ROOSEVELT OPENS STATE FAIR

Continued from Second Page.

the land her place must be with those who have done the best and the hardest work, whether as law givers or as soldiers, whether in public or in private life.

"This is not a soft and easy creed to preach. It is a creed willingly learned only by men and women who, together with the softer virtues, possess also the stronger, who can do, and dare, and die at need, but who while life lasts will never flinch from their allotted task.

OURS A GREAT INHERITANCE.

You farmers and wage-workers and business men of this great State, of this mighty and wonderful nation, are gathered together to-day, proud of your State and still prouder of your nation, because your forefathers and predecessors have lived up to just this creed. You have received from their hands a great inheritance, and you will leave an even greater inheritance to your children and your children's children, provided only that you practise alike in your private and your public lives the strong virtues that have given us, as a people, greatness in the past. It is not enough to be well-meaning and kindly, but weak; neither is it enough to be strong, unless morality and decency go hand in hand with strength. We must possess the qualities which make us do our duty in our homes and among our neighbors, and in addition we must possess the qualities which are indispensable to the make-up of every great and masterful nation—the qualities of courage and hardihood, of individual initiative and yet of power to combine for a common end, and, above all, the resolute determination to permit no man and no set of men to sunder us one from the other by lines of caste or creed or section. We must act upon the motto of all for each and each for all.

There must be ever present in our minds the fundamental truth that in a republic such as ours the only safety is to stand neither for nor against any man because he is rich or because he is poor, because he is engaged in one occupation or another, because he works with his brains or because he works with his hands. We must treat each man on his worth and merits as a man. We must see that each is given a square deal, because he is entitled to no more and should receive no less. Finally, we must keep ever in mind that a republic such as ours can exist only in virtue of the orderly liberty which comes through the equal domination of the law over all men alike, and through its administration in such resolute and fearless fashion as shall teach all that no man is above it and no man below it.

Senator Depew, who spoke briefly after Mr. Roosevelt had concluded, also got a warm reception.

SENATOR DEPEW'S SPEECH.

Senator Depew said that of all the occasions on which he had heard the President speak, "when he filled the audience and filled the air," this surpassed any other. "It was a talk," he said, "from the brain and heart, from a healthy brain and a healthy heart, a healthy American brain and a healthy American heart."

While in Europe, Senator Depew said, he saw the review of large standing armies, "The next parade I saw," he said, "was that reviewed by the President in your city to-day of the men who have American products to enter every country of the world, the men who produce our wealth and who carry on our industry and who surpass those of all nations of all time. While the countries of the Old World maintain peace by large standing armies, 'there,' I said, 'march the soldiers of the United States, who not by the arts of war, but by those of peace, protect us in our supremacy, and if the call come as it did in '61 there is the army and there are the men who march under the old flag for the defence of this country.'"

He referred to the speech of former Gov. Hill at the Rockland County Fair. Gov. Hill, he said, has made a great success in law and politics, but at the fair he took a long excursion into theology. "He said to those farmers," said Senator Depew, 'I do not believe that anything is right for which I do not find specific authority in the Bible. As to trusts and like things, if I did not find authority for it in the Bible, I know it is wrong.'

"Now," asked the Senator, "what would Abraham, Moses, Jacob and Isaac, what would St. Matthew, St. Paul and St. Luke have done on this platform [laughter], when that photographer tried to take a picture. What would Abraham, Moses, Jacob and Isaac, what would St. Matthew, St. Paul and St. Luke have done just now when that train went by with its roar, its screeches, its fire and its smoke? They would have thought that all the fiends of hell had broken loose and that nothing but divine power could save their lives.

"It was nineteen centuries ago," Senator Depew continued, "when Christ proclaimed the doctrine of the equality of all mankind, and it was in the American wilderness where men woke up and proclaimed and maintained that doctrine in government. Here men seek and give each other a chance. In the United States every man has his chance, and he should have no more and no less.

"The rulers of other nations," the Senator said, "have for their great state occasions the review and display of their enormous standing armies and navies. We have a President who speaks to us not of war, not of battles, but of high ideals of manhood and womanhood, which carried out in citizenship make the United States the grandest country for men and women to live in and for children to be born in that God ever created." [Prolonged applause.]

LUNCHEON AT CLUBHOUSE.

After the exercises relating to the opening were over, the President and his party were entertained at an informal luncheon in the clubhouse on the grounds. Among those at the luncheon were State Senator W. L. Brown, Superintendent of Public Works E. A. Boyd, State Senator Robert Krum, ex-Assemblyman Otto Kelsey, State Senator John Raines, Assemblyman James Rogers, State Senator George Malby, ex-Lieut.-Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff, Attorney-General John Cunneen, State Engineer E. A. Bond, State Senator F. C. Stevens, Congressman Sereno E. Payne, State Senator W. W. Armstrong, State Senator Jotham P. Allds and Senator Depew.

