

ports that when she was 46 miles north of Aden on Saturday, she met a Russian battleship and four torpedo boat destroyers...

Signals were then set for the British vessel to stop, which she instantly did. The leading torpedo boat then approached and scrutinized her closely...

Admiral Wrenn has reached Djibouti, on the Gulf of Aden, with his squadron on his way to the Far East when he was ordered back to the Baltic.

WANT TO CAPTURE THE MANDJUR

Japanese Reputable Agreement to Let Her Stay at Shanghai Dismantled. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

SHANGHAI, Feb. 21.—It is reported that the Japanese and also the Chinese authorities have refused to sanction the agreement made by the Japanese Consul here and the commander of the Russian gunboat Mandjur...

The Japanese Consul has received orders to demand the expulsion of the vessel from the port, armed or unarmed. Her commander has refused point blank to leave.

The Russians aboard the gunboat are described as being in a state of abject terror. The Chinese here openly deride them and are much excited over the incident.

The Japanese cruiser Akitsushima remains at Wusung cleared for action, waiting for the Mandjur to leave port.

KOUROPATKIN TO TAKE COMMAND

Retires From War Ministry to Lead the Army in the Far East. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 21.—An imperial ukase has been issued relieving Gen. Kouropatkin of the duties of Minister of War and appointing him commander-in-chief of the troops in Manchuria.

Gen. Kouropatkin is working night and day, and confers with the Czar twice daily.

RUSSIA'S ELUSIVE SQUADRON

Some of the Warships Reported to Have Returned to Vladivostok. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—A despatch to the Petit Journal from Tokyo says that the Japanese warships Yakumo, Iwate, Izumo, Izumi and Hatsue have returned to Fusan, after reconnoitering the Yellow Sea west of Korea. They ascertained that the Russian squadron has returned to Vladivostok minus the Gromovoi and Khrabryi.

A St. Petersburg despatch to the Figure says that Admiral Alexieff has taken up his quarters at Harbin.

It is maintained that the Japanese cruiser Asama was damaged in the naval fight at Chemulpho and that another Japanese cruiser was totally destroyed.

A despatch to the Matin from Harbin says that Admiral Alexieff has issued a patriotic manifesto, refusing to admit the possibility of Russia's ultimate defeat.

The despatch adds that it is reported that 60,000 Japanese have landed in Korea.

RUSSIAN APPEAL TO CHINESE

Alexieff Asks Them to Protect the Railway in Manchuria. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 21.—Admiral Alexieff has issued a proclamation in Chinese, which is posted in every town and village in Manchuria and the Liaoting peninsula, explaining the causes that led to the treacherous beginning of the war by Japan, and calling for assistance to maintain the railway intact.

Admiral Alexieff says that Russia has always been friendly to the Chinese, and that the railway is necessary for the future agricultural and commercial development of the country.

Gen. Kondratovitch has been appointed to the command of the Russian forces in southern Manchuria, with headquarters at Liaoyang.

INDIGNATION IN JAPAN

Treatment of Refugees at Port Arthur Becomes Known. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

TOKIO, Feb. 21.—Popular indignation is aroused as the facts of the ill treatment of the Japanese in Manchuria and the refugees now at Chefoo become known. These refugees declare that the Russian authorities compelled them to go to Port Arthur in order to expose them to danger.

The Chinese in the Liaoting peninsula are showing demonstrative friendship for the Japanese.

RUSSIA ON GUARD AT HOME

Czar Summons Governor to Dismiss the Signs of Discontent. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 21.—The official classes are discussing reports of the internal condition of Russia, which is causing the Government anxiety. It is stated that the Czar has summoned the provincial governors of St. Petersburg to devise strong measures for coping successfully in concert with manifestations of discontent.

There is feverish activity in all departments, but everywhere it is felt and regretted that there is no master mind at present to conduct affairs.

The despatch of troops to the Far East is being complicated by the transportation of medicines, surgical appliances and war material, none of which was ready at the outbreak of the war.

