

STREETS SNOWBANKED AGAIN.

ONE MORE OF THE PROCESSION OF WINTER NORTHEASTERS.

Intended to Drop a Foot of Snow on 19, but Gave us Half in Water—Such should Freeze Up Tuesday—The Woodbury Street Brigade Hard at It Again.

The Atlantic coast from Maine to Maryland was fringed yesterday with snow and sleet, the snow varying in depth from 3 to 10 inches.

Another scientific, transcontinental cyclone that swung ashore from the North Pacific five days ago, and travelled swiftly down to Texas was passing by, with a centre over the ocean. There seems to be a general desire that it may be the last of the remarkable procession of northeasters that have snowed and rained on us this winter.

It was central of this coast yesterday afternoon, sending Forecaster Emery's anemometer spinning at a forty-nine-mile rate at 2 o'clock. At 8 o'clock last night the storm centre was off Block Island, where the wind was blowing a gale.

It was a cyclone of even less than the usual diameter, but it was almost a record breaker for speed. In a matter of half an hour it had travelled between 4 A. M. and noon.

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LEONARD LEWISOHN DEAD.

Leading Financier a Victim of Pneumonia.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, March 5.—Leonard Lewisoahn of New York, banker and copper operator, died here at 6 o'clock this morning at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. C. S. Henry. Mr. Lewisoahn was on his way to Carlsbad for a course of the baths. He caught cold on the steamer and this developed into pneumonia, which caused his death.

Leonard Lewisoahn was born in 1848 in Hamburg. His father was the leading ostrich leather importer of Germany. When he was 16 years old young Lewisoahn went to Montana and opened the Boston and Montana mine. There were no railroads in the State then, but they came quickly afterwards. Others followed, and Lewisoahn was the first to see the value of the value of mining properties, and he was regarded as the pioneer in the development of the Montana copper interests.

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Mr. Lewisoahn was the head of the banking house of Lewisoahn Brothers, which grew out of his importing operations. He was also President of the Amboy Railroad Company, Vice-President of the Great Falls (Mont.) Street-Railway Company and the Tennessee Copper Company. He was also a member of the American Smelting and Refining Company, as well as of many minor corporations.

Lewisoahn Brothers were heavy dealers in the stocks of the Lewisoahn family. His death caused much disturbance in the coffee market here and abroad. Recognizing the influence the news would have, the firm sent a note from Lewisoahn to the Coffee Exchange yesterday just before the opening saying that the death of Mr. Lewisoahn would not in any way affect the firm's dealings in coffee.

The Metal Exchange suspended operations for the day out of respect to Mr. Lewisoahn as soon as the news was announced. Experts said they did not think the Lewisoahn death would have any effect on the market. Mr. Lewisoahn was a member of the Synagogue Bnai Jeshurun, and was a generous contributor to many charities. In 1890 he founded the Sheltering Guardian Society, \$50,000 to the Montefiore Home, \$50,000 to the Jewish Seminary, and \$100,000 to the Young Men's Club.

Mr. Lewisoahn left nine children, of whom Frederick, Walter and Jesse are well-known business men. Several of the family live at the Lewisoahn home, 14 East Fifty-seventh street, where Mr. Lewisoahn lived during most of his life in New York.

Obituary Notes. Rufus K. Polk, Representative from the Seventeenth Congress district of Pennsylvania, dropped dead yesterday at the Hotel Walton. He had been suffering from pneumonia for several days. He was a native of Tennessee and was born on August 10, 1832. He graduated from the University at a mining engineer. He served as a First Lieutenant in the war with Spain. He was a delegate-at-large from Pennsylvania to the National Convention of the Republican Party in 1896. He was elected to the Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh Congress. His home was in Danville, Pa. He was interested in the manufacture of iron and steel.

Signor Antonio Farini, a famous music teacher, died in Milan, Italy, a son of Count Farini, at the time Minister of the Interior, and had been in the city for several days. He was a native of Italy and had been in the city for several days. He was a native of Italy and had been in the city for several days.

