# WOMEN TO BE THEATRE USHERS

*A BRAND NEW JOB OPENS OUT FOR THE SEX.*

**Bright Young Woman Suggests the Notion to the Majestic's Management, and the Theatre Is to Try It To-morrow —Women May Get Higher Pay Than Men**

The management of the Majestic Theatre announced last night that they were going to discharge their men ushers and put women in their places. This decision was reached yesterday after Manager Flaherty had a final talk with a good looking young woman who says she is Miriam Foster.

Miss Foster appeared at the theatre a few days ago and demanded a job in the business affairs of the "Babes in Toyland" company, or else a place in the box office of the theatre.

"Your request is rather unusual," said Manager Flaherty. "As a rule good looking young women demand jobs behind the footlights, so that they can show how much better they can do than the persons who happen to have the leading roles."

"None of that for me," said Miss Foster. "I know something about that end of the theatrical business, for I have had a try at it. What I want is to break into the business end of it. There's where the money is to be had."

Manager Flaherty told her there wasn't a single place vacant that she could fill and she departed, first asking him to look around and see if he couldn't find one for her. He promised and supposed he would not see Miss Foster again. She appeared at the theatre yesterday, however, and wanted to know if a place had been found for her. Mr. Flaherty told her there was no vacancy.

"Well, I have to get work," said Miss Foster. "Let me talk this over with you and see if you can't make a place for me. I have some ideas that may be to our mutual advantage."

Miss Foster has so many ideas that she would make a good press agent. One of the best of the lot was a suggestion that the Majestic ought to have women ushers. When the press agent of the theatre was invited in to talk this over, he seized the woman usher idea like a hungry man devouring a porterhouse steak. He said that it was a wonderful idea and that Miss Foster would gain fame and see her picture in the papers for suggesting it.

The young woman said she had no objection to being an usher and she was sure there were other women who would like the job. Flaherty commissioned her to go and find them. She reported last night that she had found seven other women, all good looking, who wanted such places, and she and her seven aids will begin work to-morrow at the matinée unless they become frightened before that time.

To distinguish them from other women in the audience, the women ushers will wear silk shoulder ribbons. The press agent wanted them to wear knickerbockers, but Miss Foster said she'd quit sooner than wear anything but skirts.

The women ushers will only be in the orchestra and first balcony. Men ushers will be retained in the gallery, where the spectators might, on occasion, be troublesome.

If the women go to work the men whose places they take will be discharged. The ushers at the Majestic heard of the intended invasion last night and they declared that it was about time that theatre ushers formed a union.

"We think women ought to make better ushers than men," said Manager Flaherty, "and we are going to give them a trial. Male ushers are not always polite. Every theatre has many complaints of them. We are willing to try the women, anyway."

The pay of a theatre usher is only 50 cents a performance, but if the Majestic's women ushers are a success, Manager Flaherty says he will pay them more than that.

## NINA FARRINGTON DIDN'T MARRY

**Was Thinking of It, but Dropped It—Johnstones Are Reconciled.**

The gossips said yesterday that Nina Farrington, the actress, had annexed a husband. Rumor had it that she had been married a few days ago and that the lobster palaces on upper Broadway would know her no more.

Miss Farrington lives in an apartment house in West Forty-fourth street. She said last night that the story of her marriage was not true.

"I have troubles enough of my own without a husband," she said. "I can't go out with the same man twice without some one getting me engaged to him. I really did intend to get married a month ago. He was an Englishman and wealthy, but we didn't marry, and that was the end of that."

Miss Farrington said it was quite true that she had withdrawn her contemplated action against Mrs. Hugo R. Johnstone, who brought suit against her husband for divorce, naming Miss Farrington as one of the corespondents. The actress said that a money consideration had nothing to do with the withdrawal of her suit. A mistake had been made, she said, and that was all. Mr. and Mrs. Johnstone have become reconciled and their divorce suit has been dropped.

## KAISER RECOVERS HIS VOICE.

**Statement of His Condition Made to the Reichstag.**

*Special Cable Despatch to* THE SUN.

BERLIN, Dec. 14.—In the Reichstag to-day Count von Ballestrem, the President, stated that Emperor William had completely recovered his former vigor and that his voice was again full and clear.

**Spain Not to Exhibit at St. Louis.**

*Special Cable Despatch to* THE SUN.

MADRID, Dec. 14.—The Spanish Cabinet decided to-day that, owing to the lack of time for preparation, Spain will not take part in the St. Louis Exposition.

**Police Sergeant Dead.**

Police Sergeant Norman Westervelt of the Morrisania station died last evening at his home, 1796 Bathgate avenue, The Bronx, of fatty degeneration of the heart. He leaves a wife, one son and a daughter. He had been twenty-four years on the force.

