RUSSIA THREATENS TURKEY.

BLACK SEA SQUADRON ORDERED TO OTTOMAN WATERS.

Firm Demands for Redress for Murder of Consul at Monastir—Notice to the Insurgents That This Does Not Indicate Change of Political Programme.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 15.—The *Official Messenger* reports that M. Zinovieff, the Russian Ambassador at Constantinople, has received a telegram from Sebastopol saying that a squadron of the Black Sea fleet has been ordered to sail for Turkish waters.

The *Messenger* adds that Count Lamsdorf, the Russian Foreign Minister, telegraphed to M. Zinovieff on Aug. 11, stating that neither the Sultan's expression of regret nor the visit of Prince Ahmed to the embassy was adequate satisfaction for the murder of Consul Rostkowski at Monastir. When M. Stcherbina, the consul at Mitrovitza, was murdered there last April the Czar took into account the fact that the murderer was an Albanian whose tribe was in rebellion. The recent Monastir outrage was not similar and it necessitated the severest punishment.

Count Lamsdorf added that the Czar had ordered that no promises made by Turkey should be accepted. He demanded the instant punishment of the murderer and also of all the civil and military authorities responsible for the crime. He also demanded that the Vali of Monastir be banished, and the punishment of the Turkish officers about whose conduct the Russian Consul at Uskub complained. Other similar demands were made, including one for the immediate release of the peasants on whom the Turks had perpetrated atrocities.

Count Lamsdorf telegraphed on Aug. 12 to the Russian agent at Sofia that the Imperial Government could not obtain adequate satisfaction for the murder and had already taken measures to secure redress and had also demanded the severe punishment of the civil and military authorities guilty of atrocities against Christians.

Count Lamsdorf told the agent to make sure that Russia's vigorous attitude toward the Porte was not interpreted by the Bulgarian Government or the Macedonian Committee as indicating a change in the political programme. He said:

"It would be a dangerous error to consider the present action as fostering the Macedonian Committee, whose continued criminal activity is a hindrance to the pacification of the vilayets and therefore to the introduction of the proposed reforms. Russian consular reports show that peaceful Christians suffer as much from revolutionary bands as from the Turks. All circumstances prove the necessity for vigorous counter-action by Bulgaria to suppress the trouble in the Balkans."

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 15.—When Hilmi Pacha visited Mme. Rostkowski to express the condolence of the Porte and offer pecuniary compensation for the murder of her husband she declined to accept the offer. She also returned the Turkish decorations belonging to herself and her husband.

A steamship sailed yesterday to take the former Vali of Monastir to Tripoli, whither he has been exiled.

ATHENS, Aug. 15.—Premier Ralli, addressing the representatives of the Powers to-day, declared that the Greeks and the Turks in Macedonia could not long endure the provocation of Bulgarian operations. Reprisals must follow and the peace of the Balkans was thus endangered.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The insurrection in Macedonia continues to cause serious anxiety to all the great Powers. The probabilities, however, still favor the localization of the trouble. A virtual condition of war already exists, and the situation is likely to become rapidly worse, culminating in great atrocities and a heavy sacrifice in life.

Premier Balfour's view that the responsibility for the outbreaks is thus far chiefly upon the insurgent population, and not the Turkish troops, is undoubtedly correct, although this has called out violent protests from the Macedonian and Bulgarian sympathizers in London.

There remains always the important element of the uncertainty of Russia. Nobody knows when it may suit her plans to find a cause for intervention and leading to a general war. She has such a cause in the murder of her Consul, if she chooses to use it.

All the signs, however, point to the contrary. Even the movement of her Black Sea fleet is not likely to signify anything further than a wholesome pressure on the Sultan to do his utmost to control the Macedonian situation.

Russia's stern warning to the Bulgarians will not be misinterpreted. Her action bears every evidence of sincerity.

The best of all reasons for the belief that it is Russia's determination not to permit the Macedonian situation to assume international complications is the present status of the Far Eastern crisis. It is still a matter of prime importance for Russia that she shall have her hands free to deal with any developments in that quarter. If, therefore, serious trouble arises in the Balkans in the near future it will not be of Russia's seeking.