Adolf F. Bradick, senior member of Thurston Hall and George L. Willard, who died yesterday at the Colonial Club, of which he was a member, was a native of New York. He was a member of the Colonial Club, of which he was a member, was a native of New York. He was a member of the Colonial Club, of which he was a member, was a native of New York.

Mrs. Mary Susan Vose Howes, Woman's Suffrage advocate and one of the best-known workers in the cause, died in Somerville, in that State. She was married to Andrew Howes in 1848. She was one of the delegates to represent Massachusetts at the Christian Temperance Union Convention in London in 1895.

Cornelius P. Evans, the millionaire brewer of Pittsburgh, died yesterday morning in his sixty-third year. His death was due to a contraction of the malarial fever. He was a member of the National Board of Health and held many positions of responsibility. He was a member of the National Board of Health and held many positions of responsibility. He was a member of the National Board of Health and held many positions of responsibility.

Henry Martin, aged 70, a wealthy manufacturer who revolutionized the brick manufacturing industry, died in New York. He was a member of the National Board of Health and held many positions of responsibility. He was a member of the National Board of Health and held many positions of responsibility. He was a member of the National Board of Health and held many positions of responsibility.

Coney Island Attraction Wrecked by Storm—Came From Buffalo Exposition. The storm yesterday afternoon blew down a large two-story building in course of construction in Tillyou's Steeplechase Park, Surf Avenue and West Seventeenth street, Coney Island. The damage was \$10,000. The building was owned by Frederick Thompson of Buffalo and had recently been removed from the Buffalo Exposition, where it housed an optical illusion called "A Trip to the Moon."

Liners Wait a Little for the Snow. The American liner Philadelphia and the White Star steamship Oceanic were an hour or so late in sailing yesterday because of snow, and fog covered the bay. Mrs. M. and Mrs. William S. Lehr, Mrs. P. Kernochan, Mrs. Stuyvesant, Fish, Mr. and Mrs. William Mackenzie, Francis J. Otis, George Platte, President of the North German Lloyd Line, Mr. and Mrs. Louis G. Webb, Dr. H. Wiegand, Director-General of the North German Lloyd Line, sailed by the Oceanic.

Central Trains 1 to 5 Hours Late. Trains at the Grand Central Station were from one to five hours late last night owing to the storm. The Empire State Express, due at 10 o'clock, did not get in until after 1 o'clock this morning. Sections of the Southwestern limited were about four hours behind time.

Two Feet of Snow in the Alleghenies. PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 5.—The heaviest snowstorm of the season has western Pennsylvania in its grip to-night. About twelve inches of snow fell in the city, and in the higher parts of the Allegheny Mountains two feet is said to have fallen in sixteen hours.

NIXON, HOMING, FACES TROUBLE

KEATING MUST GO, IS SAID TO BE THE NEXT DECREE.

Look Out for Sheehan, Is the Warning Cry to Him Who Thinks He Can Set 'Em Up or Pull 'Em Down—Might by Misadventure Lose the County Committee.

Lewis Nixon will be home to-day, unless the snow interferes. He comes home to face a lot of trouble. He has told his friends that he intends to rid Tammany Hall of all the unpleasant men who are in control of its policies now, with the exception, probably, of those who have the personal backing of the Hon. Richard Croker.

Mr. Nixon's friends say that the resignation of Maurice F. Holahan as leader of the Twenty-fourth Assembly district was the first of several resignations that he intends to force, and that one of the next to feel the weight of Mr. Nixon's hand will be the Hon. James P. Keating, ex-Commissioner of Highways, and the present leader of the Twentieth Assembly district.

Mr. Keating is one of the old warhorses of Tammany Hall and he will not go without a fight. He took the Democratic Club "dress suit" era in politics as a permanent thing, and plunged into the social vortex after a long experience of plain, hard work. He has had trouble in his district ever since James P. Corrigan is one of the men mentioned as a possible candidate against Keating at the next primaries.

The situation is complicated by the fact that John Duffy, a former Tammany man, has gone over to the Sheehan Democracy, and will make a fight for the control of the delegation from the district this fall. Mr. Duffy has a great many friends, and in the event of a three-cornered fight he would be able to win out.

