

LAKESUPERIORWON'TSELLOUT

DIRECTORS STICK TO THE REORGANIZATION PLAN.

Receiver Appointed by Canadian Courts to Take Care of the Property—Mighty Power of Directors and Lawyers—Dominion Government Takes Action.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25.—Nearly all the prominent men connected with the Consolidated Lake Superior gathered in this city to-day and discussed the fate of the big property. Numerous conferences were held by the board of directors and a committee of lawyers representing all the various interests.

The upshot was that the directors declined all proposals for the purchase of the property and issued a statement urging the support of the reorganization plan suggested by some of the stockholders.

Word was received during the day that the Canadian courts had appointed B. J. Thackenthal, Jr., of this city as receiver for the Canadian property of the company. It was likewise rumored tonight that application had been made for an American receiver, but Vice-President E. H. Sanborn denied this.

The meeting of the board of directors lasted nearly six hours, and all of the well known officials were present, including President Cornelius Shields, Francis H. Clergue, E. Search, Samuel M. Provost, Samuel Ben, C. E. Orvis and E. J. Berwind. While the board was in progress, lawyers representing the stockholders were in conference in P. F. Rothman's office.

They are John R. Dos Passos, of New York; Judge Walter Hayes, of New York; John J. De Forest Junken, A. S. L. Shields and A. R. Harvey, an English capitalist. Both parties were in constant communication, and prominent in the conversation were President Sanborn and Vice-President E. H. Sanborn.

The meeting of the board of directors was continued for several hours, and it was evident that all interests were working in the common hope of saving the property. When the board adjourned, it adjourned shortly before 7 o'clock this evening; they authorized the following statement:

The board of directors of the Consolidated Lake Superior Company has this day resolved to issue a plan of reorganization which has been prepared by a committee of the stockholders, and to accept the same as a plan of reorganization and to recommend it to the stockholders at large, urging their support and their cooperation in the execution of this plan.

Although much doubt has been expressed as to the ability of the stockholders to raise the necessary sum to pay off the property, the participants in both meetings are sanguine of success.

The plan of reorganization provides for an assessment of \$3 on each share of the common stock and an authorized bond issue of \$100,000.

The issue will be only \$7,250,000, the remainder going to the writers. The stockholders are expected to realize more than \$5,000,000 from this source.

The announcement that B. F. Thackenthal, Jr., of this city had been appointed receiver of the Canadian property of the Canadian courts was not regarded as of serious consequence by the directors.

The receiver was appointed at the instance of Speyer & Company, who have been named as the plaintiffs of the company, except the Trans St. Mary Traction Company and the Michigan Lake Superior Power Company. These are on the American side.

It was explained that Speyer & Co. had probably asked for a receiver on the ground that as creditors of the company they did not desire to see the property injured by lack of funds at this time.

The receiver, it is understood, would simply look after the interests of the property, paying the wages and buying the supplies, until a formal adjudication is made.

The threatened legal action against the company materialized to-day when Charles S. Wood, counsel for Harry Harvey, issued a summons from Common Pleas Court No. 5, Lawyer Wood said that the claim was a small one.

Mr. R. Harvey, the British promoter, is said to desire to secure the property for Vickers Sons & Maxim. The officials of the company, however, attach little importance to the matter, and Mr. Harvey with respect to any possible purchase of the Consolidated Lake Superior plants by the English gunmakers, and even go so far as to say that they would not be at all subservient to such purposes.

TORONTO, Sept. 25.—Mr. Bicknell of Toronto, a lawyer representing the Central Trust Company, trustee for Speyer & Co., started for South St. Marie to take possession of the works of the Consolidated Lake Superior Company. Mr. Bicknell has instructions to take steps to place the works in the hands of an official of the Central Trust Company said to-day that all the syndicate wanted was its money and that taking possession of the industries had not in the least been intended to consummate a plan of reorganization.

