

MORE SHIPS FOR CHINA

Admiral Kempff Sends an Urgent Call for Re-enforcements.

GRAVE PERIL AT TIEN-TSIN.

An International Force Despatched to the Relief of the City.

The American Consulate Burned—Still No Word From Pekin or Admiral Seymour—Li Hung Chang Promises Peace—Admiral Kempff Directed to Send All the Ships and Men Needed From Manila—Instructions to Gen. MacArthur to Hurry the Departure of the Ninth Regiment—Other Troops Ordered to Be Got Ready for Shipment to Take Anxious in Washington as to the Fate of Minister Conger and Other American Residents in Pekin—Assurances From European Powers That Their Only Purpose Is to Restore Order in the Empire

WASHINGTON, June 22.—In a despatch received by the Navy Department to-day Rear Admiral Kempff at Taku called for reinforcements of ships and men to protect American interests in China. He said that he was in urgent need of them. Instructions were accordingly sent by the Navy Department this evening to Rear Admiral Remy at Manila to send to Kempff the reinforcements he wants. Just what ships and the exact number of men to go are details that have been left to the discretion of Admiral Remy. The Department's instructions to Remy show how seriously the Government regards the situation in China, as the fleet in the Philippines and the marine battalions ashore there have already been reduced to a number which Remy believes to be almost too small to properly perform the work with which the navy has been intrusted in the archipelago. His orders to send reinforcements to Kempff are said to be imperative, however, and must be executed with dispatch. Remy's reputation for promptness in meeting emergencies is such that the Department feels assured that he will do what is required without any attempt to parley.

More American soldiers are to be sent also. As a result of a discussion of the Chinese situation at the Cabinet meeting to-day, a dispatch was sent to Major-Gen. MacArthur at Manila, which, while inquiring as to his ability to furnish more troops for service in China, contained what amounted to directions to get additional soldiers ready for shipment to the mouth of the Tai-Ho. The Government has become satisfied that the Boxer troubles will not blow over easily and is prepared to go to extremes to protect the lives and property of Americans in China. Artillery is deemed necessary for a successful march to Pekin; and it is understood that some batteries will be sent to Taku by Gen. MacArthur. Another telegram sent to MacArthur directed him to make a special effort to get the Ninth Infantry off for China at once. In his despatch of June 18, MacArthur said that owing to the existence of a typhoon, the Ninth would not be able to sail on the transports Logan and the Port Albert until the 24th. It is hoped by the War Department that the urgent instructions sent will result in the departure of the Ninth from Manila to-morrow.

The Government is as ignorant to-day of the exact situation at Pekin and Tien-Tsin as it was ten days ago, when Minister Conger's last telegram was received. Admiral Kempff's despatches have conveyed little definite news and much dissatisfaction is displayed by officials with the phraseology of those that have come. There was some talk about the alleged obscurity of language at to-day's Cabinet meeting, complaint being made that Kempff had neglected in the telegram received yesterday to say whether Chinese Imperial troops or the Boxers or foreign ships were bombarding Tien-Tsin.

The Navy Department declined to make public any part of the message which came from Kempff to-day, although it probably contained some news which the American people would like to know. Officials indicated to-day that something additional had been received from Kempff about the situation, but they declined to say what the news was, confining themselves to more references to Kempff's alleged obscurity of language. In all this uncertainty and anxiety as to the fate of Minister Conger and other American residents of China, the Government took some comfort to-day from the important information conveyed by the French Embassy to the State Department, that the French Government has received assurances that the Powers would not make use of their military and naval forces in Chinese territory for any other purpose than to restore order and protect foreign interests. This news was particularly gratifying to the State Department, as it had, coincidentally with France, taken the initiative to secure such an avowal from the European Powers and Japan. Anxiety over the prospect of a break-up of China, and perhaps war between some of the nations concerned, had been considerably allayed by the announcement of the French Government, but the opinion is pretty general in official circles that old-time Chinese methods will not survive the present trial. It is too soon to predict with any degree of certainty what the outcome of the Boxer troubles will be, but men in official circles are willing to venture the opinion that the Chinese throne will never again possess the absolute power that it has wielded for so many centuries.

