

GREECE WILL NOT YIELD.

DELAVANIS SAYS HER DECISION IS IRREVOCABLE. Thousands of Armed Moslems Parade the Streets of Crete Demanding the Blood of the Christians. The Turkish Acting Governor of Crete Leads an Attack on the Christians—One Power Said to Have Withdrawn from the Joint Agreement.

LONDON, Feb. 26.—The Athens correspondent of the Times telegraphs that Prime Minister Delavanis has informed him that Greece's decision to maintain her army in Crete is irrevocable, but that the troops will abstain from the offensive.

They will only protect the Christians. Greece will not declare war against Turkey unless the Turks invade Thessaly or the powers render the position of the Greek troops in Crete unbearable. The correspondent adds that the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Athens has telegraphed to the Pope asking his Holiness to mediate between Greece and the powers.

ATHENS, Feb. 26.—The popular indignation against the powers shows no sign of waning, and if the people had their way they would fight against the combined forces of Europe in defence of their right to protect the Christians in Crete. It is not alone among the people that this feeling prevails. Parliamentary and official opinion strongly favors resistance to the demands of the powers.

The joint note addressed to the Greek Government has not yet been delivered, and the delay is unexplained. Only the Russian, Austrian, and German Ministers have been instructed by their governments concerning the note.

It is reported that one of the powers has withdrawn from the concert. If this is true it will leave matters in statu quo, and will break up the concert, the efforts of which have been directed to overawing Greece by threats.

CANEA, Feb. 26.—Most of the foreign warships were lying in the harbor here have left and gone to Suda Bay, where there is a better anchorage than here. It is likely, however, that their presence here will again be required, as the situation has become more critical than ever before, and it would not be surprising if conflict should occur.

It is reported that the interposition of the powers had a bad effect, in that it has led the Moslems to believe that Europe is back of them in their combat with the Christians. As a result there are this afternoon 8,000 Moslem fighting men, besides the Turkish soldiers, all heavily armed, parading the streets of the city and surrounding the harbor. The Christians, who have dared to question the right of the Turks to rule them.

The combined forces that have been landed by the several powers number only 800 men, and it is believed that without the aid of the warships they would prove of no avail in preserving order in the city.

The popular passion has been added to by Ismail Pasha, the acting Governor, who circulated false stories to the effect that the Greek troops are mutilating Moslem children. The Governor knows these stories to be untrue, and apparently his only object is to create among the Moslems deeper hatred of the Christians and to further excite the desire for revenge. He is carrying matters with a high hand, and it is likely that the powers will have to intervene to check his ardent in behalf of the Turks.

MRS. FRANK WIELDS AN AXE.

She Makes Chips of a Scaffold and Keeps a Dozen Men at Bay. Henry Frank, an ex-fighter German, keeps a shanty at 19 Westside avenue, Jersey City. His wife, Mrs. Frank, is a woman of size and with domestic duties. The corner lot adjoining their premises has been vacant until recently when William Hulford, the owner, decided to erect a \$9,000 building on it. The contract was awarded to John Trumbull, and a few days in the last two or three days has been erected in the lot, in which tools and other things were kept. The shanty had been there so long that the Franks felt that they owned the ground on which it stood.

When Mr. Hulford told them that he was about to build a new structure, they were told that the shanty they refused. They declared that the property was theirs and if Mr. Hulford wanted it he would have to pay for it. Frank said that \$300 was a fair price, and he would not take any less. Mr. Hulford was amused at this, saying it a good joke that he should be asked to pay for the shanty. He then ordered the shanty to be removed. They refused. They declared that the property was theirs and if Mr. Hulford wanted it he would have to pay for it. Frank said that \$300 was a fair price, and he would not take any less. Mr. Hulford was amused at this, saying it a good joke that he should be asked to pay for the shanty.

When the plans were ready Contractor Trumbull began to excavate for the foundation. The shanty was one of the first things erected away, and the Franks threatened to sue Hulford. Trumbull, however, had no legal proceedings set on foot. He had the carpenters and the masons, and the shanty was removed. The Franks stood guard in the alleyway and would not permit any of the carpenters to even walk on the ground. They were told that the shanty was to be removed, and they were told that the carpenters were to be arrested. Police Justice Douglas required the Franks to furnish a \$100 bond to keep the peace. He was unable to furnish it, and he was locked up again. Mrs. Frank carried her husband to the hospital, where he died during the night.