A. R. Harvey, A. P. Wilson and Capt. T. C. Tulloch, who began their negotiations with Mr. Clergue, the British promoter, and have now accompanied him to Philadelphia, came to Canada, it is understood, in the interests of Vickers Sons & Maxim, the great gunmaker of England, and other British firms of equal prominence.

OTTAWA, Sept. 25.—The C. B. Inlet meeting and the consolidation of the Super Company. What was proposed is maintained as a State secret. None of the Ministers would make a statement further than to admit that the Government was anxious to save the great industries at the Soo and had endeavored to devise protective measures. No decision was reached.

MRS. DAVIS SERIOUSLY ILL.

Widow of Jefferson Davis in a Dangerous Condition at Castle Inn in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, Sept. 25.—Mrs. Jefferson Davis widow of the President of the Southern Confederacy, and now a resident of New York city, is dangerously ill at Castle Inn in this city.

At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon after a consultation with Drs. Roswell Park and Allen Jones, Dr. Stockton made the following statement:

Mrs. Davis rested more comfortably during the early morning and part of the day, but she has not improved. There are no changes for the worse in her condition, but also there is no indication of a change for the better, which I had hoped for by this time. I am not yet prepared to announce the nature of Mrs. Davis's affliction. I shall do so if she becomes much worse.

THE GOMEL RIOT.

Eight Jews and Five Christians Killed—No Foreign Interest Suffered.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Announcement was made at the State Department this morning that a cable message had been received from Mr. Biddle, United States Charge d'Affaires at St. Petersburg, saying that in the Gornel riots eight Jews and five Christians lost their lives. Mr. Biddle also says that no foreigner or any foreign interest suffered.

Sweet Will Divide \$250,000.

The will of Mrs. Caroline W. Sweet of Montclair, who died in July last, was admitted to probate in Newark, N. J., yesterday. She bequeathed \$75,000 to Sarah Trumbull Warren, an adopted daughter, and \$200,000 each to two nieces, Edith Van Lennep and Caroline Sweet Holmes. Three other nieces, Emily, Louise and Julia Sweet, receive \$2,000 each.

The remainder of the estate, the total value of which is \$1,250,000, is to be divided into three equal parts, one to a sister, Mrs. Mary H. Holmes; another to a brother, William Lannan Ball, and the third, in four equal parts, to go to near relatives.

BLOWS AND BLOOD AT PRINCETON

The Sophomores Successfully Defend the Old Cannon.

PRINCETON, N. J., Sept. 25.—Princeton freshmen have had an eventful day to-day. This afternoon when they were holding a class meeting for the election of class officers they were rushed by the sophomores. Both classes entered spiritedly into the fray, and many upper classmen, some of them football players, joined with the freshmen in their efforts to repulse the attacks. The fight lasted for several minutes, and some hard blows were struck on both sides before the freshmen were able to continue their meeting. One sophomore who had taken off a freshman's cap was pounced upon by several juniors and his clothes were torn almost to shreds before he could be forced to give up the trophy.

The sophomores renewed the fight when the freshmen attempted to parade down Nassau street. Fierce hand to hand encounters ensued, but the freshmen were at last forced to leave the street.

To-night the freshmen renewed their struggle for existence around the historic cannon in the college quadrangle. Dressed in their uniforms, the freshmen were guarded by juniors, they first paraded the streets singing the 1907 song and crying "Quack, quack, 1907." Then they gathered on the campus and at the cry of "Here they come," raised by the men in the quadrangle, the freshmen rushed at the sophomores, who were drawn up about the old Revolutionary cannon which they were to keep the freshmen. The flying wedge of freshmen struck the compact body of sophomores, and ploughing into them, they attempted to reach the cannon. For ten minutes the classes fought, the freshmen fell promiscuously and blood flowed, but the sophomores held their ground, and the fight was finally called off by the upper classmen. The freshmen were dangerously injured in the fray, although some had to be carried from the scene of battle. Many had their clothes torn, and others are nursing bad bruises.