After the luncheon the President spent about an hour on the veranda of the clubhouse watching the horseraces. Timothy Woodruff sat near him most of the time and volunteered information which only a man with sporting propensities could furnish.

The President got back to the city again at a few minutes after 5 o'clock and was driven again to the Hanover Square reviewing stand, where he watched the 2,000 delegates to the convention of the Letter Carriers' Association file past. They were all dressed in regulation uniform, and the President was most enthusiastic over their appearance. There were men in the parade from almost every State in the Union. New York city alone had 400 men. At the conclusion of the review, a large vase was presented to the President on behalf of the branch of the Letter Carriers' Association in East Liverpool, Ohio.

As soon as he could, Mr. Roosevelt got into his carriage again and was driven with his party to ex-Senator Frank Hiscock's house in West Onondaga street, where Mr. Hiscock entertained Mr. Roosevelt and his guests and several friends at a private dinner. The President and his party left Syracuse at 10:30 promptly. The special train, it is expected, will get to Hoboken shortly before 8 o'clock to-morrow morning. The President probably will not stop in New York. He will make a short speech at Richmond Hill, where Jacob Riis lives, and will get back to Oyster Bay about 10:30.

NIXON WOULD SUIT M'LAUGHLIN,

Under Certain Conditions—McLaughlin Anxious About His Bailiwick.

Hugh McLaughlin, the ruler of the Brooklyn Democracy, will in a few days have a conference with the district leaders to consider the political situation in general and the work of the local ticket in particular. The veteran leader is especially anxious to secure Democratic victory in his own political bailiwick this year and has notified his lieutenants that the utmost care must be taken in the selection of all the local candidates.

Mr. McLaughlin has not yet entirely despaired of inducing the Tammany magnates to nominate a Brooklyn man for Mayor, and he continues to carry his protégé, Bird S. Coler, under his wing in expectation of such a contingency. Yesterday Mr. McLaughlin had this to say in reference to the recent projection of Lewis Nixon on the political horizon:

"If the Republicans—no, I do not mean the Republicans, for they don't call themselves by that name any more—if the fusionists and the Democrats should get together for the purpose of selecting the best man for the people and they should select Mr. Nixon it would be satisfactory to me."

STATE COMMITTEE MEETS TO-DAY

May Take Up Littauer-Wood Scandal—Talk of a Canal Resolution.

The Republican State Committee is to assemble at the Fifth Avenue Hotel at 10:30 o'clock this morning to nominate the Hon. Denis O'Brien, Democrat, of Watertown to another term as Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals. The Democratic State Committee at Albany nominated Judge O'Brien on Saturday. It has not been unusual, in "off years," for the Democrats and the Republicans to get together on a nomination of this kind, especially when the two parties, as represented by politicians, lawyers and statesmen, unite on the capabilities and character of such a man as Judge O'Brien.

It was not thought last night that the Republican State Committee will have any further business to-day, and yet there were suggestions to the effect that some Republicans, especially those favorable to Gov. Odell and his administration, believed that the committee should adopt a resolution sustaining the Governor's advocacy of the $101,000,000 canal amendment, to be voted for this fall.

If utter candor is worth anything at a time like this, it should be said that those who suggested that the committee might adopt a resolution of this kind, winked the left eye and thought it would be a good time to make mischief. The Governor has recently made some more or less pointed speeches favoring the proposed $101,000,000 canal appropriation, but it was the opinion of Republicans at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night that any proposition to introduce a resolution on the canal subject this morning will be frowned upon.

Some Republicans said the State committee should also take up the Assembly muddle in the Fulton and Hamilton district. Frank Wood has been nominated by Representative Littauer's friends. The Republicans who deprecate the methods used to nominate Mr. Wood have renominated Clarence W. Smith of Johnston by petition.

A scandal has been precipitated in the district by the nomination of Mr. Wood, and columns upon columns have been printed in the Republican newspapers of Gloversville and Johnstown telling how Mr. Wood's nomination was brought about. The followers of Assemblyman Smith have issued a document to the voters of Fulton and Hamilton, proclaiming that Mr. Wood was nominated by methods which should not be recognized by substantial and consistent Republicans, and calling upon the voters of the district to reëlect Mr. Smith.

