MR. ROOT PUZZLES CUBANS.

THEY CANNOT GET HIM TO DISCUSS THE ADMINISTRATION'S PLANS.

Applauds the Sentiment "Cuba for the Cubans," Though—Receptions Given in His Honor—Bishop Sbarretti Tells a Committee He Is in Havana to Stay.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

HAVANA, March 12.—Secretary of War Root and the members of his party went to Matanzas on a special train this morning and visited Gen. Wilson. An inspection was made of the Government buildings and barracks. The party returned to Havana to-night and will probably go to Cienfuegos on Wednesday.

Gen. Ludlow's reception in honor of Mr. Root last night was attended by fewer persons than were expected for two entirely distinct reasons. Gen. Ludlow's unpopularity among the Cubans resulting from his injudicious public remarks concerning their character kept almost all Cubans away, even Governor General Wood's secretaries not appearing. A great many members of the American colony refused to attend it on the other hand because the reception was held on Sunday and there was dancing, against which they had religious scruples. In the afternoon Mr. Root met all of Havana's aristocracy at the residence of Señora Rosalia Abreu in La Vedado. Mr. Root had an opportunity at this function to learn for himself how wealthy Cubans feel on the question of independence. A little girl sang a song in Spanish, closing with the line "Cuba for the Cubans." Wild applause greeted this sentiment. When Mr. Root inquired what had been said to provoke the outburst, his hostess informed him, whereupon he too, applauded.

There is some complaint by the outs that they cannot get Mr. Root's ear. They say that Gen. Wood keeps him surrounded by members of the intervening Government instead of permitting him to meet all classes. Mr. Root has been very reticent, and this fact troubles the Radicals, who hoped to force him to set forth the Administration's plans in reference in Cuba in detail. To-day's *Discusion* prints a cartoon representing a hypnotist, who is now giving exhibitions at a local theatre, trying to read the minds of Mr. Root and Gen. Wood. Even those who have had a chance to talk with Mr. Root have been unable to get any information from him. The Cubans cannot understand this, as their politicians are very much given to the talking habit, and issue manifestos night and morning.

Bishop Sbarretti is still holding his own. This morning he courteously received a committee of protesting Cubans, headed by the Marquis of Santa Lucia. Gen. Gomez, who, it was said, would act as chairman of the committee, did not appear. The committee asked Mgr. Sbarretti to resign. The Bishop said he could not; that he was sent here by the Pope and must stay. He added that he came as a friend of the Cubans. The committee left without more ado. They say they will now continue the propaganda against the Bishop.

The warship Texas has arrived here. The New York is still here, much to the disgust of the sailors on board. A half dozen bulejackets yesterday overstayed their shore leave and Gen. Ludlow was asked to have them arrested. He issued orders to the police to pick up any stray sailors they might see. This morning twenty-five men from the New York came ashore. As they were marching up the street looking for fun they were pounced upon by the police. All being sober, they went without resistance to the lockup, where they were detained two hours, as they were unable to speak Spanish and explain the situation. Then they were taken aboard their ship by the police. They'll have shore leave again to-morrow.

SAVANNAH HARBOR FRAUDS.

Green and the Gaynors Stay Away From Court by Advice of Counsel.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 12.—District Attorney Marion Erwin this morning called the case of the United States against B. D. Green, Edward H. Gaynor, John F. Gaynor, William T. Gaynor, M. A. Connolly and Oberlin M. Carter, charged with conspiracy. This is the famous Savannah Harbor conspiracy case. It was known Saturday afternoon that the case was to be called this morning and in consequence the court room was filled. M. A. Connolly, who is the only one of the defendants in Savannah, was in court with his attorney to answer when his case was called.

District Attorney Erwin read the correspondence between himself and Attorney A. J. Rose, who represents all the defendants except Connolly. He sent Mr. Rose a letter on March 5, notifying him when the caselwould be called. Mr. Rose refused to be on hand or to allow his clients to be represented. He said that the defendants are now in New York awaiting a decision of Judge Addison Brown as to whether they shall come to Savannah. The latter said:

"The United States have instituted a proceeding in the Southern District of New York which is pending here and under which the parties must be personally present in that district by by day and hour, and you, on behalf of the United States, in the same case ask or demand that these same parties appear at the same time, the suggestion being that if they fail to do so they will waive or lose some of their rights. I cannot believe that you, as a fair man, would insist on this or that a fair court would hold this to be the law."