S. Rulon Miller of Haverford Grammar School was elected president of the freshman class.

THE LAST MOUSTACHE REMOVED.

All Members of Syracuse University Freshman Class Are Now Clean Shaven.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 25.—The last moustache in the freshman class of Syracuse University came of this morning after a desperate but futile resistance. It belonged to B. C. Kassess, a freshman in the course in architecture, who failed to regard the college custom which says that no freshmen shall wear a moustache.

Kassess had been warned to remove his moustache, but maintained that he was married, had two children and could do as he pleased about it. Authorities on college customs were appealed to, and they held that the fact that the freshman was married did not give him any right to the moustache. A gang of sophomores captured him this morning after his French class. He fought like a tiger, but was overpowered and held down while a sophomore hacked off one side of the moustache with a pair of shears. Later in the day he appeared on the hill with a clean shave.

SOPHS FLAG STILL FLIES.

Columbia Freshmen Fall to Haul It From a South Field Tree.

A small Columbia pennant floating from a tree top on South Field and bearing the legend "1908" started a lively row yesterday between the two under classes of the university. Two hundred sophomores gathered about the tree defended their emblem from as many red eyed freshmen, who had been up all night planning revenge.

The freshmen could not make an impression on the 1906 men, although they hammered away for more than an hour in the attempt to get a man up the tree.

WILL NOT WITHDRAW OUR SHIPS.

They Will Remain at Beirut Until the Sultan Acts on American Claims.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Despatches from Constantinople that the Sultan has urged upon United States Minister Leishman the withdrawal of the American war vessels San Francisco and Brooklyn, now at Beirut, are not confirmed by any advice received at the State Department.

There is no disposition to order the San Francisco and Brooklyn from Turkish waters. On the contrary, it is said that until the Sultan gives the indication of his intention to act satisfactorily upon the questions now pending between this country and Turkey this Government will not withdraw its ships.

OBITUARY.

Dr. Calvin Skinner, one of the best known men in New York, died yesterday morning at his home, in Malone. Dr. Skinner was born in Royalton, Vt., May 29, 1818. He was a graduate of the University of Vermont and held the degrees of Bachelor of Medicine at Dartmouth, where he was a classmate of the late Henry Raymond, and Doctor of Medicine at the University of New York. He was an enthusiastic Republican, being associated with his close friend, the late Henry Raymond, in the organization of the party in Franklin county. In 1860 Dr. Skinner was an able and successful candidate for the Presidency, and when the civil war broke out he enlisted in the army and acted as surgeon and surgeon for many years.

John Hussey, Jr., secretary of the New York and Montreal Board of Sanitary Commissioners, died last night at his home, in North Long Branch, N. J., of Bright's disease. Dr. Hussey was the son of John Hussey, and was born at Kingston, N. Y., 42 years ago. He was a member of the Episcopal and Catholic churches of New York, and was well known in boating circles.

Dr. Frederick W. Hutton, who had been in practice in Brooklyn for about twenty years, died on Thursday at his home, 101 St. John's place, of a cerebral disease of the heart, which was complicated with rheumatism. He was a graduate of the Long Island College Hospital.

Allen B. Seaman, a prominent attorney of Denver, Col., was found dead in bed yesterday of cerebral disease. He had been a member of the Republican State Committee for several years.

Mrs. K. Trauhart, mother of Isabelle Trauhart, the actress, died last night at her home, at 170 Woodland avenue, New Rochelle. She had been ill for a year.

The Weather.

Clear weather prevailed over all the country yesterday save for local showers in Northern Montana, North Dakota, and extreme Western Texas. The pressure was low over the Dakotas and Minnesota and on the coast of Florida; elsewhere it was high.

The storm predicted by the Weather Bureau to be over this vicinity to-day failed to appear. It was cooler in the Atlantic States and warmer all West of the Alleghany mountains. In the corn and wheat States it was from 10 to 15 degrees warmer.