The Wood nomination was brought about by Representative Littauer, who now insists upon a renomination to Congress for the Twenty-second district. It was the opinion of Republicans last night that Representative Littauer, in demanding a renomination for Congress, and in advocating the Wood nomination for Assembly, is having a lot of fun with himself.

TRY ANOTHER VAN WYCK.

A New Suggestion for the Mayoralty Urged on Leader Murphy.

Leader Charles F. Murphy of Tammany returned to town from Saratoga yesterday afternoon and told his friends that James Shevlin, who, with Senator Patrick Henry McCarren, represents the Democratic wishes of Hugh McLaughlin, will be in town for good within a few days.

Mr. Murphy did not care to talk very much about the situation. Representative George B. McClellan, who has been highly spoken of by Mr. Murphy as a candidate for Mayor, will be home within a week. It was known last night, however, that Mr. Murphy heard a great deal while in Saratoga about the availability of Augustus Van Wyck of Brooklyn as a possible candidate for Mayor.

It has been understood all along that Manhattan would furnish the Democratic candidate for Mayor, and there is no reason yet, so it was averred last night, to change this opinion, even though Mr. Murphy had heard a great deal about the capabilities of Augustus Van Wyck.

It has been pointed out to Mr. Murphy that Mr. Van Wyck, when he resigned as a Supreme Court Justice in 1898 to take the nomination for Governor, made a sacrifice to his party which calls for some recompense should Mr. Van Wyck desire such recompense.

In that fight Mr. Van Wyck was beaten by Theodore Roosevelt by 17,000 votes and returned to his law practice. Mr. Murphy heard also about the popularity of Mr. Van Wyck in Brooklyn, special mention being made of Mr. Van Wyck's vote there, when he carried Kings county over Roosevelt by 18,382 plurality.

It was pointed out to Mr. Murphy, moreover, that in the Gubernatorial fight between Stanchfield and Odell in 1900 Stanchfield only beat Odell in Kings county by 2,355 plurality. It was also recalled that in 1902 Coler beat Odell in Kings by 26,514.

Mr. Murphy heard other things about Augustus Van Wyck—how he voted at Kansas City in 1900 as New York's member of the Committee on Resolutions against Mr. Bryan's demand for a specific declaration in favor of free silver, and how Mr. Van Wyck engineered the fight, with other Democrats, so that Mr. Bryan only won in the Committee on Resolutions by a vote of 26 to 24, the deciding vote being cast by Prince David of Hawaii, a Territory which had no vote in the electoral college.

It is well known that Mr. Murphy is most partial to the nomination of George B. McClellan for Mayor, but it is believed that he is also aware of the opposition to Mr. McClellan, and that a good many Brooklyn Democrats of influence believe that the best way out of the muddle is to nominate Augustus Van Wyck. At least, that is the latest current suggestion, and it is printed for what it is worth.

BALL'S AGREEMENT WITH ALLEE

Merely Verbal—Was Forced Upon the Senators by the Administration.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 7.—Interest in the removal of Miss Todd from the post office at Greenwood, Sussex county, is intensified by the statement by Senator Ball that there was no signed agreement between him and Senator Allee as to the distribution of Federal patronage in this State. That there was an agreement is not denied, and it was to the effect that Senator Ball was to have the appointments for New Castle county and Senator Allee those for Kent and Sussex.

Senator Allee said that this agreement was made in writing and signed by both contracting parties; Senator Ball says that there was no signed agreement. Replying to Senator Allee's assertion that there was a signed agreement Senator Ball said to-day:

"After the election Senator Allee and I were in Washington, and officers of the Administration forced us to come to an agreement about the Federal appointments. We had a verbal understanding that the recommendations of Senator Allee as to the filling of Federal vacancies in Kent and Sussex counties should be accepted by the Administration and that my recommendation for filling the same kind of vacancies in New Castle county should be given the same treatment, but there was never a written agreement signed by me.

"This did not provide for the creating of vacancies in either of the three counties, but was made solely in regard to the filling of vacancies made by the expiration of terms or by death."

WOMAN'S CLOTHES CATCH FIRE.

Caretaker Burned in Trying to Put Out Curtain Blaze and Will Die.

Annie Carley, the twenty-five-year-old daughter of the caretaker in the old James Gordon Bennett house at 185th street and Fort Washington road, was so badly burned last night that she is dying in the J. Hood Wright Hospital.

The woman was carrying a lighted lamp upstairs and a curtain on the second floor blew across the top of it and caught fire. She tried to put it out and her clothes caught. Her father and sister wrapped her in a blanket and threw water on her, but she was seriously burned before the flames were extinguished.

EIGHT BODIES FLOAT ASHORE.