Mr. Nixon has also put John Sprunt Hill to run against John P. Sexton in the Nineteenth district. He has other plans, but he may change them when he gets here, as soon as he lands he will be told that in every district where he puts two men against each other, a man who will count as a Sheehan man will win the control of the delegation to the County Committee and the delegates to the State Convention.

Mr. Sheehan has a great many friends among the present leaders of the county convention and the friends of the county convention and the friends of the county convention. Mr. Sheehan has a great many friends among the present leaders of the county convention and the friends of the county convention.

Chinese Kill French Officer. The Revolt in Nanning—Prince Ching Gives Dinner to Ministers. PEKING, March 5.—M. Beau, the French Minister to China, who is on his way back from Tongkin, telegraphs that a French officer has been killed in the vicinity of Tugchou.

Gen. Su Yuen Chun has been ordered to return to Nanning in the hope of pacifying the rebels at that place. The rebellion broke out after Gen. Su Yuen Chun left. Prince Ching gave his first dinner at his extensive palace in the Northern City last night. His guests were all the foreign Ministers, Sir Robert Hart, Imperial Commissioner of Maritime Customs, and Bishops Favier and Jardine.

Yuan Shih Kai, the Viceroy of Chili, arrived here from Peking yesterday to arrange for the journey of the Court to the eastern tombs. This is the most important ceremonial function of the court, and the cost of carrying it out will be equal to the amount necessary to construct a railway for the entire distance of fifty miles.

Chile and Argentina Agree. Won't Wait for the Arbitrators' Report, It is Said. SANTIAGO, March 5.—A despatch from Valparaiso to the Daily Mail says that semi-official efforts are proceeding and are encouraged by Chilean politicians to arrange a direct settlement of the Chilean-Argentine boundary question coincidentally with a general disarmament of both nations. It is believed the scheme will succeed.

The Mail says it has received information in London that the foregoing is of considerable importance. Notwithstanding the fact that the survey by the British arbitrators is proceeding, it intimates that there is a possibility of the countries mutually agreeing and jointly arranging that their agreement shall be adopted as the arbitrators award.

British After Cuban Trade. Chambers of Commerce to Ask "Most-Favored-Nation" Treatment. LONDON, March 5.—A conference of representatives of the Chambers of Commerce of London, Liverpool, Manchester, Belfast, Edinburgh and other places has resolved to take immediate action to maintain the "most-favored-nation" treatment for Great Britain in regard to Cuba.

Every chamber in the United Kingdom will be invited to send delegates to a deputation that will visit Lord Lansdowne, the Foreign Secretary, on Tuesday next, to lay the matter before the Government.

Cholera Not Epidemic at Canton. HONG KONG, March 5.—There is no truth in the alarmist rumors of an epidemic of cholera in Canton. An English physician there reports that there is no epidemic among the natives and there have been no foreign cases since the death of Capt. Baird last Friday.

Imperial Tobacco Company's Plan. LONDON, March 5.—The published statement that the Imperial Tobacco Company will hereafter buy tobacco in the United States through its own agents has caused consternation among the middlemen. Hereafter the company has made its purchases through jobbers in England.

President Loubet's Visit to Russia. PARIS, March 5.—The Figaro says that the Czar has sent an autograph letter to President Loubet requesting him to fix a date for his forthcoming visit to Russia. President Loubet will probably arrive at Kronstadt on May 25, and will remain in Russia four days.

ROYAL Baking Powder. Is the most economical thing in the kitchen. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

APPROVE GOV. TAFT'S PLANS. Manila Citizens Stalled With His Programme for the Islands. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. MANILA, March 5.—The citizens here generally support Gov. Taft's attitude in stating that a military force of 15,000 men will be sufficient for the archipelago and asking for a 75 per cent. reduction on Philippine imports into the United States, and the non-exclusion of Chinese skilled labor for the islands.

The military authorities report the surrender of five insurgent officers, two influential leaders and thirty-five riflemen in the Province of Batangas. President Ampil of Cainta, Province of Morong, who was recently kidnapped by ladrones, has escaped from his captors and has returned, accompanied by a majority of the missing members of the constabulary who went in search of him.

