IN THE BASEBALL WORLD.

RUSIE QUITS NEW YORK AND GOES HOME TO INDIANAPOLIS.

One of His Friends Contends He Was Afraid of Trouble With Club Management, so He Decided to Go Away—Manager of Team Says Everything Will Be All Right.

Amos Rusie, the great baseball pitcher, who recently signed a contract to play with the New York club and reported at the Polo Grounds for practice, quietly packed his trunk last Sunday afternoon and left town on the 1 o'clock train for his home in Indianapolis. He did not even notify the President, the manager or any of the club's officials of his intentions, and only one of his fellow players and another close personal friend of his knew definitely of his departure. Manager Ewing was not aware that he had gone until early yesterday afternoon. By that time Rusie had almost reached his destination. The President of the club heard the news through a reporter. He acknowledged that Rusie's departure was a surprise to him, but refused to discuss the subject in any way. Manager Ewing was also made aware of the pitcher's action by a reporter. The news was conveyed to him after he had finished luncheon. He denied that trouble of any kind between the club and Rusie existed.

"Amos," he said, "has been in good humor ever since he reported here for practice. He appeared to be satisfied with everything and he went through his work faithfully."

Ewing acknowled that he did not know Rusie had gone away until the reporter told him about it. Nevertheless, he advanced the opinion that Rusie had returned to Indianapolis purely on personal business and that he would probably be back this week.

"He had some property tied up in a law process in that city," added the manager, "and his presence was necessary to make a defence."

The news of Rusie's action created a profound sensation among the baseball enthusiasts of New York yesterday. All sorts of rumors were flying around as to the cause of his action, but when they were run down it was found that not any of them amounted to anything. The truth of the matter seems to be that Rusie simply quit. The first man interviewed by a reporter of THE SUN was Herman D. Thees of 310 Lenox avenue. Thees is Rusie's closest friend in this city. He has known the pitcher intimately ever since he came here in the spring of 1899, and he knows all about the reasons for Rusie's going to Indianapolis. But he refused to tell those reasons yesterday.

"Yes, I know all about the Rusie matter," he said to the reporter, "but I refuse to tell you or any one else anything about it. All I'll say is, I am very, very sorry it happened. There has been no trouble at all as far as Rusie and Ewing and Freedman are concerned."

"But neither the President nor the manager knew that Rusie had gone away," said the reporter.

"I know that. Only two men knew that he was going. But I repeat, he has had no trouble with the management. It's too bad, though, and I am very sorry. No one will ever learn the facts from me."

These somewhat mysterious remarks were cleared by another friend of Rusie's, however, who knew why the pitcher had gone away. He was willing to talk.

"When Rusie reported for duty a few days ago," said he, "he had been away from New York more than a year, not having played with the team during the season of 1899. He has hosts of friends in Harlem and they all congratulated him on his good appearance and on the fact that he was once more going to show the baseball enthusiasts he had not forgotten how to pitch. But besides congratulating him, they sympathized with him in his troubles he had with the New York club.

"Perhaps the sympathy outweighed the congratulations and maybe Amos began to think that he still had a grievance. At any rate, he met two or three fellow members of the team on Saturday night and announced his intention of pulling up stakes and going home to Indianapolis. His friends remonstrated with him and asked what the trouble was. Rusie said there was no special trouble at present, but he feared some event might take place in the future which he would be sorry for, and the best way out of it was for him to simply get out now. The players thought Rusie was half jesting and that he would change his mind the next morning. But it seems that they were mistaken, as he packed his trunk and left the next afternoon."

In this connection a remark by Thees bears out this story, inasmuch as he evidently expects that everything will soon be smoothed out: "When the New York club gets to Cincinnati I guess Rusie will be on hand," said he. "You know John T. Brush was instrumental in fixing up previous differences between Rusie and the New York club. Brush is a stockholder in the New York club, isn't he? Well, there you are. I guess Rusie will be playing with his team at Cincinnati."

The players would not talk much to reporters yesterday, but it was easy to see that they were downcast because of Rusie's defection. Most of them did not know that the pitcher had declared his intention of getting out, and among those upon his action was discussed. They heard Ewing's explanation and are yet under the impression that Rusie will report again in a few days. At that they wondered that he should have left just when he did, with the opening of the championship season only three days away.

"We need Rusie badly," said one of them. "His presence on the team always inspired confidence. He is the greatest pitcher in the country, and in his preliminary practice this spring has shown that he was in splendid form. He appeared cheerful and if he still has a grievance against the New York club he certainly kept it under cover pretty well."