150 KILLED IN THE ALPS.

Some of the Season's Victims Women, Who Sacrificed Life to Fashion.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The death toll in the Alps this season has been very large. Already more than three hundred accidents have been recorded, resulting in the loss of 150 lives.

No district has escaped. From the Jura Mountains, the Dauphin and Maritime Alps, the great Swiss ranges, and the Austrian peaks the story is the same. Almost daily there is a tale of perilous adventure, accident and death.

The general cause of disaster has been the exceptionally unfavorable weather combined with unprecedented false economy. Case after case has been due to climbing without guides in disregard of the weather and snow conditions, while several deaths have been due to the foolish and increasing practice by women of climbing attired in fashionable costumes, such as lace petticoats and light shoes. An example of such a fatal fall was that of Miss Gillman, who was climbing Mont Pilatus attired in a smart spring toilette. There was also the case of Mme. Petiadoff, whose fatal fall on Mont Seposoir was directly due to wearing fashionable clothes and thin shoes.

One of the most marvellous escapes was that of the Hon. Gerald Fitzgerald on Monte Rosa. He was passing along a dangerous edge, roped between two guides. Fitzgerald and the younger guide, Alner, fell, but the rope held and young Alner succeeded in clinging to a rock. He saved himself and, reaching a hut, telephoned for help. Fitzgerald having broken his right leg was unable to help himself and remained for seven hours suspended in midair over a precipice of 10,500 feet. Thanks to the indomitable courage of old Alner, who stood motionless those seven hours with his legs propped against a boulder supporting him at the end of the rope till help arrived, he was saved

AUTOMATIC SUICIDE.

The "Lancet" Discusses an English Clergyman's Act.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The *Lancet* discusses an interesting problem in medico-legal psychology concerning the recent suicide of a clergyman 34 years of age. The suicide was apparently absolutely accountable. The writer in the *Lancet* suggests that the act was automatic and not voluntary. It seems that the clergyman had a fall from a bicycle. He got home, changed his clothes, took a revolver from a drawer, loaded it and shot himself.

The *Lancet* concludes that the fall induced a form of cerebral concussion which permitted the sufferer to perform complex and apparently reasoned acts, possibly quite at variance with his usual behavior, of which he would have retained no recollection had he recovered from the concussion.

The sight of the revolver, its image impinging on the retina, started the idea motor, the sequence of which ended in his loading the revolver, placing it at his head and pulling the trigger, the act being automatic and not voluntary even as a sudden impulse, the man not being in reality conscious.

The question remains why upon finding the pistol he should load it and place it at his own head? In order to find a reply the psychologist asks whether anything came recently within range of the victim's mental experience to suggest the act. It was then found that earlier in the same week there had been a report in the newspapers of a clergyman shooting himself in a manner similar to that pursued by this man. He had not commented upon the case, but it is not probable that it failed to fix itself upon his notice. He would naturally be impressed, being a clergyman himself.

CAUSE OF BRITISH DECLINE.

Sir Norman Lockyer Says It Is the Fault of the Educational System.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The British Association meets at Southport on Sept. 9 under the presidency of Sir Norman Lockyer. The presidential address will deal with the national shortcomings as regards the teaching of the sciences.

Sir Norman Lockyer intends to prove by means of the statistics of British industries that the national life is generally suffering very seriously from the neglect of science in education, and the want of properly equipped modern universities, those of Great Britain being less numerous and efficient than those of the United States or Germany. Great Britain, therefore, must submit to be outstripped, or have State aid commensurate with what has been given to other countries.

Sir Norman names £20,000,000 as necessary for the proper equipment of British universities. He maintains that it would be remunerative investment, for it would mean the difference between public prosperity and adversity. He also maintains that the State should endow a plan of research, which would be pioneer work, though often not directly remunerative. He points the way to results of great pecuniary value.

