KING EDWARD PRAISES BOERS

HE CALLS THEM A "BRAVE AND DETERMINED PEOPLE."

His Earnest Hope That by Mutual Co-operation the Bitter Feelings of the Past May Be Speedily Replaced by the Ties of Loyalty and Friendship.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 13.—The Lord Mayor of London, Sir Joseph Dimsdale, attended by the members of the Corporation, drove to Buckingham Palace this morning to present to the King the congratulations of the City of London upon the conclusion of peace in South Africa. Owing to the continuance of the inclement weather which has for days interfered with the Coronation preliminaries, the journey had to be made in closed carriages, and much of the interest of the procession was accordingly lost to the public.

On reaching Buckingham Palace the civic officers were at once conducted to the presence of the King. His Majesty, having received the address of congratulation, returned thanks on behalf of himself and the Queen. He laid stress on the valor and endurance of the British Army, which had been opposed in South Africa by "a brave and determined people," and continued: "Those who were our opponents will now, I rejoice to think, become our friends. It is my earnest hope that by mutual coöperation and good will the bitter feelings of the past may be speedily replaced by the ties of loyalty and friendship."

KIPLING CONTROLS A MOB.

His Aunt, Lady Burne-Jones, Was Threatened by Anti-Boer Crowd.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 13.—Lady Burne-Jones, widow of the late Sir Edward Burne-Jones, the painter, in order to declare her strong sympathy with the Boers, displayed from a window of her house at Rottingdean, Sussex, a flag inscribed with the words: "You have killed, you have conquered."

The people of the village, who have been celebrating the conclusion of the war with enthusiasm, were irritated at Lady Burne-Jones's manifestation of her sympathy and made an angry demonstration outside the house.

Her nephew, Mr. Rudyard Kipling, who also lives at Rottingdean, hearing the disturbance, hurried to his aunt's house and addressed the crowd which had gathered pointing out to them that such demonstrations against a lady were hardly the thing. He succeeded in appeasing them and the people dispersed, after which the flag was withdrawn.

KING AND QUEEN HOLD COURT.

Princess Alice Royal Debutante—Many Americans Present.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 13.—The King and Queen held a court at Buckingham Palace to-night. There was a fair attendance, despite a downpour of rain. Princess Alice of Albany was the only royal débutante. The Prince and Princess of Wales and the Duke and Duchess of Connaught accompanied the King and Queen.

All the coronation delegates were present. Among the Americans were Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid and their daughter, Commander and Mrs. Cowles, Mr. and Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr.; Mr. and Mrs. E. Baylies, Mrs. S. Townsend, Major-Gen. Wilson and his two daughters, Rear Admiral Watson, Lieut.-Col. Biddle, Lieut.-Col. Borup, Lieut. Watson and W. K. Wetmore.

BOER LEADERS TO GO TO LONDON

And English Judges to Visit the Transvaal, Both in August.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

BRUSSELS, June 13.—It is understood that Gens. Botha, Delarey and Lucas Meyer and Mr. Reitz, formerly State Secretary of the Transvaal, will visit London in August in connection with the details of the peace settlement.

LONDON, June 13.—It is announced that Lord Alverstone, Lord Chief Justice of England, and Justice Bigham, the leading commercial Judges of England, will visit the Transvaal in August. They will make a tour of the country and will afterward advise the Government regarding a future legal code.

CASE AGAINST IRISH LEAGUE.

Effort Being Made to Have the Courts Declare It Illegal.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 13.—Lord de Freyne, an Irish landlord, has started a great test case against thirty-one defendants, who are charged by him with conspiring to procure the non-payment of rents. He seeks to have the courts declare the United Irish League to be illegal.

The defendants include John Redmond, John Dillon and J. G. MacNeill, all members of the House of Commons; the directorate of the United Irish League, Michael Davitt and the directors of the *Freeman's Journal*.

LONDON DINNER TO MR. EVANS.

The New Consul-General—Gen. Wheeler and Congressman English Also Guests.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 13.—A dinner was given at the Hyde Park Hotel to-night in honor of Mr. Evans, the newly-appointed American Consul-General at London, Gen. Joseph Wheeler and Congressman English.

There were thirty guests, including F. C. Van Duzer, Secretary of the American Society in London, and other prominent Americans resident in London. Messrs. Evans and English and Gen. Wheeler spoke.

MANY DROWNED AT SEA.