Rusie's former troubles with the New York club are quite familiar to baseball enthusiasts of the country. The first breach occurred while the team was practising at Jacksonville, Fla., in the spring of 1896. For some infraction of the club's rules he was fined $100. Late in the same year he was fined another $100 for losing a game. Because the club refused to rescind these fines, Rusie would not sign a contract when one was sent to him the next year and he remained idle during the playing season of 1897. In the spring of 1898, John T. Brush, President of the Cincinnati club, and the late Charles H. Byrne, President of the Brooklyn club, smoothed things over with Rusie and he signed a contract and played with the New Yorks during that season. Last year he was again absent, and he gave as his reason for not playing that the club had offered him terms lower than he was willing to accept. Soon after the recent League meeting truce was again patched up between Rusie and the club and the pitcher reported for duty. Everything appeared to be moving along nicely when suddenly on Sunday Rusie pulled up stakes and left for home.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 16.—The report that Amos Rusie, who recently signed with New York and went to that city supposedly to play the season's games, had started for this city and had abandoned his job created a good deal of interest in ball circles here and much mystery surrounds his action. When his father was seen this evening he denied that Amos had returned or that he knew anything whatever regarding any rupture between him and the management of the New York Club. He said that there was no business interest to call his son home at this time, and professed to be very much surprised at the reports in circulation. The announcement of Rusie's withdrawal has caused a report to be revived which followed close upon his signing with New York, but which, at the time, did not receive much credence. It was to the effect that John T. Brush demanded as a condition to his transfer to the Cincinnati Club that he should sign with New York and go to that city and enter upon the season's practice. This condition was made, it was said, for the sake of maintaining the discipline of the club, Brush contending that it would be impolite to have a man transferred while he was at outs with one of the managers and would be an encouragement to other players to bring about disagreements in order to force similar action. It is known that Rusie was very bitter against Freedman for the alleged unjust treatment he received, and surprise was manifested among his friends this spring that he had signed to play with New York. John T. Brush disclaims any knowledge whatever of Rusie's movement. When asked to-night regarding the purpose of Rusie's coming he said:

"I know nothing about Rusie or the reasons that bring him home, but I do know that he will not play with Cincinnati."

Rusie did not reach here to-night, or if he did his presence at home was denied by members of the family.

ITHACA, April 16.—The Cornell boys had their last practice to-day under Hughey Jennings. He said to-night that notwithstanding his differences with Manager Hanlon of the Brooklyn club he would join the superbas immediately. He thought that he would soon round into shape and that his arm was all right. The Cornell players presented a loving cup to Jennings as a mark of appreciation for the services he rendered to them.

PHILADELPHIA, April 16.—It is all up to Col. Rogers whether or not Delehanty and Lajoie will sign contracts to play with the Philadelphia club the coming season. Just before the hour set for the beginning of the game between Philadelphia and Montreal to-day Manager Shettsline approached Delehanty, the premier batsman of the National League and one of the best base runners in the profession, and asked him if he was willing to sign a contract for $2,400. Delehanty said "No," and retired from the bench. No attempt was made to interview Lajoie, it being assumed that the two players were acting in unison. A proposition was made to Delehanty to sign a contract for $3,000—$2,400 as salary as player and $600 for his services as captain. This proposition was also declined by Delehanty for the reason that, after having signed the contract, there was nothing to prevent the officials quietly informing him that his services as captain were unnecessary. As it stands now Delehanty and Lajoie declare that they will not play with the Philadelphia ball club unless their terms are agreed to. On the other hand Col. Rogers shows no inclination to agree to those terms; in fact the Colonel has been quoted as saying that the Philadelphia club is stronger without the services of Delehanty and Lajoie. Possibly the Colonel has another thing coming. Roy Thomas, who probably made as brilliant a record on his first season out as did any other player who ever broke into League society, and who was supposed to be one of the strikers for an increased salary, did play to-day in the game against Montreal. With Delehanty and Lajoie out of the game it is not clear how the Philadelphias will be able to make any respectable showing against the Bostons with whom they open on Thursday.

The annual schedule meeting of the Eastern League, which was to have begun at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday, was postponed until to-morrow morning. President Powers found that one or two matters were not quite in shape for presentation, hence the postponement. It is understood that William Barnie has made an arrangement whereby Hartford will be included in the circuit. An eight-club schedule has been prepared by President Powers.

Baseball Games Yesterday.

BROOKLYN, 20; COLUMBIA, 1.

