracts of the American Fire Insurance Company, and look to it alone for the fulfilment of its contract obligations."

Among the directors of the American Fire Insurance Company are Le Grand B. Cannon, Henry G. Marquand, John T. Terry, Alexander E. Orr, Franklin Woodruff, James H. Frothingham, Theodore Morris Williams, and F. W. Downer. Mr. Frothingham, who had been in the company for thirty years and formerly took an active part in its affairs, said last night that the facts in Superintendent Pierce's report were new to him, but he and the other directors had known since the early part of the year that the affairs of the company were badly disordered. It came to the Board's knowledge then, he said, that the reinsurance reserve of unearned premiums had been inaccurately estimated for some time, and that when properly calculated it showed the company to have impaired its capital to a great extent instead of having a surplus, as the board had been led to believe was the case. The board had declared dividends in good faith on the reports made to it, but it turned out that the company had been misrepresented, no accident or otherwise, to the directors. Mr. Frothingham said. As soon as this became known an investigation was begun, the work being placed in the hands of a committee, of which Alexander E. Orr was chairman.

"The company is an old one and has done an immense business and what was considered an excellent business," Mr. Frothingham said, "but for the last two years it has been unfortunate in not having the services of the President, Mr. David Adee. Mr. Adee was stricken with paralysis about two years ago and a six months' vacation was granted him.

He did not improve, and the vacation was extended, but it was of no use. He has been all but incapacitated, and the supervision of the business has devolved upon subordinates. It has been mainly in the hands of the Vice-President and Secretary, William H. Crolius. The reports made to the directors at his instance have indicated that the company was doing well and had a surplus, and on this basis dividends have been declared. As soon as anything wrong was found the directors decided to reinsure our risks, and this was done.

"It became clear at the same time that we could no longer leave the company's affairs in the hands of the man under whose charge it had come into this condition, and Mr. Adee was dropped and Mr. F. W. Downer was made President provisionally. Mr. Crolius was dismissed. What he had to say for himself I do not know, as I have not seen him. I have no doubt that the capital will be made good immediately, the business curtailed, and no more attempts made to do business all over creation. It is the distant business, I think, that has caused the trouble. There are a large number of stockholders, and the amount required to be paid in is a nothing."

Mr. Orr, who will sail for Europe to-day, said last evening that the company had been waiting for the superintendent's report, and was ready immediately to reorganize if he permitted it, as it was expected he would. "The company has been for some time wholly in the hands of Mr. Adee and Mr. Crolius," Mr. Orr said, "but as Mr. Adee has been practically incapacitated since his paralytic stroke, I do not think he can be held responsible for what has occurred.

"We had too much confidence in Mr. Crolius, and he has done business recklessly. I do not think he or anybody else has taken any of the company's money, but the reports have been falsified, and we thought we were making money when we were not. The reports showed a surplus, and on them the directors declared dividends. It now appears that instead of the unearned premium fund's being as large as it should have been, the capital stock had been drawn upon to pay losses, and the accounts falsified so that the reports covered up the fact.

"Just how long this was going on I do not know; certainly for a year or more. It might have gone on longer had not Mr. Crolius confessed early this year to Mr. Downer, who was formerly Secretary of the company, although it could not have gone on much longer.

"As soon as Crolius told Mr. Downer, the Board of Directors ordered an investigation and notified the Superintendent of Insurance. We put an examiner on the books and so did the department, and the figures of the reports made by the two men are practically in accord. What Mr. Crolius said for himself I do not know, as I have not talked with him. I do not think any money was taken, but I do think he wanted to make a good showing and have the company succeed, and had not moral courage to state the facts when he found the losses were too heavy.

"If any money had been taken the directors might have something to say about anybody who took it, but as it is, if any criminal action is taken I should suppose it would be at the instance of the department because of the false reports that were sworn to.

"As soon as we learned what an impairment in the capital there had been we reinsured all our risks in the Phœnix. There was nearly $1,000,000 of premiums, and we got nearly $800,000 from that, or almost enough to make up the entire deficit."

William H. Crolius, the ex-Secretary, was seen last evening at his house, 247 West 103d street. He said that his retirement from office had nothing to do with the company's financial condition, but was prompted by entirely private motives.

He declared that the impairment of the capital did not amount to $334,000. The securities held by the company, he said, depreciated $100,000 in 1893.

WARING TO GET THE MONEY.

The Committee Not Ready Yet to Report to the Board of Estimate.