**Frank Alleyne Otis Dead.**

Frank Alleyne Otis, who was a member of the well known New England family of that name, died suddenly of pneumonia yesterday in his apartments at the Buckingham Hotel. He was 62 years old and was born in this city. His father was James W. Otis and his grandfather was Harrison Gray Otis, the Federalist. Mr. Otis's mother was Martha C. Church. He was graduated from Columbia in 1861 and from the Columbia Law School in 1864. He was a distinguished layman of the Roman Catholic Church and in 1897 Pope Leo made him knight commander of the Order of St. Gregory the Great. He was a member of the Catholic Union and Racquet clubs and the New England Society. Mr. Otis had a country place at Bellport, L. I., which he called The Locusts. He married Miss Marie Weidenfeld.

## JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

The cloth spongers announced yesterday that they have formed a national union without the sanction of the American Federation of Labor. They will hold their first convention in this city about the middle of January.

Newspaper and Magazine Advertising placed by WOODBURY Ltd., General Agents, is prepared by The CHELTENHAM Press.

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# PLANS TO CHECK COLOMBIA.

*AMERICAN TROOPS MIGHT BE LANDED IN THAT COUNTRY.*

**Gen. Reyes Protests That No Invasion of the Isthmus by Colombians Is Planned—Admiral Coghlan Unable to Find Trace of an Invading Army.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Plans for an invasion of Colombia by troops of the United States are being considered secretly by the General Staff of the Army.

There was a long conference this morning between Lieut.-Gen. Young, Chief of Staff, and Gen. J. Franklin Bell, who has been tentatively selected to command the United States expedition to Colombia in case war develops between the two countries.

The military authorities are paying no attention to the pacific assurances of Gen. Reyes and the Colombian authorities, and are considering the present situation as if hostilities with Colombia were imminent. According to Secretary Root, it is the duty of the General Staff to prepare plans for any possible emergency.

The General Staff, in mapping out a plan for possible war with Colombia, has determined to follow a programme which it is hoped will make the conflict as short as possible. To do this it will be necessary, it is said, to invade Colombia and pursue the enemy in his own territory.

Information has been called for by the General Staff, showing that the ports of Barranquilla and Buenaventura are being considered as possible landing places for American troops, and that the objective of the military forces landing at those places will be Bogota. By forcing the fighting in Colombia it is also thought that Colombian troops would be diverted from the Isthmus.

In a despatch received at the Navy Department to-day from Rear Admiral Coghlan at Colon the information is contained that the cruiser Atlanta, after a thorough investigation, has been unable to find that Colombian troops were landed near the Isthmus. The despatch follows:

"Atlanta arrived yesterday. Started from San Blas Point to Port Gandi, not having seen or heard anything of troops or vessel. Communicated with shore at the principal points. Indians suspicious of strangers. Found trails from San Blas Point in Porto Bello passable for small parties, but none leading inland. Atlanta leaves to-day to cruise to Cape Tiburon and Gulf of Darien."

Later this telegram came from Admiral Coghlan:

"Mayflower to-day (13th) reports Cartagena and Pinzon (Colombian gunboats) were at Turbo with 400 to 800 men; took in some supplies and sailed 8th, and supposed to have landed the troops at Gandi. Atlanta, however, was at Gandi 9th and got opposite information, and United States Consul at Cartagena reports that gunboat Cartagena returned there 9th. No doubt the vessels and troops were at Turbo on the 8th; that information reliable. Atlanta returns to-day to Gulf [of Darien] for further search."

Gen. Rafael Reyes, the Colombian special envoy to-day paid his first visit to the State Department since his presentation to the President. Gen. Reyes gave assurances to Acting Secretary of State Loomis that there would be no invasion of the Isthmus by Colombian troops during his mission to Washington. He said, also, that Colombia regarded the Panama trouble not as a matter of money but as a matter of principle.

The naval transport Prairie, with 350 marines on board, reached Colon yesterday.

In contrast with the anxiety of the military and naval authorities over the Colombian situation were advices received to-day from Mr. Beaupré, the United States Minister at Bogota, to the effect that everything was quiet there, and he now saw no reason why he should not take advantage of the permission granted him before the Panama revolt to return to the United States on leave of absence. Private letters have been received here from Mr. Beaupré stating, however, that as Mrs. Beaupré was not in good health he would defer his departure from Bogota until spring.

## TURKEY'S EXPLANATION UNTRUE

**Minister Leishman Sends His Version of the Attack on Consul Davis.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—A partial report from United States Minister Leishman, at Constantinople, of his investigation into the alleged assault upon United States Consul Davis by Turkish police at Alexandretta, Syria, has been received by the State Department.