District Attorney Erwin replied: "Nothing prevents the defendants from giving bonds before Judge Brown for their appearance before the court here, or from surrendering themselves to the marshal and being brought here at Government expense, except the objections to the removal made by the defendants through you, as their attorney. The withdrawal by you of these objections would have enabled the defendants to meet the charges against them. It would seem, therefore, that the impossibility of having the defendants in two places at once, to which you refer, is only the difficulty of surmounting a barrier raised by the defendants themselves and one which they may remove at pleasure."

The letters were filed as a part of the record of the case by Judge Emory Speer. The District Attorney will make another move in the case soon. He says the defendants must come to Georgia and stand trial.

Sugar Plant Starts Up Again.

The American Sugar Refining Company's plant in Jersey City was put in operation again yesterday morning after a suspension of nearly two weeks. The entire force of 1,100 men was set at work.

No Standard Gas Dividend.

Russell Sage said yesterday that the Standard Gas Light Company had not earned a dividend for the last quarter and would therefore not pay any.

Court Calendars This Day.

Appellate Division—Supreme Court—Nos. 11, 58, 65, 25, 48, 63, 49, 51, 64.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part I.—Motion calendar called at 10:30 A. M. Part II.—Ex parte matters. Part III.—Clear. Motions. Demurrer—No. 1265. Preferred causes—Nos. 4847, 4848. Clear. Part IV—Clear. Law and Fact—Nos. 1461, 4231, 2253, 4402, 4405, 4408, 4413, 4416, 4417, 4424. Clear. Part V.—Case unfinished—Cases from Part IV. Part VI.—Case unfinished. Cases from Part IV. Part VII.—Elected R. M. Case. No day calendar. Trial Term—Part II.—Clear. Preferred causes—Nos. 9691, 12,609, 11792, 11796, 11798, 11797, 11344. Part II.—Clear. Nos. 2566, 1692, 2635, 4982, 5819, 3827, 648, 1419, 6536, 7177, 9173. Part IV.—Clear. Cases from Part III. Part V.—Clear. Cases from Part III. Part VI.—Clear. Cases from Part III. Part VII.—Case unfinished. Nos. 2783, 2760, 5190, 9489, 4786, 5055, 9511, 7247, 7201, 7403, 6171, 5458, 7306, 7415. Part VIII.—Case unfinished. Cases from Part VII. Part IX.—Clear. Cases from Part II. Part X.—Clear. Cases from Part VII. Part XI.—Case unfinished. Cases from Part VII. Part XII.—Case unfinished. Cases from Part II.

Surrogate's Court—Chambers—Motion calendar called at 10:30 A. M. For probate—Wills of Mary R. Holgate, David M. Whitney, Anna Bohne, Malcolm Graham, William J. McClintock, Thomas Flood, Mary V. Smith, Thomas McManus, Eugenia B. Stein, Anna M. Stevers, at 10:30 A. M.; Henry Wood, at 2 P. M. Trial Term—No. 1548, will of Thomas Adema, at 10:30 A. M. No. 1550, will of Louise Adler, at 10:30 A. M.

City Court—Special Term—Court opens at 10 A. M. Motions. Trial Term, Part I.—Clear. Nos. 1232, 1401, 3969, 1451, 1504, 3229, 2032, 1550, 2240, 1636, 1049, 2108, 2280, 2283, 2334, 2088, 2359, 2128, 3042, 2278, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496. Part II.—Case unfinished. Nos. 2298, 2206, 2147, 2148, 2255, 2254, 2260, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486. Part IV.—Case unfinished. Nos. 1949, 2090, 1794, 1267, 50, 1996, 2369, 1573, 740, 2234, 1581, 439, 1382, 1375, 1280, 1959, 1762, 1764, 2194, 3357½, 1675, 1482, 2234, 2190, 2226, 2121, 1719, 2103, 965, 1966. Part IV.—Clear. Short causes—Nos. 4331, 4353, 4240, 3979, 4319.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

ALBANY, March 12.—Court of Appeals calendar for to-morrow: Nos. 365, 263, 366, 370, 1005, 271, 374 and 375.