At the expense of the Columbia University team the Brooklyns ran up a total of twenty runs in the exhibition game played at Washington Park yesterday afternoon, the Collegians in the meantime barely escaping a shut out, their solitary tally being due to an error of Alex. Smith in the seventh inning, Buckley reaching home on his steal to third and the catcher's high throw. Although the weather was too cool for the players to take any chances, Hanlon's men played a snappy game, both in the field and at the bat. Joe Kelley came on from Baltimore and took care of first base, which point of the diamond he is booked to guard unless Manager Hanlon and Jennings come to terms. Kelley had no occasion to show what he could accomplish on wild thrown balls as the Brooklyn infielders sent them over to Joe so that he did not have to move away from the base. The score:

BROOKLYN	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.	COLUMBIA.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Sheckard, lf	2	4	2	0	0	Goodman, c	0	1	1	4	0
Keeler, rf	4	3	1	0	0	Sayles, p	0	0	1	1	1
Kelley, 1b	3	2	9	0	0	Burns, rf	0	0	1	1	1
Jones, cf	4	2	2	0	1	Kebler, p, c	0	0	1	2	2
Daly, 2b	1	2	2	1	0	Marcus, lf	0	1	3	0	1
Dahlen, ss	0	1	0	1	1	Brown, cf	0	0	0	0	0
Casey, ss	3	2	4	4	0	Miller, 1b	0	1	11	1	0
Demont, 3b	1	1	0	3	0	Rodgers,*	0	0	0	0	0
Farrell, c	0	0	1	0	0	Armair'g, 2b	0	0	3	1	
Smith, c	0	0	4	0	1	Buckley, 3b	1	0	4	2	5
Dunn, p	0	0	0	1	0	Lockwood, ss	0	1	2	4	0
McGinnity, p	1	2	0	2	0						
Kitson, p	1	1	0	0	0						
Totals	20	23	27	12	3	Totals	1	5	24	18	11

*Batted in place of Miller in the ninth inning.

Brooklyn	3	0	1	0	3	4	5	4	..	20
Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1

First base on errors—Brooklyn, 8; Columbia, 2. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 7; Columbia, 5. Three-base hits—Sheckard, Keeler. Two-base hits—Dahlen, Demont, Kitson. Stolen bases—Sheckard, Keeler, Casey, Buckley (2). Sacrifice hit—Burns. Double plays—Demontand Kelley; Burns and Sayles. Struck out—By Dunn, 1; by McGinnity, 2; by Kitson, 2. Base hits—Off Dunn, 4 in four innings; off Kebler, 13 in six innings; off Sayles, 10 in two innings. Hit by pitcher—Goodman. Passed balls—Goodman, 2. Wild pitches—Sayles, 2. Umpire—Hurst. Time—1 hour and 37 minutes. Attendance—400.

NEW YORK, 9; C. C. N. Y., 5.

The New York team concluded its exhibition games at the Polo Grounds yesterday afternoon. They had for their opponents the team of the College of the City of New York. The latter put up a strong game and kept the league players on the alert throughout. Van Haltren made his first appearance of the year. The score:

NEW YORK.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.	C. C. N. Y.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
V'n H'lt'n, cf	1	2	1	0	0	Goldberg, cf	1	1	4	0	0
Mercer, 3b	0	1	1	3	0	Kane, c	0	0	2	2	0
Fritsche, rf	1	3	1	0	0	Condon, 3b	0	0	1	1	1
Davis, ss	1	1	3	2	1	Sullivan, p	0	0	0	1	0
Doyle, 1b	1	1	12	2	0	Lambert, 1b	0	1	11	0	0
Selbach, lf	1	0	1	0	0	Hamilton, lf	1	0	1	0	0
Gleason, 2b	2	1	0	3	1	Courtney, 2b	1	1	4	2	0
Grady, c	1	4	6	0	0	Schrig, ss	1	1	1	2	2
Carrick, p	1	1	2	2	0	Roberts, rf	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	9	14	27	12	2	Totals	5	4	24	12	2

New York	1	1	1	0	0	4	0	2	—9
C. C. N. Y.	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0—5

First base on errors—New York, 2; C. C. N. Y., 2. Left on bases—New York, 5; C. C. N. Y., 1. First base on balls—Off Carrick, 1; off Sullivan, 1. Struck out—By Carrick, 5; by Sullivan, 1. Two-base hits—Van Haltren, Doyle, Grady (2), Carrick. Sacrifice hit—Courthey. Stolen bases—Selbach, Gleason, Hamilton. Wild pitches—Sullivan (2). Umpire—Warner. Time—1 hour and 20 minutes.