In this city the day was clear and cooler, with fresh northwesterly average humidity 40 per cent. barometer, corrected to read sea level, at 8 A. M., 30.09, 3 P. M., 30.02.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

Table with 4 columns: Time (8 A.M., 12 M., 3 P.M.), Temperature (68, 67, 67), and Wind (S.W., S.W., S.W.).

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-MORROW: Fair to clear, New York and New Jersey, fair and warmer to-day; fair and cooler to-morrow.

For New England, fair to-day and warmer; fair and cooler to-morrow. For the District of Columbia and Maryland, fair and warmer to-day; fair and cooler to-morrow.

In the western New York and warmer to-day; showers and cooler at night and warmer, except fair in southeast portion, brisk southwest winds, becoming high on Lake Erie and shifting to north west to-morrow.

NOT HIS KIND OF SECRETARY.

VIGOROUS REPLY OF A HUSKY MAN TO AN ADVERTISER.

He Wanted a Job and Asked for Particulars—Got a Reply About Being "Personally Agreeable" and Never Mind the Ability—No Men Wanted, It Seems.

Manager Charles Barnham of Wallack's Theatre found in the lobby of the theatre, after the performance last night, an envelope containing two letters. The name and address of the owner of the letters were on the envelope. He is a man, and the right sort of a man. He wrote the second letter, printed below.

The writer of the first letter is unknown. The letters are self-explanatory:

Miss J. M.—Your reply to "Considerate" to hand. Seriously, although your reply implies it, the advertisement was not inserted for you but for a man who can get your job. I speak a sense of humor that I admire. Some 200 others write as if they really considered the position, that is they answer the questions the advertisement asks. You ask full details instead.

I wanted a secretary, because the amount of writing there is to do makes the services of one desirable. The position involves no personal obligation whatever, yet I must confess the pleasure of preferring one who is personally agreeable to one who is not. One is liable to be thrown more with his secretary than with the janitor next door; so that, perhaps, the feeling is not wholly an unnatural one.

I expect the place as secretary to be filled by a woman of refinement—possibly by one who is not at first blush over confident of her ability to thoroughly fill it. The question of salary is quite secondary to the right one. I am in a position to pay for one who is not one who takes the position, I think, for but what she would be treated with as much respect and consideration as a woman of refinement and character might expect anywhere. The position is not open to any other class of woman. The advertiser is a man—just a plain, ordinary man, nothing more, and not very much less. I do not give you my name, because I do not think you will be interested enough to need it.

Sept. 23, 1903.

Considerate.

DEAR SIR: I have your favor without date, addressed to "Miss J. M." It is evident that the word "Considerate" was not used in the sense in which I may read between the lines, that I am in no way suited or capable of filling a position you wish filled.

I, too, am a man—a plain man, but for all that a good, husky one. I stand about 5 feet and weigh something over 150 pounds, and for the last six months have been in training under the instruction of one of the best boxers and wrestlers in New York city, so that I am carrying no surplus weight.

I feel qualified to fill the position of secretary, but I do not, and never have, considered \$100 a month, "for me," an inducement. As secretary, I have never received less than \$2,500 a year, and do not propose to return to a beginner's salary, even for the sake of a few trifling privileges of enjoying the society of my employer.

I wrote you a plain, business proposition, in good faith, and I receive in reply a very nice letter addressed to "Miss J." It seems to me that you made a mistake in the advertisement. It should have been on the first page and not in the "Help Wanted" column.

Trusting you will see the humor of this, and that you will also appreciate that it is written entirely for your benefit, I remain, yours very truly,

Ms. J. M.—

FRED S. GIBBS'S FUNERAL.

Men of All Ranks and All Shades of Political Opinions Do Him Mournful Honor.

The funeral of Frederick Seymour Gibbs was held yesterday at his late home, 421 West Twenty-second street, and at the Church of the Transfiguration in East Twenty-ninth street, off Broadway. The service at the house was attended only by the family and the immediate friends of the late Republican National Committee man.