Steamship Kumagawa Founders After Collision With Kisogawa.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 13.—Lloyds' agent at Chemulpo, Corea, telegraphs that the steamships Kumagawa and Kisogawa have been in a collision in lat. 26 N., long. 126 E.; and that the former foundered. Some of the passengers and crew were saved, but the remainder, it is feared, were lost. The Kisogawa was only slightly damaged.

DR. JAMESON A DIRECTOR.

The Raider in the British South Africa Company's Board.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 13.—Dr. L. S. Jameson, the leader of the notorious raid into the Transvaal Republic in December, 1895, and L. L. Michell to-day joined the directorate of the British South Africa Company.

Grand Duke Constantine Ill.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 13.—It is announced that Grand Duke Constantine is suffering from overwork, consequent upon his overstudy at Shakespearean translations.

Boer Surrenders 11,022.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 13.—The total number of Boer surrenders since the declaration of peace is to-day officially given as 11,022.

NEW SHIP DEAL WAITS.

Promoters Delay in Order to See Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Tarte.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 13.—It is announced that the promoters of the British shipping combination which is to oppose the Morgan combination will not act until they have consulted with Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian Prime Minister, and Mr. Tarte, Canadian Minister of Public Works, who are expected to arrive shortly in England.

The Wall correspondent of the *Times* reports a conversation with a leading authority on American shipping regarding the Atlantic combination. He regards the combination as being directed against France and other countries not included in the combination. The General Transatlantic Company has been for three years losing ground, and it has now been decided to use the profits, whatever they may be, as a sinking fund and to declare no dividends.

The shares of the Messageries Maritimes Company, which stood at between 700 and 800 francs, have fallen to 300 francs.

Mr. Morgan's fusion will oblige the French Government to protect France from the point of view of general trade and even from a military point of view. France must come to an understanding with the Belgian shipping lines, and the railway companies of Italy, France, Switzerland and Belgium must form a counter trust, the railways supporting the shipping lines.

GUDEN'S APPEAL ARGUED.

Gen. Tracy Argues That His Removal by the Governor Was Unconstitutional.

ALBANY, June 13.—The appeal in the Guden case to test the title to the office of Sheriff in Kings county was argued to-day before the Court of Appeals. The decision of the Appellate Division was in favor of Gov. Odell's appointee, Sheriff Norman S. Dike. Benjamin F. Tracy argued for Guden and G. D. B. Hasbrouck and Joseph A. Burr for the people and Sheriff Dike.

Of the seven Judges who listened to the arguments four were Democrats. They were Chief Judge Parker and Judges Grey, Cullen and O'Brien. The other Judges were Haight, Werner and Vann.

"An examination of the papers in this case," said Gen. Tracy in his argument, "will not disclose that the Governor removed Guden on any of the charges made against him, but because the Governor considered Guden unfit to hold the office of Sheriff. He was removed also because of an alleged bargain with Bert Reiss. This was claimed to be a moral offence. What is a moral offence? Is it a moral offence to play golf? Can a Governor remove therefor? If that is the law, there does not exist the right of the people to choose their own officials.

"The people are supposed to judge of the qualifications of the candidates for their suffrage. The promise to Reiss, even if true, was not a ground for removal, as it was a personal and not an official promise. If this charge against Guden was sufficient for his removal, and if similar charges were brought against the Mayor of New York for the promise he made before election to remove Devery and to liberally enforce the Excise law, how would the people treat them?

"Who will care to run for office if you establish the rule that any political huckster can haul him up before the Governor and have him removed from office on such charges as these? It is an unconstitutional act to remove a public official for something done prior to his assuming office, as in this case."

Counsel for the people and the Sheriff argued that the Governor acted within his constitutional powers in removing Guden.

Shipping Company Incorporated.

ALBANY, June 13.—Bowring & Co. of New York City, was incorporated to-day to carry on the business of ship owners and shipping agents. The capital is $750,000. The directors are William B. Bowring and Frederick C. Bowring of Liverpool, England; Thomas B. Bowring, John P. Wimble, Edward H. B. S. Skinning and Cline Bowring of London, England; Edgar R. Bowring and Henry A. Bowring of St. Johns, New Foundland; Lawrence B. Stoddart and Charles W. Bowring of New York city. The company is to take over the business conducted in this country by C. T. Bowring & Co., a British corporation.

Interurban Railway Extension.