Again the Board of Estimate at its meeting yesterday morning put off dealing with Col. Waring's prospective deficit. At the last meeting Comptroller Fitch had the gout, and the matter went over until yesterday. President Jeroloman didn't show up at yesterday's meeting, so it was announced that another meeting would be held to-day in the hope of having a full Board.

But according to one of the members of the Board, the committee having the matter in charge have been having a deal more trouble than was expected, and the reason the report wasn't ready yesterday was that they wanted to go over the figures again and make some changes. Said this official yesterday:

"The Board will grant the money necessary, and thus it will open the door for even greater expenditures. Col. Waring has set a fast pace in his department, and the city will have to follow it up. Before he came into office Commissioner after Commissioner came and went, used up the appropriation, and was unable to keep the streets clean. Waring cleaned the streets without regard to his appropriation, and asked for more money. The people never had clean streets before, but they will always demand them hereafter, no matter what the expense."

GANG MOBS POLICEMEN.

TWO BLUECOATS HURT AND FOUR PRISONERS TAKEN IN.

Policemen Kelly and Barns Both Down When Three More Officers Came to the Rescue—Barns Laid Up in Hospital.

Two policemen of the East Fifty-first street station were hurt last night in a lively fight with a dozen or more members of the Lumber Yard Gang in East Fifty-fourth street. One of the policemen was hit on the head by a brick and was taken to the Flower Hospital disabled. The wound is a scalp wound.

Four of the gang were locked up, one of them with a broken head. William, or "Red" Torpey, 21 years old, and John Connors, or Hinchy, 24 years old, got into a fight in William Werbsky's saloon, 316 East Fifty-fourth street, about 10 o'clock. They were put into the street, where they went east toward First avenue, and again fell to fighting.

Policeman William Kelly ordered them to move on. They refused and he arrested them. They at first appeared to take the arrest quietly, but opposite 336, on the way back with him, they turned on their captor and knocked him into the gutter.

In falling Kelly dropped his billy, which one of the men promptly kicked into the middle of the street. Then both began to hit and kick the prostrate policeman. He blew his whistle and drew his revolver, which he fired four times in the air.

This brought Policeman John Barns, who was just around the corner in First avenue. It also brought a dozen of the gang to which Torpey and Connors belonged. When Barns got there half the gang were belaboring Kelly, who was still on his back, held down by one of the roughs.

Barns blew his whistle and pushed into the crowd. The gang drew off and began to throw stones and bricks.

Barns, who was helping Kelly to his feet, was struck on the head by a brick. The blow crushed his helmet and cut an ugly wound in the back of his head. Blinded with the blood, he staggered a few feet and tumbled on his face into the gutter.

In the mean time Policemen Powers, Doyle, and Masterson had answered the calls for assistance. The new arrivals made short work of the gang, who wavered for an instant and then took to their heels. The policemen succeeded in arresting Torpey and Connors, the former of whom was bleeding from a scalp wound, probably made by Barns's billy.

An ambulance was summoned which took Barns and Torpey to the Flower Hospital. Kelly accompanied the prisoner. It was at first feared that Barns had a fracture of the skull, but the doctors finally decided that the extent of his injuries was a severe scalp wound and a dozen or more bruises about the head and shoulders.

Torpey's wound was slight. After the doctors had patched it up Kelly took Torpey to the station house. Kelly had escaped with a dozen bruises.

Half an hour after Barns was taken to the hospital Policemen Powers and Doyle arrested William and John Sheehan, 18 and 20 years old, of 340 East Fifty-third street. They had been seen in company with Torpey and Connors early in the evening, and are suspected of having had a hand in the brick throwing.

A few minutes after they were locked up their father, who is a waiter in the Buckingham Hotel, went to the station house. He told the police that both his sons had left home, and that it had been his intention to apply for a warrant for their arrest at the Yorkville Police Court this morning.

The police say that Torpey and Connors are two of the worst members of the Lumber Yard gang, and have been arrested half a dozen times the past year.

It was said at the Flower Hospital early this morning that Barns was resting comfortably, and would probably be able to return to the station house to-day. He was appointed to the force on June 10, 1891, and lives at 426 East Fifty-eighth street.

The police are after a fifth member of the gang, who is said to have thrown some of the bricks.

COLLIS NO BIGOTED REFORMER.

Department Pull Used in the Same Old Way to Nail Voters with Labor Tickets.