THIRD AVENUE REPORT DUE TO-DAY.

Receiver Grant Hopes to Have It Ready—Earnings of the Last Quarter of 1899.

The report of Hugh J. Grant, temporary receiver of the Third Avenue Railroad, is due to be filed with Judge Lacombe of the United States Circuit Court to-day. That is, if the report can be got ready, it will be filed. If it cannot be, Mr. Grant will ask for an extension of time. He said yesterday afternoon that he hoped to have the report ready. A meeting of the Advisory Committee of the stockholders of the road will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the office of Edward Sweet & Co., 38 Broad street.

The report of the Third Avenue Railroad Company, for the quarter ending Dec. 31, was filed with the State Railroad Commission at Albany yesterday. The report shows: Gross earnings of $485,366 as compared with $539,756 for the corresponding quarter of 1898; operating expenses, $307,114, against $349,380; net earnings from operation, $178,252, against $190,375; other income, $95,633, against $34,019; fixed charges, $91,517, against $91,068, and net income, $182,368, against $133,326. The general balance sheet shows:

ASSETS.

Cost of road and equipment	$20,453,316
Stock and bonds of other companies	9,940,658
Other permanent investments	1,728,942
Due by companies and individuals on open accounts	4,559,967
Cash on hand	214,082
Total	$36,896,965

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$12,000,000
Funded debt	5,000,000
Loans and bills payable	15,480,483
Interest on funded debt	125,000
New stock, first issue	3,995,800
Mortgages	91,600
Surplus	204,082
Total	$36,896,965

A mechanic's lien for $90,276.71 was filed yesterday by the Safety Insulated Wire and Cable Company against the Third Avenue Railroad Company, for providing leaded cable and placing it in the ducts. Another lien was filed in the Westchester County Clerk's office, at White Plains, by the Falk Company of Wisconsin, against the Union Railway and the Third Avenue companies, for $6,182.05, for rail joints.

John D. Crimmins smiled yesterday when asked if the firm of T. E. Crimmins & Co. was likely to get the contract for finishing the Third Avenue construction. He said that he had every reason to believe that Naughton & Co. would complete the work.

LOOKING FOR EASIER MONEY.

Wall Street Trying to Cipher Out First Effects From the Currency Bill.

There was talk on Wall Street yesterday to the effect that upon the signing of the Currency bill by President McKinley, which may take place to-night after the House of Representatives passes the bill, $12,000,000 cash will immediately be released in the local money market. This talk, it developed, was based upon the estimate that there have been in all about $120,000,000 of existing issues of Government bonds, affected by the refunding feature of the bill, bought by local banks which wished to take advantage of the law and exchange them for the new refunding 2 per cents. The Government is to pay in cash the premium on the old bonds refunded, which would amount on $120,000,000 of bonds to about $12,000,000. As it is discretionary, however, with the Secretary of the Treasury to arrange for the exchange of the old bonds for the new, it is still indefinite over how long a period of time the exchange may extend. There is expected, however, an immediate increase of about $2,000,000 in the circulation of the local banks as the Currency bill will allow the issue of circulation to the full par value of the new refunding bonds of $2,000,000.

The Government is about to disburse about $6,000,000 in pensions.

Money on call at the New York Stock Exchange yesterday ruled at 4 per cent., with exceptions as high as 6 per cent. The last loan was made at 3½ per cent.

BANKS HOLD MUSHER'S PAPER.

Bowery Bank Doesn't, However, for It Got Rid of It in Time.

The police have not yet been able to locate Nathan Musher, the missing East Side note broker, who is wanted on several charges of uttering worthless paper. Isaac Greenbaum, Musher's father-in-law and Morris Musher, his brother were released from custody yesterday. The police do not know yet how much paper Musher had put out, but a number of banks in this city hold notes sold by him which are believed to be worthless. President John S. Foster of the Bowery Bank said yesterday:

"We had several thousand dollars worth of Musher's paper but ten days ago, just before the police got after the man, I had reason to believe that one note for $500 which he gave us, was a forgery. I sent for him and demanded that he pay all the notes at once. He got the money somehow and we didn't lose a cent on the man. He borrowed some of the money to pay us from another bank, but on what security I do not know."