The church services were attended by so many people that there was not room inside the building for all who came, and many of those who attended to pay their last tribute of respect to Mr. Gibbs's memory stood about in the churchyard and in the street.

The funeral was remarkable, not only for the different shades of political belief of those who came, but for the remarkable differences in worldly condition which quite apparently characterized them.

The number of laborers crowded into the church alongside of men of prominence in state and national affairs, was a notable feature.

The church services were simple. The coffin, covered with an American flag, signatory of Mr. Gibbs's army service, was proceeded into the church by the military pallbearers. These were:

Gov. Franklin Murphy of New Jersey, Cornelius S. Biss, Hamilton Fish, Jr., Timothy W. Woodruff, William C. Cullen, Gen. Henry E. Tremain, Robert C. Morris, William H. Tompkins, Edward G. Rice, John C. Brown, John Miller, Lewis C. George, Judge Edward Hogan, Louis P. Day, Thomas L. Hamilton, William Halpin and James A. Allen.

Mr. Gibbs, on the arm of her uncle, Charles O. Walcott, followed, and Mrs. Frank Kennedy, Mr. Gibbs's daughter, with her husband and Mrs. Gibbs's father, Magistrate Meade.

There was a large delegation from the Republican Club, headed by Louis Stern. Among those who accompanied him were George R. Bidwell, Postmaster Cornelius Van Cott, Justice Mayer, Job E. Hedges, Magistrate Duval, Crane and Oppen, W. M. K. O'Connell and John S. Miller, and George and Luther B. Little were present also.

Some of the others present were Collector Nevada N. Stranahan and Surveyor James S. Clark of the Port of New York, Gen. Howard Carroll, Adjutant-General Nelson Henry, ex-Assessmentman Charles Adler, Gen. Francis Vinton Greene, the Rev. William Sparver of Temple Beth El, ex-Inspector Alexander S. Williams, Stephen Smith and Alderman John T. McCall.

From among those who had been opposed to Mr. Gibbs in politics, though his admirers and friends in an unexpected way were George McClellan, Daniel F. McMahon, Jacob A. Cantor, Frank Goodwin, with a delegation from the Horatio Seymour Club, the "Famous" organization of New York, and the Congressman Goldfolgie and Thomas F. Smith.

The clergy and the boy choir came down the path to meet the procession singing "Hark, Hark, My Soul." Dr. Houghton read the service within the church, aided by his curates, the Rev. Mr. Fleisher and the Rev. Charles S. Foy. The offertory music was as follows: Hymn, "Asleep in Jesus," "Lead, Kindly Light," a tenor solo, by Mr. Campbell. "I Heard a Voice from Heaven Say," recessional, "O Paradise, O Paradise."

The burial was in Greenwood Cemetery.

Anti-Canal League Organized in Broome County.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Sept. 25.—The Broome County Anti-Canal League was organized at an enthusiastic meeting in this city this evening, at which the principal speaker was John I. Flatt of Poughkeepsie. This league will thoroughly organize the county to wage an active campaign to get the canal enlargement scheme.

Anti-Barber Canal Conference.

UTICA, Sept. 25.—Oren Root, brother of Secretary of War Root and State Committee man for Oneida county, has called a meeting of those opposed to the barge canal proposition, to be held at Bagg's Hotel in this city at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of Saturday next. The meeting is to be arranged for a fuller presentation of the question to the voters.

ARGUMENT IN ALASKA CASE.

Watson Explains the Belief of Negotiators of the Treaty.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Sept. 25.—D. T. Watson of Pittsburgh resumed his argument for the United States before the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal to-day, but he did not conclude his address, as had been expected.