Abraham Gruber, the Platt Republican leader in the old Twenty-third Assembly district, told a story at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last evening which is fit to wake the dead Committee of Seventy. According to Mr. Gruber, labor tickets, which entitle the holders to employment by the Metropolitan Telegraph and Telephone Company on subway and other work, have been distributed through the medium of the Public Works Department for the benefit of the Brookfield machine.

"The man who distributes them in my Assembly district," said he, "is Emile Twyefort, a tailor residing at 61 West Ninety-first street, and I am informed that he gets the tickets from Gen. Collis, the Deputy Commissioner of Public Works.

"Dr. E. J. Palmer, Quarantine Commissioner and Lauterbach leader in the old Twenty-fifth Assembly district, who heard Mr. Gruber's story, corroborated his statement that labor tickets, such as he described, are being distributed by Brookfield Republicans throughout the city.

"In my district," said he, a man named Sulzbacher is handling the tickets, and it is generally understood that they came from Gen. Collis."

Mayor Strong may tie up municipal places with civil service rules, but he is powerless when it comes to patronage which is obtained incidentally from subway, gas, and street railway companies.

The fact is that political leaders never found enough places for their constituents in the actual employment of the city, and influences were always brought to bear to place them in the employ of contractors and corporations that have to deal regularly with the city departments.

STODDARD AND HAMILTON.

One for Park Avenue Commissioner, One for Subway Commissioner.

The last of the politicians on the Commission for the Park Avenue Improvement appointed by a Tammany Hall Mayor was removed by Mayor Strong yesterday. He is James H. Haslin, a Tammany man, from the old Nineteenth district. Henry L. Stoddard, a political reporter on the *Mail and Express*, was appointed in his stead. The place is worth $10 a day.

It is understood that Thomas L. Hamilton will be appointed to succeed Subway Commissioner Cummings, and will be sworn in either to-day or to-morrow. He is the First Vice-President of the Republican County Committee, and is the close political and personal friend of Fred Gibbs, a Republican member of the Tammany Society. Mr. Stoddard is an anti-Platt Republican. Mr. Hamilton is on the other side of the factional fence. His salary will be $5,000 a year.

Want to Get Back on the Force.

In Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday Judge Patterson granted an order, returnable on Thursday, for a mandamus in behalf of Policeman Owen F. Rafferty to compel the Police Commissioners to reinstate him on the force. Rafferty claims that his Captain persuaded him to send in his resignation last February while he was temporarily deranged.

Judge Bischoff in the Special Term of the Court of Common Pleas yesterday issued a writ of certiorari, returnable in twenty days, in which a review of the case of Thomas Jefferson of the Twenty-eighth police precinct, who was dismissed by the Commissioners on June 12, is ordered.

Policeman Frank Borst of the Sixteenth precinct received a writ of certiorari, returnable in twenty days, from Judge McAdam to reopen the case in which the Police Commissioners on June 12 dismissed Borst on the charge of drinking in a saloon after hours.

Two More Women for School Inspectors.

Mrs. Anna Brown of High Bridge and Mrs. H. Dorothy Beach of 38 Charlton street were appointed school inspectors by Mayor Strong yesterday, the former in place of Francis L. Donlon, and the latter to succeed Gilbert J. Holder, removed. Mrs. Brown is the wife of C. Hilton Brown, and Mrs. Beach is the wife of Homer P. Beach of the Eagle Pencil Company.

Mitchell Yields Place to Sohmer.

It was announced yesterday that William Pitt Mitchell, the leader of the Tammany Hall braves in the old Seventh Assembly district, has consented to step aside on the reorganization of the party in the new Tenth district in favor of Deputy Tax Commissioner William Sohmer.

Ohio's Democratic Convention.

COLUMBUS, O., June 25.—The Democratic State Central Committee met here this afternoon and selected Springfield as the place and August 20 and 21 as the date for holding the Democratic State Convention. United States Senator Brice was chosen for temporary chairman, receiving 18 out of 21 votes.

Lynched a Negro in South Carolina.

HAMPTON, S. C., June 25.—A negro named Bill Stokes was lynched on Saturday night in Colleton county at a small place called Raysors. Stokes attempted to assault a white woman. After his body had been raised in the air it was riddled with bullets.

The Kodak Camera is the best. Price, loaded for 25 exposures, $5.75. Carry in pocket. Free booklets at dealers, or Alfred C. Kemper, Chicago.—Ads.

