

SERVICES FOR CECIL RHODES

TO BE HELD IN LONDON: STATE FUNERAL IN CAPE TOWN.

Rhodes' Three Reasons for Organizing the Jameson Raid, as Told in His Own Words—Effect of His Death Appreciated in London Markets.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. LONDON, March 27.—A memorial service for Cecil Rhodes will be held in St. Paul's Cathedral on April 3.

A despatch from Cape Town says that the Government of Cape Colony has decided to give Cecil Rhodes a state funeral. A service will be held in the cathedral at Cape Town on April 3, and the body will then be conveyed for burial to the Matopos Hills in Rhodesia.

The exchange Telegraph Company's Cape Town correspondent is the authority for the report that one of Rhodes' last utterances was: "So little done! So much to do!"

CAPE TOWN, March 27.—A post-mortem examination of the body of Mr. Rhodes revealed that he had an extensive aneurism of the heart. The body has been placed in a coffin. The surgical operations to relieve dropsy prevented its being embalmed.

The remains will lie in state at Groot Secur from Saturday till Monday, and the public will be admitted to view it. Thereafter it will be removed to the House of Parliament, whence it will be borne in procession on Thursday to the cathedral where services will be held.

Then it will be conveyed by special train to Kimberley and from there to Bulawayo, and thence to the Matopos Hills. Mr. Rhodes selected the place for his interment during his last visit to the hills, and he gave definite instructions to Mr. Baker, an architect, regarding his wishes.

The place of burial is beneath a natural cairn of giant boulders on the summit of a kopje adjoining the one where Major Allan Wilson's force made their last stand against the Matabeles in 1893, when Major Wilson and all his party were killed.

The date of the actual interment is uncertain owing to its being necessary to make a road from Bulawayo to the place of burial. There is now only a bridle path running there. This work, which will occupy a month, was begun to-day.

RHODES' REASONS FOR THE RAID. LONDON, March 27.—Cecil Rhodes never publicly avowed the reasons why he organized the Jameson raid. They are now set forth in his own words by one of his biographers, who quotes Mr. Rhodes as saying:

"There were three reasons. In the first place, I found that old Kruger was an insuperable obstacle to the union of South Africa, even for commercial purposes and for the development of the country. I tried him in every way I could on what you may call Afrikaner principles, but it was of no use, and so long as he ruled the Transvaal the brake was put on all progress in South Africa."

"The second reason was that there was an English-speaking minority opposed to Kruger, but at least as much opposed to setting South Africa under the British flag. That was then a small minority, but a growing one, and I left to develop it would have become a majority. When I came to get rid of the British flag, I had bailed the policy for which I had struggled all my life—to make South Africa an integral part of the British Empire."

"The third reason was: You cannot make revolutions in these days without money, and I had at my command at that time a fortune which I could use to support me whom I might never be able to get together again."

LONDON MARKET QUOTE. The death of Cecil Rhodes had little effect on the London market. The opening of the tone was quiet. Mr. Rhodes' death had been discounted so long that the effect was hardly appreciable. The market was quiet, although the South African mining section was naturally depressed.

At 10 o'clock there were few brokers present in the City. The market was quiet. Five minutes later a small crowd gathered. Most of them were black tie and had inquired bonds on their hats. The first bid was at 100 for the Charter, and the price at 1030 1/2 having followed, and the price at 1030 1/2 being reached 13-17.

The De Beers mining and market opened without a tremor of excitement. FURTHER PRESS COMMENT. CAPE TOWN, March 27.—Commenting on the death of Cecil Rhodes, the Cape Times says: "To-day a great political and racial antagonism is merged in common sorrow. Both the English and Dutch, and even the native races, are united in a communion of grief and sympathy."

PARIS, March 27.—The Temps recalls the saying of Mr. Kruger that Queen Victoria, Cecil Rhodes, Lord Salisbury and Joseph Chamberlain would be their tombstones before the South African republics were incorporated as part of the British Empire. The paper thinks the Boers will regard the death of Mr. Rhodes as a divine judgment.