The publication of the news that some of the Imperial Japanese princes were on board the warships at the attack on Port Arthur is profoundly impressed the Russians. It is expected that Grand Duke Boris and Andrew, sons of Grand Duke Vladimir, will be dispatched to Manchuria.

There are alarming reports of the embezzlement of large sums of money that were allotted for the victualling of Port Arthur and for providing the troops with ammunition and materials.

GERMAN AID FOR THE WOUNDED

Kaiser Puts Hospital Ships at the Service of Japan. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Our facilities enable us to handle large orders with about the same ease as small ones. Our system puts through small orders promptly. The GILL Engraving Company.

140 Fifth Avenue

The action of Emperor William is much appreciated in Japan.

The Emperor has instructed Count Inoye to discharge the duties of adviser, thus giving him direct access to the Sovereign.

The Russians are beyond the Yalu River. They apparently do not intend to make an immediate offensive movement into Corea, but rather to adopt scouting precautions.

The Vladivostok squadron is believed to have left port again.

ROUGH RIDERS FOR JAPAN

Capt. Bruce of Roosevelt's Men Thinks a Lot of the Old Men Are Going. NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 21.—A regiment of Rough Riders is to be organized for service with the Japanese forces against the Russians, according to Capt. Robert H. Bruce, who commands Troop M of Col. Roosevelt's command.

Major Henry B. Hersey, who was Major in the Rough Riders, is in the city, as well as Capt. Bruce, and the latter says that Major Hersey is getting up the regiment. Major Hersey denies it, but Capt. Bruce says that just a way of Major Hersey and that in reality he is getting up the command, but desires to do it secretly.

Capt. Bruce came here from his home in Minola, Tex., several weeks ago. Major Hersey came in on Friday from Louisville. His home was in Santa Fe, N. M., but he has been living in Louisville some time, where he is an inspector of the United States Weather Bureau. Capt. Bruce and Major Hersey met and Capt. Bruce says they devoted most of the day to talking about arrangements for the organization of the new regiment. Bruce says he is going also. He will be Colonel of the command, and the regiment will be formed very largely from the old members of Roosevelt's regiment.

It is said that while Japan has refused to receive foreigners in the military or naval service, the organizers of this command have been advised that a regiment of cavalry will be accepted, as the cavalry branch is Japan's greatest military weakness.

Capt. Bruce says that Major Hersey has been informed that a great many of the old members of the Rough Riders will readily respond to a call for Japanese service. It is their intention to organize the regiment in Texas, where it will be drilled thoroughly. The despatch adds that it is reported that arms and accoutrements, and the equipment and the men cannot go together. The men will have to leave as individuals and mobilize at some place in Japan.

TRAINED NURSES FOR JAPAN

Many Women Volunteer to Go With Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—American trained nurses are going to the seat of war to care for the Japanese sick and wounded. Of all the offers of assistance which have been sent to Japan from this country the only one which has been accepted by the Japanese Government was that of the Society of Spanish-American War Nurses, Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee of Washington, D. C.

The correspondence between the Society and the Japanese Ministry from Japan, and the matter has been reported to the Department of State and to our Minister to Japan.

The trained nurses who will go to Japan are self-supporting women, yet they volunteer for unlimited hard work and privations without any pay. The Japanese Government will provide them with transportation, but their own countrymen and countrywomen are asked to supply the cost of their equipment and transportation. The Knickerbocker Trust Company, 389 Fifth avenue, New York city, will receive and acknowledge all contributions, whether large or small, sent them for the credit of Dr. McGee from nurses and physicians, but male and female, and from many ladies of social position who want to join the party. One of those who is most anxious to share the work is the daughter of a former Surgeon-General of the army.

BROOKLYN HELP FOR JAPS

Finns and Scandinavians Contribute for Ambulance Corps and Hospital Ship. A mass meeting of the Finnish and Scandinavian residents of South Brooklyn was held in the Clinton Assembly Rooms, 164 Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn, last night, to inaugurate a movement for the support of an ambulance corps to be sent to the aid of the Japanese wounded in the Far East.