The Government authorities say that they know practically nothing of what is going on in China. It is evident, however, that a degree of anxiety is being displayed by officials that approaches the necessary reserve as to the movements of the army and navy in the war with Spain. With thousands of people in this country interested keenly in the fate of relatives and acquaintances among the American diplomatic and consular officials, sailors and marines, and the large missionary contingent from the United States, from the Government as to its activities and its representatives in the Celestial Empire. Some officials in authority here even

declined to say whether their despatches contain news of occurrences in China. Naturally the Government has its reasons for not making public its instructions to military and naval officers in the East, although knowledge that everything possible is being done to save the lives of American citizens in China would do much to relieve the minds of those who have relatives and friends in that country, and there are parts of messages from Admiral Kempff and other officials which concern questions of policy that may properly be deemed confidential, but from the way in which public officials in Washington draw into their shells when approached for information of a news character about conditions in the Orient, one would suppose that the American people had no right to know whether their fellow citizens were being massacred or had been rescued, or whether the Government was doing its duty, as it unquestionably is, toward American citizens in China.

"It is a remarkable situation," said an official to-day, speaking particularly of the unconfirmed rumors about conditions at the Chinese capital. "Pekin has dropped out of sight as completely as if it had never existed. That the Government has not had a word of definite news from that place for more than a week in these days of progress and telegraphy is more than remarkable. I cannot recall in all my experience such an extraordinary state of things." The Chinese Minister, Wu Ting-fang, went again to the State Department to-day in his automobile to ask for news and to tell Secretary Hay that he had received official information, not, however, from Pekin, that more of the Yangtze Valley provinces were quiet, and that the authorities were able to suppress any uprisings against foreigners.

Mr. Goodnow, Consul General at Shanghai, telegraphed the State Department that two British cruisers had arrived there, but he did not tell their mission.

CHINESE DEFEATED AT TIEN-TSIN.

They Shelled the Foreign Settlement and Were Attacked by a Mixed Force. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. LONDON, June 22.—In the House of Commons to-day the Right Hon. William St. J. Brodrick, Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said that no news had been received from Pekin or from the expeditionary forces under Admiral Seymour. News by runner from Tien-Tsin of the date of June 18, which reached Taku yesterday, said that several attacks had been made and repulsed. On June 17 the Chinese shelled the foreign settlement. The Chinese military corps was then attacked by a mixed force of 175 Austrians, British, Germans and Italians. They destroyed the guns and burned the colleges, killed one of its defenders, and killed one of its defenders. The four heavy field guns of the Russians did excellent service. The British had 1 killed and 5 wounded, the Germans 1 killed, the Italians 2 wounded and the Russians 7 killed and 5 wounded. The Chinese during the night of June 17 tried to seize the bridge, but were repulsed with loss, including, it is reported, one General.

Mr. Brodrick went on to say that the British Rear Admiral at Taku, Bruce, telegraphed last night that information from Tien-Tsin on June 20 was to the effect that fighting was going on and that reinforcements were required. Another telegram came to-day which came by way of Chefoo this morning said: "I am hoping that Tien-Tsin will be relieved to-night (June 21). No news has been received from Admiral Seymour. The terrible this morning landed 302 officers and men, and 298 men of the battalion of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers and engineers."

Mr. Brodrick expressed the belief that various other bodies of troops would arrive in a day or two, if they had not been landed already. He added that the Government had made arrangements to supplement very considerably the force which was now under orders to proceed to China.

LI HUNG CHANG PROMISES PEACE.

Before Going to Pekin He Asks the Powers Not to Send More Troops to China. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. LONDON, June 22.—A despatch to the Standard from Berlin says that the Chinese Envoy has received a telegram from Li Hung Chang stating that he left Canton for Pekin Friday. In his telegram Li Hung Chang pledges his word for the early restoration of peace and order in all the revolted districts. He requests the Powers not to send reinforcements to the far East, since this would render his difficult task much harder, and he could not in that case guarantee the prevention of fresh attacks on foreigners by the already excited mobs. Moreover, it is clear, he says, that the reinforcements will probably not reach China before the suppression of the rebellion.