The Temps continues: "This wailer of continents and creator of empires, who desired to live in new territories by material benefactions, dies burdened with the responsibility of a frightful war. His career was stopped midway by moral force, which was the only force which Mr. Rhodes omitted to calculate."

BRUSSELS, March 27.—It is said that upon learning of the death of Cecil Rhodes, Emperor William immediately telegraphed a message of sympathy to King Edward. A despatch to the Times from Cape Town says that Mr. Rhodes' funeral will be held at Bulawayo, and that Mr. Rhodes' body will be taken to the Matopos Hills. The funeral will be held in the Matopos Hills, and the body will be taken to the Matopos Hills.

CHURCH INDEMNITY HONORS. Bestowed by China on Priests and Ministers. Some Decline Them. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

PARIS, March 27.—In accordance with Victoria Yuan shih Kai's memorial, the Chinese will confer the bottom of a mandarin of the first rank upon Bishop Favre and the Spanish friar on Bishop Darlan. Several priests will receive the bottom of a mandarin of the second and third rank.

In the Bay of Moria in the English Channel will be offered a third rank bottom, and it is believed that the only forces which Mr. Rhodes omitted to calculate.

Several of the Protestant ministers have already declined decorations. SEA COMMUNITIES OF INTEREST. Agreement as to Spheres of Work and Traffic Arrangements.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. LONDON, March 27.—At a meeting of the Hamburg American Steamship directors today the shipping lines and their respective spheres of work were discussed.

Mr. Chamberlain's Reply. LONDON, March 27.—The Government has decided to grant a pension to Cecil Rhodes' widow. The pension will be £10,000 a year, and will be paid for the remainder of her life.

PRINCESS RADIWILL'S TRIAL.

Evidence to Prove That She Forged Cecil Rhodes' Signature.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. From THE SUN Correspondent at Cape Town. CAPE TOWN, March 27.—The preliminary examination of Princess Radziwill on the charge of forging the signature of Cecil Rhodes to promissory notes was continued in the police court here to-day.

Evidence was given to the effect that the accused sent two telegrams from Cape Town to Kenilworth last August, purporting to be from Mr. Hawkesley, solicitor of the British South Africa Company, to Princess Radziwill.

Subsequently she induced a junior clerk in the Kenilworth office to write the word London as the office of origin of the word Rhodes instead of Cape Town, she erasing the name of the latter place. The accused gave the clerk 10 shillings.

These messages were then represented to the Princess as cablesgrams from Mr. Rhodes' solicitor for the purpose of showing that a bill for £2,000 was bona fide. This was after Mr. Rhodes had publicly repudiated in the press and by cable that he had signed any bills.

Further evidence was adduced showing that unsuccessful attempts were made by the accused to induce the manager of the Bank of Africa to discount a note for £5,000 purporting to have been signed by Mr. Rhodes. She also tried to get two other persons to discount similar notes for £5,000 and £3,000.

The accused was committed for trial on seventeen counts of forgery, fraud and retaining the telegraph key. She was admitted to bail in the sum of £5,000.

BOER PEACE NEGOTIATIONS. Hope Inspired—Good Friday Prayers That Peace May Come.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. LONDON, March 27.—A telegram from Kronstadt, dated March 25, says that only one of the Transvaal delegates has gone to meet Mr. Steyn, the nominal President of the Orange Free State. He was blindfolded and was then escorted outside the British lines under a flag of truce.

This was on Monday morning, and the delegate was expected to return with his escort the same evening.

All the delegates since their arrival at Kronstadt have lived aboard their train at the railway station, but it was their intention to occupy a private house in the town after March 25. They will probably correspond with their families.

LONDON, March 28.—The Daily Mail claims to have information that the negotiations in progress between the Boer leaders in South Africa inspire the greatest hopefulness. The absolute sincerity of Acting President Schalkburger and his colleagues is unimpaired. They will do their utmost to bring about a speedy settlement if Mr. Steyn will agree.

LONDON, March 27.—The Bishops of London, St. Albans and Rochester have appealed to their dioceses to specially pray on Good Friday "that both sides may be reconciled, that peace may come, and that God's mercy and peace may come." The appeal concludes: "We shall not forget that similar prayers are being offered in the Dutch churches at Pretoria."