ALBANY, June 13.—The Interurban Street Railway Company has filed a certificate of an extension of its route to the town of East Chester.

WANTS TO GO HOME IN STYLE.

Muse of Pueblo, Boy Tramp, Decides to Call on His Father for Help.

A boy who said he was Bertram A. Muse, and that his father was Alphonso Muse, superintendent of the Pueblo, Col., Fuel and Iron Company, a branch of the United States Steel Corporation, was committed by Magistrate Cornell in the Yorkville police court yesterday to the care of the Children's Society pending communication with his parents. Bertram said he was 13 years old, had run away from home on April 28 and had made his way across the continent without money. As it was the third time he had left home to travel on his own hook, he had no trouble in getting from city to city, he declared. He arrived here June 3 and had visited Coney Island, the Statue of Liberty and other points of interest about the city.

He made friends readily and had no trouble getting food. He lodged in any old place. For two nights he slept in the stable at 525 East Fifteenth street. Finally he concluded that he had seen enough of the city and would like to go home first class, instead of stealing rides on the cars, so he told a policeman his experience and asked him to notify his folks. He says his father lives at 124 East Eighth street, Pueblo.

MAN POISONED, WOMAN GONE.

Strange Crime Committed in a Pittsburg Hotel.

PITTSBURG, June 13.—Sullivan H. Palm of Warren, Ohio, aged 40, was found dead this morning in the Boston House. He registered last night with a woman as "S. H. Johnston and wife, city."

About 1 o'clock this morning the woman hurried away from the hotel. Palm was found dead eight hours later.

Dr. Walter McCandless held a postmortem examination and said Palm died from poisoning. It is believed that the woman administered it and fled. All clue to her has been lost.

176 BALLOTS FOR CONGRESSMAN

M. C. Kinkaid Nominated by Republicans of Sixth Nebraska District.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 13.—After balloting for two days and one night the Sixth Congressional Republican Convention nominated Moses C. Kinkaid.

The district is now represented by Congressman Neville, Populist, but will be carried by the Republicans this year. One hundred and seventy-six ballots were taken, with six competitors.

Jawbreakers in Cupid's Court.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., June 13.—No such long and complicated names have ever worried the marriage license clerk here as two he was compelled, for 50 cents, to place on a license to-day. They are Joseph Andruizkewenijslez and Miss Paune D. Ztwoweickinsezize, both of Plymouth. The couple will be married to-morrow. On Wednesday there were two which were simple in comparison, Thomas Ormanowski and Miss Mary Noqeiechoski.

STORM ROLLS THE HEAT AWAY

HITTING A FEW THINGS IN TOWN INCIDENTALLY, TOO.

City Hall Clock Lights Put Out—Home in The Bronx Struck by Lightning—Policemen Shocked, but the Temperature Goes Down 20 Degrees.

Dwellers in stuffy tenements were preparing to camp out on roofs and fire escapes last night when a spectacular and cooling thunderstorm sailed across the North River and sent the mercury tumbling down the tube.

It had been a hot day, the temperature having reached 89 degrees at 4 P. M., and excessive humidity added to the discomfort. The official thermometer marked 83 degrees at 6 P. M., as the cloud ramparts arose in the west. Just after 9 o'clock lightning seared the darkness. The mercury fell to 76 degrees. With the coming of the cloud cataracts the temperature became spring suggestive, falling to 65. That was a flop of twenty degrees in six hours, and the tenement folks were able to sleep indoors. The lightning was of the variety called chain, and it wrote all sorts of storm autographs across the blackness in the west, occasionally hitting things which had towers and steeples.

The east face of the City Hall clock was put out of business at 10:15 o'clock. A vivid flash of lightning surrounded the clock tower with a halo of blue fire. When it was over, the east face of the venerable timepiece looked like a dirty two-cent piece with one bright triangle extending from the rim, between the figures V and VII, to the centre.

Night Watchman John Larkin braved the tempest and climbed up to the tower to see what had happened. When he got down he said that the fuses of five of the six electric lights encircling the east face had burned out. The light that was still burning was opposite the figure VI on the clock's face, which accounted for the bright wedge aforementioned.

The storm caused a great deal of trouble in The Bronx. For a time telephonic communication with City Island was partly cut off and Tremont was without light. Frederick Hoerbelt's house on Main street, Unionport, was struck by lightning while Mr. Hoerbelt and his son and daughter were asleep. The chimney was knocked off and the house caught fire in two or three places. The Hoerbelts were stunned, but made their way safely out of the building. The fire was put out after it had done $5,000 damage.