The Envoy communicated the despatch to Baron Riehoffen of the Foreign Office, who in a long conversation expressed satisfaction over the arrival of the telegram, which he said he would immediately transmit to Emperor William and Foreign Minister Bulow, who are at Kiel.

A despatch to the Daily News from Shanghai, dated Thursday night, says that a resident of Tien-Tsin writing on June 15 reports that the American Consul delivered a telegram from Chefoo at 11:30 last night stating that the gunboat Nashville had arrived from Taku with thirty-three missionaries from Pei-Ta-Ho.

Pei-Ta-Ho is the best known summer resort in north China. No missionaries are stationed there regularly, but a number spend the summer at the place.

Additional details regarding the capture of Taku forts show that the Russian warship Korzenitz was the credit of having exploded the great magazine inside the forts.

The British warship Centurion was the only large British vessel which ventured to bombard the forts by means of firing over the smaller foreign vessels participating in the engagement.

French Consul Safe. M. Francois Starts From Lang-Chow for the Coast Under Chinese Protection.

Paris, June 22.—The Foreign Office has received a cable despatch from M. Francois, the French Consul at Lang-Chow, who complained a few days ago that he was practically a prisoner, saying that he was no longer detained and that he had started for the seacoast under Chinese protection.

Boxers Murder a Ringing Engineer. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. LONDON, June 18.—The Berlin correspondent of THE SUN telegraphs that it is announced there that Otto Ossewa, chief engineer of the Pekin and Hankow railway, has been assassinated by the Boxers.

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THE GOVERNOR GOES HOME

SAYS HE WILL DROP POLITICS AND REST FOR A WEEK.

Called on Senator Platt and Had a Friendly Talk—His Ride With a Republican Livyman at Richmond Hill—Woodruff Says He's Not Seeking the Governorship. Gov. Roosevelt called on two invalids yesterday at the residence of Senator Platt at Richmond Hill. One of the invalids was Senator Platt, and the other was Jacob A. Riss, the author, who is recovering from an attack of agonia pectoris at his home in Richmond Hill, Long Island. The Governor took breakfast with Gen. Francis V. Greene at the Union League Club, where he stayed on Thursday night. The breakfast was ordered for 8 o'clock, about an hour before that the cards of two or three friends, who called to offer their congratulations, were taken up to the Governor. Before the first callers had their arrival and he was compelled to hold a reception for about two hours on an empty stomach.

After breakfast the candidate for Vice-President and Gov. Roosevelt walked down to the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Mr. Roosevelt stopped in the lobby for a few minutes to greet two or three friends, and then went around to a publishing house and bought the "Life of Charlemagne."

When he returned to the hotel a crowd began to gather about him to shake hands and offer congratulations. He finally broke away and went up to call on Senator Platt. During his call Gov. Roosevelt had a long conversation with the Senator in regard to the situation as it is affected by his nomination for Vice-President. The Governor seemed to be very much pleased over his nomination. He and Senator Platt had a very cordial talk. Chairman B. B. Odell, of the Republican State committee, and Gen. Greene were both present and joined in the discussion. Somebody had started a story that the Governor and Senator Platt had quarreled. Chairman Odell said that this was all nonsense and that they were as friendly as ever. When Senator Platt was asked whether the question of a Republican nomination for Governor came up during the talk, he replied that it did not, and that it was much too early to discuss that question yet awhile. Asked whether Gov. Roosevelt would resign, Senator Platt said that he would not, and that there was no reason why he should. A report had been started that the Governor would resign and that Lieut-Gov. Woodruff would assume the duties of Governor in his place. Some of Mr. Woodruff's friends declared that this would make him the logical candidate for Governor. Mr. Woodruff, when he was seen in regard to this report, said that he had been a candidate for one high office this year and that that was enough for any man. He added that he did not intend to be a candidate for any other office.

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NEW AND SHIPS FOR CHINA.