Mr. Leishman says that Attarian, the naturalized American citizen whose attempt to leave Alexandretta without undergoing certain formalities caused the trouble, had gone aboard a steamer for Egypt, but was enticed ashore by a subterfuge and an attempt made to arrest him. Consul Davis, under whose protection Attarian had placed himself, and who had escorted him to the steamer, was assaulted by the police, Mr. Leishman asserts, and sought to defend himself. Afterward, Mr. Davis, failing to secure Attarian's release, withdrew from Alexandretta.

This account by Mr. Leishman is entirely at variance with the official explanation made to the State Department by Chekib Bey, the Turkish Minister. Turkey asserted that Mr. Davis began the trouble by assaulting the police who were arresting Attarian.

More details are desired by the State Department, and Minister Leishman has been instructed to get them. Until they are received no action will be taken by this Government.

With the approval of the State Department, authority has been sent by the Navy Department to Rear Admiral Cotton, commanding the European naval station, for the armored cruiser Brooklyn and the protected cruiser San Francisco to leave Beirut, Syria, for target practice. These vessels have been at Beirut since September, having been sent there after the anti-Christian outbreak and the attack upon the United States Consulat that place. The Navy Department is very reticent concerning the authority granted Admiral Cotton, but denies that either of the warships is going to Alexandretta.

**Wanted: A Tailor Qualified to Lead a Brass Band.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—"A tailor, qualified to lead a brass band," is the latest jack-of-all-trades to be publicly requested by the Civil Service Commission to step up and receive $50 a month from the Government. The combined tailor and band leader is wanted for the Indian service, according to a bulletin issued to-day by the commission, and any citizen of the United States who happens to possess the somewhat peculiar requirements named may compete. The successful applicant will be immediately detailed to one of the Indian schools, where he will be required to ply the needle and wield the goose during the day and lead the reservation band in the evening and on festive occasions

**A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.**

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.—*Adv.*

# J. J. CARLISLE'S ADVENTURES.

*SILENT PARTNER IN DE BRALLS'S SCHOOL OF HYPNOTISM.*

**Says He Once Put Mayor Carter Harrison of Chicago Under the Influence and Made Him Think He Was a Baby, That He Sucked a Rubber Nipple and Cooed**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—John J. Carlisle, who was arrested here recently at the request of the Minneapolis authorities on a charge of grand larceny and who at first resisted extradition, to-day consented to return to that city for trial. At the time of Carlisle's arrest it was reported that he was a nephew of former Secretary of the Treasury John G. Carlisle.

This Carlisle strenuously denied, but to-day he told Sheriff Dreger of Hennepin county, Minn., who was sent to Washington with the extradition papers, that he really was a nephew of Mr. Carlisle.

Carlisle said that he was born in Kentucky and was graduated from college in that State and that he was the man who figured in the notorious "jump" from the Clark-Heinze to the Daly faction in the copper war and the impeachment proceedings against Senator Clark of Montana.

Carlisle tells a remarkable story of his adventures. He says he landed in Minneapolis with considerable money, but played the races until he did not have a cent. Just about this time he saw in the Minneapolis papers the advertisement of one J. J. De Bralls, an "expert hypnotist," who wanted a partner. Carlisle answered the advertisement and became a silent partner in De Bralls's "School of Hypnotism." He had the following to say to-night about this feature of his career.

"For some time there appeared to be plenty of suckers who wanted to learn hypnotism and the money came in fast. About the time De Bralls and I had gathered in $3,000 each, the money did not come in so fast. Just why this was I don't know, for De Bralls was certainly a hypnotist par excellence.

"He taught me the art so perfectly that last summer, when Mayor Carter Harrison of Chicago came to Minneapolis, I put him under my influence, told him he was an infant, gave him a baby's sucking bottle, put him in an attendant's lap, while the members of a fashionable club stood around enjoying the novel spectacle of seeing Chicago's stalwart Mayor sucking a rubber nipple and cooing baby talk."

When Carlisle found his revenue cut off he suggested to DeBralls the idea of advertising for a third partner. This was done, and Miss Clarice Heebner promptly responded. During the time that Carlisle was a silent partner he lived at a leading hotel and was well known socially.

When Miss Heebner demanded a reference, De Bralls referred her to Carlisle. The latter vouched for the integrity of De Bralls. Of the $500 obtained from Miss Heebner, Carlisle says that $100 was spent in advertising, but without return.

Carlisle says that then he realized the game was played out and determined to use his hypnotic power to his own advantage. He induced Miss Bonnie Hinkle, stepdaughter of M. J. Sanlon, a wealthy lumberman, to submit to his hypnotic influence one evening in the presence of friends.