PAID THE PRINCESS'S BILL. Cecil Rhodes Wanted to Get Mid of the Radziwill Woman. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, March 5.—The Cape Town papers which arrived here to-day contain details of the trial of Princess Radziwill on the charge of forging the name of Cecil Rhodes to a number of notes for a large amount. Mr. Rhodes testified that he met the Princess at a dinner in London.

FINNISH PRESS GAGGED. The Russian Governor Suppresses Another Leading Newspaper. ST. PETERSBURG, March 5.—Gen. Bobrikoff, the Governor of Finland, appears to be determined to deprive that country of its native press. A few weeks ago several Finnish newspapers were suppressed totally or temporarily. The Governor has again started on this crusade and has suppressed one of the most important journals in Finland altogether and suspended another newspaper for three months.

GOOD NEWS FROM BALDWIN. All of the Explorer's Party Well Last August—His Plans. BIRMINGHAM, March 5.—The London correspondent of the Post telegraphs that the United States Government has communicated to the Marquis of Lansdowne, the Foreign Secretary, cordial assurances that it welcomes the Anglo-Japanese alliance in regard to the Far East.

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ONE ARMY FOR THE EMPIRE.

BRITISH WAR OFFICE HAS AN IMPORTANT SCHEME.

Conferences to Be Had With Colonial Representatives at the Coronation—Details of Plan of Which Mr. Brodrick Gave a Hint to the House of Commons. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, March 5.—A despatch from Portsmouth to the Evening News says there is reason to believe from information received from a trustworthy source that the most important military scheme known in English history was fresh-ordered by Secretary of State for War Brodrick in his speech in the House of Commons on the army estimates yesterday, when he said:

"I trust it may be possible that an arrangement may be made by which the whole forces of the empire would be available in case of a war in which the whole empire would be involved. An opportunity for conferring with our colonial friends on this subject will occur at the time of the coronation."

The correspondent says that from what can be gathered Great Britain and Ireland would produce and equip six army corps, three of which, representing with their cavalry brigades a force of 150,000 men, would be prepared to take the field in defence of the colonies or for action against a European Power. This would leave an equal number of men for home defence, besides the militia, yeomanry and volunteers allotted for coast and garrison defence.

This scheme is said to arrange for India to provide one army corps from its various provinces. South Africa would raise two army corps available for service anywhere and Australia two. New Zealand and Canada would each be marked to furnish four militia corps, wholly available for use if required.

According to the correspondent, the scheme provides for the largest army in the world. An article by Dr. Mutzdorff is published and attracts much attention. It shows a large increase in cancer cases in 1902. Statistics which support the idea that persons of advanced age are chiefly afflicted. They show that the disease attacks its victims earlier than formerly. Dr. Mutzdorff adds that although women are still more liable than men to contract the disease, the relative immunity of the latter is decreasing.

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The Globe-Wernicke Co. 320-322 BROADWAY, COR. WHITE ST. OUR REMOVAL. To the above address from 330 Broadway gives us larger, more convenient and better lighted quarters. This means that we can serve our customers better, more intelligently and with greater facility. If interested in up-to-date office and library conveniences give us a call. "Elastic" Bookcases, Decks, Chairs & Tables, "Elastic" Filing Cabinets, Card Index Systems.

GERMANY SEEKS CANCER CURE

Budget Committee of the Reichstag Votes Money for the Work.

Berlin, March 5.—The Budget Committee of the Reichstag to-day heard a Government representative on the subject of cancer investigation. Various physicians had submitted statistics of 12,000 cases. These seem to demonstrate positively that cancer is not hereditary. On the other hand the disease is doubtless contagious. There are certain districts where there is constantly recurrent contagion. The disease is never traceable through plants, but can very often be traced through animals, especially dogs and cats, which are frequent sufferers from the disease. Horses and cattle seldom suffer from it.

The Government will now establish a cancer research branch in Berlin, devoting two departments of the charity hospital to the treatment of patients. In addition to this 150,000 marks annually for three years are guaranteed from private sources for the cancer institute at Frankfurt-on-the-Main under Prof. Ehrlich, whose studies and experiments the Government hopes will result ultimately in the discovery of a certain cure. The committee voted the credit the Government asked to promote investigation.