Sir Norman does not hope for good results unless there is strong continuous pressure by the Government without regard to party politics. He does not find better machinery for such a purpose than the British Association. The matter of action was left to a committee, which after discussion reached an agreement for a general plan of action to arouse and organize local opinion.

The address is expected to be very outspoken.

CONRIED'S OFFER FOR "PARSIFAL"

Will Give 5,000,000 Marks for Right to Produce It in Europe.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

VIENNA, Aug. 15.—The discussion over Mr. Conried's forthcoming production of "Parsifal" is still rife in musical circles on the Continent. Mr. Conried declares that he bases his right to produce the opera in America on the fact that it was first produced in Bayreuth in 1882, whereas the copyright only dates from July 31, 1891, not having a retroactive force. He says:

"The only thing I recognize and appreciate in my private capacity is the objection raised by the Wagner family, whose idealistic aims as regards 'Parsifal' I do not blame, knowing as I do that 'Parsifal' does not make money at Bayreuth. If, then, the Wagner family desire to do business with 'Parsifal,' I would be the first to approach them, and I hereby declare publicly that I am willing to pay Frau Wagner five million marks if she grants me the right to the production of the opera in protected European countries. There is no question of this coming to pass, but I am willing to be taken at my word."

NO PAPAL SECRETARY OF STATE.

Agliardi and Satolli Won't Accept—Merry del Val to Act Temporarily.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

ROME, Aug. 15.—As Cardinals Agliardi and Satolli both persist in their refusal of the office of Papal Secretary of State, Mgr. Merry del Val will act as such until the first Consistory is held, in October or November. At that time the Bishop of Padua, a very learned prelate and the bosom friend of the Pope, will be created a Cardinal and it is probable that he will then become the Secretary of State.

Several Cardinals have suggested to the Pope that he make a Cardinal of his nephew, the Rev. Father Parolin, but the Pope firmly refuses to do so.

Austria objects to the proposal that Mgr. dell Val be appointed Nuncio at Vienna. This enhances his prospects of being made a Cardinal, if he shows capability as the *ad interim* Secretary of State.

TO MEET CUNARD LINE MOVE.

Ship Combine to Establish a Boston-Mediterranean Service.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 15.—It is understood that the International Mercantile Marine Company will establish a Mediterranean service from Boston, using White Star Line boats for the purpose. The line will also be under the White Star management instead of under the Dominion Line.

This action is due to the Cunard company having established a Mediterranean-Boston service.

Schlessinger Buried at Ostend.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

OSTEND, Aug. 15.—The body of Edward Schlessinger, alias Solly, one of the originators of the fraudulent Franklin Syndicate of New York, who died here of heart disease last Sunday, was buried to-day. There were only two mourners, one of them having been Schlessinger's secretary. Both were Belgians.

Overdue French Cruiser Safe.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—A despatch from Fort de France, Martinique, says that the overdue French cruiser Jurien de la Gravière arrived at that place on Aug. 13.

NO FOOD TAX, ENGLAND'S CRY

DEMAND FOR A MODIFICATION OF CHAMBERLAIN'S PLAN.

Tax Only Manufactures—Leaders Want to Save the Unionist Party From the Threatened Disruption—Colonial Secretary Not of a Compromising Nature.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—No English statesman or newspaper, in discussing the political crisis in which the country is left by the adjournment of Parliament, has shown sufficient patriotism or breadth of view to deal with the situation in a non-partisan spirit.

The chief utterance of the week has been an extremely outspoken and well-written leader in the *Standard*, which has attracted wide attention within and without Parliament. Its whole purport, however, is a sorrowful lament that Mr. Chamberlain, by his unprecedented course, has disrupted the Unionist party, and makes a grave appeal to him to withdraw or modify his programme. It is evident, from the first line to the last of the *Standard's* very able article, that the idea of any consideration of the national welfare being superior to party loyalty has no existence in the writer's mind.