Contractor Trumbull and his men had hastily erected a scaffold, and seven carpenters were nailing the scaffold. The Franks saw this and they were told that the scaffold was to be removed. They refused. They declared that the property was theirs and if Mr. Hulford wanted it he would have to pay for it. Frank said that \$300 was a fair price, and he would not take any less. Mr. Hulford was amused at this, saying it a good joke that he should be asked to pay for the shanty.

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COL. J. J. MCCOOK DECLINES.

DOES NOT WISH TO BE MCKINLEY'S SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR. This Leaves the Post Office Situation Still in a Tangle.—Mr. Platt Seeks to See Mr. McKinley.—Also to See Senator Hill, for Whom He Has a Remuneration of \$50,000 and Quarantine.

Col. John J. McCook used the long distance telephone to Canton yesterday and informed President-elect McKinley that he could not accept the place of Secretary of the Interior in the Cabinet.

The withdrawal of Col. McCook, in the estimation of Republican authorities, leaves the New York situation in somewhat of a tangle. Perhaps things will be straightened out when Senator-elect Platt calls upon President-elect McKinley in Washington. Mr. McKinley is expected to arrive at the Arlington Hotel in Washington on Tuesday morning. Mr. Platt will determine today whether to start for Washington this afternoon or to-morrow morning.

Mr. McCook has been in communication with Mr. Platt since the latter's arrival from Florida. Mr. McKinley has not been a well man by any means, and Mr. Platt has been under the weather also, or he might have made a trip to Canton to talk over the New York situation.

Every reasonable and amicable effort is to be made to amicably settle the New York situation. The public says that they believe that the State is entitled to recognition, and that up to this hour the only recognition accorded to it is the prospective appointment of Gen. Horace Porter, an anti-organization Republican, to be Ambassador to France.

Mr. McKinley will be the twenty-fifth President of the United States, and they point to the twenty-one Administrations have given to New York State a representation in the Cabinet as follows: Washington, Madison, Monroe, John Quincy Adams, Jackson, Van Buren, Harrison, Tyler, Polk, Fillmore, Pierce, Buchanan, Lincoln, Grant, Hayes, Garfield, Arthur, Cleveland, Harrison, and Cleveland himself.

New York State gave to Mr. McKinley an election day 298,489 plurality. The total vote in the State was 500,000. Mr. Bryan was 603,514, so that New York State contributed nearly one-half of the popular plurality.

The Republican organization of the State has presented to Mr. McKinley Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, a Republican, as a candidate for the place of Secretary of the Interior. Mr. Woodford has not withdrawn Gen. Woodford's name. The recognition of Col. John J. McCook was a case, and it was said that it was not thought that Mr. McKinley would select Col. McCook, it appears, went on a prospecting tour of the State, and he did not think that Mr. McKinley would select Col. McCook.

Mr. Platt received word at the Fifth Avenue Hotel that Gov. Black had been elected to the office of Secretary of the Interior. Mr. Platt was very glad to hear this, and he was told that Mr. Black had been elected to the office of Secretary of the Interior. Mr. Platt was very glad to hear this, and he was told that Mr. Black had been elected to the office of Secretary of the Interior.

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SHOT DOWN BY HER FRIEND.

Mrs. Brennan Was Shipped Merrily About Her Own. Mrs. Delaney Placed the Pistol. Mrs. Annie Maria Brennan lives at 57 Howard street, Long Island City, just across the river from Mrs. Brennan. Mrs. Brennan was sitting on the street and the latter asked her if she would help her with her washing. The women are intimate friends and Mrs. Brennan readily agreed to do so. She returned home first to put her own clothes in the wash, and then to help her friend. She went to the house of her friend, and she worked together until 1 o'clock, when Mrs. Delaney stopped to prepare the luncheon. Her friend went on with the work.