GRAIN FREIGHTS STILL CUT.

Joint Action of Trunk and Western Lines Didn't Stop It.

Surreptitious cutting of grain rates has not been stopped by the recent joint action of the trunk lines and their Western connections in reducing the rate from 15 to 10 cents per 100 pounds, Chicago to New York, and to 13 cents for export. This general reduction took effect on March 5, but since that date some large contracts for moving grain to the seaboard have been made at much lower figures. It is asserted that much of the demoralization in grain freight rates is due to the reluctance of Western farmers to market their grain at this time. As an inducement to keep the grain moving, most of the railroads have made contracts at almost any terms that buyers and shippers chose to offer.

Consolidated Gas Company's Increase of Capital.

ALBANY, March 12.—The Consolidated Gas Company of New York city to-day filed with the Secretary of State a certificate of increase of capital stock from $39,078,000 to $54,505,200. The increase of $15,517,200 is to be used in redeeming the outstanding debentures issued for the stock of the New York Gas and Electric Light, Heat and Power Company and aggregating $30,000,000. The amount of capital actually paid in is $39,078,000, and the amount of debts and liabilities, including the debentures to be redeemed, is $30,928,336. The certificate is signed by H. Z. Gawtry, chairman, and of O. F. Zollikoffer, Secretary of the stockholders meeting.

Live Stock Market.

MONDAY, March 12.

Receipts of beeves for two days were 4,802 head, including 68 cars to be exported alive, 165 for slaughterers and 39 for the market. Steers in fair demand and steady; bulls steady to firm; cows slow and 10c. to 25c. off. The yards were about cleared. Common to prime native steers sold at $4.50@$5.55 per 100 lbs.; scrub oxen at $2.50; bulls at $3.40@$4.25; inferior to good cows at $2@$3.50; choice fat do. at $3.90. Dressed beef in moderate demand and steady at 7@9c. per lb. for native sides. London cables quoted American cattle lower at 10¾@11¼c. per lb., dressed weight refrigerator beef steady at 10c. per lb. Exports to-day 350 beeves and 4,300 quarters of beef, to-morrow 850 beeves and 5,600 quarters of beef.

Receipts of calves for two days were 4,499 head, including 86 for butchers and 4,413 for the market. On heavy supplies there was a sharp break in prices, the decline ranging from 50c. to 75c., with some sales $1 lower. About 500 calves were to sell late in the day. Poor to choice veals sold at $4@$7.75 per 100 lbs.; barnyard calves at $3@$3.25. City dressed veals lower at 8@11½c. per lb.

Receipts of sheep and lambs for two days were 10,352 head, including 8½ cars for slaughterers and 42½ for the market, making, with the state stock, 49½ cars on sale. Sheep were in light supply and steady, lambs opened slow and trade was only fair, but the feeling was firm at the finish on Western advices. Eleven cars were held over. Common to choice sheep sold at $4.50@$6.35 per 100 lbs.; culls at $3.50@$4.25; common to choice lambs at $6.50@$8; culls at $4.50@$6; yearlings at $6.50@$6.75. Dressed mutton slow at 8@10c. per lb.; dressed lambs at 10@11½c.

Receipts of hogs for two days were 11,650 head, including 5 cars for the market. Slow, but steady, and the extreme selling range was from $5 to $5.35 per 100 lbs.

Copartnership Notices.

57 Broadway, New York, March 1st, 1900.

ASA P. POTTER and S. E. KIRKHAM, member N. Y. Consolidated Stock Exchange, beg to announce their copartnership under the firm name of POTTER & KIRKHAM, for the transaction of a general Banking and Bond and Stock Commission business. Special attention given to orders in investment securities. Correspondence invited.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY, March 12.

