

PAST GREENLAND.

Peary Goes Beyond Most Northerly Known Land.

WILL MAKE DASH FOR POLE.

Mrs. Peary's Story of Her Husband's Great March.

The Explorer Reached 82 Degrees 50 Minutes North, the Highest Latitude Ever Attained in the Western Hemisphere—Accurately Defined the Northern Coast of Greenland—Conditions Unfavorable to Go On—Found Mrs. Peary on the Windward at Payer Harbor on May 6—Had Spent Many Months Ice-Bound Within 250 Miles of Her Expedition—The Steamer Erik With Mrs. Peary and Her Daughter Reached North Sydney.

NORTH SYDNEY, C. B., Sept. 13.—The Arctic steamer Erik from Cape Sabine, Ellesmere Land, reached this port to-day. Everybody on board is well. We left Mr. Peary at Herschel Bay Camp on Aug. 29. He had succeeded in rounding the northern limit of the Greenland archipelago, the most northerly known land in the world, probably the most northerly land. He expects to spend the winter at Cape Sabine and push north toward the pole in the spring.

Mr. Peary reached the Windward at Payer Harbor on which we, his family, had been for eight months imprisoned in the ice, at dawn on May 6. He came just as he did to the Kite, nine years before from his inland ice march. For eight months ignorant of each other's presence, we had been within 250 miles of each other, Mr. Peary at Fort Conger and at his meat caches fifty miles west in the Lake Keenan country and the Windward and our party at Payer Harbor, a mile or so south of Cape Sabine, where we were finally stopped at the end of August, 1900.

Mr. Peary brought us first news of his great march of a year before which took him over the most northerly land of the globe to the highest latitude ever gained by an American, along an unknown coast 100 miles beyond Lockwood's farthest north. Mr. Peary finally and accurately defined the northern coast of Greenland, all the way round to Independence Bay, which he had planted his country's flag nine years before.

Mr. Peary, with Matt and five Eskimauz, left Etah on April 15, 1900 and on May 8, having in the meantime sent back in parties of two each, four of the natives, opened Lockwood's, furthest north (82°30'25") camp of 1892 and substituting matter of his own, pushed forward with Henson and the other Eskimauz, to 82°50', where he found that the coast turned sharply to the eastward. Striking out due north from this point for the pole, he was able to advance but a short distance to 83°20', before he met the moving disintegrated pack, a mass of broken ice and open water, which made further progress in that direction impossible.

Returning to the land he resumed his eastern march along 83°20' W. and continued until about 83° N. 25° W. he recognized the left hand of the evidence of a continental shelf, which he had seen from Navy Cliff at the head of Independence Bay. There he rested for two days, waiting in vain for fog to lift and reveal further features of land and sea, but unfavorable conditions continuing he laid his homeward course along the outward track and arrived at Fort Conger on June 15 with men and dogs in good condition.

Mr. Peary sends full and carefully detailed chart of his newly-discovered country to the Peary Arctic Club with the suggestion that nomenclature and publication be deferred until completion of his work and return home.

The new coast shows marked change at the farthest north and the bold headlands and deep fjords are succeeded by a low, rolling for shore, with traces of glacial action, and at the evidence of a continental shelf. The likeness of this Greenland coast to that of Grinnell Land west of Cape Hecla is marked and points clearly to similar conditions of land and sea and suggests that it is the littoral of the true Arctic basin.

Musk oxen, bear, lemming and hare were killed and a wolf seen and fired at in the new country and indications of animal life, isolated probably from southern latitudes, are seen in the vicinity of Cape Hecla, the only remaining available route. The start from Conger, with the same force, was made on April 15, exactly a year from the departure of the south Greenland expedition, but ten days in the field demonstrated that men and dogs were not in fit condition, and that it would be hazardous if not hopeless, to proceed. Mr. Peary therefore decided to return to Fort Conger and begin immediately work on an expedition for the spring of 1902, his first step being a trip southward to learn if possible what the light might depend on, regarding the auxiliary ships of 1900 and 1901.