When the storm began Sergt. Lancers of the East 104th street station told Doorman Nally to shut the windows. While Nally was on the fifth floor lightning struck the flagpole. The pole, which was fifty feet high, was splintered and the splinters dropped into the street. The electric current ran down the water and gas pipes and several policemen who were sitting in the back room received shocks.

The patrons of the roof gardens had to get under cover when the rainstorm started.

STATE D. A. R. CONVENTION.

Mrs. Little, State Regent, Presides—Dinners and Receptions to Delegates.

ROCHESTER, June 13.—Mrs. William S. Little of this city, State Regent for New York, presided this afternoon at the annual convention of the Daughters of the American Revolution, held for the first time in this city. The sessions are being held in the gymnasium of the university, which has been decorated for the occasion with flags, bunting and masses of beautiful flowers and palms.

The Rev. Dr. Rob Roy Converse, rector of St. Luke's Church, made the opening prayer, and Mrs. William R. Hoyt, Regent of Irondequoit Chapter, made the address of welcome. Mrs. William A. Montgomery also made an address for the Irondequoit Chapter.

The meeting was a business one for the discussion of future plans and the consideration of important business. There were fifty-one visiting Regents and delegates from various parts of the State. The session closed this afternoon with the serving of tea.

Many dinners were given to-night in honor of the visiting delegates, and Mrs. Henry C. Brewster gave a large reception. A number of elaborate luncheons were given to-day by the members of the local chapter. Mrs. Frederick Yates and Mrs. A. M. Lindsay gave luncheons of twelve covers each. Among Mrs. Lindsay's guests were Mrs. Fairbanks and Mrs. Hoyt. Mrs. Arthur G. Yates of South Fitzhugh street gave a dinner this evening and Mrs. Charles Barton Potter also entertained a number of guests at dinner.

The meeting to-morrow will be an open one and will be devoted to unfinished business. Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks has arrived from Washington and will make a short address. She is being entertained by the local regent, Mrs. W. R. Hoyt. She will remain in this city until Thursday, when she leaves for Syracuse. Many of the members of the chapter are entertaining their guests at the Powers Hotel.

BARS UP AT DREAMWOLD.

Thomas W. Lawson's Fancy Farm Closed to the Public.

BOSTON, June 13.—Dreamwold, the beautiful estate of Thomas W. Lawson, has been an object of great interest to the public, and large numbers of visitors have come to Scituate to view its attractive features and the famous horses and cattle which have been gathered there. Mr. Lawson has finally been obliged to close Dreamwold to all visitors other than those having business at the farm.

"I deeply regret being compelled to take this action," said he yesterday, "but I have no choice, as the unprecedented numbers of those who wish to see the farm make it impossible for any number of employees to take care of those things that are absolutely necessary in the running of the farm and at the same time do justice to visitors."

DISAGREED IN MURDER TRIAL.

Jury Leaves McKenna to Be Tried Again—Juror Overcome by Heat and Debate.

A jury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court which was trying John J. McKenna, former sanitary policeman, for the murder of a man named Renk in August, 1898, disagreed after long debate at 11:15 o'clock last night and was discharged.

Renk was shot while standing outside a roadhouse in The Bronx and McKenna was subsequently adjudged insane and sent to Matteawan. He recovered last fall. His defence was that he was insane when he killed Renk.

While the jury was deliberating one of the jurors was overcome by the heat. An ambulance was called from the Hudson street hospital, and after the ambulance surgeon had treated him a bit the juror went back to join the other jurors in their deliberations.

HIS REMITTANCE DIDN'T COME.

So Young Orderfer, Who Said He Was a Graduate of Heidelberg, Killed Himself.

Charles Orderfer, a German, 20 years old, committed suicide last night in a boarding house at 302 Second avenue by taking morphine. He told the landlady, Mrs. Heintz, that he was a graduate of Heidelberg and that he had come to this country to complete his education. He had lived at the house about six weeks. Lately he had owed for board and Mrs. Heintz asked him for payment. He replied regularly that he expected a remittance from Germany any day. Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Heintz demanded her money again. He gave the customary answer and after waiting for the evening mail went upstairs and took morphine.