OGDEN BONUS EXTENDED. Schemes of Both Tobacco Trusts Regarded as Failures.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. LONDON, March 27.—The Ogden Tobacco Company has extended indefinitely the time for customers signing the agreement with the American trust. The time given by the Imperial Tobacco Company expires on April 2.

It is understood that fewer than 5,000 of the 34,000 customers of the Imperial company have signed the agreement with that concern, and that only a few have signed the agreement with the Ogdens.

Speaking generally, 9,000 customers of both concerns have signed the respective agreements.

The bonus schemes of both companies are regarded as failures. Retailers expect that the Imperial company will either withdraw its agreement or amend it to make it more acceptable. The company, however, professes that its offer is final.

MR. DUKE'S DEAL IN FRANCE. Report That He Offers £11,000,000 for Government Monopoly.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. NEWCASTLE, March 27.—The Leader says it understands that J. B. Duke of the American Tobacco Company has offered France £17,000,000 for the Government tobacco monopoly, which at present yields £13,000,000 annually.

Mr. Duke, on behalf of the syndicate, guarantees this sum for five years by buying the Government stock and handing over bonds as security. The syndicate has also promised to retain the old soldiers and pensioners and others who are now employed in the tobacco kiosks.

It is also reported as certain that Signor Prineti will give proofs to France that the objects of the alliance are specific.

FOR A PIGEON TRUST. British and Continental Manufacturers May Combine.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. LONDON, March 27.—Referring to the reported attempt of British and Continental pigeon manufacturers to form a combination to maintain prices, the head of an iron firm is anonymously quoted by the Daily Mail as saying that he had been approached by influential men with the view of the organization of a trust.

The trust would include the Clyde, the Midlands and in South Wales, with the possible inclusion in eight others, the object being to combine with important mills in Germany, France and Belgium.

There was a lull for a fortnight ago, but the fact that the syndicate has the result of negotiations on the Continent are now being awaited.

WIRE STEALING TO ORDER.

TRAPS LAID FOR BOYS—POLICEMEN GET REWARDS.

Telephone Company Pays Out \$2,500 for Convictions So Obtained—Stool Pigeon "Blatant" Wire and Victims Are Punished Upon When They Start to Take it Away.

Eugene Fried, 19 years old, of 1718 East 157th street, and Thos. McHugh, 18, of 700 Tremont avenue, were on trial in the Special Sessions yesterday charged with stealing, on March 27, telephones belonging to the New York Telephone Company.

It is the course of the trial it was brought out that the wire was conveyed at about 8 o'clock that Saturday night to an excavation at 140th street and Bergen avenue. The Bronx, by an employee of the Telephone company, who partly covered it.

This done, an ex-convict named Schneider, who acted the part of a stool pigeon, got the two defendants to go with him to the spot where the wire was concealed. He pointed it out to the boys and offered them 35 cents each to take the wire for him to a junk shop. They took the wire and started away, when from behind a large fence Detective Burns from Police Headquarters made his appearance, and put them under arrest. Schneider was not molested.

Burns was on the spot owing to a telephone message he had received some time before from Lawyer E. J. Burroughs, who is employed by the Telephone company and who told him that the wire was about to be stolen.

Justice Hinsdale, Mayer and Wyatt who were on the Special Sessions bench, began at this point a series of questions which brought out the allegations that the telephone company has offered a reward of \$50 to the policeman who should get a conviction of a wire stealer and \$200 for the conviction of a receiver of stolen wire.

Mr. Burroughs was then called to the stand. He said that in the last few months he had paid out about \$2,500 to the police for such services.

"Didn't you ask these boys to plead guilty to this charge?" asked Lawyer Stecker.

"No," replied Burroughs, "but I did say that if they so pleaded, I would ask for a suspension of sentence."

"Why did you go over the heads of the local police and get help from headquarters in these cases?" asked Justice Hinsdale.

"Well," said Burroughs, "after something of the local police tipped off these things, Burns testified that wire stealers had had got \$100 from the telephone company for convictions of wire stealers. After his testimony Lawyer Stecker told the Justice that the company had a job. He said that a number of boys were now doing time after being taken in by such proceedings as had just been disclosed.