Four busy months followed. The Windward broke out of the ice on July 3, and after a month's successful work in English Gulf among the walrus, in which 175 were killed and skinned, at about 100 miles from the coast, the expedition was joined on Aug. 4 by the Erik, the ship of 1901. The total cargo consists of both ships is 180, or about twice that of the first expedition, and includes, with most and skins of forty deer, are already available for next spring's work.

Mr. Peary has established his headquarters for the winter at Payer harbor, where the Windward was stationed. Heavy ice from Kaituma prevented the Erik from reaching the new base, and after four days of vain and anxious effort, Mr. Peary and his party, including his faithful Eskimauz with their lighter supplies, were disembarked at a temporary camp in the shelter of a bay, on Aug. 29. When he expects in a few weeks to transfer to his permanent base not more than ten miles distant.

The Windward, with Messrs. Sorenson and Wornath as passengers, is following us, but neither ship has news of the Fram. Our winter on the Windward was monotonous, but comfortable, our coldest being but 40 degrees below. Once we had a close call by rafting ice, threatening to drive the Windward on the rocks, but the ship righted herself on the next tide. No serious illness, accident or mishap of any kind has befallen any of the parties in the field or on ship, and my husband, at our parting at Herschel Bay Camp on Aug. 29 was in the best of health and full of confidence that he will succeed in the task which he has set for himself for next spring. My purpose now is to rejoin him in the Windward at Cape Sabine in August next and return with him to the States.

JOSEPHINE DERBETZCH PEARY. Mrs. Peary's letter to H. L. Brigham, President of the Peary Arctic Club, which Mrs. Peary refers to, is in part as follows: "CONGER, April 4, 1901. "MY DEAR BRIGHAM: It gives me great pleasure to present to the club the results of the work of 1900. The rounding of the northern limit of the Greenland archipelago, the most northerly known land in the world, probably the most northerly land. (2) The highest latitude yet attained in the western hemisphere (83 degrees, 50 north). (3) The determination of the origin of the so-called polarisyrde ice (floe berg), &c. Considering that I am an old maid, have one baby and only three teeth, and that my starting point was Etah, I feel that this was doing tolerably well. It is almost a thousand years since Erik the Red first sighted the southern extremity of the archipelago, and from that time Norwegian, Dutch, Danish, Swedish, Englishmen, Scotchmen and Americans have crept gradually northward up its shores, until, at last, through the instrumentality and agency of the club, its northern cape has been lifted out of the Arctic mists and obscurity. It seems fitting that this event, characterized by Sir Clements Markham as second in importance only to the attainment of the Pole itself, should fall in the closing year of the century. If I do not capture the Pole itself in this spring's campaign, I shall try it again next spring.

DAYTON, SAYS TAMMANY HALL

WIGGAM'S GUESS AS TO FUSION'S CHOICE FOR MAYOR.

Men From Fourteenth Street Said Yesterday There Was a Deep-Laid Plot to Spring Him as the Candidate—Friends of Philbin and Low Still Very Active.

The Tammany men are taking a good deal of pains to keep themselves informed as to the proceedings of the members of the anti-Tammany conferees these days, and yesterday they said that they had an explanation of the apparent indecision and lack of purpose on the part of the conferees that showed they were playing a deep political game. According to these Tammany sources of information there is a plot connected with the selection of the anti-Tammany candidate.

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ARRESTED FOR FORGERY

Stagg is Accused of Signing Artist's Name to Letter Asking for Money.

Louis Stagg, 42 years old, who lives at the Criterion Hotel, Forty-first street and Broadway, was arrested by Central Police Detective MacKenzie and brought yesterday on a charge of forgery. The complainant is Homer Davenport, a newspaper artist.