The rally in prices on the Stock Exchange, resulting from the oversold condition of the market that began on Saturday continued to-day. It became so pronounced that many speculators began to discuss the probability of a decided upward movement in prices. It is possible, of course, that the improvement, if sustained long enough, will attract outside buying of securities. But, if, as seemed to be the case to-day, the support of the market comes almost entirely from the covering of shorts, that element of strength is likely to be exhausted any moment. Still another factor that militates against a continuous rise in the market just now is the condition of the money market. Money on call was decidedly more active and loans were made at 6 per cent. The banks, with only about five and one-half millions of surplus reserve held by comparatively few institutions, are in no position to increase their accommodations to Stock Exchange customers.

It was suggested to-day that as the Finance bill will probably become a law about the middle of this week, last Saturday's statement may prove to be low tide in the condition of the Clearing House banks. This remains to be seen. Under the proposed law, the local banks can practically at once increase their circulation about $2,100,000, that being the additional amount of notes they will be entitled to issue on the bonds already deposited with the Government to secure circulation. But that is a comparatively small amount, and what is of more importance, this new money is not available for reserve. If loaned, the result would be an increase in the deposits without an increase in the item of lawful money to be used as reserve against that increase. In consequence the little surplus reserve left would have to be drawn upon to fulfil legal requirements.

Relief is also expected from the conversion of outstanding bonds for the new 2 per cents. This is a reasonable expectation, for when the Government begins to pay out the premium on the converted bonds it will for a time offset the constant absorption of money by the Treasury in excess of its disbursements. Operations of this character are, however, ten days or two weeks away. The conversion of bonds will be attended by an unusual amount of red tape, and in the case of banks and other institutions formal action by the several boards of directors is required. Such action cannot be legally taken until after the bill has become a law, and not until after it has been placed upon the statute books can the Secretary of the Treasury prepare and distribute the forms necessary for the transaction of the business.

It is plain, therefore, that the money market is not likely to be affected by the operations of the proposed legislation much before the end of the month. In the meantime it is being influenced by Treasury absorption and by such operations as the locking up of considerable amounts of specie by some of the applicants for large amounts of the new British war loan. It was a curious coincidence today that the higher the rates for money went, the stronger became the tone of the stock market. There was some buying through commission houses, and foreign arbitrage houses took about 25,000 shares, but the greater part of the demand came from the persistent sellers of the last week or ten days.

The more important movements were in Sugar Refining, People's Gas, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, St. Paul, Atchison preferred, American Tobacco, and in the iron and steel stocks. In the two stocks first named the net advances were 4½ and 3½ per cent. respectively. The others closed 1½ to 3 points higher than on Saturday. The market as a whole was active and the larger dealings were fairly well distributed. The closing was strong at about the best prices.

New York Stock Exchange—Sales March 12.

UNITED STATES AND STATE BONDS (IN $1,000s).

47 U S 4s, r, 1907	117⅝
2 U S 4s, c, 1907	118⅝
2 U S 5s, r	116⅝
10 Va F deb 2-3s	89

CLOSING PRICES OF UNITED STATES BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
U S 2s, r, at pl of 0	102⅛	—	U S 4s, r, 1925	136⅛	137
U S 3s, r, 1908	111⅜	112⅜	U S 4s, c, 1925	136⅛	137
U S 3s, c, 1908	111⅜	112⅜	U S 5s, r, 1904	116⅛	117⅛
U S 4s, r, 1907	117⅝	118	U S 5s, c, 1904	116⅛	117⅛
U S 4s, c, 1907	118⅝	119	U S 3-65s, r, 1924	108	118
U S 2s, c, at pl of 0	102⅛	—			

RAILROAD AND OTHER BONDS.