A subscription was started for a fund to care for a band of young women nurses who will be sent out within the next three weeks, and also to fit out a hospital ship for naval service.

Consul-General S. Uchida of Japan was the principal speaker at the meeting. He thanked the Finns and Scandinavians for their sympathy and good will and also for their efforts to give substantial aid to the Mikado's soldiers and sailors who may be injured.

A Hong Kong Prayer for Peace. HONG KONG, Feb. 21.—The chairman of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank, speaking at a meeting of the shareholders on Saturday, said it was earnestly desired that the war should quickly end, with the result of lasting peace, based on the maintenance of the integrity of China, including Manchuria, and the effectual operation of the policy of the open door and equal trading opportunities for all.

More Power for the Mosquito Killers. SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., Feb. 21.—Assemblyman Edward D. Duffield of South Orange is the author of a bill now in the hands of the Committee on Public Health of the New Jersey Assembly, which on the ground to afford boards of health additional power in the matter of mosquito extermination. The bill defines as a public nuisance waters in which mosquitoes to be developed and empowers local boards of health to compel owners of land on which there is such standing water to abate the nuisance.

Day Dance of Telephone Girls. The night telephone operators in the Franklin street exchange will have a dance to-day in Lyric Hall, Forty-second street and Sixth avenue. Dancing will begin at 8 o'clock in the afternoon and last until 7 o'clock. Then the girls will have to hurry home and get into their working clothes.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists sell them. It cures colds, coughs, croup, and whooping cough. 25c.—A. S.

JAPAN'S EXHIBIT WILL GO ON.

WHY, SHE CAN'T GET SPACE ENOUGH AT ST. LOUIS.

Will Gladly Take Russia's Should the Russian Exhibitors Have Cold Feet—And Thousands of Japanese Will Come Here, Commissioner Sugawa Says.

Kiyoshi Sugawa, one of the Japanese commissioners to the St. Louis Exposition and a director in the Japan Exhibit Association, came here yesterday with Mrs. Sugawa for a short visit. Mr. Sugawa is a partner in the importing and exporting firm of K. Sugawa & Co. of 48 Broadway, and is staying at the house of his partner, Carl Scheuer, of 30 West Ninety-seventh street. He left Japan in January to take up his duties at St. Louis and has been two weeks looking things over here.

The war, Mr. Sugawa says, will not make the slightest difference in the Japanese exhibit. Prospective exhibitors took the probability of war into account and made their plans accordingly. There are more than 2,000 exhibitors among the Japanese merchants and manufacturers, and they haven't been able to get space enough.

"The Japan Exhibit Association," said Mr. Sugawa, "has had applications for space to display 240,000 articles, while the room that has been allotted us will only permit 70,000 cases. It has been necessary to appoint commissioners to decide who is to have more space and who less, and when I left Tokyo on Jan. 7 the office was crowded with exhibitors being besieged by grievance committees from the local branches of the association from all over Japan. Each district was afraid to get left out."

"I told President Francis that he was the cause of all this heart-burning. The successive commissioners he sent to Japan were too cautious and afraid to take the exhibitors according to the merit of their wares as passed upon by the Government committee. The way the exhibit will be decided is all but the very best."

Mr. Sugawa was asked about the story that his Government would take up the space of the Russian exhibit. He has been asked to contemplate abandoning. He said Japan would take it in a minute if Russia would commit such a folly, and it would be a great advantage to us. "I spoke to President Francis about this rumor," he said, "but he assured me that he had received no information either from Washington or from St. Louis. The situation in the Orient should not disturb the arts of peace."

The Japanese exhibit is all under the control of the Japan Exhibit Association, a corporation of the leading merchants and manufacturers of Japan formed under Government supervision. This organization has been in the country since the war, and in that country, take charge of their shipment and their display in St. Louis, and after the fair is over, return them to Japan with an accounting for what has been sold.

Mr. Sugawa expects that great numbers of Japanese merchants and manufacturers will be in the country during the summer and will not content themselves with visiting St. Louis. It would not surprise him, he says, if there are as many as 1,000 Japanese in the country. He believes that many of them will take the opportunity to visit the manufacturing centers of the East.