HOLY CROSS, 2; MANHATTAN, 0.

One of the finest exhibitions of college baseball ever seen on Jasper Oval was played yesterday and ended in a mix up. In the eighth inning Dwyer, the Holy Cross shortstop, deliberately threw a new ball over the grandstand so that the Manhattans would have to bat an old ball which had been used during the game. Capt. Cotter of the Manhattans demanded the right to replace the ball thrown over the fence with a new one, and at first his right was admitted by both umpires, but Holy Cross kicked and Umpire Riley of Fordham College changed his decision in their favor, while the other umpire sustained Cotter. Then ensued a wrangle which ended in the Holy Cross team leaving the field. Up to this time the game was close and exciting, replete with brilliant plays. The score.

			R.	H.	E.
Manhattan	0	0	0	0	0
Holy Cross	1	0	0	1	0

Batteries—Perry and Agnew; Griffin and Brennan.

AT WASHINGTON.

									R.	H.	E.
Georgetown	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	4	—8	6	1
Princeton	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	—5	4	1

Batteries—Blewett and Cranston; Young and Kafer.

AT ATLANTIC CITY.

									R.	H.	E.
Boston	4	0	0	5	2	2	2	0	—15	18	1
Toronto	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	4—	8	17

Battery—Willis, Bailey, Clements and Zearfoss; Beitts, Alloway, Bruce, Clarke.

AT CHARLOTTESVILLE.

					R.	H.	E.
Yale	220	291	01	—	8	5	0
Virginia	000	004	030	—	7	8	7

Batteries—Garvan, Robertson and Sullivan; Summerasgil and Nalle.

Baseball Games To-day.

Brooklyn vs. Manhattan College, at Jasper Oval.
Columbia Freshmen vs. Mount Morris High School, at Mount Vernon.
Bucknell vs. State College, at Lewisburg.
De La Salle vs. Columbia Grammar School, at Columbia Oval.
Andover Academy vs. Tufts, at Andover.
Washington College vs. Yale Law School, at Washington.
Indianapolis vs. Cincinnati, at Indianapolis.
University of Virginia vs. Princeton, at Charlottesville.
New Castle vs. Rochester, at New Castle.
Georgetown vs. Yale, at Georgetown.

Baseball Notes.

The Niagaras would like to hear from all uniformed teams whose players average from 18 to 20 years. Have April 15 and all other dates open except April 22. Address William V. Driscoll, 17 State street, New York.

The West Paterson M. E. A. A. would be pleased to hear from first class amateur teams for Saturdays and holidays. Railroad expenses guaranteed. Address, John G. Rhinesmith, 69 New Grand street, Paterson.

ITHACA, April 16.—After the practice of the baseball men to-day Coach Jennings said: "I am well satisfied that Cornell will put up a strong game for the remainder of this season. It is hoped that the team will again be able to defeat Princeton in at least one of the two games to be played between the two institutions. For a week after Jennings's departure, Harry Taylor, captain of the hotel 'Di' team and afterward a member of the St. Louis League club, will remain with Cornell.

Golf Gossip.

Siddall won the golf ball sweepstakes competition of the Sunset Park Golf Club which was decided over the public links at Sunset Park. Summary:

	Gross.	H'cap.	Net.
Siddall	110	5	105
Adam	106	0	106
Mahon	110	3	107
Mitchell	108	0	108
Duncan	110	2	108
Avis	110	3	107
Haines	115	5	110
Adams	120	10	110
Kuechner	115	5	110
Delaney	118	8	110
F. Doane	120	7	113
Brenner	128	10	118
Smith	118	2	116
E. Doane	120	0	120

Golfer Vardon Arrives at Boston.

BOSTON, April 16.—Harry Vardon, the English golfer, arrived here this morning and the local enthusiasts are happy. He took a turn over the Wollaston Club links just for practice and lowered the record from 81 to 79. This a ternoon Vardon and C. S. Cox played a four-some match with A. Findlay and Robert Stronner over the same course, the former winning by 4 up. On Wednesday morning Vardon will play A. H. Fenn and Stronner at Wollaston, and in the afternoon will meet Findlay and Cliff Brewer. The putting to-day was poor, owing to the greens being temporary, but the driving and approaching were fairly good.

Pool.

Hubbel and Doelger were the competing players in the Knickerbocker A. C. tournament game last night, the first named winning by a score of 100 to 61.

Baseball, Washington Park, 3:30 To-day.

Brooklyn vs. Manhattan College. Adm. 25c. and 50c.—*Adv.*

TENEMENT HOUSE COMMISSION.