Justice Hinsdale said that the company with his associates, said concerning the methods used in the case against the boys.

"This theory is vicious from the beginning. It is not proper for the telephone company or a company's lawyer or a detective to have property placed as this was and then have an ex-convict decoy young boys into stealing it."

The defendants were then discharged. On March 17 W. H. Mahoney of 1317 East 146th street was arrested on a charge of wire stealing. Burns was the complainant and had been in conference with Burroughs that day. On March 20 Mahoney was sent to the penitentiary for nine months. His application is to be considered by Judge Cherry to have the case reopened with a view of getting the sentence revoked.

It is Police Department rule that policemen may not accept a bribe without permission from the Police Commissioner.

TO RENEW TRIPLE ALLIANCE. Significance of Meeting of Count von Bismarck and Signor Prineti.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. ROME, March 27.—Signor Prineti, Minister of Foreign Affairs, arrived at Venice this morning and conferred for an hour with Count von Bismarck, the German Chancellor. Afterward, the Chancellor took luncheon with the Minister and his wife.

Count von Wedel, the German Ambassador to Italy, and other distinguished persons.

Signor Prineti gave a dinner to Count von Bismarck and his family in the evening, after which the statesman had a further interview.

Reiteration of the statement that Signor Prineti's visit to Venice is merely one of courtesy is treated as a fiction and the utmost importance is attached to his interview with the German Chancellor. It is believed that they will result in a renewal of the Triple Alliance, Signor Prineti giving assurances which will allay the suspicion of the Italian Government.

It is also reported as certain that Signor Prineti will give proofs to France that the objects of the alliance are specific.

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THREE CHILDREN FOR \$1. Mother Sold Them, She Says, to Their Father Who Had a Wife—Wants Them Back.

Mrs. Celeste Mae Ousset, wife of Louis Ousset of 51 West Eighth street, this city, is trying to get back her three children whom she says she sold for \$1 to Emil C. Euvrard, a well-to-do manufacturer of artificial flowers at 180 1/2 street, West Hoboken, and she has obtained a writ of habeas corpus compelling Euvrard and his wife Marie to produce them in Chancery Chambers, Jersey City, next Monday.

Mrs. Ousset alleges that Euvrard lived with her for seven years and that he is the father of the children, Emily Marie Louise, 2 1/2 years old, Celeste Marguerite, 3 1/2 years, and Violet Blanche, 1 1/2 years old. He supported her and the children in Jersey City, she says, and at the same time provided for his legal wife, who is a dressmaker or milliner, at his West Hoboken home. She says that in violation of an agreement made when she surrendered the children she was a member of the Hudson River Republican County Committee, and was an unsuccessful candidate for Councilman-at-Large last year.

DOGGED HIS STEPS, HE SAID. Woman Who Followed Ludwig About Put Under Ban to Keep the Peace.

Oscar Ludwig of 124 East Forty-fifth street asked Magistrate Mayo in the Yorkville police court yesterday to place Miss Henrietta Reberfeld under bonds not to follow him in the streets. He said she followed him almost every time he left his home.

Ludwig is in the leather business in Greene street and Miss Reberfeld keeps a millinery establishment. It developed that the two once lived in the same boarding house and were very friendly.

The young woman declared that she did not purposely follow Ludwig, but just happened to be going along the street at the same time. Her counsel wanted her discharged, but the Magistrate held her for \$300 bail for her good behavior for three months. She got a bondsman.

TRIED TO BURN OUT ACTORS. Also Dramatists—Some Mute, Ingorious Jeremy Colter, Maybe.

The Tenderloin police are investigating what seems to have been an attempt to fire the four-story building at 114 West Fourth street early on Wednesday morning. The building is occupied, jointly by the Actors' Society of America and the American Dramatists' Club.

Only the janitor sleeps there. At 5:30 o'clock Wednesday morning he was awakened by the smell of smoke and found a pile of excelsior and paper burning under the door. He called the fire department and the door had been forced. George T. McIntyre, secretary of the Actors' Society, said yesterday:

"Some one certainly tried to burn the building. There is nothing of value there except the furnishings. Robbery couldn't possibly be the motive."