"This country is one of our best customers," he remarked, "and we on the other hand are buying more and more from the United States each year. It is only natural that the companies of this country should take the keenest interest in everything here. Reciprocity with the United States is a national sentiment in Japan."

Mr. Sugawa had very little to say about the war. He believes it will be a long and bitter struggle, but he is confident of the outcome. His brother, Kijiro Watanabe, is a Colonel in the Mikado's army. It would not be polite, he said, to name his regiment or to mention where he is. He is on his way to the fighting.

Mr. Sugawa has been connected with the Foreign Office of the Tokio State Department and has been in the country since the outbreak of the war. He has also been principal of the Government Commercial Schools at Kobe, Nagoya and Shimoseki. His wife is the daughter of a former Governor of the province of Gifu and now a Court Councillor. She was educated at the Peaseesee school in Tokyo and afterward at Ferris Seminary in Yokohama.

SAM PARKS FEE DEAD.

Josephus Planty, the Contractor, Whom the Labor Czar Blackmailed. Josephus Planty, horticulture skylight and greenhouse builder, died at his home, 230 Arlington avenue, Jersey City, yesterday. He was the complainant and principal witness against Sam Parks.

INDIANA NOT FOR CLEVELAND

Says Tom Taggart—Would Prefer Parker or Gorman. Thomas Taggart, Democratic national committee man from Indiana and formerly Mayor of Indianapolis, who is at the Hoffman House, said yesterday that Grover Cleveland could not get the support of Indiana's delegation to the Democratic national convention, and that he would not carry the State if he was nominated. Indiana, in Mr. Taggart's opinion, favors Judge Parker.

"Mr. Cleveland," said the Indianapolis man, "has many personal friends in Indiana, but he could not carry the State. The feeling against his last administration is still strong in Indiana. Democracy this year are for the success of the party first, last and always. Old differences have been buried and factional fighting has been called off, and the party is in a position to make a winning fight, if no blunders are made. As long as the State has pledged itself to no candidate, there is a more general feeling in favor of Parker and Gorman than any other men who have been talked of as Presidential possibilities. Of the two Parker is a more general favorite."

There is no doubt, Mr. Taggart said, that the delegation from Indiana will go to the convention instructed. So far as he could see, there was no chance that Indiana would produce a candidate. The reaction against Roosevelt in the State had, he said, done much to strengthen the Democratic party's position, while Bryan's following had faded almost completely out of existence. Indiana Democrats were for a platform of conservative principles that had been the basis of the business interests of the country, and for a candidate of the same conservative caliber as the platform.

It was rumored that the Indiana national committee man in the city to have a talk with Leader Murphy about President Cleveland's nomination. This, he will leave for Indianapolis to-day.

HEARST AGENTS IN TEXAS.

Ex-Gov. Hogg Said to Be Lending His Aid to the New Yorker's Fight. AUSTIN, Tex., Feb. 21.—William R. Hearst's organizers are doing active work in Texas. An effort will be made to have the delegates to the national convention from this State instructed for him. It is said that former Governor G. S. Hogg is lending his support to the movement, and that he will come out openly for Hearst before the State delegate convention meets.

McClung, a secretary of the State Democratic executive committee, is advocating Hearst's nomination for President in his newspaper, the State Topics, published here.

Hearst clubs have been organized in all the chief cities of the State.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD First Great Excursion WORLD'S FAIR ST. LOUIS, MO. MAY 10, 1904 In the Flush of its Newness \$20 THE ROUND TRIP

FROM NEW YORK, and proportionate rates from other stations. By special train of first-class coaches, returning in coaches on regular trains within ten days. J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

ARGUES FOR SALT WATER MAINS.

Brooklyn Firemen Hampered by Low Pressure in Fighting \$350,000 Fire. The three story brick factory building of the Fraser Tablet Triturate Manufacturing Company, on Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, Brooklyn, was entirely destroyed by a fire which caused \$350,000 damage, on which there is insurance for about \$250,000. The damage to a large extent was due to the fact that there was an extremely low pressure of water. The property was on the highest point in Brooklyn and the water pressure was low anyway.