F. G. Cutter, a stenographer at the Criterion, was employed by Stagg to copy his letters. One of them, addressed to F. Augustus Heinze, 31 Nassau street, said (Office Detective MacKenzie and having yesterday on a charge of forgery. The complainant is Homer Davenport, a newspaper artist.

Stagg says that he formerly lived in California, and that he had been arrested by the Pacific Coast. Of late, he says, he has been traveling through Europe, supporting himself by newspaper and magazine correspondence.

NEW G. A. R. CHIEF. Judge Verrance of Minnesota Elected the Head of the Order.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 13.—The proceedings of the G. A. R. annual convention were out short today in consequence of the news that President McKinley was dying. In deference to the head of the nation it was decided to refer all business to the new Council of Administration, elect officers and adjourn. This order of affairs caused Gen. Dan Sickles to withdraw his name from the contest for commander-in-chief.

Yielder of the Roman Catholic Church in the city, and there is another who could not poll votes among the workingmen in the city at large. The other officers elected were John McKeever, Washington, D. C., senior Vice-Commander; James O'Donnell, Illinois, Junior Vice-Commander; W. R. Turley, Ohio, Sergeant-At-Arms; J. H. Pennington, Pennsylvania, Chaplain.

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SAVED BY W. K. VANDERBILT, JR.

RESCUES FOXHALL KEENE FROM DROWNING AT NEWPORT.

They Were Upset in a Canoe in the Surf Head Struck Mr. Keene on the Head and Made Him Helpless—Mr. Vanderbilt Brought Him to Safety.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 13.—William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., today acted as a lifesaver. In a rough sea he saved Foxhall Keene from a watery grave. The incident occurred at the Spouting Rock Beach, where the society people gather, and happened at a time when the beach was crowded with the cottagers. Some of the cottagers kept canoes at the beach and during the afternoon, launch the boats in the surf and make short trips. As yet no accidents have happened.

This morning it happened that Foxhall Keene, who is prominent in all kinds of sports, especially in automobiling, nearly met his death. Mr. Keene and Mr. Vanderbilt appeared on the beach with a canoe. There was a high surf running at the time and they had some difficulty in launching the craft and getting into it. Finally they were aboard and started to paddle out through the surf which was rolling in a continual sea of foam.

At first everything went well, but when they had got out about seventy-five yards from the beach an unusually high wave upset the frail craft and the occupants were spilled into the sea. The crowd from the beach sent up a cry, but they did not anticipate that each polling clerk at a booth were good swimmers. They soon came to the surface, but those ashore saw that Mr. Vanderbilt alone was helping himself. Mr. Keene seemed to be dazed and made no attempt to swim.

Mr. Vanderbilt took in the situation at a glance and was soon by the side of his companion, and, putting one arm around him, set out for the lifeline, calling for assistance as he went. Swimming Master Haver was soon on the scene, and the two finally got to the lifeline where they held Mr. Keene's head out of water. They were not in deep water at the time, but the high surf made it difficult to do anything, and when the lifeline reached them, both Mr. Vanderbilt and Mr. Haver were well exhausted.

Mr. Keene was put in the lifeline and was soon landed on the beach and later was taken home. It seems that after the canoe upset something hit Mr. Keene in the head, stunning him and he was powerless to help himself. It is supposed that a heavy wave dropped the canoe on his head. It is fortunate that Mr. Vanderbilt was with him, and all who saw the affair say that except for the prompt work of Mr. Vanderbilt, Mr. Keene would surely have been drowned.

MRS. BOWERS FINED \$2. Woman Who Ran Away With Young Pullman Slapped Maid's Face.

Mrs. Louise Bowers, the woman who ran away from Chicago in April, 1900, with George M. Pullman, son of the railroad car inventor, was a prisoner in Jefferson Market police court yesterday charged with the same offense. She appeared at the police court in answer to a summons obtained by her former maid whose face she was accused of slapping.