An unpardonable crime in English public life is partisan secession, and now that it is proved that Mr. Chamberlain's protection issue involves that extreme departure the outcry of horror which it provokes is to the outside observer absurd and amusing. It has culminated in the demand for a compromise that there must be no tax on food. Mr. Chamberlain is told that he may tax manufactures lightly, chiefly for revenue and in order to create a weapon to prevent such competitors as Germany from imposing retaliatory tariffs. Thus, perhaps, the Unionist party will be kept intact by avoiding the seditious principle of protection.

If Mr. Chamberlain were a politician of ordinary calibre, it is probable that he would yield to these peremptory demands for a modification of his programme. He has not committed himself to any sweeping protection scheme. A mild revenue tariff might commend itself to the country without the necessity for an extensive propaganda. Moreover, the pressure which will be brought to bear upon the Colonial Secretary in the next few weeks will be something terrific, but Mr. Chamberlain has never shown himself to be of a compromising nature. He believes emphatically in a complete revision of the fiscal plan of the Empire. Those who know him best have no doubt that he is prepared to stand or fall upon that issue.

Even if he should yield, the matter has gone too far for any suppression of the question now before the country. The protection sentiment is much stronger among the rank and file of the Conservative party than its leaders imagine. The growth of these sympathies has been rapid in the past few years and has not been confined to the Unionist voters, although the Liberal party, or what passes as that party, is supposed to be uncompromising for free trade.

Premier Balfour's utterances this week make it clear that the present Government will not propose any legislation in the present Parliament, no matter what the result of the investigation may be. This strengthens the supposition that there will be a general election in the spring. The dissension in the Cabinet is so pronounced that it will be a matter of difficulty to maintain the *status quo* beyond the usual November conference.

Meantime, however, the discussion will have become general throughout the country, Mr. Chamberlain will have made his October speeches, and the situation will have grown considerably clearer.

TRACING ABSCONDER ALLEN.

London Police Watching All Incoming Steamships.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The police are watching incoming steamships for the arrival of Willard S. Allen, the missing treasurer of the Preachers' Aid Society of the New England Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, who fled from Boston, Aug. 1, and subsequently wrote to his pastor there, confessing that he had used $75,000 of the society funds in stock speculation. He was on his way to Montreal when last heard of, but it is believed that he may be on his way to England.

Scotland Yard officers are expecting to receive authority from the United States to detain him for extradition, but this has not arrived as yet.

OGDENSBURG, Aug. 15.—The Boston authorities believe that Willard S. Allen, the missing treasurer of the New England Methodist Preachers' Aid Society, of Boston, who is said to have absconded with $100,000, is in Prescott or Ogdensburg.

Yesterday the Ogdensburg police received a telegram from Chief Grassett of Toronto telling them to look out for Allen. It is said that Allen was seen on a wharf at Prescott after the arrival of the steamboat Toronto on Thursday.

SALISBURY'S CONDITION GRAVE.

Advanced Kidney Trouble Makes His Death Seem Near.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The grave condition of Lord Salisbury is due to advanced kidney trouble, and he is not expected to outlive the month. Dropsy developed recently and the patient's body was so swollen that he was unable to sit except in his special chair, the least movement being difficult.

The condition of the late Premier for some weeks has been such that the usual summer visit to Beaulieu has been abandoned. It recently became necessary to carry him from room to room.

YOUNG CHINESE ACCUSED.

Students of Western Science Charged With Being Traitors.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PEKIN, Aug. 15.—The Empress Dowager has promoted three officials who secured the arrest of Shen Chien, the journalist and reformer who was put to death by torture on July 31.

The former Provincial Treasurer at Sian-fu, who became notorious through his bloodthirstiness at the time of the massacres there, has accused forty reformers of being traitors. A majority of the accused are young men who are studying Western sciences.

SERVIAN CABINET CHANGES.

King Peter Names New Ministers of Justice, Education and War.

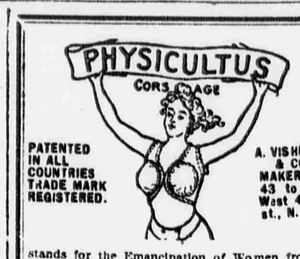
Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

BELGRADE, Aug. 15.—The Ministers of Justice, Education and War in King Peter's Cabinet tendered their resignations to-day. The King has appointed Michaelo Jouanovics, Boris Avlievics Ruzsics and Col. Solarovics as their respective successors.