Gov. Roosevelt Appoints a Board of Fifteen to Investigate the Tenement Problem.

ALBANY, April 16.—Gov. Roosevelt to-day announced the appointment of the members of the Tenement House Commission authorized by a law of the last Legislature. The members of the commission are: Raymond T. Almirall of Brooklyn borough, architect, of the firm of Ingle & Almirall, who studied his profession at Cornell University and the Ecole des Beaux Arts in Paris; Hugh Bonner of Manhattan borough, former chief of the Fire Department of New York; Paul D. Cravath of Manhattan, of the law firm of Seward & Guthrie; Robert W. De Forest of Manhattan, lawyer, and President of the New York Charity Organization Society; William A. Douglas of Buffalo, lawyer, and trustee of the Charity Organization Society of that city; Otto M. Eidlitz of Manhattan, builder, of the firm of Mark Eidlitz & Son; F. Norton Goddard of Manhattan, President of the Suburban Homes Company, and former statistical expert of the United States Department of Labor, and an owner of tenement houses; William Lansing of Buffalo, architect; William J. O'Brien of Manhattan, a representative of labor organizations, who ran for the office of Sheriff of New York county at the last election; James B. Reynolds of Manhattan, head worker of the New York University Settlement; I. N. Phelps Stokes of Manhattan, architect, of the firm of McKim, Mead & White; Myles Tierney of Manhattan, a retired builder, and manager of the New York Catholic Protectory; Alfred T. White of Brooklyn, President of the Brooklyn Borough of Charities, former Superintendent of Public Works, and an owner of tenement houses; Dr. George B. Fowler, physician, and Health Commissioner under the administration of Mayor Strong.

It was the Governor's desire to appoint Dr. Wende, the Health Officer of Buffalo, but there was doubt as to whether such appointment would not conflict with the provision of the Buffalo city charter. The Governor would have appointed Mr. Jacob Riis of New York city as a member of the commission, but Mr. Riis declined the appointment.

The duty of the commission is to make a careful examination into the tenement houses in New York and Buffalo; their condition as to the construction, healthfulness, safety, rentals, and the effect of tenement-house life on the health, education, savings and morals of those who live in tenement houses, and all other phases of the so-called tenement-house question in these cities that can affect the public welfare.

An appropriation of $10,000 is made for the expenses of the commission, which may subpœna witnesses, compel the attendance of witnesses, employ counsel, assistants and experts, and make such recommendations to the next Legislature as it deems wise, to enable the best and highest possible condition for tenement-house life in New York and Buffalo to be attained.

Gov. Roosevelt believes that the work of the Tenement House Commission is just as important as the revision of New York city charter, because it deals with one of the fundamental factors in the most difficult and most complex of the social and industrial problems of the day. "After a long talk with Mr. De Forest and others especially interested," said the Governor, "and after considering carefully the work of the former Tenement House Commission I came to the conclusion that in order to get all the different phases of the problem properly considered I would have to appoint a large commission. For instance, I wanted builders and architects, I wanted lawyers who had made a special study of the matter. I wanted men who had been in public life in administrative positions. I wanted men who could speak for the wageworker, and men who had devoted much of their lives to intelligent philanthropic work of the non-hysterical type."

HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

Governor Appoints Four Trustees—Also Managers for Hospital for Cripples.

ALBANY, April 16.—The trustees of the New York State Hospital for the Treatment of Incipient Pulmonary Tuberculosis, which institution was established by a recent act of the Legislature, were appointed to-day by Gov. Roosevelt. They are:

Howard Townsend of Manhattan borough, for the term of five years; Dr. John H. Pryor of Buffalo, term, four years; Dr. Willis G. MacDonald, M. D., of Albany, term, three years; Walter Jennings of Manhattan, term, two years, and Frank E. Kendall of Saranac Lake, term, one year.

A preliminary appropriation of $50,000 is made to establish the hospital, which will cost in the neighborhood of $200,000. The hospital is to be established in the Adirondacks, upon a site to be approved by the State Board of Health and the State Forest Preserve Board. The trustees are to purchase a thousand acres as a site for the hospital and the State Forest Preserve Board is to set apart a like amount of State lands for such purposes.