The maid, Minnie Sanders, told the magistrate that the alleged assault occurred in a little five-story structure in the rear of Mrs. Bowers' flat at 207 West Twenty-second street, where Mrs. Bowers has her apartment. Last Tuesday evening the mistress ordered dinner served on the roof of her little house. The maid was to carry the dinner from the kitchen to the roof.

The maid said that Mrs. Bowers had been sitting at the table and she had been talking to her. Mrs. Bowers had been talking to her. Mrs. Bowers had been talking to her. Mrs. Bowers had been talking to her.

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TO FORM A BRYANITE PARTY.

Call Issued for a Convention to Be Held in Kansas City.

Call for a convention to organize a new independent political party have been issued to the "true Bryan Democrats" and to the Fusion Populists. The convention is to be held at Kansas City on Sept. 17, 18 and 19. The call to the Bryan Democrats says that "the reorganizers" are in control of the Democratic party machinery and that the only way to get a reform fight in 1902 and 1906 has been cast aside by that party and that it is drifting back to Clevelandism.

The call issued to the Fusion Populists says that the experience of the last few years has taught the futility of fusion with any political party not in perfect accord in principle. It also refers to "the said mistake" made in the St. Louis Convention in 1892.

The Fusion Populists' call is signed by J. H. Cook, chairman of the State Committee of the Fusion Party, and by J. H. St. Louis, also chairman of the Fusion State Committee of Missouri. The call to the "true Bryan Democrats" is signed by Dr. J. H. St. Louis, also chairman of the Fusion State Committee of Missouri.

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MANY WAITING FOR CROKER.

LANDLORD OF NEW YORK DUE FROM ENGLAND TO-DAY.

Crowd of Tammany Men Have Arranged to Go Down the Bay to Meet the Landlord and Have an Early Word With Him—His Plans Not Known Here.

The Tammany men think that there is no doubt about the arrival of the Landlord on this morning, for they think that no steamship would dare to be late when she is bringing back to his possessions the landlord of New York. If the ship is as late as to make a mistake and have a mishap on the way, there will be trouble for her and for the skipper, for the Tammany men will not accept any excuses, and they may have the gullies in the streets. Deputy Commissioner of Police Devorey is not at her pier on time. They rather resent that she did not get in last evening, but then they know that her usual time of arrival is on Saturday mornings, and they are willing to forgive her that.

The regular announcement was made yesterday that there would be no reception to the Landlord of the pier, but that there would be a gathering of the most important of the tenantry at the Tappan and Tappan Clubs in the afternoon and evening, at which all the matters that have arisen and attracted attention since he went home to England would be discussed. This means that as many of the Tammany men as get passed will be on the pier, that there will be a further gathering outside the lines, and that there will be a grand powwow at the club.

This poor institution has been almost deserted since the landlord went to England, and there is a hungry look of longing about the club and its members, who wait long for the time when it will be filled with the men who do the landlord's business. They will be on hand as soon as he turns up, and they will be glad to see him, and he will punish those who have not done as they were told. If ever the time comes when the Croker crowd is not in control of the Tammany organization there will be a great many talebearers who will be looking for new jobs.

The Tammany men hired a tug yesterday to go down the bay, but as there was no hope of the vessel getting up until this morning, they had the craft lie up for the night at the club, and this morning this morning the police boat Patrol will take Deputy Commissioner Devorey and John P. Carroll and some of the other officers of the Hall down the bay to meet the ship, but it is not expected that Mr. Croker will leave her until she has reached her dock.

It is thought that he may take a few days off to get a rest and a full report of the present condition of affairs in the city before he takes his place at the head of affairs in the City Hall.

CORONER DELAP DEAD. His Indictment for Extortion Hastened His Last Hours.

Coroner George W. Delap of Brooklyn died yesterday. His home is 63 Herbert street, after a long illness. His death had been expected since Tuesday when he was brought from his summer home at Woodmont, L. I. to Brooklyn. Just before his removal to the city the doctors held out no hope of recovery and it was at the Coroner's request that the transfer was made.