PROBABLY FROM SOME VESSEL WRECKED IN THE SOUND.

Men Out Sailing Find a Floating Spar Attached to a Sunken Wreck—Sloop Captain Thinks a Big Schooner Has Been Wrecked Near Wading River, L. I.

PORT JEFFERSON, L. I., Sept. 7.—The bodies of eight men, apparently those of sailors from some boat lost in the Sound, have floated ashore on the Long Island coast between this place and Wading River, since Saturday. Two of the bodies are those of negroes. The first one was recovered on Saturday afternoon at Belle Terre. It is that of a large and powerful man, clad in oilskins. There was nothing in the pockets except some buttons and $12, which had been sewed into one of the pockets.

Three bodies have since been found at Wardencliffe, three near Wading River and another at Belle Terre. All of the bodies had to be buried immediately after being viewed by Justice Hawkins.

It was at first supposed that they came from the schooners wrecked on Aug. 25, but it is now believed that they floated in from a wreck which has not been reported. Stony Brook reports that in the Sound, about three miles off Crane Neck Point there is a sunken wreck which does not seem to have been reported. The wreck lies in such a position that under the prevailing winds bodies would be likely to float ashore from it to this section.

On Friday afternoon Edward Davis and two other young men, while out sailing, saw a floating spar with a piece of old sail attached to it. They tried to save a couple of blocks on the spar and found that it was held to the bottom by a sheet. The spar was broken in several places, so the young men took the tip of it, some of the sail, hoops and some of the blocks and brought them ashore. They saw that the rest of the spar with the sail was left fast to the wreck.

Later in the day Capt. Hawkins, of the sloop Santa Maria, came upon the floating spar and sail. He says that, judging from all he could see, the vessel was probably a three-masted schooner of from 750 to 900 tons. She lies in about 75 feet of water. There is no mark on any of the things afloat to indicate the name of the vessel, and nothing has drifted ashore so far as known that indicates a wreck at that point.

JUMPS IN FRONT OF A TRAIN.

Prisoner, Just Out of Bellevue, Kills Himself—Friends Blame the Hospital.

The friends of Charles Bruning, a bartender, who was ground to death by an elevated railroad train at Fifty-ninth street and Third avenue yesterday, said last night that they were going to demand an investigation as to why he was allowed to leave Bellevue Hospital, when, as they say, he was in such a state that it was unsafe to allow him outside that institution.

According to Bruning's friends, he went to his home, at 743 East 148th street, on the night of Aug. 30, bleeding from the ears, and told his wife that he had been sandbagged. He soon complained of very severe pains in his head and said that it was "hard to think."

Last Thursday he stabbed himself with an icepick. The wound he made was not of much account, but he was taken to Bellevue, a prisoner, on the charge of attempted suicide. His friends went to the hospital and tried to convince the doctors that the blow which he had received on the head had affected his brain, and they asked the doctors to make an X-ray examination. It does not appear that this was done. They said also that it would be unsafe for him to be taken away from the hospital.

The hospital authorities notified the Alexander avenue police yesterday morning that he was well enough to appear in court. Policeman Brady, who had arrested Bruning Thursday, took him to the elevated station at Third avenue and Twenty-third street.

At Fifty-ninth street he rushed out of the train, followed by Brady. Bruning was a man of unusual size and strength, and Brady had extreme difficulty in quieting him. Just as the next northbound train came along the prisoner made a sudden rush for the track. The policeman was dragged along, but grasped one of the pillars that support the platform roof barely in time to save himself. Bruning threw himself on the track and was run over before the motorman could check the train's speed.

A part of the labor parade was passing through Fifty-ninth street shortly after the accident occurred and was thrown into confusion by the sight of Bruning's body as it hung suspended from the ties. Trains were blocked for half an hour. The motorman, William Morris of 1557 Madison avenue, was arrested, but was later discharged. The police called it a case of suicide.

THE "VISITING EAGLE" CAUGHT?

Chambermaid Who Was Robbed Has a Man Arrested—More Complaints.

The Tenderloin police think they have captured the "visiting Eagle" who recently drugged a maid employed at the Waldorf-Astoria and robbed her of $487 worth of jewelry. His description fits that given by two other women who became informally acquainted with the man and were similarly treated.

Anna Hallbert was the Waldorf-Astoria maid who was robbed. She has lost her job. Last night she called at the Tenderloin station and had a talk with the plain-clothes men, who told her to walk out ahead of them. She went up Broadway and at the Metropolitan Opera House stepped up to a man and spoke to him. He started to run and the detectives pounced on him.