Later he induced her to elope to St. Paul with him. They were married and came to Washington. Carlisle went broke at the races and, when he wired his father-in-law for funds, Miss Heebner, the third partner in the DeBralls school of hypnotism, had him arrested.

## FOUR HOUR TALK IN THE HOUSE

**Democrats Discuss the Tariff, Monopolies and the Panama Republic.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The House devoted four hours to-day to a listless and uninteresting debate on the Pension Appropriation bill. The Democrats monopolized the major portion of the time, discussing the tariff, monopolies, the attitude of the Administration toward Panama, the internal revenue tax on tobacco and other subjects not related to pensions.

Mr. Adams (Rep., Pa.) defended the course of the Administration in regard to the recognition of the Panama Republic. He said there was no question that Panama had established her independence at the time we recognized her as a republic. The length of time Panama had been a republic did not matter. At the time of the uprising, he said, there was a sufficient garrison at Colon to overcome it had it desired to do so, or to repel the United States forces landed there, but, instead, it acquiesced in the revolution by calmly sailing away. Mr. Adams lauded Secretary Hay and said he was the peer of any other diplomat in the world.

Representative Gaines (Dem., Tenn.) was recognized for one hour and talked about the tariff, the tax on tobacco, Panama and a variety of other subjects.

Mr. Lind (Dem., Minn.), who formerly sat in the House as a Republican, devoted twenty-five minutes to a discussion of the tariff. In his opinion there is no possibility of the United States ever indulging in a free trade policy, a tariff to produce sufficient money to provide for the needs of the Government being the nearest possible approach to free trade.

Mr. Bell (Dem., Tex.) criticised the policy of President Roosevelt on the canal matter, and Mr. Baker (Dem., N. Y.) made an anti-monopoly speech. Consideration of the bill was not concluded.

Mr. Payne (Rep., N. Y.) offered a concurrent resolution, which was agreed to, that when the House adjourns on Dec. 19 it stand adjourned until Jan. 4.

**Mr. Bailey Opposes the Cuban Bill in the Senate.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The Cuban bill was discussed in the Senate to-day by Mr. Bailey (Dem., Tex.), who made a speech attacking the measure on legal grounds and as a matter of policy. He found fault with the bill and characterized it as an attempt on the part of the President and the Senate to initiate revenue legislation, which they now foist upon the House and try to mollify by giving the House a share in the treaty making power—in short, he continued, by committing one breach of the Constitution they try to excuse another breach.

**Bills Introduced in the Senate.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—These bills were introduced in the Senate to-day:

By Mr. Gallinger (Rep., N. H.)—To create the Bureau of Public Roads in the Department of Agriculture.

By Mr. Warren (Rep., Wyo.)—Granting to railroads and water companies right of way through public lands and reservations for reservoirs and pipe lines. Also a bill to extend the time for the selection and segregation of public lands.

By Mr. Penrose (Rep., Pa.)—To amend the act for the suppression of lotteries.

By Mr. Foster (Rep., Wash.)—To create the Southern Judicial District of Washington.

By Mr. Scott (Rep., W. Va.)—Authorizing the purchase of sites for buildings for the Interior, Treasury and War Departments.

**Movements of Naval Vessels.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The gunboat Don Juan de Austria has arrived at Hong Kong, the torpedo boat Whipple at Hampton Roads, the torpedo boats Craven and McKee at New York, the training ship Prairie at Colon, the battleships Kearsarge (flagship of Rear Admiral Barker), Illinois, Massachusetts and Alabama have sailed from Guantanamo for Culebra, the gunboat Scorpion from Guantanamo for San Juan, the supply ship Culgoa from Colon for Culebra, the gunboat Newport from Santo Domingo City for San Juan and the tug Osceola from Key West for Pensacola.

**Nominations by the President.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The President sent to the Senate to-day the following nominations:

John A. Thornton, Collector of Customs for the District of Tecle, La.; Daniel J. Foley, Receiver of Public Moneys at Eureka, Cal., and Fred Butler of Leadville, Col.

Also a long list of postmasters, including the following in New York State:

Elbert E. Makepeace, Alexandria Bay; Charles C. Johnson, Antwerp; Orlando W. Sutton, Bath; George T. Eveland, Franklin; Willard F. Sherwood, Hornellsville; Stephen P. Barker, Richfield Springs; Lillian I. Pearsall, Sea Cliff; Alonzo E. Hadley, Springville; Aloysius McArdle, Victor Hill (late West Seneca).

## DEMOCRATIC SENATE CAUCUS.

**Trying to Unite on Issues for the Remainder of the Session.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—When the Chaplain of the Senate offered the opening prayer this morning there was not a Democrat in the chamber. They were all in caucus, where for several days they have been conferring over the matter of a party programme for the winter, which is to form the basis of their policy in next year's political campaign. An effort is being made by Senator Gorman, the duly chosen party leader in the Senate, to get his colleagues to act as a unit on the public questions that are to be discussed during the session, but he has not met with conspicuous success.