STATE REPUBLICAN CHAT.

State Committee May Be Enlarged to Fifty—Coggeshall Not Hurted Yet.

A good deal of summer Republican politics was discussed at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night. Mr. Platt after to-day will spend his nights at the Oriental Hotel. Uncle Charles Wesley Hackett is to start this morning for a two weeks' snooze on the St. Lawrence. Deacon Isaac V. Baker of Comstock's, who was so thoroughly thrashed by Burleigh in that rowdy convention at Argyle, flew the coop yesterday, declaring with his last breath in New York that he would go to the Republican State Convention with a contesting delegation against Burleigh's delegates.

Frank S. Witherbee, the Republican State Committeeman for Clinton, Franklin, Essex, Warren, and Washington counties, was on hand declaring that the fight between Burleigh and Baker in Washington county was not really a contest between the Platt and anti-Platt forces in that neighborhood, but that it was a personal row between Burleigh and Baker.

Deacon Hackett spent last Sunday with Warner Miller in Herkimer, and he says that Mr. Miller is with the machine Republicans every time. Deacon Hackett says that he is against Coggeshall's nomination in Oneida. No matter what the Deacon says, the return of Senator Coggeshall to the State Senate will depend largely on other people, and if these people say that Coggeshall is a good enough Republican he will be renominated by the Republican County Convention of Oneida. Friends of Mr. Hackett and of Mr. Miller said last night that there was every evidence that Coggeshall would be renominated.

Another little point about Deacon Hackett's visit is that the Republican State Committee has been a little short of funds, and he came down to talk about steps to fill the coffers.

After Mr. Hackett has that snooze on the St. Lawrence he will return to New York and issue the call for the meeting of the Republican State Committee, and he apprehended last night that he would call it to meet on Aug. 1 or thereabouts. From the present outlook the Convention will be held in Saratoga.

It was the opinion last night that the Republican State Committee would determine upon a committee of one from each Senate district, making fifty in all.

STICKS BY QUAY AND CAMERON.

J. Hay Brown Declines a Judgeship Which Gov. Hastings Offered.

LANCASTER, Pa., June 25.—J. Hay Brown of this city this afternoon sent to Gov. Hastings a declination of the offer of a place on the bench of the new Superior Court. The Governor several days ago intimated that the appointment was at the disposal of the Lancaster lawyer, and this intimation Hastings yesterday emphasized when he tendered Mr. Brown the post in a personal interview at Harrisburg. Mr. Brown sent word to the Governor this afternoon that he appreciated the honor, but that he could not think of accepting it.

This decision is a great surprise to the Lancaster politicians, and to all save Mr. Brown's closest friends, who, besides knowing what a long head he has, understand the intimate relations which for years have existed between him and Senator Cameron, whose political fortunes are closely interwoven with Quay's in the battle the latter is making to maintain his political supremacy. Brown has been the political and personal friend of the senior United States Senator, and his friends say that desertion to the enemy in the hour when the power of the allied Senators is so fiercely assailed would have been little short of treachery. They suspect that Hastings's offer had deep politics in it.

That Brown had made up his mind to accept the appointment up to time of yesterday's declaration of war between the Governor and Senator is evident from the fact that as recently as yesterday he gave his photograph to the correspondents of certain Philadelphia newspapers, who wanted to have cuts made in anticipation of the formal announcement of his elevation to the bench. Mr. Brown is the law partner of ex-Attorney-General W. U. Hensel, who is a red-hot Quay man.

CLEARFIELD, Pa., June 25.—The Republican Convention of Clearfield county to-day was emphatically on the side of Gov. Hastings. It instructed and pledged the three delegates to the State Convention to support the administration, and passed laudatory resolutions endorsing Gov. Hastings and congratulating Chairman Gikeson and endorsing Hayward for Treasurer.

JUVENILE GOO GOO AIDES.

Schoolboys Organized Into an East Side Protective League.

More than 200 boys from the public schools in the Eleventh and Thirteenth wards have been organized into a society to be known as the East Side Juvenile Improvement League. They are to wear badges and to meet at the Good Government Club house at 256 East Seventh street.

The league was formed under the auspices of the Good Government Club in that neighborhood. The object of the society is to keep such streets as Essex, Delancey, and Rivington in sanitary condition.