After Reading "The Sun"

there is little, if anything, left to be learned on the leading subjects of the day.—*Adv.*

WIRELESS WORK IN HAWAII.

A Substitute for the Marconi Coherer—More Suits Probable.

HONOLULU, May 31.—Wireless communication has again been partly established in the islands, and the Mackay company has announced that no attempt will now be made to lay an interisland cable.

The Hawaiian wireless system is no longer conducted under patents of Marconi, but through a system established by F. J. Cross, a former citizen of Syracuse, N. Y. The line has been opened to Maui, and as soon as the pole on Lanai can be raised fifty feet the system will be working all over the islands.

Manager Cross has invented an electrical coherer which is said to be more serviceable than that invented by Marconi. This consists of a small tube containing filings, which are brought together by the electrical current. They are exceedingly perishable.

It is believed that the Pacific liners will soon have wireless apparatus installed, and then the steamers will be reported by telegraph, as they are now on the Atlantic.

The financial difficulties of the wireless company have now been settled and all the outstanding claims have been bought by the business interests which have invested in the concern. The company is being conducted now by the mortgagees, who took charge at the instance of the persons interested.

There is still a suit pending for royalties on the part of the Marconi company, and, as the principle of this inventor's system is still being used, it would not be at all surprising if further suits for royalties were begun in the local courts.

KAHN HELD IN $50,670 BAIL.

Maiden Lane Diamond Jobber Arrested at Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 13.—Arthur J. Kahn, a New York diamond jobber of Maiden lane, is in jail here to-night in default of $50,670 bail. He was arrested at 9 o'clock as he boarded a street car in Chelsea, by Sheriff Johnson. At first he denied his identity but admitted it when the Sheriff called a friend of Kahn's to identify him.

The cause of the arrest was a capias from the Supreme Court of New Jersey, which commanded that the Sheriff bring him before the court June 25 to answer the suit of Jacques Kryn and August and Charles Wauters, doing business as diamond merchants in Brooklyn. They have sued for $100,000.

Kryn and the Wauterses allege that Kahn got $50,000 worth of diamonds from them on memorandum and pledged them with the State Bank for $40,000, with which he bought real estate in 127th street and Fourteenth street, which he transferred to the Trinity Realty Company.

On Tuesday last Kahn filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $392,624 and nominal assets of $222,086. Kahn was in business as Arthur J. Kahn & Co., wholesale dealer in watches and diamonds at 37 and 39 Maiden Lane.

SHOCK TO MADDEN'S DIGNITY.

Third Assistant P. M. G. Gets Ten Cents in a Letter to Pay for a Drink.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Third Assistant Postmaster-General Madden received a letter to-day from a resident of New York city saying that he is interested in a guessing contest which is being operated from a northern city, and asked that an estimate of the probable amount of the postal revenues for the fiscal year 1902 be given him.

Mr. Madden is strictly temperate, his sense of humor is not excessive and his dignity covers him like a cloak, winter and summer, and his expression was something good to see when he opened the letter, which was marked "Personal," and a dime fell out, around which was wrapped a piece of paper inscribed:

"Sorry to have troubled you, old man; have a drink on me."

YALE SCORCHER ARRESTED.

Harry Du Puy Taken In for Driving His Automobile Too Rapidly.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 13.—Harry W. Du Puy, Yale, '03, of Allegheny, Pa., was arrested to-night, charged with driving his automobile faster than twelve miles an hour. It was Du Puy's machine which, on June 10, struck and seriously injured D. Thorpe Munro, a marine engineer. Du Puy gave bonds for his appearance in the police court to-morrow.

Riding with Du Puy at the time of the collision were George Goss, the football tackle, Bradford Ellsworth of New York city, and three other students.

MONOGRAM WAIST APPEARS.

New Woman's Fad Displayed and Duly Remarked on Broadway.

Broadway beheld for the first time yesterday the girl with a monogram on her shirt waist. Early in the season a dealer in men's furnishings offered to the public negligee shirts with the wearer's monogram worked on the sleeve about the elbow. Now the fad has reached the other sex.

A girl whose white shirt waist bore a conspicuous lettering in blue silk on her left sleeve passed up and down Broadway in the afternoon. She succeeded in being talked about and stared at.

Another Diamond Robbery in Utica.