To-day's caucus adjourned until to-morrow, when it is hoped that a decision can be reached, at least with regard to party action on the Cuba, Panama and postal fraud questions. Gorman favors the prompt passage of the Cuban bill, but he believes that the attitude of the Republicans toward the Panama question and the postal scandals should be attacked vigorously and continually for the sake of making party capital. He thinks that the surprisingly prompt recognition of the new Panama Republic by the Roosevelt Administration is a proper subject for attack, even if it is not possible to convict them of having aided and abetted the separatists.

As to the postal frauds, Mr. Gorman thinks the party should not rest content with the exposures of the Bristow report, but should force a thorough investigation by Congress committees, hoping thereby to smoke out some of the higher officials, Heath and others, who, the Democrats are convinced, are hiding beneath the skirts of Tyner, Machen, Beavers and the rest.

The Democrats in Congress admit that they want an issue and that they want it badly. They see a chance to get it by agreeing to an aggressive campaign in Congress. Gorman finds it a very difficult task, however, to induce the Democrats to "get together." He finds, just as he did in the Force bill fight ten years ago, that there are no privates in the ranks of the Senate Democrats. They all want to be generals. They won't be driven and they can't be coaxed. So, unless they come willingly into the fold they won't come at all. Party discipline is conspicuously absent on the Democratic side of the chamber, especially since Gorman left. Now that he is in the saddle again things may improve, but that is doubtful.

The Democrats will not be able to make any capital out of the fight against the unwarranted promotion of Leonard Wood, notwithstanding that the issue in that case is one that Democrats might naturally expect to take an interest in. But it is a fact that some of the most prominent and influential men on the Democratic side of the chamber are giving all the assistance in their power to the Administration in the contest to have Wood confirmed. Senator Cockrell, for instance, the ranking Democrat on the Military Committee, which is investigating the charges against Wood, is generally understood to be willing to join in submitting a favorable report and to vote for confirmation.

## ARMY REORGANIZATION.

**Plan to Create Military Divisions in the United States and the Philippines.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—A plan for the creation of military divisions in the United States was laid before Secretary Root to-day by Gen. Young, chief of staff, and an order making the proposed change will probably be issued in a few days. It is proposed to create a Division of the Atlantic, with headquarters at Governors Island, N. Y., and to include the Department of the East, with headquarters at Boston, and the Department of the South at Atlanta, Ga. There is some opposition to the location at Atlanta as the headquarters of the Department of the South, and Secretary Root has agreed to hear Representative Moon of Tennessee and a delegation of citizens who desire the headquarters located at Chattanooga.

It is proposed to organize a Division of the Pacific out of the present Departments of California and the Columbia, and to include in this division California, Nevada and Hawaii, and Washington, Oregon, Idaho and Alaska. The Division of the North will include the present Departments of Colorado and Dakota.

There will also be a division of the Lakes, with headquarters at Chicago, which shall include the Department of the Lakes, the Department of the Missouri and the Department of Texas. The Philippine archipelago will make another division. It is proposed to have the divisions commanded by Major-Generals and the military departments within the division in command of Brigadier-Generals or Colonels.

## HOUSE SEAT CONTESTED.

**The Question Raised Whether South Carolina Was Actually Out of the Union.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The question as to whether the act of secession placed South Carolina actually out of the Union was raised to-day in the hearing before a committee of the House on the election contest case of Dantzler vs. Lever, from the Seventh South Carolina district. Representative Lever, the contestee, a Democrat, maintained through his counsel and brief that the State never was out of the Union, and that therefore no conditions could be imposed precedent to her reinstatement on readmission into the Union after the act of secession.

Gen. W. W. Dudley, counsel for Dantzler, Republican, contended that for certain purposes South Carolina was outside of the Union, and for other purposes she was not.

Dantzler is a negro, and as black as Stygian darkness. He was a slave at the outbreak of the civil war, but is now one of the richest negroes in South Carolina, owning property valued at more than $100,000. He is illiterate, but is enabled to vote under the property qualifications in South Carolina. He received 167 votes against 4,220 cast for Lever, but asserts that more than 8,000 negroes who would have voted for him were denied that right. He seeks the seat held by Lever, but says he would be satisfied should the House declare it vacant by reason of no valid election.

**Edward Everett Hale Chosen Chaplain of the Senate.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The Senate has elected as Chaplain, to succeed William H. Milburn, the blind chaplain, who died last spring in California, the eminent Unitarian minister, Edward Everett Hale of Massachusetts.