These youthful aides to Col. Waring are expected to look out for certain violations of the law. Each boy will be assigned to look after one block, and he is expected to report any nuisance he finds there. He must look out for fish or fruit sold in the basements of tenements, or from push carts, cellars, or yards of houses; he must keep his eyes open for bedding that has been thrown on the walks; for overflowing ash boxes or barrels, and to report upon violations of the ordinances against the throwing of bails or stones in the street.

When the juvenile improvers discover any of these infractions of the law they must report them to the policemen on duty, and if these officers fail to act, then they will report the cases to Alexander S. Drescher, the Good Government inspector for the district.

The boys enrolled for this work are said to be the brightest and best scholars in the schools, and were chosen from many volunteers.

BRIBERY AT GARBAGE DUMPS.

Col. Waring Dismisses Four Men, but Will Not Tell Their Names.

Commissioner Waring announced yesterday that he had dismissed four men from the Street Cleaning Department for taking bribes. Of these men one was a boardman, one a dump inspector, and two were assistant dump inspectors. More than that the Colonel would not say. He wouldn't give their names.

"It's enough to have dismissed them," he said. "I don't want to blast their lives by telling their names to the public."

The dismissal of these men is the result of a little investigation on the part of Col. Waring. There are about 200 carts and trucks in town owned by private persons which carry away garbage from houses by arrangement with the householders. These men use the public dumps for their garbage. They gather up often a lot of stuff that the Street Cleaning Department refuses to take. To get this on the scows it has been the custom to pay the inspectors not to see it.

A Newark Man Declines a $7,500 Job.

City Counsel Chandler W. Riker of Newark, who was recently appointed to a Circuit Court Judgeship worth $7,500 a year, has written to Gov. Werts declining the appointment. It is said that Mr. Riker's reason for refusing the office was that he feared he would not be confirmed by the next Legislature.

Know Hood's Cured

Because It Made Pure Blood

"I was all run down and could not sleep at night on account of the continuous and severe pains through my body. I had also stomach troubles and catarrh. After taking Hood's Sarsaparilla a short time I commenced to improve, and after using three bottles in all, my complaint entirely left me. I now have an appetite, sleep well, and am free from all stomach trouble. I know Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me, and I cheerfully recommend its use by all women who are run down and need a building up medicine."—Miss ALICE WRAY, West Bridgewater, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the only true blood purifier prominently in the public eye to-day.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy in effect. 25c.

WEDDED PRINCESS HELENE

THE DUKE OF AOSTA NOW ALLIED TO THE ORLEANS FAMILY.

The Event Occurs in St. Raphael's Church and Is a Most Brilliant Affair—Many Royalties Present—The Wedding Gifts.

LONDON, June 25.—Prince Emanuel, Duke of Aosta, was married in St. Raphael's Catholic Church, at Kingston-on-Thames, at 10:30 o'clock this morning to Princess Helene of Orleans, second daughter of the late Count of Paris. The church was profusely and beautifully decorated with tall palms, orchids, paintings, &c., and there was a profusion of white and pink roses around the altar. Princess Helene and her mother, the Comtesse de Paris, drove in a carriage from Orleans House, Twickenham, where the bride was born, to the church. The route from the residence to the church was decorated with flags, and the general festive appearance of things was heightened greatly by the bright sunshine. The Princess was robed in a white satin bridal dress, very simple in design and admirably suiting her tall, slender figure, with a veil of Chantilly lace, especially woven at Bayeux for the occasion. Her headdress was a coronet of orange blossoms and she carried a bouquet of the same.

The Duke of Aosta was accompanied to the church by his brother, the Count of Turin. The bride was given away by her uncle, the Duc de Chartres, her brother, the Duc d'Orleans, head of the Bourbon branch of the House of Orleans, being incapacitated from performing that ceremony, owing to his recent accident while shooting in Spain.

It was in St. Raphael's Church that the Count of Paris and Princess Isabella of Orleans, the father and mother of the bride, were married in 1864.

The assemblage in the church was a most brilliant one. Among the guests were the Prince and Princess of Wales and their daughters, the Princesses Maude and Victoria; the Duke and Duchess of York, Prince and Princess Henry of Battenberg, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, the Prince of Naples, Crown Prince of Italy, in the uniform of an Italian General; Prince Antonio of Spain, in the uniform of a Colonel of Hussars; the Duke of Oporto, representing the King of Portugal, in military attire; the Duchess of Montpensier, Prince and Princess de Joinville, the Duc d'Aumale, the Duc de Nemours, the Duc de Luynes, the Duchess of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, and the Infanta Eulalia of Spain. The magnificent costumes and bright uniforms made a most gorgeous picture.