"It is discouraging to the firemen to attempt to do good work when the pressure of water is so small," said Deputy Chief Lally, who was in charge of the fire. "It should be good re-education for the firemen to be used. If the proper kind of water mains were used with pumping stations located at central points there would be no necessity of the constant cry of a low water pressure. If it was found that one of the pumping stations could not give sufficient pressure for the fire, it is necessary to be notified the next pumping station and then, with the combined force from the two stations, there would be no danger of the fire spreading. In order to do any kind of work to-night, I've been compelled to siphon two and three hose pipes together in order to get just enough water to get the fire out."

The fire started on the second floor on the Eighteenth street corner near Eighth avenue. This part of the building was occupied by the printing department, and also by the printing department, and contained several presses of the latest design. During the afternoon Horner, president of the company, was in the building as was also the watchman, Harry Barkow.

Shortly before 6 o'clock Fraser smelled smoke and he and the watchman began a hasty examination of the building. They discovered considerable smoke on the second floor and Fraser immediately called an alarm, which sent in an alarm to Fire Headquarters. Then noticing that the smoke was increasing the watchman ran to the back of the building and called the fire alarm, which sent in an alarm to Fire Headquarters. Then noticing that the smoke was increasing the watchman ran to the back of the building and called the fire alarm, which sent in an alarm to Fire Headquarters.

Magistrate Zeller arrested sixteen women and one man in the Yorkville police court yesterday as the result of raids he made Saturday night on two Third avenue hotels. Fourteen of the women were sitting in the back rooms of the hotels when the police arrived.

"Why did you arrest these women?" Magistrate Zeller asked Capt. Gallagher. "I gave you a warrant for the arrest of the proprietor of each place, and not for all the women who had been arrested. You don't approve of these wholesale arrests when I give a warrant for one person. Arresting all the women who happen to be in the back rooms of a saloon or hotel is simply making a farce of the law, and I don't propose to take part in it. In one of the hotels you didn't even arrest the proprietor. It is arrested a servant and five women who were drinking at tables."

The Magistrate held Kate Brady, the servant in one hotel, and Albert and Annie Smith, the proprietors of the other hotel, and discharged the rest of the women.

Two detectives under Inspector Max Schmittberger then arraigned thirty men arrested in a raid on an alleged gambling place on lower Fourth avenue.

"What game were they playing?" the Magistrate asked. "If you don't know the detective answered, 'Do you know if they were really gambling?'"

"I couldn't swear to it." "You don't see any sense in making such an arrest. You had no warrant and it turns out you have no evidence. All the prisoners are discharged," said the Magistrate.

FIGHT ON UNION LABOR.

First Convention of the Citizens' Industrial Association to Meet To-day. INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 21.—The Citizens' Industrial Association of America, the new employers' association, which was formed to combat the growing aggressiveness of union labor, will hold the opening session of its national convention here to-morrow, and some 500 manufacturers of the country, many of whom have thousands of men in their employ, will be in attendance.

One of the most important questions before the convention will be the adoption of some scheme whereby a bureau of tabulated information may be kept in respect to the men who had others into riotous strikes. It is asserted that the men who cause all the disturbances are those who never do any work, and the association will endeavor to solve some plan for ridding the trades of that grade of men.

The convention will pass resolutions against the eight-hour law, which is now being pushed in Congress, and it is expected that any employer who takes a manufacturing contract to make material for the Government shall engage his working men for longer than eight hours each day.

Immediately after the adjournment of the convention on Tuesday several of the delegates from the western part of the United States will continue their journey to Washington to protest in person against the Anti-Injunction bill, which is now before the Judiciary Committee of the House, and which takes away from courts of equity the power to issue injunctions in cases of labor disputes.

Employers who have reached the city to-day to attend the meeting say that the local associations are growing steadily and that it is only a question of a short time when all employers of labor will be members.

PADRONO SYSTEM HERE.