"Say," said Mrs. Delaney, "do you know of any locksmith around the neighborhood. I've an old trunk here of my husband's that I can't open, and I want to open it, for there's a lot of clothes in it that I want to sort."

Mrs. Frit Meyer, another tenant who had just stepped into the room, heard the question and said: "Why, a travelling locksmith just passed."

Mrs. Brennan, who had no other thought, called the man. While the two women were at luncheon the man, who had a key and unlocked the trunk. Then he took his key and departed. Mrs. Brennan was very glad to see the key, and she called for a man to bring it to her. She was very glad to see the key, and she called for a man to bring it to her.

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A BRYAN MAN FOR MAYOR!

TAMMANY-MLAUGHLIN PLAN FOR THE GREATER NEW YORK. To Reaffirm in Their Constanting Conventions the Popercatic Platform of Free Silver and Free Not—Bryan Much Pleased—There Will Be No Tammany-Brooklyn Merger.

The visit of Bryan brought out that from the hour of his nomination in Chicago he has been considered the national leader of the Popercatic, once the Democratic party, and that there is a disposition to regard him as such from now on until the campaign of 1900. It is certain that Mr. Bryan's friends control the National Committee, and that they cannot be unseated until the next National Convention of the Popercatic party names their successors.

Mr. Bryan, it was ascertained yesterday, has become greatly interested in the prospective battle this fall for a Mayor of Greater New York. He believes that if this battle is fought on the lines of the Chicago platform, the Popercatic party will be victorious, and the Republicans can be defeated in the Greater New York. Mr. Bryan's visit brought out also the interesting information that the Brooklyn Democrats under Hugh McLaughlin are exceedingly jealous of Tammany Hall.

It is said for the Brooklyn Democrats that they will not be swallowed up by Tammany Hall in the matter of a candidate for Mayor of Greater New York, but that Tammany will be forced to appoint a conference committee, so that a candidate agreeable to all shall be selected. Tammany, the Brooklyn Democrats say, is feeling a little sore because of the fact that the Brooklyn Democrats are so strong in the matter of a candidate for Mayor of Greater New York, but that Tammany will be forced to appoint a conference committee, so that a candidate agreeable to all shall be selected.

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SPAIN'S GREAT FRIEND.

CLEVELAND'S FURTHER EFFORTS NOT TO WOUND SPANISH SENTIMENTS. HAVANA, Feb. 26.—It is understood here that the Secretary of State Olney, as further evidence of his office, must not be as persistent as he has been heretofore in pressing for a recognition of the rights of American citizens.

It is rumored that the reason why Gen. Lee still holds his post is that he has been induced to do so by private intimations from a high Republican official, that he will be supported by the incoming Republican Administration in upholding American rights and honor.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S THREAT. He is Determined to Crush Those Who Foster Revolutionary Ideas. BERLIN, Feb. 26.—The Brandenburg Provincial Diet gave a banquet to-night, at which Emperor William was present. His Majesty made a speech, in which he dwelt upon the centenary of William I., declaring that Germany's present position was due to him alone.

The most sensational of the Emperor's words, the ever-growing Unstater parties, which, he said, did not halt before the highest circles, nor even the highest ladies. He declared that he was determined to use every means to crush those who were engaged in exciting revolutionary ideas, and he added that he reckoned upon the assistance of the Brandenburgers in this struggle.

BOULE IN IDAHO. Affidavits to Show That Senator Heifetz Was Elected by Corrupt Means. BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 26.—Affidavits will be secured, and more, it is said, will be secured, to show that the election of Senator Heifetz was brought about by corrupt means.

POLICE HURT BY A RUNAWAY. Two Policemen Knocked Down in Lexington Avenue Last Night. Two policemen of the East Sixty-seventh street station were injured last evening by a runaway horse and driver. The animal started on Lexington avenue at the fourth street, and was not stopped until it reached Fifty-fifth street.

The outfit is owned by C. Berthold, a beer bottler of 104 West Third-street, and was driven by Marcello Gardianni. The horse became frightened by a cable car, and dashed down Lexington avenue. The driver was thrown out before the runaway had gone a block.