At the station he said he was Harry Wilson and lived in Forty-eighth street. In one of his pockets was a four-ounce bottle of choral and in another a .22-calibre revolver. In his hat was a pawnticket for a diamond ring, on which he had got $160.

Letters in his pockets were addressed to D. J. Kilbey, 414 Jackson Building, Chicago, and to the same name at the Hotel Metropole. The police learned that he had a room in that hotel, where he lived with a woman whom he brought here from the Saratoga racetrack.

The other two women who say they were robbed are Dora Havens, who was robbed of a $130-diamond ring and $30 in cash, and Bessie Ward, who was robbed of a pair of diamond earrings, a $225-diamond ring and $15 in cash.

The police went to the prisoner's room at the Metropole and found there a young woman who said she was Bella Nightingale, a Canadian, who had met him in Saratoga two weeks ago. She says she thought he was a bookmaker. She was arrested as a suspicious person.

They found in his room several pawntickets and the half of a buckle the other half of which, the police say, one of his victims has. At the Metropole he had the reputation of being a liberal spender.

WON'T HAVE ANTI-BRYAN MAN.

Radical Democrats Will Nominate a Man of Their Own if Murphy Won't Agree.

The Radical Democracy of Brooklyn, of which Coroner Flaherty is the leader, has decided to make an emphatic kick against the selection of an anti-Bryan Democrat as the candidate for Mayor. A committee of Radicals will make an official call on Charles F. Murphy, the leader of Tammany, in a few days and notify him that if a Cleveland Democrat be put at the head of the ticket the Bryan men will place an independent candidate in the field.

The Radicals have installed Justice William J. Gaynor as their first choice and are said to have received assurances from him that he would to accept the nomination under certain conditions.

NO PANAMA SECESSION YET.

Governor Not Informed That Delegates Have Withdrawn From Congress.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—Dr. Herran, the Colombian Chargé d'Affaires, who telegraphed to the Governor of Panama on Saturday in regard to newspaper reports that the Panama delegation in the Colombian Congress had withdrawn from Bogota got this answer to-day:

PANAMA.—Nothing is known here regarding withdrawal from Congress of Panama delegation. I have been informed that Senator Obaldia has been appointed Governor and he is on his way with Representative Fabrega.

CUBA'S DEATH RATE DECREASING.

The Island More Healthful Than at Any Time in Its History.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The sanitary measures introduced in Cuba during the American military occupation have been continued, and the island as a whole is now more healthful than at any time in its history. Minister Squiers in a recent report says:

"In the District of Havana the death rate decreased in June to 400, against 448 in the preceding thirty days and against 540 in June of last year, and is the lowest figure for the month of June ever recorded in Havana, as far back as reliable statistics can be obtained. The whole island is free from smallpox and yellow fever. In many of the provinces the death rate has been abnormally low for the time of year, owing to the improved methods of sanitation."

NEWPORT HORSE SHOW.

Society People Compete for Ribbons at Annual Exhibition.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 7.—The seventh annual Newport Horse Show was opened this afternoon at the Newport Casino, and never before has such a fine display of horseflesh and such a gathering of wealth and fashion been seen before in this country in the open air. It was a grand day for the show, being cool, and an hour after the opening it was impossible to get within the enclosure. Many of the society people appeared in the ring themselves and drove, or rode, as the class might be.

The private boxes, which are situated on the west side of the ring, were filled to overflowing, all of the society leaders being present, and among those who entertained during the show were Mrs. Perry Belmont, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt, who has as one of her guests her mother, Mrs. Frederic Neilson; Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mrs. Philip Lydig, who had as her guest Miss Alice Roosevelt; Mrs. Ogden Goelet, Mrs. Burke-Roche, who has several horses in the show, and Mrs. J. P. Kernochan. The Howard Orchestra furnished the music and the scene was one of life and beauty.

The show opened with the class for hunters and jumpers, and Mrs. Thomas W. Pierce, who for two seasons has been a feature with her jumpers, repeated her triumphs to-day, but her hunter did not do well and she did not capture a ribbon. She was the only woman to appear in the class for hunters. She is one of the most fearless women cross-country riders in the country.

Among the society women to appear in the ring were Mrs. Burke-Roche, Mrs. J. B. M. Grosvenor, Miss Marion Fish, Miss Cynthia Roche, and all were warmly applauded as they passed in review of the boxes.

In class 27, for horses and victorias, there was close competition between the two Vanderbilt boys, and, much to the surprise of all, Mr. Reginald Vanderbilt beat his brother Alfred out.