He devoted particular attention to question No. 5 of the issues before the tribunal which relates to the existence of a chain of mountains. He showed by correspondence that the treaty negotiators, relying upon the maps that were constantly before them, assumed that a continuous range existed, running around all of the inlets. Such a range did not exist, but the whole explanation of the parallelism of the sinuosities of the coast lay in the belief that such a range did exist.

Mr. Aylesworth of the Canadian counsel, here interposed with the remark: "If the mountains existed, as shown on Mr. Watson's maps, they should not be here."

One of the constant attendants at the sessions is Alexander Beggs, who is endeavoring to get a hearing on behalf of British Columbia. He informed THE SUN correspondent to-day that he will contend that the Clarence Strait should be the boundary. He alleges that Great Britain is deliberately giving away an immense tract and desires that the boundary be placed at the Portland Channel.

JAPAN TURNS ON ENGLAND.

Disgusted at Being Left to Contend Single-handed Against Russia.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PEKING, Sept. 25.—The Japanese are plainly disappointed at what they regard as the change of attitude of the United States in regard to the Russian demands, although they declare that Mr. Conger, the American Minister, strongly urged Prince Ching against acceding to them.

These demands are regarded as more dangerous than any heretofore made. The Japanese are disgusted with the attitude of England in leaving them to contend single-handed against the Russians. The general conviction is that China will speedily accept the Russian conditions.

The evacuation of any part of Manchuria on Oct. 8, and the signature of the treaty about which the Chinese commissioners are now haggling are not now expected to be fulfilled.

NEW TYPE OF FIELD GUN.

Adopted by British War Office After Three Years of Experiments.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Sept. 26.—The Telegraph says that the British War Office, after three years of experiments, has substantially adopted a new type of field gun, which is said to be the best in Europe.

It is a 15-pound rapid fire gun which is effective with shrapnel at a range of 6,500 yards, but is able to plant shells at a range of more than 10,000 yards.

The same paper also says that the War Office has practically decided to re-arm the cavalry with a light straight thrusting sword, discarding the new short lance.

GOVERNOR OF KIEFF RETIRES.

Anti-Semite Outbreaks in His District—Appointed to Council.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 25.—The czar has granted the request of M. Dragomiroff, the Governor General of Kieff, that he be permitted to retire because of ill health, and has appointed him a member of the Council of State.

It was announced recently that M. Dragomiroff would apply for retirement, as a result of the widespread criticism aroused by his administration of the Kieff military district, in which there have been numerous anti-Semitic outbreaks.

HIT AT WAGNER FESTIVAL.

Said to Be Advertising Scheme—Municipal Council Will Not Take Part.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, Sept. 25.—The Municipal Council at a meeting to-day decided not to participate officially in the approaching so-called Wagner festival, on the occasion of the unveiling of the Wagner monument in the Thiergarten.

The ostensible reason for the council's refusal is that the site is not on ground belonging to the city, but the real reason, it is said, is that the festival was projected chiefly to advertise a prominent tradesman of Berlin.

A SHAME.

to Poison Children.

GERMAN LINES TO STAY IN.

Will Not Leave Ship Combine Because It Failed to Get Trade Monopoly.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. BREMEN, Sept. 25.—Officers of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company said to-day that the report that that company and the Hamburg-American Line were to withdraw from their agreement with the International Atlantic Cable Company because the latter had failed to fulfill its obligation to secure a monopoly of the transatlantic trade was entirely without foundation.

CHRISTIANS TO LEAVE FEZ.

All Save Consuls Urged to Go on Account of Disturbed Conditions.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. COLOGNE, Sept. 25.—A despatch from Fez, Morocco, says that the foreign Consuls have officially informed their countrymen that the Sultan has ordered that all Christians except the Consuls be urged to leave Fez, owing to the disturbed conditions.

The order affects the Germans almost exclusively.

SOCIALISTS ACQUITTED.

They Had Been Sentenced for Advocating Killing of Gov. Hunt.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. SAN JOAN, P. R., Sept. 25.—Eduardo Conde and Leonidas Guillot, the Socialists recently sentenced to six months imprisonment in which they characterized the American flag as a "rag" and advocated the killing of Gov. Hunt, have been acquitted by unanimous decision of the District Court.