Sixty-fourth street Policeman John D. Bonser ran into the street and made a grab at the horse's bridle. He missed it, and then attempted to catch the runaway from the rear, but in doing so fell and broke his left arm.

The horse jerked his head away and thrubbed the reins. The driver was thrown out, and the horse was caught at Fifty-fifth street. The horse was caught at Fifty-fifth street.

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AMERICAN RIGHTS IN CUBA.

CLEVELAND'S UN-AMERICAN POLICY DENOUNCED IN THE SENATE. Another Day of Heated Debate—Senator Morgan Tells the Pro-Spanish Senator That They Have Forgotten the First Instincts of Patriotism, Contrasts the Respect Shows the Roman Citizenship of St. Paul to That Shown the American Citizenship of Sanquillo, and Refers to the President as a Sluggard, Sleeping While Americans Suffer.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—In spite of the determined opposition of the Committee on Appropriations, assisted by all the Administration Senators, the Cuban question was kept to the front in the Senate again today. There was, in consequence, another outburst of patriotism and a further expression of sympathy for Cuba, denunciation of Spain, and criticism of the State Department, more vigorous and dramatic than anything that of yesterday. Again the particular point of the discussion was the cotentuous defiance shown to this country by the Government of Spain in its treatment of Jelis Sanguly, the American citizen confined for nearly two years in a Cuban dungeon, and had no direct information come to the Senate regarding the breathing free air of liberty, the denunciation of the crime against his citizenship would have continued to-night.

The band of pro-Spanish Senators used every endeavor when the Senate met to-day to carry out the desires of the Cleveland Administration and bring the discussion of the Sanquillo case to an abrupt conclusion on the mere statement of the press reports that the Spanish Government had promised to grant a pardon to this outraged American citizen. The friends of Cuba and of Sanguly, however, were not willing to accept this unofficial announcement as a sufficient reason for the most radical friend of Cuba on the Foreign Relations Committee, declared that whether Sanguly was to be released or not, he for one was not willing to drop the subject until he had laid before the American people indisputable proof of the American citizenship and the full and complete story of the crime committed upon him, and through him upon the whole American nation by the Government of Spain. For more than an hour, therefore, the venerable Senator from Alabama read from the committee's report in Sanguly's case, making the whole wide running comments upon it, with all the caustic vehemence of speech so characteristic of him when roused into indignation, as he always is roused when speaking of the cruelty and contempt showered upon American citizens by Spain.

As day the Cuban debate lasted, accompanied by bitter warfare between Senator Morgan, on opposite sides of the question, and the battle only ceased toward evening, when Senator Gray of Delaware, in closing a eulogy of the Cleveland Administration or its course in the Sanguly case, held aloft a despatch which had just arrived from Consul-General Lee in Havana, in which the prison doors had been opened and that Julio Sanguly again breathed the air of freedom. After the storm came the calm, and the Indian Appropriation bill, which really had been the subject before the Senate all day, was taken up for consideration.

Senators Hale and Hoar, on the Republican side of the chamber, were again prominent to-day as defenders of the policy of the State Department, and they became so pestiferous that Senator Morgan found it necessary to rebuke them in a way that no one but Morgan would have dared to do. He repeatedly called them to order, and he said much against their wills to take their seats while he was speaking. Senator Frye, one of the most ardent friends of Cuba in the Senate, doubted the wisdom of further debating the Sanguly resolution, in view of the fact that he had received a despatch from the Cuban Government, which he said he had just received, and he said that he had just received a despatch from the Cuban Government, which he said he had just received.

But notwithstanding the efforts of White and Gray and their allies on the Republican side of the chamber, Senators would not cease their criticisms of the un-American policy of the State Department, and in answer to the repeated demands of the Administration, they said that their eloquence was wasted because Sanguly had been pardoned, they made the Sanguly resolution the subject of a debate in the Senate yesterday on the resolution demanding Sanguly's immediate release.

While Tony Borrocco, an Italian laborer, was welding a pipe yesterday at the bottom of a trench, he was struck on the head by a piece of pipe. He was found dead in bed this morning. While apparently in robust health, she had become convinced that she was about to die, and yesterday she started out with the intention of purchasing a new dress. She was found dead in bed this morning.

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