New Madrid Theatre Burned.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

MADRID, Aug. 15.—The Theatre Juan, which was opened recently, has been totally destroyed by what is believed to have been an incendiary fire. There was no loss of life.



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stands for the Emancipation of Women from the heat, discomfort and injury caused by Corsets. It supports where support is needed, exerts no pressure where pressure is harmful, promotes vigorous circulation, buoyant health, clear complexion. With a delightful coolness to the wearer even in the hottest weather come repose of mind and that refreshing consciousness of being well dressed and well poised that no regular Corset can impart. In the shopping district, the drawing room, at the seashore and in the mountains, wherever woman understands the relation of dress, health and beauty, no wardrobe is quite complete without the

PHYSICULTUS CORSAGE.

MORE HEAT AT GREATEST COLD

RADIUM STRANGELY AFFECTED BY LIQUID HYDROGEN.

Prof. Curie Makes Another Discovery—Freshly Prepared Salt or Solution of Radium Has Little Power of Heat Emission, but This Gradually Increases

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Another discovery of the extraordinary property of radium has been communicated this week to the French Physical Society by Prof. Curie. It was only in March last that eminent men of science refused to accept the statement so irreconcilable to scientific experience that radium possesses the property of maintaining a temperature at a point three degrees higher than that of its surroundings. But the fact that, in addition to the marvellous radio-active properties already described, radium has this unique and unprecedented power of the emission of heat has been established beyond the possibility of question. Strenuous efforts have been made to obtain accurate measurements of this heat production and determine the effects of external conditions in promoting and retarding it.

Prof. Curie found that heat emission remains unchanged through a very wide range of temperature, there being no perceptible variation at the temperature of a summer day, or that of liquid air, but if a long downward stride is taken from the temperature of liquid air to that of liquid hydrogen, radium shows that it is not always unaffected by the external temperature.

And here comes the amazing new fact that the change in the rate of heat emission of radium within the comparatively short distance of absolute zero is in exactly the opposite direction to what might be expected in view of the effect of low temperatures on ordinary chemical action, for at the temperature of liquid hydrogen the heat emission of radium, instead of being reduced, is augmented.

In simple language, the substance which does not change its heat at all temperatures, from that of an ordinary room to that of liquid air, gives out a greater heat when subjected to the greatest cold that scientists have yet reached.

These experiments with liquid hydrogen have led to the curious discovery that freshly prepared salt or solution of radium has a comparatively feeble power of giving off heat at all temperatures, but the power steadily increases for about a month, when it reaches its maximum activity, which it then maintains apparently indefinitely. These remarkable results have failed to throw any light upon the process whereby radium maintains a constant emission of heat radio-activity.

OVER TO SEE THE RACE.

Campania Brings a Duke and More Notables—Money Order by Marconigram.

A host of notable folk got here yesterday by the Cunard line steamship Campania, from Liverpool and Queenstown. Some were the Duke of Roxburghe, who chose to be entered on the passenger list with Harold S. Brassey as "Harold S. Brassey and Friend;" Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Miss May Goelet, the Hon. Thomas Allnott Brassey, Lady Idina Brassey, Lord and Lady Strathcona, W. S. Carmichael, secretary of the Lipton Tea Company; the Rev. Dr. Donald Sage Mackay of the Collegiate Reformed Church; Peter Donaldson, Sir William Holland, M. P., the Hon. Reginald Ward, the Hon. George A. L. Sanftleben, H. H. Montague Smith, Vernon C. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. James M. Bryce, Mrs. Booth Tucker and B. F. Roeder, David Belasco's manager. Many of the English passengers are here to see the races for the America's Cup.

Lord Strathcona said a Canadian railroad would be built to parallel the Canadian Pacific. "Such a road," he said, "is now a necessity. The country has been developed and immigration is being attracted by the great natural resources. A welcome is accorded to immigrants from the United States. They have energy and snap and they bring their tools with them, starting to work as if they were born in the country."