BLACK FLAG PARADE GIVEN UP.

It Had Been Planned as a Demonstration Against Gov. Hunt.

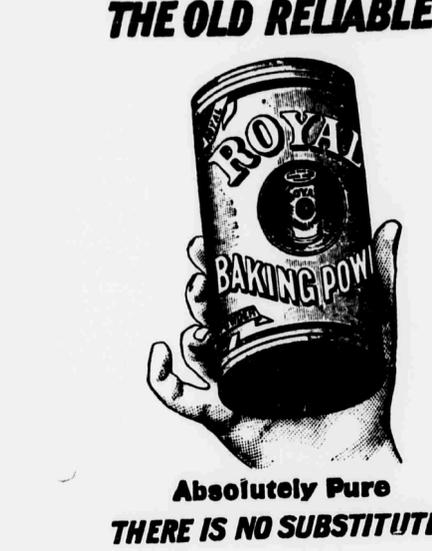
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. SAN JOAN, P. R., Sept. 25.—The local branch of the American Federation of Labor has decided to abandon the proposed black banner demonstration against Gov. Hunt upon his return on Oct. 1.

AUTO ELOPEMENT; DIVORCE.

Suit to Be Brought, It is Said, in Case of French Senator's Daughter.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, Sept. 25.—The Press says that the automobile elopement of Mlle. Lepaj, daughter of ex-Senator Lepaj, with M. Marcell, a medical student, last December, will shortly have its sequel in a suit for divorce.

THE OLD RELIABLE



Absolutely Pure THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

MOB KILLS NEGRO IN JAIL.

SHERIFF'S SINGLE-HANDED FIGHT WITH LYNNCHERS.

Alone He Defied Them and Fired on Them—Help Came, but He Was Overpowered—Not a Lawyer in Lynchburg, Tenn., Will Defend the Men Guilty of the Crime

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 25.—Allen Small, colored, a prisoner in the Moore county jail, at Lynchburg, charged with attempted criminal assault, was shot and instantly killed by a mob last night. Sheriff G. R. Stevenson, aided by the police and several citizens, made a desperate resistance, and during the fight one of the members of the mob was seriously wounded.

Three men who were with the mob were captured, and one of them gave the names of thirteen members of the attacking party. The thirteen will be arrested and every effort will be made by the authorities to secure their punishment.

The mob appeared at the jail at midnight and demanded the surrender of the prisoner. The Sheriff, who was alone, refused to give Small up and fired upon the mob. Policemen and citizens answered his call for assistance, but before their arrival the door leading to the jail corridor was battered down. The officers and their allies fought desperately, but their ammunition was soon exhausted and the mob pressed on to the head of the stairs, breaking down the iron door.

Small's cell was soon reached and a halter was placed around his neck. The Sheriff and his force rushed upon the mob. Seeing that the negro could not be taken from the jail and hanged, one of the mob shot and killed him.

Immediately after the shooting the lynchmen rushed downstairs in order to effect their escape, and all but three succeeded in getting away. The three captured by the authorities are Donk Hasty, John A. Hester, Christopher Clark and they are held in jail on a charge of murder.

There had been no intimation of an attempt to lynch Small, and no preparations had been made to guard against an attack upon the jail. Small was arrested in Tullahoma several weeks ago, charged with an attempt to assault Mrs. Eliza Eggelston in her home, and in the eleventh district of Moore county.

It was hinted that an attempt to lynch Small would be made, and he was taken to Nashville, where he remained for several days. No excitement over the affair was apparent, and it was thought safe to have the prisoner removed to the Moore county jail. Sheriff Stevenson came to Nashville, where he was arrested and returned with Small to Lynchburg.

Small had a preliminary hearing and at that time the warrant was amended by the Sheriff to read "murder."

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