Central Federated Union Hears It is to Be Tried on a Big Job in the Bronx. It was charged in a letter read at yesterday's meeting of the Central Federated Union from Vito Puelli, President of the Excavators' Union, that one Sordge is trying to introduce the padrono system into this city.

Puelli said that Sordge was making arrangements with the United Engineer and Contracting Company, which has a large excavating contract between St. Ann's avenue and 168th street on the Southern Boulevard, to supply any number of non-union men for the work, housing them in a shanty to be erected near the company's works at 145th street and the Southern Boulevard.

Green of the rock drillers association asserted that the padrono system is in operation at Jerome Park.

It was decided to call the attention of the Mayor and the Park, Health and Building departments to the complaint.

DR. TEAGUE IN HOSPITAL.

Lowell Man Found with a Damaged Head After an Evening Out. A man, bleeding from a wound on the back of the head, was leaning against a railing on Seventh avenue, near Forty-third street, about 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning when Policeman Burns came up and rang for an ambulance. At Roosevelt Hospital the man said he was Dr. Edward P. Teague of 180 Monmouth street, Lowell, Mass. It was found he had a fracture near the base of the skull.

Dr. Teague at first was unable to tell his exact story and two detectives were sent out to investigate. Near where the doctor had been found they met two men, one of whom said he was Daniel Teague, brother of the doctor, living at 205 West Forty-sixth street, and the other Frank Schiffer of 164 West Ninety-eighth street. According to the detective statement, Dr. Teague said he had been out drinking with his brother and his brother had been injured he refused to give them any information. Teague said that he and his brother looked up in the West Forty-seventh street station, but in the West Side Court yesterday morning the Magistrate ordered them released.

Dr. Teague, according to the police, told the hospital authorities that he had hurt himself in a fall, and he made the same statement to the doctor yesterday morning at the hospital. Later in the day his condition became serious and Coroner Scholer was sent for to take his ante-mortem statement. Dr. Teague said he was a graduate of Harvard. Up to 1900 nobody of that name had been graduated from Harvard.

OMNIBUS ARRESTS NO GO.

But Police Keep On Making Them, Although They Don't Hold. Police Captain Gallagher arraigned sixteen women and one man in the Yorkville police court yesterday as the result of raids he made Saturday night on two Third avenue hotels. Fourteen of the women were sitting in the back rooms of the hotels when the police arrived.

"Why did you arrest these women?" Magistrate Zeller asked Capt. Gallagher. "I gave you a warrant for the arrest of the proprietor of each place, and not for all the women who had been arrested. You don't approve of these wholesale arrests when I give a warrant for one person. Arresting all the women who happen to be in the back rooms of a saloon or hotel is simply making a farce of the law, and I don't propose to take part in it. In one of the hotels you didn't even arrest the proprietor. It is arrested a servant and five women who were drinking at tables."

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BUILDING IN BALTIMORE.

Permits to Be Issued To-day for Work Outside the Burned District. BALTIMORE, Feb. 21.—Building Inspector Preston will begin to-morrow to issue permits for rebuilding and repair work outside the burned district. Anticipating a rush of applicants he had several men at work to-day enlarging his quarters in the City Hall. Mr. Preston is not prepared to say when he will issue permits for building in the fire zone. His action in this respect depends upon the determination of the citizens' emergency committee. About the only work in the fire zone to-day was the tearing down of the walls of the Bank of Baltimore building and the Big Glenn structure on St. Paul street.

Local contractors are busy as are also out of town firms. There is work enough for all. What promised to be a dull business year in the history of Baltimore is being made to be the busiest yet. Large contracts and small jobs have been given out and the boards of the architects are covered with preliminary and final plans. One local firm of builders has a force of 350 men at work and a prospect of putting as many more at work as soon as matters take definite shape.

GALE SWEEPS STRANDED SHIP

The Lake Michigan, With 280 Cattle Aboard, Likely to Be Total Wreck. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 21.—A gale prevailing in the English Channel, and it has made worse the position of the steamer Lake Michigan, which was beached near Dungeness, after having been in collision with an unknown vessel. She will probably prove a total wreck.