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt was met at the pier by her husband. She refused to say anything about her trip abroad except that her reception by the German Emperor was splendid.

The Duke of Roxburghe will see the yacht races from the Brassey yacht, the Sunbeam. Mr. Carmichael recited an original poem at the concert on Friday night in eulogy of Shamrock III.

Henry Robertson, an American, who came back with some dutiable things bought abroad, found, after the ship left Queenstown, that he didn't have enough money with him to pay the duty. He recalled that his mother was a passenger by the steamship Lucania, which sailed from this port the same day the Campania departed from Liverpool, and that the ships would exchange wireless messages. So Mr. Robertson left this marconigram with Purser Graham, addressed to his mother:

Pay purser of Lucania £10, asking him to advise purser Campania to pay me.

The ships got to talking, when fifty miles apart, at 12:45 o'clock in the morning. Mr. Robertson's message was sent. His mother was awakened, and at 1:45 o'clock in the morning Purser Graham received this from Purser Milliken of the Lucania:

Pay Henry Robertson £10; have collected amount from his mother aboard Lucania.

Mr. Robertson got the money when he awoke.

Vermont's Statue to Chester A. Arthur.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., Aug. 15.—Final preparations for the dedication of the monument erected by the State of Vermont at Fairfield to mark the birthplace of President Chester A. Arthur have been completed. The exercises will take place on Thursday, Aug. 20. Former Congressman H. H. Powers will preside, and the speakers will be the Hon. William E. Chandler, Secretary of the Navy under President Arthur; Robert T. Lincoln, President Arthur's Secretary of War, and Senator Teller of Colorado, his Secretary of the Interior.

Gompers's Pocket Picked.

MARINETTE, Wis., Aug. 15.—A despatch received in this city says that Samuel Gompers, the labor leader, who lectured at the Marinette Chautauqua, had his pocket picked of a wallet containing $200, valuable papers and a check for the amount he received for his lecture.

FEMALE WEAKNESS IS USUALLY PELVIC CATARRH.

Pe-ru-na Cures Catarrh Wherever Located.

WOMEN WHO SUFFER

Listen to What Dr. Hartman Proposes to Do for You Without Charge.

Doubtless hundreds of thousands of women all over the United States have seen Dr. Hartman's offer in the papers—how he has undertaken to treat every woman suffering with any form of female disease who will write to him, free of charge.

To those who have not heard of this it may be said that Dr. Hartman is a physician and surgeon of great renown in medical circles, especially in the treatment of those diseases which women alone have to bear.

He has arranged to answer all letters that are sent to him from women troubled with any form of female weakness, free of charge, giving the benefit of knowledge which has cost him forty years to accumulate.

The medicines he prescribes are within the reach of any woman, and she can get them at any drug store.

All she is required to do is to send her name and address, together with her symptoms, duration of sickness, and age.

Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. Senator Roach, of Larimore, N. Dak.; Mrs. Senator Warren, of Cheyenne, Wyo.; Belva Lockwood and Mrs. General Longstreet, of Washington, D. C., are among the prominent ladies who indorse Peruna.

Miss Helen Rolof, Kaukauna, Wis., writes: "Several times during the past two years or more my system has been greatly in need of a tonic, and at those times Peruna has been of great help in building up the system, restoring my appetite and securing restful sleep."—Helen Rolof.

Miss Muriel Armitage, 36 Greenwood Ave., Detroit, Mich., District Organizer of the Royal Templars of Temperance, writes as follows:

"I suffered for five years with uterine irregularities, which brought on hysteria and made me a physical wreck. I tried doctors from the different schools of medicine, but without any perceptible change in my condition. In my despair I called on an old nurse, who advised me to try Peruna, and promised good results if I would persist and take it regularly. I kept this up for six months, and steadily gained strength and health, and when I had used fifteen bottles I considered myself entirely cured. I am a grateful, happy woman to-day."—Miss Muriel Armitage.