GROUT CANT CUT SALARIES. His \$30,000 Worth of Reductions Won't Stand, Says Justice Gaylor.

Supreme Court Justice Gaylor in Brooklyn handed down a decision yesterday in which he holds that Comptroller Grout has no power to reduce salaries, but must leave that to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment. George W. Walters, a clerk in the Bureau for the Collection of Taxes in Brooklyn, had a salary for seven years prior to last Jan. 1 of \$1,800 a year. Comptroller Grout cut this to \$1,500.

Walters asked for a writ of mandamus to compel the Comptroller to pay him the old salary. The application was granted. When Comptroller Grout took office on Jan. 1 he reduced the salaries of his department by some \$30,000.

INCREASES CAPITAL STOCK. The Canadian Pacific Will Issue Shares to the Value of \$10,000,000.

MONTREAL, Quebec, March 27.—By a formal resolution at a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, held to-day, the issue of 100,000 shares of the ordinary capital stock of the par value of \$100,000 and the method of disposing thereof, terms of payment and other details in connection therewith, were ratified.

The stock is offered to the shareholders at par, on the basis of 30 per cent of their respective holdings when the books closed for dividend in London on Feb. 18 and in Montreal and New York on March 3. The right to subscribe will expire at noon on April 2.

CATHOLIC AETAE HOBBIED. Gold and Silver Churches Stolen and Blessed Sacrament Thrown on Floor.

Two Catholic churches in Wilmington were ransacked on Wednesday night and in one the Church of St. Louis in Elder street, near North Broad avenue, of which the Rev. Julius Dillon is pastor, the churches emptied the tabernacle in the altar where the gold and silver chalice were kept and took the sacrament, valued at \$1,000. The tabernacle was struck over the floor.

The case lodged in All Saints' Church, Cambridge street, and the case lodged in St. Florian street were called. It is thought that the thieves were the same in both cases.

HUGE CROWD TO PARIS AND THE MISTERY. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LONDON, March 27.—Edward Hogg of Texas has gone to Paris and the mystery of his disappearance is being investigated.

GERMAN SHIP MANQUERIES. The Suspension to Cruise From April 26 to May 31 Under Prince Heintz.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. BRUSSELS, March 27.—The German Government has notified the Venezuelan Government that the steamer Bolivar will no longer be allowed to enter the British West Indian waters, especially Port of Spain, which she has been ordered to leave immediately.

U. S. STEEL BILL IS PASSED.

IT ENABLES THE COMPANY TO EXCHANGE STOCK FOR BONDS.

Stockholders' Rights Believed to Be Well Guarded in the Bill, Which Provides for the Exchange of Preferred Stock at 7 Per Cent. for Bonds at 5.

TRENTON, March 27.—The 126th session of the New Jersey Legislature ended to-night, after several important measures had been passed in the closing hours. Senator Reed's bill to enable the United States Steel Corporation to exchange preferred stock for bonds passed both houses to-day and was sent to the Governor for his approval. Senator Hudspeth renewed his objections of yesterday, but there was little serious opposition in either house.

The other Senators who yesterday opposed the measure said that they had investigated closely and had not found any dangerous clause lurking in it. They declared that the stockholders' rights were well safeguarded under the bill. The bill provides for the exchange of 7 per cent. preferred stock for 5 per cent. bonds.

The Senate passed the House bill giving the State Board of Children's Guardians control over all pauper children in the State, the measure having been reconsidered and passed after it was defeated in the House. The bill was opposed to the end by the New Jersey Children's Home Society.

A bill was introduced to-day and passed by both branches of the Legislature. The Attorney-General at \$7,000 as at present, in lieu of all fees. The bill was introduced at the instance of Senator McCarter, the recently appointed Attorney-General, who is not desirous of retaining certain fees heretofore paid the Attorney-General in connection with the revocation of charters. The law enables the fees to be turned into the State treasury.

A bill authorizing the introduction of voting machines was passed by both houses, and another appropriating \$50,000 for a hospital for consumptives. Another bill amends the Voorhees Franchise Tax act so that companies operating under a special charter shall not be exempted from its provisions.