In the class for ladies' victorias, in which Mrs. Burke-Roche drove her own team, she had a narrow escape from a collision. The horses were somewhat excited and it appeared as if they were more than she could manage. In passing the gate she nearly ran into the team of E. D. Jordan, and had not the latter's team been reined in there would have been a collision. Mrs. Burke-Roche, however, remained perfectly cool.

Probably the special feature of the afternoon was the class for park teams. There were three teams shown and they were driven by their owners, W. E. Woodend, W. H. Moore and W. B. Leeds, all well-known men and owners of fine horses. It took the judges some time to decide in this class, and one of the judges, Mr. Rives, drove the Woodend team around the ring before the award was made. The blue went to W. H. Moore. The big events of the show will begin tomorrow, as to-day was confined largely to the novice classes.

ACCIDENT TO BUDD DOBLE.

Veteran Driver Thrown From Sulky at Grand Circuit Meet.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 7.—Budd Doble, up behind The Roman, in the last race at Charter Oak Park to-day, met with an accident that at first seemed to have knocked him out, but he was soon able to get up. His horse was lifted to its feet and the only serious injury was to the sulky, which was pretty well demolished. Otherwise the first day of the Grand Circuit meeting was without special incident, the favorites in the main doing what was expected of them.

It was in the 2:10 trot that the accident occurred. Caspian, the favorite at the start, had not won a heat. The Roman had two to his credit and Dr. Strong had taken two. The horses came up for the fifth heat with darkness nearly upon them. Near the half-mile post The Roman, who was not in the lead, was seen to go suddenly into the ditch with sulky and driver. It was asserted by Doble that his horse had been interfered with, but it is thought that the accident was caused by the slipping of one of the shoes. The judges decided that the accident should have been avoided, and The Roman was declared distanced. The race was unfinished and goes over to-morrow. The attendance to-day was about 10,000. The weather was fine and the track was regarded as in splendid condition.

2:30 class, pacing; purse $3,000:

King Direct, blk. s., by Direct (Geers)	1	1	1
Dr. Madara, ch. g. (Hudson)	3	2	2
Elastic Pointer, b. s. (Hussey)	2	3	3

Time—2:09¾, 2:09¼, 2:09¼.

2:14 class, pacing; purse $1,500:

Sagway, b. g., by Saywa (Berry)	1	1	1
Klowa, b. g. (Bush)	2	3	2
Alvin R., br. g. (Noble)	3	2	3

Time—2:11, 2:13¼, 2:15¼.

Hartford Futurity, for foals of 1900; stake $7,500:

Sadie Mc, b. f., by Peter the Great (McDonald)	4	1	1	
Ethel's Pride, b. f. (Hudson)	1	2	2	
Lord Roberts, b. s. (Tiller)	7	3	3	
Sportie, b. f. (Bither)	5	4	dis	
Delight, b. f. (Thayer)	6	5	dis	
Lizzie A., ro. f. (Cox)	2	dis.		
Miss Inlaw, b. f. (Maloney)	3	dis.		

Time—2:14¼, 2:12¾, 2:11¼.

2:10 class, trotting; purse, $1,500. (Unfinished.)

Dr. Strong, g. g. (Benyon)	6	6	1	1	2
McKinley, b. g. (Boone)	7	4	5	3	1
Caspian, b. g. (Shank)	2	2	2	5	4
George Muscovite, b. s. (Bond)	3	5	3	4	5
Nell Gwynne, g. m. (Kelley)	4	3	6	6	3
The Roman, b. g. (Doble)	1	1	4	2	dis
Edgewood, br. g. (Maloney)	5	7	7	dr.	
Mary D., ch. m. (L. McDonald)	dis.				

Time—2:10¼, 2:10, 2:11¼, 2:12¼, 2:15¼.

The Weather.

There was a storm of considerable energy central over the Dakotas yesterday and moving eastward, attended by high winds in the Northwest and upper Lake regions, with cloudy and rainy conditions surrounding the storm centre and eastward to the Great Lakes.

An area of high pressure centred over the Lake regions and spread into the New England and Middle Atlantic States. Fair weather prevailed in all the Atlantic States, but it became cloudy and showery in the Middle Atlantic and lower New England States toward night. It was warmer in most of the States.

In this city the day was fair, becoming cloudy, with light showers at night; wind mostly fresh northly; average humidity, 73 per cent; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 30.18; 3 P. M., 30.14.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

	1903	1902		1903	1902
9 A. M.	62°	66°	6 P. M.	69°	76°
12 M.	68°	68	9 P. M.	66°	72°
3 P. M.	69°	75°	12 Mid.	64°	68°

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

For eastern New York, rain to-day, warmer in west portion; rain to-morrow; increasing east to southeast winds.