Adams Express 1500	102¼	Hock V & T ex 4s 4000	107¼
Ann Arbor 1st 4s 25000	94	Hou & Tex gm 4s 11000	86½
5000	94½	Ill Cent 4s 1951 registered 15000	113½
Atch T & S Fe 5000	101	Ill Cent 4s 1955 6000	104
31000	101⅛	Kanawha & M 4s 2000	89½
57000	101¼	L E & West 2d 2000	115
Atl & S F 1st 4s 52000	82½	Long Isl gm 4s 6000	98
10000	82⅜	Lou Ev & St L Con 1st ct 50000	67
55000	82½	Lou & N col tr 4s 13000	99½
43000	82⅝	Met St R R 5s 2000	104¾
Balt & Ohio 3½s 10000	95⅛	Mex Cent 1st inc 1000	26⅛
Balt & Ohio 4s 10000	101⅜	7000	26¼
5000	101⅛	3000	26⅜
10000	101⅜	Mex Cent con 4s 10000	78½
8000	101⅛	5000	79½
1000	101⅜	Mich Cen 1st con 7s 7000	109⅜
B & O Pitts Junc 1st & Mid Dist 3½s 1000	87¼	Mexican Int con 9000	86¾
B & O S W 3½s 25000	89	Mobile & Ohio 4s 10000	78½
10000	89⅛	1000	85½
Bklyn Wharf & Warehouse 1st 7000	72	Mob & O new 6s 2000	127½
Canada South 2d 5000	106⅜	Mo Kan & Tex 2d 10000	66⅛
Cent Pacific 1st 25000	98⅛	6000	66⅜
5000	83½	4000	66¼
5000	83⅜	Mo Kan & Tex 4s 25000	91⅜
55000	83¼	2000	91⅜
Cen Ry Gal stpd 5000	35	Mor & Essex 7s 1900	130
Cen Ry Ga col 5s 14000	90	Mo Pacific con 5000	107½
Ches & Ohio 4½s 2000	97⅛	Mo Pac 5s 1917 10000	96¼
10000	97⅛	Mo Pac 5s 1917 10000	96⅜
2000	97⅛	8000	96⅜
18000	97	17000	96¼
5000	97⅛	4000	96½
3000	97	5000	96⅜
13000	97⅛	Mo Pac 5s 1920 5000	90⅞
Chi Bur & Q con 3000	112	25000	91
Chi & East Ill 5s 10000	113⅞	10000	91¼
5000	114	10000	91½
Chi Mil & St P cn 1000	168	NY Cen L S 3½s 6000	97½
Chi Mil & St P 4s 5000	111⅜	N Y Ch & St L 4s 1000	107⅜
Chi Mil & St Paul W & M div 2000	119½	400	108
Chi & N W g b 5000	110⅜	N Y Gas El Lgt H & P 4s 10000	93¼
Chi Rk I & P 4s 10000	106½	10000	93¾
Chi St P & Minl st 4000	135	Norfolk & W 4s 45000	95⅜
Chi St P Minn & Omaha con 6000	135¼	51000	95⅜
4000	136	5000	95⅜
Chicago Term 4s 2000	94	3000	95⅜
CCC & S L gm 4s 27000	95½	North Pacific 4s 11000	104⅛
Col Fuel & Ir 5s 7000	91⅛	5000	104⅛
Cole & South 4s 13000	83¼	15000	104⅜
1000	83	35000	104⅞
Den & Rio G 4s 2000	99	Om & St L 1st 10000	77
Det M & M gnt 3000	29	Pacific of Mo 2d 2000	113
10000	29½	1000	112⅜
5000	30	Peo & Eastern in 10000	28½
Det & Mack gb 4s 1000	79	Peo & Eastern 1st 24000	89½
Detroit Gas 5s 1000	96¼	Reading gen 4s 14000	85¼
Duluth & Ir R 1st 10000	91	10000	85⅜
4000	109½	Rio Grande W 4s 10000	98½
1000	109⅜	5000	98½
E T Va & Ga 5s 7000	117⅛	3000	98¼
Eliz L & N S 5s 1000	100⅜	3000	98¼
Erie gen lien 3-4s 5000	71⅜	San A & A P 4s 4000	90½
Erie prior lien 4s 50000	89⅛	5000	90½
		Scioto V & N E 1st 10000	91
		3000	90⅜
		So Caro & G 1st 5000	90⅞
		10000	90⅞
		South Pacific 4s 33000	83½
		13000	83¼
		10000	83⅛
		South Railway 5s 2000	109⅛
		33000	109½
		2000	109⅜
		Stand R & Tinc 10000	116
		St Jo & G I 1st 1000	83½
		St L & Iron M 4s 7000	80⅛
		5000	80⅛
		5000	80⅜
		1000	80½
		1000	80⅜
		St L & Iron M 5s 10000	111¼
		St L & San Fran gm 5s 8000	109⅛
		St L & S West 1st 1000	89¼
		2000	89¼
		2000	89
		St L & S West 2d 1000	59¼
		5000	60
		20000	60⅜
		20000	60¼
		10000	60¼
		25000	60⅛
		10000	60
		24000	59⅞
		1000	60
		20000	59¾
		21000	59⅞
		9000	60
		20000	59¾
		10000	59⅞
		20000	59¾
		St P M & M 2d 1000	103
		St P M & M 4s 3000	115⅜
		St P M & M 4½s 1000	132
		Texas & N O 5s 10000	103¾
		Tex & Pac 1st 5s 2000	114
		Tex & Pac 2d 5000	57
		Tol & O C gm 5s 2000	98⅜
		Virginia fdg debt 10000	84
		Wabash 1st Det 2000	109
		Wabash deb serB 74000	37
		11000	37⅛
		10000	37¼
		5000	37⅛
		2000	37
		Wabash 1st 7000	116¾
		West N Y & P inc 5000	26½
		West N Y & Pgm 10000	79
		5000	73½
		5000	58½
		1000	132
		1000	103¾
		1000	116½
		Union Pacific 5s 10000	105¼
		27000	105½
		10000	105¼
		10000	105½
		10000	105¼
		10000	105⅜
		50000	105½
		6000	105⅜
		100	111½
		U S Leather Cons 1000	116½
		U S Rubber 1st 5s 2000	109⅛
		Wisconsin Cen 4s 15000	90⅞
		10000	91
		3000	90⅜
		5000	90⅞