The marriage ceremony was performed by the Bishop of Southwark, the Right Rev. John Butt.

A large crowd of sightseers assembled in front and in the neighborhood of the church, most of them being French and Italians. They were very enthusiastic and cheered and waved their hats and handkerchiefs as various French or Italian guests entered. The Duc d'Orleans, being unable to walk, was lifted from his carriage and carried into the church.

After the church ceremonies the Duc d'Orleans gave a dejeuner and reception at Orleans House, where the bride's presents were displayed. There were over 200 of them, and they were all costly and magnificent. The Queen presented the bride with a bracelet of diamonds, and the gift of the Prince and Princess of Wales and their family was a large Mercury wand of diamonds and pearls. The Princesses of Lorne (Princess Louise) gave a beautiful white ostrich feather fan, mounted with tortoise shell. The gift of King Humbert and Queen Margherita was a high crown with stars and sprays of diamonds of great size and value.

CANADA BEATEN BY CORNELL.

In a Practice Race the Ithacans Cover the Henley Course in 7:04.

LONDON, June 25.—The oarsmen who are to compete in the coming Henley regatta are now arriving at Henley daily with their coaches and friends, and the available quarters in the vicinity are filling up rapidly. The weather was clear and the wind was blowing moderately from the north when the Cornell crew, at the usual hour, got their boat afloat this morning. They worked very steadily, going to Fawley Court and back at a forty-five stroke. Afterward they went to the end of the course and came back to Fawley, where they turned, doing the entire distance without stopping and rowing at the rate of forty strokes to the minute. At this stroke they did not put clear water between their boat and the clinker-built boat with sliding seats and fixed rowlocks in which the spare men rowed, though the crew did row at a much slower stroke. Hastings and Cox rowed a longer stroke than the others, a great deal after the English style.

E. A. Thompson of the Argonaut Rowing Club of Toronto sculled over the course at a steady gait, and then the Argonaut four went to Hambledon and returned without stopping. They rowed at a thirty-eight stroke, but did not travel very fast.

The Cornell crew rowed over the full Henley course this afternoon. The Canadian crew raced over the course with the Cornell crew. The Canadians were beaten by two lengths, although they had a lead of several lengths at the start. The Cornell crew rowed a forty-four stroke all the way. They reached Fawley Court in 6 minutes 48 seconds, and finished in 7 minutes 4 seconds. The conditions were favorable. There was a light current and a light wind was blowing behind the racers. The Canadians had a start of 30 seconds, and their time over the course was 7 minutes 42 seconds.

The Trinity Hall eight rowed over the course at a thirty-six stroke, and took them 3 minutes and 30 seconds to reach Fawley Court, and they covered the course in 7 minutes and 14 seconds.

MR. LENZ'S MURDERERS.

Minister Terrell Is Trying to Bring the Guilty Kurds to Justice.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 25.—United States Minister Terrell, having received trustworthy information that the bicyclist Lenz, who was making a tour of the world on a wheel in the interest of an American periodical, was murdered near Bahar by six Kurds, whose names are known, made vigorous representations to the Porte demanding the immediate arrest and punishment of the criminals. The Porte has promised to comply with the American Minister's request.

In the mean time, the United States Government having no Consul at Erzeroum, Sir Philip Currie, British Ambassador to Turkey, has given permission to Mr. Graves, the British Consul at that place, to take the matter up, in accordance with the wishes of Mr. Terrell.

New South Wales's Parliament.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., June 25.—At the request of the Ministry, the acting Governor, Sir Frederick Darley, has given his assent to the dissolution of Parliament. This action is due to the Legislative Council having rejected the Land and Income Taxes and Assessment bill, which provided the means of putting into effect the new land and income taxes.

Premier Reid announced in the Assembly today that that body would be dissolved when the three months' supply bill was passed. He also gave notice that the Government would introduce a bill to amend the Constitution so far as it relates to the Legislative Council, and that the taxation measures would not be proceeded with pending the result of the elections.

Suicide of a Husband and Wife.

PARIS, June 25.—A sensation has been created here by the suicide of M. Fabrice Carre, a noted barrister and dramatic author, and his wife by shooting themselves with a revolver. M. Carre was well known in political and literary circles. Mme. Carre was recently divorced from her former husband, M. Fazlis.

The Revolt in Macedonia.