Edward Everett Hale is now in his eighty-third year. He has been since 1856 the pastor of the South Congregational (Unitarian) Church in Boston. His home is in Roxbury. He was graduated from Harvard in the class of 1839. He is the author of several books, one of the best known of which is "The Man Without a Country."

**Secretary Root Expects to Retire From the Cabinet on Feb. 1.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Secretary Root has informed President Roosevelt that he expects to be able to leave the Cabinet on Feb. 1 next. Advices have been received from Gov. Taft that he will leave Manila about the 23d of this month and will reach San Francisco in about thirty days. It is Secretary Root's intention to give a dinner to Gov. Taft on his arrival here, and this will be followed immediately by his resignation from the Cabinet. Secretary Root has planned to return to New York soon after his retirement and resume his law practice.

**Delegate in Congress for Porto Rico.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The House Committee on Insular Affairs to-day reported favorably on a bill to accord the island of Porto Rico a Delegate in Congress. The bill passed the House last session, but failed of action in the Senate.

**Headaches From Colds.**

Laxative Bromo Quinine removes the cause. To get the genuine, call for the full name. 25c.—*Adv.*

**Waltham Watches.**

The best pocket timekeepers made.

*"The Perfected American Watch," an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.*

*American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.*

## HORSE KILLED ON 5TH AVE.

**Cab Horse, After a Mile Runaway, Dashes Into Two Drawing a Truck.**

After racing down Fifth avenue for nearly a mile last night a runaway horse drawing a cab ran into a team going in the opposite direction and so badly injured a truck horse that it had to be killed.

The cab horse started from in front of the Union Club at Fifty-first street. Charles Reynolds, the driver, was not on the box at the time. With the empty cab and no guiding hand on the reins the runaway ran down the avenue and cleared the car tracks at Forty-second street without hitting anything.

Going up the avenue was a heavily laden two horse truck driven by James E. Downing of 566 Greenwich street, and owned by George Keyes of 165 Pearl street. Truck Driver Downing saw the runaway coming at Thirty-fourth street, but with his heavy load he could not get out of the way. The crash came at the centre of the block between Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth streets.

The runaway ran into the nigh horse drawing the truck, and the collision knocked the cab horse down. The cab overturned and the point of the front spring struck the nearest truck horse, making a terrible wound. Two shots by Policeman Brawley ended the animal's agony.

The runaway horse was not hurt.

## COASTING ACCIDENT IN ITHACA.

**Three Cornell Students Thrown Against a Tree and Two Are Badly Cut and Bruised.**

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 14.—C. C. Nitchie of Evanston, Ill., a junior in Cornell University; N. B. Henrotin of Chicago, a junior, and T. N. Page of Norfolk, Va., a freshman, were seriously injured to-night while coasting down steep Buffalo hill, which had been thrown open for the evening by order of the Ithaca authorities.

The three boys were on a toboggan, and at the bottom of the hill, at the fastest point, they struck the curb while steering away from a little boy with a sled. The three were thrown against a tree twenty-five feet away. Nitchie's head was terribly cut and his hip crushed, Henrotin was badly cut and bruised about the head and body, while Page sustained only a wrench to his knee. The boys were taken to the Cornell Infirmary, and it is thought that they will all recover.

## MAY QUIT CIVIL SERVICE BOARD

**Cooley Awaits President's Action on His Charges in Philadelphia Case.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Civil Service Commissioner Cooley to-day denied that any action had been taken by President Roosevelt with regard to the recommendation made by the Civil Service Commission that Postmaster McMichael of Philadelphia be dismissed for gross violation of the civil service regulations.

Commissioner Cooley recently returned from Philadelphia and spoke strongly to the President against the retention of McMichael. Some days later Mr. McMichael came to Washington, and when he left it was reported that the President had decided to retain him in office, having accepted his declaration of innocence.

Mr. Cooley said to-day that the President had taken no action in the case and would probably not do so for some time. If Mr. McMichael is retained, Mr. Cooley may resign.

## TO FIGHT OPEN SHOPS.

**Clothing Workers Preparing to Strike if They Are Tried Here.**

A meeting of the general executive committee of the International Women's Garment Makers' Union was held yesterday to prepare to fight for recognition of the union. Members of the board said that the employers' associations in San Francisco, Chicago, Philadelphia and other cities are trying to run open shops in the cloakmaking trade and as a preliminary had locked out the union cloakmakers.

There are about 25,000 cloakmakers in the large cities, of whom 15,000 are in New York. An organizer was appointed yesterday to enroll in the union all workers on women's garments, to be in readiness for strikes if open shops are started.

These workers include cloakmakers, wrapper makers, skirtmakers, rain coat makers and petticoat makers.