For New England, increasing cloudiness to-day, followed by rain and warmer in west portion; rain to-morrow; north to northeast winds increasing to-night.

For the District of Columbia, Delaware and Maryland, fair and warmer to-day; showers at night or to-morrow; fresh east to south winds.

For eastern Pennsylvania, rain to-day, warmer in north and west portions; rain to-morrow; fresh to brisk east to south winds.

For New Jersey, increasing cloudiness to-day, probably rain in north portion; rain to-morrow; fresh to brisk east to south winds.

ALL-AMERICAN GOLFERS WIN.

OXFORD-CAMBRIDGE PLAYERS LOSE BY ONE POINT.

Travis, Our New Champion, Turns the Tables on Low, Who Beat Him at Garden City—Brokaw Beats Bramston After a Tie—First Defeat of Englishmen

After a battle that was a double victory, for the home team was four down in the morning, the American golf players won the big match of the season yesterday by beating the Oxford and Cambridge Golfing Society team by five matches to four. It was a fine match, taken as a whole. In the morning the English 'varsity men had the advantage, by six matches to four, as the home players had not shown up very well. Travis, our new amateur champion, was against John L. Low, who beat him last week, and he won a well-played match, scoring on the features that Low is famous in, the short game and putting. Travis led his fields in the morning and afternoon, an example full of inspiration to the rest, and he won finally by 7 up and 5 to play.

Travis	4	6	4	3	5	5	4	6	4	—41	
Low	4	[illegible]	4	5	5	5	3	4	5	—40	
Travis	3	4	4	4	5	5	4	3	3	—35—	76
Low	5	4	5	4	5	5	5	3	4	—40—	80
Travis	4	5	4	5	4	4	4	4	5	—39	
Low	5	4	4	5	4	4	3	5	6	—40	
Travis	4	3	4	4						—15	54
Low	5	4	4	5						—18—	58

The Englishmen led in the morning, by 6 matches to 4, and what helped greatly was that Bramston was 5 up on Brokaw. In the afternoon, after two extra holes, Brokaw beat Bramston, but the latter was then quite fagged out. He has lung trouble and is not at his best after eighteen holes.

The summary for the morning was:

W. J. Travis beat J. L. Low, by 3 up; N. F. Hunter beat F. S. Douglas, by 3 up; T. M. Hunter beat E. M. Byers, by 2 up; G. D. Barne and F. O. Reinhart, all square; J. A. T. Bramston beat G. T. Brokaw, by 5 up; H. Beveridge beat H. C. Egan, by 2 up; Bruce Smith beat H. G. B. Ellis, by 6 up; P. W. Leathart beat G. A. Ormiston, by 5 up; D. F. Ranson beat L. H. Conklin, by 3 up.

With all the odds against them, the home players made a splendid fight. The first returns were of four English victories. Then, by slow degrees, came in the wins of four of the All-America team, which made the score all even. The issue was now up to Byers, who had been 2 down to T. M. Hunter in the morning. The Pittsburg man played a glorious game in the afternoon, and, all square at the sixteenth, where Hunter ran down a 10-foot put, Byers won the next two holes and the match—which meant the first victory against the tourists from Great Britain. The final score was five matches to four in favor of the United States Golf Association.

Summary of the afternoon play:

W. J. Travis beat J. L. Low, by 7 up and 6 to play; N. F. Hunter beat F. S. Douglas, by 5 up and 4 to play; E. M. Byers beat T. M. Hunter, by 2 up; C. D. Barne beat F. O. Reinhart, by 2 up and 1 to play; G. T. Brokaw beat J. A. T. Bramston, by 1 up (38 holes); H. Beveridge beat H. C. Egan, by 4 up and 3 to play; Bruce Smith beat H. G. B. Ellis, by 10 up and 8 to play; P. W. Leathart beat G. A. Ormiston, by 9 up and 8 to play; L. H. Conklin beat D. F. Ranson, by 1 up.

RIFLE SHOOTING AT SEA GIRT.

District of Columbia Teams First and Second in Skirmish Match.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Sept. 7.—Of the three matches on the programme to-day at the Rifle Shoot and the skirmish match left over unfinished from Saturday only the last was finished.

In the Leech cup match last year thirty-five finished. To-day about 260 tried to get the 800, 900 and 1,000-yard targets. Seven relays were run off on the first two ranges, and three were through the game at dusk. A large crowd watched this long-distance contest, which will, in all probability, go to the winner of the Wimbledon cup match last Friday, Corporal C. B. Winder of Bloomingdale, Ohio. He has made the very high score of 94 out of a possible 100.