A law passed by the last Legislature established the New York State Hospital for the Care of Crippled and Deformed Children. Gov. Roosevelt to-day appointed a Board of Managers for the institution, as follows:

Dr. Newton M. Shaffer of Manhattan borough, for the term of six years, and to be surgeon-in-chief; the Rt. Rev. Henry C. Potter, Bishop of the Episcopal Church of Manhattan, and J. Hampden Robb of Manhattan, a retired banker, each for the term of four years; J. Adriance Bush of Manhattan, lawyer and counsellor for the Carnegie Steel Company and for many years Vice-President and executive officer of the New York and Brooklyn Bridge Company and a prominent member of the Union League and other representative clubs in New York, and George Blagden, Jr., a broker, each for the term of two years.

This institution is to be established in the city of New York or within reasonable distance of the city. No person suffering from an incurable disease is admitted to the hospital, which is for the treatment only of any indigent children who may have resided in the State for a period of not less than one year, who are crippled or deformed or are suffering from disease from which they are likely to become crippled or deformed. The chief surgeon is to act as the superintendent of the institution and may appoint the steward, matron and such assistant surgeons and assistants as he deems proper. The managers are to appoint the Treasurer. All surgical and medical officers of the hospital, except the surgeon-in-chief, shall render their services gratuitously. A State appropriation of $15,000 is made to establish the hospital and the managers are authorized to receive donations.

SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Charter Revision Commission, the Drug Clerks and Other Bills.

ALBANY, April 16.—Gov. Roosevelt has signed the New York City Charter Revision Commission bill. It is stated at the Executive Chamber that the Governor will appoint the Commissioners within a fortnight.

The Governor also signed Assemblyman Henry's bills regulating the working hours of pharmacists and drug clerks in New York city and incorporating the New York State Medical Association for the purpose of the cultivation and advancement of the science of medicine, the promotion of public health and the establishment of a death benefit fund for the dependents of its members.

Among the other bills signed by the Governor were:

Assemblyman Dedrawn's, increasing from $1,200 to $1,800 the salaries of the attendants of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn.

Mr. Gale's, providing for the exemption from further service of volunteer firemen who are deprived of the right to serve their full term by the organization of a paid Department.

Assemblyman Argar's, making an appropriation for repairs caused by the fire at Sing Sing Prison.

Assemblyman Fowler's, appropriating $25,000 for deepening the outlet of Chautauqua Lake in Jamestown.

Assemblyman Fish's, appropriating $15,000 for a steel bridge at Forman street in Cazenovia.

Assemblyman Hitchcock's, appropriating $20,000 for a vertical wall at the Glens Falls feeder.

Assemblyman E. S. Kelley's, appropriating $12,000 to establish the boundary line between Hamilton and Herkimer counties.

Mr. McCreary's, appropriating $15,000 for a canal bridge at Twenty-third street in Watervliet.

Assemblyman Platt's, appropriating $4,000 to extend the river dike at Corning.

Assemblyman Patton's, appropriating $4,500 for improving the drainage in Clarence, Erie county.

Senator Raines's, appropriating $11,500 to provide accommodations for the director of the New York agricultural experiment station.

Assemblyman Barnes's, appropriating $5,000 for cleaning the old Chemung canal in Watkins.

Assemblyman Fowler's, appropriating $35,000 for draining Gonewaya Creek, Cattaraugus county.

New Railroad Incorporated.

ALBANY, April 16.—The Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Rochester Railway Company was incorporated to-day with a capital of $1,250,000. The company is to construct a street surface road, 120 miles long, to be operated by horse, cable, electricity or compressed air power, and will run through Monroe, Orleans, Niagara and Erie counties. Its terminal will be at Delaware avenue in Buffalo; at Main street in Niagara Falls, and at Lake avenue in the town of Greece, Monroe county, where it will connect with the Rochester Electric Railway system. The directors are Allan C. Beach of Watertown, Charles S. Faxer, George L. Brown, George Moss, Milton Clark, George A. Brooks, Henry D. Quinton and William C. Gray of Rochester, and William H. Gillette of Charlotte.

THE THIRTY-DAY BILLS.

THERE ARE 510 NOW IN THE HANDS OF THE GOVERNOR.

Mayor Van Wyck Vetoes the Special Department of Elections Bill—More Than Forty Other Bills Vetoed by the Mayor—152 Bills Left Affecting This City.

ALBANY, April 16.—Gov. Roosevelt has received fom Mayor Van Wyck a veto of Assemblyman Brennan's bill providing for a separate Department of Elections in New York city, to be comprised of a bi-partisan commission of four members.