European Powers Increasing Their Forces in the Far East.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. PORTSMOUTH, England, June 22.—The Admiralty has ordered the six able seamen and 400 marines to start for China on June 30.

VIENNA, June 22.—A second war vessel, the cruiser Maria Theresa, has been ordered to sail for China immediately.

ROME, June 22.—The cruisers Vitor Pisani, Siroli and Vesuvio, with 1,600 men will sail for China in a few days.

YOKOHAMA, June 22.—The Russian cruiser Rurik sailed yesterday for Taku. Japan is making preparations to take care of the wounded sailors and soldiers of all nations.

CALCUTTA, June 22.—Fourteen transports will be used to convey troops to China. All except six of them are now in port. Gen. Gaselee, who will command the Indian troops, will sail with his staff on the last steamer leaving June 30.

BERLIN, June 22.—The Emperor yesterday visited the gunboat Luchs and addressed the crew. He said that he had intended to send the vessel to America, but the Chinese troubles had caused him to order its return to Europe.

VIENNA, June 22.—The Austrian transport Vitor Pisani and the cruiser Maria Theresa, with 7,500 tons respectively, conveying two detachments of marines, will also shortly sail. It is expected that they will take forty days to get to Taku. The marines will be clothed in khaki.

MISSIONARIES RESCUED.

The Nashville Leads Thirty-three Americans From Pei-Ta-Ho to Taku.

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LONDON, June 22.—A despatch to the Central News dated Shanghai, Friday, 11 A. M., says that the American Consul delivered a telegram from Chefoo at 11:30 last night stating that the gunboat Nashville had arrived from Taku with thirty-three missionaries from Pei-Ta-Ho.

Pei-Ta-Ho is the best known summer resort in north China. No missionaries are stationed there regularly, but a number spend the summer at the place.

Additional details regarding the capture of Taku forts show that the Russian warship Korzenitz was the credit of having exploded the great magazine inside the forts.

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HANNA GETS BIG CHECKS

Three Utah Men Who Voted for Bryan in '00 Sent Him \$150,000.

PHILADELPHIA, June 22.—United States Senator Hanna did not go away to-night as he expected to do. There was an informal meeting of the sub-Executive Committee of the National Republican Committee, but nothing of importance was done. State Senator Chris Magee of Pittsburgh and David Martin had a talk with the national chairman to-day, but none of them would say what was talked about.

Three wealthy Utah men have given Senator Hanna \$150,000 for campaign purposes. They are Heber M. Wells of Ogden, Thomas Kearns of Park City and Charles E. Loose of Provo. Four years ago they gave \$25,000 each to the Democratic fund and voted for Bryan. This year they will vote for McKinley and Roosevelt.

Kearns is the owner of the Silver King mine at Provo, and his income is \$75,000 a month. Loose is Vice-President of a bank at Provo, and he has an income of \$50,000. Both were ultra silver men.

"Just to make atonement for what we have done," said Gov. Wells to-day, "we have sent our checks for \$50,000 each to Chairman Hanna as our contribution to the campaign."

MAN HUNT FOR GOV. TYLER.

Experiment to See Whether Penitentiary Bloodhounds Would Track a Fleeing Convict.

RICHMOND, Va., June 22.—Gov. J. Hoge Tyler and the Board of Directors of the Virginia Penitentiary are convinced of the efficiency of the bloodhounds kept at the State farm to keep in subjection the hundreds of convicts engaged in tilling the soil there. The Governor, accompanied by the directors, made a trip to the farm yesterday and a man hunt was arranged immediately in his honor.

One of the foot-foot convicts was turned loose and started on a circuit of the farm. The pack of bloodhounds was soon baying at his heels, while the Governor and his companions followed the chase on horseback. The negro ran until his breath gave out and then climbed a convenient tree, up which he remained until the keeper of the dogs came along and chained his pets. The Governor was much pleased with the chase.

Since the bloodhounds have been kept on the farm no attempt has been made by any of the convicts to escape.

DIED OF A KISSING BUG'S STING.