**Cashier's Suicide Closes Two Banks.**

LINN GROVE, Ia., Dec. 14.—Harry W. Mayne, aged 48, cashier of the Farmers and Merchants' Bank here, shot himself in bed early this morning, causing instant death. His financial affairs were badly involved, as he, with a crowd of local speculators, had been dealing heavily in grain and stocks. As a result of his death the bank closed to-day, and also the bank of Royal, of which his son is cashier.

**State Society Elections.**

Supreme Court Justice Blanchard was elected president of the Wisconsin Society of New York at a meeting at the New York A. C. last night.

At a meeting of the Maryland Society of New York at Delmonico's J. Nevett Steele was elected president.

**Gas Explosion on Worth Street.**

Gas from a trench leaked into a lavatory in the basement of the Tefft Weller Company's building, 94 and 96 Worth street, late yesterday afternoon and a gas jet ignited it, causing an explosion that was heard for two blocks. A few panes of glass were broken.

**The Weather.**

The Western high pressure advanced southeastward yesterday and with its centre over Nebraska, covered the entire country except the extreme Northeast.

The much colder weather which was promised spread over the eastern half of the country, the cold wave extending as far south as Jacksonville, Fla. On the Atlantic coast the drop in temperature was 10 to 34 degrees. There was snow in the Lake regions, accompanied by high winds. Zero weather covered all the northern Mississippi Valley and the upper Lake regions and freezing weather extended as far south as Birmingham, Ala.

The lowest temperature reported was 8 degrees below zero from several points in the Northwest.

In this city the day was fair and much colder, wind brisk to high westerly; average humidity, 44 per cent.; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 30.36; at 3 P. M., 30.31.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

| | 1903. | 1902. | | 1903. | 1902. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 9 A. M. | 18° | 17° | 6 P. M. | 23° | 19° |
| 12 M. | 21° | 20° | 9 P. M. | 21° | 17° |
| 3 P. M. | 23° | 23° | 12 Mid. | 20° | 15° |

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

*For eastern New York and New Jersey, fair to-day; increasing cloudiness and warmer to-morrow; fresh northwest to north winds.*

For New England, fair to-day and to-morrow; fresh west to northwest winds.

For the District of Columbia and Maryland, fair to-day and to-morrow; light to fresh northwest to north winds.

For Delaware, fair to-day; increasing cloudiness to-morrow; fresh northwest to north winds.

For eastern Pennsylvania, fair to-day and to-morrow; fresh northwest to north winds.

For western New York, fair to-day; fresh west winds; fair and warmer to-morrow.

# LAYS IT TO OTHER PASTOR.

*STORY OF REV. C. S. BULLOCK, WHOM A WOMAN ACCUSES.*

**He Says the Rev. C. F. Stimson Prayed With Mrs. Bullock and Then Admitted Instigating the Other Woman to Take Her Alleged Wrongs Into the Courts.**

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 14.—The Rev. Charles Seymour Bullock, pastor of the Neighborhood Church of Stratford, who is to be tried in the Town Hall next Saturday on a charge involving immoral relations with Miss Isabella W. Shailer, one of his parishioners, is of the opinion that the Rev. Cyrus Flint Stimson, pastor of the Congregational Church, had much to do with prompting Miss Shailer to bring the charge against him. Miss Shailer is now a member of the Rev. Mr. Stimson's church.

It is said that, while the Rev. Mr. Bullock was in Milford looking for a bondsman the night he was arrested, the Rev. Mr. Stimson visited the Bullock home to comfort Mrs. Bullock in her distress over the arrest of her husband. After telling her that he pitied her from the bottom of his heart, he asked her to kneel and pray for strength to face the trials of the next few days. This was done, and he prayed fervently for every one in the neighborhood, except the Rev. Mr. Bullock.

Then Mrs. Bullock rose to her feet and indignantly asked the clergyman why he didn't pray for her husband. The Rev. Stimson, surprised at the animation of the woman, began a prayer for the Rev. Mr. Bullock.

On his way home after the visit to the Bullock home the Rev. Mr. Stimson met the Rev. Mr. Bullock. The latter charged the Congregational minister with having instigated the movement to have him brought into court. The Rev. Mr. Stimson replied, according to the story:

"I advised Miss Shailer to take legal action in the case, and that is all I have to say."

"You admit, then, that you were the instigator of the action against me," said Mr. Bullock.

"Yes, I do," was the reply.

Just then the Rev. S. C. Hearn, assistant pastor of the Neighborhood Church, appeared. He says that the Rev. Mr. Bullock repeated his question to the Rev. Mr. Stimson, and the same answer was made. Later in their conversation the Rev. Mr. Stimson explained that he thought it was the best thing that Miss Shailer could do under the circumstances.