Miss Lucy M. Riley, 33 Davenport St., Cleveland, Ohio, writes:

"I wish to add my indorsement to thousands of other women who have been cured through the use of Peruna. I suffered for five years with severe backache, and when weary or worried in the least I had prolonged headache. I am now in perfect health, enjoy life and have neither an ache nor pain, thanks to Peruna."—Lucy M. Riley.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

THE INDIAN A NOBLE MAN.

Hamlin Garland's Defence of Our Aborigines—Modern Civilization Scored.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—The American Indian is not a hopeless savage; he is "the noble red man," according to Hamlin Garland, who lectured at the University of Chicago last night on "The Red Man's Changing Heart." Mr. Garland said that white men did not now understand, and never had understood, the Indian, and he surprised his audience by declaring that Anglo-Saxon civilization was not the only civilization, and that Christianity was not the only religion.

"It is about time," said the lecturer, "for the American people to understand the Indian. I am not so sure as I was twenty years ago that the Anglo-Saxon way is the only right way. I am not sure the Great Spirit intended for all people to live precisely the same way. I do not believe there will be any great improvement when all men are wearing derby hats and machine-made shoes. The essentials of right living are to be found in many peoples under the broad skies. The essentials of right living are to be found among many of the Indian tribes.

"The history of the 'civilizing march' of the white man from the Atlantic to the Pacific has never been written from the red man's point of view. When it is written most of the 'massacres' will appear as fair pitched battles, and the 'outrages' will be found never to have happened at all. Reports of nine-tenths of all the Indian outrages in the Southwest were absolutely without foundation."

STOLE HIS WIFE'S CLOTHING

After He Found Her in a Hotel With a Man—Now Lockerman Sues for Divorce.

Francis E. Lockerman of 171 Hooper street has begun an action in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, against Clara Lockerman of 746 Seventh avenue for an absolute divorce, and the summons and complaint were served upon the defendant yesterday. The couple were married about two years ago, and last October Mrs. Lockerman obtained a separation on the ground of cruelty, and her husband was ordered to pay her $5 a week alimony. He discontinued this a month ago, and Mrs. Lockerman began proceedings to have him arrested for contempt of court.

Mr. Lockerman alleges that on Thursday last he heard that his wife and a man were at the Morton House, and with his brother, Robert Lockerman, and a friend, he went to the hotel, knocked on the door of the room occupied by Mrs. Lockerman, and when she opened it found her there with the man. While Robert Lockerman was having it out with Mrs Lockerman her husband gathered all her clothing into a bundle and left the place, he declares.

HE'S A PERENNIAL STOWAWAY.

Vanishing Armenian Falls Once Again to Steal Into America.

Bikran Higap, an Armenian, 18 years old, made his fourth unsuccessful attempt to get into the country by stowing away aboard the Cunarder Campania, in yesterday from Liverpool and Queenstown. He appeared on deck in midocean on Tuesday from a lifeboat in which he had concealed himself. He had subsisted till then on crackers and a bottle of red wine. He was put to work, got weary and disappeared the next day. He was found hidden in a coal bunker.

While the Campania was coming up to her dock the Armenian eluded his watchers and secreted himself among the cargo. He was hauled out, handcuffed and sent to Ellis Island. He declared that he had determined to come to America and that he would stow away again when he got a chance after being returned to Liverpool.

BREAK INTO A POOLROOM.

Capt. Hogan and His Men Get Through a Grating—Six Prisoners.

Capt. Hogan of the Mercer street station raided a poolroom at 30 East Twelfth street yesterday afternoon and arrested six men. The reserves first surrounded the building and then Capt. Hogan with half a dozen of his men broke open a grating in front of the building. In the basement they found about ninety-five men. They were all lined up and Capt. Hogan and the detectives picked out six men. Among the prisoners Capt. Hogan thinks he has the proprietor, but he is not sure. All of the prisoners worked in the place, Capt. Hogan says.

BAIL FOR MONK EASTMAN $4,000.

The Original Sum Fixed Increased by $1,000, and in Brown's Case Also.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Aug. 15.—Bail in the cases of "Monk" Eastman and Joseph Brown has been fixed at $4,000 each. The sum originally set was $3,000, but Justice Fort has increased this amount.