He Had Just Recovered From the Bite of a Battsake When Stung by the Bug.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., June 22.—Charles M. Ward of Livingston Manor, Sullivan county, while at work in the woods near Cook's Falls, cutting wood, a few days ago, was bitten on the hand by a big rattlesnake. The hand and arm immediately swelled to twice its natural size. The physician at that place is a specialist on the bites of reptiles, and under his treatment the patient was improving, when he was stung on the same hand and in nearly the same place by a kissing bug, and died in a few hours. The physician says that his death was caused by the sting of the kissing bug. Evidently the sting of the kissing bug is more dangerous than the bite of a rattlesnake.

CRUSH AT RUSSELL SAGE'S OFFICE.

Street Heard That He Was Lending Money on Real Estate.

There was a mild sensation in the neighborhood of Russell Sage's office at 31 Nassau street yesterday. In the real estate news of yesterday's newspapers was an item to the effect that Mr. Sage had lent \$200,000 to a mortgagee at 6 per cent on property at 120th street and Lexington avenue. Rumors that Mr. Sage was lending money in large quantities on bond and mortgage brought shoals of brokers to his office who offered stocks and mortgages as security for the loans. Mr. Sage was so crowded with them and they overtook into the hall and made it difficult for people to get to the elevators. The crowd was convinced after awhile that Mr. Sage was not seeking any further investments and hurried away with looks of disappointment. Evidently the sting of the kissing bug is more dangerous than the bite of a rattlesnake.

NEELY'S CUBAN PRINTING.

It Was Sent to Havana Under a Fictitious Name—Marks Removed From Boxes.

MUNCIE, Ind., June 22.—Ross H. Cowan, President of the Neely Printing Company, does not deny that work done for the Cuban Government by orders from C. F. W. Neely in his printing office was shipped to Cuba under a fictitious firm name, that of Ross H. Cowan Printing Company, but asserts that he had a right to do so. Mr. Neely was a resident of Muncie, Ind., and he does not like a trip to Cuba at this season of the year, extradition papers will not be necessary to get him there for a hearing.

Employees of the company have made the statement that fictitious names were used in the shipment of the printed matter from the office to Cuba, and all marks were carefully removed from the boxes to prevent detection of the fact that the printing was even done in Neely's home city, much less by his company.

LIU-GOV. M'INNES REMOVED.

Canada's Governor-General Ends the Deadlock in British Columbia.

OTTAWA, June 22.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier announced at the opening of to-day's session of Parliament that the Governor-General had removed Mr. McInnes from the Lieutenant-Governorship of British Columbia. Sir Henri Joly was this morning sworn in to succeed McInnes. The latter had been in office since the resignation of the British Columbia dead-end in the Dominion Cabinet had been reconstructed by the late Premier, Michael Edris Brainerd, a member from Quebec province. Minister of Indian Revenue in place of Sir Henri, who leaves for British Columbia on Monday.

ALARM OUT FOR JOE POLLIO.

Was the Family Pet and Must Have Been Abducted, His Uncle Says.

Police Albert Serafino of 208 Grand street had a little alarm sent out last night by his six-year-old nephew, Joseph Pollio, of 108 West street. The boy went out to play on the street on Thursday afternoon, he said, and nothing had been seen of him since. His father was well-to-do, and the lad was the family pet. He would run away, and his uncle, "We are positive that some one has abducted him and is holding him until a reward is offered for his return."

INDIANAPOLIS.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 22.—The local authorities received word from Washington to-day that the Secretary of War had donated twelve brass cannons to be placed in the park, where the monument to Gen. Henry W. Lawton is to be erected. The cannons are among the pieces captured by Gen. Lawton and the Twenty-third Infantry and, as soon as the site of the monument is fixed definitely in Military Park and the contract for the erection of the monument awarded, the cannon will be brought here and placed in the park.

The Seratogs Limited.

Commencing to-day, leaves Grand Central Station every Saturday at 1:30 P. M.; other week days at 12:15 P. M., returning at the same speed. The Empire State Express and stopping off at Troy—Ad.

TO CUT A SLICE OFF NEBRASKA.