Of the nine companies which finished the company match, Company C of the Fourth New Jersey leads with 312. The Marine Corps is second, at 309, and Company I of the First District of Columbia, third, at 307. The scores of the other companies which finished were: Company C, Sixth Ohio, 303; Battery B, First Heavy Artillery, Massachusetts, 294; Company D, Second Connecticut, 288; Company I, Third Pennsylvania, 248; Company A, Third Pennsylvania, 205; Company K, Third Pennsylvania, 197.

The District of Columbia resumed its prize-winning tactics in the skirmish team match, decisively defeating the field, from which the Seventh and Twelfth New York withdrew and in which the Jerseymen found themselves outclassed. For years the Washingtonians have proved their superiority in skirmish-firing. The Second Regiment scored its third victory in this match to-day, and the Hazard trophy becomes the property of the Second. The score of the winning team was 351. To the District also went the second honors at 310, while the United States Marine Corps grabbed third and fourth honors with 308 and 290, leaving the First New Jersey, which beat the Washington cracks in the regimental match, fifth place, at 256. The First Vermont by 20 points beat the Fourth New Jersey, which got 201. The Pennsylvania squadron made 190, and the Fifth Maryland brought up the rear with 170. High man for the winning Second was Lieut. W. Milton Farrow, who had a total of twenty-four hits to his credit. For the First New Jersey the leader was Private Howard Gensch, who hit the enemy sixteen times.

The Georgians, twenty-one strong, arrived this afternoon in command of Major W. W. Williamson, who is team captain. The Georgians have not been here since 1899, when they left angry, alleging that the Jerseymen won the Hilton trophy match by unfair marking of a shot, a charge which was disproved the following winter to the satisfaction of their counsel.

BIG CROWD AT TAILTIN GAMES.

Modern Irishmen Break Records at Revival of Ancient Festival.

The Tailtin games, Ireland's ancient athletic festival, were revived yesterday at Celtic Park by the Greater New York Irish A. A., and while the events lacked the pomp and panoply of the antique fixture the attempt in the main was preeminently a success. The crowd was variously estimated at from seven to twelve thousand persons.

In the main body of the programme there were several novelties, and a couple of new records were made. In the 56-pound weight, which was thrown in the Irish style with one hand and with unlimited run and follow, J. S. Mitchel of the New York A. C. wiped all previous records off the books. His throw was 38 feet 5 inches and the previous world's best mark was by T. F. Kiely of Carrick-on-Suir, County Tipperary, Ireland, 38 feet 1 inch, at Cork, Ireland, Aug. 13, 1899. H. L. Hillman of the New York A. C. set up new figures in the 440-yard hurdle race by covering the distance in 55 2-5 seconds, but he knocked the last hurdle over and this will prevent the acceptance of the record. In the rising and striking of the hurling ball, J. Scully of Brooklyn sent the leather sphere flying 210 feet with a wallop of his hurley stick, and these figures now become the American record.

In the javelin contest the mark was placed eighty feet away and the man who drove the spear nearest to it won. J. McCarthy was the most accurate thrower and he landed the big steel implement within 2 feet 2 inches of the object.

SIX START IN OCEAN RACE.

Fair Breeze for Yachts to Begin Journey of 524 Miles.

Six big schooner yachts started yesterday afternoon on a race 524 miles in length. The start was made at the Scotland lightship and the yachts will sail to Nantucket Shoals lightship, then to the Northeast End lightship off Cape May and then to Scotland lightship. They were to have started at 10 o'clock, but at that hour there was no wind and there was a wait of two hours. The Regatta Committee of the Atlantic Yacht Club had the race in hand and at 12:30 o'clock, when there was a light breeze from the west, the starting signal was made.

The yachts crossed in this order: Ingomar, M. F. Plant, 12:32:25; Thistle, Robert E. Tod, 12:32:33; Iroquois, Z. G. Naefie Whitaker, 12:33:07; Fleur de Lys, Dr. L. A. Stimson, 12:33:32; Hligedarde, T. R. Coleman, 12:33:44; Endymion, George Lauder, Jr., 12:35:00.

The course to Nantucket Shoals lightship is east one-half south 190 miles and the yachts started with spinnakers to starboard. Later in the afternoon the wind shifted more to the south, making it a reach.

In the afternoon a regatta was sailed off the Atlantic clubhouse at Sea Gate. The wind was west by south, and the yachts were sent twice around a small triangle, having a close reach on the first leg, a broad reach on the second and a close reach home. The winners were Bagheera, Cockatoo, Trouble, Opossum and Martha M.

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