The last rites of the Roman Catholic Church were administered by the Rev. Edward J. McLaughlin at the residence of the Coroner. Delap became unconscious and so continued until his death at noon yesterday. His widow and relatives were at his bedside when Dr. Charles Newman pronounced him dead.

He was a son of the late Peter Delap, who recently died after a large fortune. He was graduated at the University of New York. He established a practice as a physician in Williamsburg and entered actively into Democratic politics. In the fall of 1892 he received the nomination for Coroner and was elected. He was arrested on July 26 last, accused of extortion. The specific case on which District Attorney McLaughlin indicted him was the Grand Jury next Monday. Coroner Delap having been indicted by the Rev. Edward J. McLaughlin, a widow of 21 children, with a large family, killed herself with carbolic acid last spring. He was insured for \$500 and Coroner Delap is alleged to have told her that if she paid him \$100,000 he would take the insurance. Mrs. Lentz, it is said, received the \$500 from the insurance company and she alleged that she turned over \$100,000 to Coroner Delap. Mrs. Lentz was supported by an affidavit from Coroner Delap and an affidavit by William Lewis of 62 Congress street, who testified that he had seen Coroner Delap and that he had seen Coroner Delap and that he had seen Coroner Delap.

DEATH OF EDWARD G. WARD. Superintendent of Schools in Brooklyn and a Veteran Teacher.

Edward G. Ward, Superintendent of Schools in Brooklyn, died yesterday morning at Buffalo while on a visit to relatives. There was a recurrence of intestinal trouble from which he had long been a sufferer, and he failed to rally from an operation performed at a hospital on Wednesday.

Mr. Ward was born in the Eastern District of Brooklyn 35 years ago and had been teaching school for several years. He was first employed in a school in Hoboken, and while still a very young man became principal of Grammar School No. 11 in Jersey City. He was instructed in mathematics in the Normal School in Jersey City, when he accepted a call to Brooklyn as principal of Public School No. 16.

ALABAMA NEW CONSTITUTION.

Democratic Fight Against Its Ratification to Begin at Once.

Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 13.—The fight against the ratification of the new Constitution was begun to-day by the Hon. Jesse F. Stallings, former Congressman from the Montgomery district and a formidable candidate for the Governorship last year. In an interview Mr. Stallings declares that he is ready to take the stump against ratification. He was here to-day on his way to Birmingham, where the Democrats who oppose the new Constitution will have a meeting to-morrow as a preliminary to a formal organization. It is understood that Gen. Charles M. Shelby will manage the campaign. He was for many years a member of Congress and has been a leader of the Democrats in Alabama. He has conducted several campaigns as chairman of the Campaign Committee of the State Democratic Party. There is to be a great political battle, involving all the offices in Alabama.

600 STRICKEN FROM LISTS. Justice Traux Orders Wholesale Purging in Seventh Assembly District.

At the request of Franklin B. Miller, Justice Traux of the Supreme Court has issued a writ directing the Board of Elections to strike from the enrollment lists of the Seventh Assembly district the names of nearly six hundred persons alleged to be improper voters. These names were taken from former Alderman Joseph T. Hackett for the leadership of the district and he charged that the acknowledgments sworn to by the supposed voters were forged and that in many instances the names of the persons were also forged.

On the application of Mr. Hackett the names of the men were struck from the rolls on the ground that they had not made acknowledgments before a notary.

COLLEGE A CONSTANT FAKER. The Brooklyn Democratic Club Fails to Intereze Him.

At a meeting of the Brooklyn Democratic Club on Thursday night a resolution commending Comptroller Bird S. Cole as a candidate for Mayor was laid on the table. The friends of the Comptroller, who had been working hard for several days to have him endorsed by the club, were much chagrined over the result. Mr. J. E. Eastman, in opposing the resolution, said that Cole was a constant faker. He is after the Citizens' Union nomination and the regular Democratic nomination. He is neither for you nor against you. He talks a good deal, commencing his political work and the working for your pocket all the time,