LONDON, June 25.—The Vienna correspondent of the Central News has advices from Sofia that all the political parties in the Bulgarian capital have resolved to support the insurgents in Macedonia. Turkish troops are hurrying to the different points in Macedonia at which outbreaks have occurred.

An Italian War Ship Aground.

KIEL, June 25.—The immense Italian war ship Sardegna, on her way to the North Sea, went aground in the Great Belt this morning. Several German and Danish war ships have gone to her assistance.

Notes of Foreign Happenings.

The Spanish Chamber of Deputies has rejected by a vote of 69 to 53 a proposal to abolish the export duty on grain.

The *Cologne Gazette* urges the powers that are party to the triple protest against the Turkish administration in Armenia to insist that the reforms demanded for Armenia be also applied to Macedonia.

M. Hanotaux, French Minister of Foreign Affairs, informed the Cabinet yesterday that the French Minister at Pekin had signed the convention fixing the delimitation of the southern frontier of China on the Tonkin border, and also regulating the commercial relations of the French colonies with China, including the railway and telegraphic communications with Tonkin.

Admitting Bicycles to Canada.

OTTAWA, June 25.—The Customs Department has decided that tourists' bicycles may be admitted free of duty on affidavit that the machines are the riders' personal property, that they are not brought into Canada for the purpose of sale, and that they are necessary for the journey contemplated.

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STRONG ADVISES SCHOOLBOYS.

Be Earnest and Truthful, He Says, Especially in Politics.

The graduating exercises of the class of '95 of Grammar School No. 67 were held yesterday morning. Mayor Strong presented the prizes and diplomas. The programme included singing, recitations, and a drill of an American guard of twenty-five cadets, under Capt. Charles Plummer.

Mayor Strong then presented the following prizes: The gold medal for worth and honor to Thomas Hogan, who led the school in scholarship and deportment, and the second prize for scholarship to Marks Kahn.

The Mayor then addressed the graduating class.

"Boys," he said, "I am exceedingly pleased to be with you. This is the first opportunity I have had to attend a commencement since the day of my own graduation in my thirteenth year. Your enjoyable exercises bring back that memorable day to my memory. My schoolhouse was not to be compared to this fine building; in fact, my school was a little log house not more than twenty-five feet square. But, nevertheless, the words of advice spoken to me in that little log schoolhouse have been my watchwords throughout my life.

"Be earnest and truthful in all you do and you will be successful in all you undertake, and I will repeat this sentence in order that you may profit by it in the life which has just opened for you.

"If you are earnest in your business or profession you need never fear for your success in this world, for virtue has its own reward.

"No matter what calling you take up, you will find these qualities will stand you in good stead, especially in a political career. I speak of this particularly, as one never knows who the next President of the United States will be."

Brief speeches were also made by Principal Finch and Prof. Kolb.

Graduating exercises of Grammar School 51 were held yesterday at the schoolhouse, Forty-fourth street and Tenth avenue. Trustees Herts, Regan, and Crawford were present, as was also Col. Brewerton. Addresses were made by the trustees and by Col. Brewerton. Afterward the diplomas and prizes were awarded.

HONORED PROF. LANGDELL.

Harvard Law School Alumni Celebrate His Long Career as a Dean.

BOSTON, June 25.—The special feature of the annual meeting of the Harvard College Law School Association to-day was the celebration of the twenty-fifth year of service as dean of the school of Prof. Christopher Columbus Langdell. At the close of the business meeting the members of the association formed in procession and marched to Sanders Theatre, where Sir Frederick Pollock, Bart., LL. D., of London, corpus professor of jurisprudence in the University of Oxford, delivered an oration in honor of Prof. Langdell.

Following the oration, the procession was reformed and marched to Hemenway gymnasium, where the annual dinner was served at 1:30 o'clock. James C. Carter, LL. D., of New York, the President of the association, in the chair. The guests of honor were Prof. Langdell and Sir Frederick Pollock. Remarks were made by them and by President Eliot of Harvard College, Chief Justice Fuller, class of '55, and Justice Brown, '59, of the United States Supreme Court; Secretary of State Olney, LL. B., '58; Justice Holmes, LL. B., '66, of the Massachusetts Supreme Bench; Joseph H. Choate, '61, of New York; Frank W. Hackett, '61, of Washington, and Gustavus H. Wald.