UTICA, June 13.—Another diamond robbery was brought to light in this city to-day, when Mrs. J. Mather Jones reported to the police that her residence on Broad street had been entered and diamonds and other jewels to the value of several thousand dollars stolen. This afternoon William Hyde, a Utican who has been employed about the premises, was placed under arrest. Suspicion led to Hyde's arrest, but he strenuously denies any connection with the burglary. None of the jewelry has been recovered.

Lost, Two Young Women From Albany.

G. E. Scrafford, manager of the Lampson Consolidated Store Service Company, reported to the Tenderloin police last night that two Albany young women who were visiting his home at 309 West Twenty-eighth street, were missing. Mr. Scrafford said that they were not familiar with the city. They went out shopping in the morning.

Engineer Drowned From the Bovic.

John Manning, an engineer on the White Star liner, Bovic, went in swimming last evening from the Bovic as she lay at her pier. The cold water gave him cramps and he sank, despite the efforts of by standers to save him. His body was recovered and will be sent to England for burial.

Kid Lavigne Insane.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 13.—Kid Lavigne, the well-known pugilist, went violently insane at Stockton to-day and is now confined in Detention Hospital. It is not known whether his condition is permanent. He attacked his friends and it was necessary to use force to restrain him.

Pentecost Favorite for Suburban in Mutual Sweepstakes.

LEXINGTON, June 13.—Betting closed to-night in the mutual pool on the Suburban Handicap. Pentecost is the favorite, with about three hundred tickets sold, while Advance Guard is a close second with 190. The play was strong on several of the other starters. The total pool will approach $1,000.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Judge Adams of the United States District Court has granted a discharge in bankruptcy to James W. Young, former restaurant keeper in Sixth avenue.

The Committee on Buildings of the Board of Aldermen will hold a public hearing on Monday afternoon in regard to the proposed ordinance compelling owners to keep on their houses numbers that will be uniform in size and location and readily discernible both day and night.

The local board of the Bowling Green district passed a resolution yesterday recommending the purchase of Fraunce's tavern by the city. The cost, if a small park is laid out on the surrounding lots, is estimated by the Board of Estimate's engineer at $370,000.

GUARDING THE CITY'S HEALTH

PRESENT BARRIERS AGAINST CONTAGIOUS DISEASE.

Why the Health Department Asked for a Million for New Isolation Hospitals and Disinfecting Plants—Boroughs Unprovided—Needed Improvements.

President Lederle of the Health Department asked the Board of Estimate the other day for $1,025,000, to be used in improving the city's system of dealing with contagious diseases. He is to get $500,000, and his department is now struggling with the problem of making one dollar do the work of two.

To show the need of the larger sum Health Department officials say that the average number of cases of contagious diseases reported weekly—that is, diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever and smallpox—is nearly a thousand; sometimes the number exceeds a thousand. Not more than five or six hundred of them can be provided for in the city's contagious disease hospitals at one time. Last April at the Riverside Hospital, on North Brother Island, the authorities almost reached the point of putting up tents to care for the overflow of patients.

Of the five boroughs three, Queens, Richmond and The Bronx, containing a population of about 500,000, are wholly without means of caring for their contagious disease patients. The hospital on North Brother Island, as a matter of fact, is in the borough of The Bronx, but it is in no sense a borough hospital and for most practical purposes is as inaccessible from The Bronx as it is from many parts of Queens.

This lack of borough hospitals, disinfecting plants, &c., is one of the grave problems with which the Health Department has to deal. The other day a man was taken ill with smallpox down near the southern end of Staten Island.

There being no place in which to care for him in the borough, he was first carried five miles in an ambulance to Tottenville. The Health Department got word of the case at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, but its boat happened to be busy and couldn't start after the man until the next morning.

Then, after a long trip of some thirty miles the man was landed on North Brother Island, just twenty-four hours after the case was reported. Similar cases, involving trips of from ten to thirty-five miles, and delays of from ten to fifteen hours, are occurring all the time. There can be no doubt that both the long transportation and the long delays must sometimes mean the difference between life and death for the patient.

The enforced delay in removing patients and the total lack of disinfecting equipment in the three boroughs have even another phase besides the effect on the patient. Every minute a patient with a contagious disease remains in a neighborhood is an added danger, and delay in disinfecting or inadequate disinfecting multiplies that danger.

All disinfecting in Queens is at present done from the Kingston avenue hospital, in Brooklyn. Infected goods from The Bronx must be brought down to the disinfecting plant at the Willard Parker Hospital, in East Sixteenth street. In Richmond very little disinfecting is done.