It was said to-day that it was not known who had the order for the County Clerk to accept bail for the men, but that such an order had been issued. Under the law prisoners must be admitted to bail in all cases except murder. Eastman and Brown are charged with assault and battery with intent to kill.

The two men are still in jail and are in good spirits. Just what their prospects are for securing the bail required is not known, but if they have the backing they are generally reported to have it is thought that they will be released under satisfactory bonds in a few days.

NEW ADIRONDACK RAILROAD.

To Be Known as the Lowville and Beaver Road—Work to Begin at Once.

UTICA, N. Y., Aug. 15.—The construction of a new railroad into the Adirondacks has been decided upon. It will be known as the Lowville and Beaver Railroad, and work on the first stretch of the proposed road from Lowville to Croghan, a distance of ten and a half miles, is to be begun at once.

The project was launched at a meeting to-day at Lowville by prominent citizens and financiers. Steam will be the motive power used on the new road.

It is intended that the proposed line shall develop into a competitor of the Mohawk and Malone and Adirondack and St. Lawrence railroads.

SAYS SHE WANTS VINDICATION.

Dessa Gibson Presses Her Suit for $100,000 Against Albert W. Pierce.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 15.—Dessa Gibson, the actress, made a hurried trip to Kansas City to-day from Chicago. Her visit had to do with her suit for $100,000 against Albert W. Pierce, the wealthy young man of Providence, R. I., who caused her arrest about a year ago. Mr. Pierce charged Miss Gibson with stealing three diamond rings valued at $400 while returning from a trip abroad a year ago this summer. She was discharged from custody shortly afterward. Her defence was that Pierce gave her the rings.

"It is not the money that I wish so much as the vindication," she said.

Jersey City Trolley Routes Changed.

Begnning to-morrow, the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey will combine the Washington street line, Hoboken, and Grove street line, Jersey City, and run trolley cars from the Fourteenth street ferry in Hoboken to the Pennsylvania Railroad ferry in Jersey City. The Summit avenue line in Jersey City, which had terminals at the Pavonia ferry and Summit avenue and Congress street, will be extended to Summit avenue and De Mott street, West Hoboken.

Missing Sheriff Broughton Found.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., Aug. 15.—Former Sheriff Henry Broughton of Bell county, the Commonwealth's witness in the Caleb Powers trial, who ran away several days ago to avoid testifying, was brought back this morning by detectives. He is suffering from the effects of too much moonshine liquor, and a doctor is attending him. He will go on the stand on Monday. His wife, who directed the officers to his hiding place, is here with him.

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SHOT BY PERSISTENT SUITOR.

Italian Tries to Kill Woman Whom He Followed to This Country.

Alonzo Torisello, 56 years old, an Italian carpenter living at 240 Monticello avenue, Jersey City, was arraigned yesterday in the Second Criminal Court of that city, on a charge of felonious assault preferred by Mrs. Angelina Patricko of 786 West Newark avenue.

The carpenter met the woman at the Hudson Boulevard and West Newark avenue late Friday night and told her that he loved her just as much as he did when he offered to marry her in Italy five years ago. Mrs. Patricko said she had one husband and didn't want another. Torisello declared that she would have to die, drew a revolver and fired two shots at close range.

His nervousness saved the woman's life. One bullet grazed her right arm and the other cut off some hair on the right side of her head. Torisello dropped the revolver and ran, but Policeman Coyle caught him after a lively sprint.

Mrs. Patricko said that Torisello made violent love to her when she was in her 'teens. He scared her by saying that he would do something desperate if she didn't consent to marry him, she said, and she fled from Italy to escape him. He searched on the Continent for her, and finally came to this country, where he got track of her and followed her to several cities.

Two weeks ago, she said, she met her old admirer in Jersey City. He avowed that he couldn't bear to give her up and begged her to give him just a little hope that she might some day change her mind, but she said she couldn't under the circumstances.

Police Justice Murphy held Torisello for examination.

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