The printed list of thirty-day bills left by the Legislature for Gov. Roosevelt's action was made public to-day. They number 510, compared with 260 last year. Of these 152 specially affect New York city, not counting the proposed general laws or amendments thereto applicable to the city. The thirty-day bills already approved are not included in the list. The Governor has until May 6 to act on these bills. The list includes 4 appropriation bills, 33 claim bills, 229 bills affecting the cities of the State, 41 code amendments, 11 affecting corporations, 9 touching counties, 13 relating to towns, 19 concerning villages, 26 fish and game law amendments, 58 amendments to general laws and 40 miscellaneous measures. Of the thirty-day bills the Mayor of New York city has so far vetoed upward of forty and the Mayor of Watervliet two. Among the bills vetoed by Mayor Van Wyck, which are now dead, are:

Senator Ford's, increasing to $3,000 the salaries of the Supreme Court stenographers in the First district.

Senator Marshall's three bills abolishing the fees of the County Clerk, Sheriff and Register of Kings county and placing those officers on a salaried basis.

Senator Mitchell's, authorizing the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company to abolish several grade crossings below Spuyten Duyvil in Kingsbridge, by taking a short cut along the line of the Harlem Ship Canal.

Senator Marshall's, providing that the Long Island Railroad Company must depress its tracks on Atlantic avenue in Brooklyn before a tunnel to Manhattan borough is in course of construction.

Assemblyman Brennan's, abolishing the office of Commissioner of Jurors and Special Commissioner of Jurors in Kings county; also, providing for the election of City Magistrates in Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond boroughs.

BUREAU OF ELECTIONS BILL DEAD.

The Mayor Vetoed It Last Thursday but Nobody Knew It.

Mayor Van Wyck let it become known yesterday that he had vetoed the Bureau of Elections bill on Thursday of last week, and that he had returned it to Albany. The Mayor gave a hearing on the bill on Wednesday, and it was the general opinion that he would sign it at that time. The measure provided for the separation of the Bureau of Elections from the Police Department and the appointment of a bipartisan board of four commissioners for a term of six years to have entire control of the election machinery in this city. The commissioners were to be appointed from lists submitted by the chairman of the County Committee. The Republican county committee of New York and Kings had selected William H. Ten Eyck and Michael J. Dady as their candidates for the offices. Mayor Van Wyck did not give any reason for his veto, which kills the bill. Two bills, one of which had not passed the Legislature, were sent to the Mayor, and he vetoed both of them to make sure.

THREE SPILLED IN A RUNAWAY.

Victoria Overturned in Fifth Avenue—Loss of Cash Complained of.

Carl Fischer-Hansen of 9 West Forty-seventh street started with his wife to take a drive down Fifth avenue to Washington Square yesterday morning in a victoria behind a young bay horse. As the horse turned into Fifth avenue it stood on its hind legs and pawed the air. Then it took the bit between its teeth and bolted down the avenue.

At Forty-sixth street the horse dashed between a truck and a brougham ahead. The victoria struck the brougham on the side, was overturned, and the Fischer-Hansens, with their coachman, were thrown into the street. They were carried into neighboring stores and ambulances were called. The Fischer-Hansens were bruised and scratched and the coachman was badly hurt. All were sent home.

On recovering consciousness after the accident, Mr. Fischer-Hansen said that a small cardcase containing valuable papers and $217 in bills was missing from his waistcoat pocket. He said last night that he would advertise to try and recover the papers and money.

MANHATTAN'S NEW POWER HOUSE.

Plans for the Huge Station That Will Supply the Elevated With Electricity.

Plans were filed at the Building Department yesterday by the Chief Engineer of the Manhattan Elevated Railway for the power station which is to supply electricity to operate the road when it has been changed over to electric motive power. The station will be a huge three-story structure of brick and stone, located upon an irregular plot bounded by Exterior street, Avenue A and Seventy-fourth and Seventy-fifth streets. It will cost $750,000.

Canadian Pacific and the Trunk Lines.

The request made by the railroad lines which seek to control the passenger business between St. Paul and Chicago, that the trunk lines join them in fighting the Canadian Pacific's "Soo" line on through rates from St. Paul to New York, is regarded with coldness by the representatives of some of the principal Eastern lines. The "Soo" line is fighting for a different deal, and most of the trunk line passenger agents believe that it is entitled to one. At any rate, the Eastern men think that the granting of a two-dollar differential on passenger traffic from St. Paul to New York would be much cheaper (leaving the question of fairness out) than a prolonged rate war. This subject is to be discussed at a meeting of the Joint Passenger Committee in this city to-morrow.

New Grand Central Interlocking System.