Total sales of bonds (par value) $2,683,500.

RAILROAD AND OTHER SHARES.

Sales		High-est.	Low-est.	Clos-ing.	Net Ch'ge.
1620	Am C&F Co.	15¾	14⅞	15¾	+1
1429	Am C&F Co p	63	62⅞	63	+½
120	Am Cot Oil.	33½	33½	33½	+1
3514	Am Ice	47¼	44⅞	47¼	+2¼
120	Am Ice pf.	74¾	74¾	74¾	+¼
620	Am Lin Oil.	13⅝	12¾	13⅛	−¼
200	Am Malt.	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	−⅜
3479	Am Smelt	39⅞	39	39¾	+¾
572	Am Smelt p	91¾	91	91½	+½
4810	Am St Hoop	36½	33	36½	+3
100	Am Sti H pf	80	80	80	+
95035	Am Sugar	104½	100	104⅞	+4⅛
18825	Am Sug & W	57¼	55⅝	57	+1¼
690	Am S & W pf	92	91¼	92	+1
735	Am Tin Pl	33½	32	33½	+1½
18170	Am Tob Co	106⅜	104	106⅜	+2⅜
4040	Anaconda	49	48	49	+2
9435	At T & S F	23⅜	22⅞	23⅜	+ ⅜
34120	At T & S F pf	67⅜	66½	67⅜	+1⅜
5617	Balt & Ohio	63	62¼	63	+ ⅞
2379	Balt & Oh pf	78⅞	78¼	78⅞	+ ⅛
23475	Brok'n R T	69⅝	67¼	69⅜	+2⅜
1000	Brok'n U G	145	144	144	−1½
530	Brunswk Co	9¾	9½	9½	
1210	Ches & Ohio	28⅜	28¼	28⅜	
875	Chi & NW	162	161	162	+2
14765	Chic B & Q	125¼	123⅞	125	+1¼
230	Chi & G W	13½	13⅜	13½	+ ¼
100	Ch & G W deb	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	− ⅜
800	Chi I & L	22	21¾	21⅞	− ⅛
31180	Ch M & St P	124	121⅞	123¾	+2
4475	Ch R I & Pac	108¾	107½	108¾	+1½
300	CCC & St L	59¾	59⅜	59¾	+ ⅜
2410	Col Fuel & I	44½	43½	44⅜	+1⅜
200	Col Mid pf	27	27	27	
1000	ColSouth'n.	6¼	6	6¼	+ ¼
170	Col So 1st pf	44	44	44	+1
430	Col So 2d pf.	17	16¾	17	
1090	Con Gas	179½	178¼	178¼	+ ¾
3025	Con Tobac	30¼	29⅝	30¼	+ ⅞
170	Con Tob pf	85	85	85	+1
150	Del & Hud	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝	+ ¾
900	Del L & W	181	180	180	−½
100	Den & RG	19¾	19¾	19¾	+ ¾
1510	Den&RG pf.	71⅞	71½	71¾	+½
100	Dul SS&A	6	6	6	− ¼
500	Erie	12¾	12¼	12¾	+ ⅜
500	Erie 1st pf	37¾	37⅜	37¾	+
890	Ev & T H	49½	48⅜	49½	+1