Another danger resulting from this lack of borough hospitals is that in the unprovided boroughs the Health Department cannot care for all the cases of scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles, &c., which it should properly do to stamp them out. In Richmond the Smith Infirmary has helped the department out with scarlet fever and diphtheria cases.

Practically no cases of contagious diseases except smallpox have been taken from Richmond for a long time. The direct result is that in both Queens and Richmond scarlet fever and diphtheria cases are always to be found in large numbers.

It is expected that a part of the Health Department's present appropriation will be devoted to supplying both Queens and Richmond with a contagious diseases hospital that shall include a disinfecting plant, an ambulance station and an administration office. A bill has been passed in the Legislature this session for a contagious disease annex to the Fordham Hospital.

The city's contagious diseases hospitals in Manhattan are the Willard Parker and the Reception hospitals at the foot of East Sixteenth street. The Willard Parker Hospital is for diphtheria cases only. It is in fair condition, but antiquated and not fireproof.

There is no administration building and the patients, doctors, nurses, kitchen, &c., are all crowded together in one building. It needs two new pavilions, a crematory, morgue and disinfecting plant.

The Reception Hospital is used for cases of contagious disease other than diphtheria, pending their removal to North Brother Island. The Health Department's boat takes patients from the Reception Hospital to the island.

The Reception Hospital contains twelve wards, which, theoretically, will accommodate about four patients each. A few Sundays ago it was necessary to keep patients in the ambulances because there were not rooms enough to accommodate them.

All patients with any contagious disease from Manhattan except diphtheria have to be taken first to the Reception Hospital and kept there for observation or until the boat arrives. Then they are taken out of bed, put aboard the boat, taken up the river, taken out of the boat and landed finally in a ward on North Brother Island.

This, to quote a member of the Health Department, is an outrage and a menace to the patient's life. Only cases of smallpox, typhus and diseases of that class should be sent to North Brother Island, and for the others there should be a modern hospital made up of small wards, immediately adjoining the Reception Hospital.

Patients from The Bronx are now taken to North Brother Island from the foot of 138th street, where there is to be a new pier. There is need there, however, of a small Reception Hospital as well.

Under present conditions if the Health Department's boat is downtown or off on some long trip when the patient arrives at the 138th street landing, he may have to wait in the ambulance for hours. At night, when the boat is not running, he must be carried down to Sixteenth street. And all bedding, carpets, clothing, &c., for inspection must be collected by wagons sent from Sixteenth street, taken there to be disinfected and then returned. The population of The Bronx is now estimated at about 225,000, and is increasing almost as rapidly as in the borough of Manhattan.

The Kingston avenue hospital in Brooklyn is composed almost entirely of old wooden pavilions and has a small disinfecting plant connected with it which has been employed to a very limited extent. During the smallpox outbreak last year all the scarlet fever cases from all the other boroughs were taken to this hospital as Riverside Hospital was required for the treatment of smallpox.

The nominal capacity of the Kingston avenue hospital is 150, and there were soon more patients than could be taken care of in the wards. Finally some of the smallpox cases had to be sent there too.

It was necessary to put up tents out of doors and as the hospital grounds are low and damp a platform 64x128 feet was built six feet above the ground and the tents set up on it. Last winter the hospital grounds were deeply flooded and the same danger will exist every winter until the streets bounding the block are built up to the level of the survey maps and the hospital grounds brought up to the same level.

There are some good buildings at this hospital and the plant could be put into fairly efficient shape at no great expense if the Riverside Hospital on North Brother Island could take over all of its smallpox patients.

In April the hospital on North Brother Island was so crowded that the authorities were on the point of putting up tents for the patients. The nominal capacity of the hospital is 350 patients, but it is impossible to care properly for more than 300 at one time, owing principally to the lack of small wards, which handicaps the department here as it does at all of the city's contagious disease hospitals, except the Reception Hospital.

If a patient, for instance, has two diseases, no other patient can be put in the same ward that is not also suffering from the same diseases. Thus a ward of twenty beds is frequently used for one patient.

If these twenty beds were divided up into five wards, the capacity of the hospital would increase accordingly. If this were done the North Brother Island hospital could be devoted exclusively to cases of the smallpox and typhus classes, relieving the Brooklyn hospital of all such cases.