Compulsory Chapel at Williams.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., June 25.—At the annual meeting of the Williams College trustees to-day a petition signed by the students asking to be relieved of compulsory attendance on religious exercises came up for action. After prolonged discussion by the trustees, participated in by members of the faculty, it was decided to reject the petition. The whole matter of attendance on religious exercises of the college was then referred to a committee composed of the Rev. Dr. Adams of Fall River, Horace E. Scudder of Cambridge, Mass., and the Rev. Dr. Hall of Brooklyn. The committee will report at the October meeting.

Grammar School 89 Makes a Record.

The College Class of Grammar School 89 has carried off the laurels in the recent examinations for admission to the City College. Of its fifty-nine candidates, fifty passed the examinations.

Their teacher, Mr. J. J. O'Reilley, has been very successful with his classes in former years, and now holds the highest record.

This was one of the largest classes in the city, and all the boys glory in its distinction.

Col. Fellows, LL. D.

The degree of LL. D. which was conferred upon District Attorney John R. Fellows by the University of Notre Dame at its Golden Jubilee, on June 13, was formally presented to him at a dinner which he gave at the Astor House last night upon the eve of his sailing for Europe. The presentation was made by the Rev. Father Stafford, pastor of the church of St. Catharine of Genoa, to whom the task had been delegated by the college. At the same time Vicar-General Mooney, who had been similarly honored, and who sat on Col. Fellows's right, received the parchment of his degree.

Speeches were made by Col. Fellows, Edward Lauterbach, and Father Mooney. Three cheers were given for Elbridge T. Gerry when his name was spoken by Mr. Lauterbach in connection with the work he did for the sectarian charitable institutions of the city when the question of withholding public money from them was being considered by the Constitutional Convention.

Charges Against John A. Sleicher Dismissed.

ALBANY, June 25.—The State Civil Service Commission has dismissed the charges against John A. Sleicher, supervisor of the New York *City Record*. The charges, which were made by P. H. McVey, were that Mr. Sleicher aided the assistant supervisor of the *City Record* in passing a competitive civil service examination. The Commission, at the time the charges were made, asked that sworn affidavits upholding the allegations be filed with the Commission before the investigation. These affidavits have not been filed, and ample time having elapsed, the Commission dismissed the charges.

Killed a Regular Soldier.

AUGUSTA, Ga., June 25.—Edward Newman, a resident of Summerville, shot and killed Albert Deurer, a private in the United States army stationed at the United States arsenal there, at 2 o'clock this morning. Deurer had been paying attention to Newman's daughter. Her relatives sent her away, and he threatened to burn the house. The girl's father and brother sat up, fearing he would attempt to carry out his threat. At 2 o'clock this morning Deurer came up the steps, it is said, with a can of kerosene and a box of matches. The father fired at him, and as he turned a second shot was fired, killing him instantly.

FORGERY OF BASS & COMPANY'S PALE ALE LABELS.

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GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES OF BASS, RATCLIFF & GRETTON, LTD.

FARMER M'DOWELL'S MISTAKE.

How He Missed Getting $10 for Capturing Eight Runaway Reform School Boys.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., June 25.—Ever since the escape of thirteen boys, few of whom have been captured, from the State Reform School at Jamesburg the farmers in the neighborhood of the school have been on the lookout for stray boys in the uniform of the school. There is a standing reward of $3 for every runaway returned, and not a few thrifty farmers have run the risk of being pummelled severely by some of the fugitives, most of whom are large and agile and well able to hold his own against an ordinary farmer.

Farmer William McDowell was sitting on his back porch enjoying the soft breezes from his barnyard last evening, when he saw coming toward him three lads, clad, he thought, in the uniform of the Reform School. They were on a run. It didn't take long for Mr. McDowell to make up his mind what to do. He got a club and resolved to capture the young scamps. They were running quite fast and did not see Mr. McDowell. He rushed from his hiding place and seized one of the lads by the back of the neck and another by the slack of the trousers.

Mr. McDowell is tall and muscular. He threw the boys to the ground as if they were two kittens. They protested that they were not runaways. He said he knew better, and was about to take them back to the school when he saw three more coming across the field, and then three more. He decided to capture the whole eight. Then the fun began. The boys were soon pummelling him mercilessly. He gave up his contract, and the boys explained that they were members of the Jamesburg Baseball Club, which the letters on their uniforms showed.

Mr. McDowell had not noticed this. The boys told him that Fidelity Lodge, 141, Odd Fellows, of Jamesburg, intended to have a picn