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COOK COUNTY DEMOCRATS FOR HEARST.

Trusty cohorts gathered this afternoon at the Cook County Democratic Club rooms and organized a Hearst Club. It was declared that at least 75 per cent. of the members of the Cook County Democracy were in favor of Hearst for President.

LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY

Madison Square The progress of banking methods has reached its present limit in the facilities and efficient service offered by this company.

INTEREST ON DAILY BALANCES. SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES AT SPECIAL RATES. An Interesting Booklet on Application.

CORNELL STUDENT DROWNED

IN A HEROIC EFFORT TO SAVE A COMPANION.

Lewis C. T. Dickinson of This City Loses His Life—His Companion Saved by Four Other Students After a Struggle in Which One Had a Narrow Escape.

ITHACA, N. Y., Feb. 21.—Lewis C. T. Dickinson of New York city, a senior in the Cornell University college of law, a member of the Phi Delta Psi and the Phi Sigma Kappa fraternities, president of the Cornell Democratic Club and a brother of Charles C. Dickinson of 229 Broadway, New York, lost his life in Cayuga Lake to-day while trying to save the life of Carl G. Allen, '04, of Williamsport, Pa., his fraternity brother.

After Dickinson had been drowned Allen was saved by remarkable heroism on the part of A. V. Foad, '04, of Baltimore, who was in turn rescued by G. Goodrich, '04, of Glensburgh, Conn.; M. C. Krause, '04, of Williamsport, Pa.; and W. E. Yates, '04, of Nagawadoc, Mich.

Dickinson, Allen and Foad, three members of Phi Sigma Kappa fraternity, had started at noon to skate to Aurora, a distance of twenty-seven miles down the lake, where they were to visit friends. The warm weather had melted the ice, and at Atwaters, seventeen miles down the lake, it proved to be only three-quarters of an inch thick. Allen was skating ahead, about 300 feet from the shore, when he under his feet. He fell on his back, the nearest to him jerked off his sweater and dropped on his knees, throwing the sweater out to Allen, who seized hold of it, but when Dickinson began to pull the ice broke under him also and he went down in a separate hole a few feet away. Allen called to him and Dickinson replied with words of encouragement that he was all right.

In a few minutes, however, Dickinson had disappeared from view.

Allen clung fast to the thin sheet of ice, with his body immersed in the icy water up to his throat. In the meantime Foad had run to the shore and obtained a rope, tied it about his waist, and giving it to a fellow skater on shore started out on his hands and knees to reach Allen. Four times he went down, but each time was pulled out to start anew. Finally, after twenty minutes, he reached Allen, more dead than alive. But the ice could not hold and the two could not be pulled shore.

Goodrich, Krause and Yates had secured a small boat and started toward the two men. Taking hold of the bow of the boat one by one they jumped on the ice about the boat to break an opening, each time going down to the neck. Finally they reached Allen and Foad, dragged the two into the boat, which was pulled ashore by the rope. All five were exhausted and it took several hours work to revive Allen and Foad, who are still in a dangerous condition. Body No. 107 was recovered in time Allen was in the freezing water forty minutes. He was running crazy when he reached shore.

Charles C. Dickinson said at the Waldorf-Astoria last night that the first information he had received of his brother's death came in the form of a telegram about 10 o'clock. It read:

ATWATERS, N. Y. Your brother drowned trying to save a companion while skating near here, fifteen miles from Ithaca. Dean E. W. HEFFERTY.

Mr. Dickinson said he would leave for Ithaca to-night, but that the first information he had received before the body is recovered and is of the opinion that it will be hidden under the ice until the first thaw.

Yates, who is a student at Cornell, has been studying law and would have graduated in June. Previous to going to Cornell he studied at Columbia and acted as secretary of the Cornell Law Association in Cobleskill, N. Y., and his parents now reside in this city. Besides Charles C., there are two other brothers, Stanton and J. J. R., both graduates of Cornell. Stanton,