This is only one of North Brother Island's many needs. The whole hospital requires a thorough overhauling.

Nearly all the buildings are flimsy frame structures, antiquated and run down, and generally lacking in modern appliances. All of them should be torn down and brick buildings put up in the light of the best modern hospital construction. The administration building is far too small and there is not room enough for nurses or help.

The Franklin Edson, the Health Department's boat, which was built about the time Edson was Mayor in 1885-88, is totally inadequate for the needs of the department to-day. It is both too small and hasn't enough staterooms to accommodate the thirty patients which it is sometimes necessary to move at one time.

The department must have two boats. The Franklin Edson runs only in the daytime, except when its crew is called out at night by some emergency that will not wait.

It would be possible, of course, to have a day and a night crew, but in that case the boat's engines would not last long under the strain.

S. STEIN, WOOL MERCHANT, DEAD.

Started Life at 18 as a Pedler and Built Up a Great Firm.

Solomon Stein, of the woollen firm of Solomon Stein & Co. of 692 Broadway, died yesterday at his summer home at Bay Shore, L. I. Mr. Stein was born in Germany 67 years ago and came to this country with his family when he was a small boy.

The family was very poor and when they settled in Baltimore Solomon refused to be dependent upon the others. He set out in business for himself as a street pedler and continued in that occupation until he was 15 years old. By this time his older brothers had started a woollen business and took him and his savings into it. The firm grew and prospered. It had two large houses, one in Baltimore and one in Pittsburg.

At the beginning of the Civil War the firm was threatened with ruin because nearly all of its creditors were in the Confederate States. Solomon Stein volunteerd to go South and see what could be done. When he came back he brought with him foreign credits and cash which very nearly approached the entire Southern credits of the firm.

About twenty years ago Mr. Stein came to New York and established the present house. He married Pauline Bernhard. They lived at 18 West Seventy-second street. The widow, three daughters and one son, Frederick, survive him.

Obituary Notes.

Major Robert F. Bates, U. S. A., retired, died at his home in Washington on Thursday. He was buried in Arlington Cemetery yesterday afternoon. The pallbearers were Gen. Weston, Col. Andrews, Col. Patton, Col. Baird, Major J. S. Loud and Capt. W. A. Miller, U. S. A., retired. Major Bates served in the Volunteer army during the War of the Rebellion, enlisting as a private in the Fifty-third New York Infantry in September, 1861, and was honorably mustered out as First Lieutenant of the One Hundred and Twenty-first Pennsylvania Infantry in March, 1865. He was brevetted for gallant conduct at the battle of Gettysburg. He served in South Carolina and Georgia during the Kuklux troubles, at Forts Assiniboine, Laramie, Clark and Sam Houston, and in the Philippines until he was retired, June 2, 1890. His wife survives him.

Edwin Clarence Fowler, for 52 years an employee of the Post Office Department, and until recently its financial clerk, died at his home in Riverdale on Thursday, in the sixty-fifth year of his age. Mr. Fowler was born in Baltimore, July 1, 1837, and went to Washington in 1870 and immediately entered the Government service. His widow and eight children survive him.

John N. Simms, a life-time resident of Washington, died at his home there yesterday, aged 74 years. He was for the greater part of his life closely connected with the development of Washington and the improvement of the District. He leaves a widow and three children.

Jacques H. Herts, a well-known dealer in antiques, died at his home, 23 West Seventieth street, yesterday morning. He practised law from 1876 to 1884, when upon the death of his father he took up the former's business, which he continued till his death.

Michael Shaffel, a former member of the Hudson County Board of Chosen Freeholders, died yesterday at his home, 111 Bidwell avenue, Jersey City, aged 70. He was First Lieutenant of Company G, Twenty-first Regiment, New Jersey Volunteers, in the Civil War.

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EISNER & MENDELSON CO. of New York, Sole Agents

Worth Knowing:

That THE SUN *printed during May, 1902*

329,637 lines of advertising, as against 281,109 lines in May, 1901...a gain of 48,528 lines.

During the same period the EVENING SUN *gained 48,907 lines.*

The Sun's gain for the first five months of 1902, as compared with the first five months of 1901, was 150,552 lines.

The Evening Sun gained 94,949 lines.

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Dress suit cases.

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Events in Society and Other Matters of Interest to Women are more fully and intelligently handled by THE SUN and EVENING SUN than by other daily mediums.—*Adv.*