A representative of the United States Steel Corporation said yesterday that the formal announcement of the corporation's plan to issue \$200,000,000 of preferred stock will raise \$200,000,000 of preferred stock and will raise \$50,000,000 of cash, would be made next week. The passage of the New Jersey Legislature of Senator Reed's act amending the General Corporation law of New Jersey, he said, would facilitate the bond issue scheme.

MRS. HAINES WILL TAKE STAND. Strong Testimony by Dead Witness at Her Trial for Murder of Step-Child.

MONEY HOLLY, N. J., March 27.—The State closed its case to-day in the case against Mrs. May L. F. Haines, on trial for the murder of her three-year-old step-daughter Gwendoline. The accused maintained the indifference she has manifested since the trial began. Judge Garrison admitted the testimony given at a preliminary hearing by Nellie Richards, a servant of Mrs. Haines, who has since died. Strongly positive of her testimony, she was taken and the admission of this was fought by the defense.

The woman swore that she had often seen Mrs. Haines beat Gwendoline and bump her head against the floor and wall without the slightest provocation; that when the child's body was covered with cuts and bruises Mrs. Haines would rub it with witch hazel, making the cuts sting, and she would then beat the child for crying; that she also stood the child in a corner with her hands strapped behind her back and beat her in the face until she fell for several hours; that she put the child's head under water and held it there until the baby was black in the face. The child's mother, a tipping regularly every morning and evening, these words, Mrs. Haines remarking that that was the only way to bring up a child properly. With this the prosecution rested its case.

Half a dozen witnesses were then called to testify to defendant's good reputation while she was a teacher in the public schools in this town. Two hundred and thirty disciples of Christ and United Brethren churches, who unite in an appeal to the Christian public of America to resist Mormon encroachments.

These secretaries assert that Mormonism still practices polygamy; that it invades property rights; that it seeks political power, not alone in the West, but throughout the country, to prevent the enactment of laws against it; that it is rapidly growing both here and in Europe, and that its advance threatens free government.

The statement is signed by Gen. Morgan, Bishop the Rev. Drs. Clark and Choate, and the Rev. Drs. Beard, Woodbury and Ryder, Congregational; Dr. H. K. Carroll, Methodist North; the Rev. Dr. R. L. Lamb, Methodist South; the Rev. Dr. C. L. Thompson, Presbyterian; the Rev. C. H. Poole, Reformed; the Rev. M. L. Smith, Disciples; the Rev. Dr. W. M. Bell, United Brethren and the Rev. J. M. Patterson.

THAT VOPEL PAWNTICKET. Policeman's Wife Says She Got It From Woman Whose Name She Does Not Know.

Mrs. Michael J. Murray, the wife of a policeman attached to the Charles street station, appeared yesterday in the Jefferson Market police court in answer to a summons to tell how she obtained a pawnticket belonging to Mrs. Kate Vopel, a well-known news-vender. With this ticket, Mrs. Murray attempted to redeem a watch chain last Saturday.

"I can only repeat the story I told Capt. Murray," said Mrs. Murray to Magistrate Jones. "I got the ticket from a woman who roomed in my house. She stayed six weeks and could only pay me for two weeks, but she gave me the ticket for the balance. If I knew anything more I'd surely tell it. This is the first time I ever got it."

Mrs. Murray did not know the woman's name. Her case was adjourned until to-day.

YOUNG ROGERS GOT MARRIED ON FEB. 3 and lives at 304 West 152d street. Since then his father, who is 62 years old, has lived at a Mills hotel. Once he was a man of considerable means.

He applied to Supt. Blair of the Outdoor Poor who wanted the son to contribute \$1 a week to the support of his father. The young man told Mr. Blair that he could give but \$1. The father reported after that that he was getting nothing and proceeded to sue the Rev. Dr. W. R. Lamb, Disciples, for \$50 a week and he says he can't live on it.

Judge McMahon said that if young Rogers did not give his father \$5 a week for his support he would be landed in jail and that he would be liable for the cost of his support. The old man was greatly distressed and made for an attorney. Just as he was getting in a another report attended to the court office, Judge McMahon said that Judge McMahon had sent to him.