In connection with the extensive alterations now under way at the Grand Central Station in this city the New York Central management has contracted for a large interlocking plant of low-pressure pneumatic type. This new system will govern the movement of trains in and out of the Grand Central Station. A new tower will be erected to take the places of tower I and the Forty-ninth street tower. There will be about one hundred and eighty levers in the new plant to replace the 175 levers in tower I and the sixty levers in the Forty-ninth street station. Incidentally the arrangement of tracks in the Grand Central yard will be altered in many ways.

Charges Against the St. Paul.

Charges of having deals with Kansas City ticket scalpers have been preferred against the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad, and executive officers of the Western lines are to investigate the matter. The allegation is made that by means of arrangements with scalpers the St. Paul line has been getting more than its share of the passenger business from Pacific Coast points. General Passenger Agent Heafford of the St. Paul says that every passenger carried East over that line has to pay the full tariff rate. He says that he courts the closest investigation into his methods.

Lackawanna's Great Storage Plant.

The largest coal storage plant ever built on the Dodge system is in course of construction in Scranton, Pa., for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad. It will have a capacity of 110,000 tons and will be so constructed as to afford facilities for additional storage capacity should the necessity arise. The two "conical piles" will each have a capacity of 50,000 tons and the base of each of these piles will be 312 feet in diameter.

Nursing Mother: My baby is fretful and cross, and I am nervous and restless and I can't sleep well, what I eat does not seem to nourish me.

Doctor: Madame, you require a gentle stimulant. Take DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY, a teaspoonful in a glass of milk every two hours, it will insure refreshing sleep and your nerves will be strengthened and your baby will become healthy and strong. All druggists and grocers. $1.00 a bottle.—*Adv.*

INCIDENTS OF THE BOER WAR.

Zulu Chief's Criticism of Buller—Games During the Siege of Ladysmith.

LONDON, April 6.—Some interesting paragraphs on unusual incidents of the war come from the front. Bennet Burleigh sends the following criticism passed on Buller's methods by an old Zulu chief who had fought against the British under Cetewayo:

"'What do you thing of the fighting, William? It was at Spearman's, after Spion Kop, Vaal Krantz and the rest, William was questioned. The old negro groaned and wearily rolled his head and eyes about for a minute or so before answering. 'Umph,' said William, 'Zulu, when he fight, he give Boer no rest; he no wait for things; he go all night, all day. Zulu don't mind what he eat Zulu give Boer no time make ready; he beat him and kill him, every man. Your generals from England, they no sense make fight. They sit down, one day, two day, three day. Then he fight, one day, two day, and then he go away again. Your soldiers, I see thousands of them everywhere. They go 'bout, all day doing nothing, no fight. While they go 'bout, Boer come make plenty big holes back of hill; then you can't get him out. Damned foolness. Oh, your generals from England, no sense make fight. Zulu, when he can't fight here, there, he go around him Boer (indicating with his fingers) this way, that way, and gives rascal no rest.' and old Willie groaned again in spirit and flesh. The conversation really took place, and this is but an outline of the Zulu Othello's criticism of British methods."

Here is an account of a fight within a fight, written to his father by a Natal volunteer: "There was a funny incident during the fight at Colenso. The Irish Fusiliers were making their way toward the Dutchmen's left flank, amid a terrific rifle and shell fire, and at one spot they halted for cover and a little time to regain breath. Here two of the men quarrelled, stood up amid the singing around them of hundreds of bullets, had a regular set-to with their fists, with their comrades looking on, and, when the best man won, they coolly resumed their march to the river front, well satisfied with their little interlude."

The same writer speaking of the Irish soldiers says: "I have had many conversations with men of the Irish Brigade, and found them, strange as it may seem to their Home Rule friends, extremely patriotic, devotedly loyal to the Queen, and intensely resentful of any doubt of their love and loyalty toward her Majesty. I chanced to have a copy of a disgraceful cartoon issued by one of the Dublin weekly papers, depicting Irish soldiers dragged by the scruff of the neck into battle by their officers. This I carried to the front, and showed to a party of Irish privates. It would have shocked you to hear the curses which they heaped on the heads of all those who were responsible for that cartoon. It is as good as a tonic to get into conversation with the 'Dubs' (Dublin Fusiliers). After the battle of Colenso there were only about 400 of these gallant soldiers left, and these were sent back to Frere. Having regard to their terrible losses, it was decided that the remnant—all that was left of the Dublin Fusiliers—should remain at Frere to keep open communication. When told of this, however, on parade they became like a crowd of madmen, and vowed that they must be in the very front. The ruction was so great that they had to have their way. That's the spirit in which the remnant of the 'Dubs' went forth again to try con