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SERBIAN REVOLT A BLUFF?

LEADER KILLED AND HIS FOUR COMPANIONS PRISONERS.

Alleged Plot to Restore the Karageorgevitch Dynasty Said to Have Been Engineered by the Present Government—The Tragic End Not Expected. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. BELGRADE, March 5.—A despatch from Vienna to the Neue Presse says that M. Alvančio, a member of the Karageorgevitch family, made an abortive attempt yesterday to revive that dynasty. Alvančio, who was attired in the uniform of a Serbian General, led Mitrovitch with a suite of four and took a boat to the Serbian frontier, where he induced the customs guard to allow his party to enter.

While Alvančio was endeavoring to win the gendarmier over, Capt. Nikolic ran up, Alvančio fired a shot at the captain, but missed him. Capt. Nikolic then drew his revolver and fired at Alvančio, killing him instantly. The members of his suite were arrested.

It is believed here that the Alvančio incident was arranged by the Serbian authorities for the purpose of placing the Karageorgevitch party in a ridiculous light, the tragic sequel not being foreseen or intended. The madness of five non-entities in aiming to overthrow the dynasty is otherwise inexplicable. Prince Karageorgevitch, who is now in Geneva, telegraphs that Alvančio was neither a relative nor a partisan of his.

LONDON, March 5.—A news agency despatch from Belgrade confirms the Vienna story about the attempt of M. Alvančio to revive the Karageorgevitch dynasty and his death at the hands of Capt. Nikolic. It locates the scene of the affair at Shabata, a town on the Save, fifty-six miles west of Belgrade.

The Karageorgevitch family has not been in power since 1858, when Alexander Karageorgevitch was compelled to resign as Prince of the Serbians and was expelled from the country. The family came into power in 1867, when Prince Karageorge (George), who, beginning life as a peasant, gathered his own claim about him in insurrection, drove the Turks from the country, and got his name recognized as Prince of the Serbians. He had Black George murdered, and, after a long fight against the Turks, was declared Prince, and in 1830 obtained permission from the Sultan to have that title reserved to his family.

After the Obrenovitch family had held the title for two generations, however, the Serbians elected Alexander, the son of Prince Karageorge, as King of the Serbians in 1882. Prince Karageorge died in 1884, and the rule of the Karageorgevitch family ended.

CONDEMN'S LIBERAL BOLTERS. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman Says Their Action Delights the Enemy. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, March 5.—Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, addressing a party meeting at the National Liberal Club to-night, unhesitatingly condemned the new Liberal League, founded by Lord Rosebery, Herbert Asquith, and Henry Fowler and Sir Edward Grey. He likened the new organization to Mr. Brodrick's army corps, to which officers were gazetted although the troops were not in sight.

Sir Henry said he had repeatedly deprecated sectional organizations within the party. Organized differences produced antagonisms and paralyzed honest work. He was no true friend of Liberalism, however pure and high his motives, who lent encouragement to such proceedings. (Loud cheers.) Whatever might be the opinion in the Parliamentary lobbies he knew he was speaking the mind of the party in the country.

If members of the party associated themselves in open hostility to the central organization it was the latter's plain duty to fight them with all the power and energy it possessed, but they were assured, and he was willing to believe, that this was not the case in the present instance. The new society announced that it was working on parallel lines for identical objects. Why, then, in the name of sense, should they not work together?

He confessed that he was bewildered. There were no personal differences and no ground for rivalry and jealousy. He could not believe that such vital differences of principle existed in the party as would justify the action of the new association. Such action could only injure the cause of Liberalism and delight nobody but the common enemy.

The times were not propitious for their views. It would be a hard struggle to accomplish the triumph of liberal principles, but it would be accomplished by marching bravely and steadily forward shoulder to shoulder and never by forming groups and leaving the main highway of meeting effort to tread some little by-ways.

The meeting was in cordial and enthusiastic sympathy with the speaker. Earl Spencer, the acting Liberal leader in the House of Lords, in the course of a speech at Eastbourne to-night, expressed great regret and