9160	Fed Steel	50⅞	49⅛	50¾	+1⅜
370	Fed Steel pf.	73½	72¾	73½	+½
600	Gen ElecCo.	126⅞	126	126⅞	+1⅞
310	Glucose	52½	52½	52½	+ ½
362	GreatNorpf.	158	158	158	+ ⅜
217	Hock Val	33	32½	33	+1
550	Hock Val pf.	63	62⅞	63	+ ⅜
110	Illinois Cen.	113½	113½	113½	+ ⅜
1100	Int Paper	20	18½	20	+2
200	Int Paper pf	63⅛	63	63⅛	+ ⅛
1200	Iowa Cent	14⅛	14	14	+ ⅛
500	Iowa Cen pf.	49¼	48¼	49¼	+1¼
270	Kan & Mich.	13⅜	13½	13½	
130	Lac Gas pf.	98	98	98	+2
100	L E & West.	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	− ⅜
600	L E & W pf.	85	84¾	85	+ ⅜
2400	Lou & Nash	82⅜	81¾	82¼	+ ⅜
300	Man Beach.	9	8	9	+2¾
5210	Manhattan.	95⅜	94¼	95¼	+1½
8600	Met St Ry.	167	163½	166¾	+2¾
700	Mex Cent	12¼	12	12¼	+ ¼
400	Mex Nat	3⅞	3½	3⅞	− ⅛
100	Min & St L.	61⅜	61⅜	61⅜	+ ⅜
150	MSPSSM pf	53¼	53¼	53¼	− ¾
1300	M K & T pf.	33⅞	33¼	33⅞	+1⅜
16410	Mo Pacific.	46¾	45⅞	46½	+ ¼
120	Nat Bis Co.	36½	36½	36½	+1⅛
1600	Nat Lead	24⅜	23¾	24¼	+ ½
189	Nt Lead pf	104½	104½	104½	
4845	Nat Steel	45⅞	43½	45⅛	+2⅛
1300	Nat Steel pf	96	95⅞	96	+ ⅛
141	N J Central	116⅞	116⅞	116⅞	+ ⅜
100	N Y A B Co.	127½	127½	127½	+ ½
3700	NY Central.	134½	134	134	+ ¼
200	NYC&St L 2p	33	33	33	+1
7945	Norf & Wes.	32⅞	32⅛	32¾	+ ¾
2178	Nor & W pf.	76¼	75¼	76¼	+1¼
200	Nor Am Co.	15	15	15	
4450	Nor Pacific.	53½	52¾	53¼	+ ⅜
1345	Nor Pac pf.	74½	74	74½	+ ¼
1750	Ont & West.	24	23¾	24	+ ⅜
100	Ont Silver.	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	− ⅛
535	Pac Mail	38½	38½	38½	+1
8070	Penn R R.	135⅜	134½	135	+ ½
38805	PGL&Co.	98¾	95½	98⅜	+3
280	PCC & St L.	70	69¾	70	+2½
200	Pres St Car.	53½	53½	53½	+ ½
344	Pul P Cr Co.	184	183	184	+ ½
1510	Rep Steel	22⅜	21⅛	22⅜	+1⅛
100	Rep Steel pf	67¾	67¾	67¾	+ ⅜
1450	Reading	17¾	17	17¾	− ⅜
765	Rdg 1st pf	58¼	58	58¼	+ ⅜
197	Rdg 2d pf	29½	29½	29½	
250	St L & SF 2p	34½