A Sheriff Watching Farmers Who Want to Take Their Land to South Dakota.

STOCK CITY, Ia., June 22.—A mob of fifty farmers who had started to cut a channel for the Missouri River at Beneger's Creek, ten miles north of Sioux City, are confronted by a posse sent there by Sheriff Siles of Dakota county, Neb., and a fight between the two parties may occur. If the farmers succeed they will rob Nebraska of 27,000 acres of fertile land and add it to the area of South Dakota.

At the back the tortuous Missouri flows fifteen miles in reaching a point only 100 yards distant from its present channel above and all the land included in its great bend would be cut off by the ditch the farmers want to dig. All the farmers on the neck are interested in having the Missouri cut across lots at that point. Last fall the farmers' efforts to this end were made, but were frustrated. To-day these efforts were renewed. Among the members of the posse that hurried to the scene, heavily armed, were bankers and business men of Jackson, Neb., who do not want the change made.

GOT A CONVICT TO OPEN THE SAFE.

State Treasurer of Kentucky Had to Use a Robber to Get His Strong Box Open.

FRANKFORT, Ky., June 22.—The inside steel safe of the State Treasurer was forced open this morning by a convict now serving a term in the Frankfort Penitentiary for safe blowing. He did the work under the watchful eye of State Treasurer Hager and State Inspector Limes. Frankfort mechanics have been drilling and chiseling on the safe for three days without making any progress, so the morning session of the penitentiary was devoted to asking for the services of a professional crackman. Frank Simmons, who was sent up from Floyd county, was selected to do the job, and in less than twenty minutes after he entered the room the safe was open and the contents exposed to view. Simmons offered to blow it open with dynamite without injury to the safe or building, but his offer was declined.

MUIR GLACIER SHATTERED.

The Sea Off the Alaskan Coast Blocked With Ice Broken Off by an Earthquake.

TACOMA, Wash., June 22.—Tourists and other passengers who were aboard the steamer Queen on Sitka report that debris from the Muir Glacier, the sea end of which was destroyed by an earthquake, blocked the sea for a distance of twenty-five miles. Capt. C. A. Heekman, a passenger on the Queen, gives a graphic account of the condition of the glacier. He says:

"The glacier was disintegrated when we got within fifty miles of the famous ice river to see the whole sea blocked with miniature mountains of ice. We threaded our way slowly through this ice sea until we got within about five miles of where the face of the glacier had been. Here everything was a confused jumble. The glacier had disappeared and in its place was only a broken mass of ice mountain high. It was impossible to get any further in."

£30,000 FOR A REYNOLDS.

Lady Cockburn's Portrait Sold to Mr. Beit.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. LONDON, June 22.—Reynold's famous painting of Lady Cockburn, which was recently in the National Gallery, but which, after a lawsuit, was restored to the Hamilton family, has been purchased by Mr. Beit, the South African millionaire, for £22,000.

MICHAEL CAVANAGH DEAD.

He Was a Poet and Historian and Prominent in the Fenian Movement in 1848.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Michael Cavanagh, one of the best known Irishmen in the country, poet and historian, died yesterday at his home in New York City. He was 72 years of age. He was a member of the Fenian Brotherhood and was prominent in the Fenian movement. He was at one time Private Secretary of John D. Long, the former Fenian politician, and was also Secretary of the Fenian Brotherhood from 1864 to 1866. One of his daughters, Mrs. Cavanagh, was a member of the Fenian Brotherhood and was prominent in the Fenian movement. He was at one time Private Secretary of John D. Long, the former Fenian politician, and was also Secretary of the Fenian Brotherhood from 1864 to 1866. One of his daughters, Mrs. Cavanagh, was a member of the Fenian Brotherhood and was prominent in the Fenian movement.

BOY KILLED; MOTHER INJURED.

Results of a Trolley Accident in Fulton Street.

BROOKLYN, June 22.—A four-year-old negro boy, was run over and killed shortly after 6 o'clock last evening by trolley car 1283 of the Gates Avenue line in Brooklyn, and his mother, Susan Sanders,