COMMISSIONER OF JUDGES. Appointee American Will Appoint Her and Here Let Write Her.

With a week or less days it is expected President Van Buren of the Argentine Republic will call a meeting of the Justices of the Supreme Court to appoint a Commissioner of Justice under the law passed by the Legislature in April of last year. The act creates a body to have jurisdiction of the courts of the Argentine Republic.

Future International Convention. France is expected to appoint a Commissioner of Justice under the law passed by the Legislature in April of last year. The act creates a body to have jurisdiction of the courts of the Argentine Republic.

REMOVAL SALE. Until April 1st, in order to reduce our stock of

Fine Glassware. We will offer it at a special reduction.

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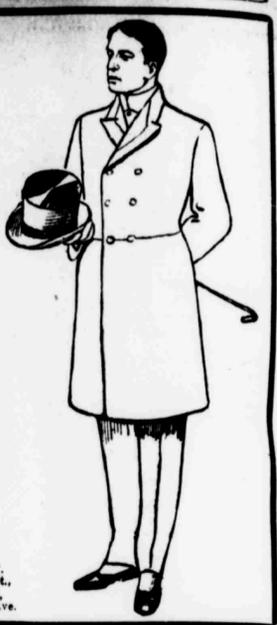
is the most difficult kind of a coat for the make-to-measure tailor to make fit right.

But you can put on one of our Frocks, and with perhaps the most trifling alteration—a half hour's work—and there you are—fit to go anywhere.

Frock Coats with Vests to match, \$20.00 to \$32.50. HATS—GLOVES—NECKWEAR—SHOES.

BYCK BROS. MEN'S OUTFITTERS.

DOWNTOWN, 150 N. CORNER FULTON & NASSAU STS. TWO STORES. UPTOWN, EAST 125TH ST., 154 TO 164, NEAR THIRD AVE.



Lord & Taylor. Special Sale of Women's Blouse Coats.

An entirely new shape of Taffeta and Silk Moire, lined with white taffeta, lace and moire collar, postillion back; a very smart model; special at \$19.50.

Also Women's Covert Top-Coats, in the smartest models, fly-front, tight-fitting and box coats, complete assortments, and special values, at \$12.50, \$16.50 & \$19.50.

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FEAR THE MORMONS. Missionary Secretaries Declare the Sect is Reaching Out for Power.

A statement that contains many alarming assertions concerning the Mormons and their advances to political and religious power has just been prepared by secretaries of home missionary societies of Presbyterian, Baptist, Congregational, Methodist Episcopal, North and South; Reformed, Methodist, Presbyterian, Disciples of Christ and United Brethren churches, who unite in an appeal to the Christian public of America to resist Mormon encroachments.

The statement is signed by Gen. Morgan, Bishop the Rev. Drs. Clark and Choate, and the Rev. Drs. Beard, Woodbury and Ryder, Congregational; Dr. H. K. Carroll, Methodist North; the Rev. Dr. R. L. Lamb, Methodist South; the Rev. Dr. C. L. Thompson, Presbyterian; the Rev. C. H. Poole, Reformed; the Rev. M. L. Smith, Disciples; the Rev. Dr. W. M. Bell, United Brethren and the Rev. J. M. Patterson.

How to Spend Sunday. Wonder where you stand on the Sunday question. Perhaps you think that your private business isn't. This isn't the Sunday run business which is under consideration; it is THE SUNDAY SEN question. If everybody read THE SUNDAY SEN there wouldn't be any Sunday excise question. One reason why New York is so quiet and orderly a city on Sunday—in spite of the wide-open administration—is because there are so many SUNDAY SEN newspapers that would drive a man to drink, but this isn't a talk about that sort of a newspaper.

THE SUNDAY SEN is clean. Whatever its writers have to tell you about humanity and the sciences is told without any fuss and feathers and anything ever published in order to hide the fact that they do not really know what they are talking about. Whatever stories are to be told in it for your amusement are not told in it for make you want to hide the paper under a chair when your wife comes into the room. She will more likely