When the Rev. Mr. Bullock reached his home it was long after midnight. He summoned all the officers of the Neighborhood Church, and it was 3 o'clock when all had arrived at the Bullock homestead. The pastor told about what had taken place between himself and the Rev. Mr. Stimson, also about his arrest and the charges.

Every officer of the church said he was sure the pastor was innocent, and all agreed to stand by him in the trial.

## CARPENTERS MUST ARBITRATE.

**A Condition of the Consolidation of the Two Big Unions.**

It came out yesterday that the Amalgamated Carpenters' Society, one of the few unions remaining in the old Board of Building Trades, will be required to sign the arbitration agreement as a preliminary to consolidation with the Brotherhood of Carpenters. It is expected that this will be done within two weeks.

The consolidation, which will bring 171,000 carpenters into one union, will not take place for a year. In the meantime, the Brotherhood will give cards to members of the Amalgamated Society, enabling them to work under the arbitration agreement.

One of the conditions of consolidation is that the Brotherhood pledges itself to bring up the fund in its treasury to the same amount as that of the Amalgamated Society, whose headquarters are in England and which has a reserve fund of $1,500,000.

## IRON WORKERS RUSH FOR WORK.

**Two Housesmiths for Every Job There Is —Some Won't Get in the New Union.**

That the Housesmiths' Local No. 2 has practically broken up was shown by the mob of its members who gathered yesterday at Teutonia Hall in Third avenue, the headquarters of the newer Housesmiths' Union, to be enrolled and get permits to work. There are now two iron workers for every job in the city. The mob was so great that Secretary McGuire had to get a policeman to keep order. Several hundred men who were close allies of Sam Parks will not be taken into the new union.

## ACCUSED OF THEFT; IN HYSTERIA

**Woman of Good Appearance in Great Distress in Court.**

A woman, neatly dressed and of good appearance, who gave her name as Evelyn Jones and refused all further information about herself, was arraigned before Magistrate Cornell in the Jefferson Market police court yesterday, charged with thefts in a Sixth avenue department store. Detective Sergeant Becker told the Magistrate that the woman had taken two chains and a stickpin, valued at $20.87.

The woman was in a deplorable condition from grief and hysteria, and Magistrate Cornell commented on her pitiful state and respectable appearance. She was held in $300 bail for examination to-day.

**Not That Bryan.**

"Bryan's been elected a member of the Liverpool Cotton Exchange," was the report that travelled through Beaver and William streets yesterday.

"Glad he's been elected to something," was the general response.

Then it was learned that not William Jennings Bryan but Benjamin B. Bryan of the Stock Exchange firm of Logan & Bryan was the man elected.

**Miss Gould Won't Accept World's Fair Office**

ST LOUIS, Dec. 14.—Miss Helen M. Gould has positively declined to accept the presidency of the Board of Lady Managers of the World's Fair. All indications to-night point to the selection of Mrs. Daniel Manning of Albany, N. Y.

Irish Whiskey Is the Health Whiskey; John Jameson's has made it so.

Special Sale of Flannel Waists At $2.75.

This week we shall offer several hundred of our own high-grade Flannel Waists at $2.75, formerly sold at $4.50 and $5.

They are all made in exclusive McCutcheon models, of imported Scotch and French Flannels, in a very wide variety of designs. Warm and comfortable Waists for winter wear.

All packed in separate boxes.

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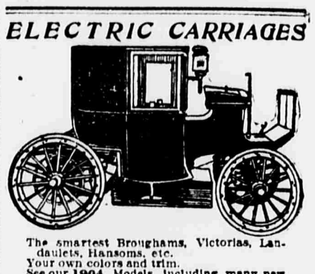
14 West 23d Street.

ELECTRIC CARRIAGES



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## T. P. SULLIVAN BLOCKS LAW.

**Wants Police Headquarters on Tompkin Market Site, Not Centre Market.**

Mayor Low's purpose to have the project for a new Police Headquarters on the site of Centre Market adopted before he leaves office was blocked yesterday by Little Tim Sullivan at a public hearing by the finance committee of the Aldermen to consider an issue of $750,000 of corporate stock for the new building. Police Commissioner Greene appeared to urge the appropriation. Sullivan said that the proper place for the new building was Tompkins Market, opposite Cooper Union. Gen. Greene tried to make him see differently, but Little Tim refused to be persuaded and intimated that he would not vote for a favorable report. The committee will either make an unfavorable report or will not report at all this year.

THE RIGHT KIND

Overcoats, $10 to $50.
Tourist Coats, $12.50 to $30.
Paddocks, $25 to $40.
Ulsters, $15 to 50.
Heavy Suits, $10 to $25.
Warm Underwear, $1 to $3.
Warm Gloves, 50c. to $4.
Sweaters